



Settlement and Protection Profiling

Camp 2E Ukhiya, Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh

July 2019 and November 2019 comparison

Round 6

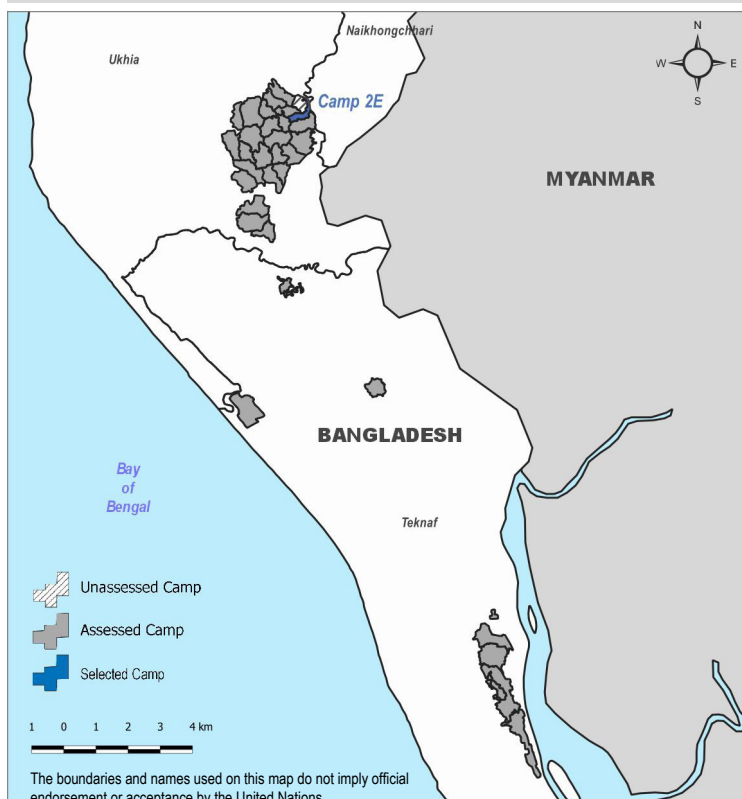
November 2019

Background and methodology

Since August 2017, an estimated 744,400 Rohingya refugees have fled from Myanmar into Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh, increasing the total number to around 914,998.¹ The majority are reliant on humanitarian assistance, services, and resources including shelter, food, clean water, and sanitation. Information on Rohingya households, particularly in relation to protection and access to services, is in need of regular updating due to the variation in service provision across settlements, challenges presented by the monsoon and cyclone seasons, and the evolving social and contextual dynamics within each settlement. Therefore, REACH in partnership with UNHCR conducted periodic Settlement and Protection Profiling in order to support evidence-based monitoring and analysis of cross-cutting protection issues in Rohingya refugee settlements.

The sixth round of SPP was conducted in 33 out of 34 refugee camps and settlements in Cox's Bazar District from 28 October - 28 November, 2019. Surveys were conducted with households selected through simple random sampling of shelter footprints. Translators Without Borders supported with translating the form into Rohingya. Results of this assessment are generalisable to the population of each camp with a 95% confidence level and 10% margin of error. This factsheet presents an analysis of data collected in Camp 2E, where 112 households were surveyed.

Where relevant, findings are compared to those of SPP Round 5 which took place from 25 June - 5 August, 2019.² November 2019 data is presented in **dark blue**, and July 2019 data is presented in **light blue**.



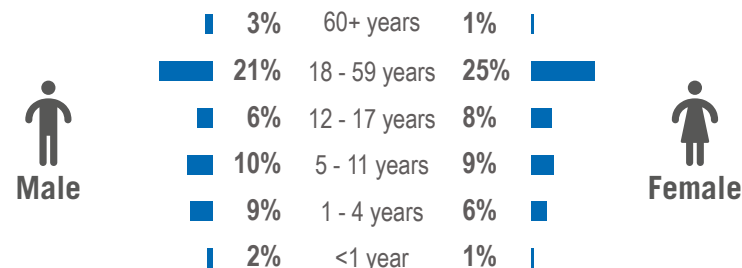
Key Camp Information

Camp Management	RRRC
Site Management Support	UNHCR / DRC
Population (individuals) ¹	30,168
Population (families) ¹	7,299
Camp Area	0.39 km ²
Population density	74,185 individuals/km ²



Demographics

Household composition by gender and age:



50% of individuals are under 18

76% of individuals are women and children

There is an average of **4.6** individuals reported per household

5% of households reported the presence of members with disabilities⁴

From UNHCR Key Demographic Indicators dataset¹

Families with PSN **31%**

% of families with Persons with Specific Needs (PSN), by need³

Separated child(ren)	2%	Unaccompanied child(ren)	1%
Older person(s) at risk	3%	Person(s) with disability	4%
Older person(s) at risk with children	3%	Single male parent with infants	1%
Serious medical condition(s)	4%	Single female parent	17%

31% of households arrived on 25 August 2017 or later



Protection

Five most frequently reported interventions needed to improve the sense of safety and security in the camps⁵:

November 2019		July 2019
56%	Improved paths and roads ①	56%
51%	Advice about safety issues ②	34%
43%	Better camp management ③	32%
32%	Increased community watch groups ④	31%
15%	Natural disaster warning system ⑤	24%

1. RRRC/UNHCR population data and key demographic indicators, 30 September 2019.

<https://data2.unhcr.org/en/documents/details/71792>

2. UNHCR, Bangladesh: UNHCR Camp Settlement and Protection Profiling - Round 4, December 2018.

<https://data2.unhcr.org/en/documents/details/71873>

3. For definitions of key terms relating to special needs and disability, refer to UNHCR "Guidance on the Use of Standardized Specific Needs Codes" <https://bit.ly/2GnJE0h>.

4. For this round of data collection, disability was measured at the household level using the Washington Group Short Set of questions on disability. According to this methodology, 'disability' is determined as anyone in the household having at least 'a lot of difficulty' following six domains: walking, seeing, hearing, cognition, self-care, and communication.

5. Respondents could give up to three answers.



Settlement and Protection Profiling

Camp 2E

Round 6
November 2019

Three most frequently reported perceived risks faced by individuals in the camp^{6,7}:

November 2019



Men

July 2019

36% Violence in the community ① No issues 36%

31% Risk of recruitment by armed groups ② Natural hazards 32%

31% Fear of kidnapping ③ Fear of kidnapping 31%



Women

30% Violence in the community ① No issues 38%

30% Fear of sexual assault ② Fear of kidnapping 31%

25% Natural hazards ③ Natural hazards 28%



Boys

52% Fear of kidnapping ① No issues 47%

30% Fear of sexual assault ② Fear of kidnapping 31%

30% Fear of trafficking ③ Natural hazards 18%



Girls

67% Fear of kidnapping ① No issues 42%

37% Fear of trafficking ② Fear of kidnapping 34%

29% Road accident ③ Fear of trafficking 20%

Three most frequently reported preferred sources of support for various forms of security incidents⁸:

	Involving self or family, with persons inside the camps		Involving self or family, with persons outside the camp		Witness to security incident within the camps	
	November 2019	July 2019	November 2019	July 2019	November 2019	July 2019
①	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji
②	Camp-in-Charge	Camp-in-Charge	Camp-in-Charge	Camp-in-Charge	Camp-in-Charge	Camp-in-Charge
③	Community members	Community members	Army	Army	Community members	Community members

93% of households reported feeling safe in their shelter 84%

95% of households reported being satisfied or very satisfied with the community watch groups in their area of the camp⁹ 89%

6. Respondents could give up to three answers.

7. These results are based on the respondent's subjective perception of risks in the camp, and not the actual number of security incidents.

8. Respondents could give multiple answers.

9. This question was asked to a subset of 61 households that reported a community watch group in their area.

10. This question was asked to a subset of 67 households that contained children under 5.

11. Findings on specific issues are reported as a percentage of households who reported any issues accessing latrines.

November 2019

79%

of households would report if they witnessed an incident of child abuse, neglect, or exploitation

July 2019

81%



Food Security and Nutrition

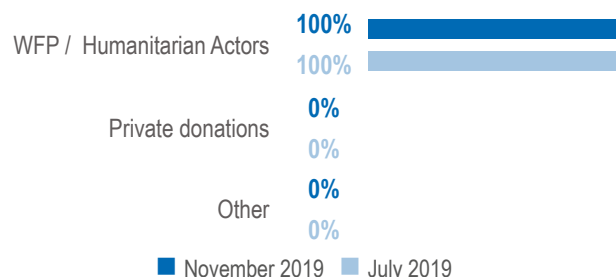
November 2019

98%

of households reported receiving food assistance in the month prior to data collection. Of these, the sources of assistance were⁸:

July 2019

97%



Three most frequently reported consumption coping strategies⁸:

November 2019

51%

Borrow food from friends or relatives

①

Borrow food from friends or relatives

July 2019

31%

49%

Eat less preferred food

②

Eat less preferred food

19%

34%

Limit portion size

③

Limit portion size

12%

November 2019

75%

of households with children under 5, reported receiving a supplementary feeding ration in the 30 days prior to data collection¹⁰

July 2019

63%

9%

of households reported receiving a breast-milk substitute since arriving in Bangladesh

22%



Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

Three most frequently reported perceived issues with latrines for men and women^{8,11}:

Men



November 2019

63%

Too many people

①

Too many people

57%

35%

Too far away

②

No gender separation

41%

25%

No lighting

③

No lighting

35%

July 2019

75%

Too many people

①

Too many people

74%

41%

Too far away

②

Too far away

42%

27%

Latrine is full

③

No gender separation

38%

November 2019

71%

of households reported using public latrines as the usual facility for defecation

July 2019

83%

20%

of households reported that there was not enough light at night for members to safely access latrines

20%

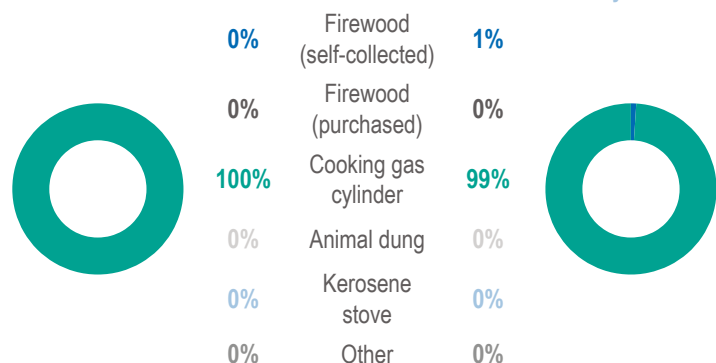


Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

% of households reported their main source of fuel:

November 2019

July 2019



November 2019

July 2019

100% of households reported cooking inside their shelter

92% of households reported having a lock either inside or outside of their shelter

68% of households reported having a lock both inside and outside of their shelter

Three most frequently reported items needed to address household shelter and NFI needs¹³:

November 2019

July 2019

50%	Shelter materials	1	Solar light	48%
45%	Solar light	2	Cooking items	47%
39%	Fan	3	Shelter materials	46%



Health

November 2019

July 2019

33% of household members were reported to have an illness serious enough to require medical treatment in the 30 days prior to data collection¹⁴

50% households reported being visited by a community health worker in the two weeks prior to data collection

Three most frequently reported challenges in accessing NGO clinics in the camps¹⁵:

November 2019

July 2019

56%	Crowded	1	Crowded	46%
40%	Supplies unavailable	2	Clinic too far away	37%
35%	Clinic too far away	3	None	34%

13. Respondents could give up to three answers.

14. Respondents were asked to report information for each individual in their household. The denominator for this indicator is all individuals.

15. Respondents could give multiple responses.

16. In July, this question was asked to households with children under the age of 18. In November 2019, it was asked to all households reporting the presence of members aged between 3 and 18 years old.



Education

November 2019

July 2019

95% of households reported being satisfied or very satisfied with the education available in the camps¹⁶

Three most frequently reported education priorities for children^{14,16}

47%	Supplies	1	Supplies	75%
34%	Improved curriculum	2	Better teachers	30%
33%	Money for education	3	Money for education	22%



CwC and Site Management

Three most frequently reported preferred methods of receiving information¹⁵:

November 2019

July 2019

91%	Face to face	1	Face to face	90%
64%	Loudspeakers	2	Loudspeakers	52%
18%	Help Desk	3	Radio	13%

69% of households reported wanting to have community representation in their camps

77% of households reported knowing how to access available assistance

November 2019

July 2019

1% of households reported facing barriers in accessing assistance in the camps

85% of households reported feeling that assistance providers listen to their opinion

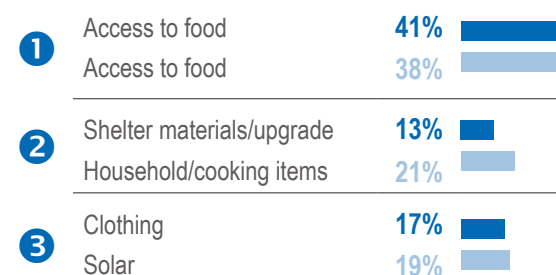
Three most frequently reported sources of assistance to complain or raise a problem related to assistance in camps¹⁵:

88%	Mahji	1	Mahji	84%
54%	Camp In Charge	2	Camp In Charge	64%
13%	Site Management Support agency	3	Site Management Support agency	17%



Priority Needs

Three most frequently reported priority needs:



■ November 2019 ■ July 2019