

UN House PoC 2 Snapshot

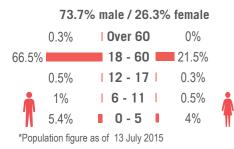
Juba County, Central Equatoria State, South Sudan

Summary

PoC 2 (Protection of Civilian) is the smallest of three PoCs at the UN House site in Juba. All the displaced persons in PoC2 are foreign nationals, mostly from Somalia, Eritrea, Ethiopia and Darfur. UN House site was established in December 2013.

Demographic data was provided by IOM (13/07/2015), spatial data was provided by REACH (as of 28/04/2015), all other data provided by camp management (as of 29/06/2015).

Demographics



Implementing Agencies

	EDUCATION	IBIS
, w	FOOD	Concern
	HEALTH	IMC, Concern (Nutrition), Magna
NFI	NFI	Vacant
\	PROTECTION	IRC, Handicap Int., TDH, Non Violent Peaceforce
	SHELTER	Vacant
-	WASH	Solidarités International, Theso

Site Overview

Site management: Site population: Accommodation:	ACTED 578 344 structures		
Planned capacity:	350 structures		
Site area:	20.091 m ²		
Origin of	PoC2 is made up of foreign		
displaced	nationals originating mostly		
persons:	from Eritrea, Somalia,		
	Ethiopia and Sudan.		

M CCCM Mechanisms

The following structures are in place:

- Site management committee
- ✓ National community leaders
- ✓ Other committees Women & Youth Religious leaders Community Watch Group

Key Developments

Relocation of 1,187 South Sudanese IDPs from PoC 2 into PoC 3 was completed in May 2015. The remaining displaced persons in PoC2 are foreign nationals, mainly originating from Eritrea (221), Somalia (181), Ethiopia (153) and Sudan (21).

The majority of the foreign nationals are currently undergoing a Refugee Status Determination (RSD) process, led by UNHCR. The RSD process is expected to be completed by September 2015. For those who receive refugee status, UNHCR will provide options for them to relocate to other refugee camps inside South Sudan, or they will have the option to become urban refugees in Juba.

Sectoral Overview		Target**	Achieved	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 enrolled in primary school % of children aged 12-17 enrolled in secondary school	100% 100%	100% n/a	•
Food	% households received food distribution (GFD) in past month Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP) for young children is in place	100% Yes	100% Yes	•
NFIs	% of households accessed NFI assistance since the onset of the crisis	100%	n/a	
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance	Yes	Yes	
CCCM	Average open area per person	min. 30m ²	34.7 m ²	
Protection	% registered IDPs	100%	100%	
Shelter	% households provided with a shelter (official structures) on arrival Average covered space per person*** Average number of individuals per tent	100% 4.2m ² max 5	100% 9.5m ² 1.6	•
Water Sanitation	Litres of water available per person per day # of persons per latrine (m/f) # of persons per shower (m/f)	min. 15L max. 20 max. 20	17L 34 58	•

Targets are based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster • Target reached , • Target more than 50% reached, • Target less than 50% or not at all reached. • No data *PoC2 shelters were designed to be 16 m²

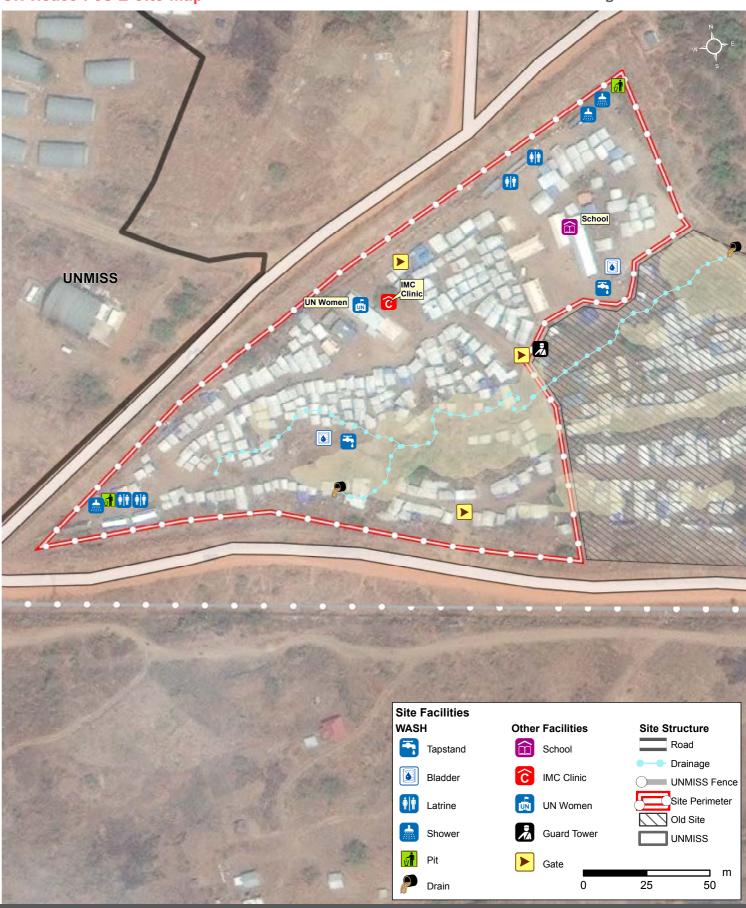
Location Map



Reported Priority Needs

Priority needs were reported and ranked by camp management as:

- Water
- 2 Food
- 3 Education



For more information on this profile please contact: REACH Initiative: south.sudan@reach-initiative.org CCCM Cluster: cccmsouthsudan.coord@gmail.com



South Sudan Displacement Crisis

July 2015

Lat: 4.811148 DD Long: 31.542689 DD

REACH An initiative of IMPACT Initiatives ACTED and UNOSAT