

YEMEN | JOINT MARKET MONITORING INITIATIVE (JMMI)

August 2024

INTRODUCTION

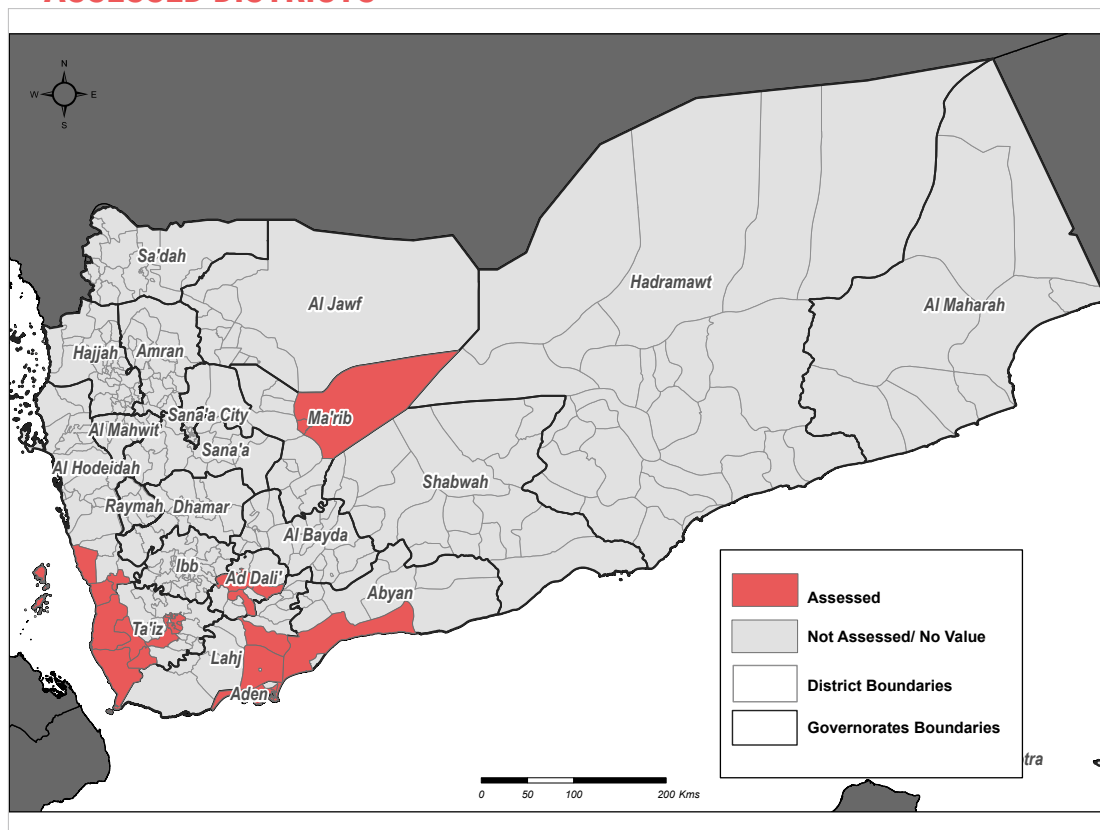
The Yemen Joint Market Monitoring Initiative (JMMI) is led by REACH in collaboration with the **Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) Cluster** and the **Cash and Market Working Group (CMWG)** since 2018.

The objective of the JMMI is to support humanitarian actors with the harmonization of market monitoring and to produce information products for evidence based **Cash and Voucher Assistance (CVA)** and **market-based programming (MBP)**. The JMMI tracks the price and availability

of all components of the WASH and food Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB), as well as other food and non-food items. In addition, **the JMMI monitors the functionality of the markets** by assessing the supply chain and vendors' perceptions of the market and their businesses.

This JMMI Situation Overview presents the findings of the data collected in **79 markets** of areas controlled by the Government of Yemen (GoY), between **4 - 14 August 2024**.

ASSESSED DISTRICTS



KEY FINDINGS

- In markets assessed in the government of Yemen-controlled areas (GoY)¹, the price of the total MEB increased by 29%** compared to the previous month, with a median price of 345,392 YER. This rise is attributed to the new MEB transfer values that have been updated by CMWG¹⁵. Lumpsum values for items not assessed in the JMMI changed from 83,349 YER to 155,092 YER.
- The median cost of the food component of the MEB in GoY-controlled areas** showed a **slight increase** compared to the previous month with a median price of 143,200 YER. This increase is partly driven by the increase of sugar amounts used in the new MEB calculation, as well as by the rising value of the exchange rate, which, according to vendor KIs, has led to an increase in prices for majority of most food items. **The highest median price of this component was recorded in Aden governorate, with a median of 158,300 YER.**
- The median cost of the WASH component of the MEB in GoY-controlled areas has slightly increased** compared to the previous month, reaching 36,375 YER. **The WASH component is therefore 10% higher than the transfer value defined in the MEB Guidance (33,149 YER).** The price increase of WASH items can be partly attributed to the floods that have severely impacted water and sanitation infrastructure and to exchange rate increase.
- Compared to the previous month, **the price of cooking gas has remained stable in GoY-controlled areas.**

KEY INDICATORS

Exchange Rates

1,905
YER/USD
GoY
Parallel market
▲+2%

530
YER/USD
Official market
(Central Bank of Yemen,
Aden)

Key Changes In MEB

Median cost of total MEB
July 2024 - August 2024

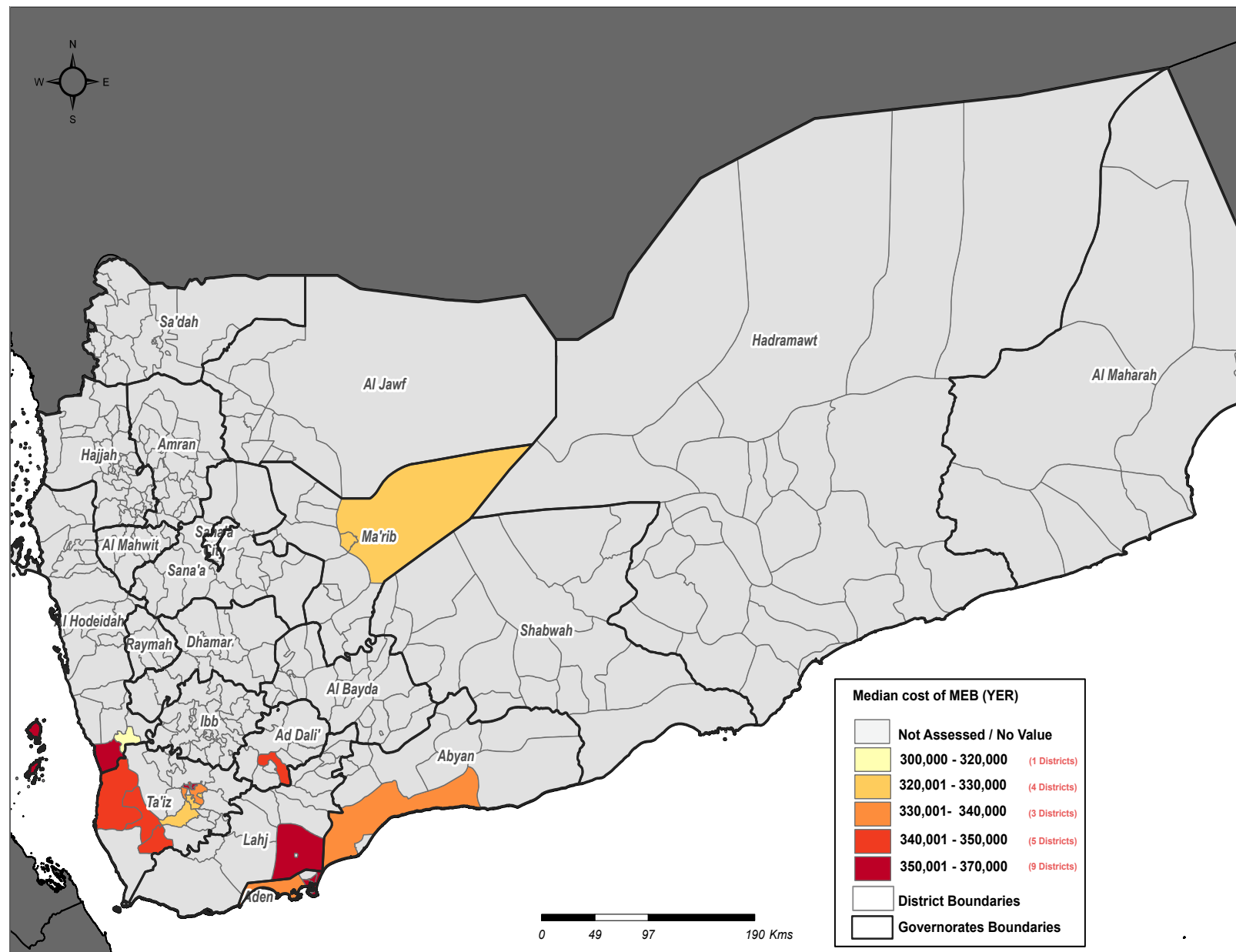
GOY	345,392	▲+29%		
Food MEB	WASH MEB	Cooking gas	Lumpsum ²	
▲+3%	▲+4%	0%	▲+ 86%	
143,200 YER	36,375 YER	10,600 YER	155,092 YER	

Market Shortages

Fuel items: petrol, diesel

11	Participating agencies
7	Assessed governorates
28	Assessed districts
456	Key informant interviews (KIIs)
79	Markets assessed in GoY-controlled areas

The Median Cost of The Assessed Total MEB*



* This map visualises the cost of the items in the total MEB in Yemeni Rial (YER), calculated for districts with available price data in this month's JMMI round. Darker colours indicate a relatively higher cost while lighter colours indicate a lower cost. See table for the components of the total MEB.

Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) Components

The Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) represents the minimum culturally adjusted group of items required to support a six-person Yemeni household for one month. The MEB is composed of essential commodities or services. The list of commodities and services is provided by FSAC, Shelter and Health clusters, IOM, KAP Survey and the CMWG. Since August 2024², REACH calculates the cost of the MEB following the updated CMWG guidance.

Food Items

Wheat flour	75 kg
Kidney beans	10 kg ³
Vegetable oil	8 L
Sugar	2.5 kg
Iodised salt	1 kg

WASH Items

Soap	1050 g
Laundry powder	2000 g
Sanitary napkins	50 pieces
Water ²	3150 L

Non-food items

Cooking fuel	1 cylinder
Rent subsidy	lump sum
Shelter maintenance	lump sum

Health items

Medication	lump sum
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Services

Communication	lump sum
Transportation	lump sum

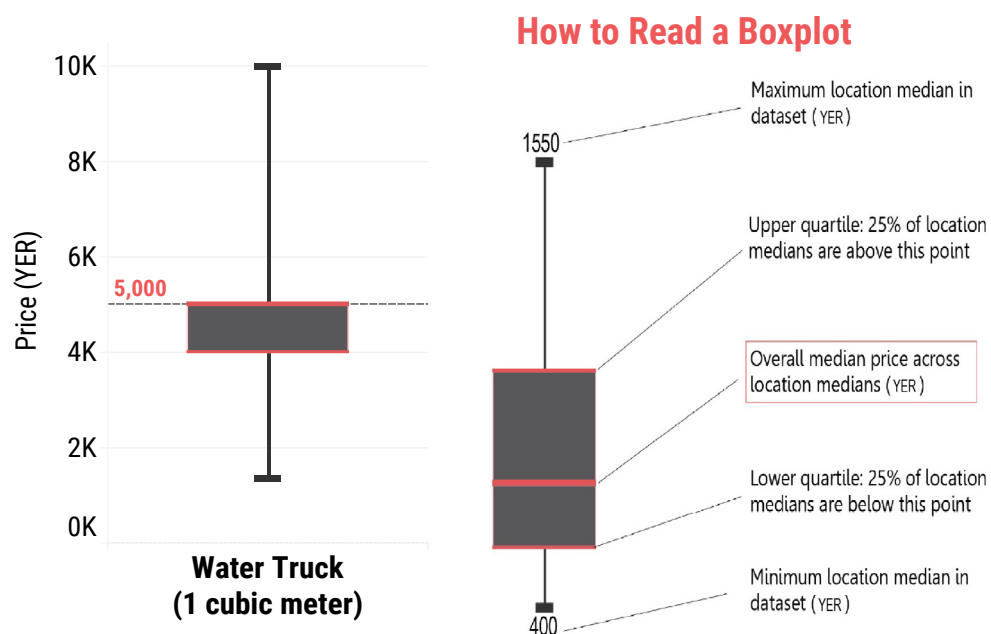
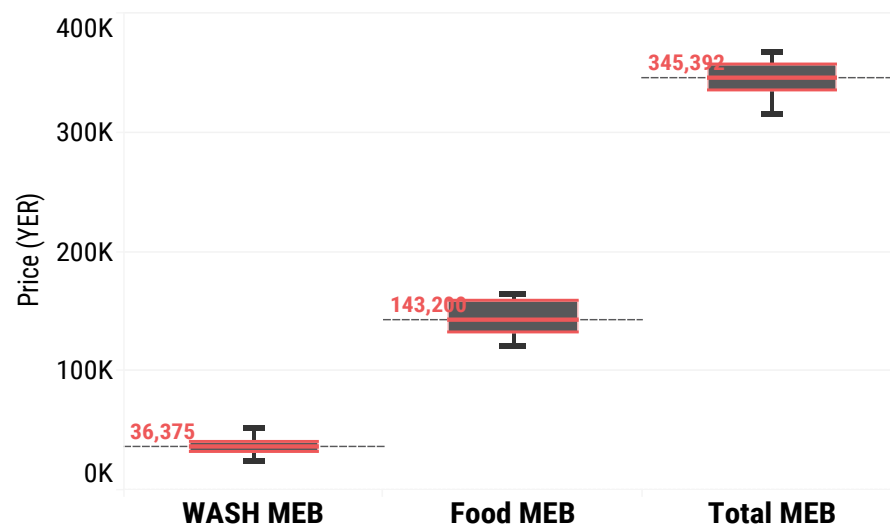
Median Cost of Total MEB

GoY 345,392 YER ▲ +29%

District Median Prices of total MEB, in YER

Location	Median Price of Total MEB in YER
Abyan	
Khanfir	336,751
Al Buraigeh	338,917
Aden	
Al Mansura	362,211
Al Mualla	355,992
Ash Shaikh Outhman	367,084
Craiter	355,992
Khur Maksar	355,992
Dar Sad	285,599
Khur Maksar	266,512
Al Dhale'e	
Ad Dhalee	342,558
Al Hudaydah	
Al Khawkhah	351,692
Hays	315,635
Lahj	
Tuban	350,001
Marib	
Marib	323,707
Marib City	323,982
Taizz	
Al Maafer	324,142
Al Misrakh	326,192
Al Mudhaffar	364,942
Al Mukha	345,392
Al Qahirah	345,792
Al Waziiyah	345,392
Mawza	345,392
Sabir Al Mawadim	334,162
Salh	352,467
Total MEB national level	345,392

National Median Prices of MEB Components, in YER*



Median Prices of Assessed Items, in YER

Assessed items	Median Prices in GoY	Change since July 2024
MEB - WASH	36,375	+4%
Soap	500	0%
Laundry powder	400	0%
Sanitary napkins	1,500	+3%
Water trucking	5,000	0%
Non- MEB WASH		
Bottled water	300	+20%
Treated water	200	-11%
Bleach	2,000	-5%
MEB - Food (canned beans)	143,200	+3%
MEB - Food (dry beans)	135,734	+4%
Wheat flour	1,000	0%
Canned kidney beans	1,013	+1%
Dry kidney beans	3,000	0%
Vegetable oil	2,725	+1%
Sugar	1,600	0%
Salt	300	+50%
Non-MEB food		
Rice	2,500	+19%
Lentils	2,500	-4%
Potatoes	1,500	+50%
Onions	1,750	+17%
Fuel		
Cooking gas	10,600	0%
Petrol	1,400	+2%
Diesel	1,531	+6%

* The boxplots indicate to the median price of each MEB component at the national level.

Food items Findings

- The ongoing financial liquidity crisis affecting banks in Yemen has exacerbated the instability of food prices¹⁶.
- According to humanitarian sources¹¹, flooding and heavy rains have negatively affected agricultural crops, leading to increased food prices for items like onions and potatoes. Additionally, according to vendor KIs the end of the growing season for these crops has further contributed to the price rise.
- There were two food items that were difficult to find among the surveyed vendors: lentils and dry kidney beans. This is due to low demand from the community according to vendor KIs.
- The median price of food items has increased, due to supply chain issues and high transportation costs, as reported by vendor KIs. This could have led to the significant rise in prices of majority of food commodities; such as rice (+19%) and salt (50%).

Median Cost of the Food component of the MEB and % change compared to July 2024

GoY 143,200 YER ▲ +3%

Availability of Monitored Food Items

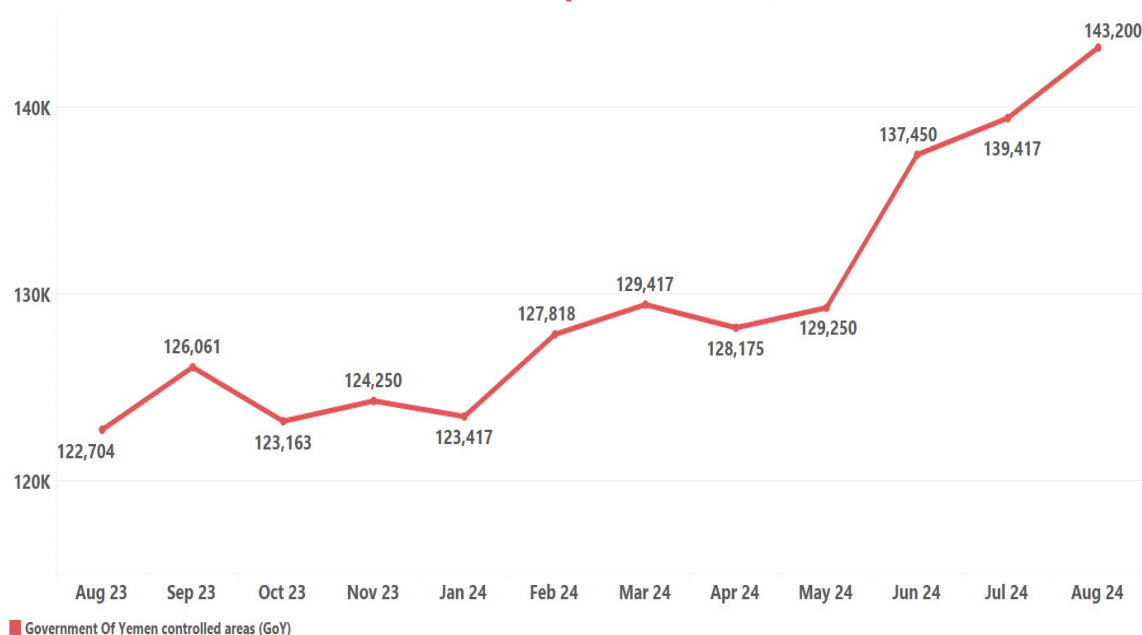
- 13% (17) of food vendor KIs reported being unable to meet a 50% increase in consumer demand for food items.

Constraints Reported by Food Vendor (135)

Around 48% of the interviewed food vendor reportedly face constraints in keeping their business operational and well-stocked. During the previous month, this figure stood at 55%. In August 2024, the most commonly reported constraints were⁵:

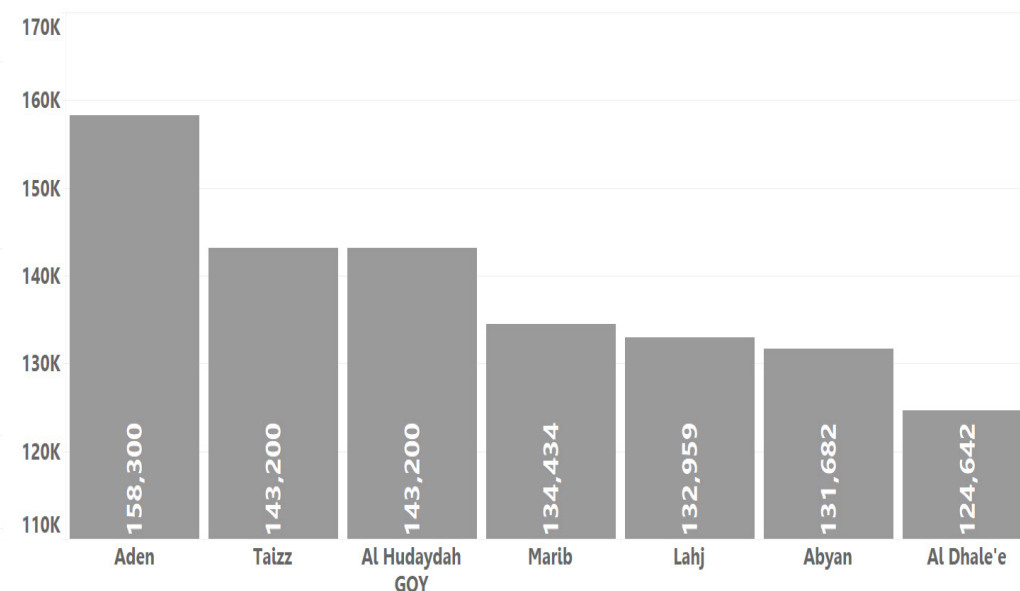
	1st choice	2nd choice	3rd choice
Price inflation	66%	8%	9%
High fuel prices	15%	9%	11%
Movement restrictions	9%	6%	2%
Decline of consumer demand	3%	8%	3%
Fuel shortage	2%	8%	0%
Insecurity and instability	2%	2%	0%
Regulations from authorities	2%	2%	3%
Damage on the road	2%	14%	6%
Difficulty finding supplies	0%	5%	0%
Liquidity shortage	0%	2%	14%
Damage at the marketplace	0%	2%	2%

Median Cost of The Food MEB Component in GoY, in YER*



*Due to capacity constraints, data collection in December 2023 was conducted in only 6 districts. As a result of this no situation overview was produced and the December 2023 data is excluded from the graph.

Median Cost of The Food MEB Component Per Assessed Governorate, in YER



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WASH MEB Findings

- According to vendor KIs, **people are heavily relying on well water instead of treated water in some areas**, that has complicated the availability of treated water in the vendor market. Additionally, sanitary napkins have also become less available, primarily due to low demand from the community.
- **Vendor KIs indicated that the increasing cost of water trucking is a result of lack of diesel at official prices** in local markets. Diesel is only available in the informal market, where prices are much higher.
- **The governorate with the highest WASH MEB cost in GOY controlled areas was in Al Dhale'e governorate at 52,224 YER.**
- In this reporting month, **Water purification tablets was taken off as a commodity of WASH component of the MEB.** That was based on the new MEB transfer value.

Median Cost of the WASH component of the MEB and % change compared to July 2024

GoY 36,375 YER ▲ +4%

Availability of Monitored WASH Items

- **9% (12) of WASH vendor KIs** reported being unable to meet a 50% increase in consumer demand for WASH items.

Constraints Reported by WASH vendor (134)

Around 45% of the interviewed WASH vendor reportedly face constraints in keeping their business operational and well-stocked. **During the previous month, this proportion was 49%.** In August 2024, the most commonly reported constraints were⁶:

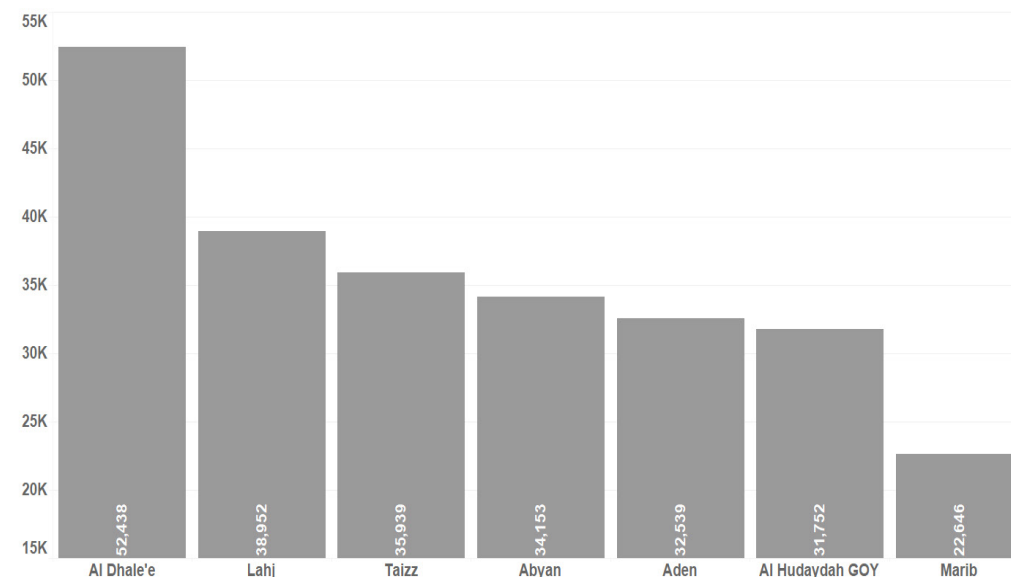
	1st choice	2nd choice	3rd choice
Price inflation	72%	3%	8%
High fuel prices	13%	7%	10%
Movement restrictions	10%	5%	5%
Fuel shortage	2%	8%	0%
Insecurity and instability	2%	3%	0%
Damage on the road	2%	17%	5%
Decline of consumer demand	0%	10%	2%
Liquidity shortage	0%	3%	10%
Difficulty finding supplies	0%	3%	3%
Regulations from authorities	0%	3%	3%

Median Cost of the WASH MEB Component in GoY, in YER*



*Due to capacity constraints, data collection in December 2023 was conducted in only 6 districts. As a result of this no situation overview was produced and the December 2023 data is excluded from the graph.

Median Cost of The WASH MEB Component Per Assessed Governorate, in YER



Water Trucking (1 m³)*

GoY 5,000 0%

Chlorination rate	Percentage
Not chlorinated	69%
Chlorinated	31%
Do not know	0%

Water source	Percentage
Pumping Station or Borehole	69%
Water Spring	18%
Treatment Station	13%

Note on Monitored Trucked Water

• No price change has been observed on median of trucked water in GOY controlled areas since June 2023. Low demand and reliance on wells were the main drivers for the price stability, according to vendor KIs.

Constraints Reported by Water Trucking Vendor (77)

42% of the interviewed water trucking vendor reportedly faced constraints in keeping their business operational and well-stocked. **During the previous month, this proportion was 57%.** The most commonly reported constraints were⁷:

	1st choice	2nd choice	3rd choice
High fuel prices	41%	34%	9%
Price inflation	34%	0%	12%
Fuel shortage	19%	12%	0%
Increase of consumer demand	6%	0%	0%
Damage on the road	0%	12%	6%
Movement restrictions	0%	9%	6%
Difficulty finding supplies	0%	3%	0%
Regulations from authorities	0%	3%	3%
Decline of consumer demand	0%	0%	16%
Damage at the marketplace	0%	0%	6%
Liquidity shortage	0%	0%	3%

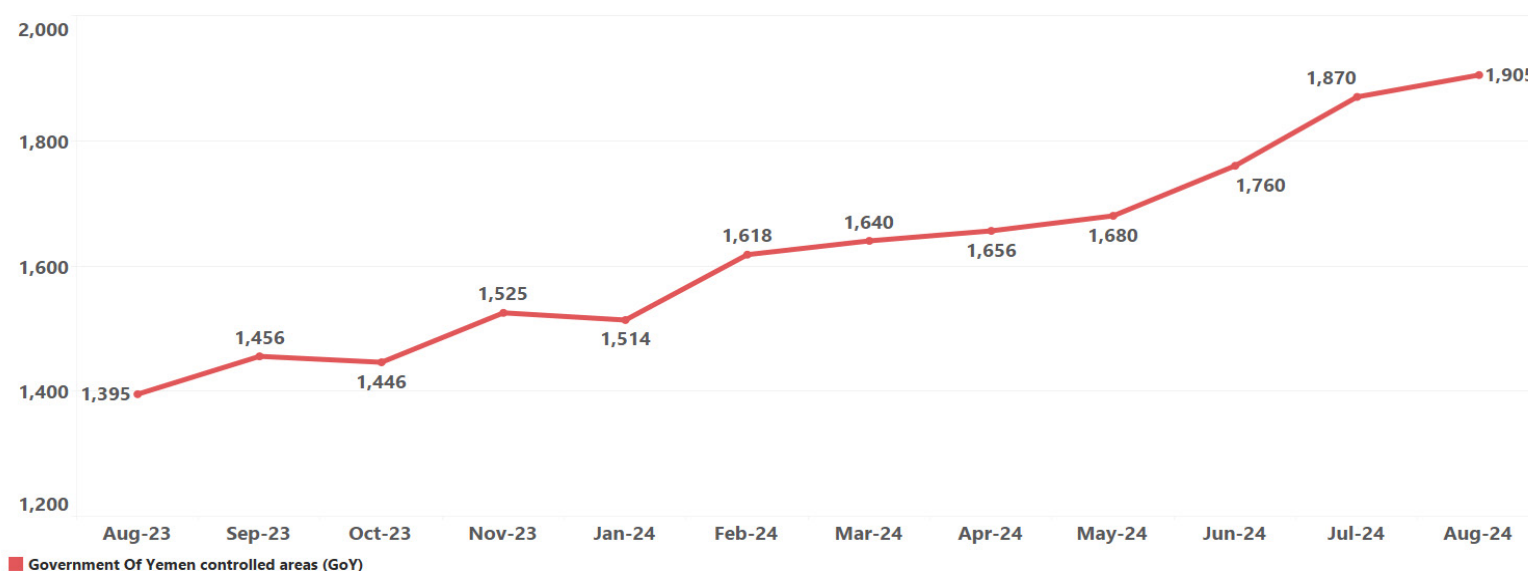
Median Cost of Exchange Rate

GoY ▲ 1,905 YER /USD +2%

Notes on Monitored Exchange Rate

- The **governorate** with the **highest** recorded exchange rate was **Lahj** governorate (1,907 YER/USD).
- **According to enumerators**, the exchange rate has a major effect on the price changes as vendor in **GoY-controlled areas** relate the YER exchange rate to set prices of items or services.

Trend in Exchange Rates in GoY controlled areas (YER/USD)*



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Findings of Monitored Fuel Items

- Out of the 103 KIs conducted this month with fuel vendors, 28% took place at stations affiliated with Yemen Petroleum Company (YPC) or Yemen Gas Company (YGC), 71% at commercial stations, and 1% on the informal market⁸.
- The median prices of diesel, and petrol have increased by 6% (1,531 YER) and 2% (1,400 YER) respectively compared to the previous month in GoY areas. Additionally, Aden recorded the highest median price for diesel reaching 1650 YER.
- The overall increase in fuel prices could be linked to the depreciation of the local currency YER against the US dollar, along with a slight decline in import volumes through Aden and other Arabian Sea ports during the first eight months of 2024 compared to the same period last

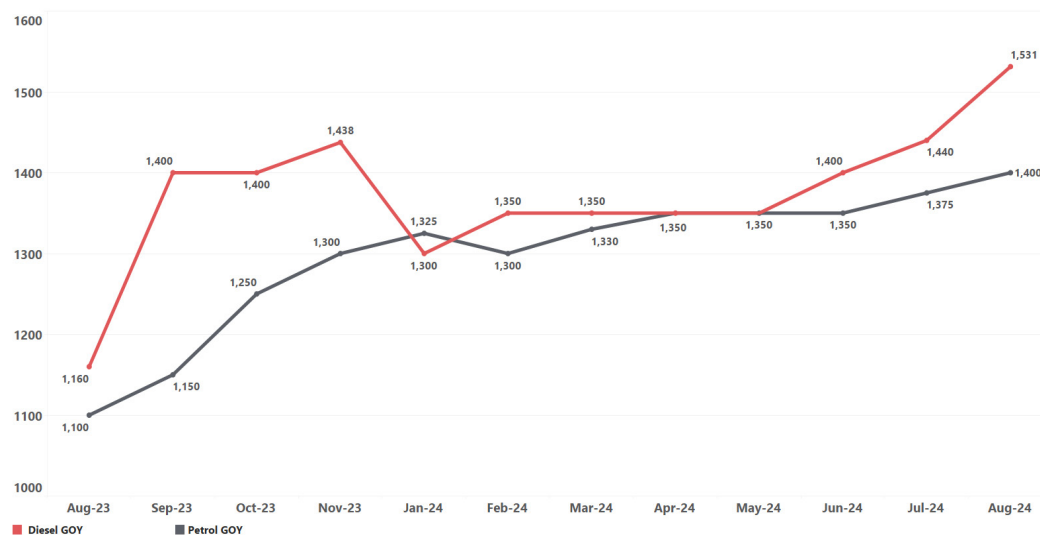
Median Cost of fuel and % change compared to July 2024

Petrol (1 L)	Diesel (1 L)	Cooking gas (1 cylinder)
1,400 YER	1,531 YER	10,600 YER
▲ +2%	▲ +6%	0%

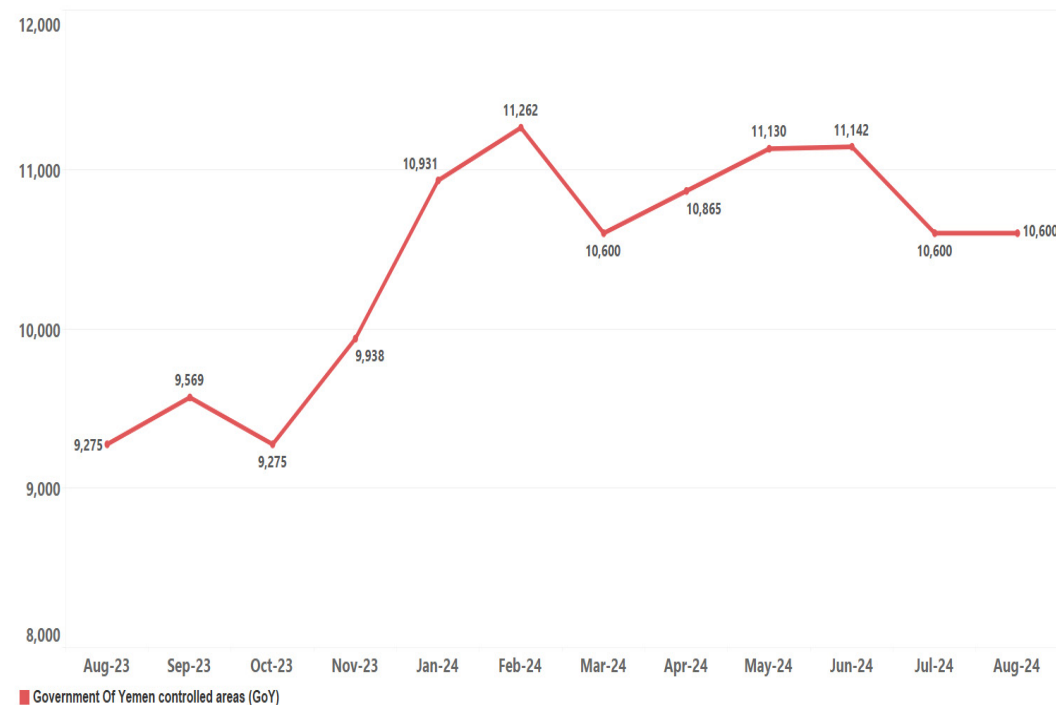
Median Price of Fuel Items in YER, Per Station Type (103)⁹

	Fuel item	YPC/YGC	Commercial	Informal economy
GoY	Petrol (1 L)	1,400	1,400	1,250
	Diesel (1 L)	1,450	1,550	1,400
	Cooking gas (1 cylinder)	9,938	10,600	7,950

Median Cost Trends for Diesel and Petrol, in YER*



Median Cost Trends for Cooking Gas in YER*



Availability of monitored items

- 48% (49) of fuel vendor KIs reported being **unable to meet a 50% increase** of consumer demand for fuel items.
- 12% (12) of fuel vendor KIs reported a **shortage** of fuel items in the last 2 weeks prior to data collection for the following items:
 - Diesel (12 KIs)
 - Petrol (6 KIs)

*Due to capacity constraints, data collection in December 2023 was conducted in only 6 districts. As a result of this no situation overview was produced and the December 2023 data is excluded from the graph.



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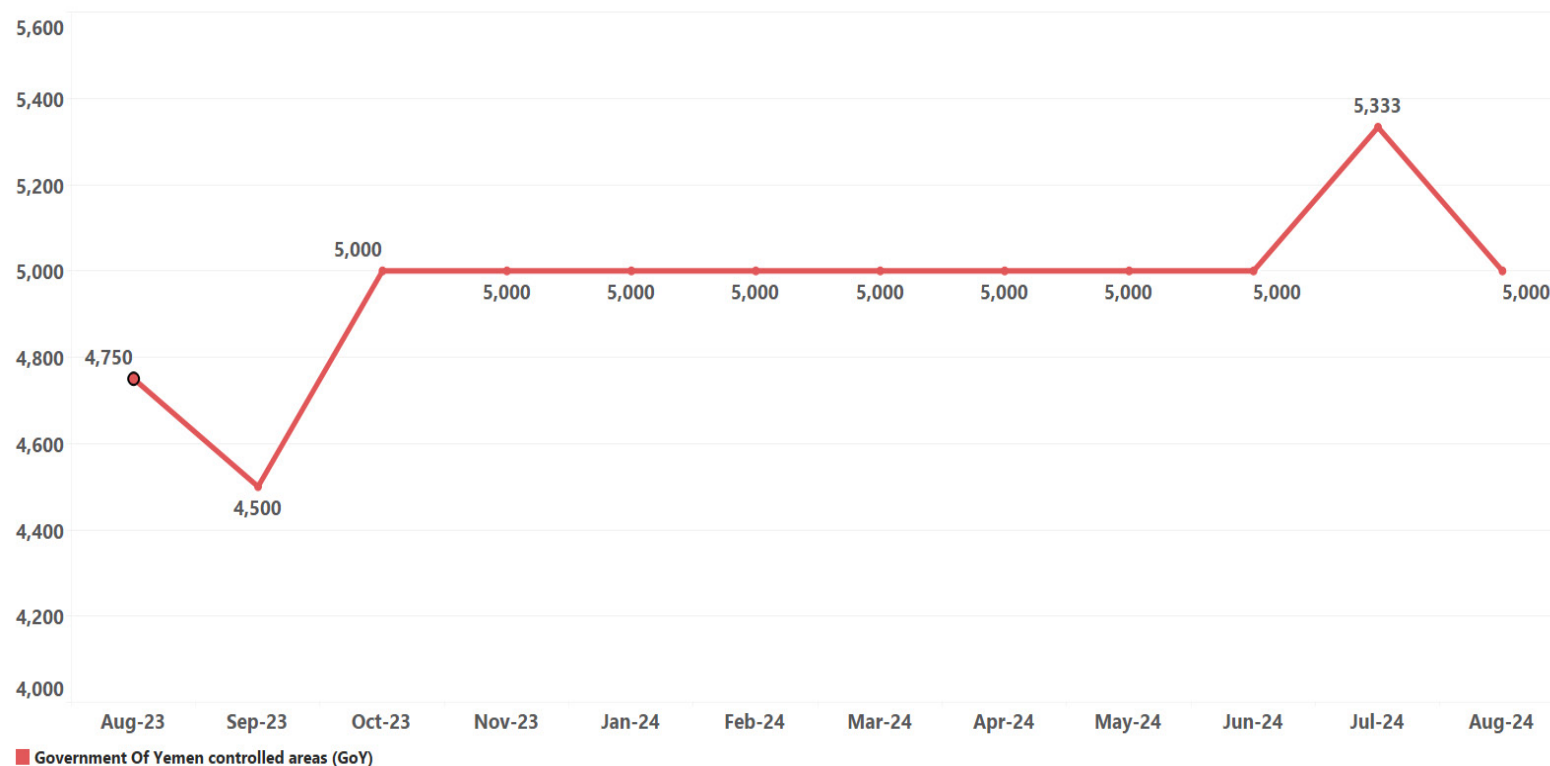
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Minimum Daily Wage

Vendors were asked **to estimate the daily wage of casual labourers** in their community. These labourers usually perform basic jobs that do not require formal schooling, and are employed on a daily basis without a contract. Three out of four Yemeni households depend on daily casual labour as their main income source. **The JMMI aims to measure the typical wage of the lowest earning casual labourer** in the area. The **median minimum wage** estimated by KIs was **5,000 YER per day, referring to the national level**.

Comparing wages and the price of basic items provides **insight into the relative purchasing power** of these labourers. **This month, a casual labourer would need to work for 28 days** to afford the median price of the food component of the MEB¹⁴ in **GoY-controlled areas (143,200 YER)**, when earning the median wage (5,000 YER) reported by the KIs in this area.

Median Daily Wage Rate Across Yemen as Estimated by Vendor KIs, in YER*



*Due to capacity constraints, data collection in December 2023 was conducted in only 6 districts. As a result of this no situation overview was produced and the December 2023 data is excluded from the graph.

District Level Prices of Monitored Commodities

Governorate	District	MEB - WASH	MEB - Food (dry beans)	MEB - Food (canned beans)	MEB - Total (canned beans)	Petrol 1 L	Diesel 1 L	Cooking gas 1 cylinder	Water Trucking 1 m3	Exchange Rate (YER/1 USD)
Abyan	Khanfir	39,377	133,182	131,682	336,751	1,485	1,550	11,142	5,000	1,900
Aden	Al Buraiqeh	41,125	129,100	132,100	335,917	1,495	1,500	9,938	6,000	1,910
Aden	Al Mansura	31,585	157,034	164,934	354,311	1,450	1,500	9,938	4,400	1,907
Aden	Al Mualla	32,000	147,300	158,300	344,992	1,500	1,650	9,275	5,000	1,905
Aden	Ash Shaikh Outhman	38,700	150,592	162,692	354,984	1,448	1,513	9,938	6,500	1,907
Aden	Attawahi	NA	147,300	158,300		1,500	1,650	9,275	NA	1,905
Aden	Craiter	32,000	147,300	158,300	344,992	1,500	1,650	9,275	5,000	1,905
Aden	Khur Maksar	32,000	147,300	158,300	344,992	1,500	1,650	9,275	5,000	1,905
Al Dhale'e	Ad Dhalee	52,224	123,642	124,642	341,558	1,400	1,600	10,600	10,000	1,908
Al Dhale'e	Ash Shuayb	NA	NA	121,834	NA	1,400	1,600	9,938	NA	1,905
Al Dhale'e	Qaatabah	NA	NA	124,883	NA	1,400	1,600	9,938	NA	1,905
Al Hudaydah	Al Khawkhah	42,800	130,000	143,200	338,492	1,340	1,500	11,262	7,000	1,906
Al Hudaydah	At Tuhayat	NA	NA	163,200	NA	1,500	1,600	25,175	NA	1,900
Al Hudaydah	Hays	26,526	121,017	123,417	313,235	1,340	1,500	11,262	1,667	1,896
Lahj	Al Milah	NA	NA	121,383	NA	1,400	1,600	9,938	NA	1,905
Lahj	Tuban	39,775	135,734	144,534	341,201	1,450	1,500	9,938	7,000	1,909
Marib	Marib	23,781	125,434	134,234	314,907	825	788	7,619	1,375	1,905
Marib	Marib City	23,656	125,834	134,634	315,182	400	175	7,288	1,375	1,904
Taizz	Al Maafer	32,300	106,550	126,150	304,542	1,325	1,550	11,262	4,000	1,895
Taizz	Al Misrakh	27,700	138,400	132,800	326,192	1,400	1,550	11,262	3,000	1,902
Taizz	Al Mudhaffar	40,550	161,100	158,700	364,942	1,400	1,450	12,514	5,000	1,904
Taizz	Al Mukha	36,500	130,000	143,200	332,192	1,340	1,500	11,262	5,000	1,910
Taizz	Al Qahirah	36,250	143,850	143,850	345,792	1,400	1,500	11,520	5,000	1,903
Taizz	Al Waziiyah	36,500	130,000	143,200	332,192	1,340	1,500	11,262	5,000	1,906
Taizz	Dhubab	NA	NA	142,100	NA	1,500	1,600	23,850	NA	1,904
Taizz	Mawza	36,500	130,000	143,200	332,192	1,340	1,500	11,262	5,000	1,906
Taizz	Sabir Al Mawadim	28,070	140,400	140,400	334,162	1,400	1,550	10,600	2,800	1,900
Taizz	Salh	38,050	149,425	148,725	352,467	1,400	1,500	11,888	5,000	1,903
Taizz	Mawza	34,364	126,217	139,417	253,991	1,375	1,430	11,262	4,000	1,875
Taizz	Sabir Al Mawadim	29,109	149,975	148,975	271,494	1,350	1,450	11,262	2,800	1,850
Taizz	Salh	37,039	149,925	146,925	277,374	1,300	1,450	11,262	5,000	1,872

Methodology

beginning of each month through structured surveys with Key Informants (KIs) in urban and rural marketplaces. KIs are purposefully selected and enumerators are instructed to visit at least three different vendor per monitored item and obtain the cheapest price per item in each monitored location. The interviews are conducted by partner organisations using a harmonised data collection tool. Following data collection, REACH compiles and cleans the data through detailed follow-up with partners.

To be assessed by the JMMI, marketplaces must be either a single permanent market, or multiple commercial areas located in close proximity to one another. When possible, marketplaces are selected where there is at least one wholesaler operating in the market. Participating organisations are trained on the JMMI methodology and survey by REACH.

REACH presents district level median prices using data from the KIs within that district. Governorate, GoY-controlled areas and national level data (including MEBs) are aggregated from the district medians of the respective assessed districts. In disputed districts, the median of GoY controlled areas lumpsum is used to calculate the total MEB in that district. The market functionality indicators are analysed using frequency percentages. Findings are indicative of the assessed locations and time frame in which the data was collected. Districts represented in the JMMI are subject to change depending on the capacity and availability of the data collection partners. Therefore, the markets and the districts included in the JMMI will vary on a monthly basis, which ultimately influences longitudinal analysis.

MEB Calculation

- The first MEB update was applied in 2020, where the MEB was referred to as the 'survival minimum expenditure basket' (SMEB).¹³ A second version was applied in September 2022, where REACH provided support and guidance to CMWG regarding the analysis of MEB price trends based on JMMI rounds¹⁴.
- In August 2024, CMWG implemented the third update to the MEB guidance note. This was prior to the revision done by FSAC on transfer value of food basket, resulting a requirement for CMWG to revise the transfer value of whole components of the MEB. Since then, water treatment tablets were removed from the WASH component items, the MEB cost is now calculated for a household of 6 members instead of 7, and the sugar weight was adjusted from 2.5g to 3g.
- The cost of the monthly total MEB for a household of 6 is calculated by adding the cost of the WASH and food MEB components, the cost of 1 cylinder of cooking gas, and the lump sum values for shelter, health and services.
- Percentage changes of prices are calculated by comparing the two medians of the relevant time series and aggregation level. More details on the methodology can be found in the [JMMI terms of reference \(ToR\)](#). The updated version of the ToR is expected to be available by the beginning of 2025.
- Following data collection, REACH compiles and cleans all partner data and checks for entry errors and outliers.

Challenges and Limitations

- Due to issues of access, security and partner capacity, the districts included in the JMMI vary on a monthly basis. Consequentially, price variations between months may be attributed to changes in monthly coverage and this also means there is a limited number of districts for which trends can be consistently assessed over time.
- While enumerators are instructed to collect at least three prices per monitored item, this is not always possible due to less available vendors, items and markets in assessed districts.
- MEB components are dependent on the MEB guidance from the CMWG and the Food Security and Agriculture Cluster (FSAC). For example, changes observed in the value of MEB components **between July and August 2024** are driven, at least to some extent, by the guidance updates applied from August.
- Findings are indicative for the locations assessed and not geographically representative for the whole of Yemen.
- It is recommended to refer to the [Interactive JMMI Dashboard](#) for longitudinal trends and historic data, as adjustments to the data or methodological improvements are updated there and not always in the previous situation overviews.
- The market monitoring process has been coordinated remotely by REACH, which presents some challenges in terms of coordination and follow-up with partners.
- Interviewed vendors do not provide price

JMMI Outputs

Situation Overviews

[January 2024](#)

[February 2024](#)

[March 2024](#)

[April 2024](#)

[May 2024](#)

[July 2024](#)

Datasets

[January 2024](#)

[February 2024](#)

[March 2024](#)

[April 2024](#)

[May 2024](#)

[June 2024](#)

[July 2024](#)

[August 2024](#)

[September 2024](#)

Presentations

[October 2023 - January 2024](#)

For our previous months, the situation overview and datasets can be found on the [IMPACT official website](#).

JMMI Situation overviews & datasets can be accessed through the [Interactive Dashboard](#)

Endnotes

1. GOY refers to areas under nominal control of the Internationally Recognized Government, including the Southern Transitional Council (STC).
2. CMWG. 2024. [Yemen Minimum Expenditure Basket \(MEB\) and Multipurpose Cash Assistance \(MPCA\) Transfer Value calculation Guidance](#). Lump sum values in YER are in GoY: 82,051 (shelter), 50,400 (health), 19,745 (transport), 2,896 (communication), 539. Part of the change in the price of the total MEB between August and September 2022 is due to the change in MEB components.
3. Unless indicated otherwise, REACH utilizes the price of canned beans.
4. REACH utilizes the price of trucked water.
- 5, 6 & 7. Not all vendors facing constraints reported up to three constraints.
8. Based on the contextual feedback from vendors and data collection partners, as well as to maintain the monthly monitoring of fuel, the enumerators were instructed to visit informal markets in case of closure of the stations affiliated with the Yemen Petroleum Company (YPC) during the period of data collection.
9. Enumerators are instructed to only visit the informal market if there is no other fuel station available.
10. The food MEB serves the basic food needs of a household of 6 people for one month.
11. [The Impact of Floods on Yemen's Agricultural Crops and Food Security](#).

12. Fuel Price Surge in GoY Areas Driven by Currency Depreciation and Import Volumes: [Insights from FAO's Market & Trade Bulletin, Yemen \(August 2024\)](#).

13. CMWG. 2020. [Guidance Note: The survival minimum expenditure basket and setting transfer values](#). Lump sum value was in total 50,600 YER in the IRG and 44,000 YER in the DFA.

14. CMWG. 2022. [Yemen Minimum Expenditure Basket: Operational Guidance Note](#). Lump sum values in YER was in GoY: 53,500 (shelter), 20,410 (health), 2,300 (transport), 7,935 (communication), 539 (water treatment tablets).

15. In August 2024, CMWG implemented the third update to the MEB guidance note, which included revised transfer values for all components. In addition to updating the transfer values, water treatment tablets were removed from the WASH items, and the total MEB cost is now calculated for a household of six members instead of seven, with the sugar weight adjusted from 2.5 to 3.

16. <https://fews.net/middle-east-and-asia/yemen>

About the CMWG

The Yemen Cash and Markets Working Group (CMWG), established in 2014, is an essential coordination platform to support CVA actors to facilitate their programs and advocate for strategic objectives. Currently, the CMWG is a sub-working group under the Intercluster Coordination Mechanism (ICCM) chaired by the United Nations Office for Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA) and the Cash Consortium Yemen (CCY).

About REACH

REACH facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. The methodologies used by REACH include primary data collection and in-depth analysis, and all activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. REACH is a joint initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research - Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNITAR-UNOSAT).

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