### IDP Camps and Settlements Overview

Iraq October 2014

#### **Summary**

Informal sites and formal camps have been established or re-opened in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq (KRI) between mid-June and the end of August 2014 to host internally diplaced persons (IDPs). REACH Initiative launched an assessment to profile sites and camps that had reached at least 50% capacity by the end of September. This factsheet presents a multi sector comparison of the vulnerabilities, needs and concerns reported by displaced persons living in eleven settlements in Diyala, Duhok, Erbil, Ninewa and Sulyamaniyah governorates.

#### Methodology

Primary data was collected through household surveys on 28 September - 9 October 2014. A random sample of 840 households, between 59 and 92 in each camp, was interviewed across the KRI, Diyala and Ninewa to ensure that findings can be generalised to the camp level with a confidence level of 95% and a 10% margin of error. Additional information from camp managers (marked \*) was collected through interviews on 13 - 27 October 2014.

Camps and settlements assessed: Diyala governorate: Al Yawa New, Al Yawa Old, Bahari Taza

Duhok governorate: Baijd Kandala, Deir Aboun, Khanke, Wargahe Zakho

Erbil governorate: Baharka, Harshm Ninewa governorate: Garmawa Sulaymaniyah governorate: Arbat IDP

Total camp population: 9,235 families

#### **Sectoral Overview**

Minimum standards are grouped according to the Iraq Strategic Response Plan		Spontaneous Settlements					Planned Camps					
<ul> <li>2014-2015 and have been agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq.</li> <li>Standard reached</li> <li>Standard more than 50% reached</li> <li>Standard less than 50% or not at all reached</li> </ul>		Al Yawa New	Al Yawa Old	Bahari Taza	Deir Aboun	Wargahe Zakho	Arbat IDP	Baharka	Bajid Kandala	Garmawa	Harshm	Khanke
Protection	100% of IDPs registered on an individual basis	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CCCM	Camp management in place	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Min. 30m² average area per household	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Food	100% of IDPs received food assistance in the past month	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
<b>Health</b>	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
<b>Education</b>	100% of school age childred attending school	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Shelter*	100% of IDPs recieved shelter assistance since arrival at the settlement or camp	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup> average covered area per person	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Max. 5 average number of individuals per tent	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Water and Sanitation*	Min. 20 litres of water available per person per day	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Max. 20 persons per latrine	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	Max. 20 persons per shower	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

<sup>1</sup> For further details on the sampling methodology, refer to 'Determining Sample Size for Research Activities', http://opa.uprrp.edu/InvinsDocs/KrejcieandMorgan.pdf.





#### **Overview**

The Kurdistan Region of Iraq (KRI) contains both formal camps and informal sites for IDPs. Formal sites are planned and built before displaced households arrive, many of these first used by Syrian refugees. Informal sites began as spontaneous settlements, with infrastructure added after IDPs had already settled on the site.

Facilities and services were hastily arranged to cope with new arrivals as a result of mass internal displacement since June 2014. As a result, many sites do not meet minimum Sphere Standards and other key sectoral indicators agreed with the CCCM Cluster. Unplanned and located on particularly challenging sites, conditions in spontaneous settlements are worse than in formal camps.

Unable to afford private rented accommodation and lacking support from family and friends, IDPs in camps and settlements include some of the most vulnerable displaced households in the KRI.

Priority needs predominantly reported by IDPs include **food assistance** and **shelter improvement**. Sanitation is a critical need, with minimum standards for latrines and showers currently met in only two sites. An overwhelming majority of tents do not yet meet minimum winterisation critieria and heavy rains are reported to have already caused flooding in some sites. **Improved sanitation** and **preparation for winter** should therefore be considered top priorities.

## Priority Needs

Top **priority needs** reported by the camp population (each household listed their three priority needs):

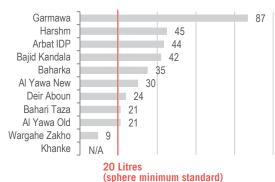
	Food	Sanitation	Shelter Improvement
Al Yawa New	92%	10%	62%
Al Yawa Old	100%	34%	97%
Arbat IDP	71%	48%	25%
Bahari Taza	100%	24%	100%
Baharka	91%	36%	93%
Bajid Kandala	58%	62%	85%
Deir Aboun	89%	83%	94%
Garmawa	58%	51%	81%
Harshm	95%	24%	48%
Khanke	69%	56%	99%
Wargahe Zakho	78%	57%	85%

### Water and Sanitation

Reported primary source of drinking water in the camp:

	Bottled Water		Network Water	Trucking/ Delivery
Al Yawa New				$\checkmark$
Al Yawa Old				$\checkmark$
Arbat IDP				$\checkmark$
Bahari Taza		$\checkmark$		
Baharka				$\checkmark$
Bajid Kandala			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Deir Aboun				$\checkmark$
Garmawa				$\checkmark$
Harshm				$\checkmark$
Khanke			$\checkmark$	

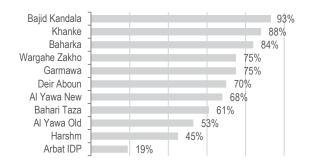
Reported number of litres of water per person per day:



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### **Availability of Information**

Proportion of camp population that reported having received **information about available assistance** since arrival at the site;

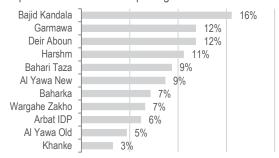




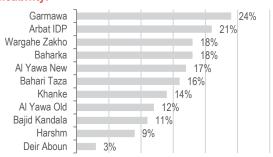




#### Proportion of households reporting a female head of household:



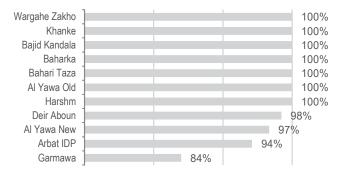
### Proportion of households reporting at least one member with a disability:



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#### **Food Assistance**

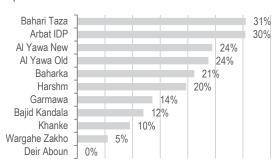
Proportion of camp population that reported having recieved **food assistance** since arriving in the camp:





### Livelihoods

#### Proportion of households with at least **one member in employment**:

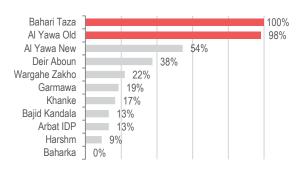


#### **Shelter and Winterisation**

Proportion of tents observed **meeting minimum criteria for winterisation** 

		Plinth	Chimney Plate	Secondary Roof Cover
1	Al Yawa New	9%	4%	8%
2	Al Yawa Old	0%	0%	0%
3	Arbat IDP	13%	7%	15%
4	Bahari Taza	0%	0%	0%
5	Baharka	56%	2%	69%
6	Bajid Kandala	57%	0%	86%
7	Deir Aboun	0%	0%	5%
8	Garmawa	10%	0%	38%
9	Harshm	5%	0%	18%
10	Khanke	52%	1%	38%
11	Wargahe Zakho	0%	13%	64%

Proportion of camp population that reported **no heating system**:



# Non Food Items

Proportion of camp population that reported haveing received **NFI assistance** since arriving in the camp:

