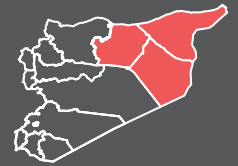




Camp Profile: Mahmoudli

Ar-Raqqa governorate, Syria

February 2020



Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Mahmoudli settlement. Primary data was collected through one key informant interview with camp management on 24 February 2020 and so all findings should be considered indicative.

Mahmoudli camp is located in the west of Ar-Raqqa governorate. At the time of data collection, the camp was managed and administered by an INGO. Due to the displacement of IDPs from conflict-affected areas in northeast Syria, arrivals to this and nearby camps has continued. NGOs have reportedly increased the amount of programs and resources within the camp to respond to the protection needs of newly arrived IDPs and authorities are focusing on increasing the services within the camp.

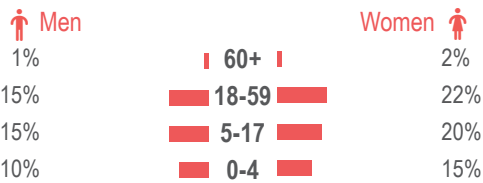
Location Map



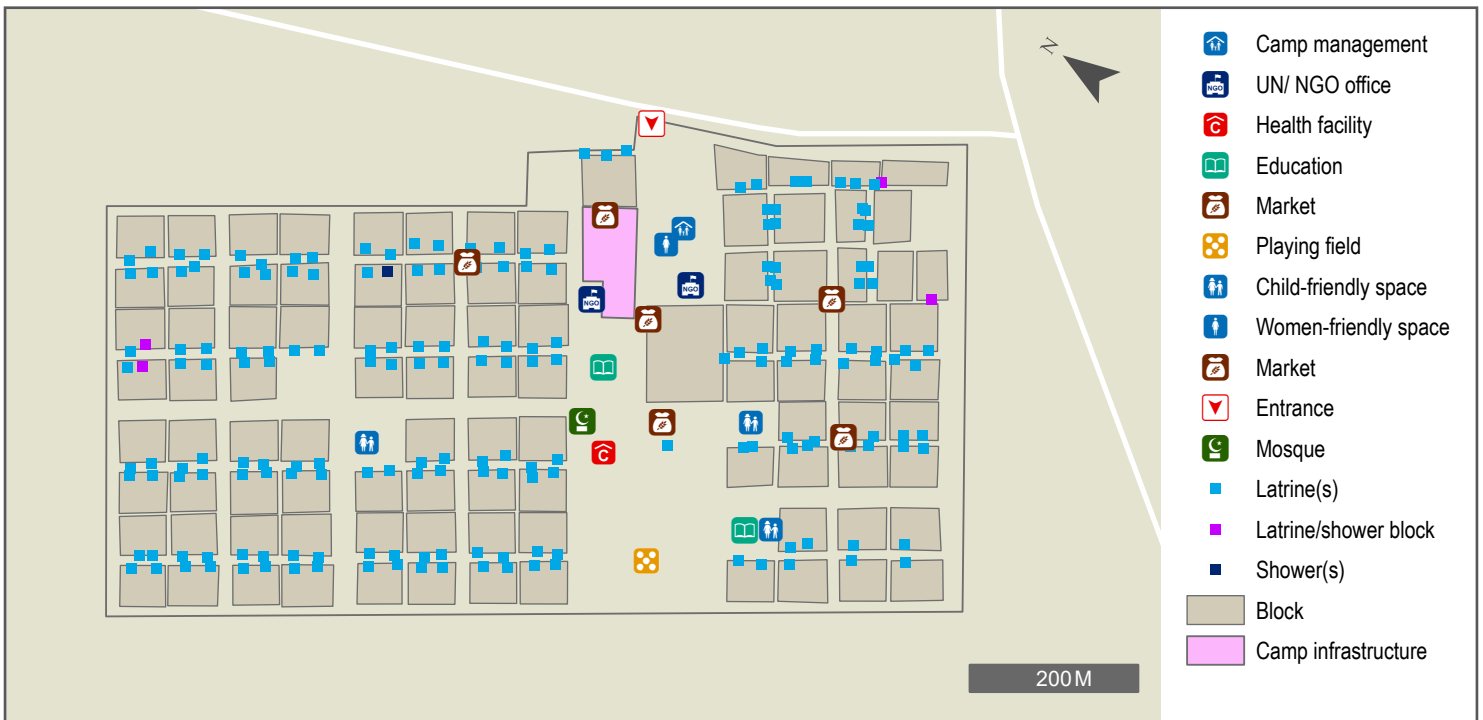
Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 8,188
Number of households: No data
Number of shelters: 2,073
First arrivals: September 2019
Camp area: 0.54 km

Demographics



Camp Map¹



Sectoral minimum standards

		Target	Current round		Previous round (Oct 2019)	
			Result	Achievement ⁴	Result	Change
Shelter	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 4.6	3.9	●	3.7	▲
	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m ²	6.7m ²	●	6.3m ²	▲
	Average camp area per person	min 35m ²	65m ²	●	118m ²	▼
Health	% of 0-5 year olds who have received polio vaccinations ²	100%	no data	-	65%	-
	Presence of health services within the camp	Yes	Yes	●	Yes	-
Protection	% of households reporting safety/security issues in past two weeks ²	0%	no data	-	63%	-
Food	% of households receiving assistance in 30 days prior to data collection ²	100%	no data	-	100%	-
	% of households with acceptable food consumption score (FCS) ^{2,3}	100%	no data	-	46%	-
Education	% of children aged 6-11 accessing education services ²	100%	no data	-	51%	-
	% of children aged 12-17 accessing education services ²	100%	no data	-	17%	-
WASH	Persons per latrine	max. 20	11	●	10	▲
	Persons per shower	max. 20	1,024	●	765	▲
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	min. twice weekly	daily	●	Daily	-

1. Data points have been generalised to aid map readability; not all infrastructure is shown and infrastructure shown indicates the location of services, not their functionality. This map has incorporated newly received data.

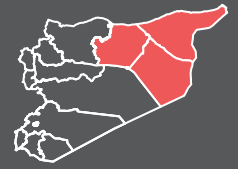
2. Some key indicators rely on household-level data collection. Access issues and movement restrictions caused by COVID-19 meant that this level of data collection was not possible during this round.

3. FCS measures households' current status of food consumption based on the number of days per week a household is able to eat items from nine standard food groups, weighted for their nutritional value.

4. Targets based on Sphere and humanitarian minimum standards specific to northeast Syria. ● Minimum standard reached ● 50%-99% minimum standard reached ● 0%-50% of minimum standard reached



Camp Profile: Mahmoudli



MOVEMENT

Top three reported areas of origin:

Country	Governorate	Sub-district	Percentage
Syria	Hama	Oqeirbat	70%
Syria	Homs	Tadmor	25%
Syria	Deir-ez-Zor	Abu Kamal	5%

Top three reported intended destinations:

Country	Governorate	Sub-district
Syria	Hama	Oqeirbat
Syria	Deir-ez-Zor	Abu Kamal
Syria	Homs	Tadmor



KIs estimated **1%** of those intending to leave reportedly intend to return to their area of origin.

Camp management reported that residents **had** received information on returning to their areas of origin.

Population planning to leave the camp:



PROTECTION

Safety and security

Safety and security issues reportedly present within the camp (in the two weeks prior to data collection):

- Non-violent hostility towards residents by those not residing in the camp
- Theft

Freedom of movement

People who needed to leave the camp temporarily for **medical emergencies** were reportedly able to do so.

Reported barriers to movement:

- Insufficient transportation
- Transportation options available but too expensive

Gender-based violence

Gender-based protection issues reportedly present within the camp (in the two weeks prior to data collection):

- None reported

Protection spaces

WASH facility availability in child-friendly spaces (CFS) and women-friendly spaces (WFS):

	CFS	WFS
Available:	Yes	Yes
Functioning latrines:	Yes	No
Handwashing facilities:	Yes	No

Child protection

Child protection issues reportedly within the camp (in the two weeks prior to data collection):

- None reported

Vulnerable people

Interventions in the camp targeting the following vulnerable groups:

- The elderly: Yes
- Persons with disabilities: Yes

Births inside the camp **are** registered.

HEALTH



Number of healthcare facilities: **3**

Types of facilities: Public hospital/clinics

A functional primary health facility **was available** outside the camp and residents in need of medical assistance were visiting this facility at the time of data collection.

Publicly-available/free medicine for people with chronic diseases was reportedly **not available** in sufficient quantities at the time of data collection.

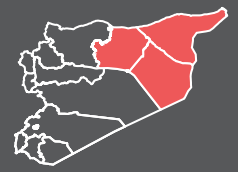
Nutrition activities being undertaken within the camp:

- Promotion of breastfeeding
- Screening and referral for malnutrition
- Treatment for Severe-Acute Malnutrition (SAM)
- A blanket supplementary feeding program

Dried milk powder had reportedly been distributed in the 30 days prior to data collection.



Camp Profile: Mahmoudli



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

Water



Tanker trucks were the primary source of water in the camp at the time of data collection.



No issues were reported with **drinking water** in the two weeks prior to data collection.

Everyone/nearly everyone reportedly had enough water for their needs in the 14 days prior to data collection

No cases of diarrhoea were reported in the two weeks prior to data collection.

Waste disposal



Primary waste disposal system: Garbage collection (Local authorities)

Disposal frequency: Every day

Disposal location: A private landfill

Disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

Sanitation



Number of latrines in camp: **717** (October 2019: 591)

Segregated by gender: Yes, all

Lockable from inside: Yes, all

Functional lighting: Yes, all

Privacy wall: Yes, all

Clean condition: Yes, all

Latrine type: ⁷	Communal	Household
	100%	0%

There were no reported **alternatives to latrines**.



Number of showers in camp: **8** (October 2019: 8)

EDUCATION

Educational facilities



At the time of data collection, there were **2** educational facilities in the camp.

Age groups: 6-11, 12-14

Service providers: Local NGO, International NGO

Curricula on offer: Literacy/self-learning

Certification available: No

Access to education services outside the camp reportedly **was** available.

Availability of WASH facilities in educational facilities

Gender-segregated latrines: Yes, in all schools

Handwashing facilities: Yes, in all schools

Safe drinking water: Yes, in all schools

Access to education

Reported access to education among school-aged children (3-17 years)

Receiving education: **60%**

Not receiving education: **40%**



Barriers to education

Reported barriers to education were:

- No space in school/unable to register
- Schools not in good condition (problems with latrines, electricity, furniture)
- Schools lack trained teachers
- No education for children of a certain age

FOOD SECURITY

Food consumption

Reported main sources of food in the 30 days prior to data collection:



- Food distributions
- From markets in the camp/site

Reported use of food-related coping strategies in the two weeks prior to data collection:



- Reducing meal size (**all or almost all households**)
- Skipping meals (**all or almost all households**)
- Buying food with money usually used for other things (**all or almost all households**)

Food distributions

Food assistance distributed in the 30 days prior to data collection:



- Bread distribution
- Standard WFP food baskets

Food assistance was reportedly **of good quality**, but was reportedly **not distributed in sufficient quantities**.

Food markets were reportedly present within the camp. There were functional food markets which residents could visit nearby.

Top three reported food needs not available through assistance or markets:

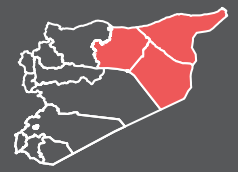


- None reported

7. Communal latrines and showers are shared by more than one household. Household latrines and showers are used only by one household. This may be an informal designation that is not officially enforced.



Camp Profile: Mahmoudli



LIVELIHOODS

Livelihood Sources

Top reported income sectors in the camp:⁸



- Subsistence agriculture/livestock
- Unskilled agricultural labour

Cash or vouchers **were reportedly not** distributed in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Coping strategies

Livelihoods coping strategies reportedly used by residents:



- Selling assistance items received

SHELTER AND NON-FOOD ITEMS (NFIs)

Shelter

100% of shelters within the camp were reportedly **tents**. At the time of data collection there were **no reports** of residents sleeping in the open and **100%** of tents were occupied.

Average number of people per shelter: **3.9**



Shelter adequacy

1% of shelters were reportedly vulnerable to flooding at the time of data collection.

100% of shelters reportedly have access to secondary cover such as tarpaulins.

Reported shelter adequacy issues at the time of data collection:



- Lack of privacy (no partitions, no doors, or locks are broken)
- No electricity
- Shelter is in poor condition

Materials being provided to improve shelter sustainability at the time of data collection:



- Additional covers for shelter
- Crushed stone (for construction of shelter flood protection)
- Tools - e.g. shovels, wheelbarrows, axes

Fire safety



KIs reported that fire extinguishers have been distributed and that information on how to use them has been provided in the three months prior to data collection.

NFI needs

Anticipated NFI needs for the three months following data collection:⁸



- Clothing
- Batteries

Top three reported shelter item needs at the time of data collection:



- New tents
- Additional tents
- Rope

Winter items distributed in the six months prior to data collection:



- Heater fuel
- Blankets
- Winter clothes/shoes
- Shelter reinforcement materials, like tarps

INFORMATION, ACCOUNTABILITY & PRIORITY NEEDS

Camp management and committees

Committees reported to be present in camp at the time of data collection:

- Camp management committee
- Women committee
- Distribution committee
- Maintenance committee
- WASH committee

Priority needs

Top three reported priority needs within the camp at the time of data collection:

- Employment
- Food
- Medical care

Complaints

A formal system was reportedly in place for residents to register complaints at the time of data collection.

About REACH Initiative

REACH Initiative facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. The methodologies used by REACH include primary data collection and in-depth analysis, and all activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. REACH is a joint initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research - Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNITAR-UNOSAT).

8. KIs could select up to three options