



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

## Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

### February 2022

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## Background

Since the start of the Syrian civil war in 2011, widespread conflict across northeast Syria (NES) has resulted in significant displacement of civilians. Economic conditions have deteriorated across the entire country, and the prices of basic goods have increased. This is partly due to the instability and decline of the Syrian Pound (SYP) against the US Dollar (USD), as well as the escalation of conflict in northwest Syria in early 2020.<sup>1</sup> The international community anticipates further economic deterioration as a result of the ongoing Ukraine crisis. The significant reduction of the level of the Euphrates river causes severe impact on water and electricity access, livelihoods and food security in northeast Syria.<sup>2</sup> The drought, combined with continued conflict in the areas around Ras Al Ein, as well as the ongoing pandemic has caused further displacement in this part of Syria.<sup>3</sup> This assessment therefore provides data of basic needs across different sectors of Internal Displaced Persons (IDPs) living in informal sites and settlements across northeast Syria.

## Methodology

REACH's informal settlement profiling in NES consists of key informant (KI) interviews with community members who have knowledge of the settlements. A minimum of two KIs were sought for each of the sites, focusing on each KI's sector-specific knowledge. All selected informal settlements and collective centres were verified by the NES Sites and Settlements Working Group (SSWG).<sup>4</sup> For an updated list of active sites, see the SSWG sites list.<sup>5</sup> Data collection took place between 15 and 21 February 2022. In total, 18 settlements were assessed in Deir-ez-Zor governorate. The assessment was carried out at settlement level. Due to the KI methodology used, findings are not statistically representative and should therefore only be considered indicative of the situation in assessed settlements. The presented percentages, based on KI estimates, refer to the assessed settlements in which KIs reported a given characteristic, behaviour or issue, unless otherwise specified. Answers separated by semicolon (;) indicate that KIs of the same site provided different answers. Corresponding assessments were carried out in the other three NES governorates in February 2022. These profiles can be found on the [REACH Resource Centre](#) together with previous assessments.

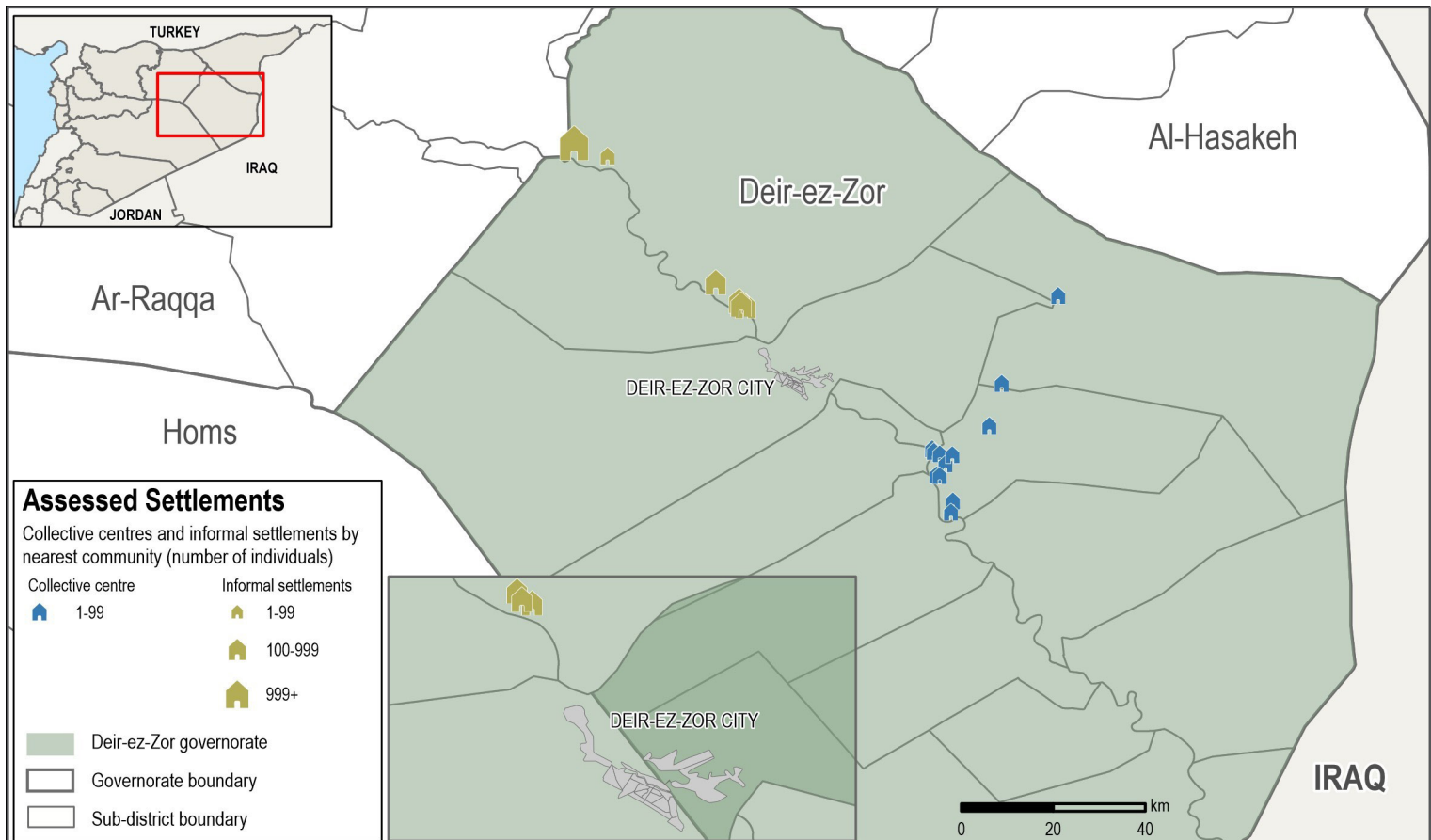
## Assessment Overview<sup>4</sup>

Total assessed settlements:	18	Informal settlements:	6
Population in assessed settlements:	8,199	Collective centres:	12
Households in assessed settlements:	1,320	Collective centres in school buildings:	11

## Most commonly reported first, second, third, and overall priority needs for residents<sup>6</sup>

	FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	OVERALL
1	Food	Food	Employment	Food (25%)
2	Employment	Sanitation	Medical Care	Employment (24%)
3	Sanitation	Employment, Water	Shelter Support	Sanitation (14%)

## Locations of Assessed Settlements



1. REACH (November 2020), Northeast Syria Market Monitoring Exercise November 2020. Retrieved from <https://www.reachresourcecentre.info>.  
 2. REACH (April 2022), Briefing Note: Humanitarian Impact of Water Shortages in Northeast Syria. Retrieved from <https://www.reachresourcecentre.info>.  
 3. Kurdish Red Crescent (November 2021), Northeast Syrian COVID-19 Dashboard. <https://app.powerbi.com>  
 4. Informal settlements are defined as "a spontaneous grouping of tents or other housing units (5+ HHs). Settlements are usually without the presence of a dedicated Camp Administration and do not have static Camp Management, though mobile camp management activities may cover the settlement". Collective centres (CCs) are defined as "a settlement (5+ HHs) hosted in existing public infrastructure not originally designed as a shelter. CCs do not have a static Camp Management or Camp Administration, though mobile Camp Management or local civil councils may be present".  
 5. SSWG (March 2022), [Sites & Settlements Working Group Monthly Update - Northeast Syria March 2022](#).  
 6. A total of 36 KIs were interviewed across the settlements. They were all asked to rank the top 3 priority needs of the settlements. The figure shown ranks how many times a given need was reported by a KI as first, second or third need. The overall indicates how many times a need was mentioned not considering the rank.



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## Overall Key Findings per Sector

Demographics:*				Settlement Size:*			
Older persons (60+)	5%	(795 individuals)	48%	Males	57%	Females	Average: 456 individuals
Adults (18-59)	35%	(2,479 individuals)	43%	60+	52%	18-59	Largest Settlement: 6,525 individuals
Children (0-17)	61%	(4,926 individuals)	44%	0-17	56%	0-17	Smallest Settlement: 9 individuals

\*based on KI estimates

## MOVEMENT

Top three areas of origin by percentage of households across assessed settlements:

Country	Governorate	Sub-district	Percentage
Syria	Deir-ez-Zor	Deir-ez-Zor	43%
Syria	Deir-ez-Zor	Al Mayadin	21%
Syria	Deir-ez-Zor	Muhasan	14%

No new arrivals or departures were reported in the 2 weeks prior to the assessment.

Movement intentions by percentage of households across assessed settlements:

Leave within 3 months	0%
Leave within 3-6 months	0%
Stay for at least 1 year	100%

KIs reported that the main factors influencing IDP's potential intention to leave were the **bad safety and security situation** (6% of assessed settlements) and **bad shelter conditions** (6%).

## WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

**Latrines** Available latrines, by % of settlements:<sup>7,8</sup>

Household	Communal	Makeshift
78%	0%	11%

In **11%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that no latrines were available in the settlement. Top three latrine alternatives were open defecation outside the site (33%), or within the site (33%) and designated spaces outside the shelter (0%).

Communal latrine characteristics, by % of assessed settlements:<sup>9</sup>

Characteristic	None	Some	All
Segregated by gender	71%	14%	14%
Lockable from inside	71%	29%	0%
Functioning lighting	100%	0%	0%

The main issues reported with latrines were the **lack of lights**, reported by KIs in **56%** of assessed settlements, and the **lack of locks**, reported in **50%** of settlements.<sup>7</sup>

### Showers

Bathing facilities: <sup>9,10</sup>	Available:	Mostly used:
Bathing inside shelter:	100%	100%
Communal:	0%	0%
Household:	0%	0%

The main issues reported with showers were that **there were no showers available**, reported by KIs in **83%** of assessed settlements, and a **lack of water**, reported in **50%** of settlements.<sup>7</sup>

Reported proportion of residents with access to soap within the assessed settlements:

Everyone	22%
More than half	44%
About half	17%
Only a few	17%
None	0%

The main issues reported with soap was that **soap was too expensive**, reported by KIs in **89%** of assessed settlements.<sup>7</sup>

### Water

**Tanker truck** and **public taps/standpipes** were the primary water sources in the assessed settlements at the time of data collection.

Drinking water issues, by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>

No issues	11%
High water prices	44%
Insufficient storage capacity	44%
Water tasted bad	44%

Proportion of residents reported to have enough water to cover their needs:

Everyone	28%
More than half	39%
About half	17%
Less than half	17%
Only a few	0%
None	0%

Proportion of residents reported to have used negative strategies to cope with a lack of water in the two weeks prior to data collection:

Yes	100%
No	0%

Most commonly reported strategies:<sup>7</sup>

- Relied on drinking water stored previously (72%)
- Modified hygiene practices (bathe less, etc) (67%)
- Used money usually spent on other things (61%)

In **40%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that at least one resident in the settlement suffered from **diarrhoea** in the two weeks prior to data collection.

### Waste disposal

**Primary waste disposal system:** Garbage collection (72% of assessed settlements) and burning garbage (61%).<sup>7</sup>

**Primary waste disposal issue:** Infrequent garbage collection (39% of assessed settlements).

7. Questions where KIs had multiple answer options (total may be >100%).

8. Communal latrines and showers are shared by more than one household. Household latrines and showers are used only by one household. This may be an informal designation that is not officially enforced.

9. The question applied to a subset of settlements where a given issue was reported.



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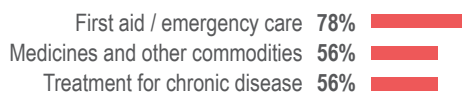
## HEALTH



In **89%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that residents in their settlement could access at least one health facility. In **11%** of the remaining settlements, residents had access to a pharmacy/dispensary.

In **94%** of settlements, KIs reported health issues among residents. The most commonly reported issues were **chronic diseases** (67%), **leishmaniasis** (67%) and **acute respiratory infections** (61%).<sup>7,9</sup>

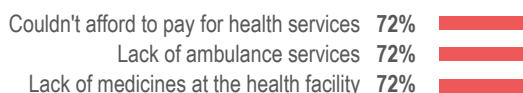
### Most commonly reported health priority needs by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>



The most common place for women in the settlement to **give birth** was reportedly **at home alone** (**39%** of settlements). In **0%** of settlements, KIs reported maternal health services as a priority health need.

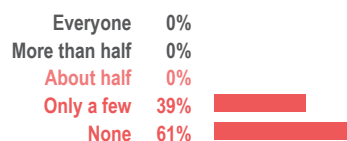
The most common medicine needs were **painkillers/analgesics**, **antibiotics** and **treatments for hypertension/heart disease**.

### Most commonly reported barriers to health services by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>

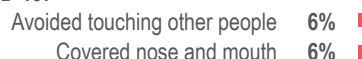


## COVID-19

### Reported proportion of residents who consider COVID-19 an important issue:



### Measures reportedly implemented by residents to protect themselves from COVID-19:<sup>7</sup>



### No measures were reportedly implemented by local authorities to protect residents from COVID-19.

In **22%** of settlements, all residents had access to soap and in **6%** of settlements all residents had **access to a hand-washing facility** according to KIs. The main issues reported with handwashing facilities were **insufficient water availability** and that **soap was too expensive**.<sup>7</sup>

## SHELTER AND NON-FOOD ITEMS (NFIs)

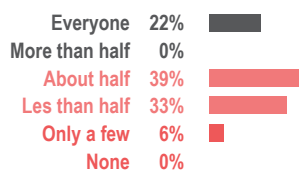
### Shelter adequacy

KIs estimated that a **lack of heating** (**61%** of assessed settlements), **issues with household sanitation facilities and latrines** (**50%**) and **lack of electricity** (**44%**) were the main shelter adequacy issues in their settlement.<sup>7</sup>

### Top three most commonly reported shelter item needs by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>



### Degree to which KIs assessed that people in their settlement had enough living space:



### Electricity

**Batteries** were reported among the primary electricity sources in **33%** of settlements, and **private generators** in **33%** of settlements.<sup>7</sup> KIs reported that residents in the settlement had an average of **5** hours of electricity access per day.

### NFI needs

### Top three reported anticipated NFI needs by % of assessed settlements, for the three months following data collection:<sup>9</sup>

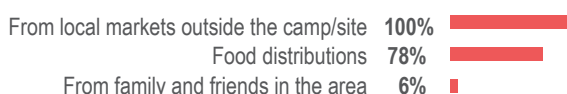


In **94%** of settlements KIs reported that **aid distributions** had taken place in their settlement in the month prior to data collection, with **24%** of assessed settlements having received NFI items.

The main topics residents need information about, according to KIs, were **job opportunities** (94%), **sponsorship programmes** (50%) and **accessing assistance** (44%).<sup>9</sup>

## FOOD SECURITY

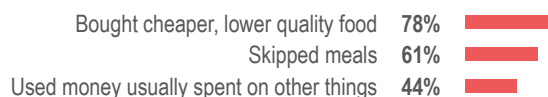
### Most commonly reported sources of food by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>



**Food distributions** took place in **76%** of the assessed settlements and **water distributions** in **12%** of assessed settlements in the 30 days prior to data collection.

KIs reported that **bread** (**100% of assessed settlements**), **sugar** (**44%**) and **flour** (**33%**) were the main food items needed by residents that were not sufficiently available through assistance or markets.<sup>7</sup>

### Top three reported food-related coping strategies used by residents in the 2 weeks prior to data collection, by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>





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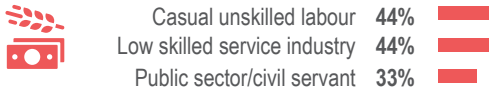


## LIVELIHOODS

### Household income and expenses

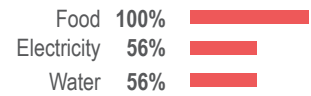
KIs estimated that all households in **100%** of settlements had access to income sources. However in **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that **most households** in the settlement **had a stable income**.

Top three reported primary income sources for households with income access in the 30 days prior to data collection, by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7,9</sup>



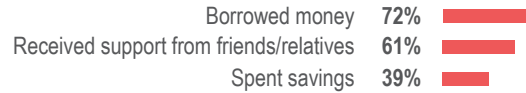
Cash/voucher distributions were reported by KIs in **0%** of assessed settlements over the last 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three reported expense types by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>



### Coping strategies

Top three reported livelihoods-related coping strategies over the 30 days prior to data collection, by % of assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>

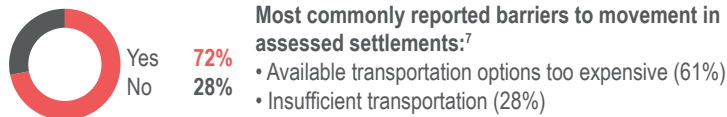


## PROTECTION

### Freedom of movement

In **100%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that all residents were able to **leave the assessed settlement for a medical emergency without disclosing the medical reason** at the time of data collection. In **100%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that **all** residents could leave for non-emergency reasons.

Proportion of assessed settlements with KIs reporting on whether residents experienced barriers when leaving the assessed settlement in the two weeks prior to data collection:



### Older persons and persons with disabilities

At the time of data collection, in **6%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported interventions addressing older persons' needs and in **0%** KIs reported interventions addressing needs of **persons with disabilities** in their settlements.

### Safety and security issues

In **67%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported safety and security issues in the settlement over the 30 days prior to data collection.

Most commonly reported security issues in assessed settlements:<sup>7</sup>

- Movement restrictions (44%)
- Serious threat from scorpions, snakes or similar (33%)

### Documentation

In **33%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that **no one in their settlement had** their national identification, passport, family booklet and/ or individual/family civil record.

In **33%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that **births were not registered** in their settlement.

KIs reported that men (in **44%** of assessed settlements) and boys (**17%**) faced particular challenges in accessing documentation.<sup>9</sup>

## EDUCATION

### Education Facilities

In **100%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that children in their settlement had access to education. In **100%** of settlements **primary schools** and in **22%** **secondary schools** were reportedly available.

In these settlements, education was available for the following age groups:<sup>7,9</sup>

3-5 year olds in	0%	of these settlements.
6-11 year olds in	100%	of these settlements.
12-14 year olds in	22%	of these settlements.
15-17 year olds in	0%	of these settlements.

### Child protection

Proportion of assessed settlements with KIs reporting the presence of child protection issues over the 30 days prior to data collection:



In **80%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that they were aware of **child labour** occurring among **children under the age of 11**, most commonly reporting domestic labour (60% of these assessed settlements) and livestock rearing (40%).<sup>7,9</sup>

In **100%** of settlements where child labor was reported, KIs reported it for boys. The most common child labour types included **selling goods** (80%), **domestic labour** (60%), and **factory work** (60%).<sup>7,9</sup>

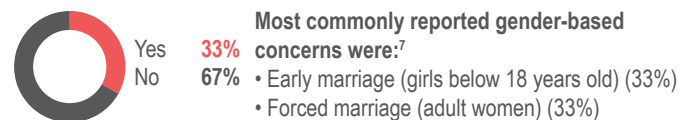
In **80%** of settlements where child labor was reported, KIs reported it for girls. The most common child labor types included **domestic labour** (60%) and **agriculture** (20%).<sup>7,9</sup>

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that their settlement had an accessible **child-friendly space**.

### Gender-based violence

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that their settlement had an accessible designated space for women and girls.

Proportion of settlements with KIs reporting the presence of gender-based concerns within the settlement in the two weeks prior to data collection:



### Social cohesion

In **100%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that the social relationship between different community groups in their area was neutral, in 0% of cases it was positive.

### Access and barriers to education

In **32%** of the settlements children were reportedly **attending school at least 3 days a week**.

In **100%** of settlements, KIs reported barriers to education.

The most commonly reported barriers were:<sup>7</sup>

- Quality of available education was poor/ curriculum was not suitable (78%)
- School was too far away/ no transportation available (50%)
- Education was not considered important (44%)



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Sur sub-district: Sur School**

**SSWG code: SS17\_4988**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 10 individuals (1 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 50% male and 50% female  
 90% children (under 18)  
 10% adult (18-59)  
 0% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Food**  
 2nd **Shelter Support**  
 3rd **Clothing and footwear; Water**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Communicable diseases; Cough and cold fever  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Child health and nutrition; Laboratory services; Treatment for parasitic infections  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** NA  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** In a health facility  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** Everyone (around 100%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Everyone (around 100%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Basira, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Shared site generator (households contribute to running costs)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc)</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no locks; Pits get full</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: None</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There are no locks; There are no private showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain</li> <li>Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; Tools; Windows/doors</li> <li>NFI needs: Blankets; Cooking utensils; Water containers; Batteries</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Public security official (military, police, etc.))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Water; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; Support from friends / relatives; Borrowing money</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Everyone (around 100%)</li> </ul>

**Basira sub-district: SAB4/Kana School**

**SSWG code: SS12\_4618**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 19 individuals (3 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 37% male and 63% female  
 71% children (under 18)  
 29% adult (18-59)  
 0% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Employment; Food**  
 2nd **Food; Sanitation**  
 3rd **Employment; Sanitation**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Pharmacy/dispensary)  
**Main health issues reported:** Chronic diseases; Communicable diseases; Leishmaniasis; Cough and cold fever; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Medicines and other commodities; Treatment for chronic disease; Treatment for parasitic infections  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** In a health facility  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** A few (around 25%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Shared site generator (households contribute to running costs); Battery</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Piped connection to house (or neighbour's); Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad; High water prices; Reduced water supply</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Rely on drinking water stored previously</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Pits get full; Issue of desludging</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; Lack of water; There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; Infrequent garbage collection and removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; Rope; Tools; Windows/doors</li> <li>NFI needs: Blankets; Water containers; Sources of light; Soap; Washing powder (for clothes)</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Low skilled service industry (no formal education required))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Water; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; Borrowing money</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds; 12-14 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Most (around 75%)</li> </ul>



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Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Basira sub-district: SAB11/Primary School**

**SSWG code: SS12\_4623**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 20 individuals (6 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 42% male and 58% female  
 25% children (under 18)  
 73% adult (18-59)  
 2% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**

- 1st **Employment; Medical Care**
- 2nd **Food; Sanitation**
- 3rd **Employment; Sanitation**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)  
**Main health issues reported:** Chronic diseases; Communicable diseases; Leishmaniasis; Cough and cold fever; Acute respiratory infections; Pregnancy-related complications  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Medicines and other commodities; Treatment for chronic disease; Treatment for parasitic infections  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home with professional care (qualified or trained midwife, doctor etc.)  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** About half (around 50%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** About half (around 50%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Shared site generator (households contribute to running costs)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc)</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Sewer overflow; Issue of desludging</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There are no locks</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; Infrequent garbage collection and removal; Complete lack of garbage removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; Rope</li> <li>NFI needs: Blankets; Water containers; Sources of light; Washing powder (for clothes)</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Healthcare; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; Borrowing money</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Everyone (around 100%)</li> </ul>

**Kisreh sub-district: MHD / Hakim tented settlement**

**SSWG code: SS13\_4571**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Informal Settlement  
**Estimated IDP population:** 400 individuals (40 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 60% children (under 18)  
 30% adult (18-59)  
 10% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**

- 1st **Employment; Food**
- 2nd **Electricity**
- 3rd **Employment; Shelter Support**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Public hospital/clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Chronic diseases; Leishmaniasis; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Major or minor surgical procedure; Treatment for chronic disease  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** NA  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home alone  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** A few (around 25%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

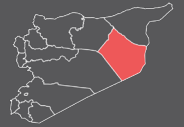
	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: NA</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: NA</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Public electricity network; Private generator (used to power owner's shelter)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 6</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water has a bad colour</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Rely on drinking water stored previously</li> <li>Latrines: Makeshift latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no lights; There are no private latrines; Issue of desludging; Latrines are not clean</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: Lack of water; Water is cold; There are no lights; There are no private showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: No challenges</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting</li> <li>NFI needs: Cooking fuel; Sources of light; Heating fuel</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Smallholder agriculture/livestock; Subsistence agriculture/livestock; Public sector/civil servant (teacher, postal service, public administration))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Shelter maintenance/construction; Food; Electricity</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: Yes</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Kisreh sub-district: Al Milaj (next to water station)**

**SSWG code: SS13\_4718**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Informal Settlement  
**Estimated IDP population:** 95 individuals (15 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 60% children (under 18)  
 30% adult (18-59)  
 10% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Employment; Food**  
 2nd **Shelter Support; Winterization Kits**  
 3rd **Employment; Shelter Support**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (NGO clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Chronic diseases; Leishmaniasis; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Treatment for chronic disease; Specialized care (dialysis or cancer therapy)  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** NA  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home alone  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** A few (around 25%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** About half (around 50%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: NA</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Tents; Winter blankets)</li> <li>Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Private generator (used to power owner's shelter)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe</li> <li>Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water has a bad colour</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Rely on drinking water stored previously; Collect water outside of camp in nearby urban area</li> <li>Latrines: No latrines</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no latrines</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Lack of water; Water is cold</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: Additional tents; Plastic sheeting; Tools</li> <li>NFI needs: Cooking fuel; Sources of light; Heating fuel</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Public sector/civil servant (teacher, postal service, public administration))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Transportation</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: Yes</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>

**Kisreh sub-district: Al Se'wa site (next to ship market) / Sawa site**

**SSWG code: SS13\_4719**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Informal Settlement  
**Estimated IDP population:** 110 individuals (12 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 60% children (under 18)  
 30% adult (18-59)  
 10% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Food**  
 2nd **Employment; Shelter Support**  
 3rd **Shelter Support; Winterization Kits**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (NGO clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Chronic diseases; Leishmaniasis; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** Treatment for chronic disease; Outpatient consultation/ consultation with general practitioner; Treatment for parasitic infections  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** NA  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home alone  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** A few (around 25%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

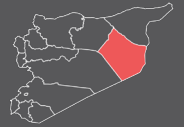
	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Tabni, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: NA</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO</li> <li>Main electricity source: Private generator (used to power owner's shelter)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe</li> <li>Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water has a bad colour</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Rely on drinking water stored previously; Collect water outside of camp in nearby urban area</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There are no lights; There are no private latrines; Latrines are not clean; There is no water to flush</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Lack of water; Water is cold; There are no lights; There are no private showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: No challenges</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting</li> <li>NFI needs: Cooking fuel; Sources of light; Heating fuel</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Public sector/civil servant (teacher, postal service, public administration))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Shelter maintenance/construction; Food; Electricity</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: Yes</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Kisreh sub-district: Hawajj Bu Musa'a**

**SSWG code: SS13\_4789**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Informal Settlement  
**Estimated IDP population:** 600 individuals (85 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 60% children (under 18)  
 30% adult (18-59)  
 10% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Food**  
 2nd **Electricity; Water**  
 3rd **Shelter Support**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Public hospital/clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Chronic diseases; Leishmaniasis; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Major or minor surgical procedure; Outpatient consultation/ consultation with general practitioner  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** NA  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home alone  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** A few (around 25%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: NA</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: NA</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Drinking water)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Private generator (used to power owner's shelter)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water has a bad colour</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Rely on drinking water stored previously</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There are no lights; Sewer overflow; Issue of desludging; Latrines are not clean; There is no water to flush</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: No challenges</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting</li> <li>NFI needs: Cooking fuel; Sources of light; Heating fuel</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Public sector/civil servant (teacher, postal service, public administration))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Water</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: Yes</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>

**Kisreh sub-district: Ayash**

**SSWG code: SS13\_4792**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Informal Settlement  
**Estimated IDP population:** 100 individuals (15 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 60% children (under 18)  
 30% adult (18-59)  
 10% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Food**  
 2nd **Water; Winterization Kits**  
 3rd **Shelter Support; Winterization Kits**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 1 (Public hospital/clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Chronic diseases; Leishmaniasis; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Major or minor surgical procedure; Treatment for chronic disease  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** NA  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home alone  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** A few (around 25%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: NA</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: NA</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Drinking water)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Public electricity network; Private generator (used to power owner's shelter)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 6</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Rely on drinking water stored previously</li> <li>Latrines: Makeshift latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There are no lights; Pits get full; Issue of desludging; Latrines are not clean; There is no water to flush</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Lack of water; Water is cold; There are no lights</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: No challenges</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting</li> <li>NFI needs: Cooking fuel; Sources of light; Heating fuel</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Smallholder agriculture/livestock; Subsistence agriculture/livestock; Public sector/civil servant (teacher, postal service, public administration))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Water</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: Yes</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Sur sub-district: HARJ1/Saad Ben Muaz School**

**SSWG code: SS17\_4633**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

Settlement Typology: Collective Centre  
 Estimated IDP population: **32 individuals** (4 households)  
 IDP population breakdown:  
 45% male and 55% female  
 73% children (under 18)  
 28% adult (18-59)  
 0% older persons (60+)

Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:

- 1st **Food; Sanitation**
- 2nd **Food; Sanitation**
- 3rd **Electricity; Employment**

## Health & COVID-19

No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Pharmacy/dispensary)  
 Main health issues reported: Diarrhoea; Communicable diseases; Leishmaniasis; Cough and cold fever  
 Priority health needs: First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Medicines and other commodities; Child health and nutrition; Treatment for parasitic infections  
 Priority medicine/commodity need: Antibiotics; Painkillers/analgesics  
 Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth: In a health facility  
 % of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue: Nobody (around 0%)  
 Community protection measures: Nothing  
 Local authority protection measures: No measures  
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: About half (around 50%)  
 % of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Battery</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 2</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad; High water prices</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc)</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There are no locks; Pits get full</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Lack of water; There are no locks</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity</li> <li>Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting; Rope; Windows/doors</li> <li>NFI needs: Bedding items; Mattresses/sleeping mats; Sources of light; Washing powder (for clothes); Detergent (for dishes)</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Low skilled service industry (no formal education required))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Water</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; Borrowing money</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Everyone (around 100%)</li> </ul>

**Basira sub-district: BOUS1/Karkisia School**

**SSWG code: SS21\_4576**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

Settlement Typology: Collective Centre  
 Estimated IDP population: **65 individuals** (11 households)  
 IDP population breakdown:  
 42% male and 58% female  
 75% children (under 18)  
 25% adult (18-59)  
 0% older persons (60+)

Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:

- 1st **Food**
- 2nd **Employment; Sanitation**
- 3rd **Employment; Sanitation**

## Health & COVID-19

No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)  
 Main health issues reported: Diarrhoea; Communicable diseases; Leishmaniasis; Cough and cold fever; Acute respiratory infections  
 Priority health needs: First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Child health and nutrition; Laboratory services; Treatment for parasitic infections  
 Priority medicine/commodity need: NA  
 Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth: In a health facility  
 % of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue: Nobody (around 0%)  
 Community protection measures: Nothing  
 Local authority protection measures: No measures  
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: A few (around 25%)  
 % of population with enough soap: About half (around 50%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Other)</li> <li>Information needs: How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Battery</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 3</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Piped connection to house (or neighbour's)</li> <li>Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Rely on drinking water stored previously</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There are no locks; Pits get full</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; Infrequent garbage collection and removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting; Rope; Windows/doors</li> <li>NFI needs: Water containers; Sources of light; Clothing; Batteries</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Low skilled service industry (no formal education required))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds; 12-14 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Everyone (around 100%)</li> </ul>



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Basira sub-district: BARSH1/Asmaa Bent Abi Baker School**

**SSWG code: SS21\_4594**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 36 individuals (7 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 40% male and 60% female  
 65% children (under 18)  
 30% adult (18-59)  
 6% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Employment; Food**  
 2nd **Food; Water**  
 3rd **Employment; Medical Care**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic; NGO clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Chronic diseases; Cough and cold fever; Pregnancy-related complications  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Medicines and other commodities; Treatment for chronic disease; Provision of assistive devices (e.g. wheelchairs, prosthetics)  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Treatments for hypertension/heart disease; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home alone  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** A few (around 25%)  
**Community protection measures:** Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.); Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Muhasan, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Winter blankets; Other)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Other</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad; High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Rely on drinking water stored previously</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: No issues</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: None</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Lack of water</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: No challenges</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): None</li> <li>Shelter needs: None</li> <li>NFI needs: Cooking stoves; Water containers; Sources of light; Heating fuel</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Self-employed (commercial business owner); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Water; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Borrowing money</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>

**Basira sub-district: SHI 17 / Ubaida Ben Jarrah School**

**SSWG code: SS21\_4600**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 21 individuals (3 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 75% children (under 18)  
 25% adult (18-59)  
 0% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Food**  
 2nd **Employment**  
 3rd **Medical Care**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)  
**Main health issues reported:** Cough and cold fever  
**Priority health needs:** Medicines and other commodities; Treatment for chronic disease  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** In a health facility  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Everyone (around 100%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Winter blankets; Other)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Other</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Piped connection to house (or neighbour's)</li> <li>Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad; Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Rely on drinking water stored previously; Collect water outside of camp in nearby urban area</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private latrines; There is no water to flush</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: None</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities)</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: No challenges</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): None</li> <li>Shelter needs: None</li> <li>NFI needs: Water containers; Sources of light; Batteries</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Low skilled service industry (no formal education required); Skilled service industry (apprenticeship required i.e. trade skills, e.g. plumber, etc.); Pension from government)</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)</li> </ul>



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Basira sub-district: SAB13/Sabha South School**

**SSWG code: SS21\_4612**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 50 individuals (7 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 30% male and 70% female  
 78% children (under 18)  
 18% adult (18-59)  
 5% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**

- 1st **Food; Sanitation**
- 2nd **Food; Sanitation**
- 3rd **Employment; Medical Care**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Pharmacy/dispensary; Public hospital/clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Chronic diseases; Communicable diseases; Cough and cold fever; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Medicines and other commodities; Child health and nutrition; Treatment for parasitic infections  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Treatments for hypertension/heart disease; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** In a health facility  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** About half (around 50%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Other)</li> <li>Information needs: How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Shared site generator (households contribute to running costs)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc)</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; Pits get full; Issue of desludging</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Lack of water</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting; Rope; Windows/doors</li> <li>NFI needs: Blankets; Water containers; Batteries; Washing powder (for clothes)</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Low skilled service industry (no formal education required))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Water</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; Borrowing money</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds; 12-14 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Everyone (around 100%)</li> </ul>

**Basira sub-district: Othman School**

**SSWG code: SS21\_4748**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 46 individuals (6 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 60% male and 40% female  
 45% children (under 18)  
 50% adult (18-59)  
 5% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**

- 1st **Food**
- 2nd **Water**
- 3rd **Employment**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 3 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; NGO clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Leishmaniasis; Cough and cold fever  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Medicines and other commodities; Treatment for parasitic infections  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** Not sure/noone gave birth  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Muhasan, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Winter blankets; Other)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Battery</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 4</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad; High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Rely on drinking water stored previously; Collect water outside of camp in nearby urban area</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no lights; There are no private latrines; Issue of desludging; There is no water to flush</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: None</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within site or close to site</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): None</li> <li>Shelter needs: None</li> <li>NFI needs: Water containers; Sources of light; Batteries; Washing powder (for clothes)</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Self-employed (commercial business owner); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Water; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



## Basira sub-district: Court

SSWG code: SS21\_4761

### SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 47 individuals (11 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 38% children (under 18)  
 53% adult (18-59)  
 10% older persons (60+)

Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:

- 1st **Food**
- 2nd **Employment; Sanitation**
- 3rd **Medical Care; Sanitation**

### Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)  
**Main health issues reported:** Chronic diseases; Communicable diseases; Leishmaniasis; Cough and cold fever; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Medicines and other commodities; Laboratory services; Treatment for parasitic infections  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** In a health facility  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** A few (around 25%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Ashara, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Shared site generator (households contribute to running costs)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor</li> <li>Water access: Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: High water prices; Reduced water supply</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Reduce drinking water consumption</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no locks; There are no private latrines; Pits get full</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; Lack of water; There are no locks; There are no private showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Limited ventilation; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; Rope; Windows/doors</li> <li>NFI needs: Blankets; Water containers; Sources of light; Washing powder (for clothes)</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: No</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Low skilled service industry (no formal education required))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Water; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Spending savings; Borrowing money</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: Everyone (around 100%)</li> </ul>

## Basira sub-district: Abdulah Bin Abas

SSWG code: SS21\_4978

### SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 9 individuals (1 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 35% male and 65% female  
 30% children (under 18)  
 70% adult (18-59)  
 0% older persons (60+)

Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:

- 1st **Food**
- 2nd **Employment; Medical Care**
- 3rd **Employment; Medical Care**

### Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)  
**Main health issues reported:** Chronic diseases; Other skin diseases/ infections  
**Priority health needs:** Medicines and other commodities; Treatment for chronic disease  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Treatments for hypertension/heart disease; Painkillers/analgesics  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** Not sure/noone gave birth  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Everyone (around 100%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Deir-ez-Zor, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Battery</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe</li> <li>Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Rely on drinking water stored previously; Collect water outside of camp in nearby urban area</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private latrines</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: None</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: No challenges</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): None</li> <li>Shelter needs: Plastic sheeting; Windows/doors</li> <li>NFI needs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; Water containers; Sources of light</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Water</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>



# Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Deir-ez-Zor Governorate, Syria

February 2022



**Basira sub-district: Al tawhid school / The First Shabakah School**

**SSWG code: SS21\_4979**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Collective Centre  
**Estimated IDP population:** 14 individuals (3 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 40% male and 60% female  
 66% children (under 18)  
 34% adult (18-59)  
 0% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Employment**  
 2nd **Food**  
 3rd **Medical Care**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Pharmacy/dispensary; NGO clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Cough and cold fever  
**Priority health needs:** Medicines and other commodities  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** Antibiotics; Painkillers/analgesics; Ointments and other medicines to treat skin disease  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** Not sure/noone gave birth  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** Nobody (around 0%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Everyone (around 100%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: Al Mayadin, Deir-ez-Zor</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food)</li> <li>Information needs: How to access assistance; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Battery</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 4</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Piped connection to house (or neighbour's)</li> <li>Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water tastes bad; Insufficient storage capacity</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Rely on drinking water stored previously; Collect water outside of camp in nearby urban area</li> <li>Latrines: Communal latrine</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private latrines; There is no water to flush</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: None</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Infrequent garbage collection and removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): None</li> <li>Shelter needs: None</li> <li>NFI needs: Water containers; Sources of light; Batteries</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends)</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: No</li> <li>Early marriage reported: No</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: About half (around 50%)</li> </ul>

**Kisreh sub-district: Jazaret Elbuhmeid (Cemetery Camp) Informal Site**

**SSWG code: SS13\_4988**

## SETTLEMENT OVERVIEW

**Settlement Typology:** Informal Settlement  
**Estimated IDP population:** 6525 individuals (1090 households)  
**IDP population breakdown:**  
 45% male and 55% female  
 60% children (under 18)  
 30% adult (18-59)  
 10% older persons (60+)

**Top 3 priority needs reported by the KIs:**  
 1st **Shelter Support**  
 2nd **Food; Water**  
 3rd **Water; Winterization Kits**

## Health & COVID-19

**No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs:** 2 (Private hospital/clinic; Mobile clinic)  
**Main health issues reported:** Diarrhoea; Chronic diseases; Leishmaniasis; Acute respiratory infections  
**Priority health needs:** First aid / emergency care (accident and injuries); Treatment for chronic disease; Outpatient consultation/ consultation with general practitioner  
**Priority medicine/commodity need:** NA  
**Most common place for women in the settlement to give birth:** At home alone  
**% of population that think COVID-19 is an important issue:** A few (around 25%)  
**Community protection measures:** Nothing  
**Local authority protection measures:** No measures  
**% of population with access to handwashing facilities:** A few (around 25%)  
**% of population with enough soap:** Most (around 75%)

	<b>Movement</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary area of origin: NA</li> <li>Population intending to move in 6 months: NA</li> <li>Top intended destination: NA</li> </ul>
	<b>CCCM</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Distributions in the month before data collection: No</li> <li>Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities</li> <li>Main electricity source: Private generator (used to power owner's shelter)</li> <li>Reported number of hours of electricity per day: 5</li> </ul>
	<b>WASH</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Public tap/standpipe</li> <li>Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs</li> <li>Water issues: Water has a bad colour</li> <li>Water coping strategy used: Spend money usually spent on other things to buy water; Modify hygiene practices (bathe less, etc); Rely on drinking water stored previously; Collect water outside of camp in nearby urban area</li> <li>Latrines: No latrines</li> <li>Main issues with latrines: There are no latrines</li> <li>Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site</li> <li>Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter</li> <li>Main issues with bathing: There are no showers</li> <li>Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (local authorities); Burning garbage</li> <li>Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; Infrequent garbage collection and removal</li> </ul>
	<b>Shelter / NFI</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from cold; Security (intruders, theft); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating</li> <li>Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting</li> <li>NFI needs: Blankets; Cooking fuel; Sources of light</li> </ul>
	<b>Food / Livelihoods</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site</li> <li>Access to food market(s) within 1 km or 15 min walk: Yes</li> <li>Access to income and main income source: Yes (Subsistence agriculture/livestock; Self-employed (commercial business owner); Public sector/civil servant (teacher, postal service, public administration))</li> <li>Top expenses for residents: Food; Electricity; Transportation</li> <li>Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education</li> </ul>
	<b>Education / Protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school (age groups: 6-11 year olds; 12-14 year olds)</li> <li>Child labour reported: Yes</li> <li>Early marriage reported: Yes</li> <li>% of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)</li> </ul>



#### About REACH's COVID-19 response

As an initiative deployed in many vulnerable and crisis-affected countries, REACH is deeply concerned by the devastating impact the COVID-19 pandemic may have on the millions of affected people we seek to serve. REACH is currently working with Cash Working Groups and partners to scale up its programming in response to this pandemic, with the goal of identifying practical ways to inform humanitarian responses in the countries where we operate. Updates regarding REACH's response to COVID-19 can be found in [a devoted thread](#) on the REACH website. Contact [geneva@impact-initiatives.org](mailto:geneva@impact-initiatives.org) for further information.

#### About REACH Initiative

REACH Initiative facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. The methodologies used by REACH include primary data collection and in-depth analysis, and all activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. REACH is a joint initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research - Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNITAR-UNOSAT).