Somalia Initial Rapid Needs Assessment

Woqooyi Galbeed, Somaliland, Somalia **April 2016**

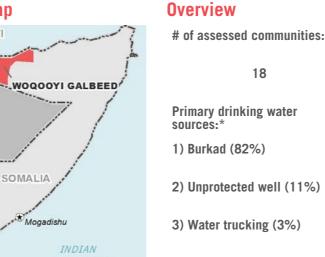
Background and Methodology

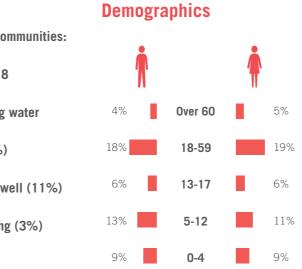
In February 2016 following successive low precipitation rainy seasons the Government of Somaliland issued a declaration of drought. The drought is reported to have a high impact on the primarily pastoralist communities and livestock within the affected regions of Somaliland and Puntland. While responses are ongoing, low rainfall predictions for the Gu season could necessitate a revised strategic response. As a result the WASH Cluster triggered a SIRNA to identify key needs and services in order to inform the second stage

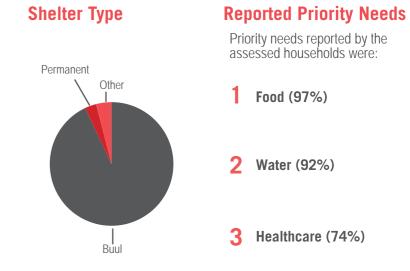
This factsheet highlights preliminary findings from 18 communities within Woqooyi Galbeed, Somaliland, assessed between 24-Mar-16 and 04-Apr-16, as part of this joint exercise. Information is based on an indicative sample only.

This factsheet is accompanied by a full assessment report, and a total of 9 factsheets - for Somaliland and Puntland states; and Awdal, Bari, Nugaal, Sanaag, Sool, Togdheer and Woqooyi Galbeed regions.

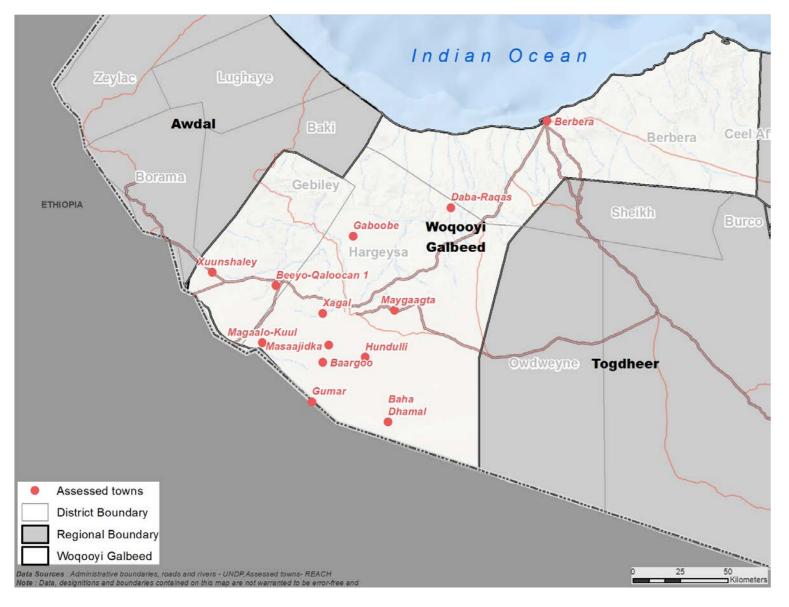








Assessed Communities



Sectoral Overview

| Sector | Indicator | Target | Achieved | |
|---------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Education | % of children aged 5-12 accessing primary education at time of assessment (girls/boys) % of HH with children who have stopped attending school since the drought Ratio of teachers to students in functioning schools | 100% 0% 1:45 | 6% / 8% 4% 1:34 | • |
| Health | % of HH reporting health concerns % of HH reporting increased difficulty in accessing healthcare since the drought % of HH reporting increase in healthcare spending since the drought | 0% 0% 0% | 38% 34% 6% | • |
| Food Security | % of HH with acceptable food consumption scores % of HH reported negative food consumption coping strategies as a result of drought % of HH reporting loss of livestock as a result of drought | 100% 0% 0% | 1% 83% 77% | • |
| Nutrition | % of HH reporting a negative change in accessing nutrition services since the drought % of settlements with nutrition services available within the settlement % of HH with infants reporting that baby care items have been distributed since the drought* | 0% 100% 0% | 0% 0% 10% | • |
| Protection | % of HH reporting to own the land they are settled on % of HH reporting a loss belongings since the drought % of HH reporting child separated since the drought (girls/boys) | 100% 0% 0% | 84% 29% 0% / 2% | • |
| Shelter and NFIs | % of HH in buuls reporting damage to buul cover % of HH with access to at least one 20L Jerry can in good condition % of HH with an acceptable NFI score | 0% 100% 100% | 70% 30% 1% | • |
| WASH | % of HH with access to a latrine % of HH reporting use of water treatment techniques % of HH reporting hand washing with soap or ash | 100% 100% 100% | 20% 3% 26% | • |

Targets are based on minimum standards agreed with the ICCG. Target reached, Target more than 50% reached, Target less than 50% or not at all reached or when target of 0%

^{**}Baby care items incldue milk products and/or baby bottles/teats

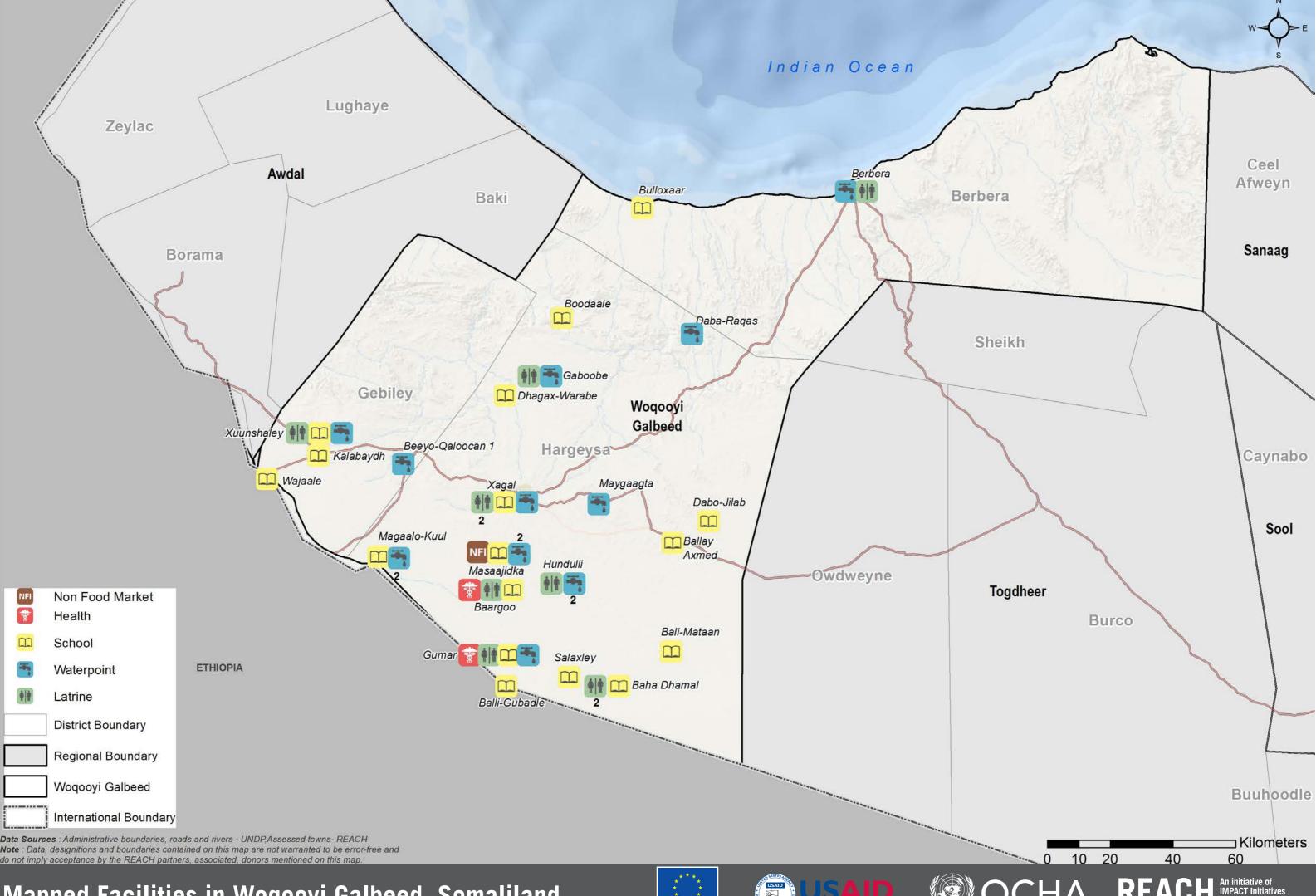








^{*} Respondents could select more than one water source if multiple present in the community







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