

Renk Road Monitoring Renk County, Upper Nile State, South Sudan

CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

Renk Town is located in Renk County, Upper Nile State, near South Sudan's border with Sudan. Since independance in 2011, Renk has become a major destination and transit point for returnees from Sudan and, since the beginning of the current conflict in 2013, for internally displaced persons (IDPs) fleeing conflict in Upper Nile State.

This factsheet provides results from the REACH road monitoring exercise in Renk Town, Renk County. REACH monitors three entry and exit points in Renk to record the arrivals and departures of South Sudanese returnee and IDP households (HHs) on a daily basis. Daily data is synthesized into a monthly factsheet to provide an overview of wider movement trends, including push/pull factors and intentions.

The following findings are based on primary data collected between 1 and 12 November 2017, during which 55 departing HHs (203 individuals) and 36 arriving HHs (159 individuals) were recorded.¹ Enumerators interviewed respondents who were arriving in and departing from Sukjima bus station. Respondents were selected based on presurvey questions on motives of travel to ensure that only displaced people or returnees were interviewed.¹ Not all entry points to Renk town were covered systematically, and most arrivals reportedly took place after data collection hours (9:00 a.m - 5:00 p.m). Moreover, people using formal transportation (bus) are overrepresented as opposed to people using other means of transportation (trucks, boats) and most formal transportation is mostly going to and from Sudan. As such, the data presented in this factsheet is not representative, rather indicative of movement trends for the assessed population.

DEPARTURES FROM RENK TOWN

Demographic²

89% of the total departing HHs intended to leave Renk Town for 6 months or less.



Children 63 % Women 33 % Men 4 %

Departing households

individuals is the average arriving HH size.

22% of departing HHs are made up of one individual travelling alone.

Area of origin of departing households

94% of the total departing HHs are originally from Upper Nile State.

County of origin of departing HHs:

Fashoda County	42 %
Renk County	21 %
Malakal County	9 %
Manyo County	7 %
Central Equatoria County	5 %
Ulang County	2 %
Other	14 %



Push factors

Primary push factors reported by departing HHs for leaving Renk Town:

Distance from family	60 %
Lack of health services / medicine	22 %
Lack of education	5 %
Lack of work	4 %
Lack of humanitarian assistance	4 %
Lack of food	2 %

Intended destination

Intended country of destination of departing HHs:

100% of the total departing HHs intend to go to Sudan³

Primary intended areas of destination in Sudan for departing HHs:

-	
Al Alagaya refugee camp	37 %
Khartoum	24 %
Al Redis II	9 %
Joda crossing	5 %
Settlements in White Nile	5 %

Intended duration of stay at destination

Reported length of time that departing HHs intend to stay in the location that they are departing for:

ARRIVALS TO RENK TOWN

Demographic

72% of the total arriving HHs expressed the intention to remain in Renk Town permanently.



Arriving households

4 individuals is the average arriving HH size.

17% of arriving HHs are made up of one individual travelling alone.

Proportion of HHs reporting a member with the following vulnerabilities:⁴

Breastfeeding	44 %
No reported vulnerabilities	33 %
Pregnant	17 %
Single parent	8 %
Malnourished	6 %

Intended duration of stay in Renk Town

Reported length of time that arriving HHs intend to stay in Renk Town among those not planning to stay permanently:

A few days to a month	56 %
One to six months	33 %
Over 6 months	11 %
Over a year	0 %

Pull factors

Primary pull factors reported by arriving HHs for choosing to come to Renk Town:

Personal security	64 %
To access shelter	19 %
To access work	14 %
To be with family	3 %



Previous location

Country of most recent long term location for arriving HHs:5



Sudan 100 %

South Sudan 0%

Areas of most recent long term location of HHs arriving from Sudan:

Al Alagaya refugee camp	31 %
Al Redis II refugee camp	11 % 📕
Settlements in White Nile	11 % 📕
Joda crossing	8 %
Al Redis I refugee camp	8 %
Khartoum	8 %
Khor Waral refugee camp	8 %
Other	15 %

Changes in pull factors toward Renk

Most prevalent reasons for coming to Renk between September and November:

	Sept 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017
Personal security	36 %	50 %	64 %
To be with family	16 %	4 %	3%
To access work	16 %	36 %	14%
Food assistance	16 %	0 %	0%

Notes

1. Most arriving HHs coming from South Sudan are internally displaced HHs whereas South Sudanese HHs coming from Sudan are usually returnees.

2. These are indicative trends; REACH does not record all arrivals and departures.

3. The fact that all departing HHs were heading to Sudan does not mean that departures from Renk toward other areas of South Sudan did not take place during the month. Departures are reported to take place by boat on the River Nile - however REACH is not currently collecting data at the Renk port.

4. Respondents could choose more than one answer.

5. Arrivals to Renk town from other parts of South Sudan are also reported by Key Informants (KIs) to be taking place, however such arrivals are reported to take place late in the evening or during the night, therefore after data collection hours.

IMPACT Initiatives ACTED and UNOSAT