

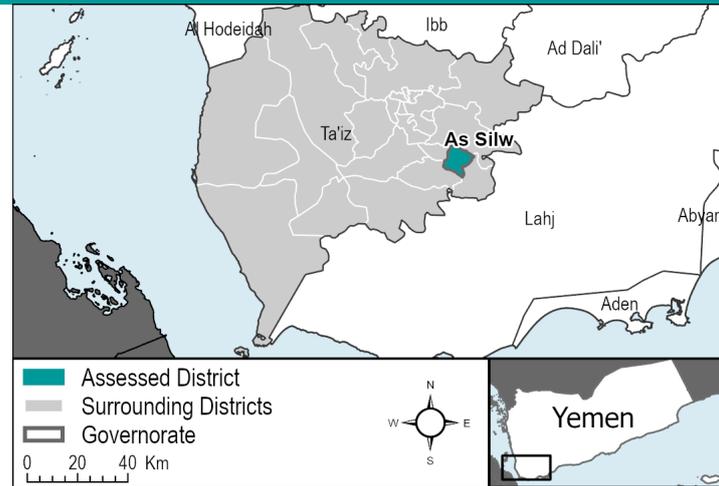
Yemen WASH Needs Tracking System (WANTS)

As Silw District, Ta'iz Governorate

June 2022

The Yemen WASH Cluster launched the WASH Needs Tracking System (WANTS) with the support of REACH to provide high quality WASH needs data and inform more effective WASH programming and planning. The WANTS comprises a set of harmonized monitoring tools which, through partner data collection, provide updated information and analysis on WASH access and needs throughout Yemen.

The common household interview tool are household-level WANTS tool used in common priority districts. The findings below are based on 30 household interviews conducted across 2 communities in As Silw district, Ta'iz governorate. Data was collected in June 2022 by Assistance for Response and Development (ARD). The type of assessed localities were rural areas. These findings should be interpreted as indicative of the WASH needs in As Silw district.



Demographics¹

Total population in district	57,796
Total internally displaced people (IDP) in district	10,242
Proportion of the population living with a disability	15%

Water

% of households who reported using multiple water sources	0%
% of households who reported travelling >30min to fetch water	0%
% of households who reported having enough water for drinking, cooking, bathing and washing in the 30 days prior to data collection	0%
% of households who reported treating their drinking water	0%

Proportion of households reported using each type of main drinking water source in the 30 days prior to data collection:

Unprotected rainwater tank (Unimproved)	50%
Unprotected spring (Unimproved)	50%

100% of households were found to rely on **unimproved water sources²** in the 30 days prior to data collection.

100% of households reported having issues related to the smell, taste and/or appearance of their water in the 30 days prior to data collection. The following issues were reported:³

Bad taste	97%
Bad appearance	3%

Hygiene

0% of the households reported having **soap available** at place for handwashing

Proportion of households reported using each type of main handwashing device in the 30 days prior to data collection:

No device	100%
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100% of households reported having **issues accessing soap** in the 30 days prior to data collection. Of the households that reported issues, the following issues were reported:

Soap is too expensive	100%
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Sanitation

Proportion of households reported using each type of main sanitation facility in the 30 days prior to data collection:

Hanging toilet/latrine (Unimproved)	67%
Open defecation (Unimproved)	30%
Bucket toilet (Unimproved)	3%

0% of households reported **sharing their sanitation facility** with at least one other family in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Participating partner:



1) All demographic information is based on UNOCHA 2022 Yemen Population projections. 2) Improved drinking water source is as a source that, by nature of its construction, adequately protects the water from outside contamination, in particular from faecal matter. 3) Respondents could select more than one answer, results do not add up to 100%.