

Settlement and Protection Profiling Camp 25 Teknaf, Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh

Round 5 July 2019

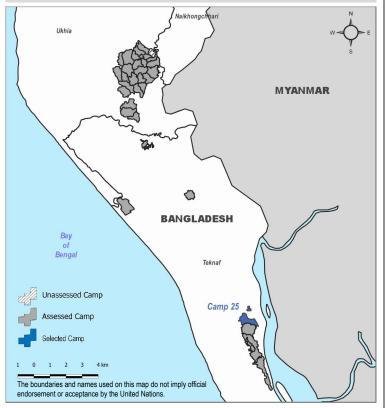
July 2019 and December 2018 comparison

Background and methodology

Since August 2017, an estimated 741,000 Rohingya refugees have fled from Myanmar into Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh, increasing the total number to around 910,000.1 The majority are reliant on overstretched humanitarian assistance, services, and resources including shelter, food, clean water, and sanitation. Information on Rohingya households, particularly in relation to protection and access to services, is in need of regular updating due to the variation in service provision across settlements, challenges presented by the monsoon and cyclone seasons, and the evolving social and contextual dynamics within each settlement. Therefore, REACH, in partnership with UNHCR, continued Round 5 of the Settlement and Protection Profiling (SPP) Assessment in order to support evidencebased monitoring and analysis of cross-cutting protection issues in Rohingya refugee settlements.

The fifth round of SPP was conducted in 33 out of 34 refugee camps and settlements in Cox's Bazar District from 25 June - 5 August, 2019. Surveys were conducted with households selected through simple random sampling of shelter footprints. Translators Without Borders supported with translating the form into Rohingya. Results of this assessment are generalisable to the population of each camp with a 95% confidence level and 10% margin of error. This factsheet presents an analysis of data collected in Camp 25, where 91 households were surveyed.

Where relevent, findings are compared to those of SPP Round 4 which took place from 25 November - 17 December, 2018.² July 2019 data is presented in dark blue, and December 2018 data is presented in



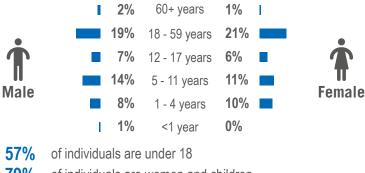
Key Camp Information

The UN Refugee Agency

Camp Management	RRRC
Site Management Support	IOM / IOM
Population (individuals) ¹	9,697
Population (families) ¹	2,183
Camp Area	1.13 km ²
Population density	8,585 individuals/km ²

i **Demographics**

Household composition by gender and age:



79% of individuals are women and children

There is an average of **5.2** individuals reported per household

of households reported the presence of members with 10% disabilities4

From UNHCR Key Demographic Indicators dataset¹

% of families with Persons with Specific Needs (PSN), by need³

Separated children	2%	Unaccompanied children	1%
Older person at risk	4%	Person with disability	3%
Older person at risk with children	2%	Single male parent with infants	1%
Serious medical condition	4%	Single female parent	23%
Families with PSN	35%		

91% of households arrived on 25 August 2017 or later

Protection

Five most frequently reported interventions needed to improve the sense of safety and security in the camps5:

July 20				
57%	Advice about safety issues	0	Improved paths and roads	77%
44%	Increased community watch groups	2	Advice about safety issues	49%
34%	Improved paths and roads	8	Better camp management	40%
31%	Better camp management	4	Locks for shelters	37%
29%	Natural disaster warning system	6	Natural disaster warning systems	25%

1. RRRC/UNHCR population data and key demographical indicators, 15 August 2019

https://data2.unhcr.org/en/documents/details/70841 2. UNHCR, Bangladesh: UNHCR Camp Settlement and Protection Profiling - Round 4, December 2018. https:// data2.unhcr.org/en/documents/details/68127

3. For definitions of key terms relating to special needs and disability, refer to UNHCR "Guidance on the Use of Standardized Specific Needs Codes" https://bit.ly/2GnJE0h.

4. For this round of data collection, disability was measured at the household level using the Washington Group Short Set of questions on disability. According to this methodology, 'disability' is determined as anyone in the household having at least 'a lot of difficulty' following six domains: walking, seeing, hearing, cognition, self-care, and communication

5. Respondents could give up to three answers



Settlement and Protection Profiling

Three most frequently reported perceived risks faced by individuals in the camp^{6,7}: Men July 2019 Dec 2018 47% Fear of kidnapping 58% Fear of kidnapping Risk of recruitment by 29% Fear of trafficking 2 48% armed groups Risk of recruitment by 23% 44% ß Fear of trafficking armed groups Women Violence in the 34% Fear of kidnapping 57% community 27% Fear of kidnapping 2 Fear of trafficking 42% Risk of recruitment by 24% B 33% No issues armed groups **Girls**⁸ **Boys**⁸ July 2019 July 2019 65% 53% Fear of kidnapping Fear of kidnapping Fear of trafficking 36% 30% Fear of trafficking

Three most frequently reported preferred sources of support for various forms of security incidents⁹:

B

23%

No issues

21%

No issues

	Involving self or family, with persons inside the camps		Involving family, wit outside t		Witness to security incident within the camps	
	July 2019	Dec 2018	July 2019	Dec 2018	July 2019	Dec 2018
0	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji	Mahji
2	Camp-in- Charge	Camp-in- Charge	Camp-in- Charge	Camp-in- Charge	Camp-in- Charge	Army
3	Army	Army	Army	Army	Army	Camp-in- Charge

85% of households would report if they witnessed an incident of child abuse, neglect, or exploitation⁸

99% of households reported being satisfied or very satisfied with the community watch groups in their area of the camp^{8,10,11}

88% of households reported feeling safe in their shelter⁸

6. Respondents could give up to three answers

 These results are based on the respondent's subjective perception of risks in the camp, and not the actual number of security incidents.
 Round 5 data only. These indicators were not included in SPP Round 4.

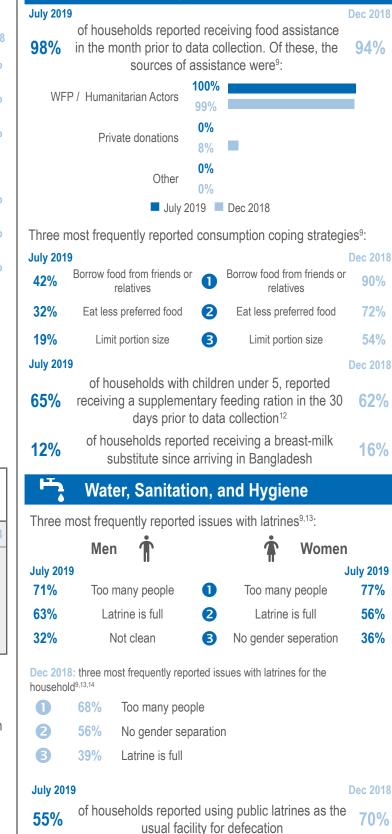
Respondents could give multiple answers.

The UN Refugee Agency

- 10. This number is a combination of households that reported 'satisfied' and 'very satisfied'.
- 11. This question was asked to a subset of 67 households that reported a community watch group in their area.
 12. This question was asked to a subset of 65 households that contained children under 5.

This question was asked to a subset of so nouseriolds that contained children under 5.
 Findings on specific issues are reported as a percentage among households who report any issues accessing latrines.

14. In July 2019, this question was asked separately for female and male household members. In December 2018, it was asked once for the household in general.

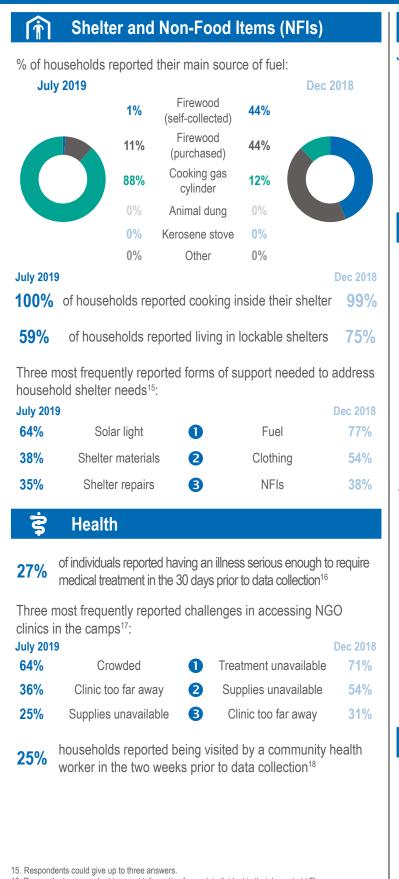


Food Security and Nutrition

of households reported that there was not enough light at night for members to safely access latrines



Settlement and Protection Profiling Camp 25



- 16. Respondents were asked to report information for each individual in their household. The
- denominator for this indicator is all individuals
- 17. Respondents could give multiple responses.
- Round 5 data only. These indicators were not included in SPP Round 4.
 In July, this guestion was asked only to households with children under the age of 18. In
- December 2018, it was asked to all households.
- 20. This number is a combination of households that reported 'satisfied' or 'very satisfied'.



=	Ed	ucation				
July 201					Dec 2018	
99%			-	atisfied or very satisfie le in the camps ^{19,20}	^d 75%	
Three most frequently reported education priorities for children ^{16,19}						
83%		Supplies	0	Better teachers	61%	
38%	E	Better teachers	2	Improved curriculum	56%	
25%	Mor	ney for education	3	Religious education	40%	
<u>۳</u>	Cv	vC and Site	Manag	ement		
inform	ation ¹⁷ :	equently reporte	ed preferre	ed methods of receivi	•	
July 20 92%		Face to face	0	Face-to-face	Dec 2018 98%	
92 %			2			
	L	oudspeakers		Loudspeakers	89%	
13%	of how	Radio	3	Phone call	75%	
61%	of households reported wanting the oppurtunity to have community representation in their camps					
62%	of households reported knowing how to access available assistance ¹⁸					
July 20 1	19				Dec 2018	
5%	of households reported facing barriers in accessing assistance in the camps.					
86%	of households reported feeling that assistance providers listen to their opinion					
		equently reporte plem related to a		s of assistance to con e in camps ¹⁷ :	nplain	
0	70%	Mahji				
2	65%	Camp In Char	ge			
3	6%	Site Managem	nent Supp	ort agency		
× ×	Pri	iority Needs	3			
Three	most fre	equently reporte	ed priority	needs:		
•	Shelter	materials	37	%		
0	Fuel		41	%		
2	Shelter	materials	26	%		
•	Access	to food	35	%		
в	Solar		21			
-	Clothing]	12	%		

July 2019 Dec 2018

