

Introduction

This multi-sector needs assessment is part of a monthly data collection exercise which aims to gather information about needs and the humanitarian situation inside Syria. The factsheets present information collected in March 2016, referring to the situation in February 2016.

These factsheets present information at the community/village level for each sub-district in Quneitra governorate*. Selected key indicators for the following sectors are included in the factsheets: displacement, shelter, NFIs, health, food security, WASH, education. The factsheets do not cover the entire range of indicators gathered in the questionnaire.

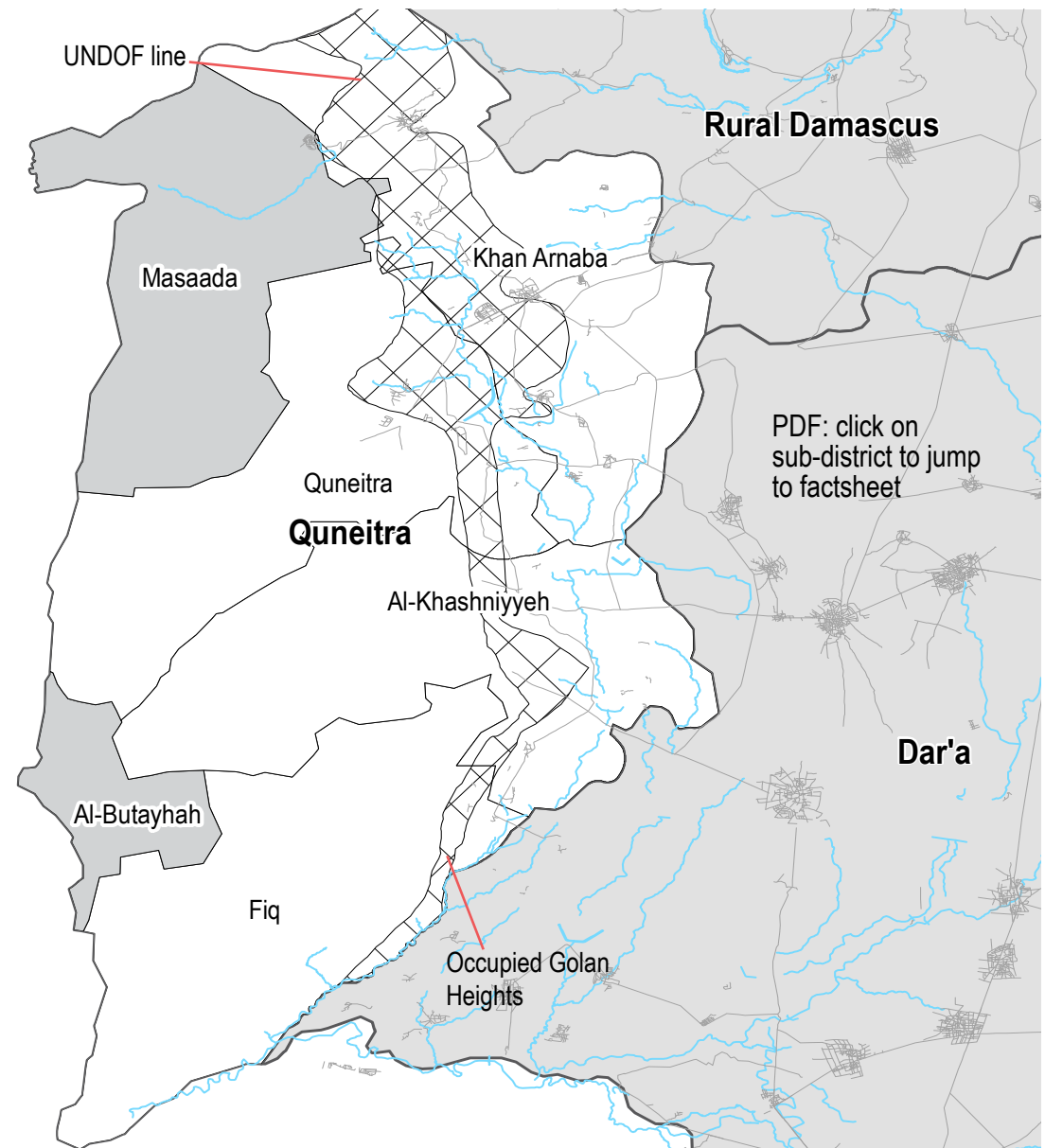
For full visualisation of all indicators collected, please see the SIMAWG Needs Identification Dynamic Reporting Tool, available here: <http://www.reach-info.org/syr/simawg/>

Methodology and limitations

These findings are based on data collected remotely (in Jordan, Lebanon, Kurdistan Region of Iraq and Turkey) from Key Informants residing in their community of origin in Syria.

Information was collected from Key Informants in 23 communities in all 4 sub-districts of Quneitra governorate. For each question asked, confidence levels are assigned based on the Key Informant's area of expertise and knowledge of the sector-specific situation.

For a full description of the methodology, please see the Terms of Reference, available on the [REACH Resource Centre here](#) (link).



Quneitra, Quneitra Governorate

March 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

Independent apartment or house

Shared apartment or house

Collective public space not for shelter

Private space not for shelter

Unfinished apartment or house

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Rweheineh

IDPs NDP
1500 - 2000 SYP

Bir Ajam

IDPs NDP
8000 - 10000 SYP

Hameidiyyeh

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Quneitra

IDPs NDP
4000 - 5500 SYP

Western Samadaniyeh

IDPs NDP
7500 - 9000 SYP

Assessed communities (5/7)

Rweheineh
Hameidiyyeh
Western Samadaniyeh
Bir Ajam
Quneitra

Unassessed communities

Breiqa
Qahtaniyeh



Displacement

Rweheineh

76-100% 500 - 30000 SYP

Hameidiyyeh

51-75% 1500 - 100000 SYP

Western Samadaniyeh

26-50% 5000 - 75000 SYP

Bir Ajam

26-50% 5000 - 150000 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Cost of transportation to the border

Quneitra

76-100% 7000 - 115000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Rweheineh

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Hameidiyyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
High risk/illegal work
Selling household assets

Western Samadaniyeh

Children sent to work/beg
Taking loans/buying on credit
Skipping meals

Bir Ajam

Children sent to work/beg
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Quneitra

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Skipping meals

NFIs

Rweheineh

B 6500 SYP
 D 40000 SYP
 F 400 SYP

Hameidiyyeh

B 5000 SYP
 D 50000 SYP
 F 250 SYP

Western Samadaniyeh

B 650 SYP
 D 45000 SYP
 F 350 SYP

Bir Ajam

B 6500 SYP
 D 45000 SYP
 F 550 SYP

Quneitra

B 6700 SYP
 D 65000 SYP
 F 325 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

 Most common health problems in village

 Rweheineh

Skin disease
Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

 Hameidiyyeh

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Injuries
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

 Western Samadaniyeh

Diarrhea
Acute respiratory infections

 Bir Ajam

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Malnutrition
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

 Quneitra

Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

● Assessed communities (5/7)

Rweheineh
Hameidiyyeh
Western Samadaniyeh
Bir Ajam
Quneitra

● Unassessed communities

Breiga
Qahtaniyeh



Food Security

Rweheineh

Rice: no info
Sugar: 250 SYP
Flour: 100 SYP
Milk: no info
Eggs: 35 SYP

Quneitra

Rice: 400 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Flour: 100 SYP
Milk: 150 SYP
Eggs: 30 SYP

Bir Ajam

Rice: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Flour: 175 SYP
Milk: 150 SYP
Eggs: 60 SYP

Western Samadaniyeh

Rice: 550 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Flour: 250 SYP
Milk: 150 SYP
Eggs: 35 SYP

Hameidiyyeh

Rice: 250 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Flour: 125 SYP
Milk: 150 SYP
Eggs: 35 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

-  No challenges
-  Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
-  Access to market
-  Some foods expensive
-  Local production decreased
-  Cooking fuel availability
-  Access to available fuel
-  Some foods unavailable
-  No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

-  More water
-  No change
-  Less water
-  No information

Status of most common water source

-  Water is safe to drink
-  Water tastes/smells bad
-  People sick after drinking
-  No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

 Buried / burned

Rweheineh

 Water trucking
 Buried / burned

Hameidiyyeh

 Water trucking
 Buried / burned

Western Samadaniyeh

 Water trucking
 Buried / burned

Bir Ajam

 Water trucking
 Buried / burned

Quneitra

 Network
 Public free collection

Education

 **Rweheineh**
No information

 **Hameidiyyeh**
All school-aged children accessed schools

 **Western Samadaniyeh**
Lack of school supplies
Unsafe route to services
No spaces in services

 **Bir Ajam**
Facilities destroyed

 Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

-  Functioning
-  Not functioning
-  Not available
-  No information

 **Quneitra**
All school-aged children accessed schools

Khan Arnaba (1/2), Quneitra Governorate

March 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

Independent apartment or house

Shared apartment or house

Collective public space not for shelter

Private space not for shelter

Cave natural shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Baath

IDPs NDP

No rent information

Halas

IDPs NDP

2000 - 5000 SYP

Khan Arnaba

IDPs NDP

1000 - 5000 SYP

Jaba

IDPs NDP

3000 - 4000 SYP

Kalidiyeh

IDPs NDP

No rent information

Assessed communities (11/17; 6 shown on this page)

Um Batna**
Khan Arnaba
Kalidiyeh
Baath
Halas
Jaba

Hadar
Ayoba
Jbata Elkhatab
Mashara
Nabe Elsakher

Unassessed communities

Eastern Samadaniyeh
Kom Elbasha
Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut
Montaneh
Ofania
Tarnaja



Displacement

Um Batna

None

No information

Khan Arnaba

26-50%

2000 - 25000 SYP

Kalidiyeh

1-25%

2500 - 30000 SYP

Baath

1-25%

500 - 15000 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Cost of transportation to the border

Halas

51-75%

500 - 100000 SYP

Jaba

51-75%

5000 - 150000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Jaba

Children sent to work/beg

Taking loans/buying on credit

Borrowing from family/friends

Khan Arnaba

Taking loans/buying on credit

High risk/illegal work

Reducing meal size

Kalidiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends

High risk/illegal work

Baath

Borrowing from family/friends

Halas

Borrowing from family/friends

Selling household assets

Skipping meals

NFIs

Jaba

B 7000 SYP

D 70000 SYP

F NA SYP

Khan Arnaba

B 5500 SYP

D 50000 SYP

F 350 SYP

Kalidiyeh

B 15000 SYP

D 60000 SYP

F 170 SYP

Baath

B 3500 SYP

D 75000 SYP

F 350 SYP

Halas

B 5000 SYP

D 70000 SYP

F 200 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Jaba

Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Khan Arnaba

Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Kalidiyeh

Diarrhea
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

Baath

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections

Halas

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

● Assessed communities (11/17; 6 shown on this page)

Um Batna**
Khan Arnaba
Kalidiyeh
Baath
Halas
Jaba

Hadar
Ayoba
Jbata Elkhshab
Mashara
Nabe Elsakher

● Unassessed communities

Eastern Samadaniyeh
Kom Elbasha
Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut
Momtaneh
Ofania
Tarnaja



Food Security

Halas

Rice: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Flour: 100 SYP
Milk: 50 SYP
Eggs: 50 SYP

Khan Arnaba

Rice: 500 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP
Flour: 40 SYP
Milk: 80 SYP
Eggs: 15 SYP

Kalidiyeh

Rice: 400 SYP
Sugar: 220 SYP
Flour: no info
Milk: 120 SYP
Eggs: 35 SYP

Jaba

Rice: 300 SYP
Sugar: 275 SYP
Flour: 100 SYP
Milk: 150 SYP
Eggs: 25 SYP

Baath

Rice: 175 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Flour: 75 SYP
Milk: 150 SYP
Eggs: 30 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Halas

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Khan Arnaba

Network

Private paid collection

Jaba

Network

Disposed at designated site

Kalidiyeh

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Baath

Network

Private paid collection

Education

Jaba

All school-aged children accessed schools

Khan Arnaba

Facilities destroyed
Unsafe route to services

Kalidiyeh

Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff

Baath

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Halas

All school-aged children accessed schools

Khan Arnaba (2/2), Quneitra Governorate

March 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

Independent apartment or house

Shared apartment or house

Collective public space not for shelter

Private space not for shelter

Unfinished apartment or house

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Hadar

IDPs NDP
5000 - 10000 SYP

Mashara

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Ayoba

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Nabe Elsakher

IDPs NDP
8000 - 10000 SYP

Jbata Elkhatab

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Assessed communities (11/17; 5 shown on this page)

Hadar
Ayoba
Jbata Elkhatab
Mashara
Nabe Elsakher

Um Batna
Khan Arnaba
Kalidiyeh
Baath
Halas
Jaba

Unassessed communities

Eastern Samadaniyeh
Kom Elbasha
Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut
Montaneh
Ofania
Tarnaja



Displacement

Hadar

76-100%
 5000 - 25000 SYP

Ayoba

76-100%
 5000 - 100000 SYP

Jbata Elkhatab

1-25%
 1000 - 10000 SYP

Mashara

51-75%
 10000 - 150000 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Cost of transportation to the border

Nabe Elsakher

51-75%
 10000 - 150000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Hadar
Borrowing from family/friends

Mashara
Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Ayoba
Borrowing from family/friends

Nabe Elsakher
Children sent to work/beg
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Jbata Elkhatab
Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Hadar
B 1600 SYP
D 50000 SYP
F 180 SYP

Mashara
B 6000 SYP
D 25000 SYP
F 700 SYP

Ayoba
B 1700 SYP
D 35000 SYP
F 200 SYP

Jbata Elkhatab
B 4500 SYP
D 75000 SYP
F 450 SYP

Nabe Elsakher
B 6000 SYP
D 45000 SYP
F 200 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Khan Arnaba (2/2), Quneitra Governorate

March 2016

Health

Most common health problems in village

Hadar

Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Ayoba

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged

Jbata Elkhashab

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Mashara

Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Nabe Elsakher

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Assessed communities (11/17; 5 shown on this page)

Hadar
Ayoba
Jbata Elkhashab
Mashara
Nabe Elsakher

Um Batna
Khan Arnaba
Kalidiyeh
Baath
Halas
Jaba

Unassessed communities

Eastern Samadaniyeh
Kom Elbasha
Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut
Montaneh
Ofania
Tarnaja



Food Security

Hadar

Rice: 215 SYP
 Sugar: 125 SYP
 Flour: 140 SYP
 Milk: 150 SYP
 Eggs: 25 SYP

Nabe Elsakher

Rice: 400 SYP
 Sugar: 200 SYP
 Flour: 175 SYP
 Milk: 175 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Ayoba

Rice: 350 SYP
 Sugar: 200 SYP
 Flour: 150 SYP
 Milk: 75 SYP
 Eggs: 15 SYP

Jbata Elkhashab

Rice: 225 SYP
 Sugar: 225 SYP
 Flour: 100 SYP
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 50 SYP

Mashara

Rice: 600 SYP
 Sugar: 600 SYP
 Flour: 200 SYP
 Milk: 200 SYP
 Eggs: 30 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Local production decreased
- Cooking fuel availability
- Access to available fuel
- Some foods unavailable
- No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg
Milk: 1 litre
Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Status of most common water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Hadar

Water trucking

Public free collection

Ayoba

Water trucking

Public free collection

Jbata Elkhashab

Network

Public free collection

Mashara

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Nabe Elsakher

Water trucking

Public free collection

Education

Hadar

All school-aged children accessed schools

Ayoba

All school-aged children accessed schools

Jbata Elkhashab

Facilities destroyed
 Lack of teaching staff
 Unsafe route to services

Mashara

All school-aged children accessed schools

Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Nabe Elsakher

Lack of teaching staff

Lack of school supplies

No spaces in services

Al Khashniyyeh, Quneitra Governorate

March 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

Independent apartment or house

Shared apartment or house

Collective public space not for shelter

Private space not for shelter

Tent

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Asbah

IDPs NDP

2000 - 5000 SYP

Esheh

IDPs NDP

No rent information

Ein Eltineh

IDPs NDP

No rent information

Rafid

IDPs NDP

3500 - 5500 SYP

Sweisa

IDPs NDP

No rent information

Kodneh

IDPs NDP

No rent information

Assessed communities (6/13)

Asbah
Ein Eltineh
Sweisa
Esheh
Rafid
Kodneh

Unassessed communities

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi
Ghadir Elbostan
Hijeh
Maalaga
Manshiyet Sweisa
Qarqas
Qseibeh



Displacement

Asbah

51-75%
 5000 - 100000 SYP

Ein Eltineh

76-100%
 5000 - 20000 SYP

Sweisa

51-75%
 4500 - 150000 SYP

Esheh

76-100%
 15000 - 50000 SYP

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Cost of transportation to the border

Rafid

76-100%
 5000 - 150000 SYP

Kodneh

76-100%
 0 - 0 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Asbah

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Skipping meals

Ein Eltineh

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Reducing meal size

Sweisa

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Esheh

Children sent to work/beg
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Rafid

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Kodneh

Taking loans/buying on credit
Looking for food in garbage
Skipping meals

NFIs

Asbah

B 6000 SYP
 D 70000 SYP
 F 250 SYP

Ein Eltineh

B 3500 SYP
 D 45000 SYP
 F 480 SYP

Sweisa

B 5000 SYP
 D 45000 SYP
 F 330 SYP

Esheh

B 5500 SYP
 D 40000 SYP
 F 200 SYP

Rafid

B 5250 SYP
 D 51000 SYP
 F 475 SYP

Kodneh

B 4200 SYP
 D 35000 SYP
 F 325 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

Most common health problems in village

Asbah

Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Acute respiratory infections

Severe diseases affecting those aged

Ein Eltineh

Diarrhea

Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Acute respiratory infections

Sweisa

Diarrhea

Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Injuries

Esheh

Disabilities

Diarrhea

Malnutrition

Rafid

Diarrhea

Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Injuries

Kodneh

Pregnancy related diseases

Acute respiratory infections

Symptoms of psychological trauma

● Assessed communities (6/13)

Asbah

Ein Eltineh

Sweisa

Esheh

Rafid

Kodneh

● Unassessed communities

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

Ghadir Elbostan

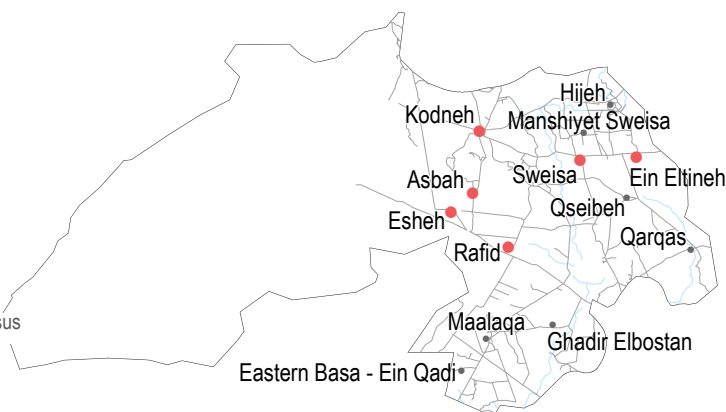
Hijeh

Maalaqa

Manshiyet Sweisa

Qarqas

Qseibeh

**WASH**

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

↑ More water

↕ No change

↓ Less water

✗ No information

Status of most common water source

💧 Water is safe to drink

💧 Water tastes/smells bad

🔴 People sick after drinking

✗ No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Asbah

💧 ↕ Water trucking

🗑️ Disposed at designated site

Ein Eltineh

💧 ↕ Water trucking

🗑️ Buried / burned

Sweisa

💧 ↕ Water trucking

🗑️ Disposed at designated site

Esheh

💧 ↕ Water trucking

🗑️ Buried / burned

Rafid

💧 ↕ No consensus

🗑️ No information

Kodneh

💧 ↕ Water trucking

🗑️ Disposed at designated site

Food Security**Asbah**

🌾 🌾 🌾

Rice: 300 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Flour: 100 SYP

Milk: 75 SYP

Eggs: 50 SYP

Rafid

🌾 🌾 🌾

Rice: 475 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Flour: 275 SYP

Milk: 90 SYP

Eggs: 40 SYP

Ein Eltineh

🌾 🌾 🌾

Rice: 800 SYP

Sugar: 700 SYP

Flour: 150 SYP

Milk: 150 SYP

Eggs: 50 SYP

Sweisa

🌾 🌾 🌾

Rice: 425 SYP

Sugar: 240 SYP

Flour: 190 SYP

Milk: 140 SYP

Eggs: 37 SYP

Kodneh

🌾 🌾 🌾

Rice: 450 SYP

Sugar: 265 SYP

Flour: 200 SYP

Milk: 150 SYP

Eggs: 35 SYP

Esheh

🌾 🌾 🌾

Rice: 500 SYP

Sugar: 225 SYP

Flour: 180 SYP

Milk: 115 SYP

Eggs: 40 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

🌾 No challenges

🌾 Lack of resources to buy food available in markets

🌾 Access to market

🌾 Some foods expensive

🌾 Local production decreased

🌾 Cooking fuel availability

🌾 Access to available fuel

🌾 Some foods unavailable

✗ No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg

Milk: 1 litre

Eggs: 1 egg

Education**Asbah**

🎓 All school-aged children accessed schools

Ein Eltineh

🎓 Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Sweisa

🎓 Facilities destroyed
Unsafe route to services
No spaces in services

Esheh

🎓 All school-aged children accessed schools

🎓 Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

🎓 Functioning

🎓 Not functioning

🎓 Not available

✗ No information

Rafid

✗ Lack of teaching staff

🎓 Lack of school supplies

🎓 Unsafe route to services

Kodneh

🎓 Unsafe route to services

Shelter

Most common shelter

 Independent apartment or house

 Shared apartment or house

 Collective public space not for shelter

 Private space not for shelter

 Tent

 No IDPs

 No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Sayda

IDPs NDP

5500 - 6000 SYP

Livelihoods

 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

 Sayda

Children sent to work/beg

Taking loans/buying on credit

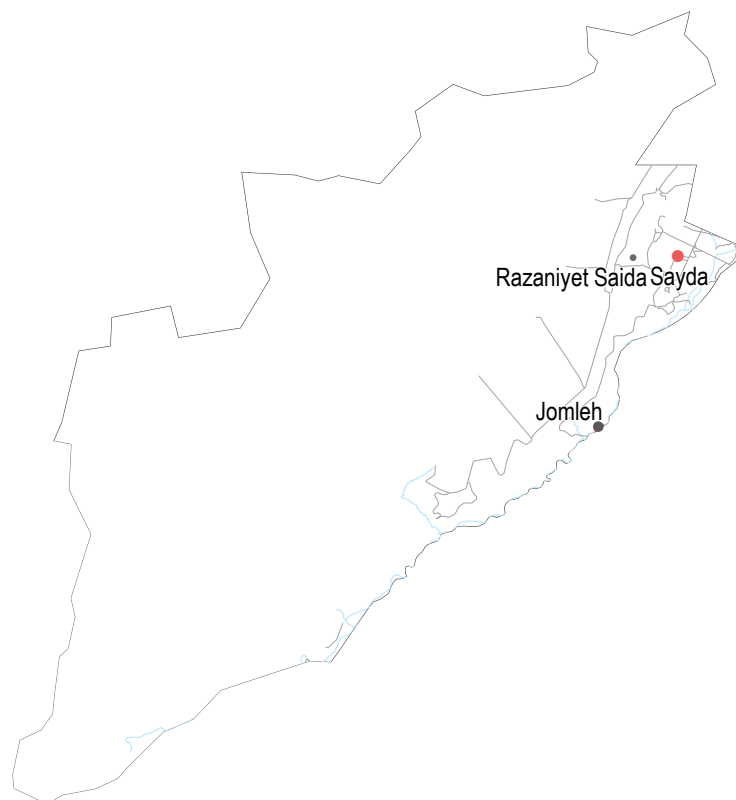
Skipping meals

● Assessed communities (1/2)

Sayda

● Unassessed communities

Razaniyet Saida



Displacement

Sayda

 26-50% 
 4500 - 150000 SYP

 % of pre-conflict population remaining

 IDPs already living in village

 IDPs arrived in last month

 Cost of transportation to the border

NFIs

 Sayda

B 4700 SYP

D 45000 SYP

F 310 SYP

Most common electricity source

 Main network

 Generator

 No source available

 No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: unable to purchase in village

Health

 Most common health problems in village

 **Sayda**

Diarrhea

Chronic disease with no access to medicine

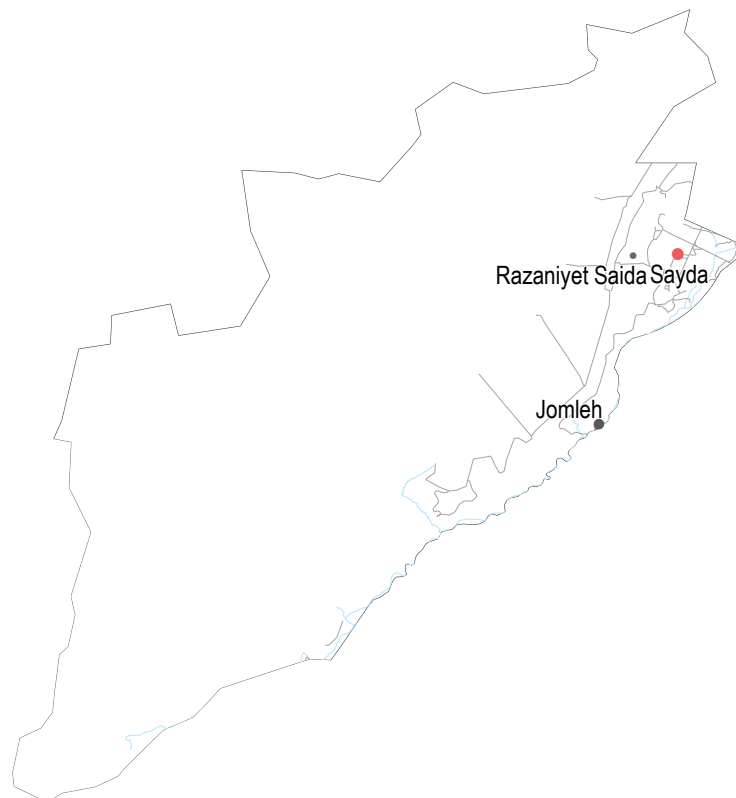
Injuries

● Assessed communities (1/2)

Sayda

● Unassessed communities

Razaniyet Saida



Food Security

Sayda



Rice: 425 SYP

Sugar: 240 SYP

Flour: 185 SYP

Milk: 140 SYP

Eggs: 27 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

-  No challenges
-  Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
-  Access to market
-  Some foods expensive
-  Local production decreased
-  Cooking fuel availability
-  Access to available fuel
-  Some foods unavailable
-  No information

Rice, sugar, flour: 1kg

Milk: 1 litre

Eggs: 1 egg

WASH

Most common water source

Change in available water since last month

 More water

 No change

 Less water

 No information

Status of most common water source

 Water is safe to drink

 Water tastes/smells bad

 People sick after drinking

 No information

 Most common method of garbage disposal

Sayda

 Water trucking

 Disposed at designated site

Education



Sayda

All school-aged children accessed schools

 Barriers to accessing education services

Status of primary schools in village

 Functioning

 Not functioning

 Not available

 No information