

Introduction

This multi-sector needs assessment is part of a monthly data collection exercise which aims to gather information about needs and the humanitarian situation inside Syria. The factsheets present information collected in February 2016, referring to the situation in January 2015.

These factsheets present information at the community/village level for each sub-district in Al Hasakeh governorate. In Al Hasakeh and Qamishli Cities, neighbourhood level data has been collected so information is presented at this level*. Selected key indicators for the following sectors are included in the factsheets: displacement, shelter, NFIs, health, food security, WASH, education. The factsheets do not cover the entire range of indicators gathered in the questionnaire.

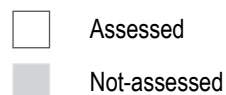
For full visualisation of all indicators collected, please see the SIMAWG Needs Identification Dynamic Reporting Tool, available here: <http://www.reach-info.org/syr/simawg/>

Methodology and limitations

These findings are based on data collected remotely (in Jordan, Lebanon, Kurdistan Region of Iraq and Turkey) from Key Informants residing in their community of origin in Syria.

Information was collected from Key Informants in 75 communities in 12 sub-districts within Al Hasakeh governorate. For each question asked, confidence levels are assigned based on the Key Informant's area of expertise and knowledge of the sector-specific situation.

For a full description of the methodology, please see the Terms of Reference, available on the [REACH Resource Centre here](#) (link).



PDF: click on sub-district name to jump to factsheet

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Collective public space not for shelter
- Private space not for shelter
- Unfinished apartment or house
- No IDPs
- No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Safya

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Um Hajra Almoqbela

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

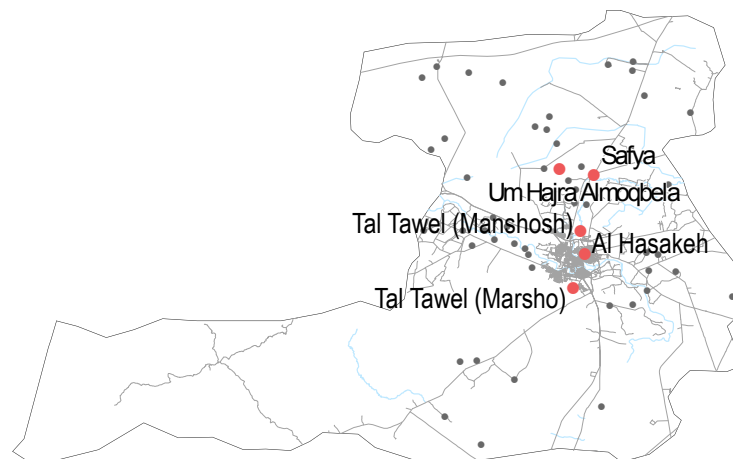
Tal Tawel (Marsho)

IDPs NDP

 3500 - 4000 SYP

Assessed communities (9/52)

Um Hajra Almoqbela
 Safya
 Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)
 Tal Tawel (Marsho)
 Al Hasakeh City (5 communities assessed within Al Hasakeh City are shown on next factsheet)



Displacement

Um Hajra Almoqbela

26-50%
 1500 - 5000 SYP

Safya

76-100%
 15000 - 25000 SYP

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

26-50%
 1500 - 2000 SYP

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

26-50%
 1000 - 3000 SYP

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- IDPs already living in village
- IDPs arrived in last month
- Cost of transportation to the border

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Um Hajra Almoqbela

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets
 Eating weeds

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

Eating weeds

Safya

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets
 Reducing meal size

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

NFIs

Um Hajra

B 2000 SYP
D NA
F 50 SYP

Safya

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F 150 SYP

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F 60 SYP

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source available
- No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Al Hasakeh, Al Hasakeh Governorate

March 2016

Health

Most common health problems in village

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Safya

Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

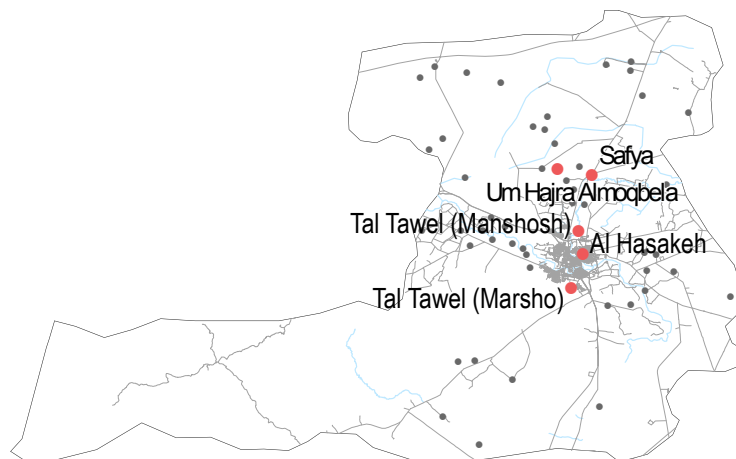
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

Um Hajra Almoqbela

Diarrhea
Malnutrition

• Assessed communities (8/52)

Um Hajra Almoqbela
Safya
Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)
Tal Tawel (Marsho)
Al Hasakeh City (5 communities assessed within Al Hasakeh City are shown on next factsheet)



Food Security

Um Hajra Almoqbela

Rice: 600 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Flour: 135 SYP
 Milk: 175 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

Rice: 275 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 45 SYP
 Milk: 130 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Safya

Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 100 SYP
 Milk: 160 SYP
 Eggs: 35 SYP

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP
 Flour: 200 SYP
 Milk: 160 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Status of most common water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Um Hajra Almoqbela

Water trucking
 Buried / burned

Safya

Network
 Disposed at designated site

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

Network
 Private paid collection

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

Network
 Public free collection

Education

Um Hajra Almoqbela

All school-aged children accessed schools

Safya

Parents don't approve of curriculum
Children drop out to work

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

All school-aged children accessed schools

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Al Hasakeh City, Al Hasakeh Governorate

March 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Al Mufti

IDPs NDP
3000 - 5000 SYP

Tal Hajar

IDPs NDP
2000 - 3500 SYP

Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Kalaseh

IDPs NDP
2000 - 5000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

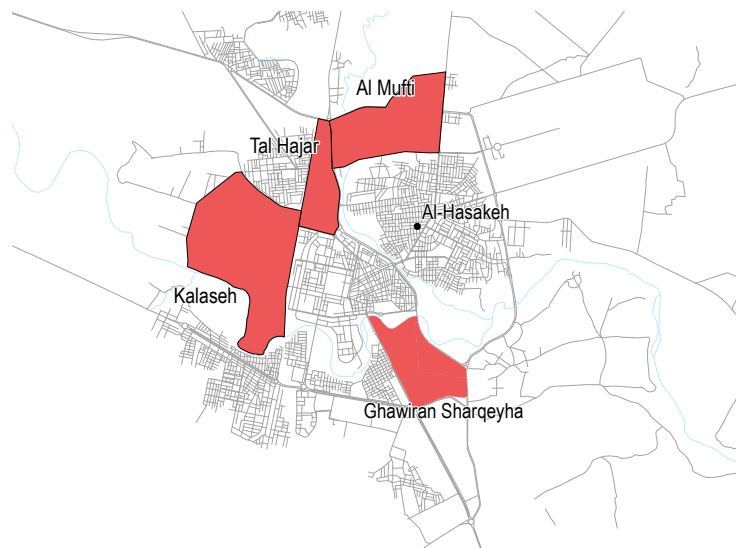
Tal Hajar
Borrowing from family/friends

Hay Ghawiran
Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends
Looking for food in garbage

Al Mufti
Eating weeds

Kalaseh
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

• Assessed neighbourhoods (within Al Hasakeh City)
Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha
Al Mufti
Tal Hajar
Kalaseh



Displacement

Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha

51-75%
 500 - 2000 SYP

Al Mufti

26-50%
 5000 - 8000 SYP

Tal Hajar

26-50%
 2000 - 7500 SYP

Kalaseh

51-75%
 1400 - 15000 SYP

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- IDPs already living in village
- IDPs arrived in last month
- Cost of transportation to the border

NFIs

Tal Hajar
B 3500 SYP
D NA
F NA

Al Mufti
B 5000 SYP
D NA
F NA

Kalaseh
B 2200 SYP
D NA
F 60 SYP

Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha
B 4000 SYP
D 25000 SYP
F 65 SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source available
- No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Al Hasakeh City, Al Hasakeh Governorate

March 2016

Health

+ Most common health problems in village

+ **Al Mufti**
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

+ **Tal Hajar**
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

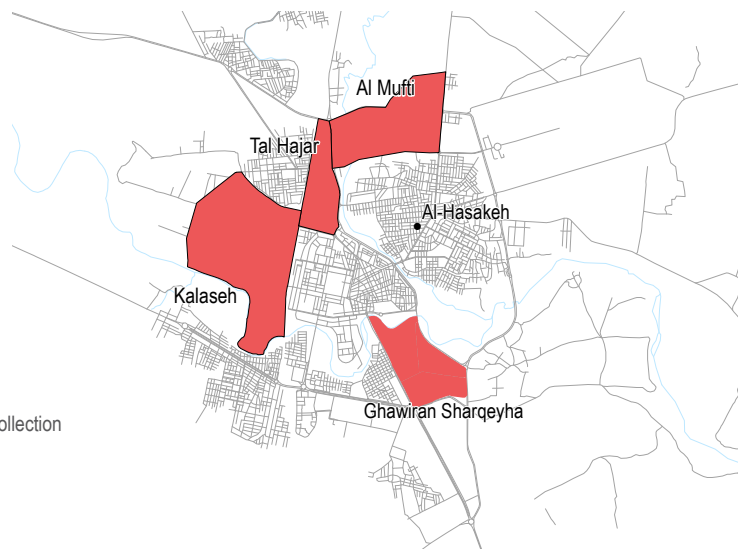
Fever
Malnutrition

+ **Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha**

Diarrhea
Skin disease
Maternal health issues

+ **Kalaseh**
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

• Assessed neighbourhoods (within Al Hasakeh City)
Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha
Al Mufti
Tal Hajar
Kalaseh



Food Security

Al Mufti

Rice: 600 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Flour: 135 SYP
 Milk: 175 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Tal Hajar

Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: 550 SYP
 Flour: 120 SYP
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 450 SYP
 Flour: 75 SYP
 Milk: 110 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Kalaseh

Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP
 Flour: 150 SYP
 Milk: 160 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha

Network
 Private paid collection

Al Mufti

Network
 Disposed at designated site

Tal Hajar

Network
 Public free collection

Kalaseh

Network
 Private paid collection

Education

Hay Ghawiran Sharqeyha

Lack of teaching staff
 Services aren't accessible
 Unsafe route to services

Al Mufti

Lack of teaching staff
 Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Kalaseh

All school-aged children accessed schools

Tal Hajar

Parents don't approve of curriculum

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Collective public space not for shelter
- Private space not for shelter
- Unfinished apartment or house
- No IDPs
- No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Tal Tamer

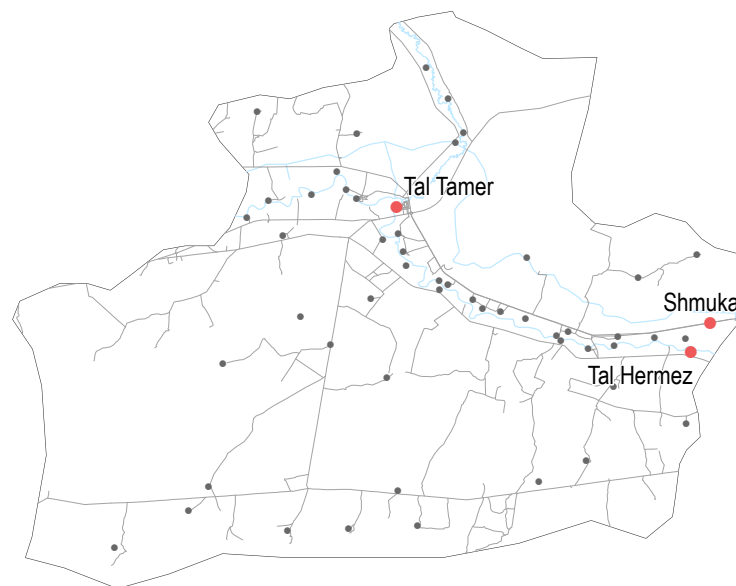
- IDPs
- NDP
- No rent information

Shmuka

- IDPs
- NDP
- No rent information

Assessed communities (3/54)

- Tal Hermez**
- Tal Tamer
- Shmuka



Displacement

Tal Hermez

- None
- No information

Tal Tamer

- 51-75%
- 3500 - 5000 SYP

Shmuka

- 76-100%
- 500 - 15000 SYP

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- IDPs already living in village
- IDPs arrived in last month
- Cost of transportation to the border

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Tal Tamer
Borrowing from family/friends

Shmuka
Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Tal Tamer
B 2500 SYP
D 80000 SYP
F 150 SYP

Shmuka
B 2200 SYP
D NA
F 55 SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source available
- No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Tal Tamer
Diarrhea

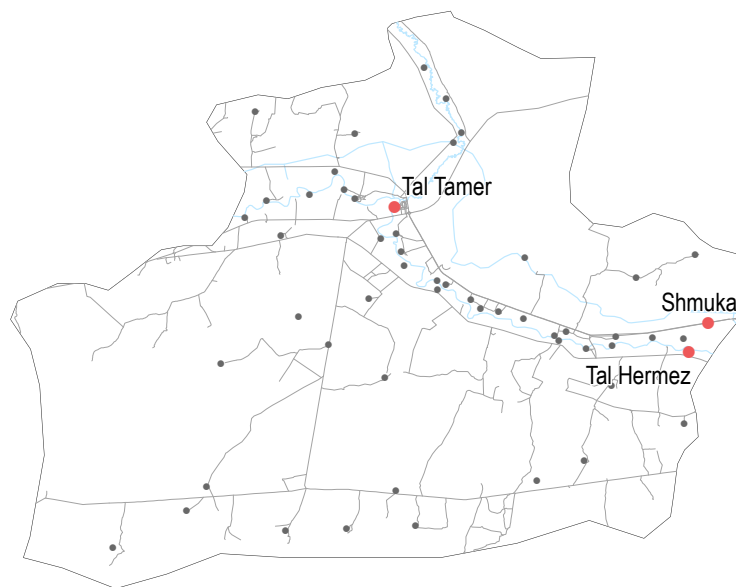
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Shmuka
Diarrhea

Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

● Assessed communities (3/54)

Tal Hermez**
Tal Tamer
Shmuka



Food Security

Shmuka

Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 370 SYP
 Flour: 35 SYP
 Milk: 125 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Tal Tamer

Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: 150 SYP
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Status of most common water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Tal Tamer

- Network
- Public free collection

Shmuka

- Network
- Public free collection

Education

Tal Tamer

- Parents don't approve of curriculum
- Children drop out to work

Shmuka

- Parents don't approve of curriculum
- Children drop out to work

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh, Al Hasakeh Governorate

March 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Collective public space not for shelter
- Private space not for shelter
- Unfinished apartment or house
- No IDPs
- No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Tal Brak

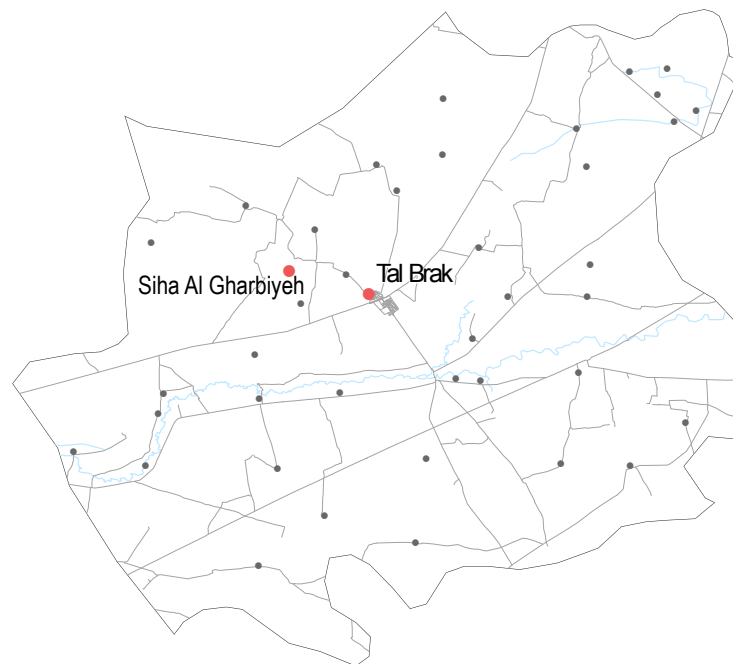
IDPs NDP
3000 - 4000 SYP

Siha Al Gharbiyeh

IDPs NDP
No rent information

● Assessed communities (2/40)

Tal Brak
Siha Al Gharbiyeh



Displacement

Tal Brak

51-75%
 500 - 1500 SYP

Siha Al Gharbiyeh

51-75%
 250 - 2000 SYP

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- IDPs already living in village
- IDPs arrived in last month
- Cost of transportation to the border

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Tal Brak
Borrowing from family/friends

Siha Al Gharbiyeh
Taking loans/buying on credit

NFIs

Tal Brak
B 2200 SYP
D 30000 SYP
F 60 SYP

Siha Al
B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source available
- No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh, Al Hasakeh Governorate

March 2016

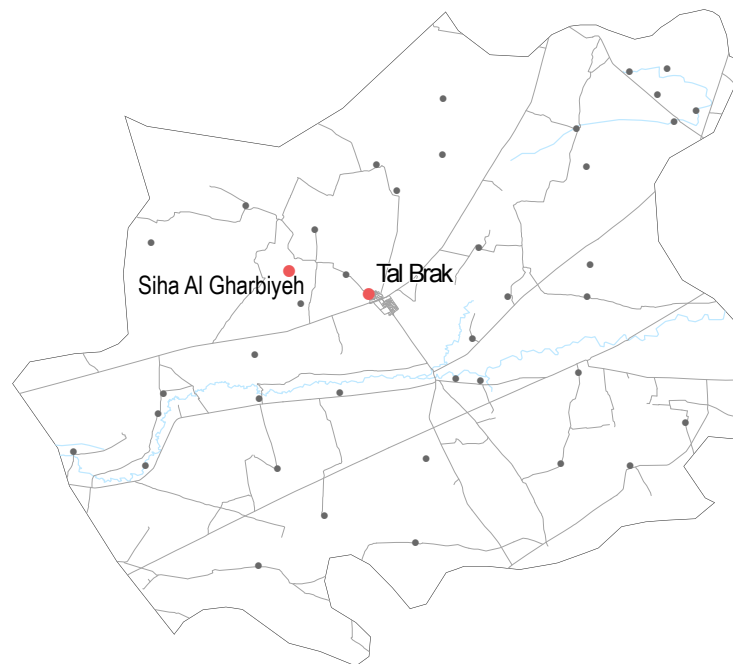
Health

Most common health problems in village

Tal Brak
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

Siha Al Gharbiyeh
Diarrhea
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

● Assessed communities (2/40)
Tal Brak
Siha Al Gharbiyeh



Food Security

Tal Brak

Rice: 350 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Flour: 40 SYP
Milk: 100 SYP
Eggs: 40 SYP

Siha

Rice: no info
Sugar: no info
Flour: no info
Milk: no info
Eggs: no info

AChallenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Status of most common water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Tal Brak

- Network
- Public free collection

Siha Al Gharbiyeh

- Closed well
- Buried / burned

Education

Tal Brak

All school-aged children accessed schools

Siha Al Gharbiyeh

Children drop out to work

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Tanuriyeh

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Upper Siha

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Karimeh

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Qutba

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Balij

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Qorra Hasan

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Assessed communities (7/60)

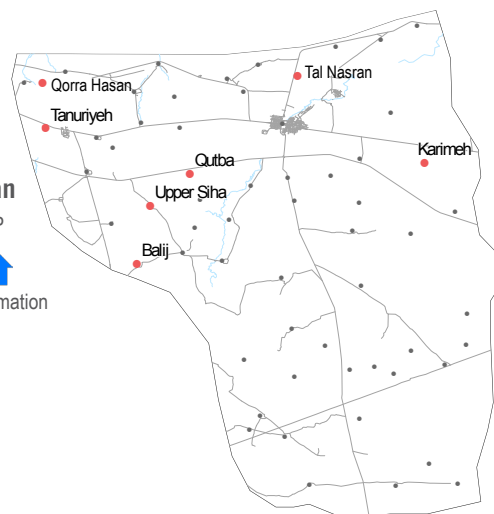
Tanuriyeh
 Karimeh
 Balij
 Upper Siha
 Qutba
 Qorra Hasan
 Tal Nasran

Tal Nasran

26-50%
 1000 - 50000 SYP

Tal Nasran

IDPs NDP
 No rent information



Displacement

Tanuriyeh

51-75%
 500 - 1500 SYP

Karimeh

51-75%
 500 - 1000 SYP

Balij

1-25%
 1000 - 11000 SYP

Upper Siha

76-100%
 1000 - 3500 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Cost of transportation to the border

Qutba

51-75%
 1500 - 2000 SYP

Qorra Hasan

51-75%
 10000 - 30000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources



Upper Siha

Borrowing from family/friends



Tanuriyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
 Reducing meal size



Tal Nasran

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size



Karimeh

Borrowing from family/friends



Qutba

Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals



Balij

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size



Qorra Hasan

Borrowing from family/friends
 High risk/illegal work
 Selling household assets

NFIs



Tanuriyeh

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F 45 SYP



Upper Siha

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F 40 SYP



Karimeh

B 2000 SYP
D NA
F NA



Qutba

B NA
D NA
F NA



Tal Nasran

B NA
D NA
F NA



Balij

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA



Qorra Hasan

B 3500 SYP
D 40000 SYP
F 50 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

+ Most common health problems in village

Tal Nasran

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Karimeh

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Balij

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

Tanuriyyeh

Acute respiratory infections
 Fever

Upper Siha

Disabilities
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

Qutba

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

Qorra Hasan

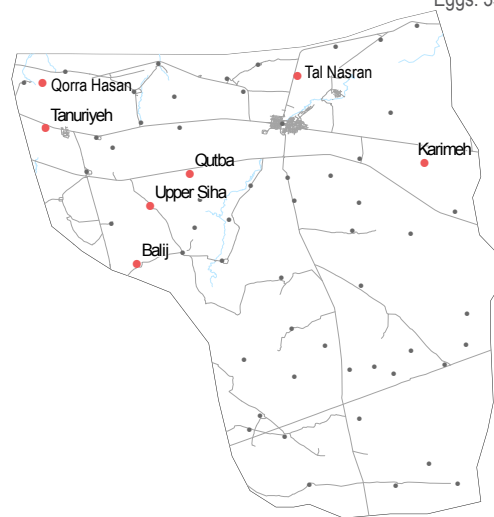
Skin disease
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

• Assessed communities (7/60)

Tanuriyyeh
 Karimeh
 Balij
 Upper Siha
 Qutba
 Qorra Hasan
 Tal Nasran

Tal Nasran

Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 350 SYP
 Flour: 35 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 35 SYP



Food Security

Tanuriyyeh

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Flour: 50 SYP
 Milk: 150 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Qutba

Rice: 260 SYP
 Sugar: 475 SYP
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: 120 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Karimeh

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 25 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Balij

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: no info
 Eggs: 30 SYP

Qorra Hasan Upper Siha

Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Flour: 300 SYP
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Rice: 375 SYP
 Sugar: 375 SYP
 Flour: no info
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Status of most common water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

- Public free collection
- Disposed at designated site
- Private paid collection
- No information

Tanuriyyeh

Network
 Public free collection

Karimeh

Network
 Public free collection

Balij

Network
 Disposed at designated site

Upper Siha

Network
 Public free collection

Qutba

Network
 Disposed at designated site

Qorra Hasan

Closed well
 Private paid collection

Tal Nasran

Closed well
 Disposed at designated site

Education

Tanuriyyeh

All school-aged children accessed schools

Karimeh

All school-aged children accessed schools

Balij

All school-aged children accessed schools

Upper Siha

Parents don't approve of curriculum

Qorra Hasan

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Qutba

All school-aged children accessed schools

Qorra Hasan

All school-aged children accessed schools

Shelter


Most common shelter

-  Independent apartment or house
 -  Shared apartment or house
 -  Collective public space not for shelter
 -  Private space not for shelter
 -  Unfinished apartment or house
 -  No IDPs
 -  No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Akula Qameshli

- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information


Lower Arida

- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information


Naama

- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information

Livelihoods

 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

 **Akula Qameshli**
 Taking loans/buying on credit

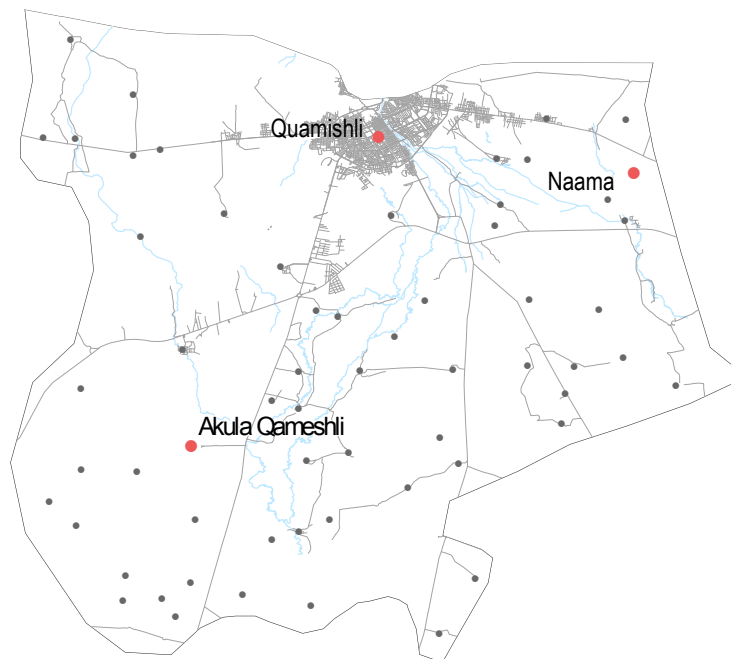
 **Lower Arida**
 Taking loans/buying on credit
 Borrowing from family/friends
 High risk/illegal work

 **Naama**
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Assessed communities (10/60)




Akula Qameshli
 Lower Arida
 Naama

Quamishli City: (7 communities assessed within Quamishli City are shown on next factsheet)



Displacement




Akula Qameshli





-  26-50% 
 250 - 1500 SYP

Lower Arida


-  76-100%  
 10000 - 150000 SYP


Naama


-  51-75% 
 1500 - 3000 SYP





-  % of pre-conflict population remaining
-  IDPs already living in village
-  IDPs arrived in last month
-  Cost of transportation to the border

NFIs

 **Akula Qameshli**
B 3000 SYP
D 22000 SYP
F 30 SYP

 **Lower Arida**
B 4000 SYP
D 40000 SYP
F 50 SYP

 **Naama**
B 2750 SYP
D NA
F NA

- Most common electricity source
-  Main network
 -  Generator
 -  No source available
 -  No information

- Fuel Prices
- B** Butane (cannister)
 - D** Diesel (litre)
 - F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Akula Qameshli
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Fever
 Malnutrition

Lower Arida
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Pregnancy related diseases

Naama
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Akula Qameshli

Open well

Disposed at designated site

Lower Arida

Network

Disposed at designated site

Naama

Network

Disposed at designated site

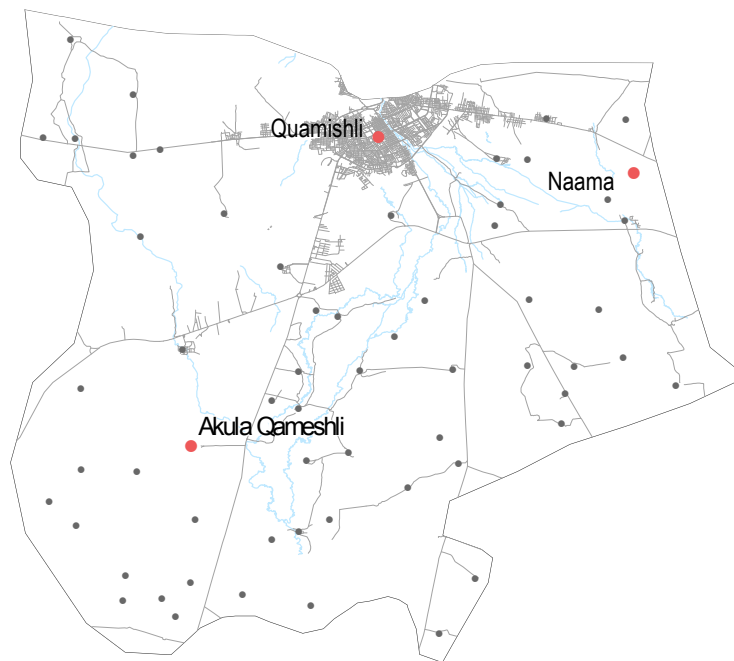
• Assessed communities (10/60)

Akula Qameshli

Lower Arida

Naama

Quamishli City: (7 communities assessed within Quamishli City are shown on next factsheet)



Food Security

Akula Qameshli

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 450 SYP
 Flour: 50 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 25 SYP

Lower Arida

Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 350 SYP
 Milk: 150 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Naama

Rice: 345 SYP
 Sugar: 650 SYP
 Flour: no info
 Milk: 185 SYP
 Eggs: 35 SYP

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

Education

Akula Qameshli

All school-aged children accessed schools

Lower Arida

All school-aged children accessed schools

Naama

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Hay Al Senaa

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Hay Eantariyeh

IDPs NDP
8000 - 13000 SYP

Hay Qudourbak

IDPs NDP
4000 - 5000 SYP

Hay Al-Wista

IDPs NDP
15000 - 40000 SYP

Hay Jomayeh

IDPs NDP
3000 - 4000 SYP

Hay Big Jarnik

IDPs NDP
1500 - 2500 SYP

Hay Qanat Alsouys

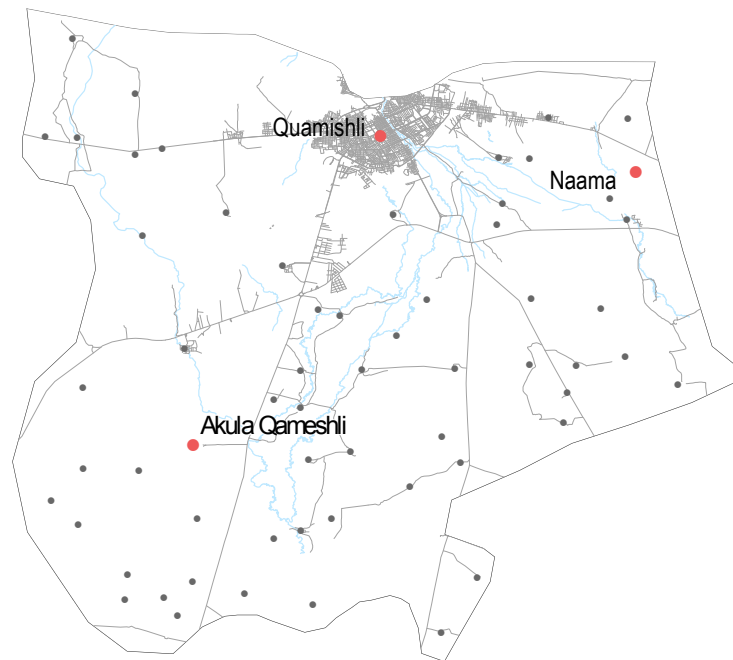
IDPs NDP
9000 - 15000 SYP

Assessed neighbourhoods (within Qamishli City)

Hay Al Senaa
Hay Al-Wista
Hay Big Jarnik
Hay Eantariyeh
Hay Jomayeh
Hay Qanat Alsouys

Hay Qudourbak

76-100%
 50 - 3000 SYP



Displacement

Hay Al Senaa

26-50%
 1000 - 3000 SYP

Hay Al-Wista

51-75%
 No information

Hay Big Jarnik

26-50%
 1000 - 2500 SYP

Hay Eantariyeh

51-75%
 500 - 200000 SYP

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- IDPs already living in village
- IDPs arrived in last month
- Cost of transportation to the border

Hay Jomayeh

26-50%
 1000 - 2000 SYP

Hay Qanat Alsouys

51-75%
 500 - 200000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Hay Al Senaa

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size
Eating weeds

Hay Al-Wista

Adults begging
Children sent to work/beg
High risk/illegal work

Hay Big Jarnik

Children sent to work/beg
Taking loans/buying on credit
Reducing meal size

Hay Eantariyeh

Children sent to work/beg
High risk/illegal work

Hay Jomayeh

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Hay Qanat Alsouys

Children sent to work/beg

Hay Qudourbak

Adults begging
Children sent to work/beg
High risk/illegal work

NFIs

Hay Al Senaa

B 2800 SYP
D 24000 SYP
F 70 SYP

Hay Al-Wista

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F 40 SYP

Hay Qudourbak

B 2320 SYP
D NA
F 55 SYP

Hay Eantariyeh

B 2100 SYP
D NA
F 35 SYP

Hay Jomayeh

B 2700 SYP
D NA
F 70 SYP

Hay Big Jarnik

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA SYP

Hay Qanat

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F 35 SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source available
- No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
 - D** Diesel (litre)
 - F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

+ Most common health problems in village

+ **Hay Jomayeh**
Diarrhea

Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

+ **Hay Qanat Alsouys**
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Symptoms of psychological trauma

+ **Hay Big Jarnik**
Diarrhea

Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

+ **Hay Eantariyeh**
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections

+ **Hay Qudourbak**
Skin disease

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases

+ **Hay Al Senaa**
Diarrhea

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

+ **Hay Al-Wista**
Skin disease

Maternal health issues
Symptoms of psychological trauma

• Assessed neighbourhoods (within Qamishli City)

- Hay Al Senaa
- Hay Al-Wista
- Hay Big Jarnik
- Hay Eantariyeh
- Hay Jomayeh
- Hay Qanat Alsouys

Hay Qudourbak

- Rice: 415 SYP
- Sugar: 285 SYP
- Flour: 142 SYP
- Milk: 225 SYP
- Eggs: 41 SYP

Food Security

Hay Al Senaa

- Rice: 450 SYP
- Sugar: 325 SYP
- Flour: 65 SYP
- Milk: 100 SYP
- Eggs: 40 SYP

Hay Jomayeh

- Rice: 450 SYP
- Sugar: 325 SYP
- Flour: 160 SYP
- Milk: 150 SYP
- Eggs: 40 SYP

Hay Al-Wista

- Rice: 400 SYP
- Sugar: 300 SYP
- Flour: no info
- Milk: 300 SYP
- Eggs: 50 SYP

Hay Big Jarnik

- Rice: 450 SYP
- Sugar: 300 SYP
- Flour: 65 SYP
- Milk: 125 SYP
- Eggs: 50 SYP

Hay Qanat Alsouys

- Rice: 400 SYP
- Sugar: 250 SYP
- Flour: 70 SYP
- Milk: 100 SYP
- Eggs: 30 SYP

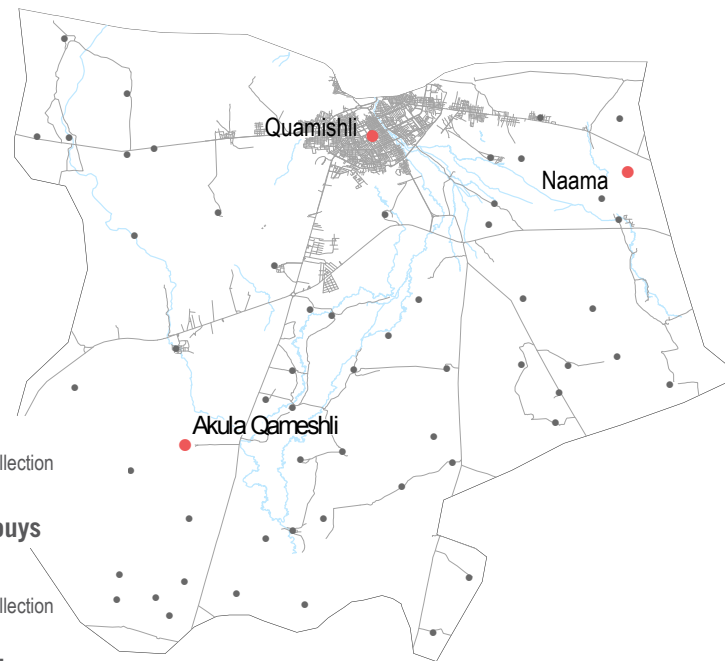
Hay Eantariyeh

- Rice: 350 SYP
- Sugar: 280 SYP
- Flour: 100 SYP
- Milk: 85 SYP
- Eggs: 30 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg



WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Hay Al Senaa

- Network
- Private paid collection

Hay Al-Wista

- Bottled water
- Private paid collection

Hay Big Jarnik

- Network
- Private paid collection

Hay Eantariyeh

- Network
- Private paid collection

Hay Jomayeh

- Network
- Private paid collection

Hay Qanat Alsouys

- Network
- Private paid collection

Hay Qudourbak

- No Information
- Private paid collection

Education

Hay Al Senaa

All school-aged children accessed schools

Hay Al-Wista

Lack of teaching staff

Hay Big Jarnik

Parents don't approve of curriculum
Children drop out to work

Hay Eantariyeh

Parents don't approve of curriculum

Hay Qanat Alsouys

Children drop out to work

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Hay Jomayeh

All school-aged children accessed schools

Hay Qanat Alsouys

Children drop out to work

Shelter


Most common shelter

-  Independent apartment or house
 -  Shared apartment or house
 -  Collective public space not for shelter
 -  Private space not for shelter
 -  Unfinished apartment or house
 -  No IDPs
 -  No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Tal Maaruf

- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information

Tal Hmis

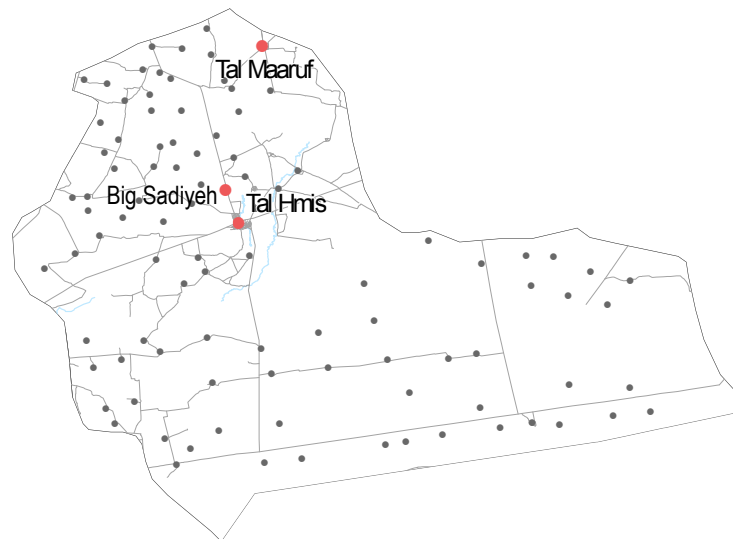
- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information

Big Sadiyeh

- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information

Assessed communities (3/98)

- Tal Maaruf
- Tal Hmis
- Big Sadiyeh






Displacement




Tal Maaruf





-  51-75% 
 1000 - 4000 SYP

Tal Hmis


-  1-25% 
 250 - 100000 SYP

Big Sadiyeh


-  51-75% 
 250 - 75000 SYP

-  % of pre-conflict population remaining
-  IDPs already living in village
-  IDPs arrived in last month
-  Cost of transportation to the border

Livelihoods


 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources


 **Tal Maaruf**
 Children sent to work/beg

 **Tal Hmis**
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets
 Reducing meal size

 **Big Sadiyeh**
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets





NFIs

 **Tal Maaruf**
B 2100 SYP
D NA
F 40 SYP

 **Tal Hmis**
B 2100 SYP
D NA
F 35 SYP

 **Big Sadiyeh**
B 2100 SYP
D NA
F 35 SYP

Most common electricity source

-  Main network
-  Generator
-  No source available
-  No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

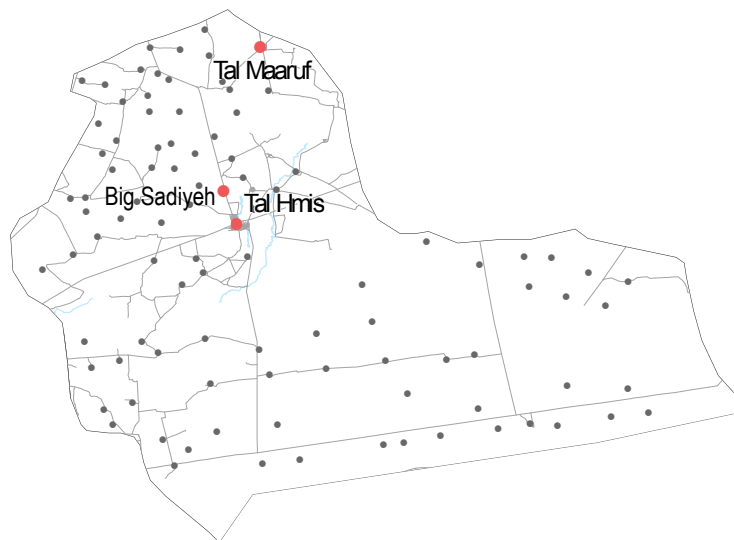
Tal Maaruf
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

Tal Hmis
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections

Big Sadiyeh
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Malnutrition

• Assessed communities (3/98)

Tal Maaruf
 Tal Hmis
 Big Sadiyeh



WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Tal Maaruf

Closed well

Private paid collection

Tal Hmis

No information

Buried / burned

Big Sadiyeh

Open well

Buried / burned

Food Security

Tal Maaruf



Rice: 300 SYP
 Sugar: 325 SYP
 Flour: 150 SYP
 Milk: 150 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Tal Hmis



Rice: 305 SYP
 Sugar: 388 SYP
 Flour: 198 SYP
 Milk: 125 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Big Sadiyeh



Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 275 SYP
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

Education

Tal Maaruf

Lack of school supplies
 Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Tal Hmis

Facilities destroyed
 Lack of teaching staff
 Lack of school supplies

Big Sadiyeh

Lack of teaching staff
 Lack of school supplies
 Unsafe route to services

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village


- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Shelter



Most common shelter

-  Independent apartment or house
 -  Shared apartment or house
 -  Collective public space not for shelter
 -  Private space not for shelter
 -  Unfinished apartment or house
 -  No IDPs
 -  No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Amuda

IDPs  NDP 
 4000 - 5000 SYP

Hettin Amuda

IDPs  NDP 
 3000 - 5000 SYP


Tal Aswad Amudeh

IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information

Lower Um Elosud

IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information

Livelihoods

 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

 **Amuda**
 Taking loans/buying on credit

 **Lower Um Elosud**
 Borrowing from family/friends

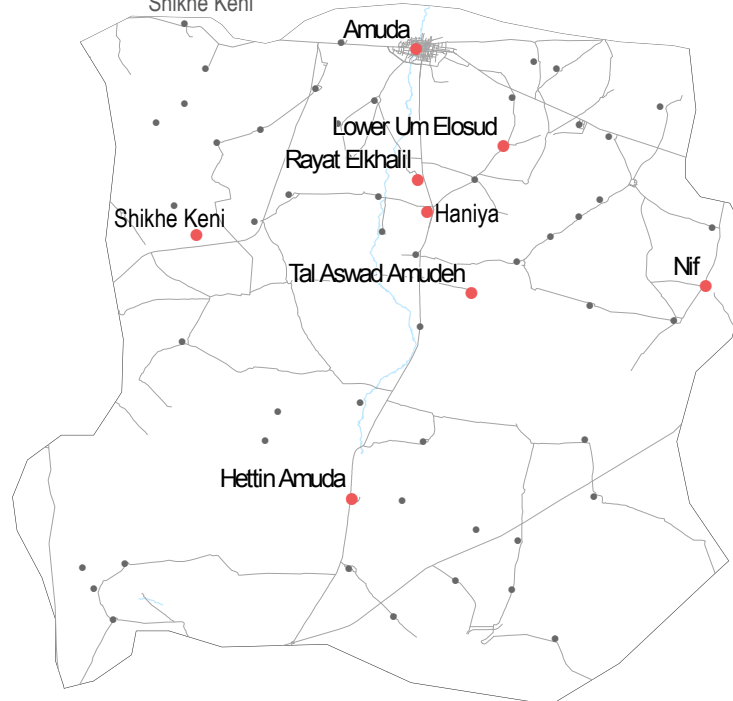
 **Hettin Amuda**
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

 **Tal Aswad Amudeh**
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Eating weeds

• Assessed communities (8/60;
 4 communities assessed on this factsheet)




Amuda
 Hettin Amuda
 Tal Aswad Amudeh
 Lower Um Elosud

Rayat Elkhailil
 Nif
 Haniya
 Shikhe Keni





Displacement

Amuda

 76-100% 
 15000 - 20000 SYP




Hettin Amuda





 51-75% 
 1000 - 2000 SYP

Tal Aswad Amudeh


 26-50% 
 1000 - 2000 SYP


Lower Um Elosud

 76-100% 
 400 - 4500 SYP

 % of pre-conflict population remaining
 IDPs already living in village
 IDPs arrived in last month
 Cost of transportation to the border





NFIs

 **Amuda**
B 2500 SYP
D NA
F 33 SYP

 **Lower Um**
B NA
D NA
F NA

 **Hettin Amuda**
B 2000 SYP
D NA
F 33 SYP

 **Tal Aswad**
B 4000 SYP
D NA
F 75 SYP

Most common electricity source
 Main network
 Generator
 No source available
 No information

Fuel Prices
B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)
 NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Amuda
 Diarrhea
 Communicable diseases
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

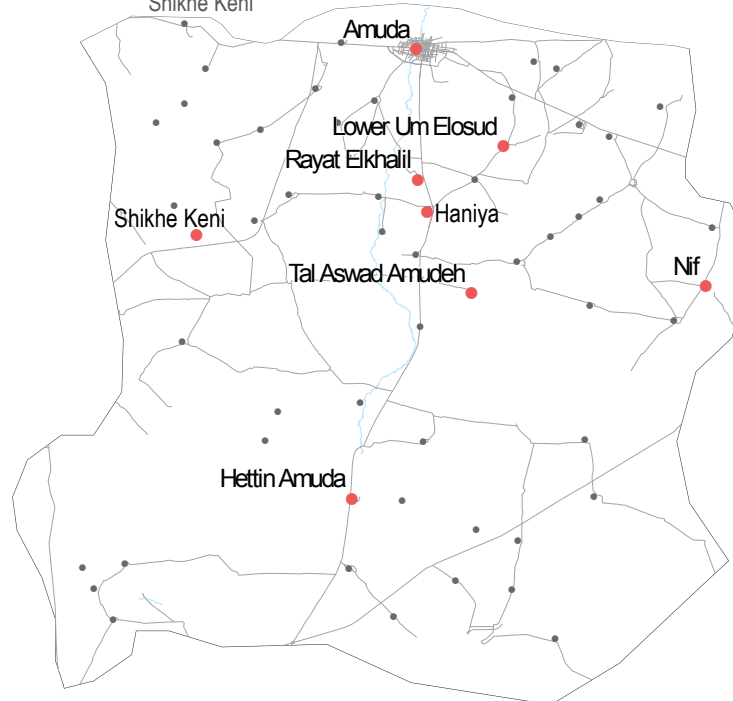
Hettin Amuda
 Disabilities
 Pregnancy related diseases
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Tal Aswad Amudeh
 Diarrhea
 Acute respiratory infections

Lower Um Elosud
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections

• Assessed communities (8/60;
 4 communities assessed on this factsheet)
 Amuda
 Hettin Amuda
 Tal Aswad Amudeh
 Lower Um Elosud

Rayat Elkhalil
 Nif
 Haniya
 Shikhe Keni



Food Security

Amuda

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: 70 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Rice: 525 SYP
 Sugar: 600 SYP
 Flour: 85 SYP
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Rayat Elkhalil

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: 45 SYP
 Milk: 80 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Lower Um Elosud

Rice: no info
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: no info
 Milk: no info
 Eggs: no info

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Amuda

Network
 Public free collection

Hettin Amuda

Network
 Public free collection

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Closed well
 Buried / burned

Lower Um Elosud

Closed well
 Disposed at designated site

Education

Amuda

Lack of teaching staff
 Lack of school supplies

Hettin Amuda

All school-aged children accessed schools

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Lack of teaching staff
 Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Lower Um Elosud

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Rayat Elkhalil

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Nif

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Haniya

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Shikhe Keni

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Rayat Elkhalil
 Borrowing from family/friends

Shikhe Keni
 Taking loans/buying on credit

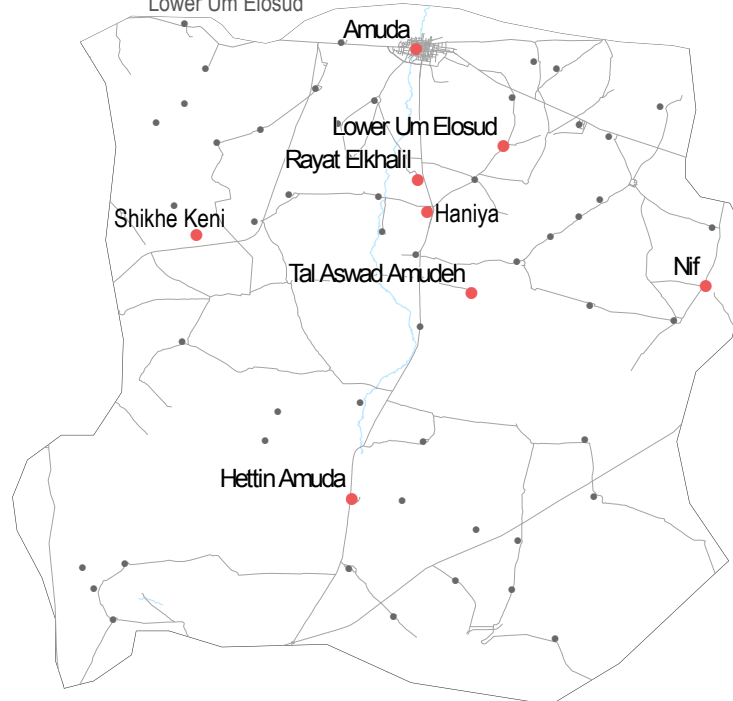
Nif
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals

Haniya
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

• Assessed communities (8/60;
 4 communities assessed on this factsheet)

Rayat Elkhalil
 Nif
 Haniya
 Shikhe Keni

Amuda
 Hettin Amuda
 Tal Aswad Amudeh
 Lower Um Elosud



Displacement

Rayat Elkhalil

26-50%
 500 - 1500 SYP

Nif

26-50%
 2000 - 3000 SYP

Haniya

51-75%
 500 - 1500 SYP

Shikhe Keni

51-75%
 500 - 1500 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining
 IDPs already living in village
 IDPs arrived in last month
 Cost of transportation to the border

NFIs

Rayat Elkhalil
B 2200 SYP
D NA
F 55 SYP

Shikhe Keni
B 2100 SYP
D NA
F 60 SYP

Nif
B NA
D NA
F NA

Haniya
B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source
 Main network
 Generator
 No source available
 No information

Fuel Prices
B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)
 NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Rayat Elkhalil

Fever
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Shikhe Keni

Fever
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Nif

Disabilities
 Fever
 Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Haniya

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Rayat Elkhalil

Network

Public free collection

Nif

Network

Disposed at designated site

Haniya

Network

Private paid collection

Shikhe Keni

Network

Public free collection

• Assessed communities (8/60;
 4 communities assessed on this factsheet)

Rayat Elkhalil

Nif

Haniya

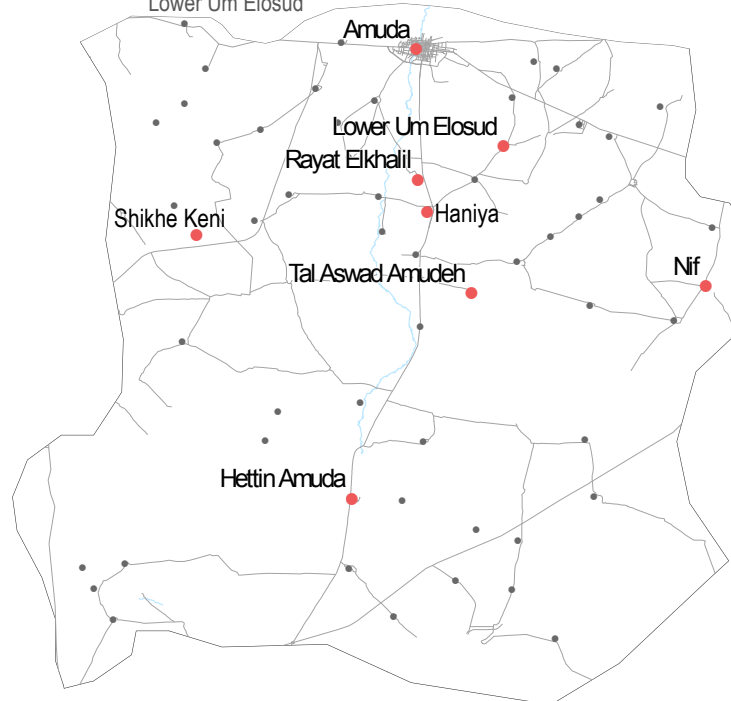
Shikhe Keni

Amuda

Hettin Amuda

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Lower Um Elosud



Food Security

Rayat Elkhalil



Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: 45 SYP
 Milk: 80 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Nif



Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 270 SYP
 Flour: 100 SYP
 Milk: 125 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Haniya



Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Flour: 75 SYP
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Shikhe Keni



Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: 290 SYP
 Flour: no info
 Milk: 150 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

Education

Rayat Elkhalil

Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Nif

Children drop out to work

Haniya

All school-aged children accessed schools

Shikhe Keni

Parents don't approve of curriculum

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Hallaq

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Najaf

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Sharm El Sheikh

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Marja

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Um Tlul

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Upper Sweidiyeh

IDPs NDP
 No rent information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Hallaq
 Borrowing from family/friends

Marja
 Borrowing from family/friends

Najaf
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Um Tlul
 High risk/illegal work
 Skipping meals
 Eating weeds

Sharm El Sheikh
 Children sent to work/beg

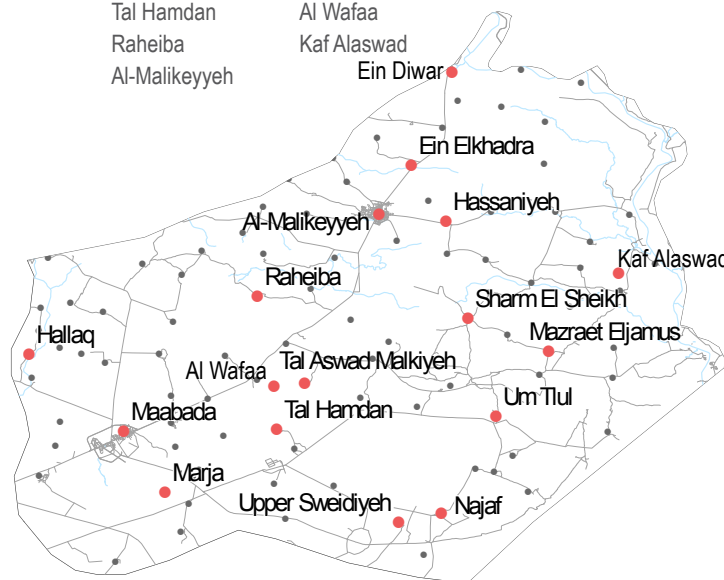
Upper Sweidiyeh
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

• Assessed communities (17/98;
 6 shown on this page)

Hallaq
 Najaf
 Sharm El Sheikh
 Marja
 Um Tlul
 Upper Sweidiyeh

Maabada
 Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
 Ein Elkhadra
 Tal Hamdan
 Raheiba
 Al-Malikeyyeh

Ein Diwar
 Hassaniyeh
 Mazraet Eljamus
 Al Wafaa
 Kaf Alaswad



Displacement

Hallaq

51-75%
 1000 - 7000 SYP

Najaf

76-100%
 2500 - 3000 SYP

Sharm El Sheikh

1-25%
 500 - 2000 SYP

Marja

76-100%
 250 - 1000 SYP

NFIs

Hallaq
B NA
D NA
F NA

Najaf
B 2000 SYP
D NA
F NA

Sharm El Sheikh
B 2000 SYP
D 35000 SYP
F 45 SYP

Marja
B 4500 SYP
D NA
F NA

Um Tlul
B NA
D NA
F 40 SYP

Upper Sweidiyeh
B NA
D NA
F 40 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining
 IDPs already living in village
 IDPs arrived in last month
 Cost of transportation to the border

Um Tlul

26-50%
 200 - 2000 SYP

Upper Sweidiyeh

26-50%
 500 - 1500 SYP

Most common electricity source
 Main network
 Generator
 No source available
 No information

Fuel Prices
B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)
 NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Hallaq
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Severe diseases affecting those aged

Najaf
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections

Sharm El Sheikh
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

Marja
 Disabilities
 Maternal health issues
 Acute respiratory infections

Um Tlul
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections

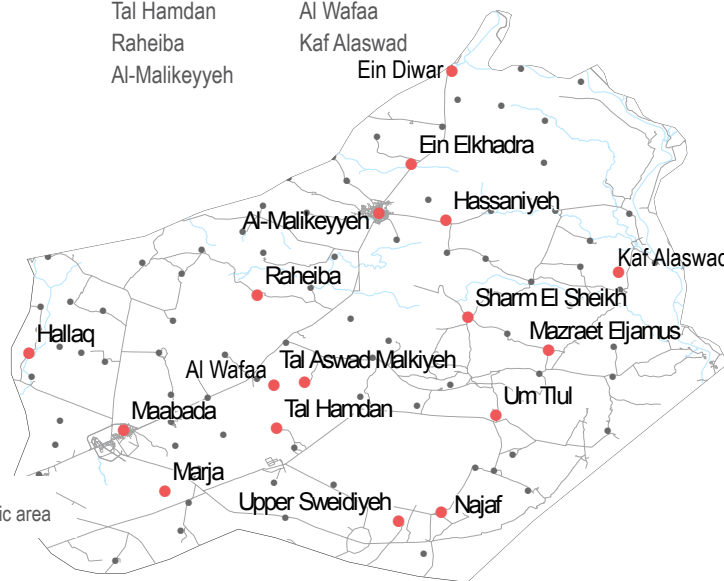
Upper Sweidiyeh
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Maternal health issues
 Malnutrition

• Assessed communities (17/98;
 6 shown on this page)

Hallaq
 Najaf
 Sharm El Sheikh
 Marja
 Um Tlul
 Upper Sweidiyeh

Maabada
 Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
 Ein Elkhadra
 Tal Hamdan
 Raheiba
 Al-Malikeyyeh

Ein Diwar
 Hassaniyeh
 Mazraet Eljamus
 Al Wafaa
 Kaf Alaswad



Food Security

Hallaq

Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: 75 SYP
 Milk: 175 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Um Tlul

Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: 250 SYP
 Flour: 35 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Najaf

Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP
 Flour: 50 SYP
 Milk: 115 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Sharm El Sheikh

Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Flour: 60 SYP
 Milk: 130 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Upper Sweidiyeh

Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: 250 SYP
 Flour: 60 SYP
 Milk: 125 SYP
 Eggs: 30 SYP

Marja

Rice: 600 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: no info
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Hallaq

Closed well

Disposed at designated site

Najaf

Closed well

Left in street / public area

Um Tlul

Closed well

Left in street / public area

Sharm El Sheikh

Closed well

Buried / burned

Upper Sweidiyeh

Closed well

Disposed at designated site

Marja

Network

Disposed at designated site

Maabada

Network

Disposed at designated site

Education

Hallaq

Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Najaf

All school-aged children accessed schools

Sharm El Sheikh

All school-aged children accessed schools

Marja

Children drop out to work

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Um Tlul

All school-aged children accessed schools

Upper Sweidiyeh

Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Maabada

IDPs NDP

 4000 - 4500 SYP

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Ein Elkhadra

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Tal Hamdan

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Raheiba

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Al-Malikeyyeh

IDPs NDP

 5000 - 6000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Maabada
 Borrowing from family/friends

Tal Hamdan
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets
 Eating weeds

Raheiba
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals

Ein Elkhadra
 Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

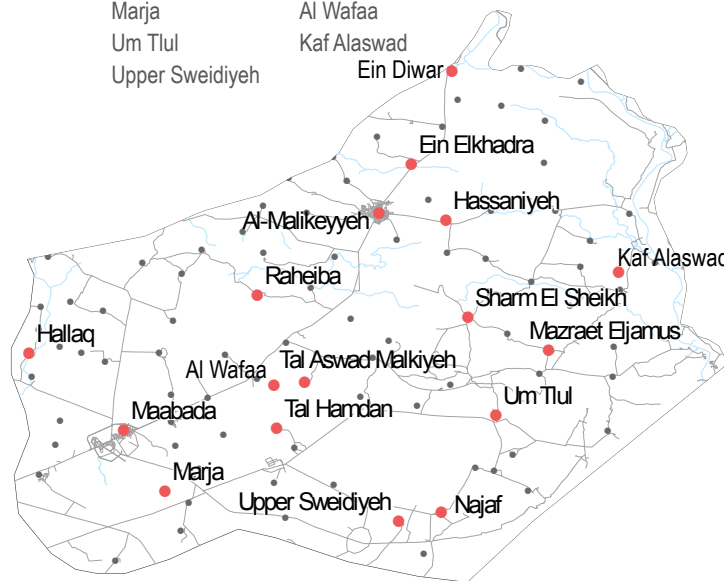
Al-Malikeyyeh
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

• Assessed communities (17/98;
 6 shown on this page)

Maabada
 Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
 Ein Elkhadra
 Tal Hamdan
 Raheiba
 Al-Malikeyyeh

Hallaq
 Najaf
 Sharm El Sheikh
 Marja
 Um Tlul
 Upper Sweidiyeh

Ein Diwar
 Hassaniyeh
 Mazraet Eljamus
 Al Wafaa
 Kaf Alaswad



Displacement

Maabada

51-75%
 1500 - 2000 SYP

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

51-75%
 2000 - 3000 SYP

Ein Elkhadra

51-75%
 200 - 4000 SYP

Tal Hamdan

51-75%
 3000 - 4000 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining
 IDPs already living in village
 IDPs arrived in last month
 Cost of transportation to the border

Raheiba

26-50%
 500 - 6000 SYP

Al-Malikeyyeh

26-50%
 1500 - 2000 SYP

NFIs

Maabada
B 2100 SYP
D NA
F 37 SYP

Tal Hamdan
B 3000 SYP
D NA
F NA

Tal Aswad
B 1500 SYP
D 10000 SYP
F 45 SYP

Raheiba
B NA
D NA
F 35 SYP

Ein Elkhadra
B 2300 SYP
D NA
F NA

Al-Malikeyyeh
B 2000 SYP
D NA
F 35 SYP

Most common electricity source
 Main network
 Generator
 No source available
 No information

Fuel Prices
B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)
 NA: unable to purchase in village

Al Malika (2/3), Al Hasakeh Governorate

March 2016

Health

Most common health problems in village

Maabada
Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged

Ein Elkhadra
Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Tal Hamdan
Skin disease
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Raheiba
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

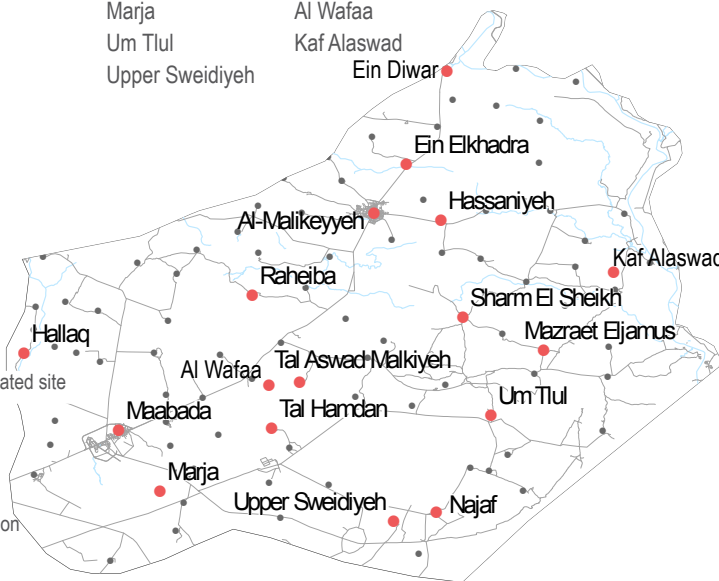
Al-Malikeyyeh
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

• Assessed communities (17/98; 6 shown on this page)

Maabada
Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
Ein Elkhadra
Tal Hamdan
Raheiba
Al-Malikeyyeh

Hallaq
Najaf
Sharm El Sheikh
Marja
Um Tlul
Upper Sweidiyeh

Ein Diwar
Hassaniyeh
Mazraet Eljamus
Al Wafaa
Kaf Alaswad



Food Security

Maabada
 Rice: 450 SYP
Sugar: 285 SYP
Flour: 35 SYP
Milk: 100 SYP
Eggs: 40 SYP

Raheiba
 Rice: 400 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Flour: 30 SYP
Milk: 100 SYP
Eggs: 45 SYP

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
 Rice: 200 SYP
Sugar: 700 SYP
Flour: no info
Milk: 100 SYP
Eggs: 30 SYP

Ein Elkhadra
 Rice: 400 SYP
Sugar: 280 SYP
Flour: no info
Milk: 125 SYP
Eggs: 40 SYP

Al-Malikeyyeh
 Rice: 450 SYP
Sugar: 290 SYP
Flour: 90 SYP
Milk: 100 SYP
Eggs: 40 SYP

Tal Hamdan
 Rice: 500 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP
Flour: 100 SYP
Milk: 150 SYP
Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water
 No change
 Less water
 No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink
 Water tastes/smells bad
 People sick after drinking
 No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Maabada
 Network
 Disposed at designated site

Raheiba
 Network
 Disposed at designated site

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
 Network
 Disposed at designated site

Al-Malikeyyeh
 Network
 Private paid collection

Ein Elkhadra
 Network
 Private paid collection

Ein Diwar
 Network
 Disposed at designated site

Tal Hamdan
 Network
 Left in street / public area

Education

Maabada
 Lack of teaching staff
 Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
 Children drop out to work

Ein Elkhadra
 Lack of teaching staff
 Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Tal Hamdan
 Parents don't approve of curriculum

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Raheiba
 All school-aged children accessed schools

Al-Malikeyyeh
 Lack of teaching staff
 Parents don't approve of curriculum

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Ein Diwar

- IDPs NDP
- No rent information

Al Wafaa

- IDPs NDP
- No rent information

Hassaniyeh

- IDPs NDP
- No rent information

Kaf Alaswad

- IDPs NDP
- 1500 - 5000 SYP

Mazraet Eljamus

- IDPs NDP
- No rent information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Ein Diwar
Borrowing from family/friends

Al Wafaa
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size
Eating weeds

Hassaniyeh
Borrowing from family/friends

Kaf Alaswad
Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends
Eating weeds

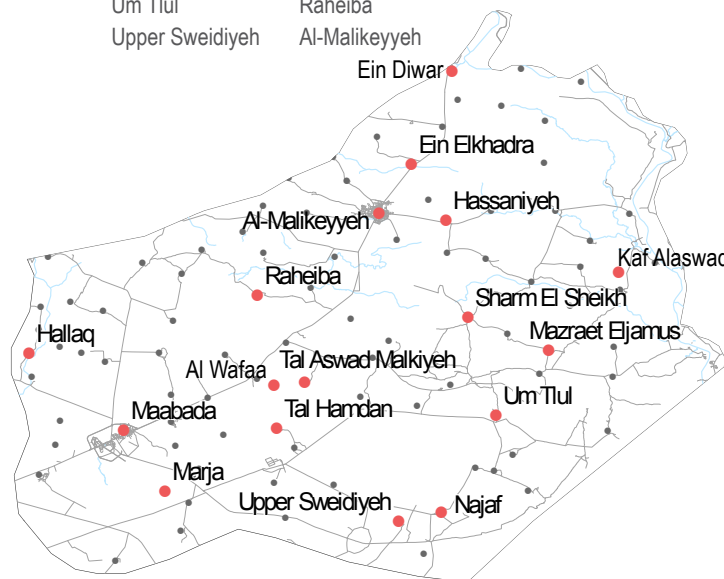
Mazraet Eljamus
Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

• Assessed communities (17/98; 5 shown on this page)

Ein Diwar
Hassaniyeh
Mazraet Eljamus
Al Wafaa
Kaf Alaswad

Hallaq
Najaf
Sharm El Sheikh
Marja
Um Tiul
Upper Sweidiyeh

Maabada
TalAswad Malkiyeh
Ein Elkhadra
Tal Hamdan
Raheiba
Al-Malikeyyeh



Displacement

Ein Diwar

- 51-75%
- 500 - 1500 SYP

Hassaniyeh

- 51-75%
- 2000 - 6000 SYP

Mazraet Eljamus

- 1-25%
- 500 - 2000 SYP

Al Wafaa

- 51-75%
- 2000 - 3000 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Cost of transportation to the border

Kaf Alaswad

- 51-75%
- 1000 - 1500 SYP

NFIs

Ein Diwar
B 2500 SYP
D NA
F NA

Al Wafaa
B NA
D NA
F NA

Hassaniyeh
B NA
D NA
F NA

Kaf Alaswad
B 3000 SYP
D NA
F NA

Mazraet Eljamus
B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Al Malika (3/3), Al Hasakeh Governorate

March 2016

Health

Most common health problems in village

Ein Diwar
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues

Hassaniyeh
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged

Mazraet Eljamus
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever
FALSE

Al Wafaa
Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

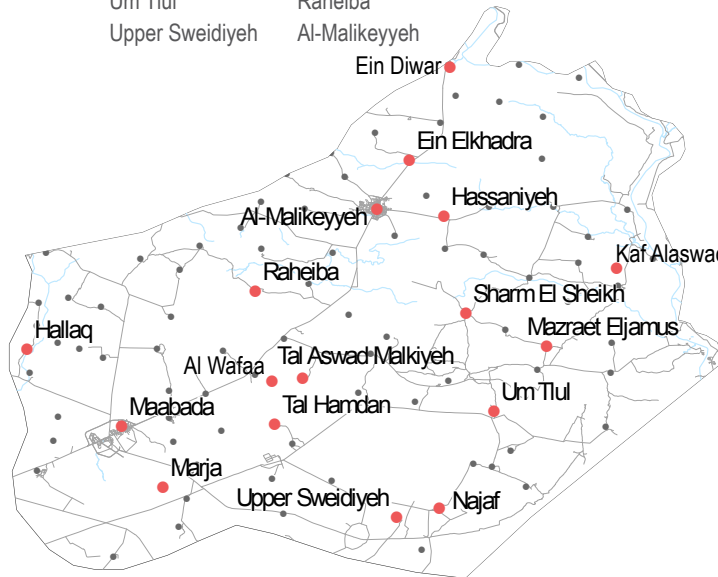
Kaf Alaswad
Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

• Assessed communities (17/98; 5 shown on this page)

Ein Diwar
Hassaniyeh
Mazraet Eljamus
Al Wafaa
Kaf Alaswad

Hallaq
Najaf
Sharm El Sheikh
Marja
Um Tiul
Upper Sweidiyeh

Maabada
TalAswad Malkiyeh
Ein Elkhadra
Tal Hamdan
Raheiba
Al-Malikeyyeh



Food Security

Ein Diwar
 Rice: 455 SYP
 Sugar: 295 SYP
 Flour: 80 SYP
 Milk: 160 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Kaf Alaswad Hassaniyeh
 Rice: 410 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 80 SYP
 Milk: 110 SYP
 Eggs: 35 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food
 No challenges
 Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
 Access to market
 Some foods expensive
 Local production decreased
 Cooking fuel availability
 Access to available fuel
 Some foods unavailable
 No information

M a z r a e t
 Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Flour: 65 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Al Wafaa
 Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 240 SYP
 Flour: 50 SYP
 Milk: 110 SYP
 Eggs: 35 SYP

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source
Change in available water since last month

More water
 No change
 Less water
 No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink
 Water tastes/smells bad
 People sick after drinking
 No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Ein Diwar
 Network
 Disposed at designated site

Kaf Alaswad
 Closed well
 Buried / burned

Hassaniyeh
 Closed well
 Disposed at designated site

Mazraet Eljamus
 Closed well
 Disposed at designated site

Al Wafaa
 Network
 Buried / burned

Education

Ein Diwar
Lack of teaching staff
Parents don't approve of curriculum
Children drop out to work

Hassaniyeh
Children drop out to work

Mazraet Eljamus
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies
Children drop out to work

Al Wafaa
Parents don't approve of curriculum

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning
 Not functioning
 Not available
 No information

Kaf Alaswad
All school-aged children accessed schools

Shelter

Most common shelter

-  Independent apartment or house
 -  Shared apartment or house
 -  Collective public space not for shelter
 -  Private space not for shelter
 -  Unfinished apartment or house
 -  No IDPs
 -  No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)



Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyyeh Hamra

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| IDPs | NDP | IDPs | NDP |
|  |  |  |  |
| No rent information | | No rent information | |

Bab Elhadid

- | | |
|---|---|
| IDPs | NDP |
|  |  |
| No rent information | |



Hseiniyyeh Jawadiyyeh

- | | |
|---|---|
| IDPs | NDP |
|  |  |
| No rent information | |

Khsheniyyeh

- | | |
|---|---|
| IDPs | NDP |
|  |  |
| No rent information | |

Abu Baker

- | | |
|---|---|
| IDPs | NDP |
|  |  |
| No rent information | |

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyyeh

Reducing meal size

Hamra

Looking for food in garbage
 Skipping meals
 Eating weeds

Bab Elhadid

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets
 Reducing meal size

Hseiniyyeh Jawadiyyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Khsheniyyeh

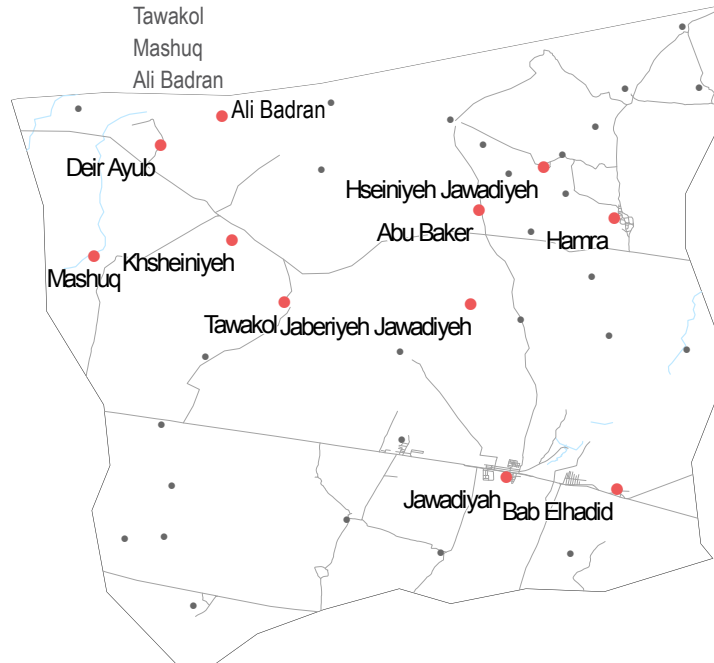
Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Abu Baker

Borrowing from family/friends

• Assessed communities (11/60; 6 shown on this page)

- Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyyeh
- Bab Elhadid
- Khsheniyyeh
- Hamra
- Hseiniyyeh Jawadiyyeh
- Abu Baker
- Jawadiyyah
- Deir Ayub
- Tawakol
- Mashuq
- Ali Badran





Displacement

Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyyeh

-  1-25%
-  500 - 5000 SYP



Bab Elhadid

-  51-75%
-  1300 - 1500 SYP

Khsheniyyeh

-  26-50%
-  1500 - 5000 SYP

Hamra

-  51-75%
-  700 - 1500 SYP

NFIs

Jaberiyyeh

- B** NA
- D** NA
- F** NA

Bab Elhadid

- B** NA
- D** NA
- F** NA

Khsheniyyeh

- B** 2500 SYP
- D** NA
- F** 45 SYP

Hamra


- B** 2200 SYP
- D** NA
- F** 75 SYP

Hseiniyyeh


- B** NA
- D** NA
- F** NA


Abu Baker

- B** NA
- D** NA
- F** NA



 % of pre-conflict population remaining

 IDPs already living in village



 IDPs arrived in last month

 Cost of transportation to the border





Hseiniyyeh Jawadiyyeh

-  51-75%
-  500 - 1500 SYP

Abu Baker

-  26-50%
-  5500 - 8000 SYP

Most common electricity source

-  Main network
-  Generator
-  No source available
-  No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
 - D** Diesel (litre)
 - F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Jaberiyeh Jawadiyeh
 Diarrhea
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

Bab Elhadid
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Fever

Khsheiniyeh
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections

Hamra
 Disabilities
 Pregnancy related diseases
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

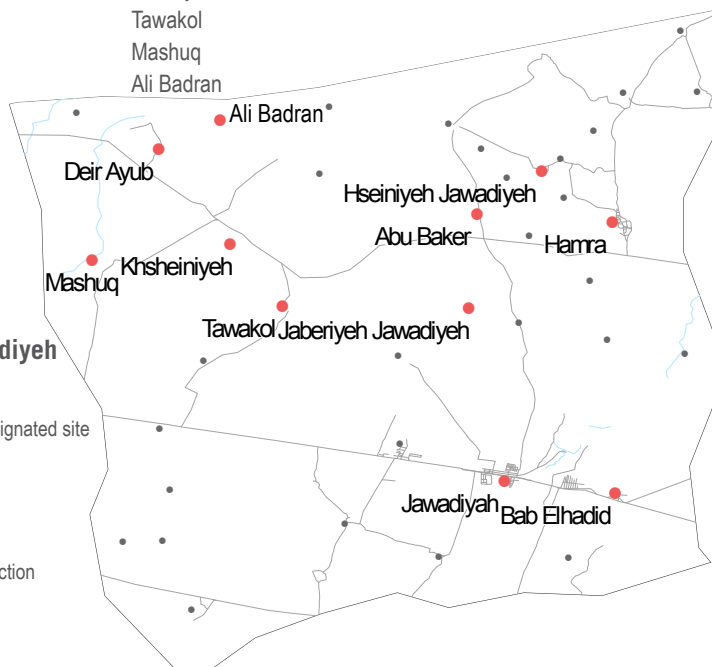
Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections

Abu Baker
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Fever

• Assessed communities (11/60; 6 shown on this page)

Jaberiyeh Jawadiyeh
 Bab Elhadid
 Khsheiniyeh
 Hamra
 Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh
 Abu Baker

Jawadiyah
 Deir Ayub
 Tawakol
 Mashuq
 Ali Badran



WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Jaberiyeh Jawadiyeh
 Closed well
 Buried / burned

Bab Elhadid
 Network
 Private paid collection

Khsheiniyeh
 Closed well
 Private paid collection

Hamra
 Network
 Public free collection

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh
 Closed well
 Disposed at designated site

Abu Baker
 Closed well
 Public free collection

Food Security

Jaberiyeh Jawadiyeh

Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: 75 SYP
 Milk: no info
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 70 SYP
 Milk: 150 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Bab Elhadid

Rice: 275 SYP
 Sugar: 450 SYP
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: 120 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Khsheiniyeh Abu Baker

Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 425 SYP
 Flour: 70 SYP
 Milk: 170 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Hamra

Rice: no info
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: no info
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Hamra

Rice: 235 SYP
 Sugar: 275 SYP
 Flour: 35 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

Education

Jaberiyeh Jawadiyeh

Lack of teaching staff
 Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Bab Elhadid

All school-aged children accessed schools

Khsheiniyeh

Lack of teaching staff
 Lack of school supplies
 Parents don't approve of curriculum

Hamra

Parents don't approve of curriculum

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh

Lack of school supplies

Abu Baker

Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Jawadiyah

IDPs NDP

 1500 - 5000 SYP

Deir Ayub

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Tawakol

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Mashuq

IDPs NDP

 1000 - 1500 SYP

Ali Badran

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Jawadiyah

- Children sent to work/beg
- Borrowing from family/friends

Deir Ayub

- Borrowing from family/friends
- Reducing meal size
- Eating weeds

Tawakol

- Borrowing from family/friends
- Selling household assets
- Skipping meals

Mashuq

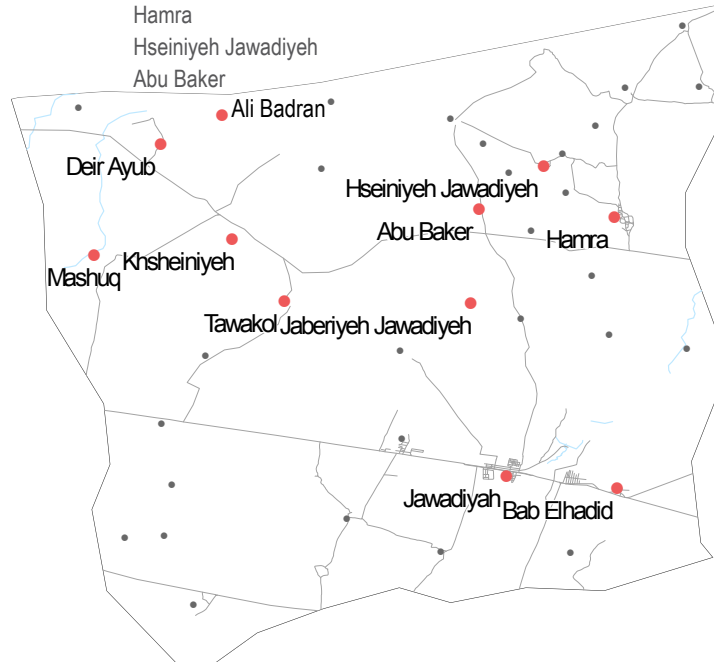
- Borrowing from family/friends
- Skipping meals
- Reducing meal size

Ali Badran

- Borrowing from family/friends
- Skipping meals

• Assessed communities (11/60; 5 shown on this page)

- Jawadiyah
- Deir Ayub
- Tawakol
- Mashuq
- Ali Badran
- Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyyeh
- Bab Elhadid
- Khsheniyyeh
- Hamra
- Hseiniyyeh Jawadiyyeh
- Abu Baker



Displacement

Jawadiyah

51-75%
 100 - 4000 SYP

Deir Ayub

51-75%
 1500 - 2000 SYP

Tawakol

51-75%
 1200 - 1350 SYP

Mashuq

51-75%
 15000 - 20000 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Cost of transportation to the border

Ali Badran

26-50%
 1150 - 1500 SYP

NFIs

Jawadiyah

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F 50 SYP

Deir Ayub

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA

Tawakol

B NA
D NA
F NA

Mashuq

B 2100 SYP
D NA
F NA

Ali Badran

B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Jawadiyah
 Diarrhea
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

Deir Ayub
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Fever

Tawakol
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

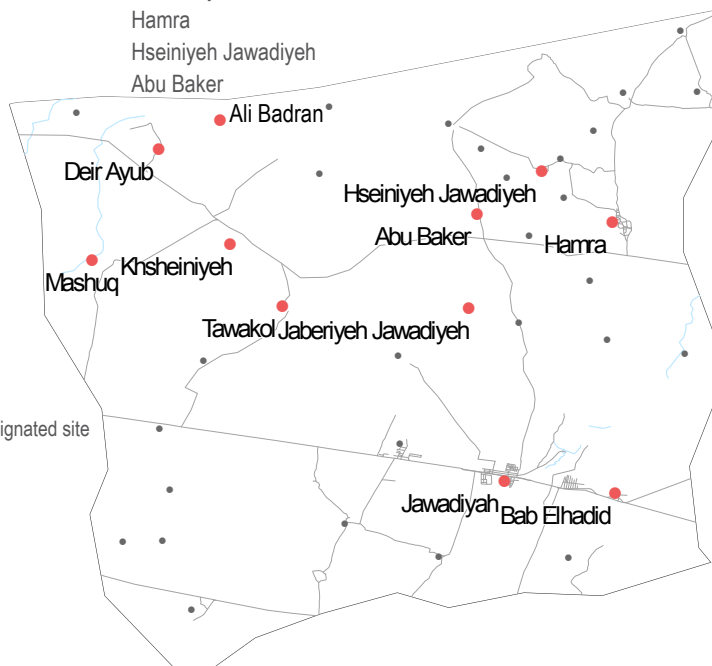
Mashuq
 Diarrhea
 Acute respiratory infections
 Fever

Ali Badran
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Symptoms of psychological trauma

• Assessed communities (11/60; 5 shown on this page)

Jawadiyah
 Deir Ayub
 Tawakol
 Mashuq
 Ali Badran

Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyyeh
 Bab Elhadid
 Khsheiniyyeh
 Hamra
 Hseiniyyeh Jawadiyyeh
 Abu Baker



WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Jawadiyah

Network
 Public free collection

Deir Ayub

Network
 Private paid collection

Tawakol

Network
 Private paid collection

Mashuq

Network
 Private paid collection

Ali Badran

Network
 Disposed at designated site

Food Security

Jawadiyah

Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 350 SYP
 Flour: 80 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Ali Badran

Rice: 275 SYP
 Sugar: 450 SYP
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: 130 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Deir Ayub

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: 75 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Tawakol

Rice: 250 SYP
 Sugar: 450 SYP
 Flour: 45 SYP
 Milk: 45 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Mashuq

Rice: 450 SYP
 Sugar: 375 SYP
 Flour: 90 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

Education

Jawadiyah

All school-aged children accessed schools

Deir Ayub

Parents don't approve of curriculum
 Children drop out to work

Tawakol

All school-aged children accessed schools

Mashuq

Children drop out to work

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Ali Badran

All school-aged children accessed schools

Shelter

Most common shelter

-  Independent apartment or house
 -  Shared apartment or house
 -  Collective public space not for shelter
 -  Private space not for shelter
 -  Unfinished apartment or house
 -  No IDPs
 -  No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Lower Um Kheif

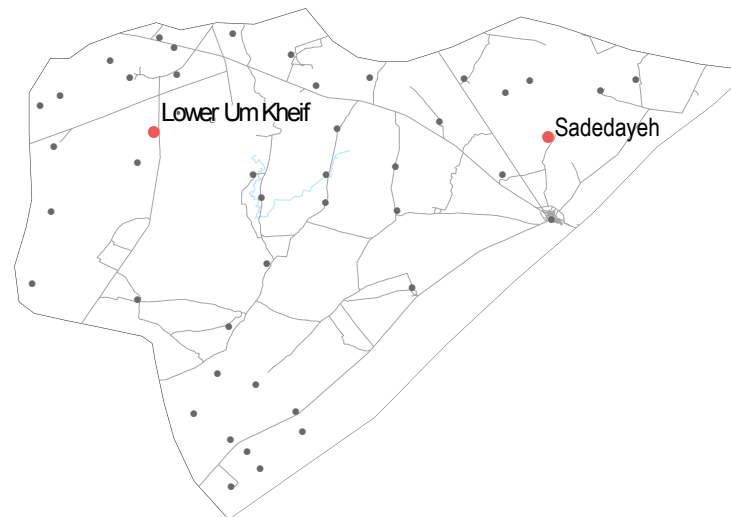
- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information

Sadedayeh

- IDPs  NDP 
 No rent information




Assessed communities (2/46)

- Lower Um Kheif
- Sadedayeh







Displacement

Lower Um Kheif


-  26-50%
-  10000 - 25000 SYP
- 

Sadedayeh

-  1-25%
-  200 - 1500 SYP
- 

-  % of pre-conflict population remaining
-  IDPs already living in village
-  IDPs arrived in last month
-  Cost of transportation to the border

Livelihoods

 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Lower Um Kheif

- Borrowing from family/friends
- High risk/illegal work
- Skipping meals

Sadedayeh

- Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs





Lower Um Kheif

- B** 2300 SYP
- D** NA
- F** 40 SYP

Sadedayeh

- B** NA
- D** NA
- F** NA

Most common electricity source

-  Main network
-  Generator
-  No source available
-  No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

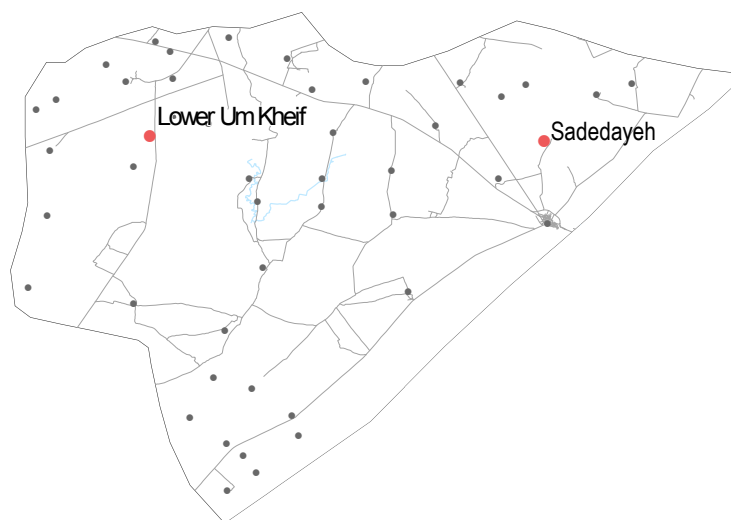
Health

Most common health problems in village

Lower Um Kheif
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections
 Fever

Sadedayeh
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Fever

• Assessed communities (2/46)
 Lower Um Kheif
 Sadedayeh



Food Security

Lower Um Kheif

Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: 100 SYP
 Milk: 175 SYP
 Eggs: 40 SYP

Sadedayeh

Rice: no info
 Sugar: no info
 Flour: no info
 Milk: 120 SYP
 Eggs: 35 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water
 No change
 Less water
 No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink
 Water tastes/smells bad
 People sick after drinking
 No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Lower Um Kheif

Network
 Disposed at designated site

Sadedayeh

Closed well
 Disposed at designated site

Education

Lower Um Kheif

All school-aged children accessed schools

Sadedayeh

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning
 Not functioning
 Not available
 No information



Shelter

Most common shelter


-  Independent apartment or house
-  Shared apartment or house
-  Collective public space not for shelter
-  Private space not for shelter
-  Unfinished apartment or house
-  No IDPs
-  No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)


Abu Rasin

- IDPs 
- NDP 
- No rent information

Faqera

- IDPs 
- NDP 
- No rent information

Livelihoods

 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Abu Rasin

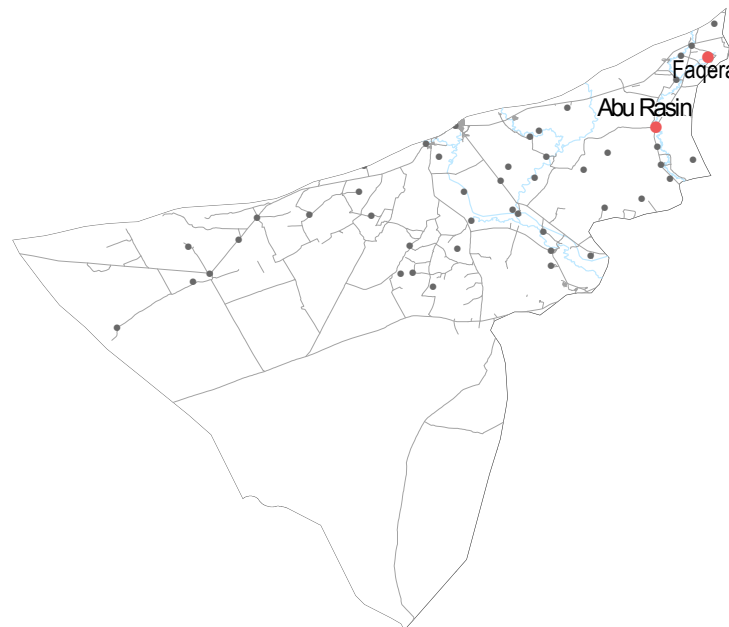
- Borrowing from family/friends
- Skipping meals
- Reducing meal size

Faqera

- Children sent to work/beg
- High risk/illegal work

● Assessed communities (2/43)

- Abu Rasin
- Faqera










Displacement

Abu Rasin

-  26-50% 
-  2000 - 6000 SYP

Faqera

-  76-100% 
-  0 - 0 SYP

-  % of pre-conflict population remaining
-  IDPs already living in village
-  IDPs arrived in last month
-  Cost of transportation to the border

NFIs





Abu Rasin

- B** NA
- D** NA
- F** NA

Faqera

- B** NA
- D** NA
- F** NA

Most common electricity source

-  Main network
-  Generator
-  No source available
-  No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Abu Rasin
 Disabilities
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Fever

Faqera
 Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Acute respiratory infections

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Status of most common water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Abu Rasin

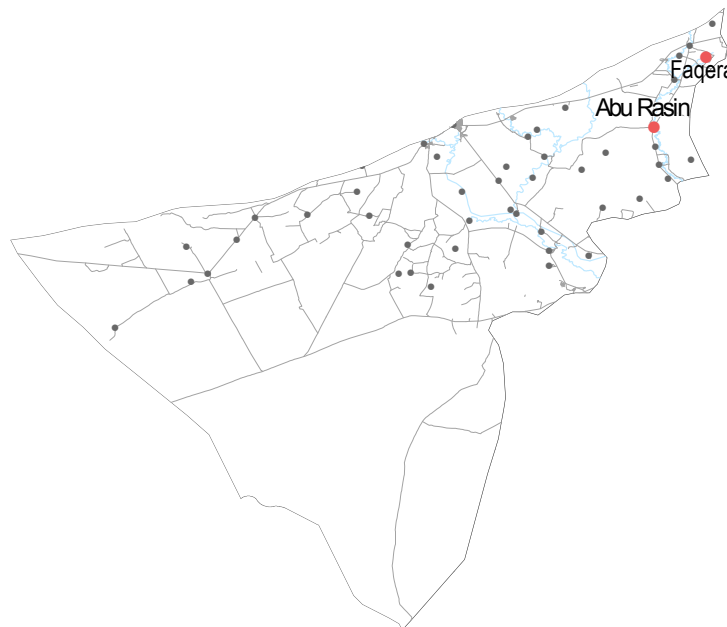
- Network
- Public free collection

Faqera

- Network
- Private paid collection

• Assessed communities (2/43)

Abu Rasin
 Faqera



Food Security

Abu Rasin

- Rice: 400 SYP
- Sugar: 270 SYP
- Flour: no info
- Milk: 150 SYP
- Eggs: 40 SYP

Faqera

- Rice: 500 SYP
- Sugar: 300 SYP
- Flour: 45 SYP
- Milk: 125 SYP
- Eggs: 45 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

Education

Abu Rasin

- Lack of school supplies
- Parents don't approve of curriculum
- Children drop out to work

Faqera

- All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information



Shelter

Most common shelter

-  Independent apartment or house
-  Shared apartment or house
-  Collective public space not for shelter
-  Private space not for shelter
-  Unfinished apartment or house
-  No IDPs
-  No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Darbasiyah

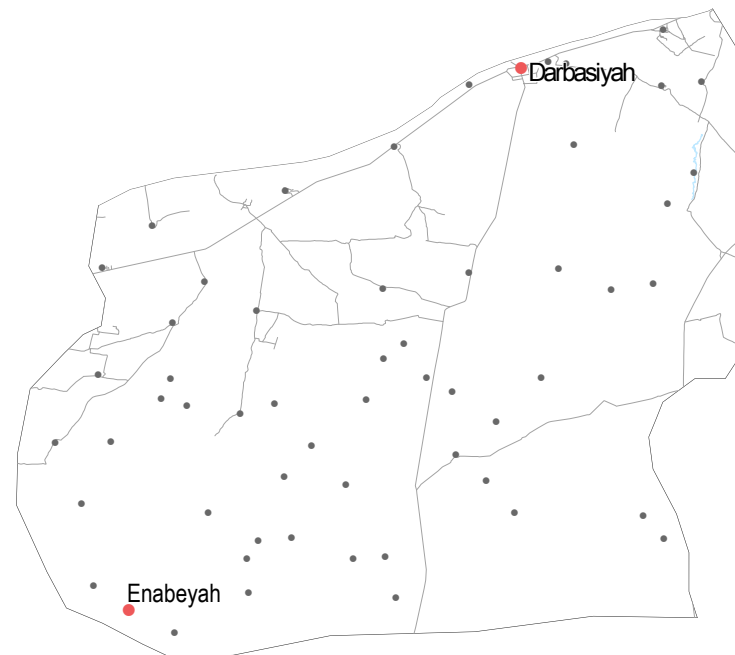
IDPs NDP
 
 1000 - 2500 SYP

Enabeyah

IDPs NDP
 
 No rent information

● Assessed communities (2/50)

Darbasiyah
 Enabeyah







Displacement

Darbasiyah


 76-100% 
 3000 - 4000 SYP

Enabeyah



 51-75% 
 500 - 1000 SYP

-  % of pre-conflict population remaining
-  IDPs already living in village
-  IDPs arrived in last month
-  Cost of transportation to the border


Livelihoods

 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Darbasiyah

-  Skipping meals
-  Reducing meal size

Enabeyah

-  Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs





Darbasiyah

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F NA

Enabeyah

B 2000 SYP
D NA
F 40 SYP

Most common electricity source

-  Main network
-  Generator
-  No source available
-  No information

Fuel Prices

- B** Butane (cannister)
- D** Diesel (litre)
- F** Firewood (tonne)
- NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Darbasiyah

Diarrhea
 Skin disease
 Acute respiratory infections

Enabeyah

Diarrhea
 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
 Fever

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Darbasiyah

Network

Public free collection

Enabeyah

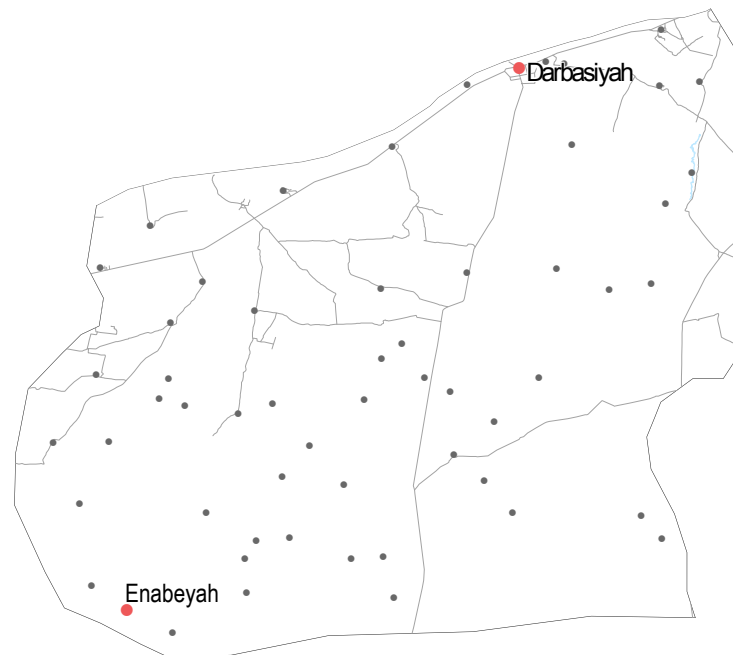
Network

Public free collection

• Assessed communities (2/50)

Darbasiyah

Enabeyah



Food Security

Darbasiyah



Rice: 500 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 750 SYP
 Milk: 130 SYP
 Eggs: 45 SYP

Enabeyah



Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP
 Flour: 40 SYP
 Milk: 100 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
 Milk: 1 litre
 Eggs: 1 egg

Education

Darbasiyah

All school-aged children accessed schools

Enabeyah

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information