

Adamawa and Borno - Population movement and communication

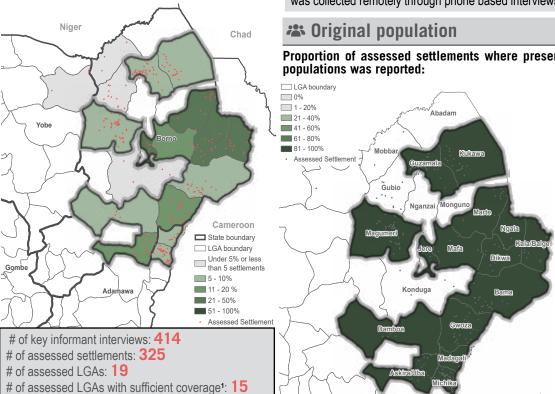
Assessment of Hard-to-Reach Areas in Northeast Nigeria

April 2021

Introduction

The continuation of conflict in Northeast Nigeria has created a complex humanitarian crisis, rendering sections of Borno and Adamawa states as hard to reach. To address information gaps facing the humanitarian response and inform humanitarian actors on the demographics of households in hard-to-reach areas of Northeast Nigeria, as well as to identify their needs, access to services and movement intentions, REACH has been conducting monthly assessments of hard-to-reach areas in Northeast Nigeria since November 2018.

Proportion of settlements assessed, April 2021



Methodology

Using the Area of Knowledge (AoK) methodology, REACH remotely monitors the situation in hard-to-reach areas through monthly multi-sector interviews in accessible Local Government Area (LGA) capitals with key informants (KIs) who are either (1) newly arrived internally displaced persons (IDPs) who have left a hard-to-reach settlement in the last month or (2) KIs who have had contact with someone living or having been in a hard-to-reach settlement in the last month (traders, migrants, family members, etc.).

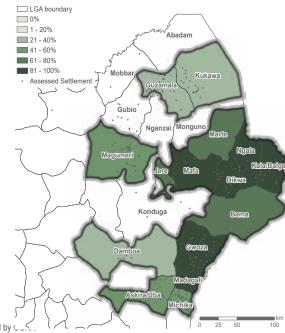
If not stated otherwise, the recall period for each question is set to one month prior to the last information the KI has had from the hard-to-reach area. Selected KIs are purposively sampled and are interviewed on settlement-wide circumstances in hard-to-reach areas, rather than their individual experiences. Responses from KIs reporting on the same settlement are then aggregated to the settlement level. The most common response provided by the greatest number of KIs is reported for each settlement. When no most common response could be identified, the response is considered as 'no consensus'. While included in the calculations, the percentage of settlements for which no consensus was reached is not displayed in the results below.

Results presented in this factsheet, unless otherwise specified, represent the proportion of settlements assessed within an LGA. Findings are only reported on LGAs where at least 5% of populated settlements and at least 5 settlements in the respective LGA have been assessed. **The findings presented are indicative of broader trends in assessed settlements in April 2021, and are not statistically generalisable**². Due to precautions related to the COVID-19 outbreak, data was collected remotely through phone based interviews with assistance from local stakeholders. Data collection took place from April 1st to April 30th

%→ IDP presence

Proportion of assessed settlements where presence of non-displaced Proportion of assessed settlements where presence of internally populations was reported:

| Proportion of assessed settlements where presence of internally displaced persons (IDPs) was reported:



¹The most recent dataset on grid3.gov.ng/datasets has been used as the reference. Solution in the assessed within each LGA vary each month. Changes in results reported in this factsheet, compared to previous factsheets, may therefore be due to variations in the assessed settlements instead of changes over time







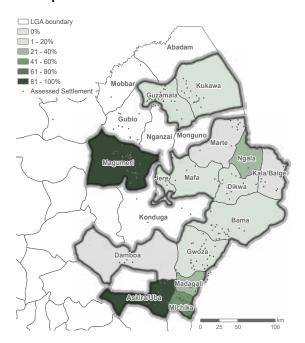
Adamawa and Borno - Population movement and communication

Assessment of Hard-to-Reach Areas in Northeast Nigeria

April 2021

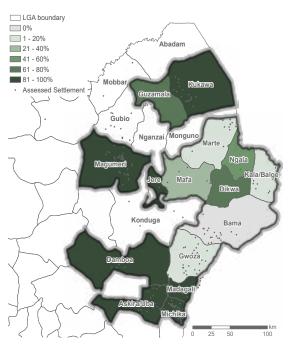
₹ Returnees presence

Proportion of assessed settlements where presence of returnees Proportion of assessed settlements where a functioning mobile was reported:

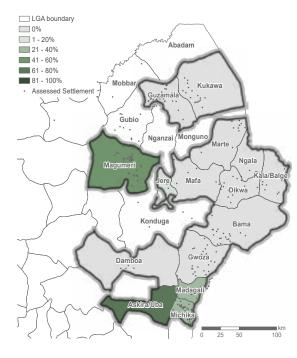


Means of communication

signal was reported:



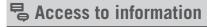
network was reported:



Sources of information

assessed settlements:

Radio station	35%
In-person conversation	31%
None	26%
Phone conversation	3%
Phone conversation	3%



Most commonly reported main sources of information, by % of Top five LGAs with the highest proportion of assessed settlements. In assessed settlements where people were reportedly information on the availability of humanitarian assistance:

Askira / Uba	100%	
Bama	100%	
Gwoza	100%	
Magumeri	71%	
Kala Balge	64%	

where people reportedly experienced difficulties accessing experiencing difficulties accessing information on humanitarian assistance (54% of settlements), the most commonly reported main difficulties were:

Insecurity	86%	
Don't know	13%	
Lack of mobile network	1%	I





