Boqaata

Assessed Villages

Displaced

\$213

Public network

Shelter

Main types of accommodation reported

Collective centre/shelter Factory/Warehouse Tent/Handmade shelter in settlement

Garage/Shop/Worksite

Independent house/apartment One room structure

Homeless/No shelter

Unfinished building

Kind of occupancy arrangement

Provided by employe

Average monthly household rent

Reported evictions

Electricity

Average hours of electricity reported per day

Average monthly HH expenditure reported

Main source of electricity

have heard reports of evictions

Do not know

Assistance/Charity

Hosted Squatting

Owned apartment/house Unfurnished rental/Land
Furnished rental

Host

\$369

Public network

Reported Top Needs Female Male Female Male Winterisation 14% 14% 11% Employment 6% 14% **Drinking Water** 6% Food 1% 2% Domestic Wate Education 3% 12% 3% 6% 1% 6% 6% Health 10% 8%

Host

Displaced

Demographic Pressure

Top 3 reasons for moving in Last 6 months

Last 3 years

More employment opportunities 1 Safety concerns

Knew friends/family 2 More employment opportunities

Safety concerns at last location 3 Knew friends/family

100% significant population increase in the last 3 years

of displaced reported 95% significant population increase in the last 6 months



Social Stability

Potential sources of tensions related to:

Lack of Social interaction



Lack of confidence in institutions



international actors Social fragmentation

Host

Displaced

Reported issues causing community divisions

Job shortages 1 Job shortages

Overstretched resources Overstretched resources

Housing shortages/rent increase 3 N/A





Income & Poverty

Main sources of income

Formal commerce 1 Unskilled non-agricultural labour

Unskilled non-agricultural labour 3 Informal commerce

Most common mode of employment

Irregular/temporary

Average monthly HH income

\$1048 as reported by respondents \$373

Reported changes in unemployment in last 3 years/6 months Increased

Increased

Most Commonly Reported HH expenditures on basic food staples

51 - 60%

41 - 50%

Most Commonly Reported HH expenditures on essential non-food items 21 - 30% 11 - 20%

Top coping mechanisms to cover cost of basic needs

Buy cheaper/lower quality food 1 Reduce meal portion size

Borrow money/food Buy cheaper/lower quality food

Credit 3 Borrow money/food

Informal commerce 2 Informal credit/debt

Water

Top sources for drinking and domestic water



Average monthly expenditure on drinking water per HH

Average monthly expenditure on domestic water per HH

Sample Information: Number of Interviews: 64 | Number of Male interviewed: 24 | Number of female interviewed: 40 | Age Range: 12 - 70 | Data collected between October 2014 - February 2015 Population groups covered: Lebanese, Syrian I Average HH size: 4 | Cadastre Population: 11877 | Lebanese living under US\$4: 2599 | Syrian Refugees: 5581





29 caregivers

29 caregivers

8 adolescents

8 adolescents

Out of

Out of

Out of

Host **Displaced**

Wastewater Management

Main wastewater systems





Access to showering and washing facilities

of respondents HH have access to showering and washing facilities

Reported flooding or presence of stagnant water within community in the last 12 months

43%

reported flooding in immediate surroundings



Solid Waste Management

Main type of solid waste disposal

Public collection

Public collection

In the last 3 months

Refuse/garbage

of respondents reported noticeable excess refuse/garbage

Presence of pests

29%

3%

of respondents reported noticeable presence of flies, rodents, and insects



Health

Most commonly reported child illnesses

Acute respiratory diseases 1 Diarrhea

Diarrhea 2 Acute respiratory diseases

Other stomach ailments 3 Dysentery

Top 3 challenges in accessing health services

Cost of health services 1 Cost of medicines

Cost of medicines 2 Cost of health services

Long waits for consultation 3 No affordable transportation

Participated in polio campaigns in last 3 months

took their children to be vaccinated in polio campaign

Reasons for not participating in polio campaigns







Host Displaced

35 caregivers

35 caregivers

Education

92% 15% of caregivers reported children enrolled 2013-14

85%of caregivers reported children enrolled 2014-15

8 adolescents

Out of adolescents are enrolled 2014-15 8 adolescents

Non-formal education opportunities

reported there are no non-formal education opportunities

Top reported challenges in accessing education

Cost of school fees

Cost of school fees

Cost of school supplies 2 Cost of school supplies

No affordable transportation 3 No affordable transportation

Children and Women

Birth registration

respondents reported cases of unregistered births

Vulnerable population groups living within community

	Average reported proportion of	
 21%	Separated women	0%
11%	Widowed women	2%
8%	Unaccompanied children minors	0%
8%	Orphans	0%
16%	Pregnant women	0%
11%	Girls married before 18	0%

Population groups engaged in income generation

Men (18+) 1 Men (18+)

Women (18+) 2 Male adolescents (12-17)

Male adolescents (12-17) 3 Women (18+)

Reasons why women may not be participating in the labor force

Household and child raising Household and child raising responsibilities responsibilities

N/A 2 Traditional values/customs

N/A 3 No skills

Main activities for out of school boys under 18

Informal employment 1 Household chores/Child care

Household chores/Child care 2 Informal employment

Begging 3 N/A

Main activities for out of school girls under 18

Household chores/Child care 1 Household chores/Child care

Informal employment 2 Informal employment Begging 3 N/A

Cases of abuses and services

of respondents heard of cases of abuse, exploitation or sexual violence in last 6 months

of respondents know of services available for women and children at risk or survivors of violence, abuse or exploitation





