

EVALUATION OF THE COMMUNITY-BASED PROTECTION AND SOLUTIONS PROGRAMME RESPONSE (CO-PROSPER) IN PRIORITY AREAS OF RETURN AND REINTEGRATION (PARR)

Kabul Province, Bagrami District, Afghanistan Ghaziabad



Introduction and Methodology

Following the influx of refugee returnees from Pakistan and Iran in 2016, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) has supported the Government of the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan's (GoIRA) Ministry of Refugees and Repatriation (MoRR) through a series of solutions aimed at providing durable solutions for returnee and long-term displaced populations in Afghanistan. In line with the Solutions Strategy for Afghan Refugees (SSAR) and Comprehensive Refugees Response Framework (CRRF), 20 locations were identified by UNHCR as Priority Areas of Return and Reintegration (PARRs) where large numbers of refugees returnees are living side by side with Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) and host communities. Within these PARRs, UNHCR has been able to link its short and medium-term Community Based Protection (CBP) programmes to longer-term development initiatives.1 UNHCR intends to develop an area-based, humanitarian-development-peace response to support durable solutions and create conducive conditions for the sustainable reintegration of returnees. In order to have an understanding of the impact of these programmes on the PARRs, REACH conducted an evaluation of the programmes in PARRs across four different dimensions: community leadership inclusivity, strengthening public services and equitable access, income generation and economic empowerment, and peacebuilding, and created indices to measure progress over these four key objectives that can be compared against the programme goals.

REACH conducted a mixed-methods assessment using two closed-question tools with separate methodologies to assess each site as follows: A household interview (HHI) level tool that assessed a representative sample of households in each of the 20 PARR locations,² at 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error. Results are representative at a global level, and indicative for findings shown for each population group: IDPs, refugees returnees, and host communities. Key informant interviews (KIIs) were also used to assess community leadership from each of the three displacement groups in each of the 20 locations, to provide indicative information on conditions faced by specific displacement groups in each site. Three community leaders per population group per site were interviewed. Between 21 February and 5 March, 2,039 HHIs and 187 KIIs were conducted across all 20 PARR locations. This factsheet shows the results of 102 HHIs and 12 KIIs conducted at Ghaziabad PARR location.

DEMOGRAPHICS

Proportion of households surveyed, by population group:						
IDP	57%	Refugee Returnee	24%	Cor	Host nmunity	20%
Fem	A		e household 8 members	size:		
% of households reporting the number of adults in the household that have a tazkera ³					hold that	
				28%	All	
		29%	Most ⁴			
		28%	Few ⁴			
				15%	One	

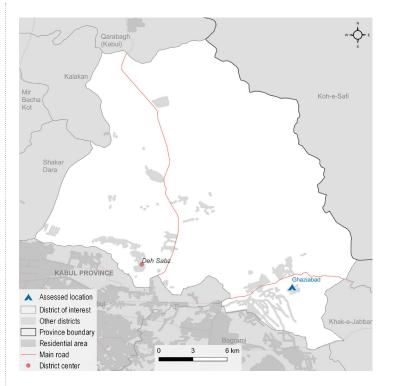
1. UNHCR, Afghanistan: Priority Areas of Return and Reintegration, October 2020.

2. All locations were purposively selected based on their selection as a PARR location by UNHCR and

MoRR. For more information, please see UNHCR Afghanistan and MoRR, <u>Priority Areas of Return and</u> <u>Reintegration</u>, 04 November 2020.

0%

None



March 2021

💦 Movement Intentions



0% of households reported having the intention to move in the next 12 months.

3. A tazkera is the primary Afghan personal identification document. For further information, see <u>the NRC report about civil documentation.</u>

4. Here, few means ≤50% adults within the family and most means >50% adults within the family.



51

March 2021

Refugee Returnees

Average reported time that refugee returnee households have been in this location:* 8 years

% of refugee returnee households by main reason that they chose to return:* $^{\!\!\!^{*,6}}$

Forced to return / legal status issue

Wanted to return to a familiar place



<u>'</u> IDPs

Average reported time since IDP households were first displaced.* 4.6 years

Average reported time since IDP households arrived in their current PARR location:* **4.4 years**



7% of IDP households reported that their current location was **not** their first location of displacement.*

Main province where IDP households were living prior to current PARR location*

Nangarhar

Main district where IDP households were living prior to current PARR location*

Alingar

COMMUNITY LEADERSHIP INCLUSIVITY

The following index is a composite of perceptions by households of local governance inclusivity, community trust, community tensions, and effectiveness of community feedback mechanisms.

50%	Positive perception	
26%	High positive perception	
	0070	

Local Governance Inclusivity

The following index is a composite of households' perceptions on the responsiveness of community leadership.



% of households reporting who represents their community :



7% Shuras for smaller groups

91% Shuras for entire community

- 2% Arbab/malik only
- 0% No one

% of households reporting how the selection of leadership is done:



26%	Elected by whole community
7 40/	Elected only by community that

- belongs to the same group
- 1% Appointed by other leaders
- 0% Other

Here, few means ≤50% adults within the family and most means >50% adults within the family.
Result is reported by Key Informants (KIs) and is therefore not representative of the population.
The results represent the top 3 responses so some responses are not represented and the total of the values is not equal to 100%.

Community Trust

The following index is a composite of households' perceptions on trust in community leadership.

0%		h negative ception	7%	Negative perceptic		15%	Neutral perception
5	3%	Positive percept	tion	25%	High	positive pe	rception



18% of KIs reported that they believed that issues managed by the community leadership were **not** handled in a fair and equitable way.⁵

Feedback Mechanism Effectiveness

The following index is a composite of households' perceptions on the effectiveness of feedback mechanisms.





8% of households reported that they were **not** aware of mechanisms in place through which they could provide feedback on issues within their current location.⁷

Of households reporting to be aware of feedback mechanisms, top three feedback mechanisms reported: $^{\!\!6.8}$

Talk to community leadership Phone/SMS reporting line AWAAZ



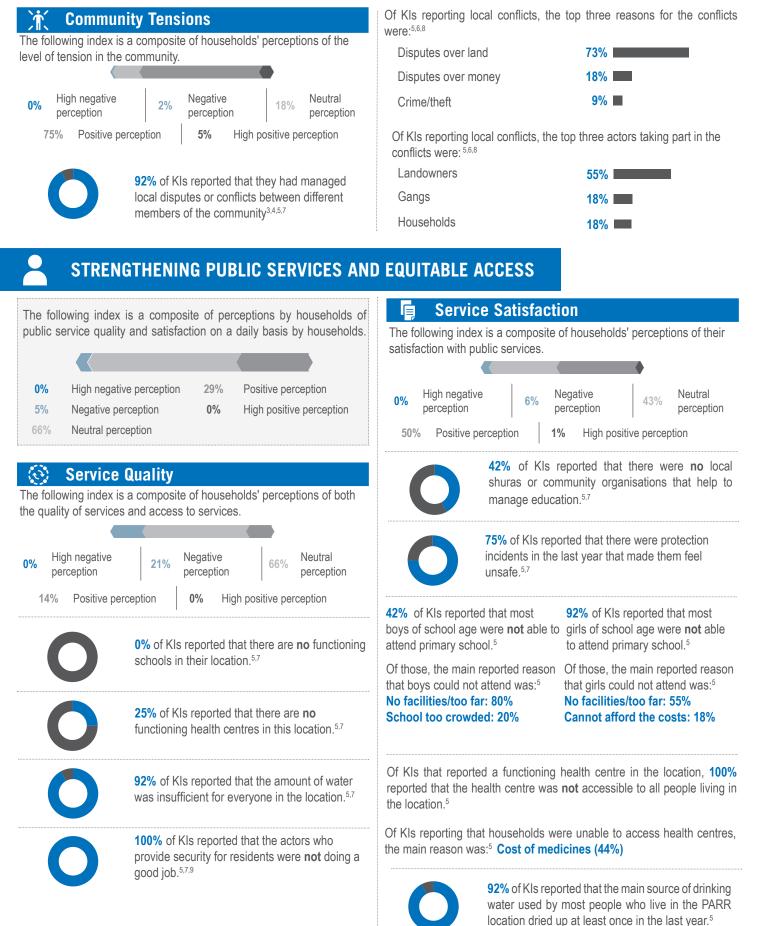
7. Respondents could select from the following: yes (dark grey), no (blue) and don't know (light grey).

8. Respondents could select up to three options.

* As these results are for specific population groups they are not representative







Result is reported by key informants (KIs) and is therefore not representative of the population.
The results represent the top 3 responses so some responses are not represented and the total of the values is not equal to 100%.

Respondents could select from the following: yes (dark grey), no (blue) and don't know (light grey).
Respondents could select up to three options.
What defined a, "good job" is was left for the respondent to define.

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53

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INCOME GENERATION AND ECONOMIC PROFILE

The following index is a composite of perceptions by households of women's empowerment, their economic outlook, and land and housing tenure within the community.

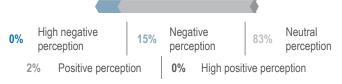
<u>.</u> **Women's Empowerment**

The following index is a composite of households' perceptions of the support for women's participation in leadership, education, and job market access.

0%	0	negative eption		4%	Negativ percept		50%	Neutral perception
	45%	Positive p	erce	ption	1%	High po	sitive perc	ception
	C		рс	ositions		nunity le		were no structures
	C						at wome	en did not

Economic Outlook •••

The following index is a composite of households' perceptions of a long-term positive economic outlook.



Average monthly income reported by households: 7,376 AFN

% of households by reported location of the breadwinner's employment:10



Of households reporting breadwinner's employment in another province, main province reported:

Kandahar

- In another, nearby 17% settlement
- 22% In the district capital
- 41% In the province capital
- In another province of 1% Afghanistan
- In another country 4%

Of households reporting breadwinner's employment in another province, main district reported:

Kandahar

5. Result is reported by key informants (KIs) and is therefore not representative of the population. 6. The results represent the top 3 responses so some responses are not represented and the total of the values is not equal to 100%.

7. Respondents could select from the following: yes (dark grey), no (blue) and don't know (light grey).



0%	High negative perception		
0%	Negative perception	70%	Positive perception
30%	Neutral perception	0%	High positive perception

Top three primary sources of income reported by households: 6,8

Unskilled labour Skilled labour Small business/sales/rent



For 0% of households, the first source of income was reported to be from borrowing/loans/humanitarian assistance/remittances.

Of the assessed households, 14% reported having their own businesses.

For 100% of households that reported having their own business, it was in: wholesale, retail, hotels and restaurants.



100% of households reported that if they needed money or resources for their own businesses, there were **no** support networks or institutions that could help them.

95% of households reported receiving no support from the government or non-governmental organisations (NGOs) for small or local businesses.

Of households that reported receiving support for small and local businesses, the main type of support was:8

20%	Government financial help	80%	NGO financial help
0%	Government material help	0%	NGO material help

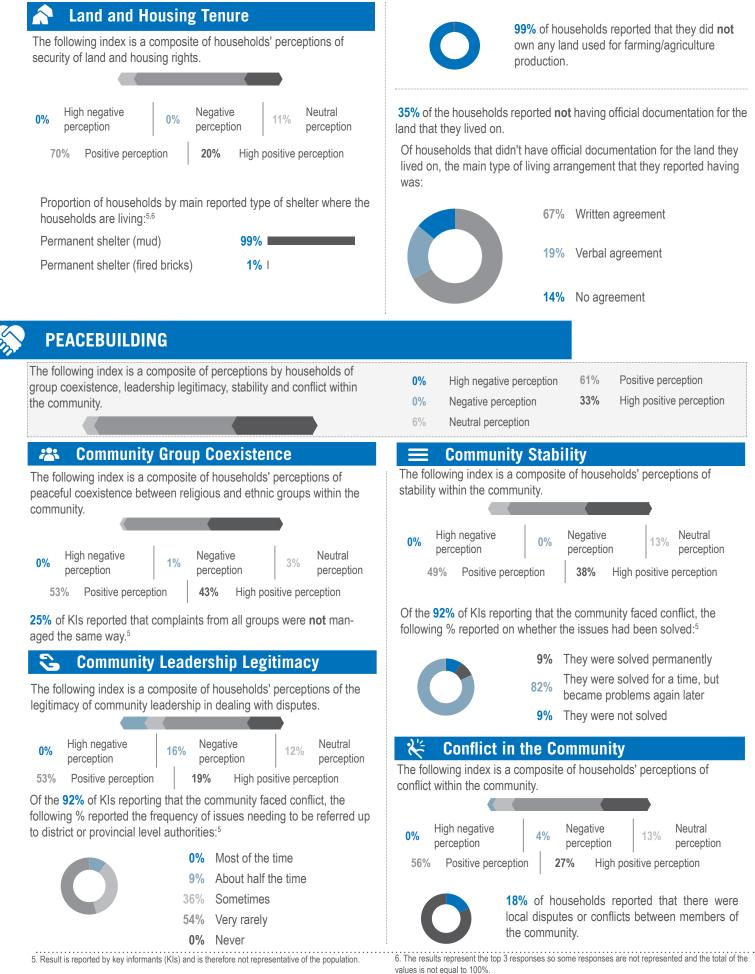
8. Respondents could select up to three options.

10. A breadwinner is defined as any individual over the age of 16 who is providing the main source of income for the household through work.





March 2021

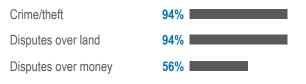




55

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Of households reporting that there are conflicts, the top three reasons were:6,8



Of households reporting conflict in the community, the top three actors involved were:6,8

Landowners 83%	
Households 72%	

Of households reporting conflict in the community, the top three actors to whom they would report the issue were:6,8

Imam/religious organizations

Community leader for the entire location Friends or neighbours

0.	
89%	
83%	
67%	

March 2021

PARR PROGRAMME SUPPORT ACTIVITY IMPACT



31% of households reported that they were **not** aware of any NGOs working in their location to help support the community in any way in the last year.7

% of households by reported type of assistance received in the last year:8

- 0% Community development
- 0% Energy
- 17% Infrastructure
- 0% Shelter
- 26% WASH¹²
- 0% Other

3% Health 23% Livelihoods 19% Special assistance

74% Education

0% Don't know

4% of households reported that they did not receive assistance in the last year.

Of those households that received support, top three reported ways that the support has improved their overall wellbeing:6,8

Improved access to services

Improved livelihood opportunities or household income

Improved community leadership inclusivity and responsiveness

55% 42% 27%

Of households receiving assistance, % of households by degree to which the support received has improved their overall well being:



- Improved a lot 15%
- 61% Improved a little
- It has not changed much 24%
- It has made things slightly worse 0%
- 0% It has made things a lot worse

6. The results represent the top 3 responses so some responses are not represented and the total of the values is not equal to 100%.

7. Respondents could select from the following: yes (dark grey), no (blue) and don't know (light grey). 8. Respondents could select up to three options

About IMPACT INITIATIVES

IMPACT Initiatives (IMPACT) is a leading Geneva-based think and do tank, created in 2010. IMPACT aims to shape practices and influence policies in humanitarian and development settings in order to positively impact the lives of people and their communities

56



% of households reporting receiving the following training in this location in the last year:8 **00/ 0** 1 1/

0%	Agriculture	13%	Business
75%	Computer training	0%	Cosmetics
63%	Handcrafts	0%	Healthcare
0%	Languages	0%	Religious
0%	Teacher training	0%	Other

% of households reporting that the following vocational training would be helpful for the labour market:8

13%	Agriculture	57%	Business
48%	Computer training	10%	Cosmetics
66%	Handcrafts	54%	Healthcare
6%	Languages	1%	Religious
38%	Teacher training	2%	None
0%	Other		

% of households by main reported problems for the community:

1% Lack of education access 0% Lack of infrastructure 0% Non-integrated IDP or returnee 0% Insecurity¹¹ populations Lack of clean water 26% Lack of adequate healthcare 23% 51% Lack of livelihood opportunities Lack of shelters 0% Unresponsive community 0% 0% Other leadership

Community Development Initiatives



84% of households reported not being able to provide input on any community development projects.7

Of households that reported being able to provide input, 0% felt that their input was not considered for community development planning.7

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11. Insecurity defined as a general feeling, and referred to either direct violence or perceived concerns of it.

12. Water, Sanitation and Hygiene



ANNEX 1

For this assessment, a composite indicator for 13 separate measures of progress were calculated from the HHI results. This composite indicator combined the reported results from a series of Likert-scale questions ranking overall agreement or disagreement with different questions relating to the composite indicator (shown in the right-hand column). These composite indicators were used in turn combined to measure progress over four key objectives. This allowed REACH to produce an index for each major indicator, which could be compared against the programme goals. For each composite indicator, the indicators were added up, with each question counting as equal weight, and were then normalized to a 0-1 scale. This scale was then broken into five ordinal categories based on rank, as seen in the center column below.

Calculation of the composite indicator

Step 1: For each indicator, average of the response Step 2: Normalize the score of the average response and divide by the total

Step 3: Report this score on the ranking

Step 4: Calculate the % of the result for each ranking for each indicator of the composite index

Step 5: The higher the score is, better the perception by households

Ranking

- 0 0.20 = High negative perception 0.21 - 0.4 = Negative perception 0.41 - 0.6 = Neutral perception
- 0.61-0.8 = Positive perception
- 0.81 1 = High positive perception

Likert scales

Strongly disagree	1
Disagree	2
Neither agree nor disagree	3
Agree	4
Strongly agree	5
l do not know	NA
Refuse to answer	NA

Index	Indicators	Questions	Answers	Values
INDEX 1 Community Leadership Inclusivity	Indicator 1 Local Governance Inclusivity	I think that when I bring feedback or complaints to community leaders, my feedback is considered and listened to	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I believe that the community leadership responds to all households in {location} equally, regardless of tribe, displacement status or gender	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I believe that community leadership's management of issues benefits everyone in the community equally	Likert scale	1-5,NA
	Indicator 2 Community Trust	In cases of tension or disagreement with those outside my community, I would go to community leadership to solve the issues experienced	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		In my experience, the community leadership are effective in resolving disputes between community members	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The situation in {location} in terms of relations between the community members and community leadership has improved through the past month	Likert scale	1-5,NA
	Indicator 3 Feedback Mechanism Effectiveness	When I have issues that I need addressed, I use the complaint and feedback mechanisms provided	Likert scale	1-5,NA
	LIEGUVEIIESS	I think that the feedback mechanisms are an effective way of holding people in charge accountable for their actions	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I am confident that any complaint, suggestion or comment submitted through the mechanism will get a response	Likert scale	1-5,NA



March 2021

Index	Indicators	Questions	Answers	Values
INDEX 1 Community Leadership Inclusivity	Indicator 4 Community Tensions	There are frequent disputes between community members in {location} that create tensions between many people in the whole community	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I can trust everyone living in {location} community regardless of their ethnic, religious, or tribal background	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The communication between the community members and the community leadership/local governance has improved over the past year	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The ideas of some members of the community in \${location} are in conflict with other community members	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		There are continuous incidents involving violence or confrontation between community members who live in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		Certain areas in {location} I prefer to try to avoid because I do not feel safe	Likert scale	1-5,NA
INDEX 2	Indicator 5 Service Quality	I am satisfied with the quality of shelter that my household and I live in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
Strengthening Public Services and Equitable Access		I am satisfied with access to healthcare and the treatment that is available for myself or my household in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The health personnel at the health centres in {location} are well trained	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		My household has a secure income from employment that is able to cover my basic needs	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I am satisfied with the quality of education that exists for children in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I am satisfied with my household's access to sufficient water in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I feel my rights as a community member are respected by the local authorities in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I can rely on the available services in healthcare that are provided in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I can rely on the available services in education that are provided in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I can rely on the available water services that are provided in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I am satisfied with access to healthcare and the treatment that is available for myself or my household in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		Every community member has the same access to services that are available for healthcare in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		Every community member has the same access to services that are available for education in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA



March 2021

Index	Indicators	Questions	Answers	Values
INDEX 2 Strengthening Public Services and Equitable Access	5	Every community member has the same access to services that are available for water in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I feel that community leadership is making an effort to be accountable to the wider community living in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I believe that the community leadership is providing resources in a way that is beneficial for the larger community	Likert scale	1-5,NA
INDEX 3 Income Genera-	Indicator 7 Women's	Community leaders are playing an important role in supporting women in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
tion and Economic	Empowerment	Girls are encouraged and receive the same level and years of education as boys in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
Empowerment		Women can trust the community (leaders) supportiveness to play an active role in the {location} community	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		Women are being more and more encouraged to find a job in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		A woman can be a leader in {location}, just like a man can	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		A woman in {location} is allow to have a bank account	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		There are a growing number of jobs available in the area where I live	Likert scale	1-5,NA
	Indicator 8 Economic Outlook	I believe that the community leadership is providing resources in a way that is beneficial for the larger community	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I, or other members of my household, are thinking of moving somewhere else for employment/to find a job that meets our needs or skills	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		If I lost my job, I feel like I could find other job opportunities easily	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The opportunities in the market are becoming better, with better salaries	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I, or other members of my household, have to travel long distances for employment/to find a job	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		It is more difficult for me and members of my household to find a job than other households in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		Existing enterprises or businesses have difficulties finding employees with the right education/technical background in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I am confident my household will have a secure income in the coming 12 months	Likert scale	1-5,NA



March 2021

Index	Indicators	Questions	Answers	Values
INDEX 3 Income Generation	Indicator 9 Land and Housing Tenure	I feel secure in my household and do not worry about eviction or needing to find a new place to live	Likert scale	1-5,NA
and Economic Empowerment	Tonaro	Anyone who moves here from outside of {location} can easily access land or housing if they need it	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		Legal services are able to help any household looking for housing or land	Likert scale	1-5,NA
INDEX 4 Peacebuilding	Indicator 10 Community Group Coexistence	Certain population groups/community members are not accepted in the community because of conflict-related grievances	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		Community leaders are taking measures to strengthen relations between different groups within {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The community leadership represent all community members and groups within {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
	Indicator 11 Community Leadership Legitimacy	If I need the support of the community leader to solve an issue, I trust that "my side" of the story will be heard	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The community leadership plays an important role in solving conflicts with other groups in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		In cases of disagreement with those outside of \${location}, I can go to my community leaders for assistance	Likert scale	1-5,NA
	Indicator 12 Community Stability	The presence of police or other security actors in {location} contribute to my feeling of safety	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I feel that the authorities can deal with crime, disputes, or threats to the community when needed	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		The community leadership have the capacity to play a positive role in dealing with disputes within the greater community in {location}	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		All communities in the area are equally represented in local government bodies	Likert scale	1-5,NA
	Indicator 13 Conflict in the Community	There is currently conflict between different groups in the community	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I avoid contact with certain groups or community members due to previous conflicts or disagreements	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		I expect the situation in {location} to be peaceful over the next year	Likert scale	1-5,NA
		There are violent incidents in {location} that affect my household's physical safety	Likert scale	1-5,NA

