IDP Camp Profile - Al Nabi Younis

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Management agency: Baghdad Governorate Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Hussein Shalash Taha **Baghdad Governorate**

Summary

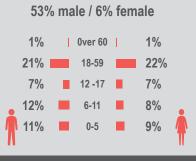
This profile provides an overview of conditions in Al Nabi Younis camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 21/12/2017. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 1280 # of households: 208 Date opened: 8/10/2014 Occupied shelters: 200 Planned shelters: 392 Ongoing extension: no

Camp area: 99,291m²

Demographics



Location Map Ninewa





| Sectoral | Minimum Standards | Target | Previous Round | Current Round | Achievement |
|------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| CCCM | Average open area per household | Min. 30m ² | 112 m² | 328 m² | • |
| Protection | % of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM) | 100% | 98% | 97% | • |
| WASH | # of persons per latrine # of persons per shower Frequency of solid waste disposal | Max. 20 Max. 20 Min. weekly | 8 8 Every week | 3 3 Every month | • |
| Shelter | Average area covered per person Average number of individuals per shelter | Min. 3.5m ² Max. 5 | 9.6 m² 6 | 8 m² 5 | • |
| Food | % households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month | 100% | n/a* | 58% | • |
| Health | Health services available on-site or within walking distance | Yes | yes | yes | • |
| Education | % of children aged 6-11 attending formal school % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school | 100% 100% | 69% 77% | 58% 45% | • |

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds







IDP Camp Profile - Al Nabi Younis

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women

Chronically ill individual(s)

Disabled individual(s)

Female headed households

0%

6%

1%

10%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 months
 reported needing financial support to return and
 restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

6% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

80% reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

PDS card **80%**ID card **40%**n/a

Top two reasons for not attending education*

(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

Safety / security concerns 20%
Unable to register 20%

Access to information

Top three information sources regarding area of origin* From others who visited 51%

Media 17% Personally visited 17% 17% 17%

Top three information needs*
Livelihood sources 84%

Basic services 74%
Security situation 61%

S Livelihoods

22% reported not having an income source

Top three income sources*

Unskilled labour

Public security official

Self employed

27%

14%

9%

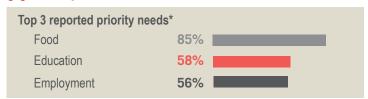
Top three reported livelihood coping strategies*

None 70%

Spent savings 16%

Take on debt 9%

Priority Needs



📆 WASH

Latrines

reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:

100% reported latrines were lockable from the inside

100% reported latrines had functioning lighting

100% reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 86% Communal bin 12%

Primary drinking water sources

58% indoor water source22% outdoor water point

Access to drinking water

reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

7% reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year

Top observed shelter type
Caravan

100%

n/a

of tents have secondary cover

Top reported needed basic items*
Fuel storage
Heating fuel
32%

Winter clothes

15%

Top reported needed winter item*

Kerosene heater 98%

Electricity access

Average number of hours of electricity per day

y

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System
 (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment
 reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Buy less expensive food 4% Borrow food 2%

^{*}Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents





IDP Camp Profile - Al Salam

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Management agency: Dr Nehru Muhammad Abdalkrim Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Thamer Hamad Ali Dr Nehru Muhammad Abdalkrim

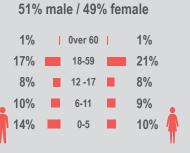
Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Al Salam camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 19/12/2017. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 1313 # of households: 310 Date opened: 2/9/2014 Occupied shelters: 750 Planned shelters: 750 Ongoing extension: no Camp area: 195,147m²

Demographics



Location Map Kirkuk Sulaymaniyah Ninewa al-Din Diyala) Baghdad

Muthanna

IDP Camp Map - Al Salam

Lat. 33° 13' 34.521" N Long. 44° 22' 10.144" E Camp Infrastructure



| Sectoral | Minimum Standards | Target | Previous Round | Current Round | Achievement |
|------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| CCCM | Average open area per household | Min. 30m ² | 354 m² | 574 m² | • |
| Protection | % of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM) | 100% | 93% | 77% | • |
| WASH | # of persons per latrine # of persons per shower Frequency of solid waste disposal | Max. 20 Max. 20 Min. weekly | 20 20 Every week | 19 19 Every week | • |
| Shelter | Average area covered per person Average number of individuals per shelter | Min. 3.5m ² Max. 5 | 4.6 m² 7 | 4.6 m ² | • |
| Food | % households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month | 100% | n/a* | 27% | • |
| Health | Health services available on-site or within walking distance | Yes | yes | yes | • |
| Education | % of children aged 6-11 attending formal school % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school | 100% 100% | 71% 78% | 74% 47% | • |

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds





IDP Camp Profile - Al Salam

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Protection

| Vulnerable groups | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| Pregnant / lactating women | 1% | 1 |
| Chronically ill individual(s) | 4% | 1 |
| Disabled individual(s) | 2% | 1 |
| Female headed households | 39% | |

Intentions

| 28% | planned to move to a different location in next 3 months |
|-----|---|
| 13% | reported needing financial support to return and |
| | restart in order to return safely to their area of origin |

Restrictions

| 100% | reported being able to leave the camp temporarily |
|------|--|
| | (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities) |

Documentation

| 12% | reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents |
|-----|---|
| | HIOLE GOCOTHERIS |

reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

| Citizenship cer | tificate | | 82% |
|-----------------|----------|------|-----|
| ID card | | | 45% |
| ration card | | | 18% |

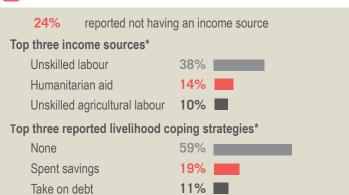
Top two reasons for not attending education* (of households with school-aged children not attending school)

n/a n/a n/a

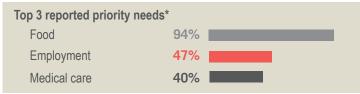
Access to information



Livelihoods



Priority Needs





Shelter

| 53% reported flooding | in their s | shelter in the previous year |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Top observed shelter type | | |
| Tent | 89% | |
| | 64% | of tents have secondary cover |
| Top reported needed basic ite | ems* | |
| Heating fuel | 34% | |
| Fuel storage | 34% | |
| Blankets | 20% | _ |
| Top reported needed winter it | :em* | |
| Kerosene heater | 99% | |
| Electricity access | | |
| Average number of hours of | electricity | y per day 11 |
| | | |

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment 100% reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Borrow food 6% 2% Buy less expensive food

^{*}Respondents could select multiple responses **Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents







IDP Camp Profile - AI Amal

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Management agency: Al Amal Al-Manshood Organisation Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Demographics

Raad Mohammed Saleh Al Amal Al-Manshood Organisation

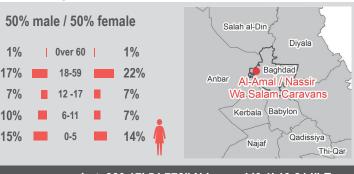
Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Al Amal camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 9/1/2018. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 530 # of households: 128 Date opened: 5/5/2016 Occupied shelters: 128 Planned shelters: 275 Ongoing extension: no Camp area: 26,583m²

Location Map



IDP Camp Map - Al Amal

Lat. 33° 17' 54.773" N Long. 44° 1' 19.214" E



| Sectoral | Minimum Standards | Target | Previous Round | Current Round | Achievement |
|------------|--|------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------|
| CCCM | Average open area per household | Min. 30m ² | n/a | 149 m² | • |
| Protection | % of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM) | 100% | n/a | 100% | • |
| | # of persons per latrine | Max. 20 | n/a | 3 | • |
| WASH | # of persons per shower | Max. 20 | n/a | 3 | • |
| | Frequency of solid waste disposal | Min. weekly | n/a | Every week | • |
| Shelter | Average area covered per person | Min. 3.5m ² | n/a | 6.8 m ² | • |
| Sheller | Average number of individuals per shelter | Max. 5 | n/a | 5 | • |
| Food | % households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month | 100% | n/a* | 53% | • |
| Health | Health services available on-site or within walking distance | Yes | n/a | yes | • |
| Education | % of children aged 6-11 attending formal school | 100% | n/a | 62% | • |
| Education | % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school | 100% | n/a | 36% | • |

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds







IDP Camp Profile - Al Amal

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women
Chronically ill individual(s)

Disabled individual(s)

Female headed households

2%

1%

24%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 monthsreported needing financial support to return andrestart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

o% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a n/a

Top two reasons for not attending education*

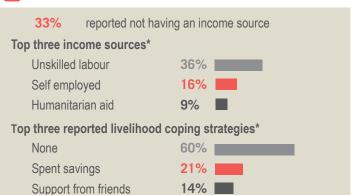
(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

Missed too much to make up 21% Unable to afford education 7%

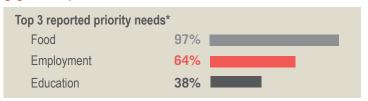
Access to information



Livelihoods



Priority Needs



📆 WASH

Latrines

reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:

100% reported latrines were lockable from the inside
reported latrines had functioning lighting
reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 100% I

Primary drinking water sources

47% bottled water from the shop

28% indoor water point

Access to drinking water

reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

12% reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year

Top observed shelter type

Caravan 83% of tents have secondary cover

Top reported needed basic items*

Heating fuel 17%
Fuel storage 17%
Winter clothes 14%

Top reported needed winter item*

Kerosene heater 86%

Electricity access

Average number of hours of electricity per day

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

53% reported having received Public Distribution System (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment

100% reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Buy less expensive food 10%

Borrow food 5%

^{*}Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents





IDP Camp Profile - Shooting Camp

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Management agency: Baghdad governorate Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Omar Ahmed Ramadan **Baghdad Governorate**

Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Shooting Camp camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 9/1/2018. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 1173 # of households: 224 Date opened: 11/25/2014 Occupied shelters: 224 Planned shelters: 563

Ongoing extension: no

Camp area: 112,865m²

Demographics

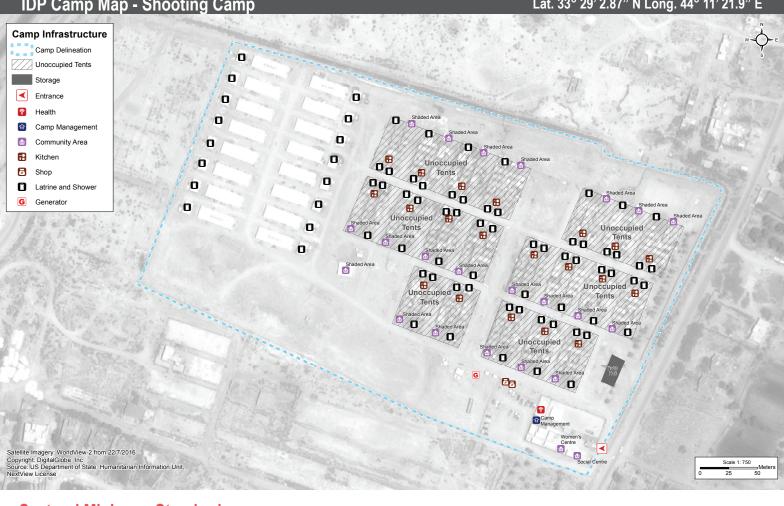


Location Map



IDP Camp Map - Shooting Camp

Lat. 33° 29' 2.87" N Long. 44° 11' 21.9" E



| Sectoral | Minimum Standards | Target | Previous Round | Current Round | Achievement |
|------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| CCCM | Average open area per household | Min. 30m ² | 807 m² | 118 m² | • |
| Protection | % of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM) | 100% | 97% | 96% | • |
| WASH | # of persons per latrine # of persons per shower Frequency of solid waste disposal | Max. 20 Max. 20 Min. weekly | 3 3 Every week | 8 8 Every month | • |
| Shelter | Average area covered per person Average number of individuals per shelter | Min. 3.5m ² Max. 5 | 9.3 m² 7 | 6 m² | • |
| Food | % households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month | 100% | n/a* | 38% | • |
| Health | Health services available on-site or within walking distance | Yes | yes | yes | • |
| Education | % of children aged 6-11 attending formal school % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school | 100% 100% | 62% 65% | 63% 43% | • |

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds







IDP Camp Profile - Shooting Camp

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women 2% Chronically ill individual(s) 6% Disabled individual(s) 0%
Female headed households 20%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 months
 reported needing financial support to return and
 restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

1% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a** reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a** n/a**

n/a** Top two reasons for not attending education*

(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

School is too far away 36% Unable to afford education 36%

Access to information

Top three information sources regarding area of origin* From others who visited 54%

Personally visited 15%
Media 9%
three information peeds*

Top three information needs*

Basic services

Livelihood sources

Security situation

9%

81%

78%

Livelihoods

39% reported not having an income source

Top three income sources*

Unskilled labour

Self employed

Unskilled agricultural labour

9%

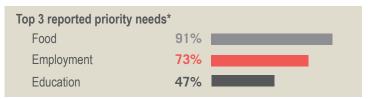
Top three reported livelihood coping strategies*

None 66%

Spent savings 20%

Take on debt 11%

Priority Needs



📆 WASH

Latrines

100% reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:
100% reported latrines were lockable from the inside
91% reported latrines had functioning lighting
100% reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 92% Thrown in street 8%

Primary drinking water sources

91% outdoor water point7% bottled water from the shop

Access to drinking water

reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

12% reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year

Top observed shelter type

Family Residential Unit 64%

n/a of tents have secondary cover

Top reported needed basic items*

Heating fuel 16% Heating fuel 14% Winter clothes 12%

Top reported needed winter item*

Kerosene heater 82%

Electricity access

Average number of hours of electricity per day

ıy **8**

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System
 (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment
 reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Buy less expensive food 11% Borrow food 3%

*Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents





IDP Camp Profile - Uwayrij

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018 Management agency:
Manager/Focal point:
Registration actor:

Baghdad governorate Mayada Mahmoud Hammad Camp Management

Location Map

Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Uwayrij camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 20/12/2017. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

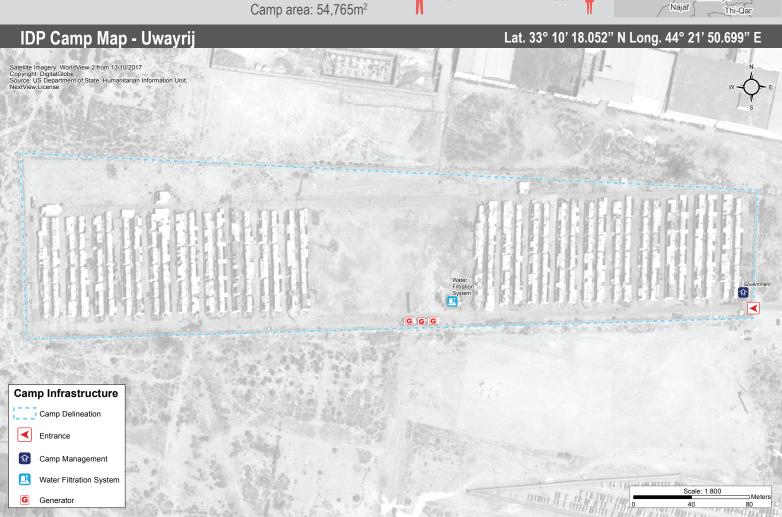
Camp Overview

of individuals: 1500 # of households: 334 Date opened: 9/15/2014 Occupied shelters: 240 Planned shelters: 240 Ongoing extension: no

Demographics



Ninewa Erbil Kirkuk Sulaymaniyah Salah al-Din Diyala Baghdad Anbar Uwayrij Kerbala Babylon Oadissiya



| Sectoral | Minimum Standards | Target | Previous Round | Current Round | Achievement |
|------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| CCCM | Average open area per household | Min. 30m ² | n/a | 145 m² | • |
| Protection | % of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM) | 100% | n/a | 83% | • |
| WASH | # of persons per latrine # of persons per shower Frequency of solid waste disposal | Max. 20 Max. 20 Min. weekly | n/a n/a n/a | 6 6 Every month | • |
| Shelter | Average area covered per person Average number of individuals per shelter | Min. 3.5m ² Max. 5 | n/a n/a | 6.8 m ² | • |
| Food | % households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month | 100% | n/a* | 19% | • |
| Health | Health services available on-site or within walking distance | Yes | n/a | yes | • |
| Education | % of children aged 6-11 attending formal school % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school | 100% 100% | n/a n/a | 71% 58% | • |

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds







IDP Camp Profile - Uwayrij

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women 1% |
Chronically ill individual(s) 3% |
Disabled individual(s) 1% |
Female headed households 24%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 months
 reported needing financial support to return and
 restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

99% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

4% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a** reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a** n/a**

n/a**

Top two reasons for not attending education*

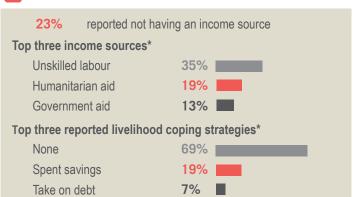
(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

Safety / security concerns 50%
No school available 25%

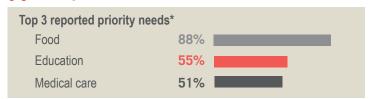
Access to information



Livelihoods



Priority Needs



WASH

Latrines

reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:

n/a reported latrines were lockable from the inside

n/a reported latrines had functioning lighting

n/a reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 92%
Communal bin 8%

Primary drinking water sources

48% indoor water source35% outdoor water point

Access to drinking water

17% reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year Top observed shelter type Caravan 100% of tents have secondary cover n/a Top reported needed basic items* Heating fuel 42% Fuel storage 39% Cooking fuel 17% Top reported needed winter item* Kerosene heater 96% **Electricity access** Average number of hours of electricity per day

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

19% reported having received Public Distribution System (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Borrow food 2% | Reduce food intake for males 1% |

^{*}Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents





IDP Camp Profile - Zayona

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Management agency: Baghdad governorate Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Aduar Ruail Dawood other

Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Zayona camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 23/12/2017. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

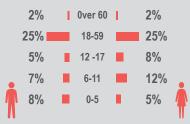
of individuals: 393 # of households: 130 Date opened: 8/11/2015

Occupied shelters: 121 Planned shelters: 139 Ongoing extension: no

Camp area: 14,742m²

Demographics

47% male / 53% female



Location Map Sulavmanivah Kirkuk Salah al-Din ∾ Diyala Baghdad Anhar

Kerbala Babylon

Najaf

Qadissiya

Missan

IDP Camp Map - Zayona

Lat. 33° 18' 59.357" N Long. 44° 26' 42.749" E



| Sectoral | Minimum Standards | Target | Previous Round | Current Round | Achievement |
|------------|--|------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| CCCM | Average open area per household | Min. 30m ² | n/a | 85 m² | • |
| Protection | % of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM) | 100% | n/a | 93% | • |
| | # of persons per latrine | Max. 20 | n/a | 3 | • |
| WASH | # of persons per shower | Max. 20 | n/a | 3 | • |
| | Frequency of solid waste disposal | Min. weekly | n/a | Every week | • |
| Chaltan | Average area covered per person | Min. 3.5m ² | n/a | 9 m² | • |
| Shelter | Average number of individuals per shelter | Max. 5 | n/a | 4 | • |
| Food | % households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month | 100% | n/a* | 62% | • |
| Health | Health services available on-site or within walking distance | Yes | n/a | yes | • |
| Education | % of children aged 6-11 attending formal school | 100% | n/a | 86% | • |
| Education | % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school | 100% | n/a | 76% | • |

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds







IDP Camp Profile - Zayona

Baghdad, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women

Chronically ill individual(s)

Disabled individual(s)

Female headed households

0%

8%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 monthsreported needing financial support to return and restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

2% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a** reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a** n/a**

n/a**

Top two reasons for not attending education*

(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

Child is disabled 25% Unable to register 25%

Access to information

Top three information sources regarding area of origin*

From others who visited

Media

Personally visited

Top three information needs*

Livelihood sources

Basic services

Security situation

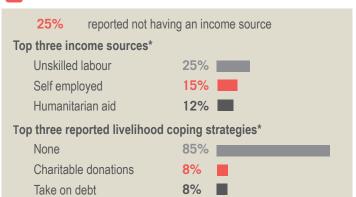
76%

6%

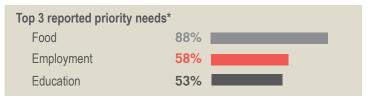
75%

72%

Livelihoods



Priority Needs



📆 WASH

Latrines

o% reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:

n/a reported latrines were lockable from the inside

n/a reported latrines had functioning lighting

n/a reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 90% Communal bin 10%

Primary drinking water sources

72% indoor water source25% bottled water from the shop

Access to drinking water

reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year Top observed shelter type Caravan 100% of tents have secondary cover n/a Top reported needed basic items* Heating fuel 25% Fuel storage 25% Winter clothes 12% Top reported needed winter item* Kerosene heater 97%

Electricity access

Average number of hours of electricity per day

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System
(PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment
reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Buy less expensive food 3% Reduce food intake for males 3%

^{*}Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents



