Informal Settlement Profile: Saracha Ali Khan

Behsud District, Nangarhar Province, Afghanistan November 2016



Background

This profile provides an overview of conditions in the informal settlement Saracha Ali Khan, located in Behsud district, Nangarhar province. This settlement is rural and its residents live in mud houses with solid roofs.

Key Figures

	Households (HH)	Individuals	Avg HH Size
Current residents	1,600	11,200	7.0
IDPs	100	700	7.0
Returnees	1,500	10,500	7.0

Size of settlement	3,702,402 sq m	
Average area per person	331 sq m	
Altitude	508 m	

HH Arrivals in the Last Six Months IDPs Returnees

70

Jul 2016

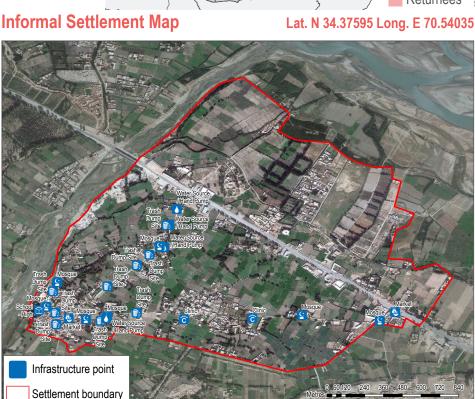
50

100

Aug 2016

20

Sep 2016 Oct 2016



⅓→ Displacement

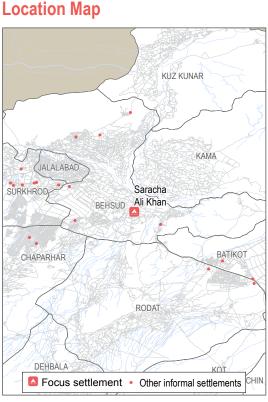
This informal settlement is situated 6km to the east of the city of Jalalabad. The land is privately owned and each household pays a monthly rent of 6,000 Afghanis. Most of the settlement are from Tajik communities, although 30% are from Pashtun populations. Residents consist of both IDPs, from Kunar, Paktya, and other parts of Nangarhar province, and returnees from Pakistan.

The settlement was first established in 1992 by 20 households travelling from Peshawar, Pakistan. For ten years, the site remained stable until 400 returnee households joined in 2002, also from Peshawar. In 2008, a further 500 Peshwari households arrived. In 2012, 300 returnee households entered the site from the F.A.T.A. region. Throughout 2016, a further 280 returnee households from Punjab, Pakistan and 100 IDP households joined the site from Nangarhar, Paktya and Kunar.

The settlement has access to drinking water and potential employment opportunities. As such, residents reportedly intend to stay in the site. However, there is no access to health or education facilities.

Previous Areas of Residence





30

May 2016 Jun 2016