



A two-dimensional (2D) unsteady flow hydraulic model was set up using HEC-RAS software for the two catchments in the Abs region. The approach allows an understanding of flood hazards on a catchment-wide scale and identify areas prone to flood risk, especially areas exposed to flash flooding. The terrain used for the HEC-RAS 2D unsteady flow analysis of the Abs catchment was a satellite derived DEM product of **2.5 meters resolution**. Flood hazard was obtained by multiplying depth and velocity. The flood water depth represents water flow extents and static accumulation of water in meters. It was classified into 5 flood hazard categories from very low to extreme according to the Japanese criteria of the Ministry of Land Infrastructure, where each hazard category is associated with the risk of damage, the threat to human safety, and the possibility of evacuation. Following a collaborative approach, **REACH and CCCM Partner RADE drew site boundaries of Al Dhahyah IDP site**. For more info and full methodology, please see [IDP Hosting Sites and Abs City Flood Hazard Analysis report](#).

Note: Data, designations and boundaries contained on this map are not warranted to be error-free and do not imply acceptance by the REACH partners, associated, donors mentioned on this map.

Data sources:
Roads and Buildings: OpenStreetMap
Shelters and Agriculture Land: Manually digitized by REACH Yemen
Site boundary: RADE
Flood Depth: REACH HEC RAS models - 2.5 meter DTM
Admin Layers: OCHA
Background: ESRI
Coordinate System: WGS 1984 UTM Zone 38N
File: REACH_YEM_Map_FloodDepth_Aldahyah_12Apr2023_A1
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