

Abyan, Yemen

Context and Methodology

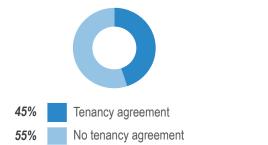
As part of regular implementation, the CCCM cluster coordination team and partners, with support from REACH, identified in a coordinated manner the profiles of IDP hosting sites they work in. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted and evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **22 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 11625 people in Abyan governorate, as well as basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through the perspective of a community representative in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete of each site in the governorate. All information is for humanitarian use only.

Overview

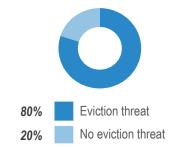
Proportion of sites per land ownership status

Private	86%	
Public	9%	
Owner not known	5%	

Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



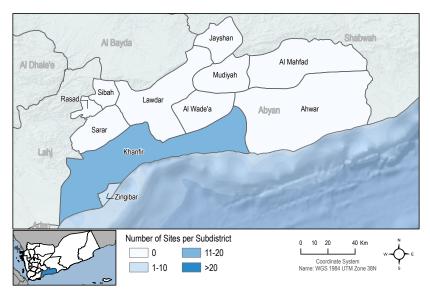
Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement facing eviction threat



X→ Displacement

Most common district of origin of displaced households: Hays

Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site Most common reason for displaced households to leave place of origin: Security concerns (conflict, explosives, lack of security forces)



Demographics

Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*

Child-headed households	23%	
Elderly	91%	
Female-headed households	91%	
Marginalized people	9%	•
Persons with chronic diseases	100%	
Persons with disabilities	77%	
Pregnant and lactating women	95 %	
Unaccompanied / separated children	5%	•

Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs*

Host community	95%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	5%	



Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type:

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	5%	18%	77%
Shelter / maintenance services	0%	36%	64%
NFI distributions	0%	45%	55%
Food distributions	55%	41%	5%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	9%	64%	27%
WASH services	5%	59%	36%
Healthcare services	9%	23%	68%
Education services	5%	32%	64%
Livelihood services	0%	0%	100%
Protection services	0%	64%	36%
Nutrition services	32%	18%	50%
Waste disposal services	9%	0%	91%

Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs:

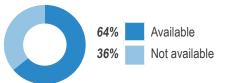
	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	36%	18%	18%
Education	0%	0%	5%
Food	32%	5%	0%
Water	0%	9%	0%
Legal services	0%	9%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	5%	14%
Medical assistance	0%	18%	18%
Non-food items	9%	18%	14%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	0%	0%	0%
Shelter / maintenance	23%	18%	32%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

Infrastructure/Resources

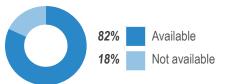
Proportion of sites per primary latrine type

5%Flush latrine to tank /
sewage system pit0%Flush latrine to the open5%Pit latrine - covered81%Pit latrine - open9%Open defecation

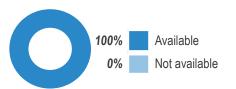
Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power available in site



Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%	
Makeshift shelter	45%	
Host family house / apartment	5%	
Emergency shelter	9%	
Rented house / apartment	41%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Public building	0%	
Open air (no shelter)	0%	

Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	50%
Bottled water	0%
Illegal connection to piped network	5%
Public tap	27%
Protected rainwater tank	0%
Surface water	0%
Unprotected rainwater tank	5%
Water trucking	14%

Site Threats

Most common threats to sites*

Conflict-related incidents	14%
Eviction	55%
Fire-related incidents	0%
Flooding	55%
Friction between communities	9%
Infectious diseases	9%
Water contamination	0%

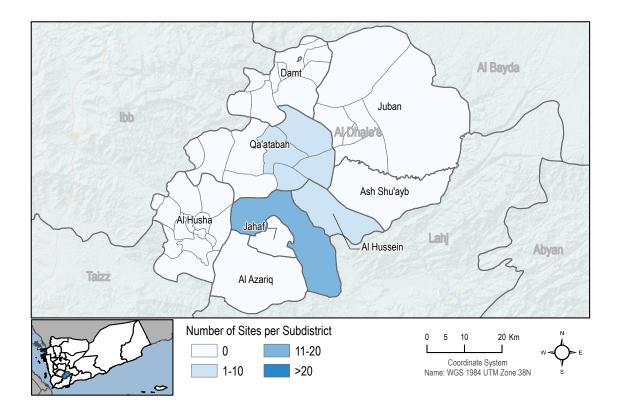
9% 9% 0%

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Ad Dali', Yemen

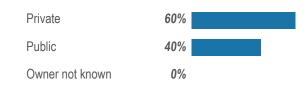
Context and Methodology

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **30 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 7250 people in the Ad Dali' Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

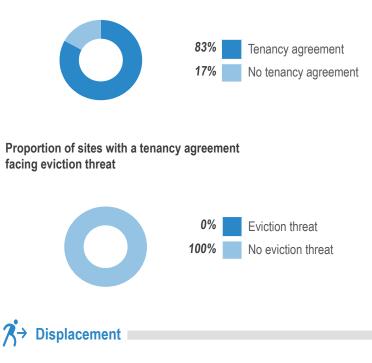




Proportion of sites per land ownership status



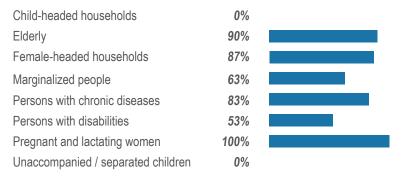
Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Qa'tabah Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	37%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	7%	
None - only IDPs present	57%	

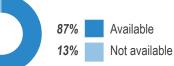
*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power





63%

Available 37% Not available

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	77%	20%	3%
Shelter / maintenance services	3%	57%	40%
NFI distributions	30%	27%	43%
Food distributions	0%	62%	38%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	100%	0%
WASH services	47%	53%	0%
Healthcare services	0%	87%	13%
Education services	93%	0%	7%
Livelihood services	63%	10%	27%
Protection services	0%	87%	13%
Nutrition services	57%	0%	43%
Waste disposal services	30%	0%	70%

? **Priority Needs**

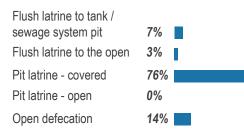
Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	0%	0%	0%
Education	0%	0%	0%
Food	10%	0%	0%
Water	0%	0%	0%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	0%	0%
Medical assistance	0%	97%	0%
Non-food items	30%	0%	0%
Protection services	0%	0%	100%
Sanitation services	3%	0%	0%
Shelter / maintenance	57%	3%	0%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%	
Makeshift shelter	17%	
Host family house / apartment	0%	
Emergency shelter	53%	
Rented house / apartment	3%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Public building	27%	
Open air (no shelter)	0%	

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	0%
Bottled water	0%
Illegal connection to piped network	0%
Public tap	0%
Protected rainwater tank	0%
Surface water	0%
Unprotected rainwater tank	20%
Water trucking	80%

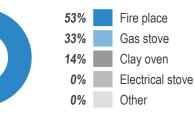
Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	30%	
Eviction	10%	
Fire-related incidents	10%	
Flooding	27%	
Friction between communities	7%	
Infectious diseases	0%	
Water contamination	0%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

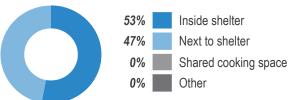
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	47%	
Wind shields	0%	
Safe distance from shelter	0%	
None	53%	
Other	0%	

Primary cooking space



Additional fire safety measures**

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%

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Context and Methodology

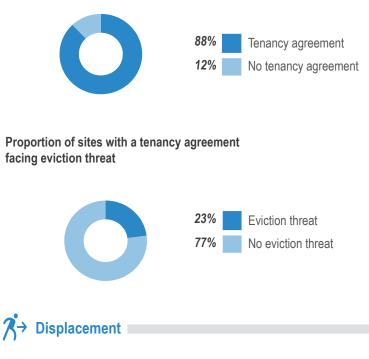
As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **25 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 13602 people in the Aden Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.



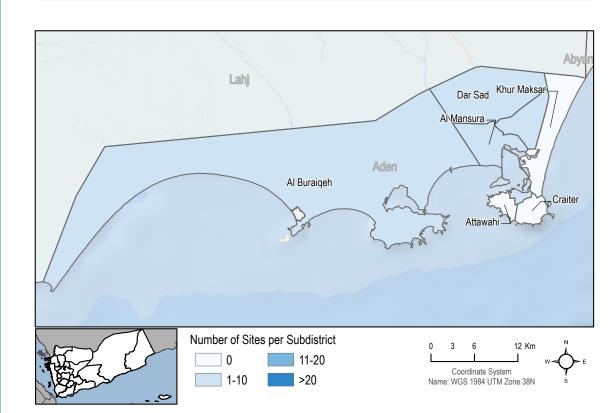
Proportion of sites per land ownership status



Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Bayt Al Faqih Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site





Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*

Child-headed households	80%
Elderly	100%
Female-headed households	100%
Marginalized people	0%
Persons with chronic diseases	100%
Persons with disabilities	100%
Pregnant and lactating women	100%
Unaccompanied / separated children	0%

Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	0%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	100%	

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



		28% 72%	Available Not available	
Proportion of sites	with electricity / solar power	Proportion of s	ites with markets	in site / close proximity
0	40% Available 60% Not available	C	44% 56%	Available Not available

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	12%	0%	88%
Shelter / maintenance services	0%	4%	96 %
NFI distributions	4%	24%	72%
Food distributions	4%	80%	16%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	76%	24%
WASH services	24%	52%	24%
Healthcare services	20%	52%	28%
Education services	16%	0%	84%
Livelihood services	0%	0%	100%
Protection services	4%	92%	4%
Nutrition services	12%	36%	52%
Waste disposal services	24%	12%	64%

Priority Needs

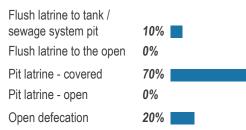
Proportion of sites per priority needs

First	Second	Third
0%	4%	8%
4%	4%	24%
56%	20%	20%
8%	12%	4%
0%	0%	0%
0%	0%	0%
20%	16%	12%
8%	0%	8%
0%	0%	0%
0%	8%	8%
4%	28%	0%
0%	0%	0%
	0% 4% 56% 8% 0% 20% 8% 0% 0% 4%	0% 4% 4% 4% 56% 20% 8% 12% 0% 0% 0% 0% 20% 16% 8% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 8% 0% 8% 4% 28%

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%	
Makeshift shelter	48%	
Host family house / apartment	0%	
Emergency shelter	32%	
Rented house / apartment	12%	
Transitional shelter	8%	
Public building	0%	
Open air (no shelter)	0%	

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	0%	
Bottled water	0%	
Illegal connection to piped network	0%	
Public tap	28%	
Protected rainwater tank	0%	
Surface water	0%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	12%	
Water trucking	60%	

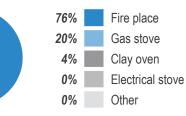
Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	0%	
Eviction	24%	
Fire-related incidents	0%	
Flooding	24%	
Friction between communities	0%	
Infectious diseases	0%	
Water contamination	0%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

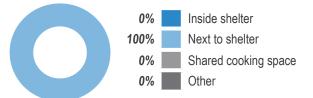
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	0%
Wind shields	0%
Safe distance from shelter	0%
None	100%
Other	0%





Additional fire safety measures**

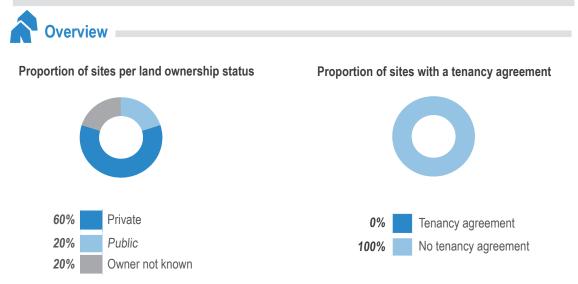
Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%

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Al Bayda, Yemen

Context and Methodology

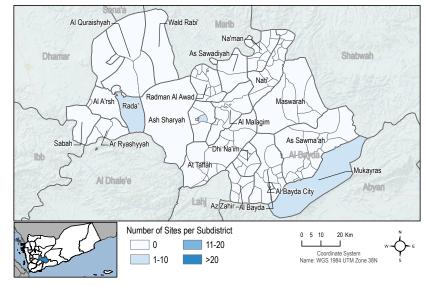
As part of regular implementation, the CCCM cluster coordination team and partners, with support from REACH, identified in a coordinated manner the profiles of IDP hosting sites they work in. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted and evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **5 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 1702 people in Al Bayda governorate, as well as basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through the perspective of a community representative in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete of each site in the governorate. All information is for humanitarian use only.



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∕→ Displacement

Most common district of origin of displaced households: Dwran Anis Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site Most common reason for displaced households to leave place of origin: Security concerns (conflict, explosives, lack of security forces)



Demographics

Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*

Child-headed households	20%	
Elderly	40%	
Female-headed households	100%	
Marginalized people	80%	
Persons with chronic diseases	100%	
Persons with disabilities	80%	
Pregnant and lactating women	0%	
Unaccompanied / separated children	0%	

Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs*

Host community	0%
Migrants	0%
Refugees	20%
None - only IDPs present	80%



Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type:

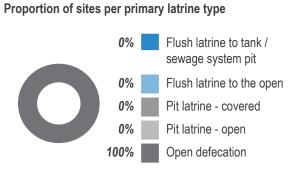
	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	0%	100%	0%
Shelter / maintenance services	0%	0%	100%
NFI distributions	0%	0%	100%
Food distributions	0%	0%	100%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	0%	100%
WASH services	0%	40%	60%
Healthcare services	60%	20%	20%
Education services	0%	0%	100%
Livelihood services	0%	0%	100%
Protection services	0%	0%	100%
Nutrition services	80%	0%	20%
Waste disposal services	40%	0%	60%

? **Priority Needs**

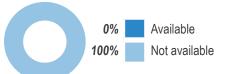
Proportion of sites per priority needs:

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	0%	0%	0%
Education	0%	0%	0%
Food	100%	0%	0%
Water	0%	0%	0%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	0%	0%
Medical assistance	0%	0%	0%
Non-food items	0%	0%	0%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	0%	0%	100%
Shelter / maintenance	0%	100%	0%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

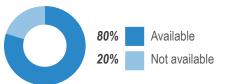
Infrastructure/Resources



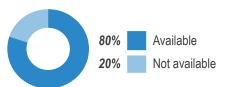
Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power available in site



Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%	
Makeshift shelter	100%	
Host family house / apartment	0%	
Emergency shelter	0%	
Rented house / apartment	0%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Public building	0%	
Open air (no shelter)	0%	

Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	0%
Bottled water	0%
Illegal connection to piped network	0%
Public tap	0%
Protected rainwater tank	0%
Surface water	0%
Unprotected rainwater tank	0%
Water trucking	100%

Site Threats

Most common threats to sites*

Conflict-related incidents	0%
Eviction	60%
Fire-related incidents	100%
Flooding	100%
Friction between communities	0%
Infectious diseases	0%
Water contamination	100%

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%

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			1		

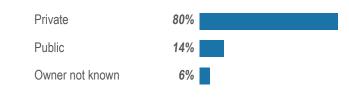
Context and Methodology

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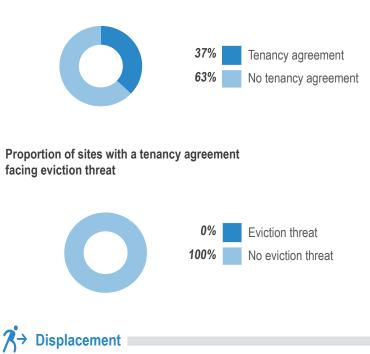
Alluheyah Al-Qanawis **Jarib** Kamaran Al Mighlaf **Al Mahwit** AléMunirah As Salif Al Hajjayla Al Mina Al Hawak Dhamar Al Mansurivah Bayt Al Fagiah Al Bavda Ad Durayhimi Zabio Al Garrahi At Tuhayat 2º C Jabal Ra's **Dhale'e** Al Khawkhah **a** Number of Sites per Subdistrict 15 30 60 Km 11-20 Λ Coordinate System >20 1-10 Name: WGS 1984 UTM Zone 38N \circ



Proportion of sites per land ownership status



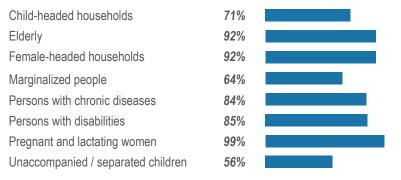
Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Hays Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	93%	
Migrants	1%	T
Refugees	1%	1
None - only IDPs present	5%	1 - C

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

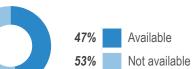
Infrastructure/Resources





Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power





Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	35%	48%	17%
Shelter / maintenance services	3%	34%	63%
NFI distributions	8%	56%	36%
Food distributions	15%	77%	8%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	55%	45%
WASH services	3%	44%	53%
Healthcare services	5%	56%	39%
Education services	6%	39%	55%
Livelihood services	0%	1%	99%
Protection services	5%	13%	82%
Nutrition services	29%	21%	49%
Waste disposal services	1%	8%	91%

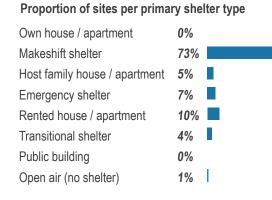
Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs

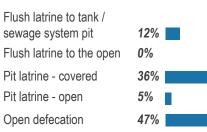
	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	5%	25%	15%
Education	1%	2%	3%
Food	40%	19%	7%
Water	8%	16%	6%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	8%	10%	8%
Medical assistance	3%	4%	10%
Non-food items	0%	3%	12%
Protection services	0%	0%	1%
Sanitation services	8%	6%	16%
Shelter / maintenance	27%	13%	22%
Nutrition services	0%	1%	1%

Infrastructure/Resources

REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action



Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	13%	
Bottled water	1%	1
Illegal connection to piped network	5%	
Public tap	21%	
Protected rainwater tank	6%	
Surface water	24%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	3%	
Water trucking	27%	

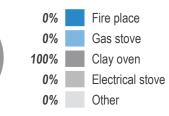
Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	14%	
Eviction	13%	
Fire-related incidents	17%	
Flooding	49%	
Friction between communities	5%	
Infectious diseases	51%	
Water contamination	42%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

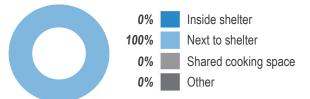
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	0%
Wind shields	8%
Safe distance from shelter	0%
None	92%
Other	0%





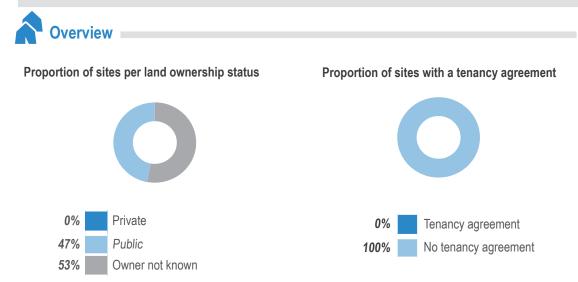
Additional fire safety measures**

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%

Al Jawf, Yemen

Context and Methodology

As part of regular implementation, the CCCM cluster coordination team and partners, with support from REACH, identified in a coordinated manner the profiles of IDP hosting sites they work in. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted and evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **32 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 16999 people in Al Jawf governorate, as well as basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through the perspective of a community representative in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete of each site in the governorate. All information is for humanitarian use only.



REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

X→ Displacement

Most common district of origin of displaced households: Khab wa Ash Sha'f Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site Most common reason for displaced households to leave place of origin: Security concerns (conflict, explosives, lack of security forces)

Al Humaydat Amran Al Matammah Al Ghavy Al Ghavy Al Khalo Sana'a Number of Sites per Subdistrict 0 11-20 1-10 >20

Demographics

Bart Al Ana

Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*

Child-headed households	66%
Elderly	50%
Female-headed households	84%
Marginalized people	16%
Persons with chronic diseases	97%
Persons with disabilities	94%
Pregnant and lactating women	97%
Unaccompanied / separated children	44%

Al Jawf

Khabb wa ash Sha'at

Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs*

Host community	81%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	22%	

Hadramaul

Coordinate System

Name: WGS 1984 UTM Zone 381



Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type:

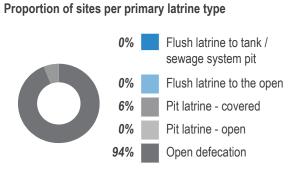
	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	31%	62 %	6%
Shelter / maintenance services	0%	94%	6%
NFI distributions	0%	91%	9%
Food distributions	3%	94%	3%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	84%	16%
WASH services	0%	22%	78%
Healthcare services	3%	19%	78%
Education services	3%	19%	78%
Livelihood services	0%	0%	100%
Protection services	0%	100%	0%
Nutrition services	0%	25%	75%
Waste disposal services	0%	0%	100%

? **Priority Needs**

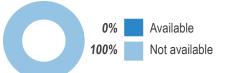
Proportion of sites per priority needs:

		First	Second	Third
	Cash assistance	12%	9%	9%
	Education	12%	12%	16%
	Food	25%	0%	3%
	Water	31%	25%	0%
	Legal services	0%	0%	9%
	Livelihood assistance	6%	0%	9%
	Medical assistance	0%	16%	6%
	Non-food items	0%	19%	16%
	Protection services	3%	0%	3%
	Sanitation services	6%	12%	28%
	Shelter / maintenance	3%	6%	0%
	Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

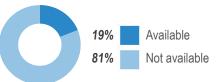
Infrastructure/Resources



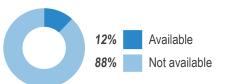
Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power available in site



Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%	
Makeshift shelter	66%	
Host family house / apartment	0%	
Emergency shelter	12%	
Rented house / apartment	0%	
Transitional shelter	22%	
Public building	0%	
Open air (no shelter)	0%	

Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	9%
Bottled water	0%
Illegal connection to piped network	3%
Public tap	12%
Protected rainwater tank	22%
Surface water	28%
Unprotected rainwater tank	0%
Water trucking	25%

Site Threats

Most common threats to sites*

Conflict-related incidents	6%	
Eviction	0%	
Fire-related incidents	3%	
Flooding	28%	
Friction between communities	9 %	
Infectious diseases	66%	
Water contamination	59%	

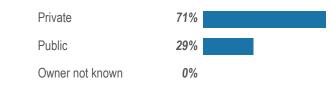
*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%

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Amran	Vomon
Amran,	

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **24 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 12149 people in Amran Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.



Proportion of sites per land ownership status



Sa'ada Al Ashah Harf-Sufyan Al Jawl Al Qaflah Al Madan Amran Haijah Habur Zulaymah Suwayr ni-Bi Khamir_ As Sudah Kharif As Sawd Marib Sana'a Amran A Al Hudaydah Maswar Ival Suravh Number of Sites per Subdistrict 40 Km 10 20 11-20 Coordinate System

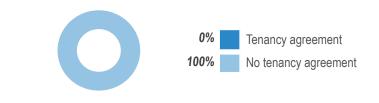
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Name: WGS 1984 UTM Zone 38N

1-10

0

Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Å→ Displacement

Most common district of origin of displaced households: Harad Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*

Child-headed households	79%	
Elderly	100%	
Female-headed households	100%	
Marginalized people	92 %	
Persons with chronic diseases	100%	
Persons with disabilities	96%	
Pregnant and lactating women	100%	
Unaccompanied / separated children	21%	

Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	67%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	33%	

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Available

Not available

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Available 33% 67% Not available Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity 50% Available 17% 50% 83% Not available

Z Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	65%	10%	25%
Shelter / maintenance services	0%	88%	12%
NFI distributions	12%	83%	4%
Food distributions	41%	27%	32%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	43%	52%	5%
WASH services	46%	8%	46%
Healthcare services	0%	67%	33%
Education services	0%	8%	92%
Livelihood services	0%	0%	100%
Protection services	0%	92%	8%
Nutrition services	0%	67%	33%
Waste disposal services	17%	0%	83%

? **Priority Needs**

Proportion of sites per priority needs

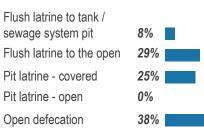
	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	0%	4%	8%
Education	12%	0%	0%
Food	8%	0%	0%
Water	4%	0%	0%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	33%	46%
Medical assistance	0%	8%	4%
Non-food items	0%	0%	0%
Protection services	71%	0%	4%
Sanitation services	0%	38%	33%
Shelter / maintenance	4%	17%	4%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

Infrastructure/Resources

Own house / apartment12%Makeshift shelter0%Host family house / apartment0%Emergency shelter88%Rented house / apartment0%Transitional shelter0%Public building0%

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	0%	
Bottled water	0%	
Illegal connection to piped network	0%	
Public tap	12%	
Protected rainwater tank	0%	
Surface water	0%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	33%	
Water trucking	54%	

Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

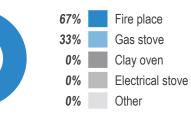
Conflict-related incidents	67%	
Eviction	8%	
Fire-related incidents	75%	
Flooding	67%	
Friction between communities	17%	
Infectious diseases	88%	
Water contamination	79%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.



Open air (no shelter)

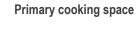
Primary cooking modality

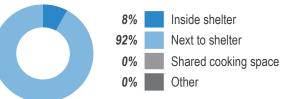


0%

Safe cooking practices**







Additional fire safety measures**

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%

*Figures on Cooking Practices might not be available for all sites.

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🔂 Dhamar, Yem	CII -

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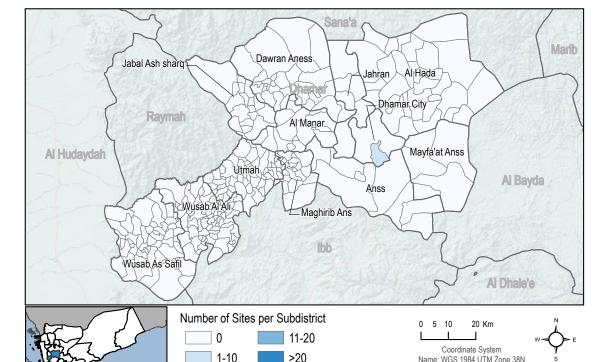
Context and Methodology

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **4 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 3402 people in Dhamar Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

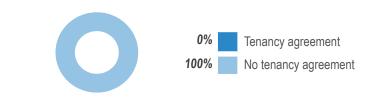


Proportion of sites per land ownership status

Private	0%	
Public	100%	
Owner not known	0%	



Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Å→ Displacement

Most common district of origin of displaced households: Al Mansuriyah Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*

Child-headed households	100%
Elderly	100%
Female-headed households	100%
Marginalized people	100%
Persons with chronic diseases	100%
Persons with disabilities	100%
Pregnant and lactating women	100%
Unaccompanied / separated children	100%

Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	100%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	0%	

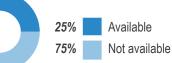
*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources





Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power



100% Available

Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity

0% Not available

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	0%	100%	0%
Shelter / maintenance services	0%	100%	0%
NFI distributions	0%	100%	0%
Food distributions	0%	100%	0%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	100%	0%
WASH services	0%	0%	100%
Healthcare services	0%	0%	100%
Education services	0%	0%	100%
Livelihood services	0%	0%	100%
Protection services	0%	100%	0%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	100%
Waste disposal services	0%	0%	100%

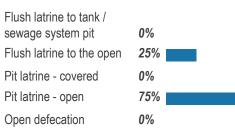
Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	0%	0%	0%
Education	0%	0%	0%
Food	0%	0%	100%
Water	0%	0%	0%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	0%	0%
Medical assistance	0%	0%	0%
Non-food items	0%	0%	0%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	100%	0%	0%
Shelter / maintenance	0%	100%	0%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

	•	•	
Own house / apartment		0%	
Makeshift shelter		100%	
Host family house / apar	tment	0%	
Emergency shelter		0%	
Rented house / apartme	nt	0%	
Transitional shelter		0%	
Public building		0%	
Open air (no shelter)		0%	

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	0%	
Bottled water	0%	
Illegal connection to piped network	0%	
Public tap	25%	
Protected rainwater tank	0%	
Surface water	0%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	0%	
Water trucking	75%	

Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

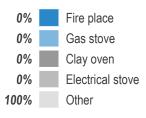
Conflict-related incidents	0%	
Eviction	100%	
Fire-related incidents	0%	
Flooding	0%	
Friction between communities	100%	
Infectious diseases	100%	
Water contamination	100%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

REACH Informing more effective tumanitarian action

(((**61**3 **Cooking Practices***

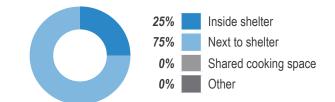
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	0%
Wind shields	0%
Safe distance from shelter	0%
None	100%
Other	0%





Additional fire safety measures**

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%

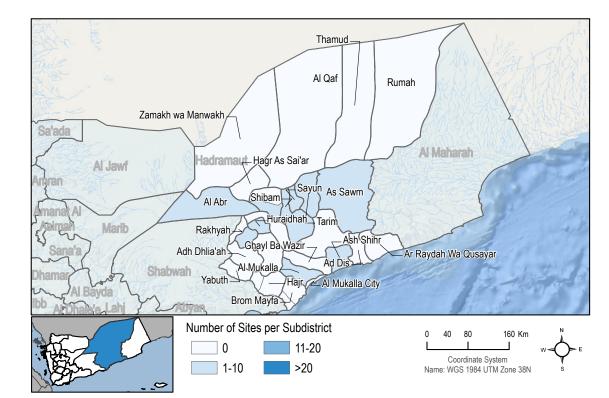


*Figures on Cooking Practices might not be available for all sites.

Hadramawt, Yemen

Context and Methodology

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **12 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 5827 people in the Hadramawt Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

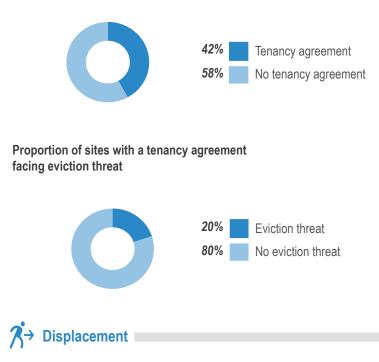




Proportion of sites per land ownership status



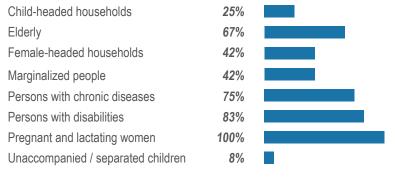
Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Khab wa Ash Sha'f Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	8%
Migrants	0%
Refugees	0%
None - only IDPs present	92%

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power



42% Available

Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity

58% Not available

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	25%	8%	67%
Shelter / maintenance services	8%	8%	83%
NFI distributions	0%	17%	83%
Food distributions	0%	83%	17%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	17%	83%
WASH services	0%	17%	83%
Healthcare services	8%	25%	67%
Education services	8%	58%	33%
Livelihood services	0%	25%	75%
Protection services	0%	8%	92%
Nutrition services	8%	0%	92%
Waste disposal services	8%	0%	92%

Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	25%	8%	33%
Education	0%	8%	0%
Food	33%	8%	0%
Water	0%	0%	0%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	0%	50%
Medical assistance	0%	50%	8%
Non-food items	0%	25%	0%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	0%	0%	0%
Shelter / maintenance	42 %	0%	0%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	8%

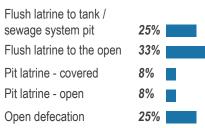
Informing more effective humanitarian action

REACH

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites per primary shelter typeOwn house / apartment17%Makeshift shelter42%Host family house / apartment0%Emergency shelter8%Rented house / apartment8%Transitional shelter17%

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	8%	
Bottled water	0%	
Illegal connection to piped network	0%	
Public tap	75%	
Protected rainwater tank	0%	
Surface water	0%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	0%	
Water trucking	17%	

Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	8%	
Eviction	17%	
Fire-related incidents	8%	
Flooding	50%	
Friction between communities	8%	
Infectious diseases	25%	
Water contamination	42%	

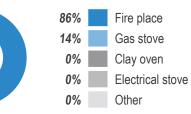
**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.



Open air (no shelter)

Public building

Primary cooking modality



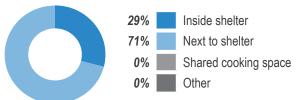
8%

0%

Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	29%
Wind shields	0%
Safe distance from shelter	0%
None	71%
Other	0%

Primary cooking space



Additional fire safety measures**

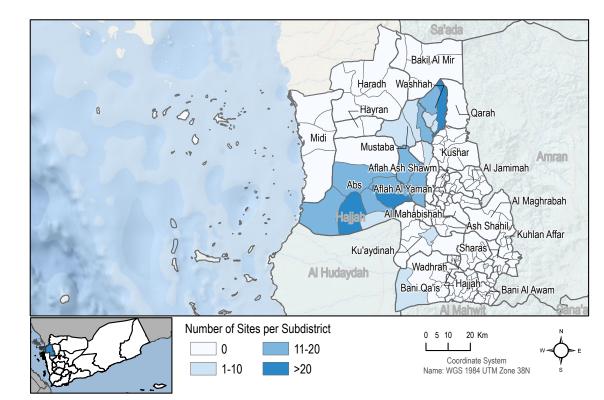
Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%

*Figures on Cooking Practices might not be available for all sites.

Hajjah, Yemen

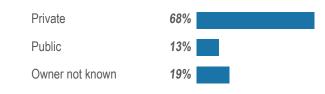
Context and Methodology

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **217 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 330068 people in the Hajjah Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

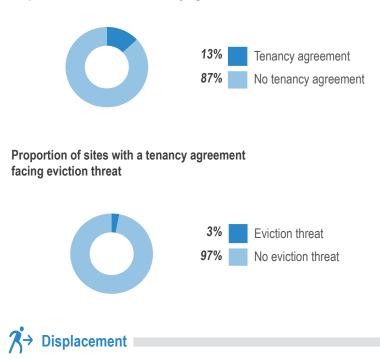


Overview

Proportion of sites per land ownership status



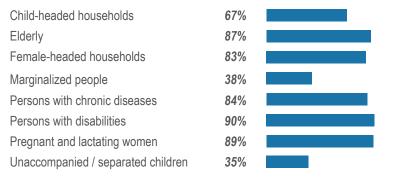
Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Harad Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



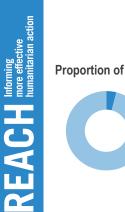
Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

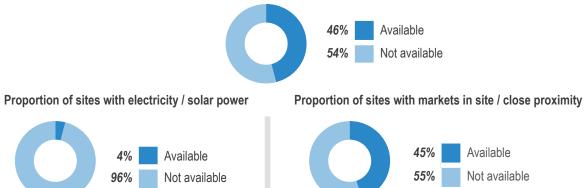
Host community	98%
Migrants	0%
Refugees	0%
None - only IDPs present	2%

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources







Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	10%	10%	81%
Shelter / maintenance services	2%	12%	86%
NFI distributions	0%	17%	82%
Food distributions	18%	80%	3%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	1%	28%	71%
WASH services	6%	32%	62%
Healthcare services	4%	33%	63%
Education services	12%	33%	55%
Livelihood services	0%	1%	99%
Protection services	0%	14%	85%
Nutrition services	8%	16%	76%
Waste disposal services	1%	11%	88%

Priority Needs

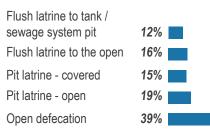
Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	1%	10%	11%
Education	0%	0%	6%
Food	19%	15%	8%
Water	14%	25%	8%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	7%	6%	26%
Medical assistance	0%	8%	12%
Non-food items	2%	1%	2%
Protection services	24%	0%	2%
Sanitation services	2%	20%	15%
Shelter / maintenance	30%	10%	8%
Nutrition services	0%	3%	2%

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type Own house / apartment 0% Makeshift shelter 59% Host family house / apartment 22% Emergency shelter 14% Rented house / apartment 1% Transitional shelter 5% Public building 0% Open air (no shelter) 0%

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	14%	
Bottled water	1%	1
Illegal connection to piped network	3%	
Public tap	5%	
Protected rainwater tank	6%	
Surface water	12%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	36%	
Water trucking	22%	

Site Threats

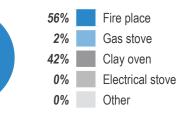
Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	42%	
Eviction	10%	
Fire-related incidents	28%	
Flooding	36%	
Friction between communities	4%	
Infectious diseases	92%	
Water contamination	63%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.



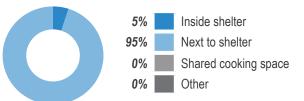
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	3%
Wind shields	0%
Safe distance from shelter	4%
None	92%
Other	0%

Primary cooking space



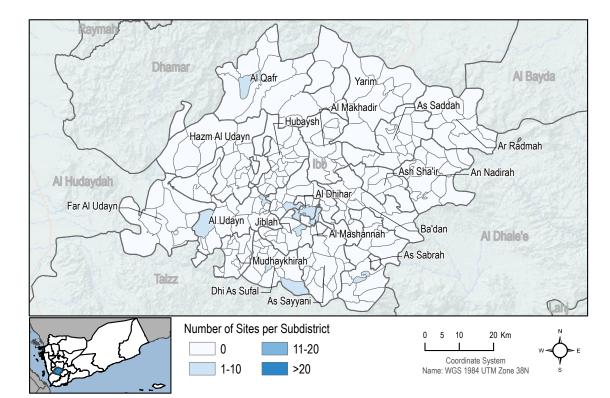
Additional fire safety measures**

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%



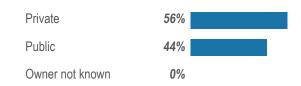
Context and Methodology

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **18 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 5757 people in the Ibb Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

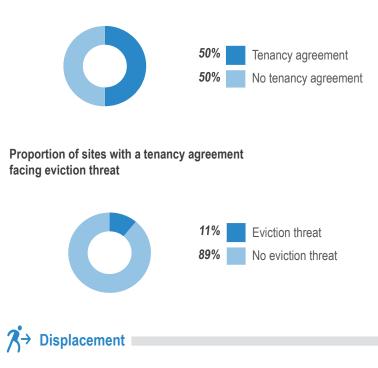




Proportion of sites per land ownership status



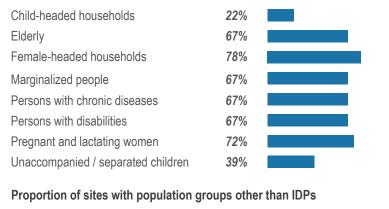
Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Al Hali Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Host community	28%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	72%	

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

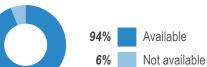
Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power





Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	6%	6%	89%
Shelter / maintenance services	22%	67%	11%
NFI distributions	22%	61%	17%
Food distributions	22%	50%	28%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	11%	44%	44%
WASH services	28%	56%	17%
Healthcare services	11%	78%	11%
Education services	50%	33%	17%
Livelihood services	0%	28%	72%
Protection services	11%	39%	50%
Nutrition services	6%	33%	61%
Waste disposal services	11%	28%	61%

Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs

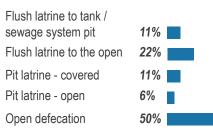
	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	11%	17%	17%
Education	0%	0%	0%
Food	33%	17%	11%
Water	0%	11%	6%
Legal services	0%	6%	0%
Livelihood assistance	6%	11%	22%
Medical assistance	6%	0%	6%
Non-food items	6%	17%	22%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	0%	17%	11%
Shelter / maintenance	39%	6%	6%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

Infrastructure/Resources

REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type Own house / apartment 0% Makeshift shelter 22% Host family house / apartment 0% Emergency shelter 17% Rented house / apartment 0% Transitional shelter 0% Public building 61% Open air (no shelter) 0%

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	11%	
Bottled water	6%	
Illegal connection to piped network	0%	
Public tap	0%	
Protected rainwater tank	11%	
Surface water	0%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	0%	
Water trucking	72%	

Site Threats

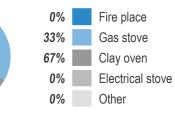
Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	6%	
Eviction	39%	
Fire-related incidents	6%	
Flooding	11%	
Friction between communities	17%	
Infectious diseases	11%	
Water contamination	11%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.



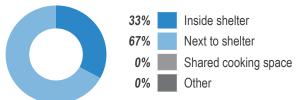
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	0%
Wind shields	0%
Safe distance from shelter	67%
None	33%
Other	0%





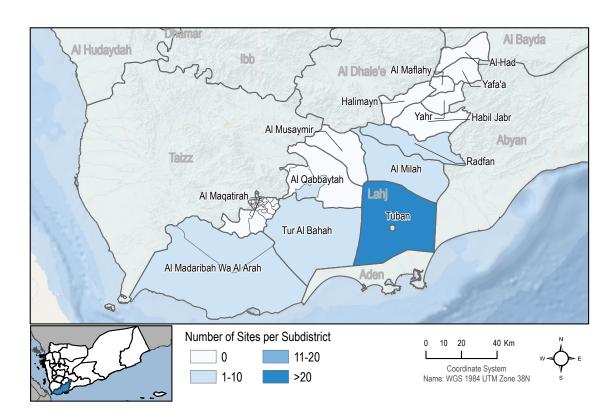
Additional fire safety measures**

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%



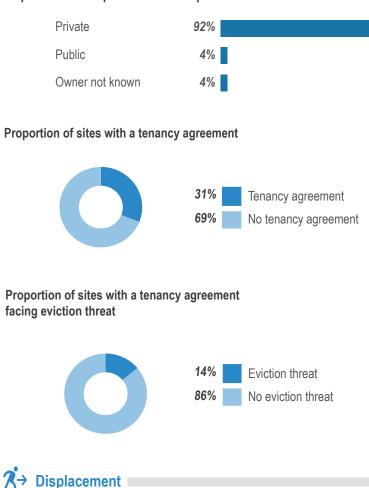
Context and Methodology

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **72 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 23406 people in the Lahj Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.





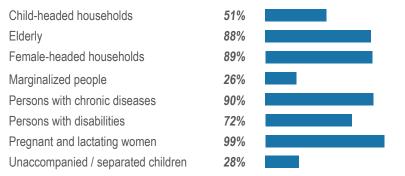
Proportion of sites per land ownership status



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Maqbanah Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	83%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	17%	

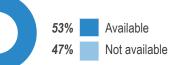
*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

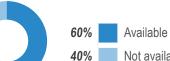
Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power





Not available

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	8%	10%	82%
Shelter / maintenance services	18%	21%	61%
NFI distributions	32%	33%	35%
Food distributions	28%	46%	25%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	17%	19%	64%
WASH services	10%	38%	53%
Healthcare services	11%	19%	69 %
Education services	49%	14%	38%
Livelihood services	3%	8%	89%
Protection services	15%	18%	67%
Nutrition services	39%	15%	46%
Waste disposal services	8%	6%	86%

? **Priority Needs**

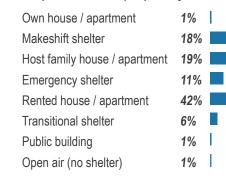
Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	7%	26%	14%
Education	0%	0%	3%
Food	69 %	11%	6%
Water	10%	10%	7%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	1%	3%
Medical assistance	3%	22%	33%
Non-food items	3%	14%	14%
Protection services	0%	0%	4%
Sanitation services	1%	1%	8%
Shelter / maintenance	7%	14%	8%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

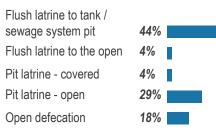
Informing more effective humanitarian action

REACH

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type



Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	17%	
Bottled water	1%	1
Illegal connection to piped network	1%	1
Public tap	36%	
Protected rainwater tank	3%	
Surface water	14%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	1%	1
Water trucking	26%	

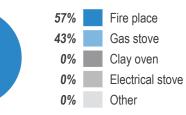
Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

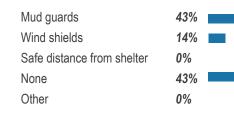
Conflict-related incidents	10%	
Eviction	31%	
Fire-related incidents	1%	I
Flooding	11%	
Friction between communities	15%	
Infectious diseases	39%	
Water contamination	33%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

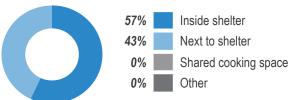
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**



Primary cooking space



Additional fire safety measures**

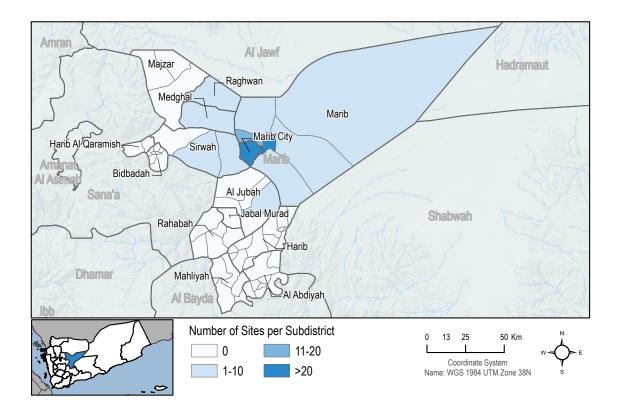
Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	54%
Other	46%

$\ensuremath{^*\text{Figures}}$ on Cooking Practices might not be available for all sites.

Ma'rib, Yemen

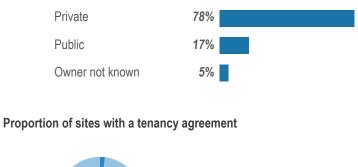
Context and Methodology

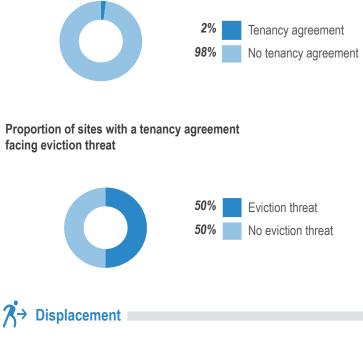
As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **125 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 161451 people in the Ma'rib Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between Novemwber 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.



Overview

Proportion of sites per land ownership status

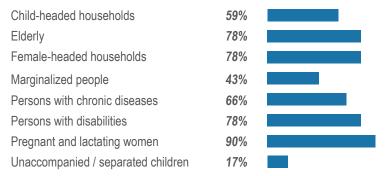




Most common district of origin of displaced households: As Sukhnah Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	62%	
Migrants	3%	1
Refugees	2%	I.
None - only IDPs present	38%	

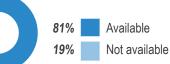
*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power



57% Available

Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity

43% Not available

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	31%	14%	54%
Shelter / maintenance services	4%	35%	61%
NFI distributions	2%	54%	45%
Food distributions	24%	64%	12%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	1%	26%	73%
WASH services	1%	30%	70%
Healthcare services	7%	34%	59%
Education services	20%	33%	47%
Livelihood services	1%	5%	94%
Protection services	1%	30%	70%
Nutrition services	3%	20%	77%
Waste disposal services	2%	20%	78%

Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	9%	14%	16%
Education	7%	8%	9%
Food	22%	9%	5%
Water	14%	16%	10%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	3%	5%	7%
Medical assistance	2%	9%	11%
Non-food items	10%	12%	14%
Protection services	1%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	6%	10%	12%
Shelter / maintenance	25%	18%	15%
Nutrition services	1%	0%	1%

Informing more effective humanitarian action

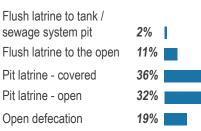
REACH

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	2%	
Makeshift shelter	39%	
Host family house / apartment	2%	
Emergency shelter	37%	
Rented house / apartment	4%	
Transitional shelter	7%	
Public building	5%	
Open air (no shelter)	3%	

Cooking Practices*

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Primary cooking space

Proportion of sites per primary water source

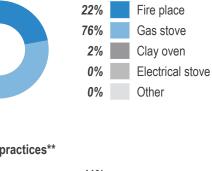
Borehole	46%	
Bottled water	2%	1
Illegal connection to piped network	2%	1
Public tap	11%	
Protected rainwater tank	2%	1
Surface water	0%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	5%	
Water trucking	32%	

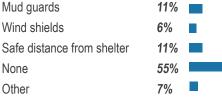
Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	28%	
Eviction	32%	
Fire-related incidents	42%	
Flooding	34%	
Friction between communities	9%	
Infectious diseases	26%	
Water contamination	27%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.







59%

37%

4%

0%

Inside shelter

Next to shelter

Other

Shared cooking space

*Figures on Cooking Practices might not be available for all sites.

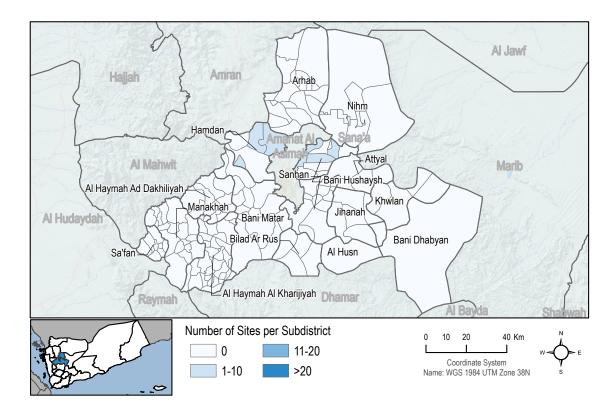
The CCCM Cluster and REACH would like to thank all participating CCCM Cluster partners for collecting IDP hosting site information.

REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

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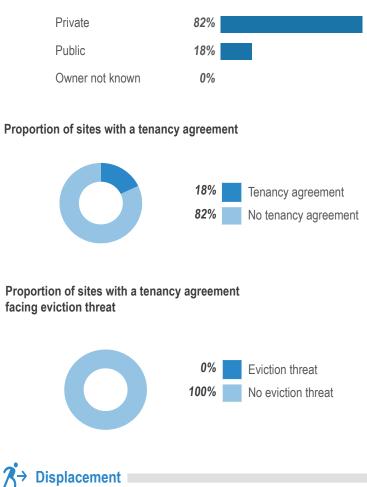


As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **11 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 8574 people in the Sana'a Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.



Overview

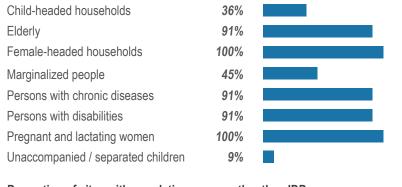
Proportion of sites per land ownership status



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Al Mashannah Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

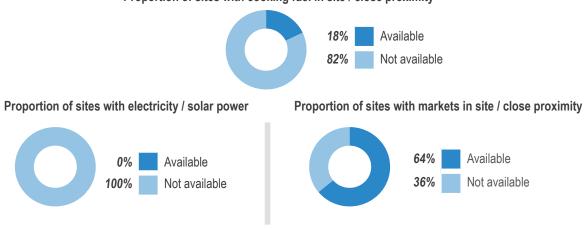
Host community	9%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	0%	
None - only IDPs present	91%	

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources

Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity





Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	9%	9%	82%
Shelter / maintenance services	27%	73%	0%
NFI distributions	0%	82%	18%
Food distributions	0%	64%	36%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	91%	9%
WASH services	18%	82%	0%
Healthcare services	0%	64%	36%
Education services	0%	91%	9%
Livelihood services	0%	27%	73%
Protection services	0%	82%	18%
Nutrition services	18%	27%	55%
Waste disposal services	0%	27%	73%

Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	0%	27%	9%
Education	0%	0%	0%
Food	55%	18%	18%
Water	0%	18%	9%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	9%	0%
Medical assistance	0%	9%	9%
Non-food items	0%	9%	36%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	18%	9%	9%
Shelter / maintenance	27%	0%	9%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%	
Makeshift shelter	91%	
Host family house / apartment	0%	
Emergency shelter	9%	
Rented house / apartment	0%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Public building	0%	
Open air (no shelter)	0%	

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type

Flush latrine to tank /	
sewage system pit	0%
Flush latrine to the open	0%
Pit latrine - covered	64%
Pit latrine - open	0%
Open defecation	36%

Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	36%	
Bottled water	0%	
Illegal connection to piped network	0%	
Public tap	0%	
Protected rainwater tank	0%	
Surface water	0%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	0%	
Water trucking	64 %	

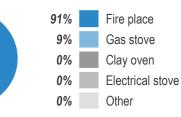
Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	0%	
Eviction	55%	
Fire-related incidents	0%	
Flooding	27%	
Friction between communities	36%	
Infectious diseases	0%	
Water contamination	36%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

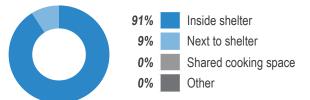
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	9%	
Wind shields	9%	
Safe distance from shelter	0%	
None	91%	
Other	0%	

Primary cooking space



Additional fire safety measures**

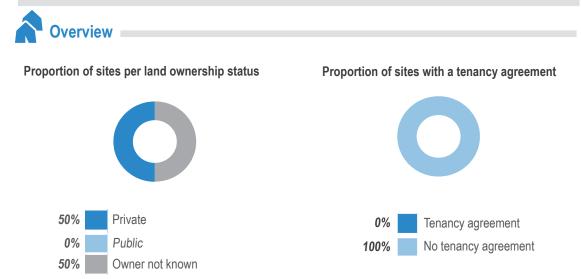
Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	100%
Other	0%

REAGH Informing more effective humanitarian action

Shabwah, Yemen

Context and Methodology

As part of regular implementation, the CCCM cluster coordination team and partners, with support from REACH, identified in a coordinated manner the profiles of IDP hosting sites they work in. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted and evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **6 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 1295 people in Shabwah governorate, as well as basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through the perspective of a community representative in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete of each site in the governorate. All information is for humanitarian use only.

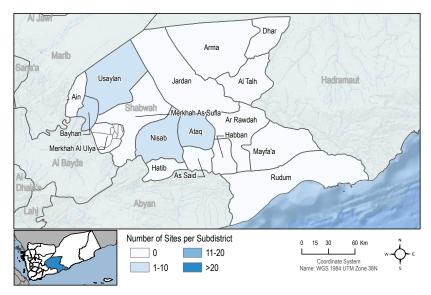


REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

A→ Displacement

Most common district of origin of displaced households: Bajil

Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site Most common reason for displaced households to leave place of origin: Security concerns (conflict, explosives, lack of security forces)



Demographics

Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*

Child-headed households	33%	
Elderly	67%	
Female-headed households	83%	
Marginalized people	33%	
Persons with chronic diseases	67%	
Persons with disabilities	50%	
Pregnant and lactating women	100%	
Unaccompanied / separated children	33%	

Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs*

Host community	17%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	33%	
None - only IDPs present	50%	



Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type:

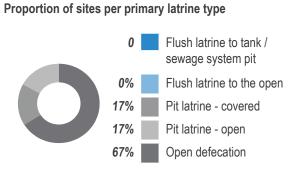
	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	33%	17%	50%
Shelter / maintenance services	0%	0%	100%
NFI distributions	17%	50%	33%
Food distributions	0%	50%	50 %
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	0%	17%	83%
WASH services	0%	0%	100%
Healthcare services	0%	17%	83%
Education services	33%	0%	67%
Livelihood services	0%	50%	50%
Protection services	0%	17%	83%
Nutrition services	0%	33%	67%
Waste disposal services	0%	33%	67%

? **Priority Needs**

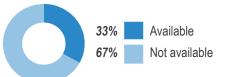
Proportion of sites per priority needs:

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	0%	50%	33%
Education	0%	0%	0%
Food	100%	0%	0%
Water	0%	0%	0%
Legal services	0%	0%	0%
Livelihood assistance	0%	17%	17%
Medical assistance	0%	17%	0%
Non-food items	0%	0%	33%
Protection services	0%	0%	0%
Sanitation services	0%	0%	0%
Shelter / maintenance	0%	17%	17%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

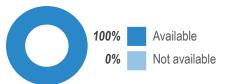
Infrastructure/Resources



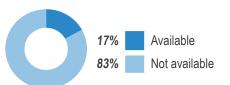
Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power available in site



Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	0%	
Makeshift shelter	17%	
Host family house / apartment	0%	
Emergency shelter	0%	
Rented house / apartment	0%	
Transitional shelter	83%	
Public building	0%	
Open air (no shelter)	0%	

Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	83%
Bottled water	0%
Illegal connection to piped network	0%
Public tap	0%
Protected rainwater tank	0%
Surface water	0%
Unprotected rainwater tank	0%
Water trucking	17%

Site Threats

Most common threats to sites*

Conflict-related incidents	33%	
Eviction	100%	
Fire-related incidents	0%	
Flooding	17%	
Friction between communities	0%	
Infectious diseases	17%	
Water contamination	33%	

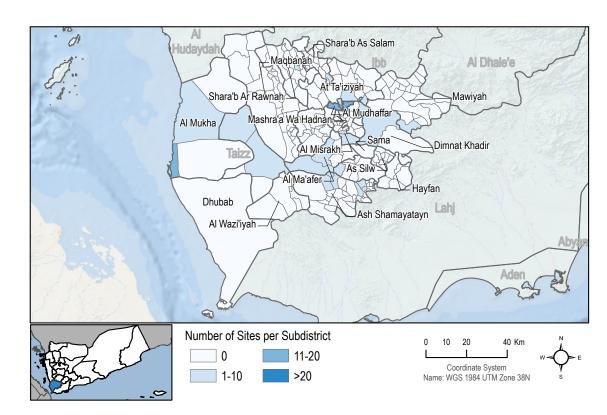
*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add

up to 100%



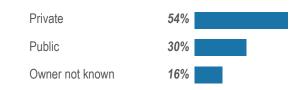
Context and Methodology

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, implemented the Site Reporting Tool to build a profile of the IDP hosting sites in which the CCCM Cluster and their partners work. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The initial findings presented here provide an overview of conditions, service access, and threats across **94 IDP hosting sites** with a total population of 35354 people in the Ta'iz Governorate, as well as providing basic information on population demographics and community needs. The findings presented here provide details on the condition of IDP hosting sites between November 2019 and November 2020 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. Only sites for which detailed information was available at the time of data collection are represented in this factsheet. Findings should therefore be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.

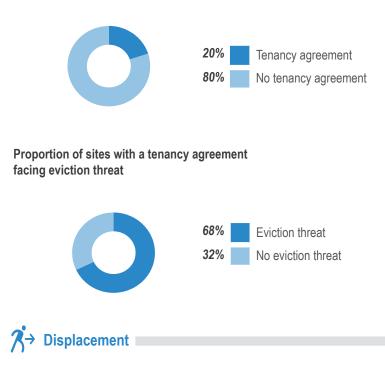


Overview

Proportion of sites per land ownership status



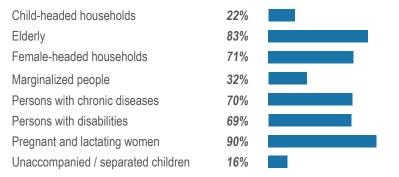
Proportion of sites with a tenancy agreement



Most common district of origin of displaced households: Salah Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months: Stay in the site



Proportion of sites with presence of vulnerable groups*



Proportion of sites with population groups other than IDPs

Host community	59%	
Migrants	0%	
Refugees	1%	1
None - only IDPs present	35%	

*Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

Infrastructure/Resources





Proportion of sites with electricity / solar power





Proportion of sites with markets in site / close proximity

32% Not available

Access to Services

Proportion of sites by adequacy of services, per service type

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	49%	12%	39%
Shelter / maintenance services	20%	29%	51%
NFI distributions	25%	25%	51%
Food distributions	18%	66%	16%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	11%	6%	83%
WASH services	18%	28%	54%
Healthcare services	19%	16%	65%
Education services	13%	12%	76%
Livelihood services	1%	6%	93%
Protection services	3%	27%	70%
Nutrition services	11%	22%	67%
Waste disposal services	19%	12%	69%

Priority Needs

Proportion of sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	9%	12%	33%
Education	1%	15%	2%
Food	53%	5%	4%
Water	8%	40%	6%
Legal services	0%	1%	3%
Livelihood assistance	1%	1%	18%
Medical assistance	1%	11%	7%
Non-food items	1%	6%	19%
Protection services	0%	0%	1%
Sanitation services	1%	4%	1%
Shelter / maintenance	26%	4%	4%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	0%

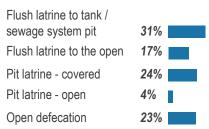
Informing more effective humanitarian action

REACH

Proportion of sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	2%	I .
Makeshift shelter	19%	
Host family house / apartment	5%	
Emergency shelter	23%	
Rented house / apartment	22%	
Transitional shelter	3%	
Public building	21%	
Open air (no shelter)	3%	

Proportion of sites per primary latrine type



Proportion of sites per primary water source

Borehole	22%	
Bottled water	6%	
Illegal connection to piped network	5%	
Public tap	8%	
Protected rainwater tank	3%	
Surface water	4%	
Unprotected rainwater tank	3%	
Water trucking	48%	

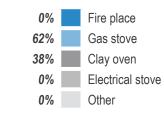
Site Threats

Most common threats to sites**

Conflict-related incidents	16%	
Eviction	48%	
Fire-related incidents	2%	1
Flooding	4%	
Friction between communities	30%	
Infectious diseases	34%	
Water contamination	14%	

**Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

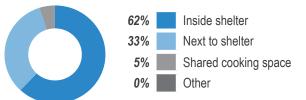
Primary cooking modality



Safe cooking practices**

Mud guards	0%
Wind shields	0%
Safe distance from shelter	0%
None	38%
Other	62%

Primary cooking space



Additional fire safety measures**

Fire points	0%
Fire wardens	0%
Fire breaks	0%
Escape routes	0%
None	76%
Other	24%

REAGH Informing more effective humanitarian action