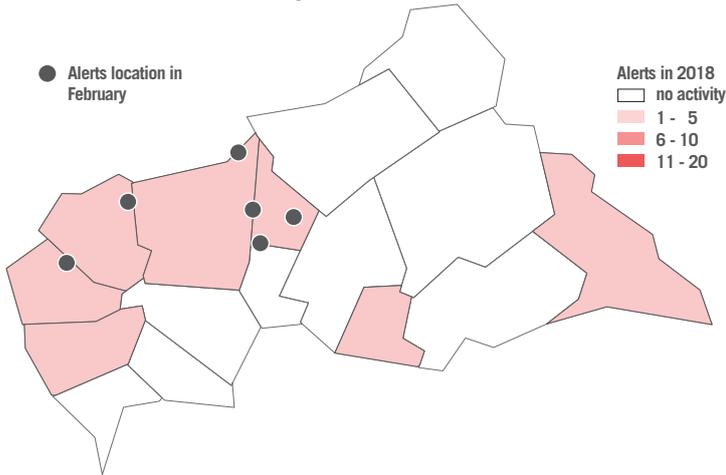




The Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) is designed to monitor humanitarian action, conduct multisector assessments, emergency non-food items distributions (NFI) and water, sanitation and hygiene interventions (WASH) when there is no capacity on site. Currently, RRM is made possible through the generous support of the European Union Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Office (ECHO), the Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA), and Japan. All RRM products are available on the [Humanitarian Response portal](#).

### Alerts received or sent by the RRM in 2018

Alert distribution in February and in 2018:



Alerts received or sent monthly in 2018:



### Activities January - February 2018

MEX (exploratory mission)	2
MSA (multisectoral assessment)	10
NFI distributions	5
WASH interventions	2
Hygiene sessions	4
Emergency latrines	28
Rehabilitation of water sources	6

Ongoing activities are not taken into account. Activities carried out during WASH interventions vary according to the priority needs identified at each location.

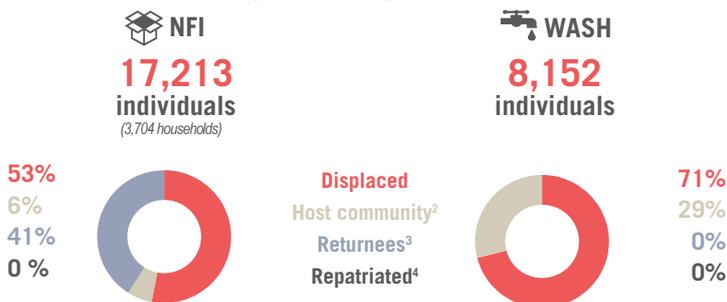


**6**

alerts

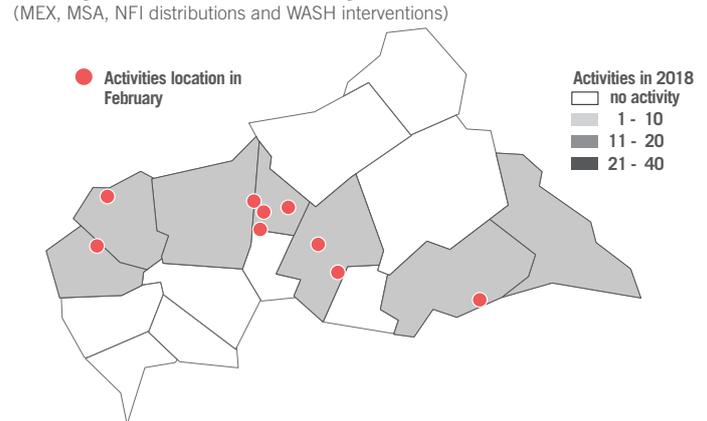
in February 2018

### Beneficiaries January - February 2018



### Overview of RRM activities in 2018

Activity distribution in February and in 2018:



RRM activities in February 2018:

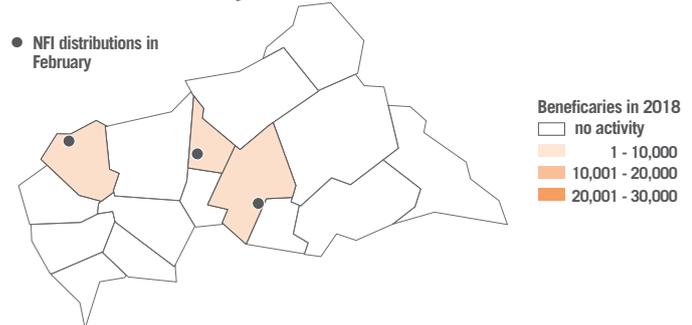


Results of post-distribution monitorings January - February 2018:

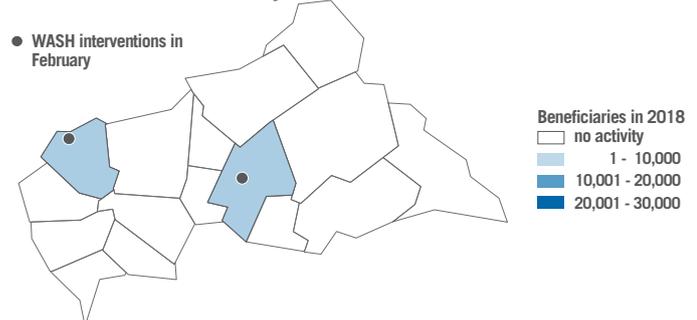


### Distribution of beneficiaries

NFI distributions in February and in 2018:



WASH interventions in February and in 2018:



<sup>1</sup>Overall satisfaction of beneficiaries with NFIs kits. <sup>2</sup>The term 'host community' refers to individuals that have not been displaced as the result of a humanitarian-related event. <sup>3</sup>The term 'returnees' refers to people who have come back to their pre-crisis location following a period of internal displacement. <sup>4</sup>The term 'repatriated' refers to former refugees who have returned from neighbouring countries.