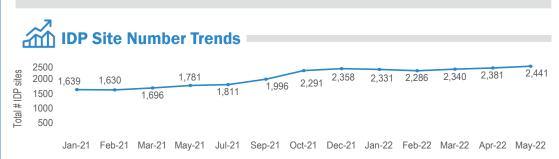
# **IDP Hosting Sites in Yemen**

#### **Context & Methodology**

As part of their regular programming, the CCCM Cluster and partners, with the support of REACH, are implementing the Site Report to build a profile of IDP hosting sites in Yemen. This activity is carried out to inform a more targeted, evidence-based humanitarian response. The findings presented here provide an overview of basic informatin on population demographics, site conditions, service access, site threats and community needs. A total of **735 IDP hosting sites out of 2,441 IDP hosting sites in Yemen** were surveyed, with a total population of 767,066 individuals out 1,664,808 individuals. Data was received between January 2022 - May 2022 through key informant interviews with community representatives in each site. The findings presented should be generally read as the proportion of assessed sites as reported by key informants. Findings should be considered as both indicative and incomplete. All information is for humanitarian use only.



Source: CCCM IDP Hosting Site Master List (January 2021-May 2022)



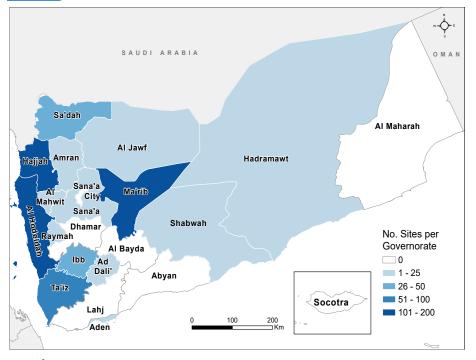
- Total IDP Population in Sites

  Number of IDP Households in Sites
  - Source: CCCM IDP Hosting Site Master List (January 2021-May 2022)



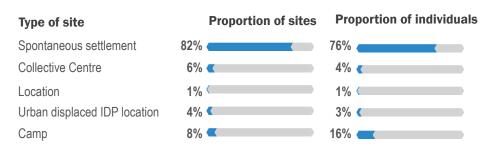
# Yemen assessment coverage: Governorates assessed through the Site Report

May 2022



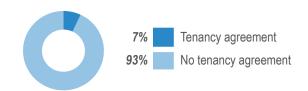
#### **Site overview**

Land ownership	<b>Proportion of sites</b>	<b>Proportion of individuals</b>
Private	84%	90%
Public	8% <	6% <b>&lt;</b>
Owner not known	8% <	4% <

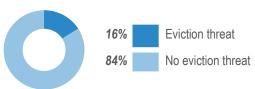


# Tenancy agreement

#### Proportion of assessed sites with a tenancy agreement



## Proportion of assessed sites with a tenancy agreement reportedly facing eviction threat



### **?**→ Displacement

# Most common governorates of origin of displaced households, by proportion of assessed sites

Hajjah	39%	
Al Hodeidah	18%	
Ma'rib	12%	
Ta'iz	10%	
Sa'dah	8%	
Al Jawf	3%	<b>⟨</b>

<sup>\*</sup> Additionally, Sana'a, Ibb governorates were also reported as most common districts of origin in 3% of assessed sites.

# Most common districts of origin of displaced households, by proportion of assessed sites

Harad	31%	
Ad Durayhimi	5%	
Al Jubah	5%	•
Sirwah	3%	<b>《</b>
Khab wa Ash Shaf	3%	<b>⟨</b>
Abs	3%	<b>《</b>

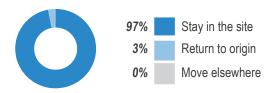
<sup>\*</sup> Additionally, Hays, Al Hali, Salah districts were also reported as most common districts of origin in 3% of assessed sites.

# Most common reason for displaced households to leave place of origin, by proportion of assessed sites\*

Security concerns / War	99%	<b>•</b>
Evicted from Property	16%	
House/livelihood assets destroyed/occupied	2%	<b>(</b>
Lack of basic services	6%	•
Evacuated for protection	1%	
Lack of commodities	3%	<b>(</b>
Lack of employment	0%	
Natural disaster	0%	

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

# Most common movement intention of displaced households for the coming three months, by proportion of assessed sites





### **Demographics**

#### Proportion of sites assessed with presence of High-Risk Groups\*

Child-headed households	41%	
Elderly	85%	
Female-headed households	88%	
Marginalized people / Minorities	15%	
Persons with chronic diseases	87%	
Persons with disabilities	89%	
Pregnant and lactating women	92%	
Unaccompanied / separated children	20%	

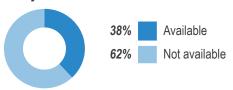
#### Proportion of assessed sites with population groups other than IDPs\*

Host community	74%	
Migrants	2%	<b>(</b>
Refugees	1%	<b>(</b>
None - only IDPs present	23%	
Not known	1%	<b>〈</b>

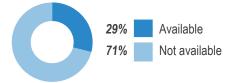
<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.

### Infrastructure/Resources

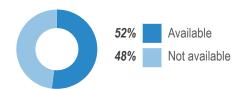
Proportion of assessed sites with cooking fuel in site / close proximity



Proportion of assessed sites with electricity / solar power



Proportion of assessed sites with markets in site / close proximity





#### **Access to Services**

# Proportion of assessed sites by adequacy of services, per service type

May 2022

	Adequate	Inadequate	Non-existent
RRM distributions	19%	31%	50%
Shelter / maintenance services	11%	26%	64%
NFI distributions	9%	32%	59%
Food distributions	4%	82%	14%
Cash distributions (multi-purpose)	5%	53%	42%
WASH services	5%	34%	62%
Healthcare services	5%	32%	63%
Education services	9%	41%	50%
Livelihood services	2%	5%	93%
Protection services	18%	29%	53%
Nutrition services	10%	38%	52%
Waste disposal services	5%	11%	84%



### **Priority Needs**

#### Proportion of assessed sites per priority needs

	First	Second	Third
Cash assistance	6%	17%	18%
Education	2%	3%	6%
Food	48%	11%	10%
Water	10%	15%	5%
Legal services	1%	0%	1%
Livelihood assistance	4%	4%	18%
Medical assistance	2%	8%	8%
Non-food items	4%	19%	9%
Protection services	1%	2%	2%
Sanitation services	4%	9%	10%
Shelter / maintenance	18%	13%	11%
Nutrition services	0%	0%	1%



### **Primary Shelter Type**

#### Proportion of assessed sites per primary shelter type

Own house / apartment	1%
Makeshift shelter	60%
Host family house / apartment	<b>5</b> % <b>&lt;</b>
Emergency shelter	14%
Rented house / apartment	5%
Transitional shelter	11%
Public building	3%
Open air (no shelter)	0%



### **Primary Latrine Type**

#### Proportion of assessed sites per primary latrine type

Flush latrine to tank / sewage system pit	16%
Flush latrine to the open	8%
Pit latrine - covered	29%
Pit latrine - open	20%
Open defecation	27%



### **Primary Water Source**

#### Proportion of assessed sites per primary water sourece

Borehole	21%	)
Bottled water	2% (	-
Illegal connection to piped network	9% <	,
Public tap	<b>5</b> % <b>&lt;</b>	,
Protected rainwater tank	8% <	,
Surface water	10%	<b>)</b>
Unprotected rainwater tank	17%	,
Water trucking	29%	,



#### **Site Threats**

#### Most common threats to sites, by proportion of assessed sites\*

May 2022

Conflict-related incidents / War	15%	
Eviction	16%	
Fire-related incidents	12%	
Flooding	15%	
Friction between communities	6% ◀	
Infectious diseases	20%	
Water contamination	13%	



### **Fire Safety Measures**

#### Most common fire safety measures, by proporiton of assessed sites\*

Fire points	9%	
Fire wardens	5%	<b>《</b>
Fire breaks	2%	<b>(</b>
Escape routes	2%	<b>⟨</b>
None	89%	



### **Data Collection Partners**

The following 22 **CCCM partners** supported the data collection for the CCCM Site Report in Yemen from January 2022 - May 2022: ACTED, SHS, RADF, JAAHD, Tamdeen, IOM, NRC, Human Access, PAH, FMF, CRB, BFD, YFCA, DRC, NFDHR, YDF, DEEM, NMO, GWQ, YGUSSWP, YARD, YRCS.

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple options for these questions, and therefore overall figures may not add up to 100%.