Refugee Accommodation Centre (RAC) Weekly Needs Monitoring

Background & Methodology

As of 6 June, more than 6,8 million refugees have reportedly fled Ukraine, with 489,218 refugees arriving in the Republic of Moldova, around 86,000 of whom have remained in the country (<u>UNHCR</u>). To respond to their needs, the Moldovan authorities have established 81 Refugee Accommodation Centres (RACs) across the country. As of 6 June, centres have the capacity to host a total of 6,823 refugees, and are currently hosting 3,117 refugees.

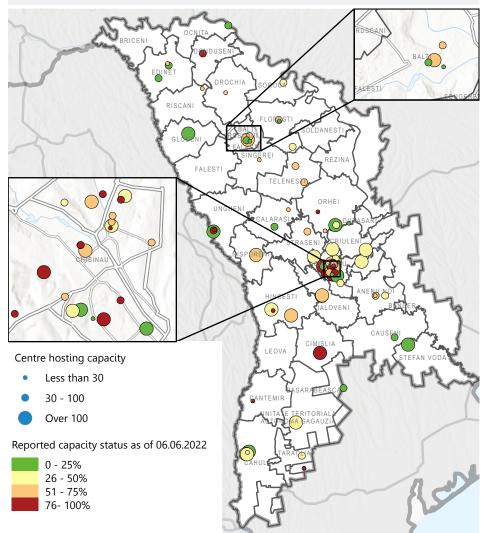
To understand the needs of these centres, the National Agency for Social Assistance (ANAS), with the support of UNHCR, ACTED, and REACH, conducted key informant interviews (KIIs) with purposefully selected RAC focal points who reported on the situation in the centres. Data collection took place on 6 June through phone interviews. This factsheet presents the main requests **from 75 assessed RACs.** Findings should be considered indicative.

Reported capacity of RACs

of people that can be hosted at the 75 RACs: 6,823

3,117	3,616
# of people that	# of places
are currently being	available at
hosted at the RACs	the RACs

RAC Locations



Source: ANAS, Registry of Refugee Accommodation Centres, 06.06.2022

Key information

% of assessed RACs with the following vulnerable groups currently present

Pregnant and lactating women 16% Persons with disabilities 18% Persons with serious medical conditions 3%

Estimated % of people currently hosted at the assessed RACs who are infants, children, or older persons



Infants 0-2 years old 4% Children 2-18 years old 33% Older persons (65+) 10% People 19-65 years old 53% Estimated % of males and females (including children) currently hosted at the assessed RACs

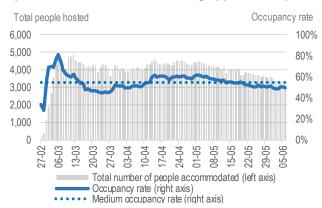


Female 66% Male 34%

% of RACs by hosting capacity (out of 75 RACs)

44%	30%	26%
20-50	51-100	More than
people	people	100 people

People hosted in RACs since receiving approval to open



Source: ANAS, Registry of Refugee Accommodation Centres, 06.06.2022





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REACH An initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and UNOSAT

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Most Requested Items from RACs

Below is an overview of items most frequently requested by RACs during structured phone interviews with KIs. It should be noted that in view of the high rotation of refugees going in and out of RACs, the requested items are based on ongoing requirements for normal RAC functioning. These requests do not necessarily mean RACs do not currently have the requested items. Rather, these requests may be based on forward looking considerations about maintaining steady supplies. Hot meals have been distributed by the government, UN agencies, NGOs and local organisations, and no major shortages of essential food items have been reported.

	% of assessed RACs requesting items in:				Percentage		
	04 May	11 May	18 May	25 May	Current	point change since previous	
Types of item	round	round	round	round	round	roui	
• Hygiene items (personal care)	18%	23%	22%	16%	12%	Ļ	-4%
Cleaning items	23%	25%	22%	15%	12%	ł	-3%
Appliances (e.g. (((microwaves, fridges, washing machines)	23%	20%	16%	15%	13%	Ļ	-2%
Sleeping items	17%	14%	9%	10%	5%		-5%
nfant products	11%	15%	10%	8%	5%	Ļ	-3%
First aid supplies	7%	6%	11%	7%	3%	Ļ	-4%
Clothing	14%	18%	12%	13%	5%	Ļ	-8%
Items for older persons and people with disabilities	3%	1%	3%	3%	0%	ł	-3%





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Building Information

% of assessed RACs by type of building

24%	Student dormitories
16%	Education building
11%	Public building
11%	Specialised institution*
11%	Religious building
8%	Private building
5%	Hotel/touristic complex
5%	Other
3%	Summer camp
3%	Charity/NGO
3%	Sanatorium
1%	Hospital

*Specialised institutions include facilities normally used to provide services for people with disabilities or mental health issues

17% of assessed RACs reportedly need to return to their previous usage, in the following timeframe:



667 Number of people involved in RAC activities at the assessed RACs (employed staff, volunteers, etc)9 per centre on average

\cancel{R} Origins and intentions

Most frequent places of origin of people arriving at the RACs as reported by KI $^{\rm 1}$

Directly from Ukraine From other RACs in Moldova From private accommodation From staying with a host family



Most frequent destination of people leaving the RACs as reported by KI 1

Traveling on to a third country Returning to Ukraine To stay in a private accommodation To stay with a host family



¹ Multiple responses permitted. The sum might exceed 100%.

Average stay in the RACs

Less than one week	3%	1
1-2 weeks	6%	
3-4 weeks	15%	
1-2 months	45%	
2 months+	31%	

Raionul-Level Information

Raionul	#RACs	Capacity	# People hosted	Spaces available	Capacity level
Anenii Noi	3	106	51	55	48%
Balti	4	322	153	169	48%
Basarabeasca	1	60	11	49	
Cahul	4	416	151	265	36%
Calarasi	2	100	25	75	32%
Causeni	1	32	0	32	0%
Chisinau	27	2804	1404	1400	50%
Cimislia	1	120	95	25	79%
Comrat	2	190	94	96	65%
Criuleni	1	220	71	149	32%
Donduseni	1	70	66	4	94%
Drochia	1	20	14	6	70%
Dubasari	1	228	62	166	27%
Edinet	3	112	25	87	28%
Falesti	1	80	50	30	63%
Floresti	2	68	13	55	16%
Glodeni	1	130	22	108	17%
Hincesti	3	320	159	161	63%
laloveni	2	245	157	88	63%
Nisporeni	1	100	69	31	69%
Ocnita	1	60	2	58	3%
Orhei	5	220	56	164	25%
Riscani	1	30	19	11	63%
Singerei	1	30	16	14	53%
Soroca	1	80	32	48	40%
Stefan Voda	1	115	23	92	20%
Straseni	2	200	88	112	49%
Taraclia	2	55	34	21	69%
Telenesti	2	90	60	30	67%
Ungheni	3	200	95	15	59%

Source: ANAS, Registry of Refugee Accommodation Centres, 06.06.2022





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