Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM): Central African Republic

01 - 31 October 2021 Monthly factsheet









The Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) is designed to monitor humanitarian action, conduct multisector assessments (MSAs) of needs and to implement several types of emergency responses, including distributions of essential non-food items (NFIs) and high emergency biscuits (HEBs), emergency water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) interventions, as well as cash transfer programming (CTP). Currently, the RRM is made possible through the support of the European Commission Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations department (ECHO), the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (SIDA) and the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC). All RRM products are available on the Humanitarian Response portal.

Alerts received or sent by the RRM in 2021

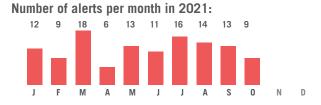




121 alerts since January 2021 Median delay between alert and intervention1.

40 days

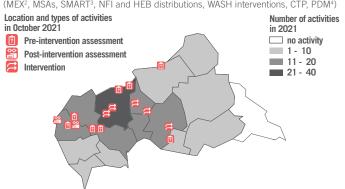




Overview of RRM activities in 2021

Activity distribution in October 2021 and in 2021:

(MEX2, MSAs, SMART3, NFI and HEB distributions, WASH interventions, CTP, PDM4)



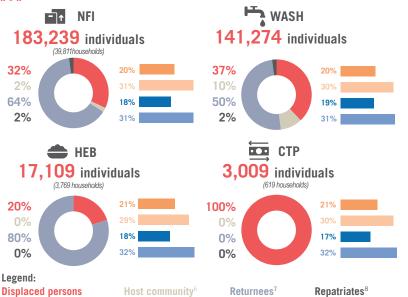
RRM activities in October 2021:



Activities in 2021:

MEX	28	Cash distribution	1
MSAs	35	Sensitization sessions on hygiene	121
MSA-R ⁵	0	Emergency latrines	40
NFI distributions	31	Rehabilitations of water sources	117
WASH interventions	27	Distributed Menstrual Hygiene Kits	31,745
HEB distributions	3	PDM	22
Voucher distribution	0	Rapid SMART	5

The Beneficiaries in 2021

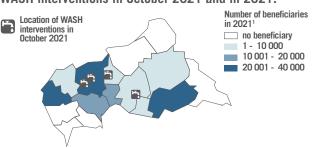


Men

NFI distributions in October 2021 and in 2021:



WASH interventions in October 2021 and in 2021:



1 Assessments and interventions, which were not finished by the 31th October 2021, are not included. Data of 6 interventions finished in August and October 2021 (in NFI, WASH and HEB) are not included as detailed data are not available on the 09/11/2021. Exploratory missions. ³ Nutrition screenings. ⁴ Post-distribution monitoring. ⁵ MSA-R are not triggered following a RRM alert. MSA-R aim at gathering information on areas not recently affected and/or not recently accessed by humanitarian actors. ⁶ The term 'nost community' refers to individuals that have not been displaced as the result of a humanitarian-related event. ⁷ The term 'repatriates' refers to former refugees who have returned from neighbouring countries.

Boys



Women