



IDP Intentions Assessment

Monguno, Borno State, Nigeria

Formal camps: 16,551 households

Informal camps: 1,791 households

Host community: 2,187 households

Methodology

REACH, in partnership with the Danish Refugee Council (DRC) and the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), conducted an assessment between July and August 2017 among IDPs residing in and out of camps in 12 Local Government Agencies (LGAs) in Borno State in relation to their displacement profiles and intentions.

This factsheet presents main findings on Monguno LGA based on data collected through interviews with 486 randomly selected IDP households in nine formal camps, two informal camps and six host communities, providing a representative sample of the roughly 20,529 household units in Monguno, with a confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 7%.

Family separation

% of households reporting having been separated from family members, by population group:



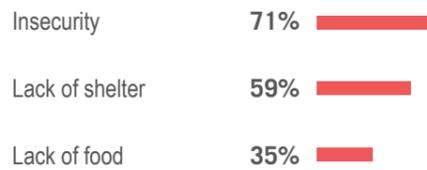
Movement intentions

Reported intentions of movement, by population group:

	FC ²	IC ²	HC ²
Stay permanently	8%	23%	29%
Move someday but no plans	74%	58%	60%
Actively plan to leave	18%	20%	11%

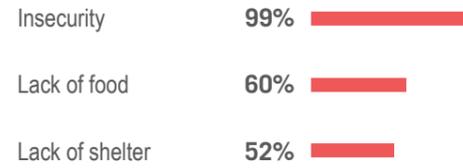
Push factors

Top three reported factors for intending to leave the current location^{1,4}:



Main causes of displacement

Top three reported push factors for leaving pre-displacement location¹:



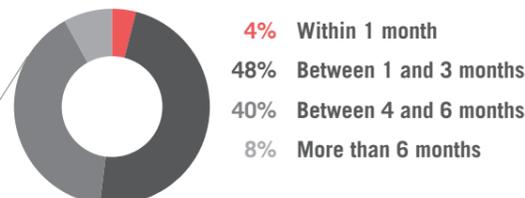
Response to needs

% of households reporting response to their needs in current location:



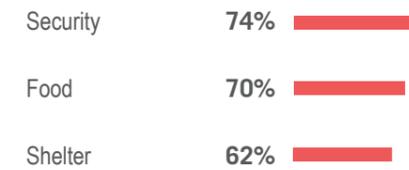
Timeframe

Timeframe reported by households who actively plan to leave their current location:



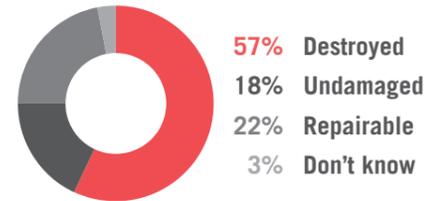
Pull factors

Top three reported pull factors for choosing intended destinations^{1,4}:



Shelter conditions in area of origin

Reported shelter conditions in pre-displacement location:



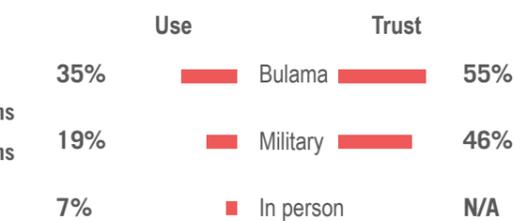
Perception of vulnerabilities³

Most vulnerable populations across sectors for the current location, as perceived by households¹:

	Women	Children	Elderly	Disabled	Men
Security	52%	50%	31%	25%	0%
Health	55%	52%	34%	14%	0%
Education	42%	56%	21%	15%	0%
Food	64%	48%	66%	49%	0%
WASH	46%	43%	67%	39%	0%
Land	56%	27%	49%	20%	0%
Cash	70%	44%	74%	64%	0%

Access to information

Top three reported sources of information on pre-displacement location and overall level of trust¹:

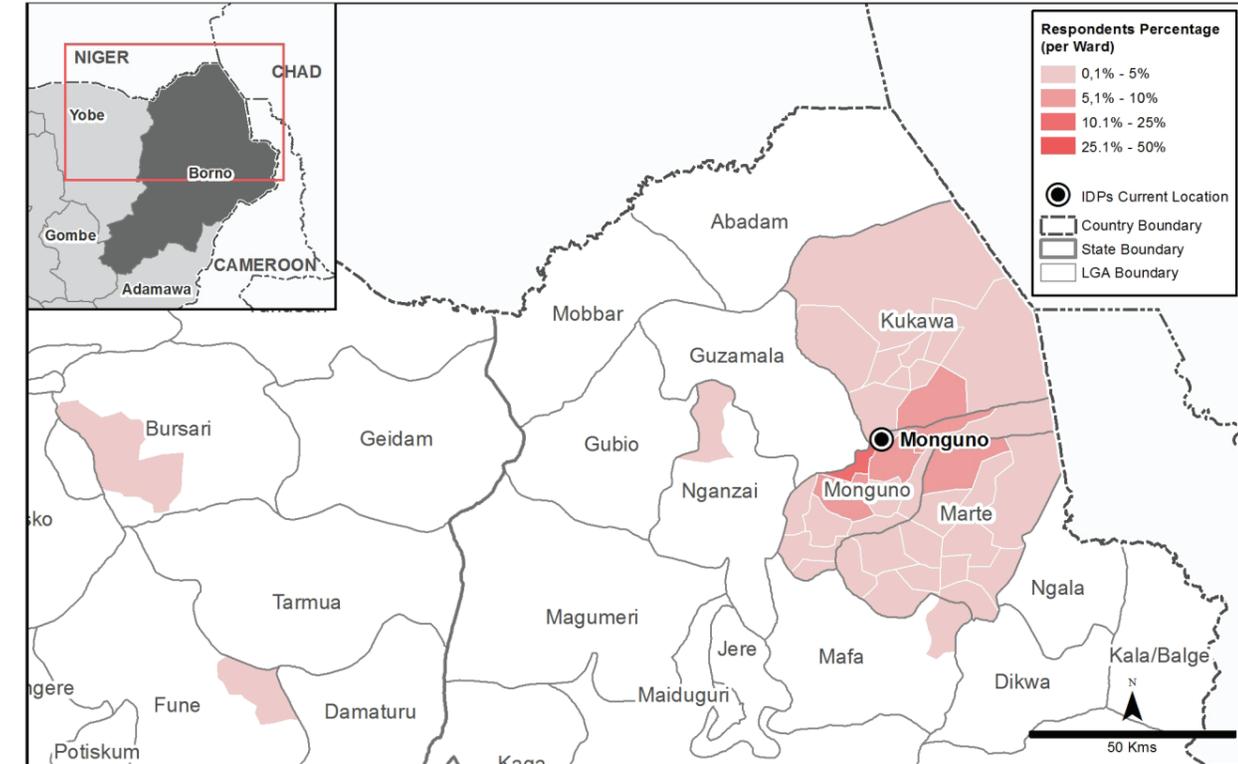


Livelihood upon return/relocation

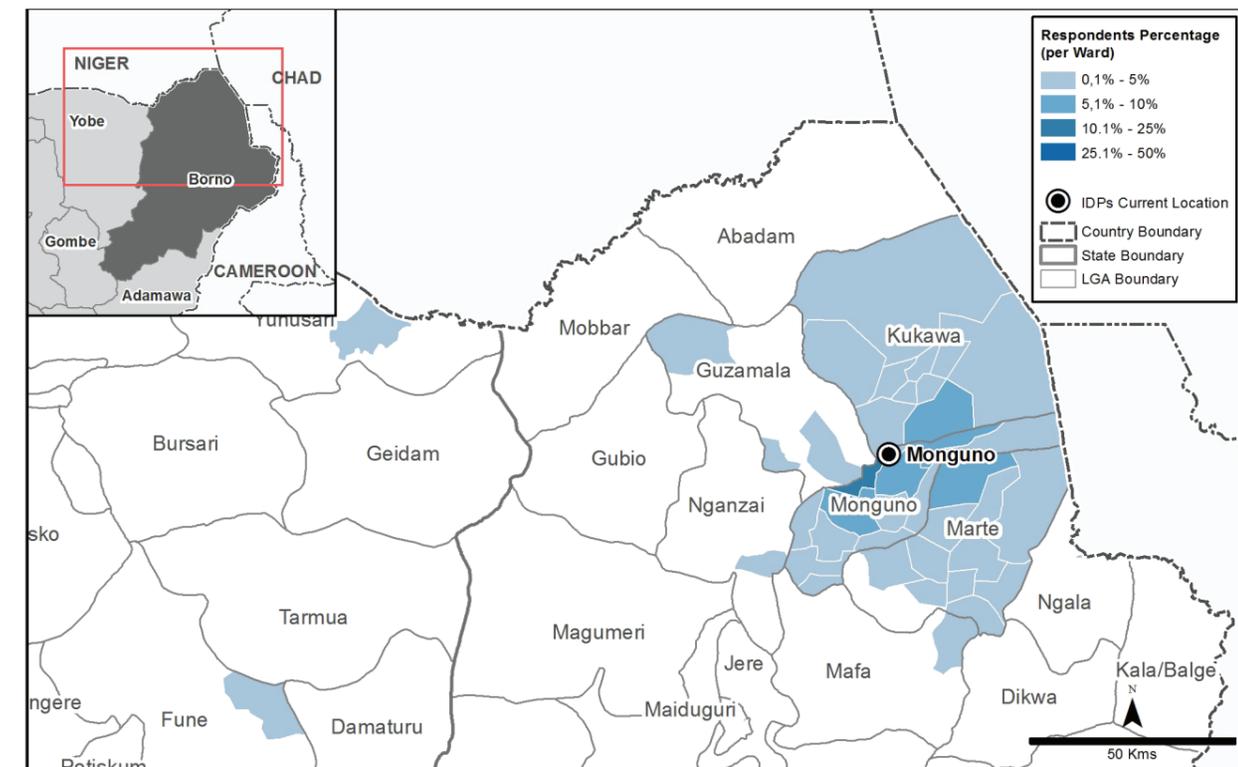
Perceived ability to resume livelihood sources in the return/relocation^{4,5}:

29% of respondents reported being presumably able to resume their livelihood sources.

Area of origin of IDPs



Areas of desired return/relocation³ of IDPs



¹ Households could choose more than one answer. ² Population groups are formal camps (FC); informal camps (IC) and IDPs living in host communities (HC). ³ Based on information provided by households on their perceptions of specific vulnerabilities of certain groups across different sectors. Perceptions on access to education take adult education in consideration, while groups with access to cash and land include children, according to local culture. ⁴ For households who actively plan to leave. ⁵ Return/relocation: "return" refers to the pre-displacement location, while "relocation" refers to a new location.