



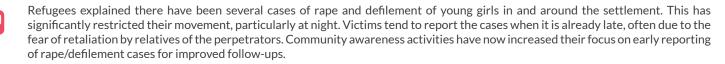
Settlement Fact Sheet: Nakivale June 2018

Western Region Isingiro District	Nakivale	Registered refugee population <sup>*1</sup> Female Age Male	Data collected through <sup>2</sup> :
or the second se	Total refugee population: 106, 592 registered refugees	<b>8,150</b> O-4 <b>8,331</b>	beneficiary focus group
		<b>11,465</b> 5-11 <b>11,864</b>	<b>6</b> beneficiary focus group discussions
	With <b>492,721</b> nationals and <b>113,444</b> refugees in Isingiro District, refugees in Nakivale account for <b>22%</b> of the district population.	<b>8,078</b> 12-17 <b>8,103</b>	1 key informant interview
		<b>22,376</b> 18-59 <b>22,684</b>	<b>16</b> partner interviews
		<b>1,136  </b> 60+ <b>  1,016</b>	<b>LO</b> partner interviews
	Settlement first established: 1960		<b>7</b> sector lead interviews

Nakivale, one of the oldest refugee settlements in Uganda, was opened in 1958 and officially established as a settlement in 1960. The settlement hosts more than 100,000 refugees from Burundi, the Democratic Republic of Congo, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Rwanda, Somalia, Sudan, and South Sudan. During the Burundian crisis in 2015, the population of the settlement greatly increased and has since remained this high. Markets are bustling and food is available for purchase, but many refugees struggle to afford basic items.

## Gaps & Challenges<sup>3</sup>

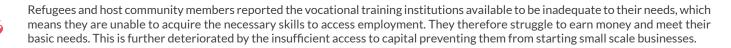
Refugee and nationals participating in the FGDs reported they found the medical service delivery to be of poor quality and unreliable. Nakivale Health Center II is overcrowded leading to long waiting time for patients. The shortage of medication in the center means the ill are forced to buy drugs from private clinics, which many cannot afford. Moreover, refugees highlighted a weak referral system, insufficient specialized doctors and poor antenatal care.



The poor and unreliable climatic conditions, droughts in particular, in Nakivale have led to low yields and high food prices. Despite the promotion of climate smart agriculture, refugees highlighted they struggle with food insecurity. Moreover, refugees reported the food distributed to be insufficient and of poor quality. Refugees also face challenges in receiving food due to their inability to register for food ration cards after having lost their ID cards when fleeing insecurity at home.



Both refugees and nationals face significant obstacles in accessing quality education. Refugees reported struggling to access schools often located far away from where they stay. The high student population has led to overcrowding and low teacher per student ratios, which has affected students' performances. FGD participants reported they face difficulties in paying the school tuition fees and struggling to access the scholarships available, which have prevented students from staying enrolled in school, particularly when graduating from primary school.



## Strengths & Opportunities

The relationship with the local government has significantly improved, and they are now involved in coordination meetings and activities. This enhanced collaboration particularly in WASH and health and nutrition as focal persons have been identified to coordinate with the settlement on these activities. This also presents an opportunity for the activities to be included in the development plans of the district.



Due to improved relationships between the Office of the Prime Minister (OPM) and the host community, more land will be available for new arrivals. Up to 50,000 refugees are expected to be able to be accommodated.

UKald

\* Refugee statistics source: Refugee Information Management System (RIMS) - Office of the Prime Minister 1. Demographic data used is valid as of June 2018

2. Indicator standards to measure gaps were determined by global humanitarian standards, Ugandan national standards, or sector experts for each settlement. Data was from collected from 25 June to 30 July,

2018. 3. The gaps and challenges were collected through focus group discussions with both refugees and host communities separately undertaken on 24 July 2017, 26 September 2017, 9 November 2017 with the host community and on 02 and 03 July 2018 with the refugees.

# **Partner organizations**

https://ugandarefugees.org For more information on this fact sheet please contact: UNHCR, ugakaimug@unhcr.org REACH, uganda@reach-initiative.org





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## **UNHCR** | Uganda Refugee Response Monitoring

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Psychosocial -

24

three months

1.296

support

877

# **Protection**

4.000 new arrivals reported in the past three months are vet to be biometrically registered in the RIMS



1.413 new arrivals reported in the past three months have been biometrically registered in the RIMS

reproductive-age

women provided

with dignity kits or

sanitary materials

reproductive-age

women not provided

with dignity kits or

sanitary materials

28,709

No refugees are yet to be registered in the RIMS

psychosocial awareness

activities conducted in the past

refugees receiving psychosocial

children registered to access

106,592

ARC, HIJRA, Tutapona, RLP

373

needs

needs

PSNs have

3.568

PSNs need to

receive services

for their specific

received services

for their specific

## total refugees are registered in the RIMS

**4** partners:

## Persons with specific needs (PSNs)

## Sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) -21,291

of SGBV survivors receiving multisectoral support in the past three months

100%

## 0%

of SGBV survivors not receiving multisectoral support in the past three months

## Child protection

0%

of child PSNs need to be provided with individual case management

100% of child PSNs have been provided with individual case management

0% of unaccompanied or separated children have not been provided with interim or long term care



## 100%

psychosocial support

of unaccompanied or separated children have been provided with interim or long term care

0% of cases in the past three months of child abuse or exploitation have not received age and gender services

students enroled

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27

teachers



2 partners: AIRD, ARC

#### 100% of cases in

the past three months of child abuse or exploitation received age and gender services

# Water, sanitation and hygiene

5 No 5 57 additional litres motorized additional handadditional per person per day boreholes handmotorized pumps (I/p/d) of water 2% operational borehole pumps operational needed needed needed of water needs 14 met through average l/p/d water trucking provided 105 108 7,656 13,882 6,092 No additional active hygiene additional household kilograms refugees provided hygiene promoters or latrines of soap with soap household promoters or village health latrines completed distributed 106.592 village health teams (VHTs) needed in 2017 teams needed refugees still needing soap 2 partners: FRC, WIU **Gross enrolment rates Education** 13.030 27,826 12,771 24,882 refugees aged 6-13 refugees aged 14-17 refugees aged 3-5 refugees are attending school 4.918<sup>1</sup> **19.146**<sup>2</sup> No **Refugees attend:** 818<sup>3</sup> in or around the refugees enroled refugees enroled settlement, with refugees enroled 45 refugees enroled gross enrolment pre-primary schools **ALPs** rates: **Pre-primary** Secondary Primary 40 699 58 212 No primary schools 519 teachers are working additional teachers additional teachers additional teachers 1 in schools refugees needed for number needed for number needed for number of

No

adult learning

secondary schools

programmes (ALPs)

1. The gap of pre-primary enrolment could not be calculated here as children above the age of 5 are also enroled in pre-primary education 2. The gap of primary enrolment could not be calculated here as children above the age of 13 are also enroled in primary education. 3. The gap of secondary enrolment could not be calculated here as children above the age of 17 are also enroled in secondary education.

of students enroled

145

teachers

41%

attend. but more

standards:

are needed to reach

teacher-student ratio

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Funded by European Union Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid



of students enroled

527

teachers

90%



No

teachers



## **UNHCR** | Uganda Refugee Response Monitoring

Settlement Fact Sheet: Nakivale June 2018

## **Food** assistance



## 1.009

metric tonnes of food were distributed during the latest distribution in the settlement





## **1** partner: WFP



**4** partners:

No cash for food was distributed during the latest distribution for the settlement

ARC, FRC,

Nsamizi, WTU

# Livelihoods and environment

### 10,000

households still need to receive improved cooking stoves and efficient energy for cooking



9.402 cases of livelihoods support through:

3,357

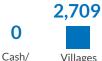
practices

refugees and

host community

members trained

on agricultural



Villages vouchers for savings

livelihood and loan provisioning associations

refugees received

vocational training

in the past three

293

months

Savings and cooperative societies

1.296

Production kits or

4,101



Productive assets or cash inputs for grants to start agricultural or improve a activities business



9.980

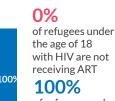


#### 2.709 refugees have access to self-employment or facilitated businesses

# Health and nutrition

0% of refugees with HIV are not receiving ART<sup>4</sup>

100% of refugees with HIV are receiving ART



of refugees under the age of 18 with HIV are receiving ART

NFI

## From the last FSNA:5

25% 4% Children Children suffering from suffering global acute from malnutrition anemia

117

arrivals in the

provided with

1.027

NFI kits

past three months

household NFI kits

arrivals in the past

receive household

three months did not

30% Non-pregnant women suffering from anemia



0%

of children

identified with

severe acute

malnutrition

three months

have not been

admitted into

treatment

in the past

42

782 women delivered with skilled healthcare staff in the past three months

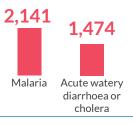
100% of children identified with severe acute malnutrition in the past three months were admitted into treatment

## 9.134 Measles Polio (Children aged(Children aged 15 and under) 5 and under)

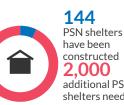
**1** partner: MTL Vaccinations recorded this

vear:

Number of cases identified in the past three months:



2 partners: AIRD, HIJRA



constructed additional PSN shelters needed

3

731 households in total have been provided with NFI kits



117 arrivals in the past three months received shelter materials and toolkits/cash 1.027 arrivals in the past three months have not received shelter materials and toolkits/

4. Antiretroviral Therapy (ART) 5. Food Security and Nutrition Assessment (FSNA), October 2017, UNHCR

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Shelter, site, and non-food items (NFIs)

cash

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