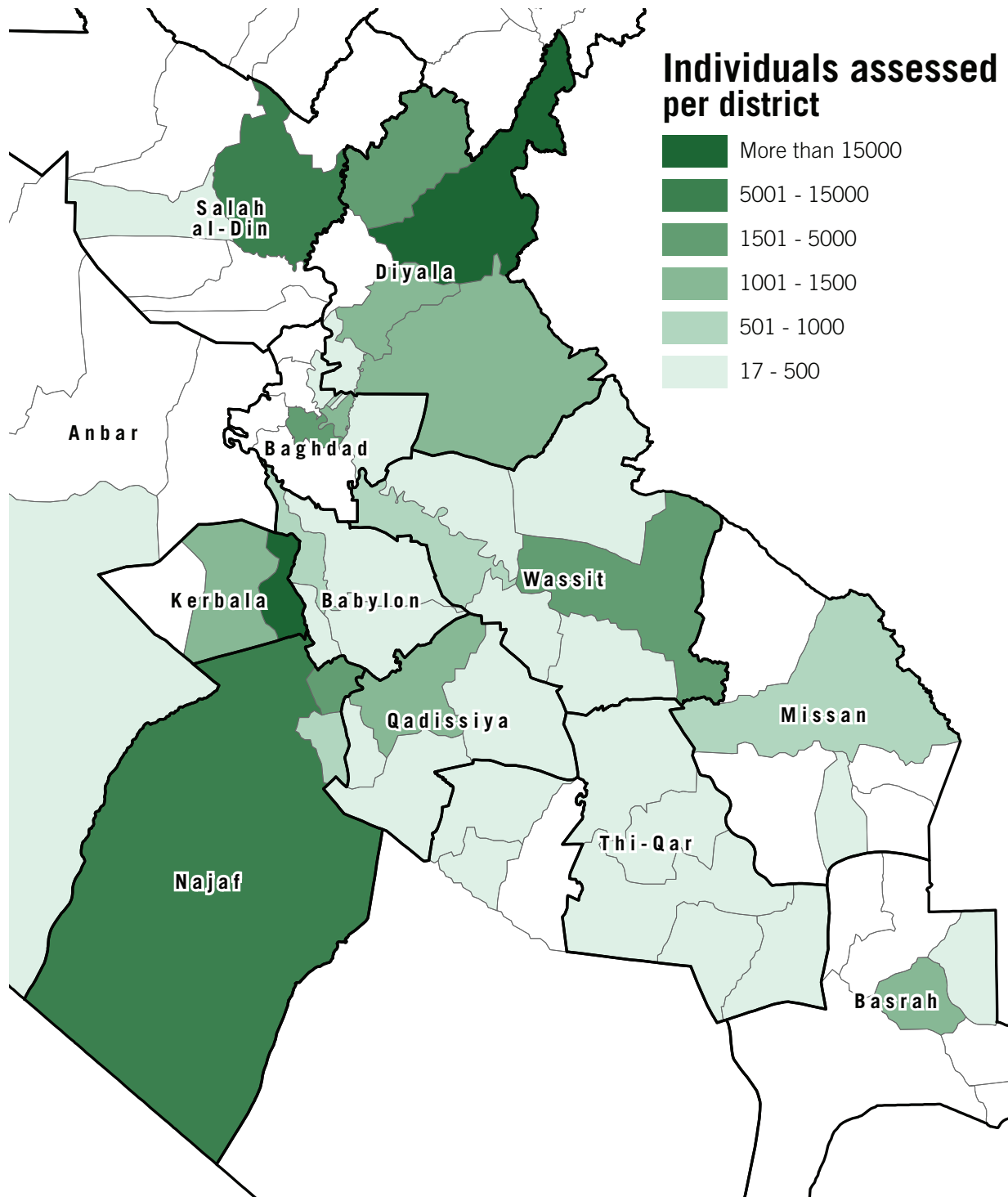


CCCM Site Mapping: Phase 3 - Overview

The REACH Initiative and IOM, in support of the CCCM Cluster, recently completed the second of two Spontaneous Site Assessments in May 2015. Two sweeps of spontaneous collective sites were conducted in the Kurdistan Republic of Iraq (KR-I) and disputed areas of northern Iraq in October and November 2014, and in the southern governorates between February and May 2015. Partners identified, geo-referenced and collected key data on informal settlements containing five or more families, including on demographics, shelter conditions, legal status, access to services and intentions.

Spontaneous sites take the form of informal settlements, collective centers, religious or public buildings and unfinished or abandoned buildings in use as shelters. Most of the sites have substandard services in terms of access, site planning, WASH and winterization, and residents are highly vulnerable to changing weather conditions. Shelter in many sites is ad-hoc, with limited protection provided by plastic sheeting and other basic materials.



Total site statistics include 1 site assessed in al-Rutba district of Anbar. Due to security constraints it was not possible to complete the assessment in Anbar, so the governorate is omitted from the governorate and district level presentations.

1,106 Sites

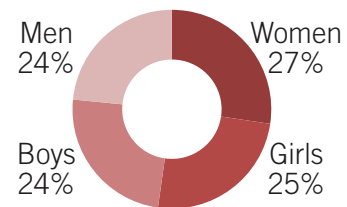


1,316 Buildings

94,730 Individuals



17,602 Households

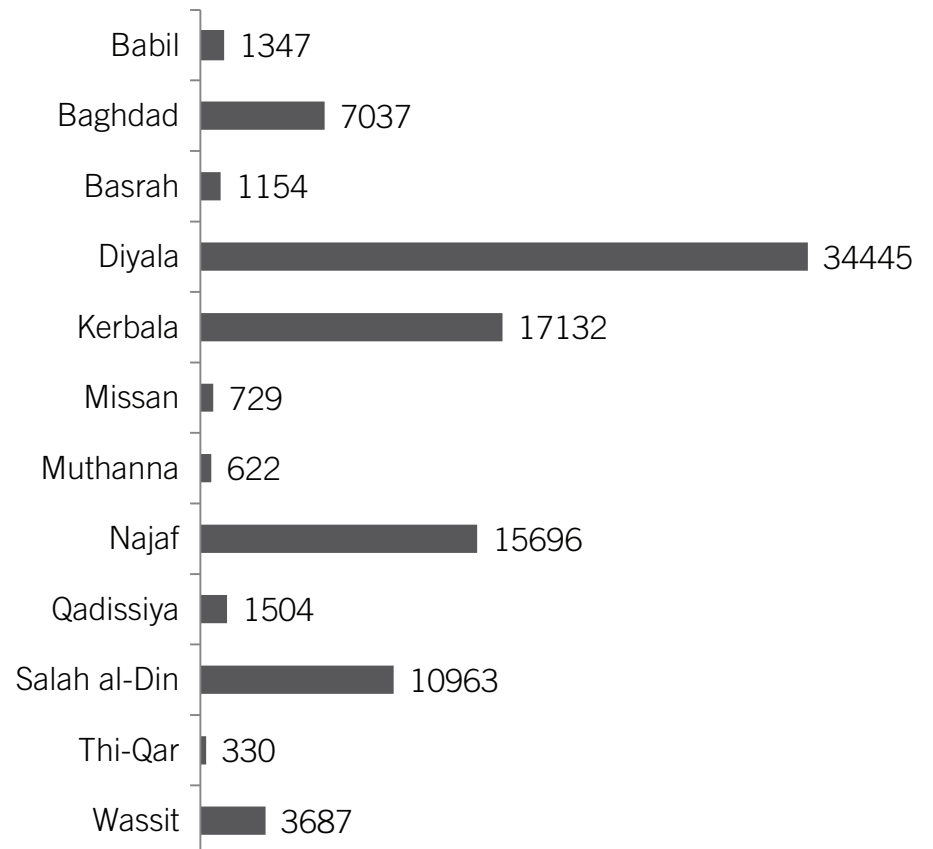


2,264 Female headed

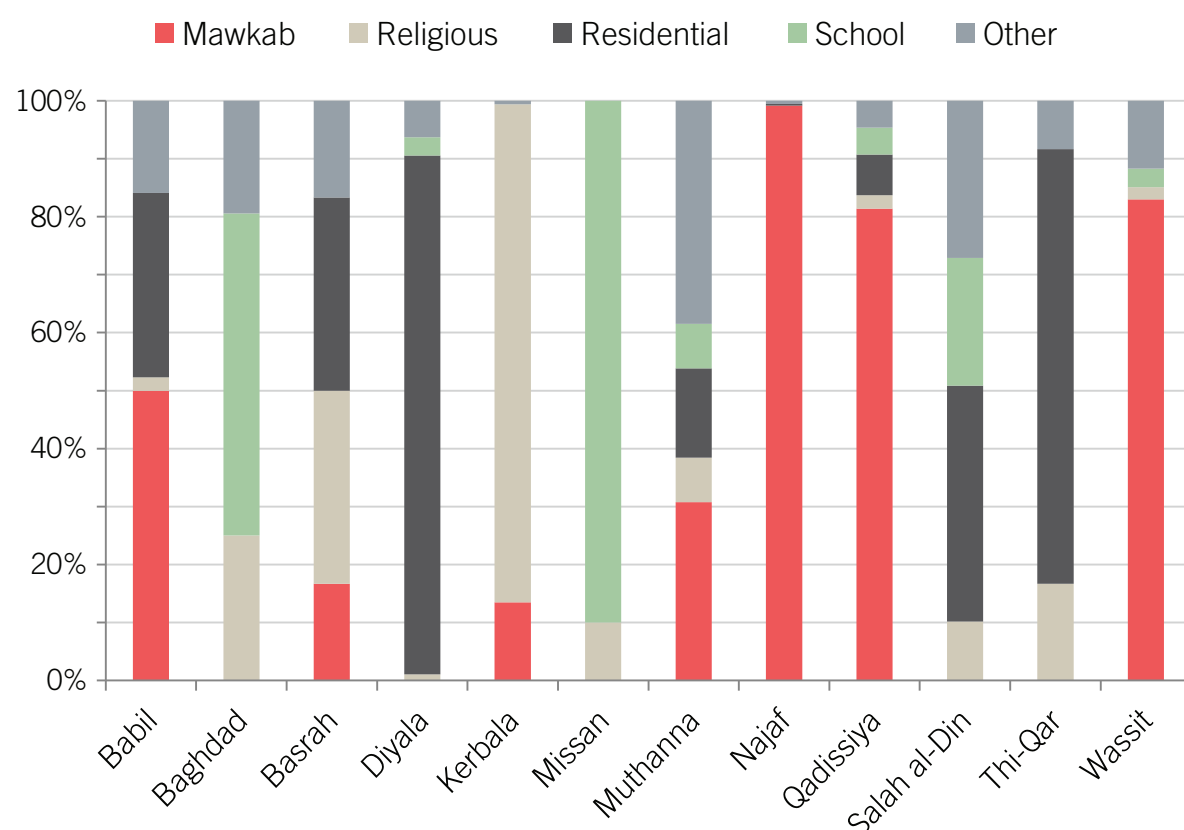


663 Child headed

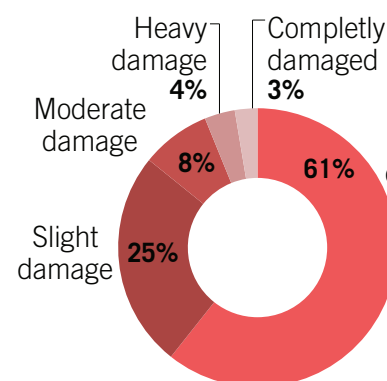
Individuals per governorate



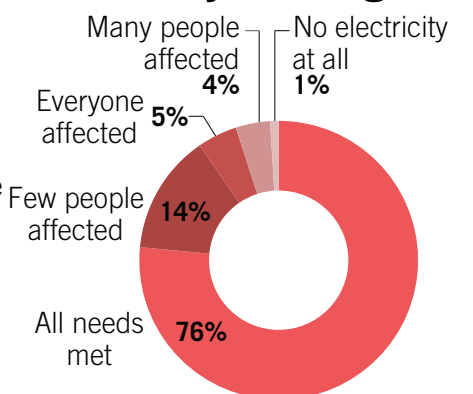
Proportion of site purposes per governorate



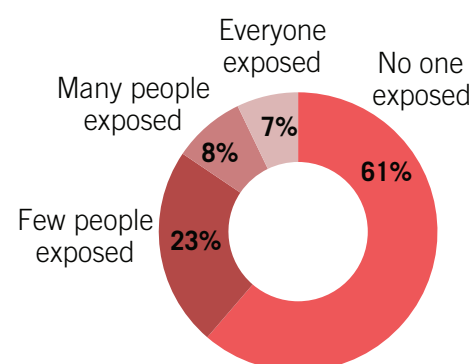
Shelter damage



Electricity shortages



Open to elements



Water shortages

