NORTHEAST SYRIA MARKET MONITORING EXERCISE

Snapshot: 9-16 March 2020

CASH WORKING GROUP REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

INTRODUCTION

To inform humanitarian cash programming, REACH in partnership with the northeast (NES) and northwest (NWS) Syria Cash Working Group (CWG) conducts monthly Market Monitoring Exercises in northern Syria to assess the availability and prices of 36 basic commodities that are typically sold in markets and consumed by average Syrian households, including food and non-food items, water, fuel, and cellphone data.

Of these, 18 items comprise the Survival Minimum Expenditure Basket (SMEB; see below), which represents the minimum, culturally adjusted items required to support a 6-person household for a month.

Data was collected this month (between 9-16 March 2020) by REACH, CHF, Concern, Hasakah for Relief and Development, IRC, Mercy Corps, PIN, Rojava, and Samaritan's Purse.

The accompanying data from the month of March is disseminated monthly and is distributed through partners across the humanitarian community.

SURVIVAL MINIMUM EXPENDITURE BASKET (SMEB) CONTENTS

| (OINIED) CONTIENTO | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Item | Quantity |
| Bread | 37 kg |
| Bulgur | 15 kg |
| Chicken | 6 kg |
| Eggs | 6 kg |
| Fresh vegetables | 12 kg |
| Ghee/vegetable oil | 7 kg/L |
| Red lentils | 15 kg |
| Rice | 19 kg |
| Salt | 1 kg |
| Sugar | 5 kg |
| Tomato paste | 6 kg |
| Bathing soap | 12 bars |
| Laundry/dish soap | 3 kg |
| Sanitary pads | 4 packs of 10 |
| Toothpaste | 200 g |
| Cooking fuel* | 25 L |
| Water trucking | 4500 L |
| Smartphone data | 1 GB |
| Float (other costs)** | 7.5% total value |
| | Item Bread Bulgur Chicken Eggs Fresh vegetables Ghee/vegetable oil Red lentils Rice Salt Sugar Tomato paste Bathing soap Laundry/dish soap Sanitary pads Toothpaste Cooking fuel* Water trucking Smartphone data |

^{*} Kerosene in northern Syria

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

Coverage and data collection dates

This month, REACH and partners covered 25 sub-districts in NES, including approximately 1,297 individual shops. Dotted lines in the graphs indicate lack of data for the months of October and November 2019. Six months trends are not available for this reason. Please also note that given the unpredictable situation across NES due to the novel COVID-19 situation, prices in the Market Monitoring dataset and output should be seen as representative only of the markets and dates where and when information was collected (9-16 of March). REACH will be adding COVID-related items to the April Market Monitoring Exercise.

Highest SMEB cost recorded under northeast Market Monitoring Exercise

The cost of the SMEB increased by 4% from 107,401 Syrian Pounds (SYP) in February to 111,876 SYP in March 2020

across comparable communities (with consistent coverage since February), setting the highest price recorded by the Market Monitoring Exercise in NES. In United States Dollars (USD), the SMEB cost was recorded at 104 USD across comparable communities with consistent coverage (see Methodology). When including all assessed communities in NES during March, the total median regional SMEB was recorded at 112,558 SYP / 105 USD.

Continued depreciation of the SYP against the USD

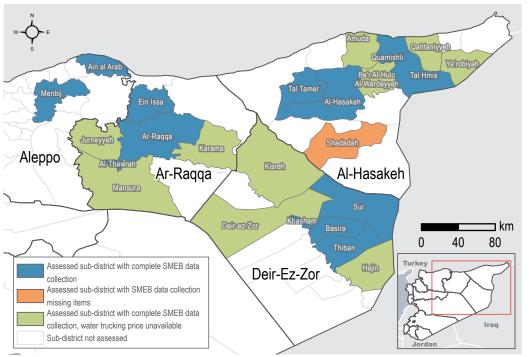
During March, the informal SYP/USD exchange rate continued to increase across the region, with the highest exchange rate recorded at 1,100 SYP for 1 USD in Ein Issa sub-district in Ar-Raqqa governorate. The total median regional informal exchange rate was recorded at 1,075 SYP/USD, a 3% increase since last month. The continued financial crisis in neighbouring Lebanon (as banks in Lebanon restrict the release of USD - including for Syrians with Lebanese bank

accounts), and international economic sanctions on Syria and Iran are reported as the main causes for the reduced supply of USD and the continued depreciation of the SYP informal exchange rate.

Most winter items prices decreased as winter comes to an end

The prices of most winter items decreased since last month as the season comes to an end, lowering the demand for such items. This includes the price of manually refined kerosene (used for heating in addition to cooking), which decreased by 6% since last month. However, prices of some winter items remained very high, in particular items such as jerry cans which reached 5,000 SYP in Basira and Khasham sub-districts in the governorate of Deir-Ez-Zor, and plastic sheets which reached 15,000 SYP in Tal Tamer sub-district in Al-Hasakeh governorate. KIs reported that jerry cans prices remained high as procurement of such item is consistently challenging in NES.

ASSESSED AREAS AND COVERAGE



MEDIAN SMEB COST IN SYP (USD), BY REGION

112,558 SYP (105 USD) NORTHEAST SYRIA - AL-HASAKEH, AL-RAQQA, DEIR-EZ-ZOR, EASTERN ALEPPO GOVERNORATES

MEDIAN SMEB COSTS, BY MONTH

Thousand Syrian Pounds and US Dollars



^{**} Float only applied to observations where prices of all SMEB contents could be collected

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

112.558 SYP (105 USD) NORTHEAST SYRIA - AL-HASAKEH. AL-RAQQA. DEIR-EZ-ZOR. EASTERN ALEPPO GOVERNORATES

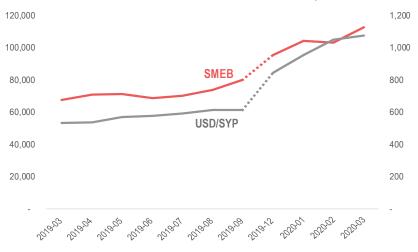
High quality transport fuels widely unavailable and manually refined transport fuels at decreasing prices

witnessed a significant decrease in prices. Since February, the regional median price for manually refined diesel and petrol decreased by 31% and 13%, respectively. Field teams reported that authorities in NES often sell transport fuels at subsidised prices to the local population, which could explain the current decrease in prices of manually refined products. Furthermore, the growing unavailability of high quality transport fuel could be another explanation for the rise in prices in the region, as quality transport fuel is needed to transport commodities over long distances to reach the markets.

Essential SMEB food items' prices sharply increased especially onions

During this month's Market Monitoring Exercise, KIs reported Despite the SMEB food component not having increased in a scarcity of high quality transport fuels originating in value since last month, the vegetable component increased Government-controlled areas of Syria. High quality diesel by 10%, reaching 5,839 SYP. This was largely due to the and petrol were reportedly unavailable in 87% and 81% of increase in prices of cucumbers and onions. The median price the assessed shops selling fuel, respectively. However, when of cucumbers increased by 9% since February and the prices available, the regional median price for high quality diesel of onions witnessed a sharper increase of 32%, reaching 595 decreased by 13% compared to last month. On the other hand, SYP in March. Kls reported that cucumbers and onions were manually refined fuel types, often refined by local authorities in imported and difficult to find in markets in NES, which resulted in NES, were available in most assessed shops selling fuel and high prices. The biggest increase in onion prices was recorded in the sub-district of Menbij, where prices increased by 233% between February and March. Other food items also increased such as green peas, which increased by 17%, and bulgur by 12% since February. On the other hand, as winter comes to an end, the regional median price of tomatoes decreased by 13% since February. According to the World Food Programme, food prices in Syria increased due to the depreciation of the SYP.

SMEB COST (SYP) AND EXCHANGE RATE (USD/SYP), BY MONTH



MEDIAN SMEB COSTS & CHANGES*

Svrian Pounds

| Sub-district | SMEB | One month change | Six month change |
|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|
| Northeast Syria | 111,876 | 4% | NA |
| Ain al Arab | 102,015 | 0% | NA |
| Al-Hasakeh | 109,541 | NA | NA |
| Al-Thawrah | 110,993 | NA | NA |
| Amuda** | 105,477 | NA | NA |
| Ar-Raqqa | 112,210 | -1% | NA |
| Basira | 112,558 | NA | NA |
| Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh** | 100,427 | -1% | NA |
| Deir-ez-Zor** | 109,040 | 0% | NA |
| Ein Issa | 116,875 | NA | NA |
| Hajin** | 100,741 | -11% | NA |
| Jurneyyeh** | 102,412 | -1% | NA |
| Karama** | 101,221 | 7% | NA |
| Khasham | 111,876 | NA | NA |
| Kisreh** | 109,423 | 6% | NA |
| Mansura** | 94,204 | -11% | NA |
| Menbij | 96,111 | 0% | NA |
| Qahtaniyyeh** | 118,393 | NA | NA |
| Quamishli | 116,676 | NA | NA |
| Shadadah | NA | NA | NA |
| Sur | 117,085 | -1% | NA |
| Tal Hmis | 96,876 | NA | NA |
| Tal Tamer | 100,532 | NA | NA |
| Thiban | 116,117 | NA | NA |
| Ya'robiyah** | 112,123 | 4% | NA |
| | | | |

^{*} For price and change calculations, only the communities within a sub-district with consistent coverage across months are included. This applies to all following tables.

SUB-DISTRICTS WITH INCOMPLETE SMEB IN MARCH

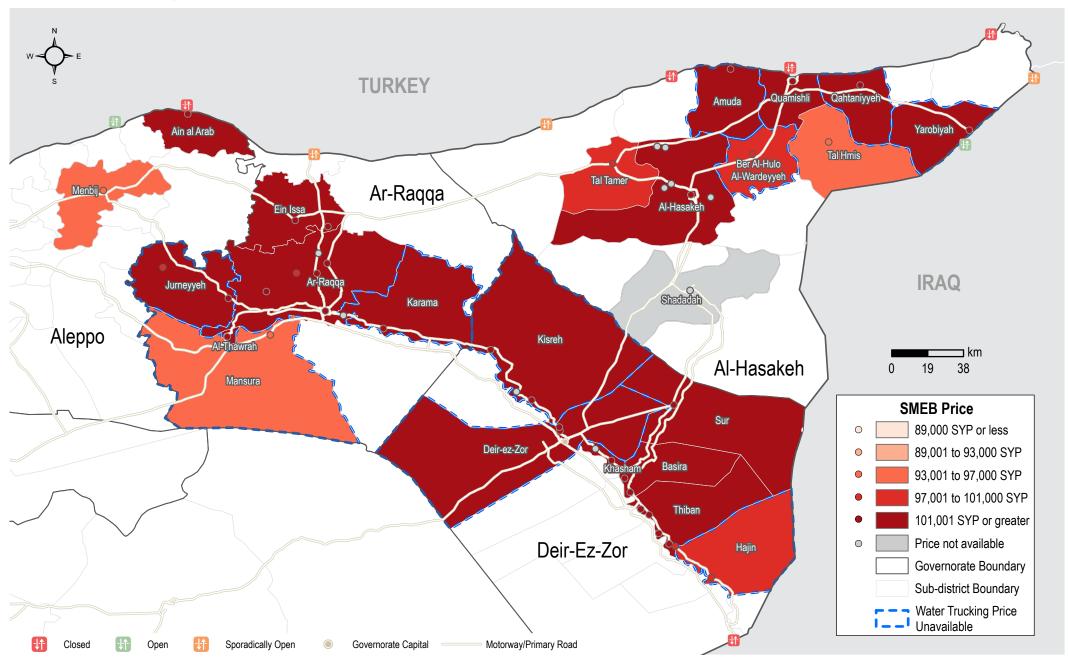
SUB-DISTRICT MISSING ITEMS

Shadadah Cooking fuel, water trucking, kerosene, LP gas

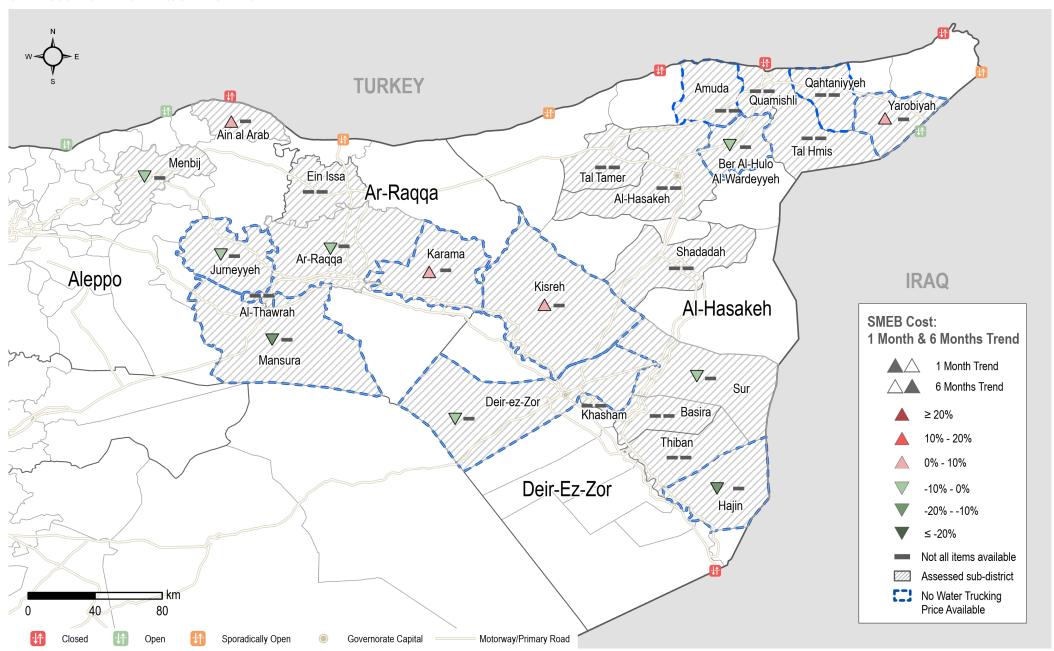
Note: Lack of data for a SMEB item does not necessarily imply a shortage.

^{**} Denotes sub-districts where water trucking is not common, and therefore does not have water trucking prices in the SMEB cost

SMEB COST RANGES (SYP), BY SUB-DISTRICTS



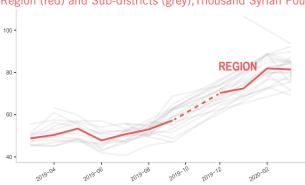
SMEB COST: ONE MONTH & SIX MONTHS TREND

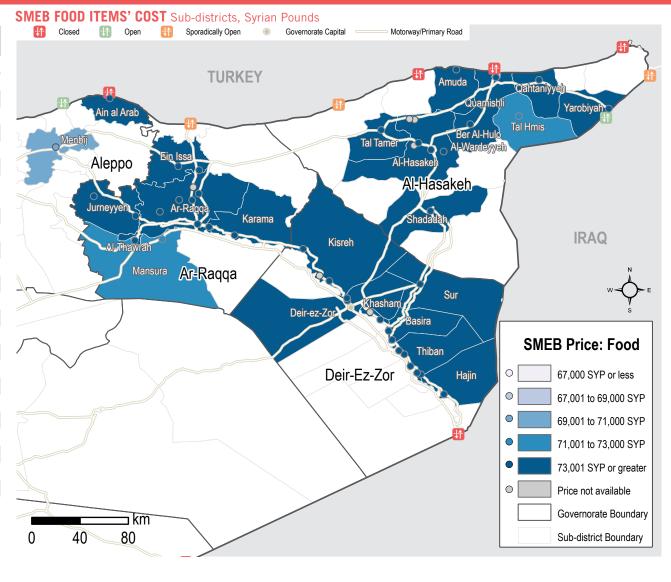


MEDIAN SMEB COST: FOOD ITEMS See Page 1, Syrian Pounds

| Sub-district | SMEB Food | One month change | Six month change |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Northeast Syria | 80,968 | 0% | NA |
| Ain al Arab | 76,888 | 1% | NA |
| Al-Hasakeh | 78,915 | -4% | NA |
| Al-Thawrah | 79,524 | 0% | NA |
| Amuda | 85,668 | -4% | NA |
| Ar-Raqqa | 81,915 | -3% | NA |
| Basira | 84,927 | NA | NA |
| Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh | 80,020 | 0% | NA |
| Deir-ez-Zor | 85,100 | 0% | NA |
| Ein Issa | 86,063 | 12% | NA |
| Hajin | 74,988 | -15% | NA |
| Jurneyyeh | 78,999 | 0% | NA |
| Karama | 78,529 | 8% | NA |
| Khasham | 84,153 | NA | NA |
| Kisreh | 83,353 | 5% | NA |
| Mansura | 71,650 | -9% | NA |
| Menbij | 69,200 | -5% | NA |
| Qahtaniyyeh | 93,475 | NA | NA |
| Quamishli | 84,413 | -4% | NA |
| Shadadah | 75,663 | NA | NA |
| Sur | 85,525 | -1% | NA |
| Tal Hmis | 71,480 | NA | NA |
| Tal Tamer | 74,261 | NA | NA |
| Thiban | 89,791 | 1% | NA |
| Ya'robiyah | 92,300 | 4% | NA |
| | | | |

MEDIAN SMEB COST: FOOD ITEMS, BY MONTHRegion (red) and Sub-districts (grey), Thousand Syrian Pounds



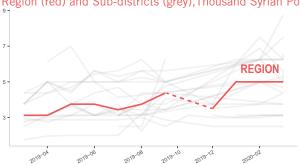


MEDIAN SMEB COOKING FUEL PRICE Kerosene 25L, Syrian Pounds

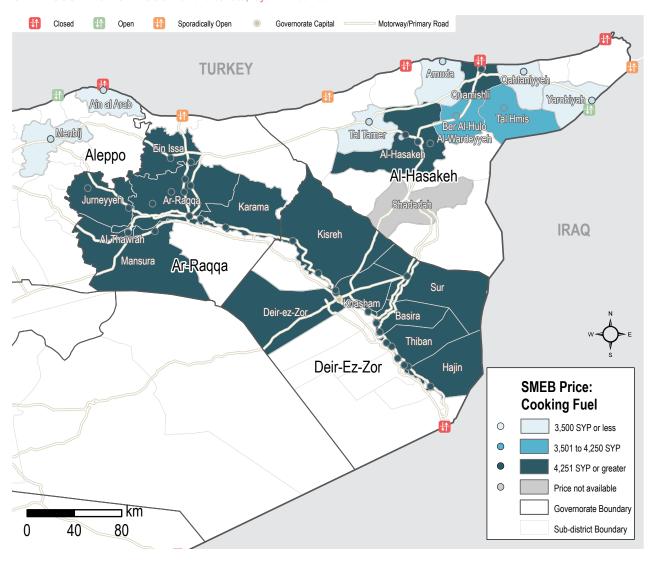
| Sub-district | SMEB Cooking Fuel | One month change | Six month change |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Northeast Syria | 5,000 | 0% | NA |
| Ain al Arab | 3,125 | 4% | NA |
| Al-Hasakeh | 5,313 | 6% | NA |
| Al-Thawrah | 6,250 | 0% | NA |
| Amuda | 3,125 | 0% | NA |
| Ar-Raqqa | 6,250 | -17% | NA |
| Basira | 5,313 | NA | NA |
| Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh | 3,750 | 0% | NA |
| Deir-ez-Zor | 4,375 | -13% | NA |
| Ein Issa | 6,875 | 0% | NA |
| Hajin | 5,625 | -17% | NA |
| Jurneyyeh | 6,250 | 0% | NA |
| Karama | 6,250 | 0% | NA |
| Khasham | 5,625 | NA | NA |
| Kisreh | 5,000 | 0% | NA |
| Mansura | 8,750 | 40% | NA |
| Menbij | 3,125 | 0% | NA |
| Qahtaniyyeh | 3,125 | NA | NA |
| Quamishli | 4,375 | 17% | NA |
| Shadadah | NA | NA | NA |
| Sur | 5,000 | 0% | NA |
| Tal Hmis | 3,750 | NA | NA |
| Tal Tamer | 3,000 | NA | NA |
| Thiban | 5,000 | -22% | NA |
| Ya'robiyah | 2,500 | 0% | NA |

MEDIAN SMEB COOKING FUEL COSTS, BY MONTH

Region (red) and Sub-districts (grey), Thousand Syrian Pounds



SMEB COOKING FUEL COST Sub-districts, Syrian Pounds

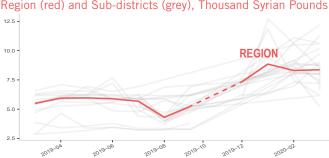


MEDIAN SMEB HYGIENE ITEMS' PRICE

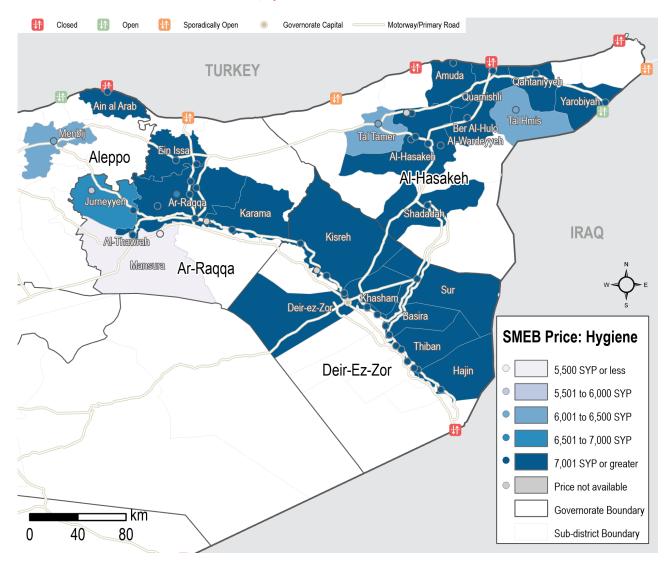
12 bars of soap, 4 packs of 10 sanitary pads, 3kg of laundry/dish soap, 200g of toothpaste, Syrian Pounds

| Sub-district | SMEB Hygiene | One month change | Six month change |
|------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| Northeast Syria | 8,429 | 0% | NA |
| Ain al Arab | 7,200 | -1% | NA |
| Al-Hasakeh | 8,541 | -6% | NA |
| Al-Thawrah | 7,960 | -2% | NA |
| Amuda | 8,325 | -1% | NA |
| Ar-Raqqa | 9,902 | 17% | NA |
| Basira | 10,189 | NA | NA |
| Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh | 7,450 | -14% | NA |
| Deir-ez-Zor | 10,558 | 1% | NA |
| Ein Issa | 9,159 | 27% | NA |
| Hajin | 11,600 | 32% | NA |
| Jurneyyeh | 6,869 | -15% | NA |
| Karama | 8,030 | 0% | NA |
| Khasham | 10,307 | NA | NA |
| Kisreh | 12,187 | 16% | NA |
| Mansura | 5,232 | -35% | NA |
| Menbij | 6,206 | -17% | NA |
| Qahtaniyyeh | 8,533 | NA | NA |
| Quamishli | 8,749 | 0% | NA |
| Shadadah | 9,018 | NA | NA |
| Sur | 10,641 | -4% | NA |
| Tal Hmis | 6,163 | NA | NA |
| Tal Tamer | 6,300 | NA | NA |
| Thiban | 7,225 | -23% | NA |
| Ya'robiyah | 8,000 | -2% | NA |

MEDIAN SMEB HYGIENE ITEMS' COSTS, BY MONTHRegion (red) and Sub-districts (grey), Thousand Syrian Pounds



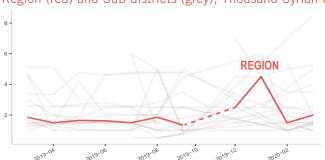
SMEB HYGIENE ITEMS' COST Sub-districts, Syrian Pounds



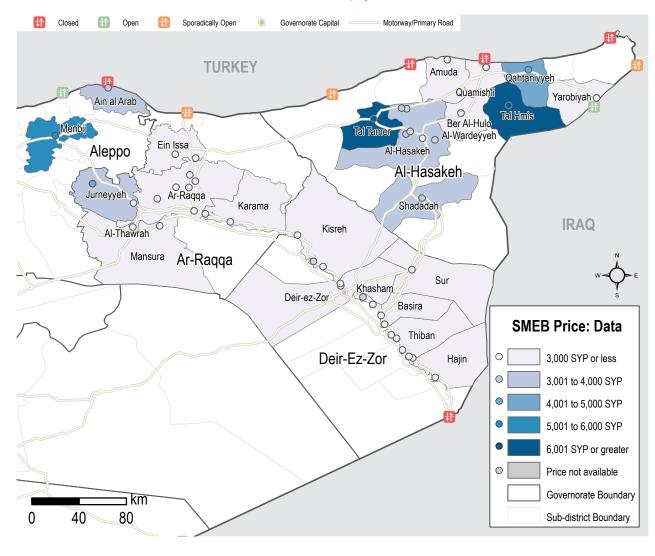
MEDIAN SMEB CELLPHONE DATA PRICE 1GB data, Syrian Pounds

| Sub-district | SMEB Data | One month change | Six month change |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Northeast Syria | 2,000 | 33% | NA |
| Ain al Arab | 3,500 | 0% | NA |
| Al-Hasakeh | 4,000 | 300% | NA |
| Al-Thawrah | 2,000 | 48% | NA |
| Amuda | 1,000 | NA | NA |
| Ar-Raqqa | 1,500 | 0% | NA |
| Basira | 2,500 | NA | NA |
| Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh | 2,200 | -12% | NA |
| Deir-ez-Zor | 1,400 | 0% | NA |
| Ein Issa | 1,000 | -33% | NA |
| Hajin | 1,500 | 50% | NA |
| Jurneyyeh | 3,150 | 15% | NA |
| Karama | 1,350 | 35% | NA |
| Khasham | 2,500 | NA | NA |
| Kisreh | 1,250 | 0% | NA |
| Mansura | 2,000 | -63% | NA |
| Menbij | 5,250 | 5% | NA |
| Qahtaniyyeh | 5,000 | NA | NA |
| Quamishli | 2,000 | -9% | NA |
| Shadadah | 4,000 | NA | NA |
| Sur | 1,000 | 0% | NA |
| Tal Hmis | 8,500 | NA | NA |
| Tal Tamer | 8,000 | NA | NA |
| Thiban | 1,500 | 50% | NA |
| Ya'robiyah | 1,500 | 0% | NA |

MEDIAN SMEB CELLPHONE DATA COST, BY MONTHRegion (red) and Sub-districts (grey), Thousand Syrian Pounds



SMEB CELLPHONE DATA COST Sub-districts & Communities, Syrian Pounds



MEDIAN SMEB WATER TRUCKING PRICE 4,500L, Syrian Pounds

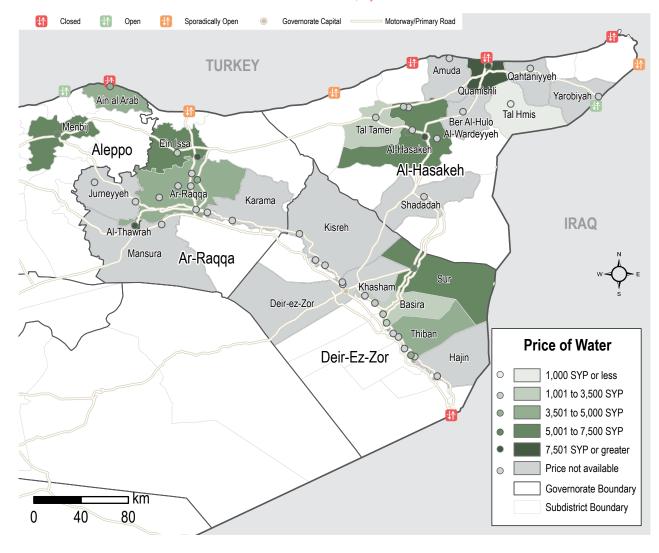
| Sub-district | SMEB Water | One month change | Six month change |
|------------------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| Northeast Syria | 4,815 | -14% | NA |
| Ain al Arab | 4,185 | -7% | NA |
| Al-Hasakeh | 5,130 | NA | NA |
| Al-Thawrah | 7,515 | NA | NA |
| Amuda | NA | NA | NA |
| Ar-Raqqa | 4,815 | 48% | NA |
| Basira | 1,778 | NA | NA |
| Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh | NA | NA | NA |
| Deir-ez-Zor | NA | NA | NA |
| Ein Issa | 5,625 | NA | NA |
| Hajin | NA | NA | NA |
| Jurneyyeh | NA | NA | NA |
| Karama | NA | NA | NA |
| Khasham | 1,485 | NA | NA |
| Kisreh | NA | NA | NA |
| Mansura | NA | NA | NA |
| Menbij | 5,625 | 400% | NA |
| Qahtaniyyeh | NA | NA | NA |
| Quamishli | 9,000 | NA | NA |
| Shadadah | NA | NA | NA |
| Sur | 6,750 | 0% | NA |
| Tal Hmis | 225 | NA | NA |
| Tal Tamer | 1,958 | NA | NA |
| Thiban | 4,500 | NA | NA |
| Ya'robiyah | NA | NA | NA |

MEDIAN SMEB WATER TRUCKING COSTS, BY MONTH

Region (red) and Sub-districts (grey), Thousand Syrian Pounds



SMEB WATER TRUCKING COST Sub-districts & Communities, Syrian Pounds

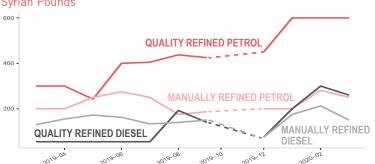


MEDIAN TRANSPORT FUEL PRICE

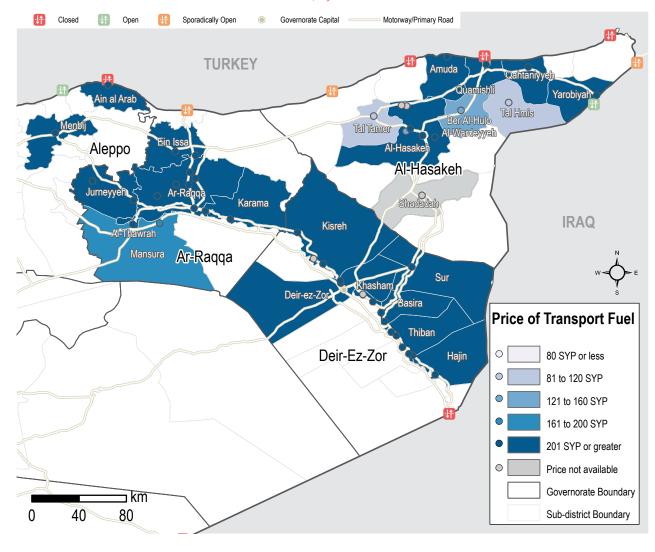
Diesel and Petrol, 1L (High Quality and Manually Refined), Syrian Pounds

| Sub-district | SMEB fuel | One month change | Six month change |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| Northeast Syria | NA | NA | NA |
| Ain al Arab | 313 | 5% | NA |
| Al-Hasakeh | 392 | 21% | NA |
| Al-Thawrah | 295 | -26% | NA |
| Amuda | 318 | -13% | NA |
| Ar-Raqqa | 304 | -30% | NA |
| Basira | 250 | NA | NA |
| Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh | 142 | -19% | NA |
| Deir-ez-Zor | 305 | 28% | NA |
| Ein Issa | 294 | 3% | NA |
| Hajin | 225 | -18% | NA |
| Jurneyyeh | 292 | -1% | NA |
| Karama | 367 | -10% | NA |
| Khasham | 228 | NA | NA |
| Kisreh | 334 | -4% | NA |
| Mansura | 163 | -58% | NA |
| Menbij | 213 | 49% | NA |
| Qahtaniyyeh | 317 | NA | NA |
| Quamishli | 396 | 40% | NA |
| Shadadah | NA | NA | NA |
| Sur | 314 | 48% | NA |
| Tal Hmis | 88 | NA | NA |
| Tal Tamer | 88 | NA | NA |
| Thiban | 295 | 7% | NA |
| Ya'robiyah | 250 | 43% | NA |

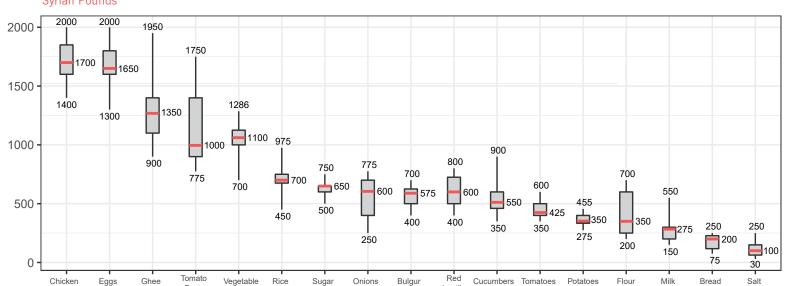
MEDIAN TRANSPORT FUEL COSTS, BY MONTH & TYPE Svrian Pounds



TRANSPORT FUEL COST Sub-districts & Communities, Syrian Pounds



ASSESSED FOOD ITEMS Syrian Pounds



CELLPHONE DATA WATER TRUCKING Syrian Pounds Syrian Pounds 8500 8000 2.0 6000 1.5 4000 1.0 0.5 2000 2000 0.0 0.05 800 Data Water (1 GB) (1 L)

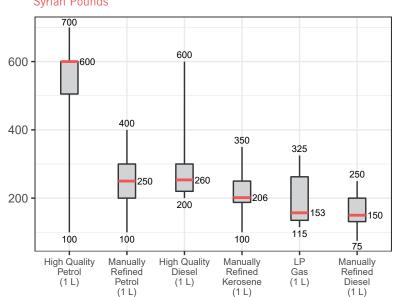
ASSESSED FUEL ITEMS

(1 kg)

(1 kg)

(30 eggs)

Syrian Pounds



Oil (1 L)

(1 kg)

(1 kg)

(1 kg)

(1 kg)

ASSESSED HYGIENE ITEMS

(1 kg)

(1 kg)

(1 kg)

(1 L)

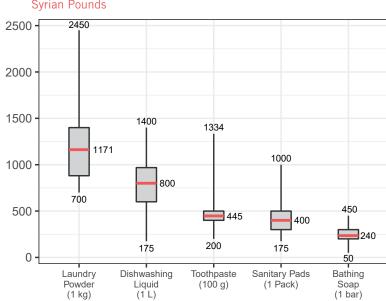
(8 slices)

Syrian Pounds

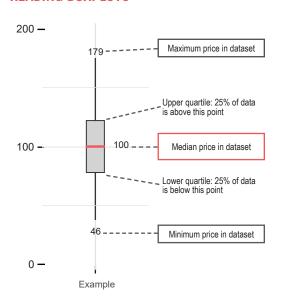
(1 kg)

Lentils

(1 kg)



READING BOXPLOTS



(500 g)

APPENDIX AND METHODOLOGY

METHODOLOGY

In order to be included in the Syria Market Monitoring Exercise, markets must be permanent in nature, large enough to support at least two wholesalers, and diverse enough to provide a sufficient variety of goods and commodities. Additionally, the shops surveyed within each market must be housed in permanent structures and must sell certain items to be eligible for inclusion. Participating organisations train their enumerators on the Market Monitoring methodology and data collection tools using standard training materials developed by REACH. Each enumerator aims to assess three to five shops of each type in the main market in their assigned sub-district, using surveys to collect information about the cheapest prices of each item and whether there are any barriers in the supply chain. In sub-districts where direct surveying by enumerators is not possible, data collection is conducted remotely through key informants such as shop owners, suppliers and consumers. A survey form is deployed on KoBo each month to capture price and stock information from different types of establishments, including grocery stores, fuel traders, currency exchange shops, water trucking services and mobile phone shops, among others. Nearly all participating partners submit their data to these KoBo forms, using the KoBoCollect Android app to upload data. A small number of partners, by prior permission, collect data using fully harmonised data collection tools deployed on other platforms, then submit their raw data to REACH for standardisation, compilation and cleaning

Following data collection, REACH compiles and cleans all partners' data, normalising prices and cross-checking outliers. The cleaned data is then analysed by SMEB costs, components of the SMEB, and by commodities. These trends are observed at the sub-district-level and, when possible, at the community-level. Prices are divided into quartiles and boxplots are created to assist CWG members in understanding the distribution of prices across the northeast and northwest of Syria. To illustrate local variations in prices and availability, REACH uses the collected data to map the price of the SMEB in each sub-district and adds illustrations of surrounding border crossings, with data sourced from the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA). In addition, each SMEB

component costs and transport fuel prices are graphed to visualise trends over time.

The cleaned datasets are available on the <u>Humanitarian Data Exchange</u> website and are distributed to all participating partners, as well as to interested clusters and the broader humanitarian community.

Calculating 'median cheapest price'

This figure is calculated by taking the median of the minimum-reported prices of a region's sub-districts. In turn, the minimum-reported prices for each sub-district were taken from the median of the minimum-reported prices of the constituent towns assessed.

Calculating Survival Minimum Expenditure Basket (SMEB) costs

The cost of a SMEB is calculated for each assessed sub-district by calculating the median cheapest price of each SMEB commodity in that sub-district, then multiplying these medians by the number of units that an average Syrian household requires to purchase in a month. The composition of the SMEB can be found on page 1. SMEB vegetables includes potatoes, tomatoes, onions and cucumbers.

Calculating price trends over time

One month and six-month price changes and trends in this factsheet are calculated only with the comparable assessed communities of a sub-district with consistent coverage across months. On the other hand, in the dataset medians are calculated taking all assessed communities for the current month in consideration. Therefore, prices and percentage changes within the tables of this factsheet may slightly differ from the current month's dataset medians. In the narrative, both regional median SMEB values are shared; the SMEB value including all assessed communitities that specific month, and the SMEB value only taking in consideration communitities with consistent coverage since the previous month.

Calculating regional SMEB costs with limited coverage

For the months of January and February 2020, the regional full SMEB cost as well as the regional full SMEB cost without water were calculated by summing the

medians of each regional SMEB component. This was done due to the lower coverage at a sub-district level in January and February 2020, which affected the regional median SMEB calculations.

Seasonal items

Winterisation items have been added to the market monitoring exercise and data collection will continue for these items over winter, until mid-March 2020. Whilst other commodities are bought regularly by families, winterisation items are not expected to be bought regularly and may be one-off purchases for each family member.

Changes to coverage

Given security and access constraints in the south of Syria, data collection has been unable to take place since July 2018. Escalation of conflict in October 2019 has resulted in limited coverage in northeast Syria since then. However, coverage between January and March 2020 signicantly increased (from 9 assessed sub-districts to 25 assessed sub-districts).

Challenges and limitations

As the Syria Market Monitoring Exercise currently includes 13 partners based in 2 hubs, achieving a consistent approach is inherently challenging. Participating organisations are therefore requested to adopt harmonised data collection methodologies and tools to ensure that the data uploaded is as accurate as possible. Because this exercise collects data directly from vendors and relies on partner organizations for its wide coverage, Market Monitoring may sporadically lose coverage temporarily or for longer periods of time owing to challenges in accessing locations or due to loss in the shared data collection capacity of the project. This impacts the ability to report on trends, as can be seen in the line graphs and 'NA' values in the tables.

ABOUT REACH

REACH Initiative facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. The methodologies used by REACH include primary data collection and in-depth analysis, and all activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. REACH is a joint initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research - Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNITAR-UNOSAT). For more information please visit our website:

www.reach-initiative.org. You can contact us directly at: geneva@reach-initiative.org and follow us on Twitter geneva@reach-initiative.org.

ABOUT THE CASH WORKING GROUP

The Cash Working Group (CWG) was established in May 2014 to analyse the impact of the ongoing conflict on markets in Syria and guide the implementation of humanitarian cash and voucher programmes within those markets. REACH and the CWG have been partners on the Syria Market Monitoring Exercise since early 2015.