Research Terms of Reference

UNHCR Refugee Response: Multi-Sector Needs Assessment in Pariang County [SSD1912]

South Sudan

September 2019 Version 1



1. Executive Summary

Country of intervention	South Sudan						
Type of Emergency	Natural disaster X Conf	flict					
Type of Crisis	Sudden onset Slow	onset X Protracted					
Mandating Body/ Agency	United Nations High Commission for Re	fugees					
Project Code	32DPI L						
Overall Research							
Timeframe (from research	September to November 2019						
design to final outputs / M&E)							
Research Timeframe	1. Start collect data: 08/10/2019	4. Data sent for validation: 31/10/2019					
Add planned deadlines (for	2. Data collected: 23/10/2019	5. Outputs sent for validation: 15/11/2019					
first cycle if more than 1)	Preliminary presentation of	6. Outputs published: 25/11/2019					
	qualitative findings (FGDs) and breif						
	summary of activities to partners						
	24/10/2019						
	4. Data analysed: 30/10/2019						
Number of assessments	X Single assessment (one cycle)						
	Multi assessment (more than one cy	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>					
Humanitarian milestones	Milestone	Deadline					
Specify what will the assessment inform and when	X Donor plan/strategy	30/11/2019					
e.g. The shelter cluster will	Inter-cluster plan/strategy						
use this data to draft its	Cluster plan/strategy						
Revised Flash Appeal;	X NGO platform plan/strategy	30/11/2019					
	Other (Specify):	·					
Audience Type &	Audience type	Dissemination					
Dissemination Specify who will the assessment	X Strategic - Who : Refugee Response Partners; How : Public (available on	X General Product Mailing (e.g. mail to NGO consortium; HCT participants; Donors)					
inform and how you will disseminate to inform the	REACH resource center and online portal)	X Presentation of findings (e.g. at HCT meeting; Cluster meeting)					
audience	X Programmatic - Who : Refugee Response Partners; How : Public (available on REACH resource center and online portal)	X Website Dissemination (Relief Web & REACH Resource Centre)					
	X Operational - Who : Refugee Response Partners; How : Public (available on REACH resource center and online portal)						

Detailed dissemination plan required	□ Yes X No							
General Objective	To understand living conditions, access to services and priority needs of refugees living							
•	in Ajoung Thok and Pamir refugee camps, so as to inform humanitarian response							
	planning in these camps.							
Specific Objective(s)	1. To understand current household living conditions with regards to food							
	security and livelihoods,							
	2. To determine vulnerable groups that may require addition safeguarding							
	interventions from humanitarian partners							
	3. To provide a multi-sector needs profile of the camps to help identify other							
	sectiors where refugees may require additional services.							
	4. To identify and analyse trends in levels of humanitarian need in Ajoung Thok							
	and Pamir Camps from the 2017 assessments.							
	5. To understand how the population's needs vary between refugees living in							
December Overtions	Ajoung Thok and Pamir Camps							
Research Questions	What is the household size and gender balance of households in Ajoung Thok and Pamir Comp?							
	and Pamir Camp?What are the current shelter conditions in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps?							
	a. How are shelter materials accessed?							
	b. What are the main issues in terms of shelter damage and access to							
	new materials?							
	c. To what extent have shelter conditions changed since 2017?							
	What are the primary livelihoods for residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir							
	Camps and how does this vary by gender?							
	a. To what extent have livelihoods changed since 2017?							
	4. What are the levels of food security for residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir							
	Camps?							
	a. What are the main drivers of food insecurity?							
	b. What are the main sources of fuel and resources for cooking and heating?							
	c. To what extend has food security changed since 2017, as well as the							
	main factors driving food insecurity?							
	5. What coping strategies are used by households to overcome food security and							
	livelihood (FSL) issues?							
	a. To what extent has the type and use of coping stategies changed since 2017?							
	6. What are the main protection concerns affecting residents in Ajoung Thok and							
	Pamir camps?							
	a. Who is most at risk to security incidents within the household?							
	 To what extent do key protection concerns persist and do the same 							
	individuals within the household remain at risk in comparison to 2017?							
	7. To what extent do residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps have sufficient							
	access to WASH Services?							
	a. What are the main factors impacting households' ability to access							
	water?							
	b. Is there access to Hygiene Promotion and other WASH NFIs within							
	the camps?							

		c To what exte	nt h	ave a	CCE	ss to WASH ser	vices improved since 20172
	c. To what extent have access to WASH services improved since 2017?8. What are the reported level of education for boys and girls of school age in Ajoung Thok and Pamir Camps?						
		, •				ers to accessir	ng education and how does
		this vary by	gen	der?			
		b. To what exte	ent l	nas ac	ces	s to education i	improved by gender, and do
							comparison to 2017?
		' '					ir and Ajoung Thok Camps?
		a. How do they				•	
							s changed since 2017?
		10. What is the organisat				-	
							Pamir Camps receive and
				_		ng camp mana	gement? nt structures changes since
		2017?	JUO	15 01	Call	ip managemen	it structures changes since
Geographic Coverage	Pá	ariang Country					
	Aj	oung Thok Refigee Camp (3	9,0	76 ind	ivid	uals, 6,624 plot	s)
	Pa	amir Refugee Camp (33,825					
Secondary data sources						` '	hly reports, Registration
		data, Operational upo				•	
		2. Operational updates				ctor leads in the	e camps,
Donulation(a)	_	3. REACH – Previous a	sse	ssmer		IDDs in inform	al alta a
Population(s)		IDPs in camp IDPs in host communities			□ IDPs in informal sites		
Select all that apply	X				□ IDPs [Other, Specify]		
		Refugees in camp Refugees in host communi	tion		Refugees in informal sites		
		Non-displaced (hosting)	แษง		Refugees [Other, Specify]		
		Returnees			□ Non-displaced (not hosting) □ [Other, Specify]		
Stratification	X	Geographical: by camp		Gro			□ [Other Specify] #:
Select type(s) and enter		population size.			•	· ion size per	Population size per
number of strata		Population size per strata		•		known?	strata is known?
		is known? X Yes □ No				No	□ Yes □ No
Data collection tool(s)	Χ	Structured (Quantitative)			Х		ed (Qualitative)
	Sa	ampling method				ata collection	,
Structured data		X Probability / Simple random				Household interv	view (Ajoung Thok) (Target #):
collection tool # 1					40	0	
Select sampling and data					Χ	Household interv	view (Pamir) (Target #): 392
collection method and specify	cify Tribution (Carry) (Carry)					now (ramm) (ranger n). 002	
target # interviews							
Semi-structured data	Х	Purposive			Χ	Focus group dis	cussion (Target #): 82
collection tool (s) # 1							, ,
Select sampling and data collection method and specify							
target # interviews							
targot ii iiitoi viovo							
	1						

¹ REACH conducted the first Multi-Sector Needs Assessment (MSNA) in 2017 in Ajoung Thok and Pariang Camps. This assessment will be used to help provide a trends analysis.

² Target of 4 focus group discussions per camp.

Target level of precision if probability sampling	b level of confidence 5 +/- % margin of error	5 +/- % margin of error					
Data management platform(s)	MPACT X UNHCR						
	Other, Specify]						
Expected output type(s)	Situation overview #: X Report #: 1	rofile #:					
	Presentation (Preliminary Presentation (Final)	actsheet #: 2 (1 per					
	indings) #: 1	amp)					
	ner, Specify] #:						
Access	Public (available on REACH resource center and other humanitarian platforms)						
	Restricted (bilateral dissemination only upon agreed dissemination list, no publication on REACH or other platforms)						
Visibility Specify which logos should be on outputs	CH, UNHCR						

2. Rationale

2.1. Rationale

Violence between the Sudan Armed Forces (SAF) and Sudan People's Liberation Movement-North (SPLM-N) in Sudan's Kordofan State and Blue Nile State began in 2011, resulting in large scale displacement. A number of humanitarian agencies have been operational in the camps under the coordination of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in Pariang State, in Ajoung Thok and Pamir Refugee Camps.

Since 2017, REACH has supported different activities and initiatives aimed to improve coordinated assessments in the refugee camps and the host communities in Pariang State. Through continued consultation with UNHCR, development actors, and wider humanitarian response coordination elements, REACH continues to support by carrying out the following elements to fill key information gaps in the response and entrench best practices amongst humanitarian partners:

- Continued methodological, analytical and information management (IM) support
- Continued mapping and assessments within the Pariang Camps
- Continued capacity building for partners involved in the refugee response

Following on from these discussions, it was agreed with UNHCR that REACH will continue the support provided in 2019, including the primary data collection and reporting on the humanitarian situation in the refugee camps in Pariang County through a Multi-Sector Needs Assessment (MSNA).

This MSNA is required to help humanitarian actors understand which needs are most pressing in the refugee camps. This information will enable refugee response partners to decide which services to prioritise in the coming months as programmes are due to receive funding extensions for 2020. Furthermore, data collected this year will be compared to the findings of the inter-agency MSNA conducted at the end of 2017 by REACH and UNHCR teams in the same locations. The similarity of tools and methodologies between the two assessments will allow comparisons across time and trend analysis helping actors involved in the humanitarian response to better understands the evolution of needs and gaps still affecting the humanitarian condition of refugees within the camps in Pariang County.

3. Methodology

3.1 Methodology overview

To meet research objectives, a mixed methods approach will be used comprising of a household (HH) survey and focus group discussions (FGDs). The HH survey aims to assess household level needs, that can be aggregated to a block and camp level, whilst the FGDs will be used to provide more detail and triangulate findings from the quantitative household survey.

In order to ensure compatibility between 2017 and 2019 MSNA, the same survey tool as the 2017 MSNA will be used. However, before the start of data collection, REACH will share it with UNHCR and key refugee response actors to confirm the pertinence of main information gaps and indicators needed to understand multi-sector needs in the camps. The form will be tailored and updated according to contextual changes, yet will aim to remain as close to the questionnaire from the 2017 MSNA survey tool. A quantitative questionnaire will be deployed using smartphones and the Open Data Kit (ODK) survey programme.

To contextualize and explain the quantitative data, focus group discussions (FGDs) will be conducted in the refugee camps Finally, direct observation will be incorporated to confirm permanent structures and facilities such as WASH, and shelter type in the camps as reported by participants during household surveys.

3.2 Population of interest

The assessment will focus on the population of the two refugee camps in Pariang County; Ajoung Thok and Pamir. The population size and sampling will be based on UNHCR population figures provided by the head of mission from the last headcount in June 2019.

3.3 Secondary data review

- UNHCR General Food Distribution (GFD) monthly reports, Registration data, Operational updates, population figures.
- Operational updates from other sector leads in the camps.
- REACH Previous assessments

3.4 Primary Data Collection

Method

Enumerators hired locally as casual labour in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps will be collecting data for the household level survey. ODK collect will be used, and enumerators will be provided with handsets to use for data collection. Data collection will take place for 10 days in each camp, with the aim that 16 hired enumerators (eight per camp) will collect a minimum of 7 forms per day. Enumerators will be interviewing randomly sampled households in Ajoung Thok and Pamir Camps in order to conduct the assessment with an urban population.

Further, focus group discussions will also be conducted to provide an in-depth, qualitative assessment. A Field Coordinator and Assessment Officer will conduct the focus group discussions using a paper form with key questions and follow-up questions to help guide a discussion with key informants from the refugee community. Focus group discussions will begin a few days after data collection starts to allow a review of initial quantitative findings and amend questions for the FGDs.

Sampling

Table 1: Household sampling calculation.

Camp name	Population size (individuals)	Population size (households)	Sample size ³ (HH)	Sample size with 10% buffer.
Ajoung Thok	39,076	6,6244	364	400
Pamir	33,825	4,8005	357	392

REACH will select households for the survey using a simple random sample method, aiming to assess the head of household or an individual that can speak on behalf of the head of household that is over the age of 18⁶. Random points, stratified and weighted by zone population density, will be allocated using GIS software. Each enumerator will be given the randomly generated GIS location, this will determine all points of data collection, to ensure that all households in every camp have as close as equal chance of being selected for the survey. In the event that there is no household present, the enumerator will go to the nearest household (within 20m of the randomly sampled point). Enumerator will be given a target of 7 forms per day to reach required sampling targets.

Concerning focus group discussions, participants will be selected using purposive sampling. Humanitarian partners in the area will be consulted to find population groups of interest, and also based on their willingness to dedicate approximately an hour in a group of ten. Participants will be offered an incentive for their time dedicated to the focus group discussion.

Tools

For the household survey, a form will be built using ODK coding that is supported by the ODK collect application. Every enumerator will have this downloaded on a handset so that they can use it offline to manually input household responses into the questionnaire. The survey will be based on the existing 2017 tool with additional input from humanitarian partners operating in the area to ensure indicators are in line with their programming expectations and contextual changes. This will be put together by the Assessment Officer with support from the GIS department, Should there be a technical error with the data collection equipment, paper forms will be available for enumerators to write out survey responses that will later be input into the handset.

For the FGDs, paper questionnaires will be used with a set of questions to guide the discussions. The Field Coordinator will conduct the Focus Group Discussion in the local language, and then write up the discussion once s/he has access to a computer. The write up will be inserted into a matrix to enable analysis. It is the Field Coordinator's responsibility to use contextual knowledge to ensure FGD responses are kept within the aim of the research and that respondents are understanding the questionnaire.

Please see Annex one and two for paper surveys.

Triangulation / briefing and debriefing of enumerators

Enumerators will be trained by the Assessment Officer and the Field Coordinator to create an open dialogue for data collection for the household surveys. The Assessment Officer and the Field Coordinator will monitor the data collected, checking for misunderstanding of the form responses and data collection errors on a daily basis. Data will be triangulated when cleaned against secondary sources, the qualitative data collected through focus group discussions and contextual knowledge provided by partners working in the area.

³ Data will be representative with a margin of error 5% and 95% confidence level.

⁴ This is based on a predication provided by UNHCR that there is one household per plot allocation.

⁵ Ihid

⁶ REACH Standard Operating Procedure for KI interviews is that participants speaking on behalf of the household must be over the age of 18.

The Focus Group Discussions will be led by the Assessment Officer and Field Coordinator, meaning that no training or briefing of enumerators will be required as the AO and FC have detailed experience of conducting FGDs. The FGD transcript will be triangulated against the quantitative data collected as well as secondary sources.

3.5 Data Processing & Analysis

Data entry and cleaning process

Data will be entered using ODK collect, and entered by enumerators who will be trained in the use of the application and the survey itself. Constraints and relevants (automatic data cleaning mechanisms in KoBo) will built into the tool to mitigate logical errors whilst data is being collected, however a cleaning sheet using Microsoft Excel will be used to clean data on a daily basis. This sheet will be predominantly used to look for logical errors and contextual inconsistencies.

A pilot survey will be conducted in both camps to ensure that enumerator training was understand and allow for error in the initial surveys. These will be deleted and replaced with surveys accounted for in the buffer if not adequately carried out.

FGD transcripts will be checked for contextual errors and analysed using a qualitative data analysis matrix.

Data analysis

Data (descriptive statistics) will be analysed using excel (calculated pivot tables for quantitative analysis), and the qualitative data will be analysed using a qualitative analysis matrix, also produced in excel.

Please see the data analysis plan for details (item numbered 4).

3. Roles and responsibilities

Table 2: Description of roles and responsibilities

Task Description	Responsible	Accountable	Consulted	Informed
Research design	Assessment/ GIS Officer	REACH Country Coordinator	UNHCR, Impact Global Team	Humanitarian Partners
Supervising data collection	Field coordinator	REACH Country Coordinator	UNHCR, Impact Global Team	Humanitarian Partners
Data processing (checking, cleaning)	Assessment Officer/ Field coordinator	REACH Country Coordinator	UNHCR, Impact Global Team	Humanitarian Partners
Data analysis	Assessment Officer	REACH Country Coordinator	UNHCR, Impact Global Team	Humanitarian Partners
Output production	Assessment Officer	REACH Country Coordinator	UNHCR, Impact Global Team	Humanitarian Partners
Dissemination	Assessment Officer	REACH Country Coordinator	UNHCR, Impact Global Team	Humanitarian Partners
Monitoring & Evaluation	Assessment Officer	REACH Country Coordinator	UNHCR, Impact Global Team	Humanitarian Partners

Lessons learned Assessment REACH Country UNHCR, Impact Humanitarian Coordinator Global Team Partners

Responsible: the person(s) who executes the task

Accountable: the person who validates the completion of the task and is accountable of the final output or milestone

Consulted: the person(s) who must be consulted when the task is implemented **Informed:** the person(s) who need to be informed when the task is completed

4. Data Analysis Plan

RESEARCH QUESTIONS ADDRESSED WITH <u>STRUCTURED</u> TOOL(S)

Research Questions	SUBQ#	Data collection method	IN#	Indicator/ Variable	Questionnaire QUESTION	Survey response
	104	Household				[D ()]
	A01	Survey	Metadata	Interview date	Date of interview	[Date recorded]
	A02	Household	Metadata	CCD Leastier	Decord CDC Leastion	[Callast CDC Location]
	AUZ	Survey	เทษเลนสเล	GSP Location	Record GPS Location	[Collect GPS Location]
		Household		Enumerator		
	A03	Survey	Metadata	information	Enumerator Number	itemset list
		Household				
	A05	Survey	Metadata	Location	Camp Name	itemset list
	A06	Household Survey	Metadata	Location	Zone Name	itemset list
	AUO	Household	Melauala	Location	Zone Name	itemset iist
	A07	Survey	Metadata	Location	Block Name	itemset list
	7.101	Household	motadata	20041011	Sionitalio	Normost not
	A08	Survey	Metadata	Location	Plot Number	itemset list
	A09	Household Survey	Metadata	Consent	Does the person give their informed consent for the survey?	1. Yes 2. No
What is the household size	B01	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of head of household interviewed	Are you the head of household?	1. Yes 2. No
and gender balance of households in Ajoung Thok and	B02	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of head of household interviewed % of	If no, can you answer on behalf of the head of household?	1. Yes 2. No
Pamir Camps?				households		1. Male
	DOO	Household	HH	headed by	Milestic thanks and of house had the	2. Female
	B03	Survey	Demographics	male/female	What is the head of household's gender?	3. Prefer not to say

B04	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of households by age group of head of households	What is the head of household's age?	enter integer
B05	Household Survey	HH Demographics	CHECK	Are you a refugee?	1. Yes 2. No
B06	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of household registered with UNHCR	Are you registered with UNHCR?	1. Yes 2. No
B07	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of household registered with UNHCR	Do you have a ration card?	1. Yes 2. No
B08	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of household registered	Do you know your UNHCR Household ID Number	1. Yes 2. No
B09	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of household registered	What is your UNHCR Household ID Number?	enter integer
B10	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of households by number of individuals living in plot	How many are living in this plot, including you?	enter integer
B11	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of households by age group	Males under 5:	enter integer
B12	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of households by age group	Males between 6-12 years old	enter integer
B13	Household Survey	HH Demographics	% of households by age group	Males from 13-17 years old	enter integer

				% of		
		Household	HH	households by		
	B14	Survey	Demographics	age group	Males from 18-59 years old	enter integer
				% of		
		Household	HH	households by		
	B15	Survey	Demographics	age group	Males 60 and older	enter integer
		l la constant		% of		
	DAC	Household	HH	households by	Formulae vanden F.	
	B16	Survey	Demographics	age group % of	Females under 5:	enter integer
		Household	НН	households by		
	B17	Survey	Demographics	age group	Females between 6-12 years old	enter integer
	וטו	Survey	Demographics	% of	T emales between 0-12 years old	enter integer
		Household	НН	households by		
	B18	Survey	Demographics	age group	Females from 13-17 years old	enter integer
				% of	, and the state of	onto mage
		Household	НН	households by		
	B19	Survey	Demographics	age group	Females from 18-59 years old	enter integer
				% of	•	
		Household	HH	households by		
	B20	Survey	Demographics	age group	Females 60 and older	enter integer
2. What are the						
current shelter				% of		1. One
conditions in				households by		2. Two
Ajoung Thok and		Household		number of	(Direct Observation) How many Emergency Tents	3. Three
Pamir camps?	C01	Survey	Shelter	tents	(UNHCR) does the family have?	4. More than three
a. How are shelter						
materials						
accessed?				% of household		1. One
b. What are the				by number of		2. Two
main issues in		Household		emergency	(Direct Observation) How many Emergency Shelters	3. Three
terms of shelter	C02	Survey	Shelter	shelter	(poles, plastic sheet, trusses) does the family have?	4. More than three

damage and access to new materials?	C03	Household Survey	Shelter	% of households by number of transitional shelters	(Direct Observation) How many Transitional Shelters (brick walls, wall plates, purlin) does the family have?	1. One 2. Two 3. Three 4. More than three
	C04	Household Survey	Shelter	% of household by damage extent % of	(Direct Observation) How would you describe the level of damage to this shelter?	No damage Moderate damage Severely damaged
	C05	Household Survey	Shelter	households by kitchen type	Is your kitchen inside or outside?	1. Inside 2. Outside
	C06	Household Survey	Shelter	% of households that experienced accidental house fire since moving to the camp	Have you ever had an accidental house fire since you moved into the camp?	1. Yes 2. No
	C07	Household Survey	Shelter	% of households reporting flooding in shelter since moving to the camp	Have you experienced flooding in your shelter since you moved into the camp?	1. Yes 2. No
	C08	Household Survey	Shelter	% of households by flooding duration	How many weeks did the flooding last?	1. Less than a week 2. 1-2 weeks 3. 3-4 weeks 4. More than 4 weeks

	C09	Household Survey	Shelter	% of households by shelter material for building.	What materials are you using to build your shelter (select multiple)	1. None 2. Grass 3. Mud 4. Timber 5. Robe (local or NGO) 6. Plastic sheet (local or NGO) 7. Local pole 8. Iron Sheets 9. Other (specify) 10. I don't know or I don't want to answer
	C10	Household Survey	Shelter	% of households by shelter material source	Where did MOST of these materials come from?	NGO distribution Local market Foraged materials Other

	5. What are the levels of food security for residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir Camps?		% of HH by		1. Cereals, cereal products, tubers and roots 2. Pulses, legumes, nuts: beans, cowpeas, groundnuts, lentils, simsim, janjaro, foul masra, soy, pigeon pea, greengrams/logwidi or any other seeds/nuts 3. Milk and milk products: fresh/sour milk, yogurt, milk powder, other dairy products (exclude margarine/butter or small amounts of milk for tea/coffee) 4. Meat, fish, and eggs 5. Vegetables and leaves: spinach, onion, tomatoes, carrots, peppers, green beans, lettuce, cabbages, egg plants, etc 6. Fruits 7. Oils and fats: vegetable oil, palm oil, shea butter(lulu), animal fat, margarine, or any other fats/oil 8. Sweets: sugar, honey, jam, sweetened soda/juice drinks, cakes, or other sugary foods 9Condiments, spices and beverages: tea, coffee, cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, baking powder, lanwin, tomato sauce, hot sauce, alcoholic beverages
Household Burvey Food security			consumption	household consume any food from these food groups? (food	the sources of food based on the

			Codes for the source of food: 1 = Own production (crops, animal), 2 = Market (purchase on cash and credit),
			3 = Food assistance, 4 =Hunting/Fishing/Gathering, 5 = Borrowing,
			6 = Exchange of food for labor, 7 = Gifts from neighbors/relatives

			tea/coffee) 4. Meat, fish, and eggs 5. Vegetables and leaves: spinach, onion, tomatoes, carrots, peppers, green beans, lettuce, cabbages, egg plants, etc 6. Fruits 7. Oils and fats: vegetable oil, palm oil, shea butter(lulu), animal fat, margarine, or any other fats/oil 8. Sweets: sugar, honey, jam, sweetened soda/juice drinks, cakes, or other sugary foods 9Condiments, spices and beverages: tea, coffee, cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, baking powder, lanwin, tomato sauce, hot sauce, alcoholic beverages
Ho	Household	% of household by source of	days in a week consumed and the sources of food based on the
	Survey Food security	food consumed	following codes:

			Codes for the source of food: 1 = Own production (crops, animal), 2 = Market (purchase on cash and credit),
			3 = Food assistance, 4 =Hunting/Fishing/Gathering, 5 = Borrowing,
			6 = Exchange of food for labor, 7 = Gifts from neighbors/relatives

	Household		% of HH by food type consumption in the past 24	1.2 Did you or anyone else in your household eat any food from these food groups in the past 24 hours, yesterday	1. Cereals, cereal products, tubers and roots 2. Pulses, legumes, nuts: beans, cowpeas, groundnuts, lentils, simsim, janjaro, foul masra, soy, pigeon pea, greengrams/logwidi or any other seeds/nuts 3. Milk and milk products: fresh/sour milk, yogurt, milk powder, other dairy products (exclude margarine/butter or small amounts of milk for tea/coffee) 4. Meat, fish, and eggs 5. Vegetables and leaves: spinach, onion, tomatoes, carrots, peppers, green beans, lettuce, cabbages, egg plants, etc 6. Fruits 7. Oils and fats: vegetable oil, palm oil, shea butter(lulu), animal fat, margarine, or any other fats/oil 8. Sweets: sugar, honey, jam, sweetened soda/juice drinks, cakes, or other sugary foods 9Condiments, spices and beverages: tea, coffee, cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, baking powder, lanwin, tomato sauce, hot sauce, alcoholic beverages For each, list the numbers of days in a week consumed and the sources of food based on the
D03	Survey	Food security	hours	during the day and at night (YES OR NO)	following codes:

			Codes for the source of food: 1 = Own production (crops, animal), 2 = Market (purchase on cash and credit),
			3 = Food assistance, 4 =Hunting/Fishing/Gathering, 5 = Borrowing,
			6 = Exchange of food for labor, 7 = Gifts from neighbors/relatives

	D04	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by number of meals in the past 24 hours	In the last 24 hours, how many meals did your family consume?	1. 0 2. 1 3. 2 4. 3 5. More than 3 6. I don't know
What coping strategies are used by	D05	Household Survey	Food security	% of HHs by shortage of means to buy food	In the past 7 days, have there been times when you did not have enough food or money to buy food?	1. Yes 2. No 1. Rely on less preferred and less expensive food (i.e. cheaper, lower quality food) 2. Limit portion sizes at meal times 3. Adults do not eat so children can eat
households to overcome food security and livelihoods (FLS) issues?						4. Reduce number of meals eaten in a day 5. Skip entire days without eating 6. Rely on wild foods 7. None 8. Other 9. I don't know or don't want to answer Select multiple
	D06	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by cosumption coping strategy	If yes, how often in the past seven days has your household had to: (indicate the score in the space provided)	

D07	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to sell household assets or goods (jewelry/beads, furniture, items for cooking, etc.) due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold these items in the last 12 months and has no more to sell 4 = Not applicable – My household never had these assets
D08	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did you send any household members to eat elsewhere due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because members of my household have already gone many times in the last 12 months and cannot continue to do so 4 = Not applicable
D09	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did your household sell more animals than usual due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold more animals than usual in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable - My household does not keep animals

D10	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did your household consume seed stocks intended for planting, including any seeds from a distribution, due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already consumed seed stocks in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable – My household has no seed stocks
D11	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to borrow money and/or purchase food on credit due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already borrowed money or bought food on credit in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable
D12	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household receive non-refundable financial support from a non-NGO actor due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already borrowed money or bought food on credit in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable

D13	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to sell productive assets or means of transport (panga, hoe, other tools, bicycle, wheel barrows, etc.) due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold all productive assets in the last 12 months 4 = Not applicable – My household does not own productive assets
D14	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did your household have to reduce essential non-food expenses, such as on health or education, due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already eliminated these expenses in the last 12 months 4 = Not applicable – My household was not spending money on health/education/etc
D15	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to engage in activities such as like theft, prostitution, or raiding, due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because members of my household have already engaged in these activities in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable

D16	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to engage in activities such as hunting bush meat due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because members of my household have already engaged in these activities in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable
D17	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did your household sell its last female animal due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold its last female animal in the last 12 months 4 = Not applicable- My household does not keep animals
D18	Household Survey	Food security	% of HH by livelihood coping strategy	During the past 30 days, did the entire household migrate due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already migrated in the last 12 months and cannot do so again 4 = Not applicable

	D19	Household Survey	Food security	% household by time period since received General Food Distribution (GFD).	How many weeks ago did you last receive General Food Distribution (GFD)?	1. Within the last 7 days 2. 1 weeks ago 3. 2 weeks ago 4. 3 weeks ago 5. More than 3 6. I don't know 7. Other (please specify)
5a. What are the main drivers of food insecurity?	D20	Household Survey	Food security	% households by time waiting for General Food Distribution (GFD).	When collecting your last General Food Distribution (GFD), how many hours did you wait at the distribution point to receive the GFD?	1. Less than one hour 2. Between 1-2 hours 2. Between 2-3 hours 3. More than 3 hours 5. I don't know 6. Other (please specify)
	D21	Household Survey	Food security	% households by duration General Food Distribution (GFD) lasted	How many weeks did the last General Food Distribution (GFD) food last in your household?	 Less than one week Between 1-2 weeks Between 2-3 weeks Between 3-4 weeks More than 4 weeks Other (please specify)

	Daa	Household	Food oogwite	% household by reporting of food item price	What specific food items have increased in pricing in the market in the last three months? How has prices changed (0 = Not present in market, 1 =	Goods Sugar Cooking oil Sorghum Maize Meat Greens Condiment and spices (salt, chili, pepper) Other, please
	D22	Survey	Food security	increase	decreased, 2 = stayed the same, 3 = increased)	specify:
What are the primary livelihoods for residents in	E01	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by planting/ harvesting	Have you planted and/or harvested crops in the last year? If yes which ones?	None Cereals (Sorghum, Maize) Pulses (lentils, beans, leg-umes) Vegetables Fruits Spices
Ajoung Thok and Pamir Camps?	E02	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by land use	If yes, what land did you use?	Host Community Land Land inside the refugee Camp Land in the place of origin (South Kordofan, Blue Nile/ Blue Mountains) Other, Please specify:

E03	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by tree planting	Have you planted trees in the last year? If yes what kind?	None Fruit Shade Medicinal Timber Firewood Other (please specify)
E04	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by cattle ownership	Do you own any cattle (COWS)?	1. Yes 2. No
E05	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by hearding location	If yes, where do you heard the cattle?	Host Community Land Land inside the refugee Camp Land in the place of origin (South Kordofan, Blue Nile/ Blue Mountains) Other, Please specify:
E06	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by animal ownership	Do you own any other animals? If yes which one?	None Goats Chickens Doves Ducks Ducks Donkeys Dogs Sheep Other (please specify)

<u>-</u>	E07	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household with members with vocational skill	Do any members of your household have a vocational skill? If yes which one?	None Carpentry Joinery Masonry Plumbing Solar tech-nician Metal work Tillery Leather Craft Other (please specify)
	E08	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by women by livelihood activity	n the last month, did women of your household engage in any of the following activities?	Cultivating (crops) Collecting firewood/charcoal for selling Livestock (small animals such as ducks) Livestock (big animals such as goats, cows, donkeys) Casual labor Earning salaries Remittances (receiving money from relatives or friends outside the camp) Selling tea/food in the market I don't know Other, please specify:

E09	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by men by livelihood activity	In the last month, did men of your household engage in any of the following activities?	Cultivating (crops) Collecting firewood/charcoal for selling Livestock (small animals such as ducks) Livestock (big animals such as goats, cows, donkeys) Casual labor Earning salaries Remittances (receiving money from relatives or friends outside the camp) I don't know Other, please specify:
E10	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by primary income source	In the last month, what was your household's primary source of income?	Cultivating (crops) Collecting firewood/charcoal for selling Livestock Casual labor Earning salaries Remittances (receiving money from relatives or friends outside the camp) Selling tea/food in the market I don't know Other, please specify:

	E11	Household Survey	Livelihoods	% household by secondary income source	In the last month, what was your household's secondary source of income?	Cultivating (crops) Collecting firewood/charcoal for selling Livestock Casual labor Earning salaries Remittances (receiving money from relatives or friends outside the camp) Selling tea/food in the market I don't know Other, please specify:
5b. What are the main sources of fuel and resources for cooking and heating?	F01	Household Survey Household Survey	Environment	% household by main fuel sources % household by fuel source access	What are your household's main sources of fuel for cooking and heating? How does your household acquire these fuel sources?	Charcoal Wood Twigs Maize/ Sorghum stalk Lalo seeds Other, please specify: I buy them in the market I collect them from the bush From NGO distribution I don't know Other, please specify:

F03	Household Survey	Environment	% household by main fuel collector	Who collects the fuel in the household most of the time?	Women (18+) Men (18+) Boys (17 or less) Girls (17 or less) Other (please specify)
F04	Household Survey	Environment	% household by frequency fuel collection	Normally, How many times a week must it be collected?	Less than once a week Once a week Twice a week 3 times a week More than 3 times a week
F05	Household Survey	Environment	% household by cooking equipment used	What cooking equipment do you normally use to cook your food in your household?	Charcoal on the ground Clay Stove (Banco) Stove made of wire (kanun) Three stone (open fire) Other, please specify:
F06	Household Survey Household	Environment	% household by energy saving stove ownership % household by energy saving pot	Do you own an energy saving stove? (Directly Observe)	1. Yes 2. No 1. Yes
F	-04 -05	Household Survey Household Survey Household Survey Household Survey Household Survey	Household Survey Environment Household Survey Environment Household Survey Environment Household Survey Environment Household Survey Environment	Household Survey Environment Collector Household Survey Environment Whousehold by frequency fuel collection Household Survey Environment Used Household Survey Environment Used Household Survey Environment Used Household Survey Environment Whousehold by energy saving stove ownership Household Household by energy saving pot	Survey Environment collector Who collects the fuel in the household most of the time? Household Survey Environment wise a week must it be collected? Who collects the fuel in the household most of the time? Normally, How many times a week must it be collected? What cooking equipment do you normally use to cook your food in your household? Household Survey Environment wised whousehold by energy saving stove ownership ownership Do you own an energy saving stove? (Directly Observe) Who collects the fuel in the household most of the time? Who collects the fuel in the household most of the time?

6. What are the main protection concerns affecting residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps? a. Who is most at risk to security incidents within the household?	G01	Household Survey	Protection	% household by specific need	Are there any people with specific needs in the household?	Breast feeding Critically ill (life-threatening illness) Elderly (59+) Malnourished (self-reported) Mentally disabled (non-physical impairment) Physically disabled (physical impairment) Pregnant women Separated child in household Single parent Unaccompanied minor No vulnerable people Other
	G02	Household Survey	Protection	% household by number of separated child % household by percieved	If selected separated child in household How many separated children are you the guardian of in this household?	enter integer
	G03	Household Survey	Protection	household safety	Do you feel that your household is safe in the camp?	1. Yes 2. No
	G04	Household Survey	Protection	% household by security incident	Has anyone in your household experienced a security incident?	1. Yes 2. No

	G05	Household Survey	Protection	% household by incident type	What kind of incident happened?	Robbery Shelter damaged or destroyed Physical at-tack Harrasment / Intimidation Other (please specify)
	G06	Household Survey	Protection	% household by physical attack, most affected	If yes to physical attack or harassment/ intimidation: Who has been most affected by these incidents in the household?	1. Men (18+) 2. Women (18+) 3. Boys (17 or less) 4. Girls (17 or less)
	G07	Household Survey	Protection	% household by armed actor reporting	Have you seen armed actors (civilians with weapons) moving around in this camp?	1. Yes 2. No
7. To what extent do residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps have sufficient access	H01	Household Survey	WASH	% households by water storage method	What do you use to store and collect water?	Jerry can Bucket Clay pot Other
to WASH Services? a. What are the main factors	H02	Household Survey	WASH	% households by jerry can or bucket ownership	How many JERRY CANS or BUCKETS does your HH have? Can you show me?	enter integer

impacting household's ability tp access to water? b. Is there access to Hygiene Promotion and other WASH NFIs within the camps?	Н03	Household Survey	WASH	% household by type of water container owner	(Direct Observation) number of each type of water container owned by household.	Small Bucket 8 litres Big Bucket 14 Lt Small Jerry can 10 Lt Medium Jerry can 14 Lt Jerry can 20 Lt Big Drum 250 Lt Other, please specify:
	H04	Household Survey	WASH	% household by water collection time	Most of the time, how many minutes does it take to collect drinking water, including walking to and from the water point?	0 – 15 minutes 15 – 30 minutes 30 – 45 minutes 45 minutes to 1 hour 1 – 2 hours Over 2 hours
	H05	Household Survey	WASH	% household by frequency of water collection	Do you collect water more than once per day?	1. Yes 2. No
	H06	Household Survey	WASH	% household by frequency of water collection	If yes How many times per day do you collect water?	enter integer

					0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 1900 2000
	Household		% household by collection	What times of day do you typically collect water (do not	1900
H07	Survey	WASH	time	read out times)	Other
H08	Household Survey	WASH	% household by safety when collecting water	Do the men in this household feel safe collecting water?	1. Yes 2. No
H09	Household Survey	WASH	% household by women satefy when collecting water	Do the women in this household feel safe collecting water?	1. Yes 2. No
H10	Household Survey	WASH	% household by children collecting water	Do the children (less than 17 years old) in this household collect water?	1. Yes 2. No

H11	Household Survey	WASH	% household by child security incident when collecting water	If yes, did they ever experience a security incident whilst collecting water?	1. Yes 2. No
H12	Household Survey	WASH	% household by hygiene promotion frequency	How many times has your household been visited by a Hygiene Promoter in the last month? (A hygiene promoter is an individual/ team member providing information and services to support hygiene in the camp, they are most commonly representative of an NGO)	Never Once Twice 3 times More than 3 times HH arrived to the camp in the last month
H13	Household Survey	WASH	% household by defecation method	What do the majority of household members use for defecation?	Household Latrine Communal Latrine Bush/ Open Defecation Site Other
H14	Household Survey	WASH	% household by latrine access with another household	Do you have access to a latrine you share with another household?	1. Yes 2. No
H15	Household Survey	WASH	% household by latrine construction supported by NGO	If yes, did you receive materials from an NGO to construct the latrine?	1. Yes 2. No

	H16	Household Survey	WASH	% household by latrine contruction technical supported by NGO	Did you receive any technical support (such as support from a constructor/ shelter support team) to construct the latrine?	1. Yes 2. No
	H17	Household Survey	WASH	% household by soap ownership	Do you have soap? Can you show me? (Directly Observe, if it takes longer than 1 minute to find the soap, select 'No.')	1. Yes 2. No 3. Refused to show
	H18	Household Survey	WASH	% household by female access to sanitary towels	Do the women (over 18 years old) in this household have an adequate supply of sanitary towels?	1. Yes 2. No
	H19	Household Survey	WASH	% household by girl access to sanitary towels	Do the girls (under 18 years old) in this household have an adequate supply of sanitary towels?	1. Yes 2. No
8. What are the reported level of education for boys and girls of school age in Ajoung	101	Household Survey	Education	% household by lack of school attendance boys	Are there boys of school-going age in the household that are not attending school? 1. Yes 2. No	

Thok and Pamir Camps? a. What are the main barriers to accessing education and how does this vary by gender?	102	Household Survey	Education	% households by reason for lack of attendance	If yes, what is the main reason they are not attending school?	The school is too far They need to work outside the home (agriculture, labour, cattle camps) They need to work in the home They cannot afford school fees Overcrowding in school The teachers in the school are not very good Area is too dangerous I don't want them to attend school with children of other communities There are not school supplies (books, uniforms, for example) They must work at the market I don't know Other, please specify:
		Household		% household by lack of school attendance	Are there girls of school-going age in the household that	1. Yes
	103	Survey	Education	girls	are not attending school?	2. No

	104	Household Survey	Education	% households by reason for lack of attendance girls	If yes, what is the main reason they are not attending school?	The school is too far They must work from home/gather water, firewood, and sand They must tend livestock They cannot afford school fees Overcrowding in school Girls are not supposed to attend school The teachers in the school are not very good Early marriage Early pregnancies I don't want them to attend school with children of other communities There are no school supplies (books, uniforms, for example) They must work at the market Issues related to menstruation (lack of hygiene items and lack of WASH facili-ties at schools Other, please specify:
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	105	Household Survey	Education	% household with children by attendance to child friendly space	Do any of the children in this household attend a Child Friendly Space? (This is a space designated to children where there are activities and services targeted at children outside of working hours)	1. Yes 2. No
9. What are the priority needs for households in Pamir and Ajoung Thok Camps? a. How do they differ across camps?	J01	Household Survey	Greatest need	% household by greatest need	What do you think is the greatest need affecting your household's everyday life?	Security Access to Food Access to Water Access to NFIs Access to Education Access to Employment Access to Healthcare Access to Shelter None Other, please specify:
10. What is the organisational structure of camp community management?	K01	Household Survey Household Survey	Camp Management Camp Management	% household by awareness of block leaders % household by block leader role knowlegde	Are you aware of the existence of Block Leaders? If yes, do you know what their role is?	1. Yes 2. No 1. Yes 2. No

K03	Household Survey	Camp Management	% household by report of block leader activity	If yes, do you think they are active in your community?	1. Yes 2. No
K04	Household Survey	Camp Management	% household by voting	Did you vote in the recent Block Leaders election? (Only for Ajoung Thok)	1. Yes 2. No
K05	Household Survey	Camp Management	% household by reason for not voting	If no, why not?	Una-ware of election Didn't know how (where / when) Had to work out-side of the HH Had to do HH work Caring for dependent Unable due to disability Abstained Other (please specify)
K06	Household Survey	Camp Management	% household by voting	Did you vote in the recent Camp Chairperson election? (Only for Ajoung Thok)	1. Yes 2. No
K07	Household Survey	Camp Management	% household by reason for not voting	If no, why not?	Una-ware of election Didn't know how (where / when) Had to work out-side of the HH Had to do HH work Caring for dependent Unable due to disability Abstained Other (please specify)

10.a. How do residents of Ajoung Thok and Pamir Camps receive and share information regarding camp management?	K08	Household Survey	Camp Management	% household by main information source	What is the main source of information for your household?	Radio Station BodaBoda Talk Talk Television Station Newspaper (paper) Social media (Fa-cebook) In person conversation Internet-other Mobile phone call Satellite phone (Thuraya) Loudspeaker Other I don't know or I don't want to answer
	K09	Household Survey	Camp Management	% household by access to complaints mechanism.	Do you have access to the complaints mechanism system operating in this camp?	1. Yes 2. No

Research questions addressed with $\underline{\text{Semi-structured}}$ tool(s)

The focus groups discussions (FGD) questions will be developed based on the survey findings.

Research Questions	SUBQ#	Data collection method	IN#	Indicator/ Variable	Questionnaire QUESTION	Survey response	Probes
	A01	FGD	Shelter	Safety and property	- Have you experienced an uncontrolled (accident) fire in your plot? Do you know someone who has?	enter text	What was the cause of this fire from your actual experience? (Cooking/ children playing/ animal/ shelter materials)
What are the current shelter conditions in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps?	A02	FGD	Shelter	Safety and property	Did you receive any fire safety messaging since moving into the camp?	enter text	
	A03	FGD	Shelter	Safety and property	What were the main ways to prevent fire that you normally use?	enter text	
	B01	FGD	Protection	Safety and property	How frequently do you see Police Service in the camps?	enter text	
	B02	FGD	Protection	Safety and property	How do community members protect themselves and their property?	enter text	
6. What are the main protection concerns affecting residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps per household?	B03	FGD	Protection	Safety and property	Do you think alcohol use is linked with problems in the camp?	enter text	
per nousenoiu:	B04	FGD	Protection	Safety and property	How often people are attacked by dogs? Do you feel dogs inside the camp are a threat to your security?	enter text	
	B05	FGD	Protection	Soldiers in the camp	Have you seen soldiers moving in the camps?	enter text	

	B06	FGD	Protection	Soldiers in the camp	When did you see them?	enter text	If July/ August period, have you seen soliders in the camp since that time?
	B07	FGD	Protection	Soldiers in the camp	What do you think are the reasons for them to come into the camp?	enter text	
	C01	FGD	WASH	WASH NFIs	How do most refugees in this camp get soap, aside from distributions?	enter text	
7. Do residents in Ajoung Thok and Pamir camps have sufficient	C02	FGD	WASH	WASH NFIs	Do you have adequate access to soap?	enter text	When there is inadequate access to soap, how does this affect the community?
b. Is there access to Hygiene Promotion and other WASH NFIs?	C03	FGD	WASH	Female sanitation	How do you access sanitary pads and other sanitary items?	enter text	When there is inadequate access to sanitary items, how does this affect the lives of women/ adolescent girls.
What are the greatest needs	D01	FGD	General overview	Primary need	Overall, what is your main concern or biggest need at the moment? Why?	enter text	
for households in Pamir and Ajoung Thok Camps?	D02	FGD	General overview	Primary need	What would help to address this concern/need? What is the potential solution to this problem?	enter text	

5. Data Management Plan

The data management plan is available upon request.

6. Monitoring & Evaluation Plan

Please complete the M&E Plan column in the table and use the corresponding Tools in the Monitoring & Evaluation matrix to implement the plan during the research cycle.

IMPACT Objective	External M&E Indicator	Internal M&E Indicator	Focal point	Tool	Will indicator be tracked?
		# of downloads of x product from Resource Center	s of x product from Resource Center request to HQ		X Yes
	Number of humanitarian	# of downloads of x product from Relief Web	Country request to HQ		X Yes
Humanitarian stakeholders are	organisations accessing IMPACT services/products	# of downloads of x product from Country level platforms	Country team		X Yes
accessing IMPACT products	Number of individuals accessing IMPACT	# of page clicks on x product from REACH global newsletter	Country request to HQ	User_log	X Yes
	services/products	# of page clicks on x product from country newsletter, sendingBlue, bit.ly	Country team		□ Yes
		# of visits to x webmap/x dashboard	Country request to HQ		X Yes
IMPACT activities contribute to better program	Number of humanitarian	# references in HPC documents (HNO, SRP, Flash appeals, Cluster/sector strategies)	Country	Deference	Running log to be kept of all contributions, inputs and engagement
implementation and coordination of the humanitarian response	ementation and organisations utilizing IMPACT services/products anitarian	# references in single agency documents	Country team	Reference_I og	Running log to be kept of all contributions, inputs and engagement
Humanitarian stakeholders are using IMPACT products	Humanitarian actors use IMPACT evidence/products as a basis for decision making,	Perceived relevance of IMPACT country-programs	Country team	Usage_Feed back <i>and</i> Usage_Surv ey template	Usage survey to be conducted at the end of the research cycle related to all outputs, targeting at least 20 partners

		And planning and delivery Number of humanitarian documents (HNO, HRP, cluster/agency strategic plans, etc.) directly informed by IMPACT products	Perceived usefulness and influence of IMPACT outputs Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs Perceived capacity of IMPACT staff Perceived quality of outputs/programs Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs			Usage survey to be conducted at the end of the research cycle related to all outputs, targeting at least 20 partners Usage survey to be conducted at the end of the research cycle related to all outputs, targeting at least 20 partners
5	lumanitarian takeholders are	Number and/or percentage of humanitarian organizations directly	# of organisations providing resources (i.e.staff, vehicles, meeting space, budget, etc.) for activity implementation	_		X Yes
F	engaged in IMPACT programs throughout the	contributing to IMPACT programs (providing	# of organisations/clusters inputting in research design and joint analysis	Country team	Engagement _log	X Yes
	esearch cycle	resources, participating to presentations, etc.)	# of organisations/clusters attending briefings on findings;			X Yes

8. Risks&Assumptions

Risk	Mitigation Measure
Assessment locations becoming inaccessible due to a lack of access granted by local authorities.	Ensure communication with NGOs operating in the area to prepare community for arrival. Ensure direct communication with the local authorities upon arrival and throughout the assessment process.
Assessment locations becoming inaccessible due to security concerns and/or poor road conditions, which prevents data collection and safety of staff.	Data collection will be suspended if conditions become insecure.
Interviewees are unwilling to participate in the assessment	Survey and interview questions will respect the wishes of participants if they do not want to be interviewed or decide against being interviewed at any stage. Respondents will be approached in a courteousand respectful manner. If individuals remain unwilling to participate, enumerators will be instructed to move on to other households, or tea/soap will be provided as incentives to participants
REACH is unable to acquire the secondary data before primary data collection starts	Instead of using the secondary data to inform the primary data, REACH will collect the primary data separately, and then compare the primary and secondary data alongside one another to fill information gaps.
Community is unwilling to be forthcoming with information to people who are not trusted by the community(boththe REACH AO and FC), particularly security issues provoking displacement or affecting food security.	REACHwillswitchouttheAd hoc Assessment FC (who isnotfrom the community) with a staff member from the communities that is recommended by partners who operate in the area. Questions related to security issues will only be raised during the conversation if the facilitator feels comfortable with asking. We have had success in the past asking questions regarding security, displacement and FSL, and most communities have been very open.
REACH documentation of Focus Group Participant name, gender and previous displacement location (if applicable) is identified and used by a non-participatory actor.	REACHwill ensure that participant names are only used to confirm that an individual has received their incentive for the focus group discussion, otherwise evidence of name will be destroyed following the FGD. REACH will continue to note previous displacement location for the purposes of the qualitative data findings.

ANNEX 1: PAPER FORM, HOUSEHOLD SURVEY

Jamjang Multi Sector Needs Assessment (MSNA) 2019

Quantitative Assessment Tool

Initial questions (filled by enumerator) 1. Enumerator ID 2. Record GPS location 3. Where is the interview taking place? a. List of Camps b. List of Zones c. Block number d. Plot Number
Introduction
Hi my name is We are currently conducting a survey about the living conditions in camp. We will ask some fe questions on different topics such as WASH, Education, livelihoods, Protection and Environment. The survey usually take between 15 and 20 minutes to complete. Any information that you provide will be kept strictly confidential. This is volunta and you can choose not to answer any or all of the questions if you want; you may also choose to quit at any point. However we hope that you will participate since your views are important. Do you have any questions? May I begin now?
H3. (Do not read out loud) Does the person give their informed consent for the survey?
Yes No
H 1. Are you the Head of the Household (HHH)?
Yes No
H 2. If no, can you answer on behalf of the HHH?
Yes No
Household information
H 4. What is the Head of Household's Gender?
Male Female

1 5. What is the Head of Household's Age?		
	Enter Integer	r
L		
H6. Are you a refugee?		
	Yes	No
If no, do not continue the survey		
H7. Are you registered?	V	N.
	Yes	No
H7.1 Do you have a ration card?		
•	Yes	No
H8. Do you know your UNHCR Household		Na
	Yes	No
H8.1 What is your UNHCR Household ID no	umber?	
Enter UNHCR ID Number	<u></u>	
H9. How many are living in this plot, includi	na vou?	
	ng you:	
H9.1 Males under 5		
	Integer	
H9.2 Males between 6 – 12 years old		
	Integer	
H9.3 Males from 13 – 17 years old		
•	Integer	
H9.4 Males from 18 – 59 years old		
	Integer	
H9.5 Males 60 years and older		
	Integer	

H9.6 Females und	der 5		
		Integer	
H9.7 Females bet	tween 6 – 12 years old		
		Integer	
H9.8 Females fro	m 13 – 17 years old		
		Integer	
H9.9 Females fro	m 18 – 59 years old?		
		Integer	
H9.10 Females 60	O years and older?		
		Integer	
Shelter			
Note: Please refer to o	liagrams to correctly identify	shelters	
		Tents (UNHCR) does the fan	
One	Two	Three	More than three
S1.2 (Direct Observa	tion) How many Emergency	Shelters (poles, plastic shee	et, trusses) does the family have?
One	Two	Three	More than three
04.0 (B) 4.01		10. 1	
			lates, purlin) does the family have?
One	Two	Three	More than three
S2. (Direct Observation	n) How would you describe th	ne level of damage to your shelt	er?
No damage	Moderate Damage	Severely Damaged	
	l .	1	

S3. (Direct Observation) Is your kitched	en inside or outs	ide?	
	Inside	Outsida	_

Inside	Outside

S4. Have you ever had an accidental house fire since	you moved into the camp? (an accidental fire)
--	---

Yes	No

S5. Have you received any community outreach message about fire safety?

Yes	No

S6. Have you experienced flooding in your shelter since you moved into the camp?

Yes	No

S7. How many weeks did the flooding last?

Less than	а	1 week - 2	3 weeks - 4	More than 4
week		weeks	weeks	weeks

S.8 What materials are you using to build your shelter (select multiple)

None	Grass	Mud	Timber
Robe (Local or NGO)	Plastic sheet (Local or NGO)	Local pole	Iron Sheets
Other (specify)	I don't know or I don't want to answer		

S9. Where did MOST of these materials come from?

NGO distribution	Local market	Foraged materials	Other

Food Security

F1. What are the main food groups regularly consumed in your household?

1.1 How many days in the <u>past seven da</u> household consume any food from these food been cooked/served within household)			1.2 Did you or anyone else in your household eat any foo food groups <i>in the past 24 hours, yesterday during the night</i>	
	No. of days	Main Source of food consumed (codes below)		YES/NO
Cereals, cereal products, tubers and roots			1.1 Cereals and cereal products: rice, ugali, bread, sorghum, maize, anjera, millet, lalop, grain seeds, porridge, pasta orany other grains or foods made from these	
			1.2 White tubers and roots: potatoes, yams, cassava, or other foods made from roots, wild roots	
2. Pulses, legumes, nuts : beans, cowpeas, groundnuts, lentils, simsim, <i>janjaro</i> , <i>foul masra</i> , soy, pigeon pea, greengrams/logwidi or any other seeds/nuts			2 Pulses, legumes, nuts : beans, cowpeas, groundnuts, lentils, <i>janjaro</i> , <i>foul masra</i> , soy, pigeon pea, greengrams/logwidi or any other seeds/nuts	
3. Milk and milk products: fresh/sour milk, yogurt, milk powder, other dairy products (exclude margarine/butter or small amounts of milk for tea/coffee)			3 Milk and milk products: fresh/sour milk, yogurt, milk powder, other dairy products (exclude margarine/butter or small amounts of milk for tea/coffee)	
			4.1 Organ meat (iron rich) : liver, kidney, heart or other organ meats or blood based foods	
4. Meat, fish, and eggs			4.2 Flesh meats and offals: beef, pork, sheep, goat, rabbit, game meat, chicken, duck, other birds, insects	
4. meat, non, and eggs			4.3 Eggs : from chicken, duck, guinea fowl or any other egg	
			4.4 Fish and seafood : fresh or dried fish or shellfish, canned tuna, etc.	
			5.1. Vitamin A rich vegetables and tubers: pumpkins, carrots, orange sweet potatoes, red sweet pepper	
5. Vegetables and leaves: spinach, onion, tomatoes, carrots, peppers, green beans, lettuce cabbages and plants etc.			5.2. Dark green leafy vegetables: wild green leaves, spinach, sukuma wiki/kale, cassava leaves, kudra, etc	
lettuce, cabbages, egg plants, etc			5.3. Other vegetables : tomato, onion, cabbages, lettuce, eggplant + other locally available vegetables, tree leaves	
			6.1. Vitamin A rich fruits: mango,	
6. Fruits			papaya, guava, orange + other locally	
			available vitamin A rich fruits	
			6.2 Other fruits: including any wild fruits	

7. Oils and fats: vegetable oil, palm oil, shea butter(lulu), animal fat, margarine, or any other fats/oil	7. Oils and fats: vegetable oil, palm oil, shea butter(lulu), margarine, or any other fats/oil
8. Sweets: sugar, honey, jam, sweetened soda/juice drinks, cakes, or other sugary foods	8. Sweets: sugar, honey, jam, sweetened soda/juice drinks, cakes, or other sugary foods
9. Condiments, spices and beverages: tea, coffee, cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, baking powder, lanwin, tomato sauce, hot sauce, alcoholic beverages	9. Condiments, spices and beverages: tea, coffee, cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, baking powder, lanwin, tomato sauce, hot sauce, alcoholic beverages

Codes for the source of food: 1 = Own production (crops, animal), 2 = Market (purchase on cash and credit),

3 = Food assistance, 4 = Hunting/Fishing/Gathering, 5 = Borrowing,

6 = Exchange of food for labor, 7 = Gifts from neighbors/relatives

F2. In the last 24 hours, how many meals did your family consume?

0	1	2
3	More than 3	l don't know

F3. In the last month, how much of your income goes to purchase food?

All of the income goes to purchase food
Most of it goes to purchase food
Half of it goes to purchase food
Less than half of it goes to purchase food
Almost none of it goes to purchase food
This family has no income

F4 Coping Strategies

	In the past 7 DAYS, have there been times when you did not have enough food or money to buy food? (If No; SKIP to Question 3.7) If YES, how often (in the past 7 days) has your household had to: (Indicate the score in the space provided)	Frequency score: Number of days out of the past seven (0 -7).
3.1	Rely on less preferred and less expensive foods? Borrow food, or rely on help from a friend or relative?	

3.3	Limit portion size at mealtimes?								
3.4	Restrict consumption by adults so that small children can eat?								
3.5	Reduce the number of meals eaten in a day for household members?								
3.6	Skip entire days without eating?								
3.7	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to sell household assets or goods (jewelry/beads, furniture, items for cooking, etc.) due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold these items in the last 12 months and has no more to sell 4 = Not applicable – My household never had these assets							
3.8	During the past 30 days, did you send any household members to eat elsewhere due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because members of my household have already gone many times in the last 12 months and cannot continue to do so 4 = Not applicable							
3.9	During the past 30 days, did your household sell more animals than usual due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold more animals than usual in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable - My household does not keep animals							
3.10	During the past 30 days, did your household consume seed stocks intended for planting, including any seeds from a distribution, due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	2 - No hoosuse my household already consumed cood stocks in							
3.11	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to borrow money and/or purchase food on credit due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already borrowed money or bought food on credit in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable							
3.112	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household receive non-refundable financial support from a non-NGO actor due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already borrowed money or bought food on credit in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable							
3.12	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to sell productive assets or means of transport (panga, hoe, other tools, bicycle, wheel barrows, etc.) due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold all productive assets in the last 12 months 4 = Not applicable – My household does not own productive assets							
3.13	During the past 30 days, did your household have to reduce essential non-food expenses, such as on health or education, due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already eliminated these expenses in the last 12 months 4 = Not applicable – My household was not spending money on health/education/etc							

3.14	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to engage in activities such as like theft, prostitution, or raiding, due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because members of my household have already engaged in these activities in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable
3.141	During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to engage in activities such as hunting bush meat due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because members of my household have already engaged in these activities in the last 12 months and cannot continue 4 = Not applicable
3.15	During the past 30 days, did your household sell its last female animal due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already sold its last female animal in the last 12 months 4 = Not applicable- My household does not keep animals
3.16	During the past 30 days, did the entire household migrate due to a lack of food or money to buy food?	1 = Yes 2 = No, I did not need to do so 3 = No, because my household already migrated in the last 12 months and cannot do so again 4 = Not applicable

F5. How many weeks ago did you last receive GFD?

Within the last seven days	1 week ago	2 weeks ago	3 weeks ago
More than 3	I don't know	Other (please specify)	

F6. When collecting your last GFD, how many hours did you wait to receive the GFD?

Less than 1	1	2	
3	More than 3	I don't know	Other (please specify)

F7. How many weeks did the last GFD food last in your household?

Less than 1	1	2
3	4	More than 4

F8. What specific food items have increased in pricing in the market?

Goods	How has prices changed (0 = Not present in
	market, 1 = decreased, 2 = stayed the same, 3 =
	increased)
	,

		Sı	ıgar								
		Cool	king oil								
		Sor	ghum								
		М	aize								
		N	leat								
		Gr	eens								
	Condi	iment and spic	es (salt, chili, pe	pper)							
	Oth	ner, please spe	ecify:								
Livol	ihoods	_				_		_			
		ed and/or harv	ested crops in the	e last vea	r? If ves wl	nich ones?					
	None	Cereals	Pulses (lentil		tables	Fruits		Spic	es	7	
	None	(Sorghum, Maize)	beans, legumes)	o, vogo	tubio0	5 Truits			Ορίσσο		
L2. If	yes, what land	d did you use?		·						_	
	Host	Community	Land inside the	refugee	Land in t	nd in the place of origin Other,					
	Land		Camp		(South Kordofan) specify:						
L3. Ha	ave you plante	ed trees in the	last year? If yes	what kind	?						
	None	Fruit	Shade	Medicina	al ⁻	Timber Fire		wood	Other specify)	(please	
			·								
L4. Do	o you own any	y cattle (COWS	5)?								
				Yes	No						
L5. If	yes, where do	you heard the	e cattle?								
	Host	Community	Land inside the	refugee		d in the place of origin			Other,		
	Land		Camp		(Blue Mountair Khordofa	ns, So	Blue outh	speci	fy:		

L6. Do you own any other animals? If yes which one?

	None	Goa	its	Chicken	s Dove	es	Ducks	;	Donkeys Dogs		gs	Sheep		Other (please specify)		
L7	. Do any	memb		-	ousehold I	nave	a vocat			yes wh	ich on	e?				
	N	lone	Ca	Carpentry Joinery Masonry Plumbing Solar Metal Tillery Leather technician work Craft										Other (please specify)		
L8. In the last month, did women of your household engage in any of the following activities?																
Cultivating (crops) Collecting firewood/charcoal for selling											-					
			-		k (small ar										-	
			_	Livestoc	k (big anim	nals	such as	goat	s, cows	, donkey	ys)					
			=	Casual la	abor											
				Earning												
			_		nces (recei			from	relative	s or frie	nds ou	ıtside tl	he camp)			
			=	Selling to	ea/food in	ine r	narket								-	
			_		ease spec	ify:_										
L9	. In the la	ast mo	nth,		of your ho	useh	nold eng	age i	in any o	f the foll	lowing	activiti	es?		7	
			-		ng (crops)	1/ 1										
			_		g firewood											
					k (small ar				ŕ							
					k (big anim	nals :	such as	goat	s, cows	, donkey	ys)					
	Casual labor															
	Earning salaries															
				Remittar	ices (recei	ving	money	from	relative	s or frie	nds ou	ıtside tl	he camp)			
				I don't kr	now											
	Other, please specify:															

		Multi-sector	r Needs Assessment in Pariang state, October 20	
L10. In th	ne last month, what was your primar	y source of income?		
	Cultivating (crops)			
	Collecting firewood/cha	arcoal for selling		
	Livestock			
	Casual labor			
	Earning salaries			
	ends outside the camp)			
Selling tea/food in the market				
	I don't know			
	Other, please specify:_			
I 11 In th	ne last month, what was your second	dary source of income?		
LII. III U	Cultivating (crops)	dary source of income:		
	Collecting firewood/charcoal for selling			
	Livestock			
	Casual labor			
	Earning salaries			
	Remittances (receiving	money from relatives or frie	ends outside the camp)	
	Selling tea/food in the	market		
	I don't know			
	Other, please specify:			
Environ	nment			
E1. Wha	t are your main sources of fuel for co	poking and heating?		
	Charcoal	Wood	Twigs	
	Maize/ Sorghum stalk	Lalo seeds	Other, please specify:	
		•		

I buy them in the market

E2. How do you acquire these fuel sources?

I collect them from the bush
From NGO distribution
I don't know
Other, please specify:

E3. Who collects the fuel in the household most of the time?

Women
Men
Boys (17 or less)
Girls (17 or less)
Other (please specify)

E4. Normally, how many hours does it take in a round trip to get the fuel?

Less than one hour
1-3 hours
4-6 hours
More than 6 hours

E5. Normally, How many times a week must it be collected?

Less than once a week
Once a week
Twice a week
3 times a week
More than 3 times a week

E6. What cooking equipment do you normally use to cook your food in your household?

Charcoal on the ground	

Clay Stove (Banco)
Stove made of wire (kanun)
Three stone (open fire)
Other, please specify:

E7. Do you own an energy saving stove? (Directly Observe)

Yes	No

E8. Do you own an energy saving pot(s)? (Directly Observe)

Yes	No

Protection

Note: I will now ask some questions about security and safety in the camp.

P1. Are there any people with specific needs in the family?

Breast feeding	Critically ill	Elderly	Malnourished
Mentally disabled	Physically disabled	Pregnant women	Separated child in household
Single parent	Unaccompanied minor	No vulnerable people	Other

P1.1 If selected separated child in household How many separated children are you the guardian of in this household?

Integer		

P2. Do you feel that your household is safe in the camp?

Yes	No

P3. Has anyone in your household experienced a security incident?

Yes	No

P4. What kind of incident happened?

Robbery	Shelter damaged	Physical attack	Harrasment /	Other (please
	or destroyed		Intimidation	specify)

P3.1 If yes to physical attack or harassment/intimidation: Who has been most affected by these incidents in the household?

Men	Women	Boys	Girls

P4. Have you seen armed actors (civilians with weapons) moving around in this camp?

Yes	No

W		

W1. What do you use to store and collect water?

Je	rry can	Bucket	Clay pot	Other

W2. How many JERRY CANS or BUCKETS does your HH have? Can you show me?

Enter Integer	

W3. (Direct Observation) number of each type of water container owned by household.

Small Bucket 8 litres
Big Bucket 14 Lt
Small Jerry can 10 Lt
Medium Jerry can 14 Lt
Jerry can 20 Lt
Big Drum 250 Lt
Other, please specify:

W4. Most of the time, how many minutes does it take to collect drinking water, including walking to and from the water point?

0 – 15	15 – 30	30 – 45	45 minutes	1 – 2 hours	Over 2 hours
minutes	minutes	minutes	to 1 hour		

W5. Do you collect water more than once per day?

Yes	No

W5.1 If yes How many times per day do you collect water?

Enter Integer	

W6. What times of day do you typically collect water? (do not read out the times. Multiple choice)

0500		
0600		
0700		
0800		
0900		
1000		
1100		
1200		
1300		
1400		
1500		
1600		
1700		
1800		
1900		
2000		
2100		
2200		

W7. Do the men in this household feel safe collecting water?

163	110

W8. Do the women in this household feel safe collecting water?

Yes	No

W9. Do the children in this household collect water?

Yes	No

W10. If yes, did they ever experience a security incident whilst collecting water?

Yes	No

W11. How many times has your household been visited by a Hygiene Promoter in the last month?

Never	Once	Twice	3 times	More	than	3	НН	arrived	to
				times			the	camp	in
							the la	ast mon	ıth

W12 What do the majority of household members use for defecation?

Household Latrine	Communal Latrine	Bush/ Ope	n Defecation	Other
		Site		

W13. If no, do you have access to a latrine you share with another household?

Yes	No

W14. If yes, did you receive materials from an NGO to construct the latrine?

Yes	No

W15. Did you receive any technical support to construct the latrine?

Yes	No

W16. Do you have soap? Can you show me? (Directly Observe, if it takes longer than 1 minute to find the soap, select 'No.')

Yes	No	Refused to show

W17. Do the women (over 18 years old) in this household have an adequate supply of sanitary towels?

Yes	No

W18. Do the girls (under 18 years old) in this household have an adequate supply of sanitary towels?

Yes	No

Education

E.1 Are there boys of school-going age in the household that are not attending school?

Yes	No

E.2 If yes, what is the **main** reason they are not attending school?

The school is too far
They need to work outside the home (agriculture, labour, cattle camps)
They need to work in the home
They cannot afford school fees
Overcrowding in school
The teachers in the school are not very good
Area is too dangerous
I don't want them to attend school with children of other communities
There are not school supplies (books, uniforms, for example)
They must work at the market
I don't know
Other, please specify:

E.3 Are there girls of school-going age in the household that are not attending school?

Yes	No		

E.4 If yes, what is the **main** reason they are not attending school?

The school is too far
They must work from home/gather water, firewood, and sand
They must tend livestock
They cannot afford school fees
Overcrowding in school
Girls are not supposed to attend school
The teachers in the school are not very good
Early marriage

Early pregnancies
I don't want them to attend school with children of other communities
There are no school supplies (books, uniforms, for example)
They must work at the market
Issues related to menstruation (lack of hygiene items and lack of WASH facilities at schools
Other, please specify:

E5. Do any of the children in this household attend a Child Friendly Space?

Yes	No		

Greatest Need

G1. Specify the greatest NEED affecting your household everyday life.

Security
Access to Food
Access to Water
Access to NFIs
Access to Education
Access to Employment
Access to Healthcare
Access to Shelter
None
Other, please specify:

Camp Management

C1. Are you aware of the existence of Block Leaders?

Yes	No		

C2. If yes, do you know what their role is?

Yes	No			

C3. If yes, do you think they are active in your community?

Yes	No		

C4. Did you vote in the recent Block Leaders election? (Only for Ajoung Thok)

Yes	No			

C5. If no, why not?

Unaware	Didn't	Had to	Had to do	Caring for	Unable due	Abstained	Other
of	know how	work	HH work	dependent	to disability		(please
election	(where /	outside of					specify)
	when)	the HH					

C6. Did you vote in the recent Camp Chairperson election? (Only for Ajoung Thok)

Yes	No		

C7. If no, why not?

Unaware	Didn't	Had to	Had to do	Caring for	Unable due	Abstained	Other
of	know how	work	HH work	dependent	to disability		(please
election	(where /	outside of					specify)
	when)	the HH					

C8. What is the main source of information for your household?

Radio Station	BodaBoda Talk Talk	Television Station	Newspaper (paper)	Social media (Facebook)	In person conversation
Internet-other	Mobile phone call	Satellite phone (Thuraya)	Loudspeaker	Other	I don't know or I don't want to answer

C9. Do you have access to the complaints mechanism system operating in this camp?

Yes	No

(End Survey) Thank you for your time. Have a nice day.(Move to next household)

ANNEX 2: PAPER FORM, FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION SURVEY

Pariang Multi Sector Needs Assessment- Focus Group Discussion Tool

- community members

Moderator Name	Assistant Moderator Name	
Focus Group Name	Number of Participants	
Date	Gender of Participants	

Introductory Notes

Hello, my name is (name of moderator). First, I would like to welcome and thank you for volunteering to take part in this focus group discussion about your living conditions in X Camp. Several months ago, the REACH team interviewed head of households in X camp to ask them about different topics such as Livelihoods, Education, WASH and protection. Today, you have been asked to participate in this discussion as we would like to get more information and your point of view about your situation and current needs. This information will be used to inform response strategy and planning.

Please note that this meeting does not have any impact on whether you or your family receives assistance. These discussions are only meant to better understand how you, your household, and the community perceive the situation in the camp.

Anonymity: I would like to assure you that the discussion will be anonymous. I and the other focus group participants would appreciate it if you refrain from discussing the comments of other group members outside the focus group. If there are any questions or discussions that you do not wish to answer or participate in, you do not have to do so; however please try to answer and be as involved as possible.

The discussion will take no more than one hour and a half.

Ground Rules

- 1. The most important rule is that only ONE person speaks at a time. There may be a temptation to jump in when someone is talking but please wait until they have finished.
- 2. There are no right or wrong answers.
- 3. You do not have to speak in any particular order
- 4. When you do have something to say, please do so. There ae many of you in the group and it is important that I obtain the views of each of you.
- 5. You do not have to agree with the views of other people in the groups
- 6. Any questions?
- 7. Ok, let's start.

Instructions to Moderators

- 1. **Questions to participants:** these are the questions that should be read and communicated to the participants. If there are some specific vocabulary which may be unclear, do not hesitate to provide a definition for the purpose of the exercise.
- 2. **Probing questions**: Probes and clarifying questions are an important part of interviewing and have two main purposes: 1) to help clarify what an interview respondent has said and 2) To help get more detailed information on topics of interest. Probes allow the interview respondent to provide more than just a one-sentence answer to the questions to the questions you ask. Do not read probing questions to participants. Use or adapt them if necessary.

Introduction

Questions to Participants:

1. Can everyone introduce themselves, telling me their *names*, *ages* and *occupations* (main source of livelihoods)? Please also tell us which *block* you come from within the camp. (Moderator to have map of camp with him/her)

Shelter

Safety and property

- Have you experienced an uncontrolled (accident) fire in your plot? Do you know someone who has?
- What was the cause of this fire from your actual experience?

(**Probing** – cooking / children playing / Animal / shelter materials)

- Did you receive any fire safety messaging since moving into the camp?
- What were the main ways to prevent fire that you normally use?

Protection

Safety and property

- How frequently do you see Police Service in the camps?
- How do community members protect themselves and their property?
- Do you think alcohol use is linked with problems in the camp?
- How often people are attacked by dogs? Do you feel dogs inside the camp are a threat to your security?

Soldiers in the camps

- Have you seen soldiers moving in the camp?
- When did you see them?

Probing If May / June period, have you seen soldiers in the camp since that time?

- What do you think are the reasons for them to come into the camp?

WASH

WASH NFIs

- How do most refugees in this camp get soap, aside from distributions?
- Do you have adequate access to soap?
- Probing question: When there is inadequate access to soap, how does this affect the community.

Female sanitation

- How do you access sanitary pads and other sanitary items?
- Probing question: When there is inadequate access to sanitary items, how does this affect the lives of women/adolescent girls.

Final overall questions

- Overall, what is your main concern or biggest need at the moment? Why?
- What would help to address this concern/need? What is the potential solution to this problem?