

#### **Table of Content**

- REACH Overview
- Project Overview
- Methodology
- Findings

#### **ABOUT REACH**



Hosts REACH Global Team and oversees global strategy & programming



Hosts and facilitates REACH field operations

# REACH



Provides remote sensing expertise & technical support

The REACH Consortium comprises
ACTED, IMPACT Initiatives and UNOSAT.
REACH brings together and builds upon the
complementary expertise and capacities of the
three consortium partners at the global and country levels.

#### **REACH Aims**

- To reduce the impact of emergencies on communities
- 2 To support evidencebased humanitarian planning and response
- To inform recovery and development action that builds community resilience

- Assess the risk and potential impact of conflicts and disasters
- Conduct rapid postemergency multi-sector and sector-specific needs assessments
- Facilitate assessments and information management of social services

- Facilitate the set up of early warning systems
- Support humanitarian information management with data processing and mapping
- Conduct economic and market assessments and analysis

- Support the development of contingency planning
- Promote and support monitoring and evaluation of the humanitarian response
- Carry out assessments on natural resources and the impact of their use

# EACH Informing more effective humanitarian acti

#### **REACH Programmes in Somalia**

- IDP Settlement Assessments
  - Mapping of service availability
  - Needs and intentions assessment
  - Displacement monitoring
- Rapid Assessments/Joint Multi-Cluster Needs Assessments
  - Triggered by clusters or partners
  - ❖WASH, Food Security, Health
- Cash & Markets
  - Water price monitoring
  - CWG support
- IM Support to Clusters and Partners

# EACH Informing more effective humanitarian acti

### **Project Objectives**

- Consolidate shared indicators and tools for monitoring of movement and intentions at border crossings and in Dadaab camp
- Develop a statistically significant, random sampled assessment of household movement and intentions in Dadaab camp
- To support methodological development of intentions and border monitoring by NRC and RCK
- To facilitate enhanced data availability and analysis on cross-border movement and intentions monitoring in Dadaab, Kenya

# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian active

#### Methodology

#### **Indicative Camp Assessments**

- Between May and November 2017, NRC and RCK monitors conducted household level surveys relating to intentions, movements and key service access indicators from residents of Dadaab who accessed services.
- The surveys were conducted with household representatives at the service points
- Households were selected through convenience sampling
- A total of 932 HH surveys were conducted
- These surveys were pilots to test the tools and methodology

# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian acti

### Methodology

#### Representative camp assessments

- Representatively sampled household survey which produced findings that can be generalized to the entire population sampled at 95% confidence level and 10% margin of error at individual camp level
- Total target sample 380 households across the four camps
- The data was weighted during analysis to account for lack of proportionality for individual camp samples
- Enumerators distributed the surveys in the sections by doing one interview per block; some blocks were randomly deselected as there are 399 blocks in the Dadaab complex

### Representative assessment sampling

Camp	Population	Households	Sample
Dagahaley	68,783	15,162	101
Hagadera	83,940	20,149	99
lfo	64,159	14,756	100
Ifo 2	23,713	5015	80
TOTAL	240,595	55,082	380

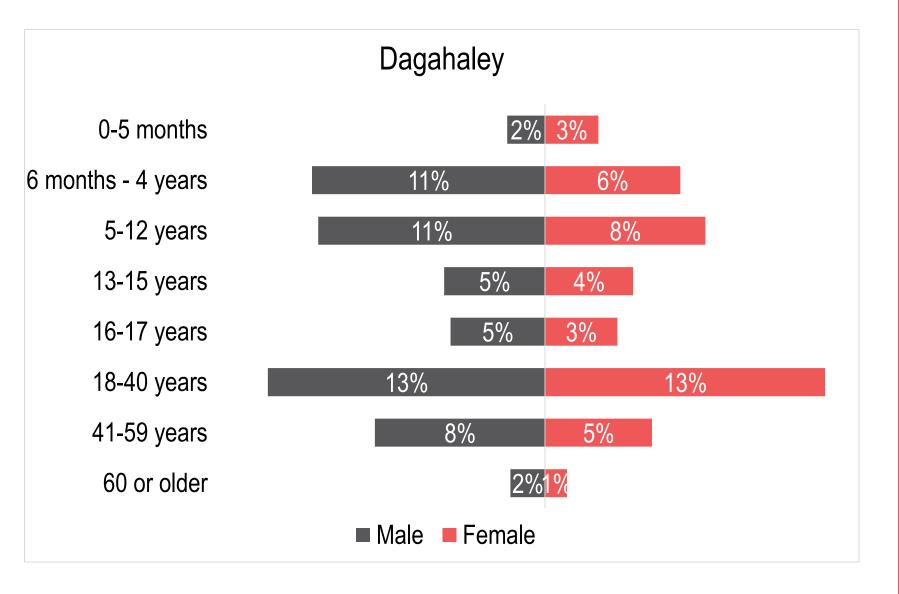
# Findings – Household Camp Assessment

- 1. Demographics & Vulnerability 5.
- 2. Displacement
- 3. Intentions
- 4. Returns data

- 5. Registration & Community Management
- 6. Assistance
- 7. Communications

## **Demographics & Vulnerability**

	Dagahaley	Hagadera	lfo 2	Ifo Main	Dadaab
Children	57%	62%	60%	59%	59%
Female	18%	18%	14%	17%	17%
Male	21%	18%	17%	20%	19%
Elderly	3%	1%	9%	4%	4%







6 months - 4 years

5-12 years

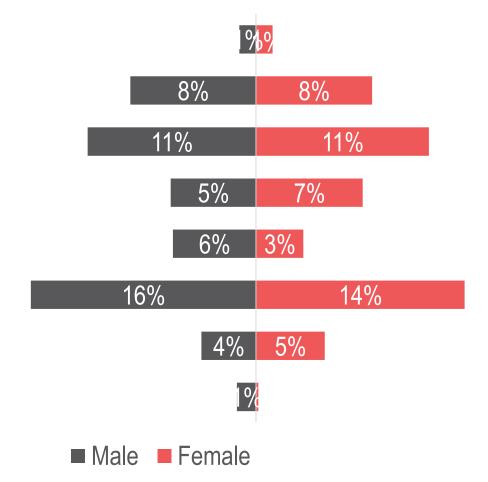
13-15 years

16-17 years

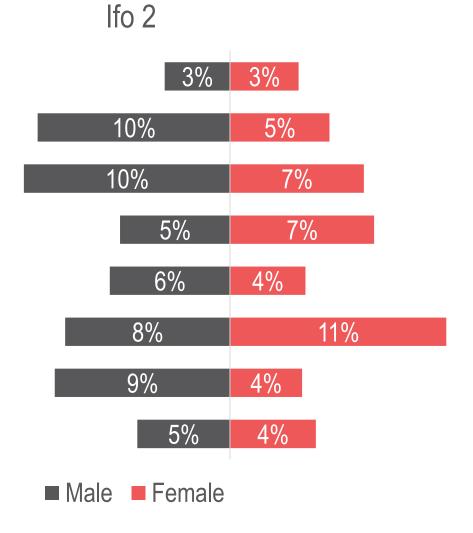
18-40 years

41-59 years

60 or older



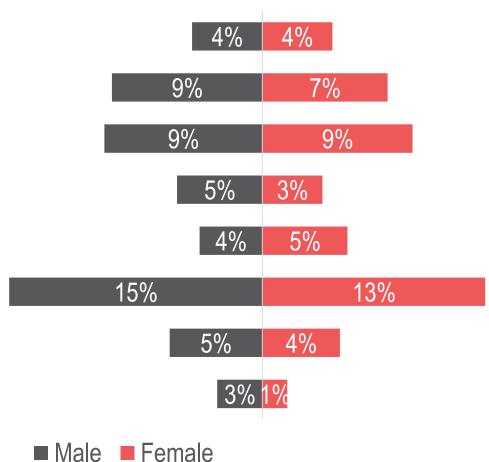






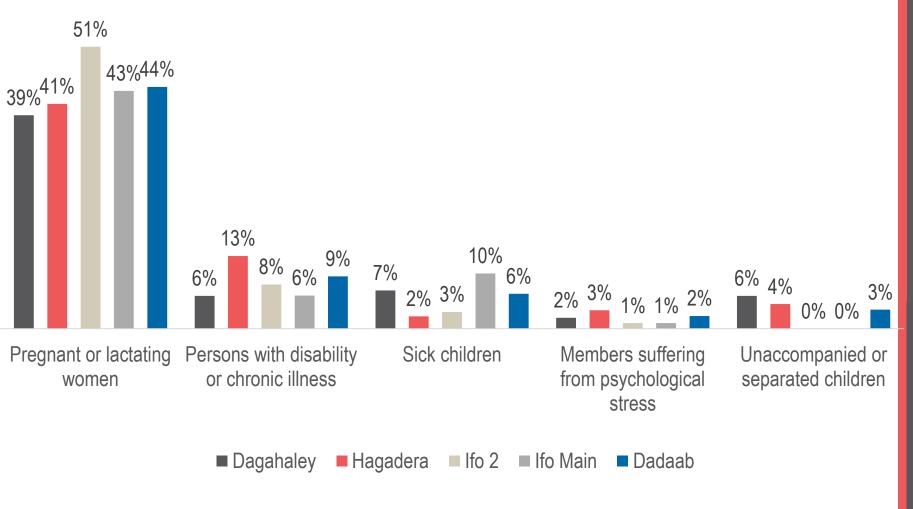
0-5 months 6 months - 4 years 5-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18-40 years 41-59 years

60 or older



## **Vulnerability**

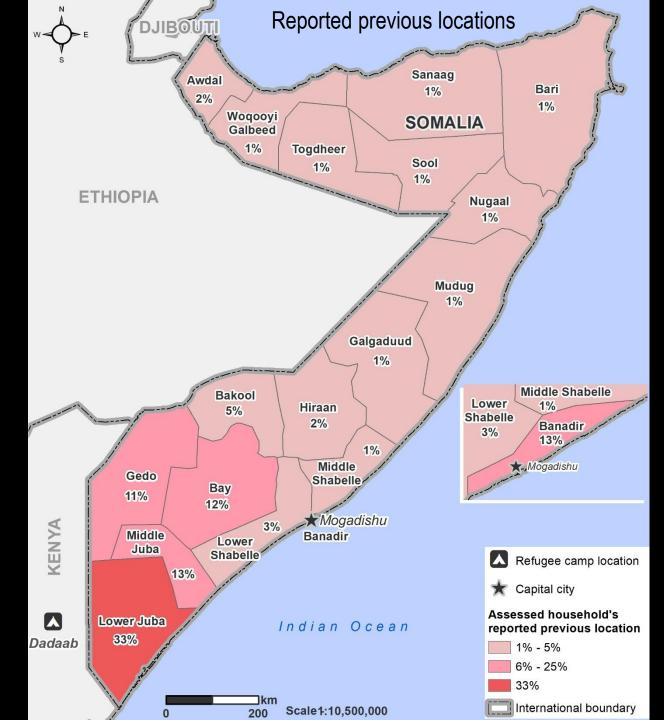
Vulnerable groups as reported by % of HHs



## Findings – Household Camp Assessment

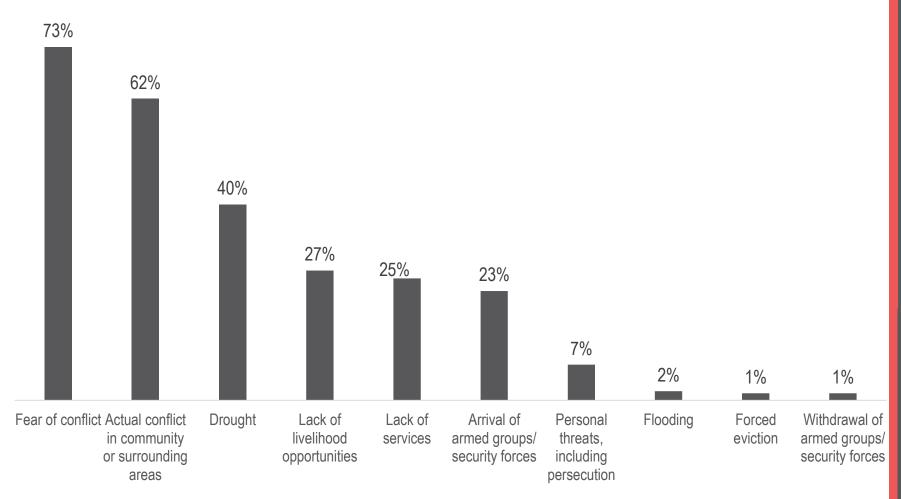
- 1. Demographics & Vulnerability 5.
- 2. Displacement
- 3. Intentions
- 4. Returns data

- 5. Registration & Community Management
- 6. Assistance
- 7. Communications



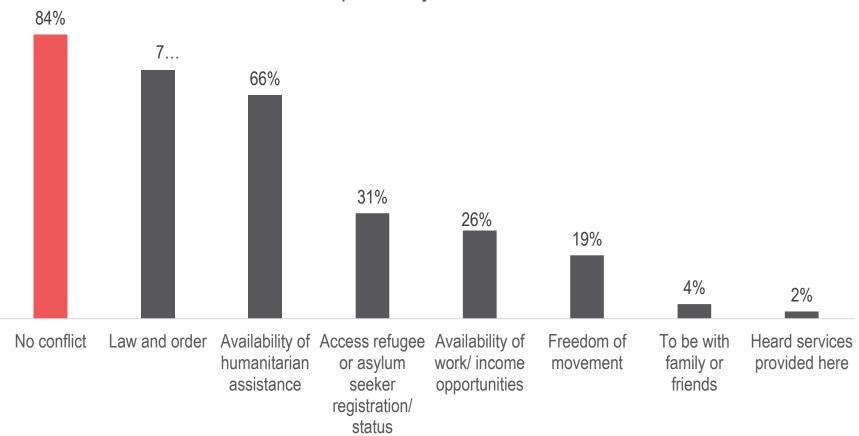
#### **Displacement**

Dadaab-Most common reasons for leaving area of origin as reported by % of HHs



### **Displacement**

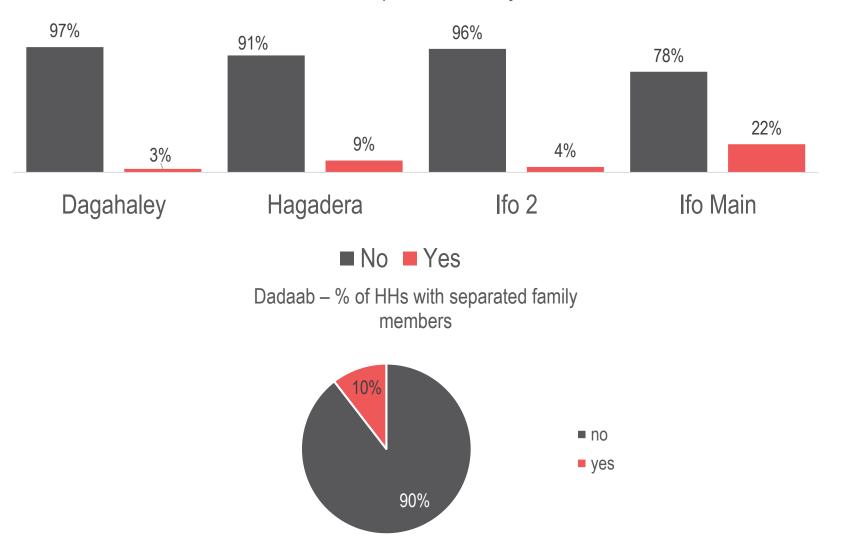
Dadaab- Most common reasons for choosing to come to the camp as reported by % of HHs



# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

#### Separated family members

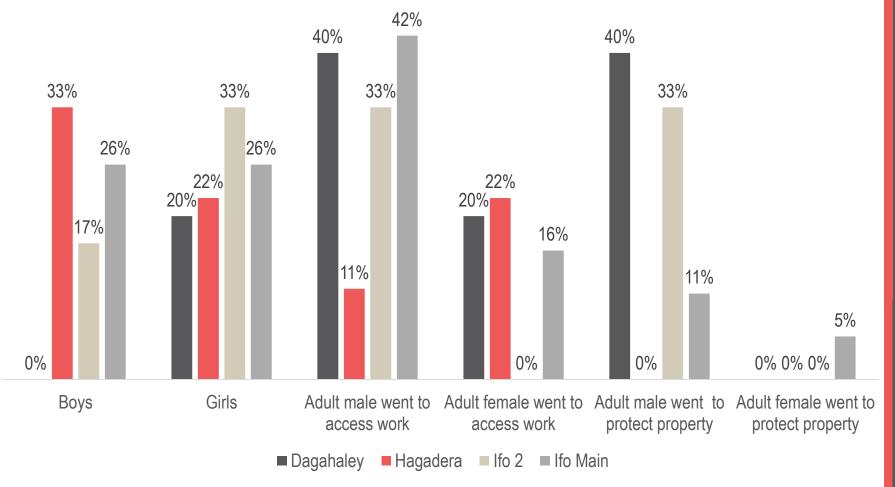
% of HHs with separated family members



# EACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

#### Separated family members

% of HHs reporting the following types of separations



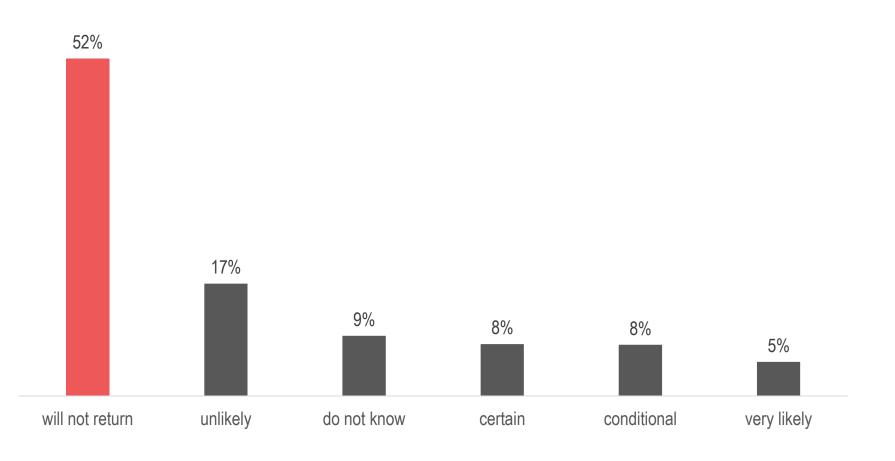
# Findings – Household Camp Assessment

- 1. Demographics & Vulnerability 5.
- 2. Displacement
- 3. Intentions
- 4. Returns data

- 5. Registration & Community Management
- 6. Assistance
- 7. Communications

#### **Intentions**

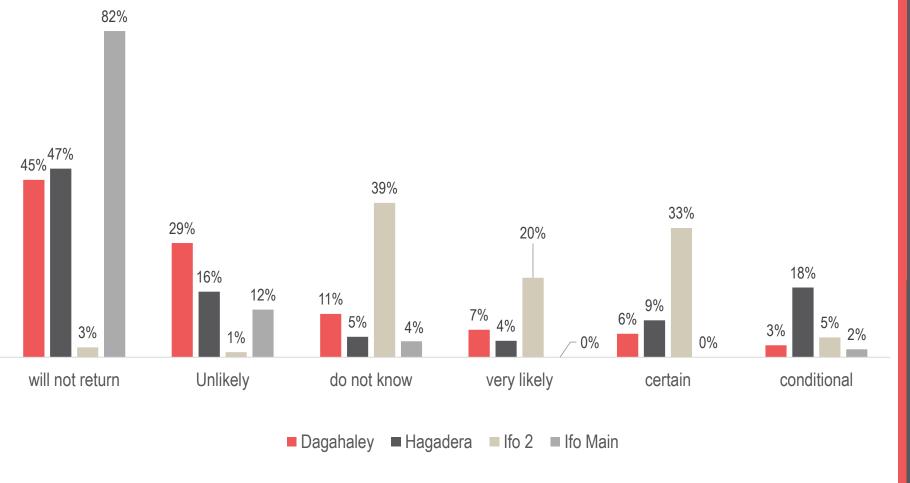
Likelihood of any member planning to return to Somalia in the next six months following the assessment as reported by % of HHs- Dadaab



# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

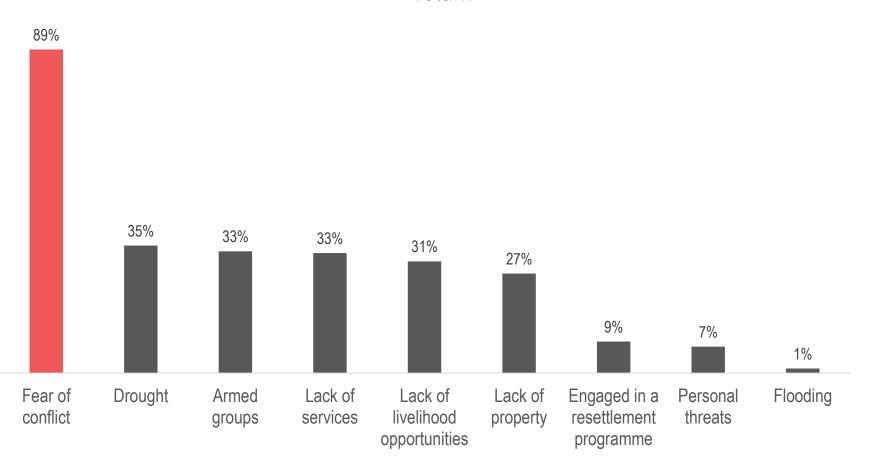
#### **Intentions**

Likelihood of any member planning to return to Somalia in the next six months following the assessment as reported by % of HHs



#### **Intentions**

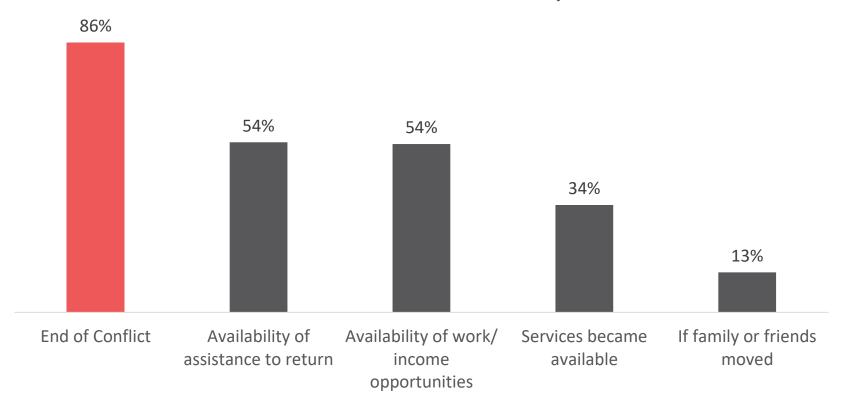
Dadaab- Reasons why return is not likely reported by HHs not likely to return



# FACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

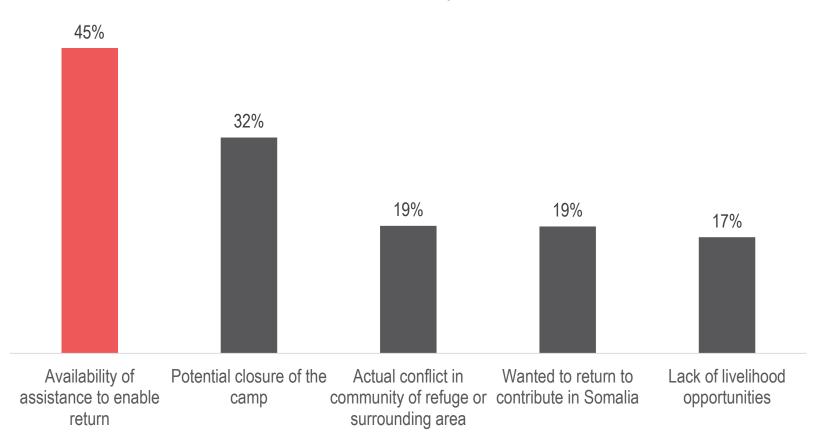
#### Intentions

Dadaab- Factors that would influence return reported by HHs who would not return or are unlikely to return



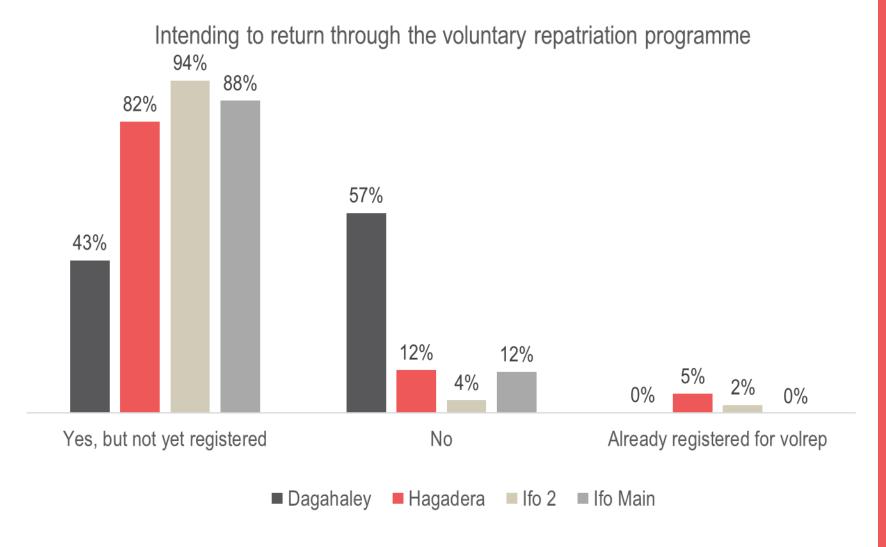
#### Intentions

Dadaab- Reasons for considering returning to Somalia reported by HHs who are likely to return or certain to return



# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

#### **Intentions**



### Findings – Household Camp Assessment

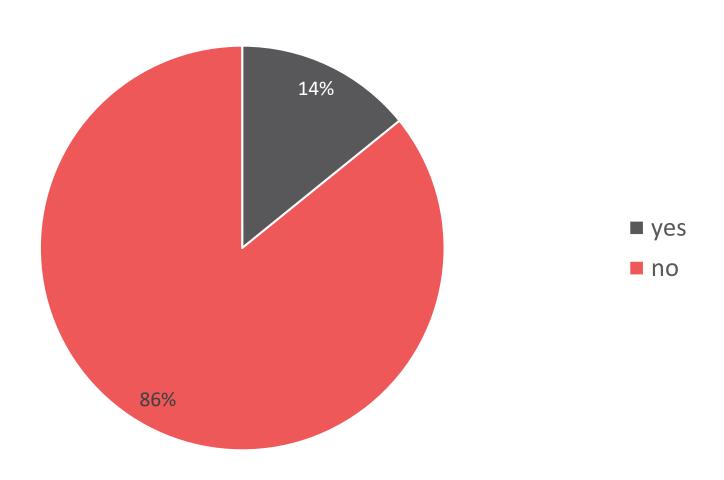
- 1. Demographics & Vulnerability 5.
- 2. Displacement
- 3. Intentions
- 4. Returns data

- 5. Registration & Community
  - Management
- 6. Assistance
- 7. Communications

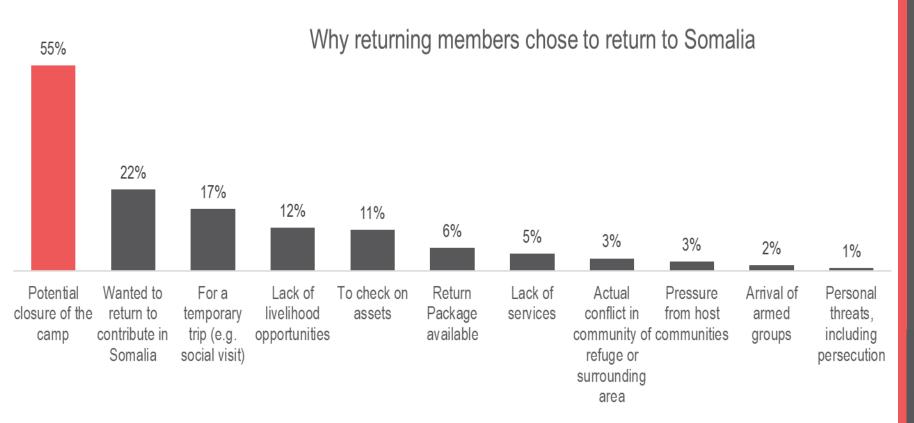
# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

#### Returns

% of HHs with members that have returned to Somalia

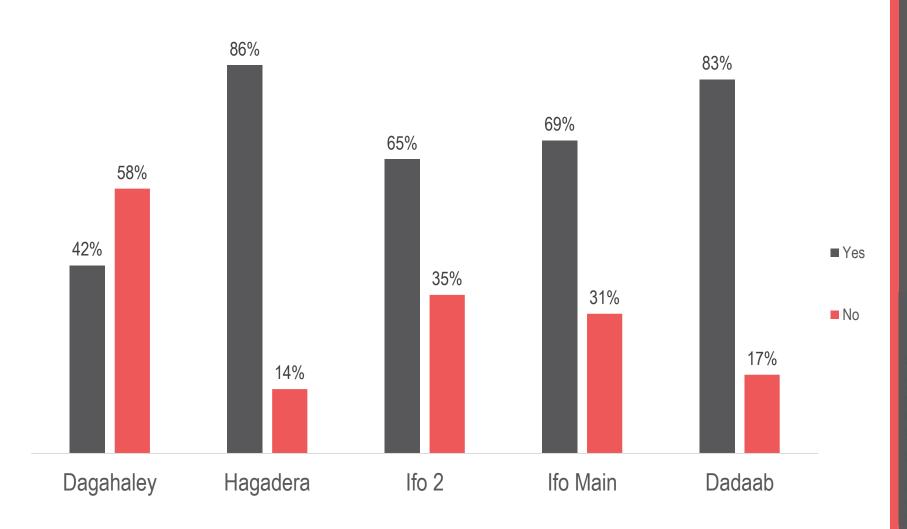


#### Returns



#### Returns

#### % of HHs returning to district of origin



#### Reason for returning members choosing to return to Somalia as reported by % of HHs

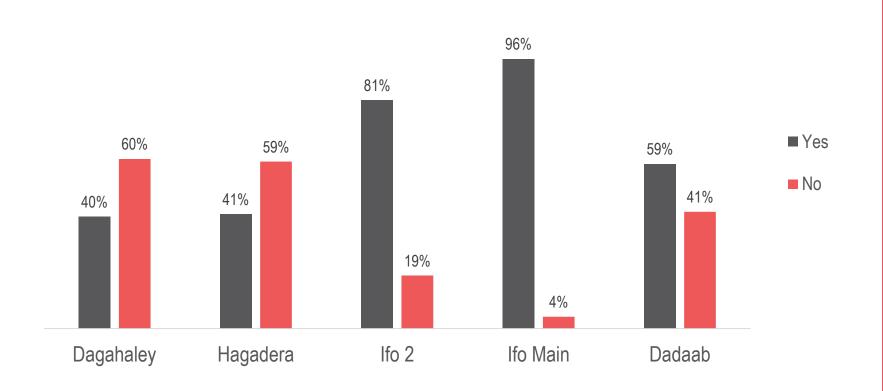
Dagahaley	
Lack of livelihood opportunities	63%
Potential closure of the camp	50%
Wanted to return to contribute in Somalia	38%
Lack of services	25%
Availability of assistance to enable return	25%
To check on assets	13%

Hagadera	
Potential closure of the camp	75%
For a temporary trip (e.g. social visit)	25%
Actual conflict in community of refuge/ area	4%
Wanted to return to contribute in Somalia	4%
Pressure from host communities	4%
To check on assets	4%

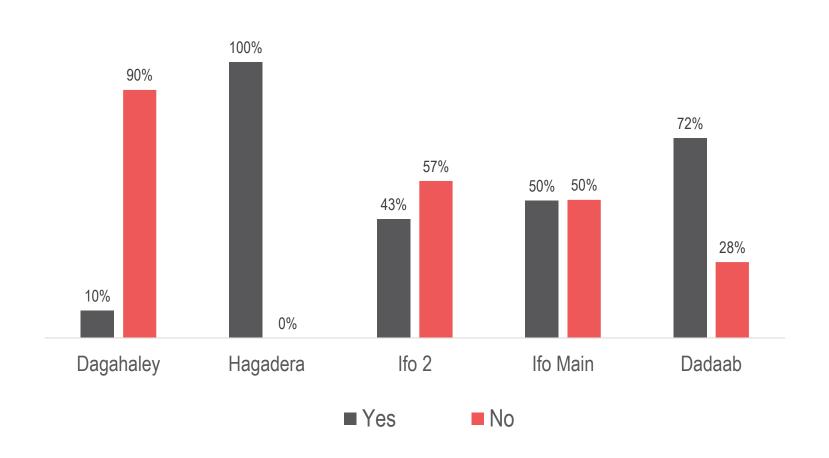
Ifo 2	
Availability of assistance to enable return	43%
Arrival of armed groups	29%
Actual conflict in community of refuge/ area	14%
Personal threats, including persecution	14%
Lack of services	14%
For a temporary trip (e.g. social visit)	14%

Ifo Main	
Wanted to return to contribute in Somalia	88%
To check on assets	38%
Lack of livelihood opportunities	13%

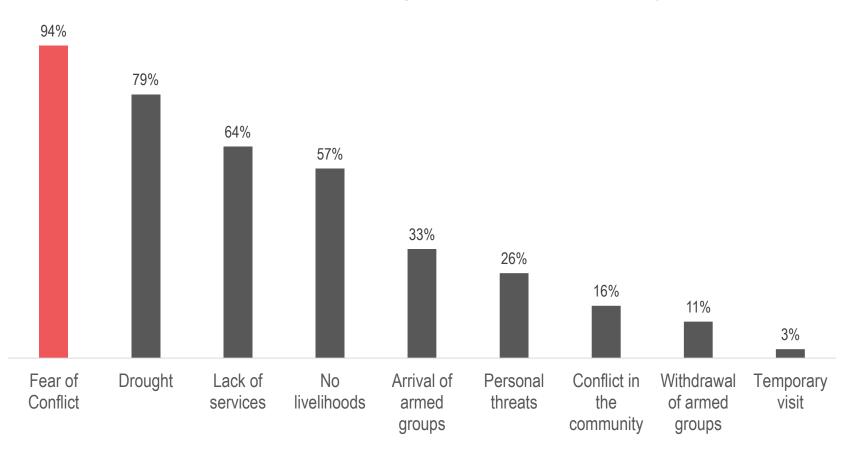
Returnees staying in IDP sites upon return to Somalia as reported by % of HHs



% of HHs with members that re-returned to Kenya



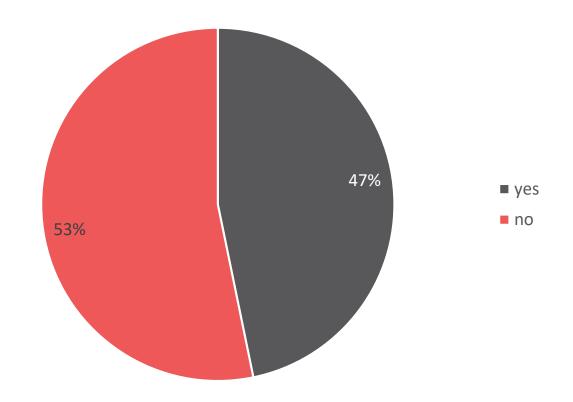
Dadaab - Reasons for re-returning to Dadaab as reported by % of HHs



# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Returns

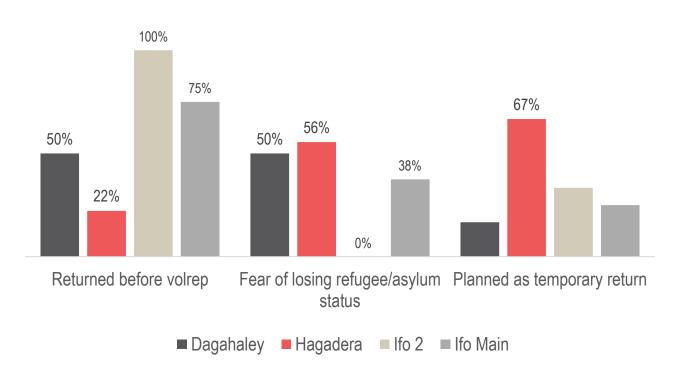
% of HHs with returning members that registered for voluntary repatriation with UNHCR or authorities in Kenya



## EACH Informing more effective humanitarian actio

#### Returns

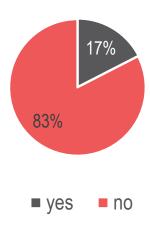
### Reasons for returning members not to register for volrep with UNHCR as reported by % of HHs



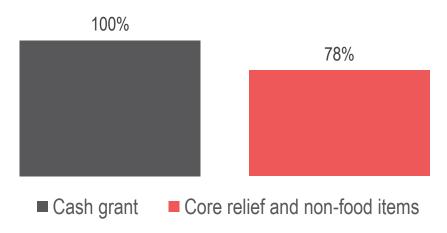
# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Returns

% of HHs reporting volrep package as being sufficient



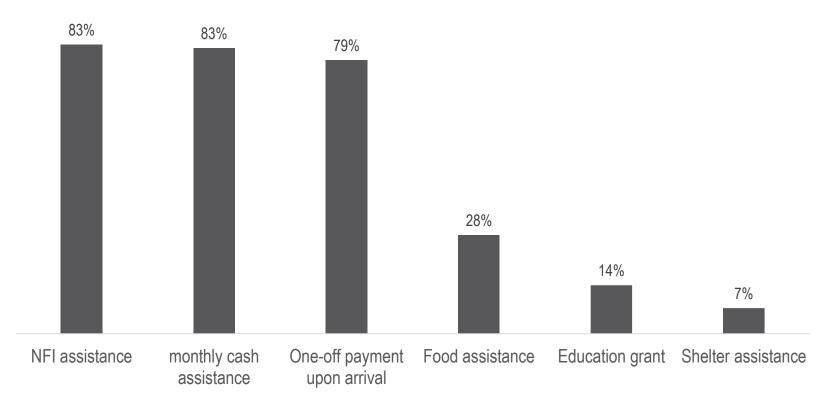
Dadaab - Elements of volrep package received in Kenya as reported by % of HHs



### FACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Returns

Dadaab - Elements of volrep package received in Somalia as reported by % of HHs



### Findings – Household Camp **Assessment**

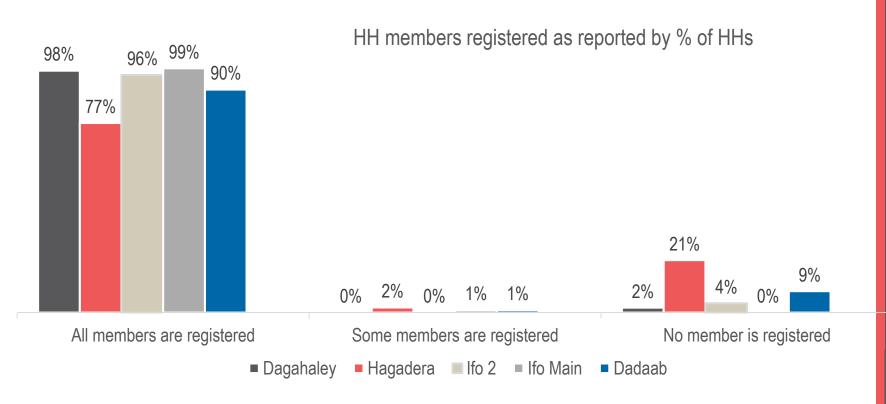
- Displacement
- **Intentions**
- Returns data

- Demographics & Vulnerability 5. Registration & Community Management
  - **Assistance**
  - Communications

### Registration & Community Management

- 21% of the assessed households in Hagadera camp reported not having any member registered as a refugee or asylum seeker in the camp.
- 34% of the assessed households in Dadaab reported that they cannot move freely in the community, mainly due to lack of movement pass and roadblocks.

### Registration & Community Management



# EACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Registration & Community Management

- 6% of the sample population were not registered.
- 6% of the total Dadaab population corresponds to 14,435 people

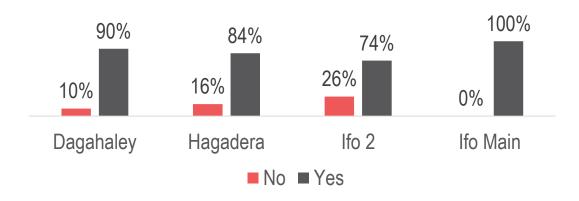
Reason why HH members are not registered



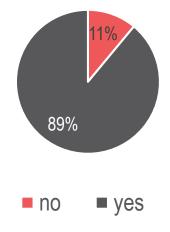
# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Registration & Community Management

% of HHs with at least one member holding identity documentation



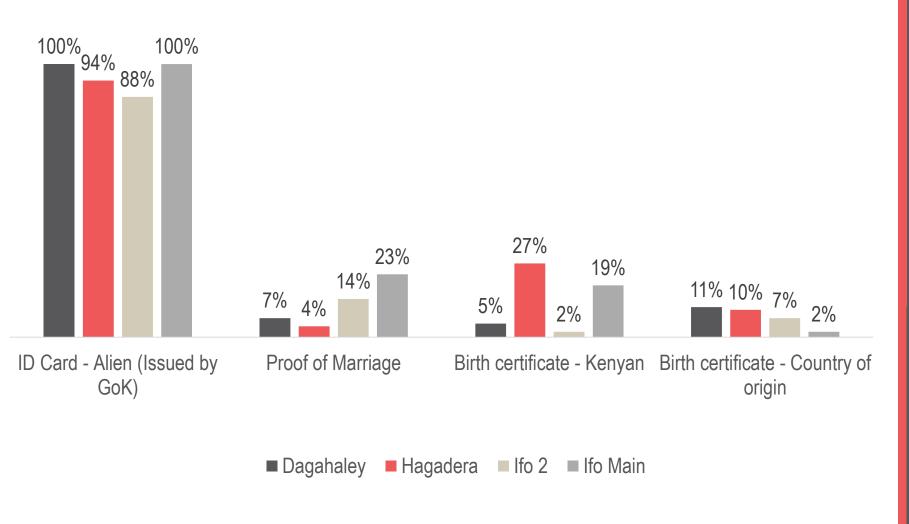
Dadaab- % of HHs with at east one member holding identity documentation



# REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Registration & Community Management

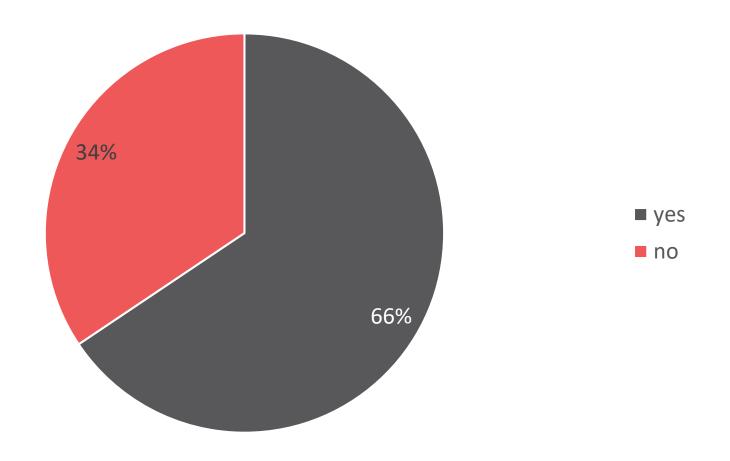
Type of documentation as reported by % of HHs



### REACH Informing more effective humanitarian acti

### **Registration & Community Management**

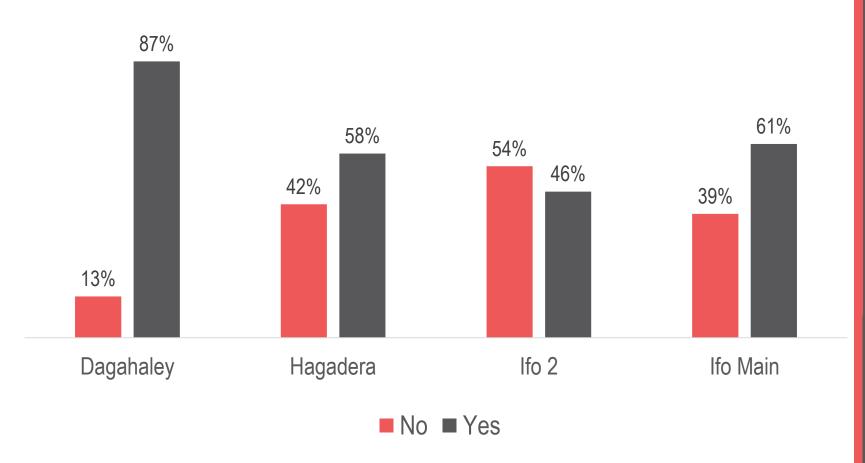
Dadaab- Free movement in the community as reported by % of HHs



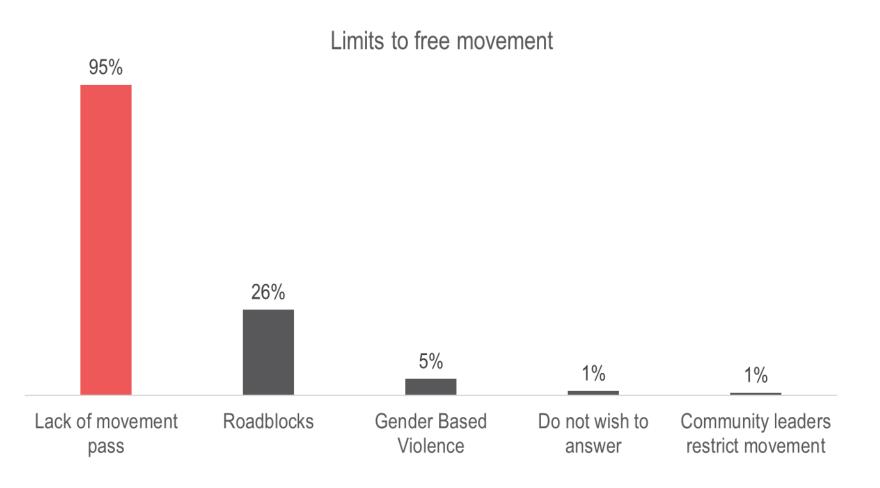
## EACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Registration & Community Management

Free movement in the Community as reported by % of HHs



### Registration & Community Management



### Registration & Community Management Household members that experienced violence

- 16% of the assessed households in Dadaab reported having at least one member of their household who experienced violence in the last three months prior to the assessment
- 74% of these households reported beating as the form of violence experienced
- Gender based violence was experienced by 23% of the households that reported experiencing violence
- 4% of the households that had members who experienced violence did not want to specify the form of violence experienced

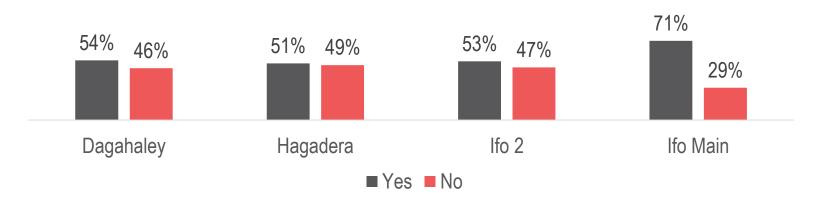
### Findings – Household Camp Assessment

- 1. Demographics & Vulnerability 5.
- 2. Displacement
- 3. Intentions
- 4. Returns data

- 5. Registration & Community Management
- 6. Assistance
- 7. Communications

### **Assistance**

% of HHs that received assistance in last 3 months prior to the assessment



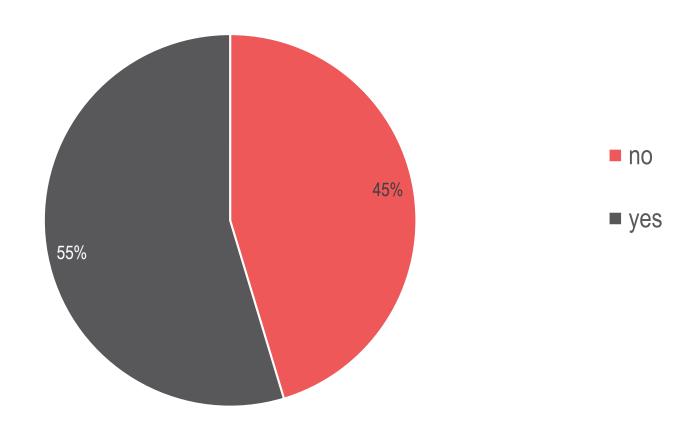
Top 3 assistance types received as reported by % HHs

Dagahaley		Hagadera	
Food	72%	Food	91%
Legal assistance	29%	Shelter materials/cash for shelter	53%
Shelter materials/cash for shelter	21%	Non-food items	43%
Ifo 2		Ifo Main	
Ifo 2	98%	Ifo Main	97%
	98% 31%		97% 25%

# EACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### **Assistance**

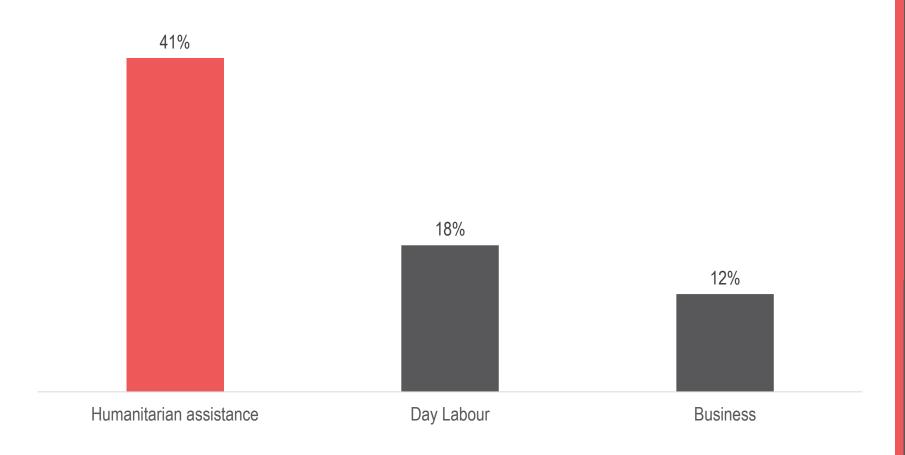
% of HHs that received assistance in the past 3 months prior to the assessment - Dadaab



# EACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### **Assistance**

Dadaab- Top 3 primary support sources as reported by 5 of HHs



### Findings – Household Camp Assessment

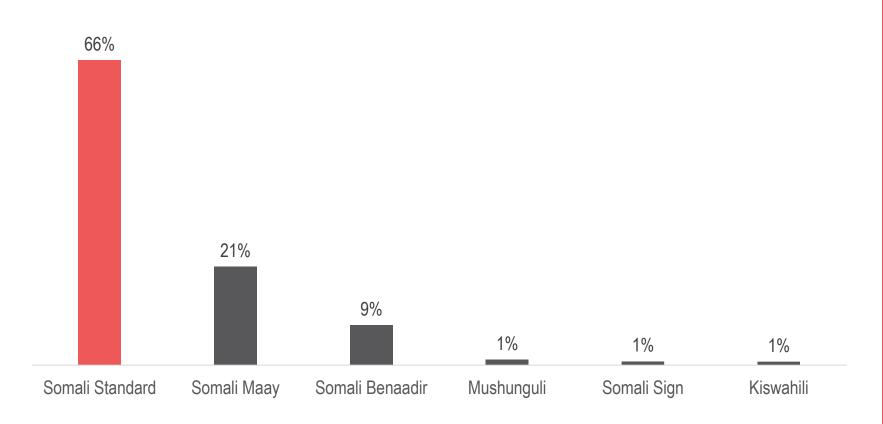
- 1. Demographics & Vulnerability 5.
- 2. Displacement
- 3. Intentions
- 4. Returns data

- 5. Registration & Community
  - Management
- 6. Assistance
- 7. Communications

# FACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

### Communication

Dadaab – Main spoken language as reported by % of HHs



### Communication

Top five most trusted information sources as reported by % of HHs

Dagahaley	
Community leader	73%
Radio	61%
Aid worker	41%
Government official	28%
Friends and family	24%

Hagadera	
Friends and family	89%
Community leader	60%
Radio	38%
Aid worker	28%
Religious leader	23%

Ifo 2	
Friends and family	91%
Community leader	68%
Radio	35%
Aid worker	3%

Ifo Main	
Friends and family	64%
Community leader	61%
Radio	60%
Aid worker	45%
Religious leader	36%

Dadaab	
Friends and family	65%
Community leader	64%
Radio	47%
Aid worker	34%
Religious leader	30%

### Communication

#### Top five most important information needs as reported by % of HHs

Dagahaley	
Camp closure	42%
Health	36%
Security	36%
Movement passes	33%
Education	31%

Hagadera	
Camp closure	64%
Movement passes	47%
Food	47%
Health	38%
Security	37%

Ifo 2	
Missing persons	69%
Health	43%
Food	33%
Camp closure	29%
Security in Somalia	23%

Ifo Main	
Food	70%
Health	46%
Camp closure	42%
Documentation	37%
Security in Somalia	32%

Dadaab		
Camp closure	49%	
Food	45%	
Health	40%	
Movement passes	36%	
Security	33%	

### For more information about REACH, please visit our website

http://www.reach-initiative.org/