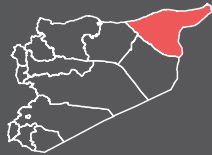




Camp Profile: Newroz

Ar-Raqqa governorate, Syria
July 2018

Management agency: Self Administration / INGO
Administration actor: Self Administration / INGO



Summary

This profile provides a multi-sectoral needs overview and summarises the infrastructure and services present in Newroz camp. Primary data was collected on 30 July 2018, with a follow-up on August 12, through direct interviews with the camp management team. As such, the findings of this assessment are indicative only and not statistically representative.

Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 994
Number of households: 196
Number of shelters: 250
First arrivals: 01/09/2014
Camp area: 0.41 km²

Demographics

	Total	Female	Male
Over 60	16%	12%	4%
18-59	17%	11%	6%
6-17	33%	18%	15%
0-5	34%	18%	16%

Location Map

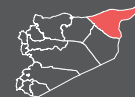


Camp Map



Key findings

Shelter	All shelters are tents. There are reportedly 6 people per shelter on average.
WASH	Communal latrines are reportedly the only latrine type in the camp. There are reportedly communal showers.
Health	There is reportedly one health facility in the camp.
Livelihoods	Households are reportedly relying on support from camp management as a livelihood coping strategy.
Food	Meat, vegetables and oil are reportedly the most needed food items that are not currently available through assistance or in markets.
Education	There is reportedly one education facility in the camp.
Protection	There is reportedly one women's centre in the camp.



➔ Priority need

Employment is the top priority need reported by camp management.

🚶 Movements and intentions

Arrivals and departures

100% of population has reportedly lived in the camp for more than one week.

50 individuals reportedly departed in the 2 weeks prior to data collection.

0 individuals reportedly arrived in the 2 weeks prior to data collection.

Camp management estimated that none of the camp's residents intend to leave within the three months following data collection.

🏠 Shelter

Number and type of shelters

250 shelters in the camp, **100% of which are occupied.**
A UN agency provided all of these.

Tents are the only shelter types in camp.

6 people per shelter on average.

Shelter adequacy

Camp management reported the **shelters lack insulation from heat and cold.** Camp management reported approximately **75% of the tents are vulnerable to flooding.**

Additional cover for shelters, crushed stone for construction of flood protection is reportedly being distributed to camp residents. Camp management reported that there is **no fire fighting system in the camp.**

🚰 WASH

Access to water

Public taps or standpipes (provided by a UN agency) is the primary source of water, and it is treated prior to distribution. Camp management reported that in the two weeks prior to the assessment that **everyone/ nearly everyone had sufficient water to meet their needs.**

Latrines and showers

Communal latrines are reportedly the only latrine types in the camp.

- ✓ All of the communal latrines are gender-separated.
- ✓ All of the communal latrines have lighting.
- ✓ All of the communal latrines have lockable doors.

There are **communal showers in the camp.**

- ✓ All of the communal showers are mostly clean.

Waste disposal

The camp has a **sewage system connected to the main network.**

Main waste disposal methods reported: **Garbage collection by an NGO.**

🏥 Health

There is reportedly **one health facility in the camp**, and there is also an accessible primary health care facility outside the camp that residents visit for treatment.

🍲 Food security

Main sources of food for camp residents are reportedly:

- Markets inside the camp.
- Food distributions.

Camp management reported the following distribution types in the camp:

- Daily bread distributions by an NGO.

Camp management reported that **food assistance is not sufficient in quality / quantity.** Residents do not have access to markets within the camp, but have access to markets outside the camp.

Meat, vegetables and oil are reportedly the most needed food items that are not currently available through assistance or in markets.

📦 Non-food items (NFIs)

Top three shelter NFI needs:

- 🏠 Replacement tents

Top three household NFI needs:

- 👕 Clothing
- 🔥 Cooking stoves
- 🍳 Cooking kit

💰 Livelihoods

Camp residents **reportedly receive humanitarian assistance and have access to work within the camp.**

Camp residents reportedly rely on selling assistance items received as a **livelihood coping strategy.** There are no available sources of credit.

👤 Protection

Camp management reported that **all residents are able to leave the camp for both emergency and non-emergency purposes.** There are reportedly no barriers to freedom of movement.

In the two weeks prior to the assessment, there was reported a **serious threat from scorpions, snakes or similar** inside the camp or within 500 metres of the camp.

Child headed households was a child protection issue within the two weeks prior to the assessment. **Camp management reported that there were no gender protection issues.**

1 women's centre in the camp.

40% of residents reportedly missing documentation.

Camp management reported that all births in the camp are registered.

📖 Education

There is reportedly one self-administered education facility in the camp. Camp management reported **the main barrier to education is a lack of learning space in the camp.** All children are receiving education inside or outside the camp.

👥 Community organisation

Residents receive information on distributions through community leaders. Camp management reported the **priority information needs are information on how to find job opportunities, how to access assistance and sponsorship programmes.**