# **Research Terms of Reference**

Multi-Cluster Needs Assessment, Round VI IRQ1801

Iraq

June 2018 V4



# 1. Executive Summary

Country of intervention	Iraq				
Type of Emergency	□ Natural disaster X C	onflict			
Type of Crisis	□ Sudden onset □ SI	ow onset X Protracted			
Mandating Body/ Agency	OCHA, Assessment Working Group (	AWG), Inter-Cluster Coordination Group (ICCG)			
Project Code	10CZT				
Research Timeframe	1. Start data collection: 01 July 2018	5. Sectoral factsheets sent for validation: 23 August 2018			
Add planned deadlines (for first cycle if more than 1)	2. Data collected: 26 July 2018	<ul><li>6. Data analysis (cross-sectoral):</li><li>- analysed: 30 August 2018</li><li>- sent for validation: 30 August 2018</li></ul>			
	<ul><li>3. Data analysis (sector-specific):</li><li>- analysed: 09 August 2018</li><li>- sent for validation: 09 August 2018</li></ul>	7. Final report sent for validation: 12 September			
	4. Presentation of preliminary findings: 15-19 August 2018	8. Outputs published: 18 September 2018			
Number of assessments	X Single assessment (one cycle)				
Number of assessments	□ Multi assessment (more than one □ Every week □ Every two weeks □ Quarterly □ Other [Specify]	□ Every month □ Every two months			
Humanitarian milestones	Milestone	Deadline			
Specify what will the	□ Donor plan/strategy				
assessment inform and <b>when</b> e.g. The shelter cluster will	X Inter-cluster plan/strategy: - Humanitarian Needs Overview	28 September 2018			
use this data to draft its Revised Flash Appeal;	X Cluster plan/strategy - People in Need figures	late September			
	□ NGO platform plan/strategy				
	□ Other (Specify):				
Audience Type &	Audience type	Dissemination			
Dissemination Specify who will the assessment	X Strategic X Programmatic	X General Product Mailing (e.g. mail to NGO consortium; HCT participants; Donors)			
inform and <b>how</b> you will disseminate to inform the audience	□ Operational □ [Other, Specify]	X Cluster Mailing (Education, Shelter and WASH) and presentation of findings at next cluster meeting			
addionio		X Presentation of findings (e.g. at HCT meeting; Cluster meeting)			

	X Website Dissemination (Relief Web & REAC	<u>——</u>			
	Resource Centre)				
	□ [Other, Specify]				
Detailed dissemination plan required	Yes D No				
General Objective	Support evidence-based planning among key humanitarian actors through updated information on multi-sectoral needs and priorities for households across Iraq.				
Specific Objective(s)	<ol> <li>Provide a comprehensive evidence base of severity of multi-sectoral needs among conflict-affected population groups<sup>1</sup> in Iraq</li> <li>Inform the Humanitarian Needs Overview and Humanitarian Response Plan for 2019 through the provision of impartial and comparable analysis of needs.</li> </ol>				
Research Questions	<ol> <li>What is the prevalence and severity of cluster-specific needs, inclusive of protection, shelter and NFIs, WASH, health, food security, livelihoods, and education, of each conflict-affected population group?</li> <li>What proportion of each population group has received various types of humanitarian assistance in the 90 days preceding data collection?</li> <li>What are the movement intentions of population groups in the 90 days following data collection?</li> </ol>				
Geographic Coverage	Nationwide, across all 78 districts in which the targeted population groups are present <sup>2</sup> .				
Secondary data sources	<ul> <li>HNO/HRP 2018</li> <li>IOM DTM (IDP and Returnee Master Lists, Integrated Location Assessment</li> <li>REACH MCNA V and Camp Profiles IX</li> </ul>	nt)			
Population(s)	IDPs in camp X IDPs in informal sites				
Select all that apply	IDPs in host communities				
	Refugees in camp   Refugees in informal sites				
	Refugees in host communities   Refugees [Other, Specify]				
	Host communities <sup>3</sup> X Others <sup>1</sup> : Returnees; non-displaced in conflicted-affected areas				
Stratification Select type(s) and enter number of strata	Geographical #: 78 districts where out-of- camp IDPs, returnees, and non-displaced households in conflicted- affected areas are present.  Group #: 56 camp areas  Population size per strata is known? X Yes □ No    Cother Specify] #: _ Population size per strata is known?   Yes □ No    Population size per   Strata is known?   Yes □ No				
Data collection tool(s)	Structured (Quantitative)				
	Sampling method Data collection method				
Structured data	□ Purposive □ Key informant interview (Target #):	_			
collection tool # 1	☐ Group discussion (Target #):				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Conflict-affected groups defined as: IDP, returnee, and non-displaced (remainee) households. <sup>2</sup> All districts with a minimum of 200 households in each targeted population group

*The tool will be adjusted	X Probability / Simple random (in IDP			X Household interview (Target #): approximately				
slightly for each population	ca	mps)			10	10,160 out of camp; 3,242 in camp (see annex		
group to ensure questions are valid and relevant to each		Probability / Stratified simple ra	ando	m	for	sample targets)		
groups' specific		Probability / Cluster sampling				Individual intervi	ew (	Target #):
characteristics	Х	Probability / Stratified cluster s	amp	ling		Direct observation	ns	(Target #):
	(0	ut of camp)				[Other, Specify]	(Tar	get #):
		[Other, Specify]						
Target level of precision if probability sampling	90	Governorate-level sampling (if applicable): 95% level of confidence per population			10	+/- % margin of	erro	r
	<u>ap</u> 95				10 +/- % margin of error  10 +/- % margin of error at the camp level			
		In camps: 90% level of confidence						
Data management platform(s)	Х	IMPACT			UNHCR			
		[Other, Specify]						
Expected ouput type(s)		Situation overview #:		Rep				Profile #:
	X	Presentation (Preliminary findings) #: 10 <sup>4</sup>		Pre: #: 1	esentation (Final)			Factsheet #: 10 <sup>5</sup> (sectoral and thematic)
		Interactive dashboard #:_		Wel	bmap #:			Map #: 5-10 chloropleth maps
	□ [Other, Specify] #:							
Access	Х	Public (available on REAC	H re	sour	ce c	enter and other	hur	manitarian platforms)
		Restricted (bilateral dissemination only upon agreed dissemination list, no publication on REACH or other platforms)				mination list, no		
Visibility Specify which	C	over: AWG/ICCG						
logos should be on outputs	W	ith a page with logos of parti	cipa	iting (	clust	ers and partner	S	

#### 2. Rationale

#### 2.1. Rationale

Iraq has experienced several waves of violence over the past four years, leading to nearly six million people being displaced.<sup>6</sup> While a majority of households have started to return to their areas of origin, 2.3 million people remain internally displaced and secondary displacements continue to occur.<sup>7</sup> These new and protracted displacements have implications for large populations of IDP families, while the recent shift towards increased returns has additional implications for families who remained in occupied areas during the escalation of violence.

After the first major wave of displacement in late 2013, REACH implemented the first Multi-Cluster Needs Assessment at the request of the Kurdish Regional Government (KRG), providing a baseline dataset on broad multi-cluster priority needs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>One presentation per cluster (Food Security, Emergency Livelihoods, Health, WASH, Shelter/NFI, Education, Protection, CCCM), as well as Returns Working Group, AWG/ICCG.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> One sectoral factsheet per cluster, in addition to a couple thematic factsheets (i.e. movement intentions or returns)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> IOM-Iraq Press Release, January 2018, available here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> OCHA Iraq, Humanitarian Bulletin, February 2018, available <u>here</u>.

of IDPs living outside camps in region. The MCNA II was conducted in April to June 2015 and increased coverage beyond the KRI region into some of the southern areas of Iraq - the first MCNA in the ongoing humanitarian response to be conducted country-wide. Three additional nationwide assessments have since followed, allowing for longitudinal analysis across population groups. Building on its experience conducting Multi-Cluster Needs Assessments in Iraq, REACH proposes to continue providing updates to the MCNA – ensuring strong linkages and constant coordination with the HCT and HNO processes, providing trends analysis over time, and timely updates on key sectorial needs and priorities at the district level to inform humanitarian needs.

## 3. Methodology

#### 3.1. Methodology overview

The assessment will be implemented through a nationwide statistically representative household survey, administered in fully accessible districts where targeted out-of-camp population groups are present. In collaboration with humanitarian partners through the Assessment Working Group, a joint set of indicators and questionnaire will be agreed upon and administered by trained enumerators to a random sample of households in each camp or district. Partner organizations will be engaged in data collection and joint analyses. Data will be cleaned, weighted and analysed using both STATA and Excel.

Findings will be statistically representative with a minimum of a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error for each of the assessed population groups. In areas where multiple conflict-affected population groups are present, the precision of stratification-level findings will increase accordingly.

While the aim is to provide district-level representative findings for each population group, a contingency plan has been developed with the guidance of ICCG partners in the event that partner data collection capacity is insufficient in certain areas. Out-of-camp populations living in districts within nine governorates (Anbar, Baghdad, Dohuk, Diyala, Erbil, Kirkuk, Ninewa, Salah al-Din, and Sulaymaniyah) have been prioritized for district-level findings. In the event that the data collection capacity in eight districts (Babylon, Basrah, Kerbala, Missan, Najaf, Qadissiya, Thi-Qar, and Wassit) is not sufficient to cover district-level findings, findings will be statistically representative at the governorate-level with a minimum of a 95% confidence level and 10% margin of error for each of the assessed population groups. In areas where multiple conflict-affected population groups are present, the precision of stratification-level findings will increase accordingly. No districts in Muthanna Governorate reached the threshold of having at least 200 households in any population group (please see Annex for geographic coverage).

The above sampling strategy will allow for aggregated nationwide estimates of severity of need across conflict-affected population groups.

#### 3.2. Population of interest

The MCNA aims to assess severity of needs among all conflict-affected population groups within Iraq. The identification and sampling of population groups will be guided by displacement-related factors that have led to increased vulnerabilities over the last four years. This stratification by population group would be required to ensure that needs of different vulnerable groups are captured, as average governorate-level population findings may misrepresent specific targeted needs.

The following population groups will be surveyed nationwide:

- Internally Displaced Persons8:
  - In formal camps: in 56 formal IDP camps and camp areas, as agreed upon with the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Cluster

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> A separate assessment will be conducted within formal IDP camps. The household survey questionnaire has been harmonized to allow for comparison between these groups. Additional data on displacement will be captured to allow for disaggregation by newly or secondarily displaced households during the analysis phase.

- Out of camp: all directly accessible districts or governorates IDP households present, including informal settlements. (As per DTM data from 15 June 2018, a minimum of 200 IDP households are expected to be present in 70 districts in 17 governorates.)
- Returnees: all districts where Returnee households are present. (As per DTM data from 15 June 2018, returnees are expected to be present in 35 districts in 8 governorates, all of which are in prioritized areas.)
- Non-displaced in conflict-affected areas: areas which were reported to have been under ISIL occupation since 2014, where households were reported to remain (As per IOM's Integrated Location Assessment III conducted from March-May 2018, non-displaced remainee households are expected in 12 districts.)

#### Relevant definitions:

- A household is a group of people who regularly share meals, income, and expenditures together. Members must acknowledge the authority of one person as head of household and that person must actually live with the rest of the household members. In polygamous households, each wife is treated as a distinct household when the wives live in different houses, cook separately and take decisions independently.
- Households displaced from their sub-district between 2014-2017 but still living in Iraq are considered to be internally displaced, as per IOM DTM definitions.
- Households displaced between 2014-2017 (using above definition) who have since returned to their subdistrict are considered as returnees, as per IOM DTM definitions.

#### 3.3. Secondary data review

Throughout the research cycle, assessment teams will monitor secondary data sources to inform the design and content of the questionnaires; inform the categorization of areas and target population groups, and to ensure proper contextualization of findings for the final output production.

Key sources of secondary data include:

- Population tracking information, such as IOM's DTM IDP Returnee Master Lists, CCCM Cluster population figures, and IOM's Integrated Location Assessment Round III
- <u>Nationwide assessments and response strategies</u>, including the <u>2018 HNO/HRP</u>, and recent REACH products such as MCNA V and Camp Profiles IX
- Recent localized area-based assessments to provide a deeper context in key areas, including IRC's MCNA in Qaim and Anah, CRS' Ninewa Plains Assessment, REACH's ABA in Mosul al-Jadida).
- Additional assessments such as the Rapid Needs Assessments and other sector-specific gap analyses will serve as sources of triangulation and contextualization for the findings.

#### 3.4 Primary Data Collection

#### Sampling:

*IDPs residing in camps*<sup>9</sup>: 90/10 at camp level (roughly 100 households per camp), based on household population figures provided by CCCM Cluster operational partners

- Wherever possible, anonymized camp household rosters provided by camp managers will be used as the basis for a simple random sampling within the camp.
- Wherever camp lists are unavailable, point-based sampling will be applied. A grid of points will be generated across
  the camp, from which points are randomly selected using GIS. Sampling maps will be provided to the teams, and
  the nearest household to each point is then interviewed.
  - Camp infrastructure areas will be removed from the sampling area, thereby sampling only from household residential areas. Satellite imagery will be ordered for new camps, and GPS tracks of key infrastructure/programme buildings will be taken by field teams.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> A full methodology note for the camp portion of the assessment can be found at <a href="http://www.reachresourcecentre.info/system/files/resource-documents/REACH\_IRQ\_ToR\_camp\_profile\_X\_July2018.pdf">http://www.reachresourcecentre.info/system/files/resource-documents/REACH\_IRQ\_ToR\_camp\_profile\_X\_July2018.pdf</a>

o In the event that the household does not have an adult willing to participate in the survey, the nearest household (in a randomized direction) will be approached for the survey.

IDPs residing out of camps: returnees: non-displaced in conflict-affected areas:

A multi-stage cluster sampling approach will be employed in all accessible districts where each of the population groups are present. Sampling frames:

- IDPs out of camp: All districts with a minimum of 200 IDP households, as recorded in the IOM DTM database.<sup>10</sup>
- Returnees: All districts with a minimum of 200 Returnee households, as recorded in the IOM DTM database.
- Non-displaced in conflict-affected areas: All locations in districts defined as retaken from armed opposition group, to be defined in consultation with OCHA and using IOM's Integrated Location Assessment population figures.

The GIS team will refine all three sampling frames in advance to ensure that locations fall within OCHA-defined geographic boundaries for districts and governorates, and to remove any points that clearly fall in uninhabited areas (military bases, airports, etc.)

A cluster sample will be drawn for each population group in each district or governorate, with probability proportional to size (based on recorded number in the relevant sampling frames). Each cluster will have a minimum target sample size of 6 households.

- Preliminary calls to community or neighborhood leaders (*mukhtars*) will verify the sampling frame information regarding the presence, quantity, and specific locations of households.
  - In the event that the updated population figures indicate that the number of households is insufficient to reach the target cluster size, the location will be eliminated from the sample. A higher buffer of locations will be selected in order to account for this potential elimination of locations to ensure that the target number of interviews per population group has been conducted.

The second stage consists of randomly selecting households at the location level:

- A set of random geo-points will be generated and a map will be provided to enumerators through the maps.me app. The eligible household nearest to each point will be interviewed.
  - Areas where households would not be present will be removed from the map prior to the generation of random geo-points, including airports, military bases, known areas with explosive hazards, etc.
  - In the event that the geo-point location falls on a multi-story building, a random number generator will be used to select the floor and/or apartment number. See Annex 2 for additional strategies regarding household identification within each cluster location.
  - A large buffer of geo-points will be drawn per location. In the event that the household does not have an adult willing to participate in the survey, the nearest household in the same target population group will be approached for the survey (if in the same city block or apartment building). If no other eligible household is present at the same point, the enumerator will continue to the next randomly assigned geo-point.

**Tool**: While the indicators/variables will remain consistent across population groups, different population groups may require nuanced differences in the phrasing of questions or response options. The final tool will be adjusted accordingly, and the enumerator will specify the population group prior to each interview.

#### 3.5 Data Processing & Analysis

**Data entry & cleaning:** A data cleaning SOP will be generated to guide data checking, cleaning, and consolidation processes, as well as indicator-specific parameters. Data cleaning will be carried out by the JAO on a daily basis. A pre-coded STATA do-file will be verified through manual data checks and data cleaning, particularly during the initial days of data collection. Any overarching adjustments to data collection procedures will be communicated through

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Given the required sample size of approximately 95 households per target population group per district as well as previous assessments highlighting potential discrepancies in displacement tracking data, a minimum threshold is set to 200 households (sample estimate using 2-stage cluster sampling at a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error; estimated design effect of 1.4). This exclusion criteria may introduce bias as households living in districts with a lesser density of households in their population group may not be selected.

daily morning briefings with each base. Specific data that are deemed inconsistent will be highlighted and shared with the relevant Field Coordinator for clarification/rectification. These inquiries will be logged in a shared Google Spreadsheet in which focal points for each base will provide responses. All changes will then be made and logged by the JAO. All issues raised during data collection will be addressed during the concurrent data cleaning phase and recorded in a log that enables retracing of cleaning steps.

**Data analysis:** Prior to data analysis, a framework will be developed and agreed upon with all sectoral partners, including approaches to ranking and prioritizing severity of need. Once the full dataset is cleaned, analysis will be carried out using STATA. Joint analysis meetings will be held bilaterally with each cluster to conduct analysis in line with the framework. Findings will be triangulated with secondary data and with field teams. Once the data analysis has been carried out, the dataset will be made available to external partners to enable use of data for further analysis. A full data analysis framework outlining the level of analysis feasible with each indicator will be included as an annex to this TOR.

- Analysis will be conducted at the national level for all population groups. In prioritized governorates, district-level analysis will be conducted wherever each population group is present. Camp-level analysis for in-camp IDPs will also be conducted. STATA or Excel will be used for all analysis.
- In order to run national level analysis, the dataset will be weighted. Findings from populations sampled using a cluster sample will be adjusted accordingly (scaling the confidence interval by the design effect).
- Additional cross-sectoral analysis will be jointly conducted with partners, and will culminate in a workshop
  including all stakeholders (potentially incorporated within the HNO workshop)

## 4. Roles and responsibilities

Table 1: Description of roles and responsibilities

Task Description	Responsible	Accountable	Consulted	Informed		
Research design	Assessment Officer (AO)	Assessment Manager (AM)	AWG, ICCG, HCT, HQ research unit			
Supervising data collection	Field Coordinators; Operations Manager; GIS Officer/Manager	AO	AM, HQ research unit	AWG; Country Coordinator (CC)		
Data processing (checking, cleaning)	Junior Assessment Officers (JAO)	AO	HQ Data Unit	AM, CC		
Data analysis	JAO, AO	AO	AM HQ Data Unit AWG (joint analysis) ICCG	CC		
		•	s at national, governorat	e, district (where		
	possible), and camp levels (weighted accordingly).  2. REACH will host joint data analysis workshops (with OCHA and clusters), with expected outcomes of prioritizing need and identifying the most vulnerable subsets of the population 3. Clusters will receive the final, clean dataset from REACH to conduct additional analysis inform their individual HNO chapters.					
Output production	AO	AM	CC HQ research and reporting units	AWG, ICCG		
Dissemination	AO, AM	CC	HQ AWG, ICCG, HCT			

Monitoring & Evaluation	AO	AO	AM	CC, HQ
Lessons learned	AO	AO	AM, CC	HQ

Responsible: the person(s) who executes the task

Accountable: the person who validates the completion of the task and is accountable of the final output or milestone

**Consulted:** the person(s) who must be consulted when the task is implemented **Informed:** the person(s) who need to be informed when the task is completed

## 5. Data Analysis Plan

To be annexed as a separate document.

## 6. Data Management Plan

Administrative Data							
Research Cycle name		aq Multi-Cluster Needs Assessment VI					
Project Code		OCZT CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT					
Donor		SAID – OFDA					
Project partners		Assessment Working Group					
Research Contacts	M	artin Barner, <u>martin.barner@impact-initia</u>	tives	s.org			
	Ni	Nina Yang, Assessment Officer, nina.yang@reach-initiative.org					
	Roxana Mullafiroze, Assessment Manager, <u>roxana.mullafiroze@reach-initiative.org</u>						
Data Managarant Diag		ahand Tahir, GIS Officer, sulaymaniyah.g					
Data Management Plan Version	Date: 19/04/2018 Version: 1						
Related Policies	P	otentially sensitive household-level data	will	be removed prior to data sharing,			
		llowing a joint data review with the Protec	ction	Cluster			
Documentation and Metada	_						
What documentation	X	Data analysis plan	X				
and metadata will				X Deletion Log			
accompany the data?  Select all that apply				X Value Change Log			
Select all triat apply	X	Code book		Data Dictionary			
	X	Metadata based on HDX		[Other, Specify]			
		Standards					
Ethics and Legal Compliand	e						
Which ethical and legal measures will be taken?	X	Consent of participants to participate		Consent of participants to share personal information with other agencies			
		No collection of personally identifiable	Χ	Gender, child protection and other			
		data will take place		protection issues are taken into account			
	X	All participants reached age of	Χ	Other: Enumerators will be provided			
		majority		with training on protection concerns that			
				may arise over the course of the survey,			
				as well as service referrals / hotline			
				numbers in the event the household			
				raises issues that require action (legal			
				services, etc.)			
Who will own the	D	ata will be owned by REACH but shared	with	,			
copyright and		,					
Intellectual Property							
Rights for the data that							

### is collected?

Storage and Backup		_					
Where will data be stored and backed up	Χ	IMPACT/REACH Kobo Server		Other Kobo Server: [specify]			
during the research?		IMPACT Global Physical / Cloud Server	Χ	Country/Internal Server			
	Χ	On devices held by REACH staff		Physical location [specify]			
		[Other, Specify]					
Which data access and security measures have been taken?	X	Password protection on devices/servers		Data access is limited to [specify, e.g. REACH staff]			
Deen taken?	Χ	Form and data encryption on data collection server					
		Other, Specify]					
Preservation							
Where will data be stored for long-term	X	IMPACT / REACH Global Cloud / Physical Server	Х	OCHA HDX			
preservation?		REACH Country Server		[Other, Specify]			
Data Sharing							
Will the data be shared publically?	Χ	Yes		No, only with mandating agency / body			
Will all data be shared?		Yes	Χ	No, only anonymized, cleaned, and consolidated data will be shared			
		No, [Other, Specify]					
Where will you share the data?	Χ	REACH Resource Centre	Χ	OCHA HDX			
	Χ	HumanitarianResponse		[Other, Specify]			
Responsibilities							
Data collection		na Yang, Assessment Officer, <u>nina.yang</u>	_				
Data cleaning		berto Gualtieri, Junior Assessment Office					
Data analysis		na Yang, Assessment Officer, <u>nina.yang</u>					
	Alberto Gualtieri, Junior Assessment Officer, alberto.gualtieri@reach-initia						
Data sharing/uploading	Ni	na Yang, Assessment Officer, <u>nina.yang</u>	@re	each-initiative.org			

# 7. Monitoring & Evaluation Plan

IMPACT Objective	External M&E Indicator	Internal M&E Indicator	Focal point	Tool	Will indicator be tracked?
		# of downloads of x product from Resource Center	Country request to HQ		X Yes
	Number of humanitarian	# of downloads of x product from Relief Web	Country request to HQ		X Yes
Humanitarian stakeholders are	organisations accessing IMPACT services/products	# of downloads of x product from Country level platforms	Country team		X Yes
accessing IMPACT products	Number of individuals accessing IMPACT services/products	# of page clicks on x product from REACH global newsletter	Country request to HQ	User_log	X Yes
		# of page clicks on x product from country newsletter, sendingBlue, bit.ly	Country team		X Yes
		# of visits to x webmap/x dashboard	Country request to HQ		□ Yes
IMPACT activities contribute to better		# references in HPC documents (HNO, SRP, Flash appeals, Cluster/sector strategies)		Reference_I og	Iraq HNO 2019
program implementation and coordination of the humanitarian response	Number of humanitarian organisations utilizing IMPACT services/products	# references in single agency documents	Country team		Cluster-specific strategies
Humanitarian	Humanitarian actors use IMPACT	Perceived relevance of IMPACT country-programs Perceived usefulness and influence of IMPACT		Usage_Feed	Usage feedback – August -
stakeholders are using IMPACT	evidence/products as a basis for decision making, aid planning and delivery	outputs  Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs	Country team	back and Usage_Surv ey template	November 2018
products		Perceived capacity of IMPACT staff	- toaiii		Presentation feedback
		Perceived quality of outputs/programs			

	Number of humanitarian documents (HNO, HRP, cluster/agency strategic plans, etc.) directly informed by IMPACT products	Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs			
Humanitarian stakeholders are	Number and/or percentage of humanitarian organizations directly contributing to IMPACT programs (providing resources, participating to presentations, etc.)	# of organisations providing resources (i.e.staff, vehicles, meeting space, budget, etc.) for activity implementation	Country team	Engagement _ _log	X Yes
engaged in IMPACT programs throughout the		# of organisations/clusters inputting in research design and joint analysis			X Yes
research cycle		# of organisations/clusters attending briefings on findings;			X Yes

ANNEX 1: SAMPLING FRAMES (PER DISTRICT, PER POPULATION GROUP)

	ILA dataset			
		DTM Data from		Non-
Governorate	District	IDP out of camp	Returnees	displaced
Anbar	Ana	0	0	
Anbar	Falluja	1692	88872	200
Anbar	Haditha	504	4555	
Anbar	Heet	675	29701	265
Anbar	Ka'im	423	3786	621
Anbar	Ramadi	1396	70797	107
Anbar	Rutba	0	4623	465
Anbar	Ru'ua	67	2688	
Babylon	Hashimiya	236	0	
Babylon	Hilla	319	0	
Babylon	Mahawil	1045	0	
Babylon	Musayab	2547	0	
Baghdad	Abu Ghraib	2075	3671	
Baghdad	Adhamia	1692	0	
Baghdad	Kadhimia	1215	1294	
Baghdad	Karkh	6818	0	
Baghdad	Mada'in	213	0	
Baghdad	Mahmoudiya	973	7098	
Baghdad	Resafa	1387	0	
Baghdad	Tarmia	1307	0	
Baghdad	Thawra1	107	0	
Baghdad	Thawra2	68	0	
	Abu Al-	054	_	
Basrah	Khaseeb	254	0	
Basrah	Basrah	561	0	
Basrah	Fao	11	0	
Basrah	Midaina	68	0	
Basrah	Qurna	35	0	
Basrah	Shatt Al-Arab	71	0	
Basrah	Zubair	327	0	
Dahuk	Amedi	736	0	
Dahuk	Dahuk	6073	0	
Dahuk	Sumel	15747	0	
Dahuk	Zakho	8255	130	
Diyala	Baladrooz	681	0	
Diyala	Ba'quba	525	0	
Diyala	Khalis	106	2195	
Diyala	Khanaqin	2526	27729	
Diyala	Kifri	1765	1541	
Diyala	Muqdadiya	3928	3886	
Erbil	Choman	0	0	
Erbil	Erbil	28583	0	

Erbil	Koisnjaq	974	0	
Erbil	Makhmur	41	7249	
Erbil	Mergasur	25	0	
Erbil	Shaqlawa	986	0	
Erbil	Soran	632	0	
Kerbala	Ain Al-Tamur	26	0	
Kerbala	Hindiya	1761	0	
Kerbala	Kerbala	2526	0	
Kirkuk	Dabes	222	991	
Kirkuk	Daquq	1430	2447	
Kirkuk	Hawiga	17	22827	6480
Kirkuk	Kirkuk	16304	25642	4130
Missan	Ali Al-Gharbi	14	0	
Missan	Amara	392	0	
Missan	Kahla	4	0	
Missan	Maimouna	5	0	
Missan	Mejar Al- Kabir	43	0	
Missan	Qal'at Saleh	23	0	
Muthanna	Khidhir	8	0	
Muthanna	Rumaitha	61	0	
Muthanna	Salman	0	0	
Muthanna	Samawa	148	0	
Najaf	Kufa	899	0	
Najaf	Manathera	178	0	
Najaf	Najaf	3115	0	
Ninewa	Akre	5091	0	
Ninewa	Ba'aj		1377	
Ninewa	Hamdaniya	23301	68160	83012
Ninewa	Hatra	17	674	
Ninewa	Mosul	7828	95467	20629
Ninewa	Shikhan	4252	288	
Ninewa	Sinjar	3536	8696	
Ninewa	Telafar	2999	49048	6848
Ninewa	Tilkaif	5159	14686	3500
Qadissiya	Afaq	176	0	
Qadissiya	Diwaniya	1474	0	
Qadissiya	Hamza	210	0	
Qadissiya	Shamiya	215	0	
Salah al-Din	Baiji	0	2308	
Salah al-Din	Balad	659	5748	21
Salah al-Din	Daur	6230	14270	1363
Salah al-Din	Fares	1152	543	
Salah al-Din	Samarra	1684	3604	
Salah al-Din	Shirqat	760	13790	4681
Salah al-Din	Thethar	0	0	

Salah al-Din	Tikrit	10699	34982	1
Salah al-Din	Tooz	5182	5647	
Sulaymaniyah	Chamchamal	2205	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Darbandikhan	885	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Dokan	713	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Halabja	670	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Kalar	3444	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Penjwin	4	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Pshdar	55	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Rania	529	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Sharbazher	100	0	
Sulaymaniyah	Sulaymaniya	11741	0	
Thi-Qar	Chibayish	2	0	
Thi-Qar	Nassriya	376	0	
Thi-Qar	Rifa'i	147	0	
Thi-Qar	Shatra	30	0	
Thi-Qar	Suq Al- Shoyokh	127	0	
Wassit	Azezia	332	0	
Wassit	Badra	63	0	
Wassit	Hai	157	0	
Wassit	Kut	1019	0	
Wassit	Na'maniya	200	0	
Wassit	Suwaira	276	0	

<sup>\*</sup> cells highlighted yellow have a minimum of 200 households in that population group

ANNEX 2: TARGET SAMPLE SIZES (PER DISTRICT, PER POPULATION GROUP)

Governorate	District	TOTAL PER DISTRICT	IDP out	Returnees	Non- displaced (remainee)
Anbar	Ana	0			
Anbar	Falluja	238	91	95	52
Anbar	Haditha	177	84	93	
Anbar	Heet	237	86	95	56
Anbar	Ka'im	226	70	93	63
Anbar	Ramadi	185	91	95	
Anbar	Rutba	155		94	61
Anbar	Ru'ua	93		93	
Babylon	Hashimiya	74	74		
Babylon	Hilla	79	79		
Babylon	Mahawil	89	89		
Babylon	Musayab	92	92		
Baghdad	Abu Ghraib	185	92	93	
Baghdad	Adhamia	91	91		
Baghdad	Kadhimia	180	90	90	
Baghdad	Karkh	94	94		
Baghdad	Mada'in	72	72		
Baghdad	Mahmoudiya	183	89	94	
Baghdad	Resafa	91	91		
Baghdad	Tarmia	90	90		
Baghdad	Thawra1	0			
Baghdad	Thawra2	0			
Basrah	Abu Al-Khaseeb	75	75		
Basrah	Basrah	85	85		
Basrah	Fao	0			
Basrah	Midaina	0			
Basrah	Qurna	0			
Basrah	Shatt Al-Arab	0			
Basrah	Zubair	79	79		
Dahuk	Amedi	87	87		
Dahuk	Dahuk	94	94		
Dahuk	Sumel	94	94		
Dahuk	Zakho	94	94		
Diyala	Baladrooz	86	86		
Diyala	Ba'quba	84	84		
Diyala	Khalis	92		92	
Diyala	Khanaqin	187	92	95	
Diyala	Kifri	182	91	91	
Diyala	Muqdadiya	187	93	93	
Erbil	Choman	0			
Erbil	Erbil	95	95		

Erbil	Koisnjaq	89	89		
Erbil	Makhmur	94		94	
Erbil	Mergasur	0			
Erbil	Shaqlawa	89	89		
Erbil	Soran	86	86		
Kerbala	Ain Al-Tamur	0			
Kerbala	Hindiya	91	91		
Kerbala	Kerbala	92	92		
Kirkuk	Dabes	139	62	77	
Kirkuk	Daquq	183	91	92	
Kirkuk	Hawiga	189		95	94
Kirkuk	Kirkuk	258	94	95	69
Missan	Ali Al-Gharbi	0			
Missan	Amara	81	81		
Missan	Kahla	0			
Missan	Maimouna	0			
Missan	Mejar Al-Kabir	0			
Missan	Qal'at Saleh	0			
Muthanna	Khidhir	0			
Muthanna	Rumaitha	0			
Muthanna	Salman	0			
Muthanna	Samawa	0			
Najaf	Kufa	88	88		
Najaf	Manathera	0			
Najaf	Najaf	93	93		
Ninewa	Akre	94	94		
Ninewa	Ba'aj	77		77	
Ninewa	Hamdaniya	284	95	95	95
Ninewa	Hatra	86		86	
Ninewa	Mosul	286	94	95	97
Ninewa	Shikhan	159	93	66	
Ninewa	Sinjar	187	93	94	
Ninewa	Telafar	282	93	95	94
Ninewa	Tilkaif	257	94	94	69
Qadissiya	Afaq	0			
Qadissiya	Diwaniya	91	91		
Qadissiya	Hamza	72	72		
Qadissiya	Shamiya	72	72		
Salah al-Din	Baiji	92		92	
Salah al-Din	Balad	154	74	80	
Salah al-Din	Daur	257	94	94	68
Salah al-Din	Fares	148	76	73	
Salah al-Din	Samarra	171	91	80	
Salah al-Din	Shirqat	278	87	94	96
Salah al-Din	Thethar	0			

Salah al-Din	Tikrit	189	94	95	
Salah al-Din	Tooz	187	94	94	
Sulaymaniyah	Chamchamal	92	92		
Sulaymaniyah	Darbandikhan	88	88		
Sulaymaniyah	Dokan	87	87		
Sulaymaniyah	Halabja	86	86		
Sulaymaniyah	Kalar	93	93		
Sulaymaniyah	Penjwin	0			
Sulaymaniyah	Pshdar	0			
Sulaymaniyah	Rania	84	84		
Sulaymaniyah	Sharbazher	0			
Sulaymaniyah	Sulaymaniyah	94	94		
Thi-Qar	Chibayish	0			
Thi-Qar	Nassriya	81	81		
Thi-Qar	Rifa'i	0			
Thi-Qar	Shatra	0			
Thi-Qar	Suq Al-Shoyokh	0			
Wassit	Azezia	79	79		
Wassit	Badra	0			
Wassit	Hai	0			
Wassit	Kut	89	89		
Wassit	Na'maniya	61	61		
Wassit	Suwaira	76	76		
	Total Surveys:	10160	6084	3161	914
	Districts		70	35	12

## ANNEX 3: DATA ANALYSIS PLAN

MIRA analytical framework component	Indicator group / sector	Indicator / Variable	Question	Questionnaire responses
N/A	Metadata	Governorate	Current Governorate	Admin list (of governorates)
N/A	Metadata	District	Current District	Admin list (of districts)
N/A	Metadata	Sub-District/community	Current Sub-district	Text
N/A	Metadata	Head of household	Are you the head of household? If no, are you willing and able to respond to the questions on behalf of the household?	Yes; No
			Consent	
N/A	Metadata	Respondent age	What is your age?	Integer
N/A	Metadata	Respondent sex	What is the respondent's sex?	Male; Female
N/A	HH Profile	Displacement status	Was your household living in this subdistrict prior to January 2014?	Yes; No
N/A	HH Profile	Displacement status - returnee	Have you been displaced from this sub-district since     January 2014?	Yes; No
N/A	HH Profile	Displacement status - IDP	3. Did you move to this subdistrict because of the conflict?	Yes; No
N/A	HH Profile	Displacement status - returnee	When did you return to this subdistrict after your most recent incidence of displacement?	Enter date
N/A	HH Profile	Displacement status	For how many months were you displaced?	Integer
N/A	HH Profile	Duration of displacement	When were you initially displaced from your sub-district?	Enter date after 1/1/2014
N/A	HH Profile	Displacement status - IDP (secondarily displaced)	Is this location your first place of displacement?	Yes; No
N/A	HH Profile	Duration of most recent displacement	When did you arrive to this current location?	Enter date
N/A	HH Profile	% of IDPs that originate from each governorate	What governorate in Iraq were you living in before your displacement (forced to leave your home)?	Admin list (of governorates)
N/A	HH Profile	% of IDPs that originate from each district	What district in Iraq were you living in before your displacement?	Admin list (of districts)
N/A	HH Profile	Obtain household roster - age and sex of each member, starting with the head of household	How many members are there in your household?	Integer
N/A	HH Profile	Obtain family roster - age and sex of each family member, starting with the head of household	How many members are there in your family?	Integer
N/A	HH Profile / Protection	Obtain household roster - age and sex of each family member, starting with the head of household% of HHs with separated children	What is this person's relation to the head of household?	He/She is the head of household; 2. Spouse of head of household; 3. Son/daughter; 4. brother/sister (sibling); 5. Father/mother; 6. Son/daughter in law; 7. Grand child; 8. Father/mother in law; 9. Nephew, niece; 9. Other relative; 10. Guest or non-relative
N/A	HH Profile	% of [male/female] family members	What is the sex of the person?	1. Male 2. Female
N/A	HH Profile / Protection	% of [children/adult/elderly] family members	What is the age of this person?	Integer
N/A	HH Profile / Protection	% of single-headed households (separated, divorced, widowed) % of households with presence of child marriage	What is [person]'s marital status?	Never married; Married; Separated; Divorced; Widowed
N/A	HH Profile / Protection	% of HHs with at least one member either pregnant or lactating	Is the person pregnant or lactating?	Yes; No; Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Protection	% of HHs with at least one member with a disability	Does [this person] have any disabilities?	Yes; No; Don't know

Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Protection	% of people with disabilities whose disability affects their ability to perform daily activities	Does the medical problem/disability affect the person's ability to perform daily activities?	Yes; No; Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Protection	% of people with disabilities whose disability is related to an explosive hazard	Is [this person's] disability related to an explosive hazard (i.e. mines, UXO, IED)?	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Severity of the crisis	Protection	Proportion of HHs that report [response option] as a location where women and girls feel safe and comfortable to receive services after an incident of violence	Where do women and girls in your community feel safe and comfortable to receive services after an incident of violence?	- Health facility - Women centre - Ministry/Directorate of Labour and Social Affairs (MoLSA/DoLSA) - Private lawyer or humanitarian legal assistance partner - Do not know - Decline to answer - Other, please specify
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Health	Prevalence of common health conditions: % of HHs with at least one member reporting [specific health conditions] in the past 2 weeks	In the past 30 days, has the person suffered from any the following health conditions or events?	- Serious physical injuries (broken bones, burns) - Extreme weight loss - Difficulty breathing - Skin rashes or inflammation - Swollen feet - Measles - Jaundice (yellow discoloration of Skin or eyes) - TB - Other health issue (specify) - None
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Health	Prevalence of common non-communicable diseases: % of HHs with at least one member reporting [specific health conditions]	Does this person have any of the following chronic health conditions?  - Heart disease  - Cancer  - Lung disease  - Diabetes  - Renal (kidney) disease  - None	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Health	Penta 3 vaccination rate	Has the person (under 2 years old) been vaccinated against Penta 3?	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Health	Polio vaccination rate	Has the person (under 5 years old) been vaccinated against Polio?	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Health	Measles vaccination rate	Has the person (under 5 years old) been vaccinated against Measles?	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Education	% of HHs with children aged between 6 -17 attending formal education during the school season	Is the person (6-17) currently attending formal education? (during school season)	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Education	% of HHs with children aged between 6 -17 attending a non- formal learning environment during school season	Is the person (6-17) currently attending a non-formal learning environment at least 3 days per week? (during school season)	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Education	% of HHs with children aged between 6 -17 who have never attended school	Has the person (6-17) ever attended school?	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Education	% of HHs with children who have dropped out school	Calculated - If person is not currently attending school but did before	N/A
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Education	Average time of not attending school (among children who have dropped out)	In what month and year did this person stop attending school?	Enter date
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Education	Most reported reason for not attending school (top 3 answers)	If the person does not attend school, what were the reasons?	- Cannot afford to pay for tuition/costs - No space in school/ school - Did not answer/unable to register - Schools not in good condition (Problems with latrines, electricity, furniture) - Schools lack a suitable curriculum - Schools lack trained teachers - Schools lacked Gender-appropriate staff - Children need to stay at home

				and assist with household chores - Family needs the child to participate in remunerative activities - Recently or continuous displacement - Do not consider education important - Security situation/insecurity - Child is disabled, unhealthy, or traumatized - Child is disinterested - Missed too much to make up - School is too far or no transportation - Other (specify)
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Livelihoods	Demographics of HHs members working in the last 30 days % of households with children (aged 6-17) working during the previous 30 days	Did [this person] work during the last 30 days?	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Livelihoods	% of HHs with adults (18+) actively seeking work in the community	Is [this person] actively seeking work?	Yes; No; Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Livelihoods	Primary obstacles in finding work for those currently looking for opportunities	What obstacles, if any, is [this person] facing in finding work?	- Increased competition for jobs; not enough jobs for everyone - Available jobs are too far away - Only low-skilled, socially degrading, dangerous, or low-paid jobs are available - Underqualified for available jobs - Lack of family/personal connections - None - Other
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Protection (CP)	% of children with psychosocial distress	Have you seen any signs of distress such as changes in behaviours in your family members below the age of 18 since the conflict began?	1. Yes 2. No 3. Decline to answer. 4. Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Protection (CP)	Types of behaviour changes observed	If yes, what are the behaviour changes observed in female children?	a. Withdrawn from family and friends b. Angry or aggressive outbursts c. Changes in appetite or eating habits d. Headaches e. New or recurrent bedwetting f. Nightmares or sleep disturbances g. Upset stomach or vague stomach pain h. New or recurring fear of the dark, fear of being alone, fear of strangers) i. Clinging, unwilling to let you out of sight j. Excessive crying k. Going back to behaviors present when a younger age l. Startled easily m. Substance use/abuse
Severity of the crisis	Family composition / Protection (CP)	Types of behaviour changes observed	If yes, what are the behaviour changes observed in male children?	a. Withdrawn from family and friends b. Angry or aggressive outbursts c. Changes in appetite or eating habits d. Headaches e. New or recurrent bedwetting f. Nightmares or sleep disturbances g. Upset stomach or vague stomach pain h. New or recurring fears (fear of the dark, fear of being alone, fear of strangers) i. Clinging, unwilling to let you out of sight j. Excessive crying k. Going back to behaviors present when a younger age l. Startled easily m. Substance use/abuse
Severity of the crisis	Food security	% of households with {poor, borderline, acceptable} Food Consumption Score (FCS)	How many days in the last 7 days has any member of your household eaten the following food items?  Cereals, grains, roots and tubers: rice, pasta, bread, potato	Integer

			Legumes / nuts : beans, peanuts, lentils, nut, soy, and / or other nuts  Milk and other dairy products: fresh milk / sour, yogurt, cheese, other dairy products (Exclude margarine / butter or small amounts of milk for tea / coffee)  Meat, fish and eggs: goat, beef, chicken, fish, including canned tuna, and / or other seafood, eggs (meat and fish consumed in large quantities and not as a condiment)  Vegetables and leaves: spinach, onion, tomatoes, carrots, peppers, green beans, lettuce, cabbages, egg plants, etc.  Fruits: banana, apple, lemon, mango, watermelon, apricot, peach, pineapple, passion, gishta, orange, avocado, wild fruits etc  Oil / fat / butter: vegetable oil, palm oil, margarine, other fats / oil  Sugar, or sweet: sugar, honey, jam, cakes, candy, cookies, pastries, cakes and other sweet (sugary drinks)  Condiments / Spices: tea, coffee / cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, yeast / baking powder, lanwin, tomato / sauce, meat or fish as a condiment, condiments including small amount of milk / tea coffee.	
Severity of the crisis	Food security, Protection	Primary sources of food% of households obtaining food through begging	What was the main source of each food item consumed in the last 7 days?  Cereals, grains, roots and tubers: rice, pasta, bread, potato,  Legumes / nuts: beans, peanuts, lentils, nut, soy, and / or other nuts  Milk and other dairy products: fresh milk / sour, yogurt, cheese, other dairy products (Exclude margarine / butter or small amounts of milk for tea / coffee)  Meat, fish and eggs: goat, beef, chicken, , fish, including canned tuna, and / or other seafood, eggs (meat and fish consumed in large quantities and not as a condiment)  Vegetables and leaves: spinach, onion, tomatoes, carrots, peppers, green beans, lettuce, cabbages, egg plants, etc  Fruits: banana, apple, lemon, mango, watermelon, apricot, peach, pineapple, passion, gishta, orange, avocado, wild fruits etc  Oil / fat / butter: vegetable oil, palm oil, margarine, other fats / oil  Sugar, or sweet: sugar, honey, jam, cakes, candy, cookies, pastries, cakes and other sweet (sugary drinks)  Condiments / Spices: tea, coffee / cocoa, salt, garlic, spices, yeast / baking powder, lanwin, tomato / sauce, meat or fish as a condiment, condiments including small amount of milk / tea coffee.	- Purchased with own cash - Purchased with cash assistance - Purchased with food vouchers / PDS - Purchased on credit (debt) - Own Production (including hunting, fishing, gathering) - Gift of food from family or friends - Received in-kind for labour or other items - Food assistance from government- Food assistance from UN or international organisations - Food assistance from local charity or community - Begging - Other (describe)
Severity of the crisis	Food security	Food Coping Strategy Index	During the last 7 days, how many times (in days) did your household have to employ one of the following strategies to cope with a lack of food or money to buy it?	Integer

			Shifting toward cheaper and less quality food items     Borrowing food or asking assistance from relatives and friends     Reducing the number of daily meals     Consuming less food in meals     Curbing the adults' need to ensure food need of children     During the past 30 days, did anyone in your household have to do one of the following things because there was not enough food or money to buy it?      Selling household properties (refrigerator, television, jewelry)     Spending savings	
Severity of the crisis	Food security, Protection	Food Coping Strategy Index: as a weighted average of the following questions (weights provided by WFP CSI index) % of HHs sending children to work as coping mechanism % of HHs engaging in child marriage as coping mechanism	3. Buying food on credit or through borrowed money from relatives and friends 4. Selling means of transport (car, motorbike) 5. Children dropout from school 6. Reducing expenditure on non-food items (health, education) 7. Changing place of residence and accommodation to reduce expenses 8. Accepting that adult males of the family are engaged in illegal acts and risks 9. Accepting that adult females of the family are engaged in illegal acts and risks 10. Children under 18 work to provide resources 11. Whole family are migrating 12. Attending banquets held on religious and social events to have food 13. Child marriage 14. Forced marriage (for adults)	1. Not applicable (I don't have) 2. No, nobody in my HH did 3. No, because we already did it (so cannot continue to do it) 4. Yes
Severity of the crisis	Health	% of HHs with a functioning healthcare center within 5km	How far is the closest functioning, accessible health clinic to your location?	- Within 2 km - Between 2-5 km away - More than 5km away - None that the household can access (movement restrictions/security) - Don't know of a functioning health center
Severity of the crisis	Health	% of HHs with a functioning hospital within 5km	How far is the closest functioning hospital to your location?	- Within 2 km - Between 2-5km away - Between 6-10 km away - More than 10km away - None that the household can access (movement restrictions/security) - Don't know of a functioning hospital
Severity of the crisis	Health	% of HHs with access to emergency services (among those with access to a functional hospital)	Does it provide emergency services?	Yes; No; Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Health	% of HHs with access to surgical services (among those with access to a functional hospital)	Does it provide surgical services?	Yes; No; Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Health	% of HHs with access to pediatric services (among those with access to a functional hospital)	Does it provide pediatric services?	Yes; No; Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Health	Primary healthcare provider for families (top 3)	Who is the primary health care provider for your household?	- Private clinic - Public facility (clinic or hospital)

Severity of the crisis	WASH, CWG	Primary sources of drinking water (top 3) % of households relying on purchased water	What has been your household's primary source of drinking water over the past 7 days?	- International organization (UN, Iraqi Red Crescent, MSF) - Local organization (religious group, volunteers) - Don't know - None - Other (Specify) - Network (private access) - Network (communal access) - Dug Well (HH Well) - Water Trucking - River or spring
				- Purchased from Shop - Other (specify)
Severity of the crisis	WASH	% of HHs with access to sufficient water quantities	Does your household have access to either a private or shared water tank?	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	WASH	% of HHs with access to sufficient water quantities	What is your water tank capacity (in liters)?	Integer
Severity of the crisis	WASH	% of HHs with access to sufficient water quantities	How many times do you re-fill your tanks each week?	Integer
Severity of the crisis	WASH	% of HHs with access to sufficient water quantities	How many people share this water tank?	Integer
Severity of the crisis	WASH	% of HHs reporting water quality issues (select all that apply)	How do you treat your water for drinking?	- No treatment necessary - Boiling Water - HH filter - Chlorination - Other (specify)
Severity of the crisis	WASH	Primary type of functional latrine (top 1)	What types of functional toilets do you have access to?	- Public latrines - Communal latrines - Private latrines - No latrines
Severity of the crisis	WASH	% of HHs with access to soap to wash hands	Do you have access to sufficient hygiene items such as soap, baby towels, etc.?	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	WASH	% of households with general knowledge on basic hygiene practices	Are you aware of key hygiene practices?	Yes; No
Severity of the crisis	S-NFI	Primary type of settlement (top 1) % of HHs living in an informal/spontaneous site	What is the type of settlement where you are currently living?	- Informal / spontaneous site - Collective center - Residential housing - Built environment (not for residential purposes)
Severity of the crisis	S-NFI	Primary type of shelter (top 3)% of HHs living in substandard shelter type (unfinished, abandoned, non-residential/public buildings, tent, makeshift shelter)	What type of shelter are you currently living in?	- House- Apartment- Hotel- Unfinished or abandoned residential building- Damaged residential building- Tent- Religious building- Public building (school, etc.)- Non-residential structure (garage, farm house, shop)- Container- Makeshift shelter (with scavenged materials)- Other (specify)
Severity of the crisis	S-NFI	% of HHs living with a host family	Is your HH currently being hosted?	Yes; No; Do not know; Decline to answer
Severity of the crisis	S-NFI, HLP	Primary type of tenancy agreement (top 1)	What type of tenancy agreement do you have in your current shelter?	1. No tenancy agreement. 2. Written valid tenancy agreement (not expired). 3. Written valid tenancy agreement (expired) 4. Verbal tenancy agreement. 5. We own the house. 6. Don't know

Severity of the	S-NFI, HLP	% of HHs facing risk of eviction	Is your HH presently at risk of eviction?	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Severity of the crisis	S-NFI, HLP	Primary causes that would lead the HH to be evicted (top 3 answers)	What are the main reasons for eviction?	1. Lack of funds to pay rental costs. 2. Host family no longer able to host our family. 3. Local community does not accept our family living in the area. 4. Authorities requested our household to leave. 5. Request to vacate from owner of building/land. 6. Other, please specify
Severity of the crisis	Protection / HLP / S-NFI	% of HHs that are behind with rent payment	If you are not up to date with rent payment, how many months of delay do you have?	Integer
Severity of the crisis	S-NFI	% of HHs receiving accommodation in exchange for labour	Do you receive reduced rent or free accommodation in exchange for labour?	Yes, reduced rent     Yes, free accommodation     No
Severity of the crisis	S-NFI	HHs top priority to make their current shelter a better place to live	What is your priority concern to make your current shelter a better place to live?	- Protection from hazards (contamination from explosive hazards, land at risk of flooding or landslides, solid waste dumping site, fire risks, etc.)- Improve safety and security (shelter located in an insecure/ isolated area, shelter not solid enough to offer protection from intruders, not fenced, without security of tenure, etc)- Improve privacy and dignity (no separate rooms, not enough space, shared facilities such as toilets & showers, low/high ceilings, lack of ventilation, lack of natural lighting)- Protect from climatic conditions (leaking roof, floor not insulated, opening on the walls, broken windows, lack of ventilation, missing heating system, etc.)- Improve basic infrastructures and utilities (access to electricity, cooking and bathing/toilet facilities)- Improve structural stability of the building (signs of failure such as leaning walls, big cracks and bends in structural components - beam, slab, column, rafter, purlin and wall)
Severity of the crisis	Education	% of HHs reporting type and level of closest functioning schools in the community	How far is the closest functioning primary school to your location?	- Within 2 km - Between 2-5 km away - More than 5 km - None that the household can access (movement restrictions/security) - Don't know of a functioning primary school
Severity of the crisis	Education	% of HHs reporting type and level of closest functioning schools in the community	How far is the closest functioning secondary school to your location?	- Within 2 km - Between 2-5 km away - More than 5 km - None that the household can access (movement restrictions/security) - Don't know of a functioning secondary school
Severity of the crisis	Education	% of HHs reporting school in the community to be totally damaged or destroyed	What is the condition of the primary school building?	Select multiple: a. Completely destroyed b. Contains explosive hazards c. Occupied by IDPs d. Occupied by armed groups e. Partially damaged but functional f. Fully functional - not damaged or occupied g. I don't know the condition
Severity of the crisis	Education	% of HHs reporting school in the community to be totally damaged or destroyed	What is the condition of the secondary school building?	Select multiple: a. Completely destroyed b. Contains explosive hazards c. Occupied by IDPs d. Occupied by armed groups e. Partially damaged but functional

				f. Fully functional - not damaged or occupied g. I don't know the condition
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Primary financial income source(s) in the past 30 days (top 3)	What were your household's primary sources of income/money over the last 30 days? (up to 3,do not read out form list)	- Savings- Employment- Remittances- Retirement fund or pension- Selling household assets- Selling assistance received- Loans, debt- MoDM cash assistance- Support from community, friends, family- NGO or charity assistance- Mosque or church donations- Social Services (disability allowance)- Illegal or socially degrading activities (e.g. unlawful sales, survival sex, begging, etc.)- Other, please specify
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Primary source of employment (top 3)	What were the main sources of occupation / employment?	- Agricultural - Construction - Service industry (janitor, waiter, etc.) - Vocational (carpenter, electrician, plumber, or Other professional) - Teacher, lawyer, engineer - public Security official (police, military, etc.) - Taxi or truck Driver - Small business owner - Government job (not otherwise listed) - home-based income-generating activity (sewing, shoe repair, small agricultural activity (garden, beekeeping, etc.)) - Other
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	% of HHs whose employment income sources are seasonal/temporary	Is this employment seasonal/temporary?	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Primary HHs livelihood sources prior to displacement (top 3 answers)	What were your household's primary livelihood sources prior to your displacement? (up to 3)	- Savings- Employment- Remittances- Retirement fund or pension- Selling household assets- Selling assistance received- Loans, debt- MoDM cash assistance- Support from community, friends, family- NGO or charity assistance- Mosque or church donations- Social Services (disability allowance)- Illegal or socially degrading activities (e.g. unlawful sales, survival sex, begging, etc.)- Other, please specify
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Primary source of employment prior to the conflict (top 3)	What were the main sources of occupation / employment?	- Agricultural - Construction - Service industry (janitor, waiter, etc.) - Vocational (carpenter, electrician, plumber, or Other professional) - Teacher, lawyer, engineer - public Security official (police, military, etc.) - Taxi or truck Driver - Small business owner - Government job (not otherwise listed) - home-based income-generating activity (sewing, shoe repair, small agricultural activity (garden, beekeeping, etc.)) - Other
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods, Food security, CWG	% of HHs reporting access to a functioning market within 5km	How far is the closest functioning market that you have been able to access in the past month?	- Within 2 km - Between 2-5km away - More than 5km - None that the household can access (movement restrictions/security) - Don't know
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Availability of items on market during the past 30 days	If yes, what basic/daily items are available on the market? (select all that are available)	Select all: - Basic food items - Water - Basic households items (e.g. mattress, blankets, kitchen utensils) - Tools, hardware and materials

				- Hygiene items
				- Basic medicine - Other(s) specify
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods, CWG	Mean/median HHs total income from non non-employment sources in the past 30 days	What was your household's total income in Iraqi Dinars over the last 30 days from the following sources:	RESPONSE REQUIRED FOR EACH: - Employment - Remittances - Humanitarian aid - Borrowing money - Pension - Selling household assets - MOMD cash assistance - Social Protection Network (MOLSA) - Other safety nets - Other income source
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods, CWG	Mean/median HHs expenditure in basic needs over the last 30 days (in IQDs)	In total, how much Iraqi Dinars did your household spend on basic needs over the last 30 days in IQD?	ASK FOR RESPONSE FOR EACH: - Rent- Shelter maintenance- Food- Electricity- Medical care (including medicines) - Education- Water- Non-food (household) items- Transportation- Communication- Debt payment- Productive assets- Other payment (describe)
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Mean/median HHs total amount of debt in IQDs	What is your household's total amount of debt, in IQD?	Integer
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Primary reasons to take on debt (top 3)	What was the primary reason behind taking on debt?	- Basic household expenditures (rent, utilities) - Healthcare - Food - Education - Clothing or NFIs - Purchasing productive assets for Small business or income-generating activities - Other (specify)
Severity of the crisis	Livelihoods	Primary money lending sources, among households in debt	Who did you borrow money from? (select all that apply)	- From the shop for basic needs - Borrowing from friends or relatives - Borrowing from the bank or financial institution - Other (specify)
Gaps in response	Family composition / Health	% of households needing to access health services in the 3 months prior to data collection	In the last three months, has [this person] needed to access health services or treatment (including medicines)?	- Yes - No - Don't know - Decline to answer
Gaps in response	Family composition / Health	Primary barriers to accessing healthcare (top 3), among those accessing health services in previous 3 months	What difficulties, if any, did the person encounter?	- No issues- Cost of services was too high- Did not get access to qualified health staff at hospital- Did not get access to qualified health staff at public health clinic-Language barrier- Medical staff refused treatment without any explanation- Cost of medicine was too high- No medicine available at hospital- No medicine available at pharmacy- No medicine available at public health clinic- No transport available- No treatment available for my disease at the public health clinic- No treatment available for the problem at the hospital- Problems with civil documents- Public health clinic did not provide referral- Public health clinic not open- The treatment center was too far away- Cost of medicine was too high- Gender discrimination- No support from family
Gaps in response	Food security	% of households with access to PDS in past 3 months	Did your household have access to PDS (public distribution assistance system) in the past 3 months?	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Gaps in response	Food security	Frequency of PDS assistance, among HHs accessing within past 3 months	How regularly do you receive PDS assistance?	- Once a week - Once every other week

		I	1	1.0
				- Once a month - Once every 2-3 months
				- Once every z-3 months - Wheat Flour
Gaps in response				
				- Vegetable oil
	<b>-</b>	Breakdown of PDS items, among HHs accessing within past	What items were included in your most recent PDS	- Fuel
	Food security	3 months	distribution?	- Sugar
				- Rice
				- Powdered milk
				- Other (specify)
				- Yes
Gaps in	Health	% of HHs with women of reproductive age with access to	Do women of reproductive age (12-49) have access to	- No
response	riodiai	reproductive health services	specialized reproductive health services?	- Don't know
				- Decline to answer
Gaps in	WASH	Primary solid waste disposal methods	What is the main method of waste disposal for your	- Collected by municipality- Communal garbage bin- Rubbish Pit- Burning- Throw in
response	WASH	Frimary solid waste disposal methods	household?	street / open space- Other (specify)
				- Every day
				- Every week
Gaps in	WASH	% household that have access to sufficient solid waste	How frequently is solid waste disposed from your	- Every two weeks
response	WASH	collection and disposal (at least weekly)	residence?	- Every month
		,		- More than every month
				- Service not available
				- No issues
	S-NFI		What immediate issues are you facing with your current shelter (top 3)?	- Contamination from explosive hazards,
				- Land at risk of flooding or landslides,
				- Solid waste dumping site,
				- Fire risks.
				- Shelter located in an insecure/ isolated area.
				- Shelter not solid enough to offer protection from intruders,
				- Not fenced,
				- Without security of tenure
				- No separate rooms,
				- Not enough space/Lack of space inside shelter (min 5,5m2 per person incl. space
		Primary issues with HHs current shelter (top 3)		for kitchen and wash facilities),
				- Ceilings are too high or too low
Gaps in				- Cellings are too riigh of too low - Lack of natural lighting (natural lighting)
response				- Leaking roof during rain,
				- Shelter poorly insulated (from heat/cold/humidity),
				- Sheller poorly insulated (from heavcold/humidity), - Opening on the walls,
				- Opening on the waits, - Broken windows,
				- Lack / limited ventilation (minimum 1m2 opening on one side of house, 0.5m2 on
				- Lack / limited ventilation (minimum 1m2 opening on one side or nouse, 0.5m2 on other).
				- Lack of heating (missing heating system),
				- No electrical connection,
				- Missing/substandard washing facilities
				- Lack of access to cooking facilities
				- Signs of failure (leaning walls, cracks in the walls)
				- Bends in structural components (beam, slab, column, rafter, purlin and wall)
				- Other (specify)
Gaps in	S-NFI	HHs main priority NFI needs (top 4)	Which of the following NFIs are priority needs for your	- Bedding items (bedsheets, pillows);- Mattresses/Sleeping mats;- Blankets; -
response	5 111 1		household? (select max. 4)	Cooking utensils/kitchen set; - Cooking fuel;- Cooking stove; - Water storage; -

				Sources of light; - Clothing;- Fan;- Air water cooler (AWC);- Coolbox; - Winter heaters/stove; - Heating fuel;- Fuel storage;- None of the above- Other, please specify
Gaps in response	Education	% of HHs reporting insufficient teachers at the school	Are there sufficient trained and certified teachers at the primary school?	Yes; No; Don't know
Gaps in response	Education	% of HHs reporting insufficient teachers at the school	Are there sufficient trained and certified teachers at the secondary school?	Yes; No; Don't know
Gaps in response	Livelihoods	Most reported livelihood needs necessary for households (top 3)	What are the main livelihood needs for your household? (select all that apply)	- Short term cash through cash-for-work - Small asset kit - Grants for opening up businesses - Skills / vocational training - Job placement - Others (please specify)
Gaps in response	All	HHs top priority needs (top 3)	What are your top 3 priority needs? (Do not read out the list)	Legal assistance (civil documentation, HLP, family law)- Education for children-Child-friendly spaces or activities- Employment (livelihood opportunities)- Food-Medical care- GBV support- Explosive hazard clearance- Explosive hazard risk education- Psychosocial support- Shelter support- Water- Sanitation services-Vocational training- Clothing or footwear- Summer kits- Winter kits- Other (specify)
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Information needs and preferences from aid providers	(a) What type of information* would you like to receive from aid providers? Please specify your top 3 priorities.	- Safety and security - Status of housing - Livelihoods - Water services - Electricity services - Education - Healthcare - Humanitarian assistance - Legal services - Housing land property services explosive hazards (mines, bomb, IEDs) - Renewing official documentation - I don't want to receive more information - Other (specify)
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Information needs and preferences	(b) Who/where would you prefer to receive information from?	- Friends and family that are living in the area of origin- Friends and family that visited the area of origin in the past 30 days- Friends and Family that have not been in the area of origin in the past 30 days- Local authorities- National authority- NGO/humanitarian agencies- Religious leaders- Mukhtar- Sector leaders- Schools and community centres- Other (specify)
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Information needs and preferences	(c) What is your preferred means of receiving the information?	- Direct observation - Face-to-face communication (e.g. from friends) - Television - Telephone/mobile phone (Voice Call) - Mobile Phone (text SMS) - Facebook (app) - Facebook (messenger) - Whatsapp - Viber - Other social media (Skype, Instagram, Twitter) - Notice board and poster - Newspapers or magazines - Printed leaflet

				- Loud speakers - Radio - Other (specify)
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Feedback on aid providers preferences	How would you prefer to provide feedback to aid providers about the quality, quantity and appropriateness of the aid* you will receive?	- Other (specify)  - Face to face (at home) with aid worker - Face to face (in office/other venue) with aid worker - Face to face with member of the community - Phone call - SMS (WhatsApp, Viber, etc.) - E-mail - Letter - Social media (Facebook, etc.) - Complaints/suggestions box - Other
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Views and perceptions about the ongoing response	Have you received aid in the past 30 days?	Yes; No; Don't know
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Views and perceptions about the ongoing aid response	What kind did you receive?	- Cash- Food- Water- Fuel- Shelter- Seasonal items- Other non-food items- Protection services (legal assistance; psycho-social support; GBV services; child protection services; explosive hazard risk education, etc.)
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Views and perceptions about the ongoing aid response	(b) If you have received aid in the last 30 days, are you satisfied with the aid you received?	Yes; No; Decline to answer
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Views and perceptions about the ongoing aid response	(c) If you have received aid in the last 30 days and were not satisfied why were you not satisfied with the aid received?	- Quality not good enough - Quantity not enough - Delays in delivery of aid - Other (specify)
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Views and perceptions about the aid providers	Are you satisfied with the way aid workers have behaved* in the last 6 months in your location?	Yes; No; Don't know; Decline to answer
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Views and perceptions about the aid providers	If not, why not?	Enter text
Gaps in response	Accountability to affected populations (AAP)	Views and perceptions about HHs level of participation in decision making	Do you feel like you have a say in decisions that affect your community?	Yes; No; Do not know; Decline to answer
Operational constraints	Protection	% of HHs experiencing daytime movement restrictions in the past month	In the past month, has anyone in your HH experienced restrictions in their ability to move freely in your area in day light?	1. Yes. 2. No. 3. Don't know 4. Decline to answer
Operational constraints	Protection	Primary movement restrictions, among those experiencing restrictions (top 3)	If yes, what are the movement restrictions they have faced?	Needing to obtain security clearance/coupons.     Needing to show ID documents to civilian authorities or security actors.     Time restrictions on when to leave and return.     Needing to provide a specific reason for movement (e.g. employment, medical, school).     Physical road blocks.     Other (specify)
Operational constraints	Protection	Frequency of movement restrictions within the past month, among those experiencing restrictions	How many times did your HH face such movement restrictions in the past month?	- One time - Two times - Three times - Four to five times More than 6 times
Operational constraints	Protection	% of individuals per family registered with MODM or DDM	How many individuals in your family are registered with MODM or DDM?	Integer
Operational constraints	Protection	% of HHs without HLP documents	If your household owns a house, property or land in your area of origin, where are your proof of ownership documents?	- Physically with me- Not with me but in a secure place- Lost- Stolen or confiscated- Does not know- We never obtained ownership documents- We do not own a house, land or property in the AoO

Operational constraints	Family composition / Protection	% of households with at least one member missing civil documentation	Are the civil documents of any members of your household lost, damaged or expired?	Yes; No; Don't know
Operational constraints	Family composition / Protection	Demographics (age, sex) of those missing documentation	Is the civil documents of [this person] lost, damaged or expired?	Yes; No
Operational constraints	Family composition / Protection	Top types of documentation that are lost, damaged, or expired	If yes, which types of documentation are lost, damaged, or expired?	- Passport - National ID card - Citizenship certificate - Food ration (PDS) card - Information card - Information card - Birth certificate - Marriage certificate - Divorce certificate - Death certificate - Death certificate - Residency permit or housing support letter - Guardianship certificate - Trusteeship certificate (Qaemoma) - Inheritance deed - Graduation / school certificate - Driver license - Other (specify)
Crisis evolution	Intentions	% of IDP HHs that intend to remain in their current location for the next three months	What are your household's current movement intentions for the next three months?	1. Remain in current location. 2. Return to area of origin. 3. Move to another location - inside Iraq. 4. Move to another location - outside Iraq. 5. Don't know - waiting to make a decision.
Crisis evolution	Intentions	% of returnee HHs that intend to remain in their current location for the next three months	What are your household's current movement intentions for the next three months?	Remain in current location.     Move to another location - inside Iraq.     Move to another location - outside Iraq.     Don't know - waiting to make a decision.
Crisis evolution	Intentions	Proportion of HHs that would consider displacement again due to [insert response option]	What are the main reasons you would consider displacement again?	Security situation in return area is unstable (including presence of armed groups).     Presence of unexploded ordinances (e.g. mines, bombs, IEDs). 3. Legal and physical protection concerns (e.g. threats of violence;; detention risk; GBV risk; forced recruitment risk, etc.). 4. Unavailability of basic services (e.g. water, electricity, health, education). 5. Property destroyed/ severely damaged/ looted/ occupied. 6. Lack of livelihood opportunities.7. Inter-communal or inter-tribal tensions.
Crisis evolution	Intentions	% of IDP HHs that intend to remain in their current location for the next 12 months	What are your household's current movement intentions for the <b>next 12 months</b> ?	1. Remain in current location. 2. Return to area of origin. 3. Move to another location - inside Iraq. 4. Move to another location - outside Iraq. 5. Don't know - waiting to make a decision.
Crisis evolution	Intentions	Proportion of IDP HHs that currently intends to return to their AoO due to [insert response option]	What are the main reasons why you currently intend to return to your AoO? (select max 3)	1. Security situation in area of origin is stable 2. Area of origin was cleared of explosive hazards. 3. Other family / community members have returned 4. Livelihood options are available there 5. Basic services (water, electricity, health, education, etc.) are available in the area of origin 6. Emotional desire to return 7. Necessary to secure personal housing, land and property 8. Limited livelihood opportunities in area of displacement

				9. Limited services in area of displacement 10. Do not feel safe in area of displacement 11. Do not feel accepted in the area of displacement 12. Facing eviction in the area of displacement 13. Forced to return by security actors or civilian authorities. 14. Family member released from detention
Crisis evolution	Intentions	Proportion of HHs that currently does not intend to return to their AoO due to [insert response option]	If not intending to return, why do you not intend to return to your place of origin? (select max. 3)	1. Security concerns: Fear/trauma associated with returning to place of origin 2. Security concerns: Lack of security forces 3. Security concerns: Presence of explosive hazards (mines, bombs, IEDs) 4. Security concerns: fear of discrimination 5. Movement restrictions (do not have proper paperwork to relocate) 6. No personal identification documents 7. No transportation available to return home 8. No financial means to return and restart 9. Lack of livelihood/income generating activities in AoO 10. House has been damaged/destroyed 11. House/land is currently occupied 12. Legal ownership issues surrounding house and property 13. Household assets have been damaged/stolen 14. Local markets are not functioning 15. Basic services in the area of origin are not enough/available (electricity, water, health) 16. Lack of education opportunities for children in the area of origin 17. Immediate family and network will not return 18. Health condition does not allow me to leave the area of displacement 19. Children enrolled at school in the area of displacement 20. Living conditions are better in the area of displacement 21. Do not know 22. Decline to answer