



South Sudan - Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Assessment of Hard-to-Reach Areas in South Sudan

South Sudan Displacement Crisis

August 2019

Overview

The continuation of conflict since December 2013 has created a complex humanitarian crisis in the country, restricting humanitarian access and hindering the flow of information required by aid partners to deliver humanitarian assistance to populations in need. To address information gaps facing the humanitarian response in South Sudan, REACH employs its Area of Knowledge (AoK) methodology to collect relevant information in hard-to-reach areas to inform humanitarian planning and interventions outside formal settlement sites.

Using the AoK methodology, REACH remotely monitors needs and access to services in the Greater

Upper Nile, Greater Equatoria and Greater Bahr el Ghazal regions. AoK data is collected monthly and through multi-sector interviews with the following typology of Key Informants (KIs):

- KIs who are newly arrived internally displaced persons (IDPs) who have left a hard-to-reach settlement in the last month
- KIs who have had contact with someone living or have been in a hard-to-reach settlement in the last month (traders, migrants, family members, etc.)
- KIs who are remaining in hard-to-reach settlements, contacted through phone

Selected KIs are purposively sampled and have knowledge from within the last month about a specific settlement in South Sudan, with data collected at the settlement level. About half of settlements assessed have more than one KI reporting on the settlement. In these cases, data is aggregated at the settlement level according to a weighting mechanism, which can be found in the Terms of Reference (ToRs).

[\(Link to AoK Terms of Reference \)](#)

All percentages presented in this factsheet, unless otherwise specified, represent the proportion of settlements assessed with that specific response.

The findings presented in this factsheet are indicative of the broad shelter and non-food item trends in assessed settlements in August 2019, and are not statistically generalisable.

Assessment Coverage

2,435 Key Informants interviewed

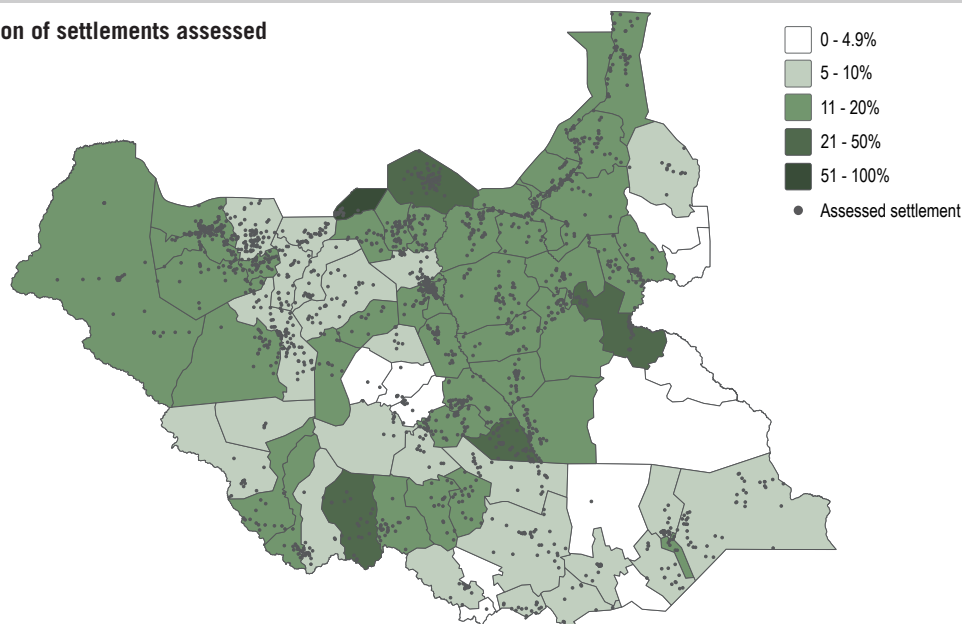
1,954 Settlements assessed

72 Counties assessed

67 Counties with 5% or more coverage¹

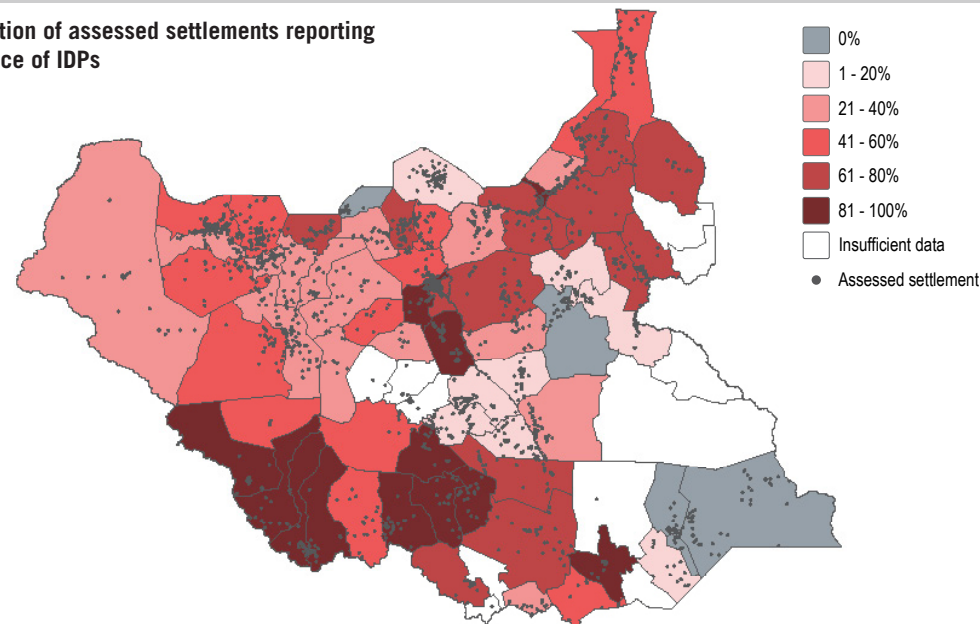
Assessment coverage

Proportion of settlements assessed



IDP Presence

Proportion of assessed settlements reporting presence of IDPs



¹ Data is only represented for counties in which at least 5% of settlements have been assessed. The most recent OCHA Common Operational Dataset (COD) released in February 2016 has been used as the reference for settlement names and locations.



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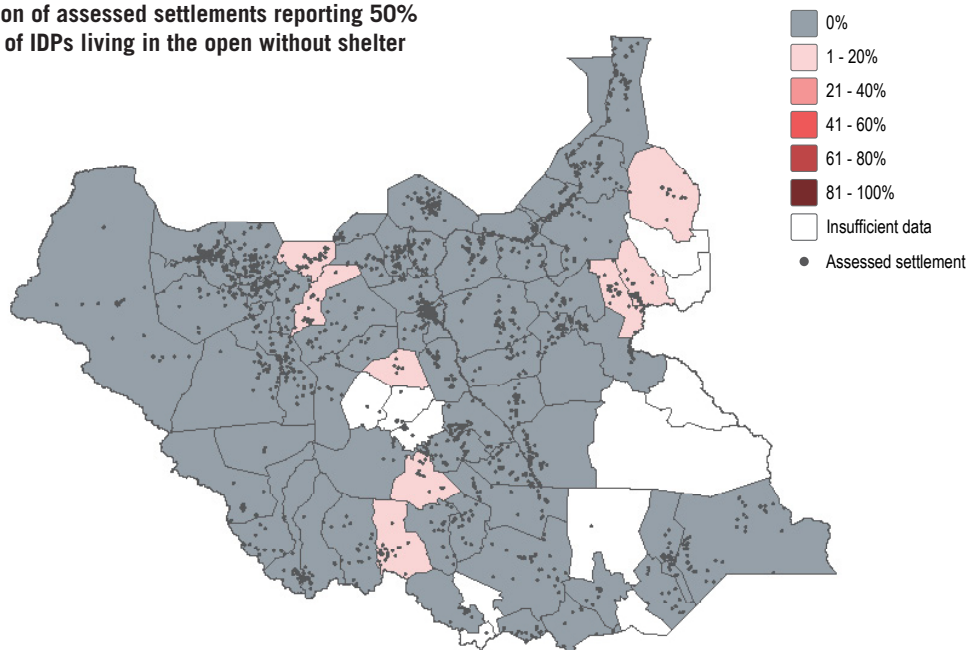
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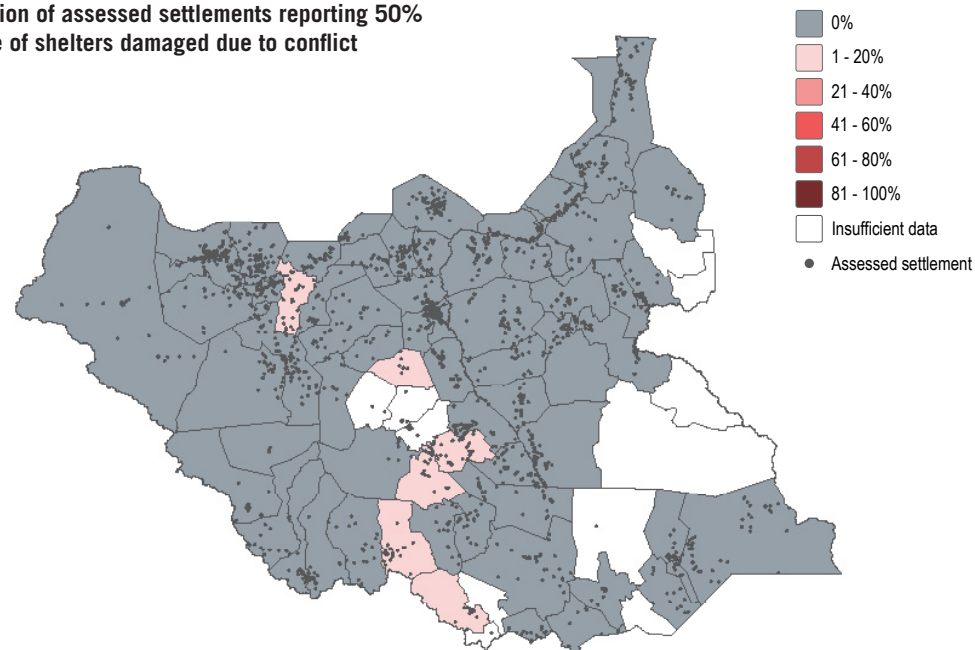
IDP shelter

Proportion of assessed settlements reporting 50% or more of IDPs living in the open without shelter



Shelter damage

Proportion of assessed settlements reporting 50% or more of shelters damaged due to conflict



IDP shelter

Top five assessed counties reporting 50% or more of IDPs living in the open

Rumbek North	17%	■
Mvolo	14%	■
Twic	10%	■
Ulang	9%	■
Luakpiny/Nasir	8%	■

Top five assessed counties reporting IDPs primarily living in temporary structures or in the open

Nagero	50%	■
Torit	41%	■
Magwi	38%	■
Luakpiny/Nasir	33%	■
Maban	25%	■

Shelter damage

Top five assessed counties reporting settlements with 50% or more of shelters damaged due to conflict

Rumbek North	17%	■
Yei	16%	■
Mvolo	7%	■
Maridi	4%	■
Gogrial West	4%	■

Top five assessed counties reporting any severity of shelter damage due to conflict

Yei	84%	■
Tonj East	45%	■
Kajo-keji	33%	■
Rumbek North	17%	■
Wulu	14%	■



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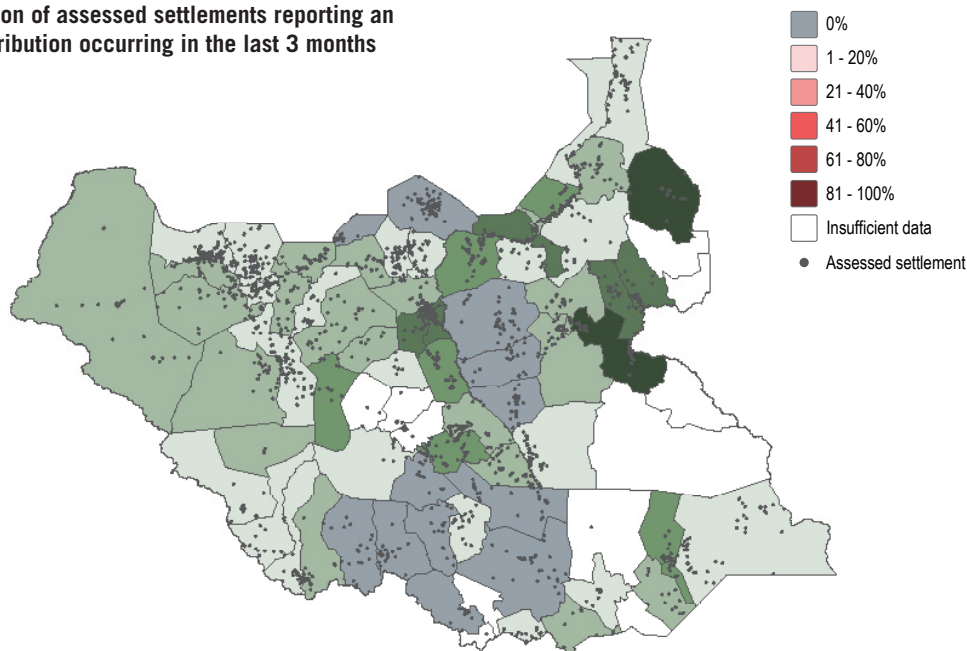
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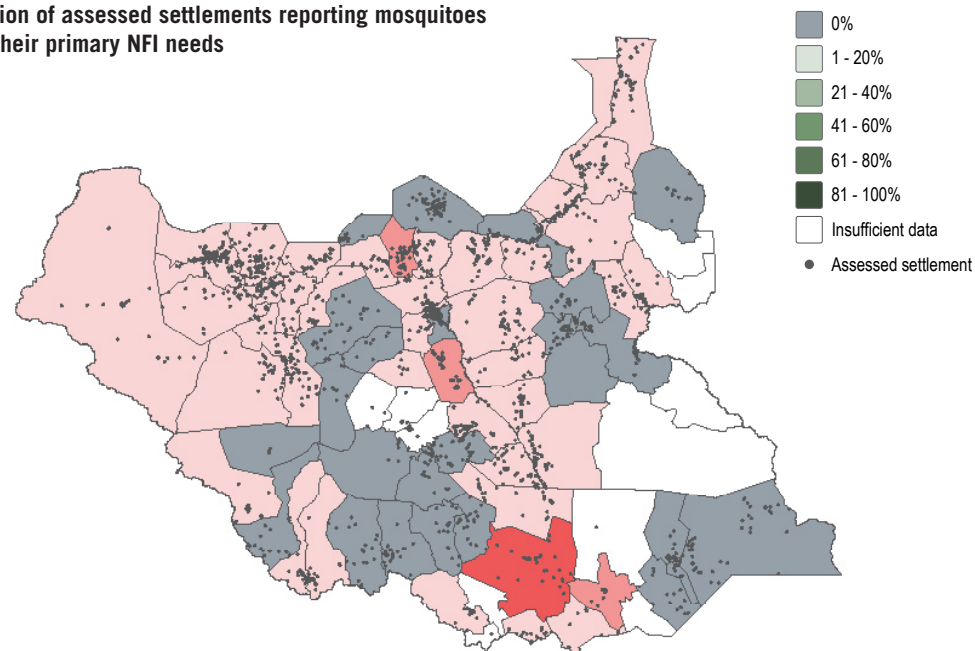
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NFI Needs

Proportion of assessed settlements reporting an NFI distribution occurring in the last 3 months



Proportion of assessed settlements reporting mosquitoes net as their primary NFI needs



NFI needs: mosquito nets

Top five assessed counties reporting mosquito nets as their primary NFI need

Juba	55%	<div></div>
Panyijiar	38%	<div></div>
Rubkona	24%	<div></div>
Torit	23%	<div></div>
Nzara	20%	<div></div>

NFI needs: plastic sheeting

Top five assessed counties reporting plastic sheeting as their primary NFI need

Panyikang	65%	<div></div>
Canal/Pigi	38%	<div></div>
Leer	35%	<div></div>
Malakal	35%	<div></div>
Mayendit	32%	<div></div>

NFI needs: blankets

Top five assessed counties reporting blankets as their primary NFI need

Mundri East	58%	<div></div>
Baliet	46%	<div></div>
Mvolo	36%	<div></div>
Maban	33%	<div></div>
Maridi	32%	<div></div>

NFI needs: pots

Top five assessed counties reporting cooking pots as their primary NFI need

Mundri West	59%	<div></div>
Mvolo	57%	<div></div>
Nagero	50%	<div></div>
Maridi	48%	<div></div>
Yambio	45%	<div></div>