

Introduction

This multi-sectoral needs assessment is part of a monthly data collection exercise which aims to gather information about needs and the humanitarian situation inside Syria. The factsheets present information collected in April 2018, referring to the situation in March 2018.

These factsheets present information at the community level for 24 sub-districts in Idleb governorate. Selected key indicators for the following sectors are included in the factsheets: displacement, shelter, non-food items (NFIs), health, food security, water sanitation and hygiene (WASH) and education. The factsheets do not cover the entire range of indicators gathered in the questionnaire.

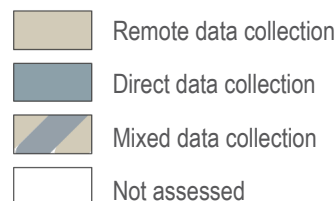
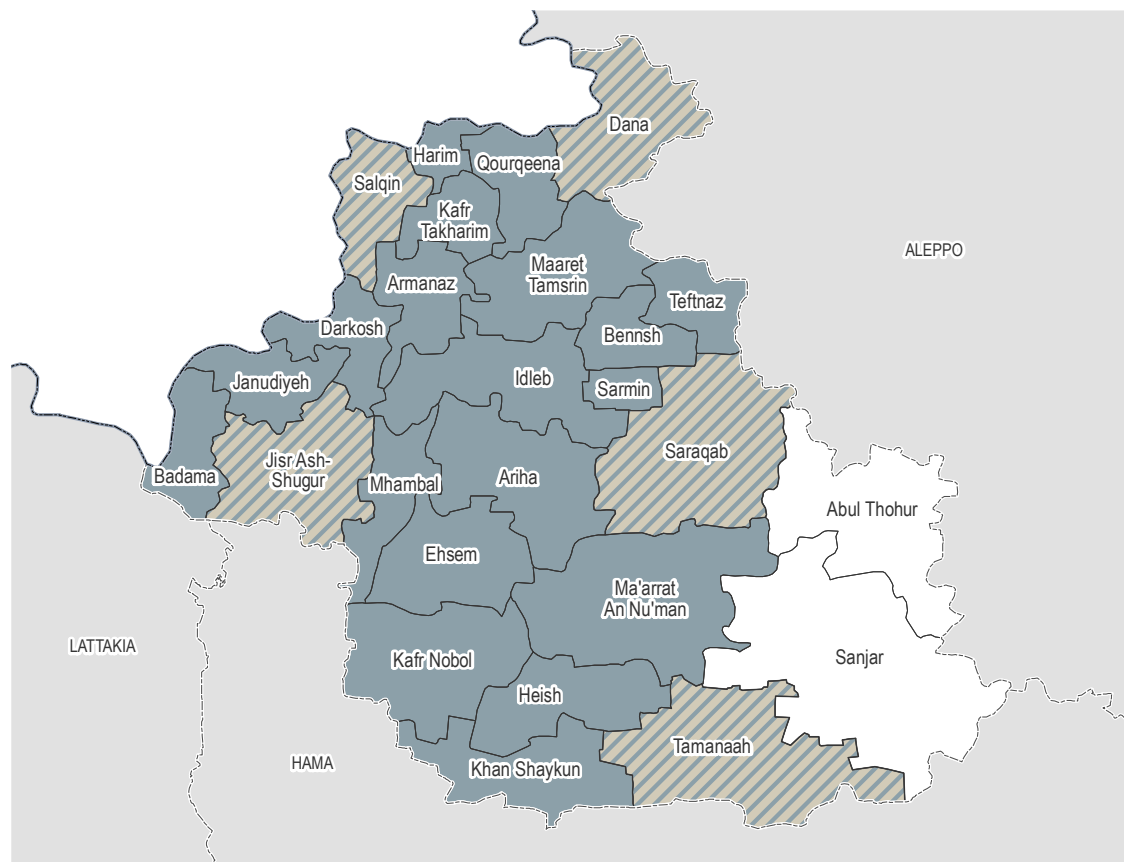
For full visualisation of all indicators collected, please see the SIMAWG Needs Identification Dynamic Reporting Tool, available here: <https://reach3.cern.ch/simawg/Default.aspx>.

Methodology and limitations

These findings are based on data collected both directly and remotely (in Turkey) from Key Informants (KIs) residing in the communities assessed.

Information was collected from KIs in 197 communities in 24 sub-districts of Idleb governorate. For each question asked, confidence levels were assigned based on the KIs area of expertise and knowledge of the sector-specific situation.

For a full description of the methodology, please see the Terms of Reference, available on the [REACH Resource Centre](#).



PDF: click on a sub-district name to directly access the relevant factsheet

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Al Mokbelah

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Ariha

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Bab Ellah

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Kafraziba

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

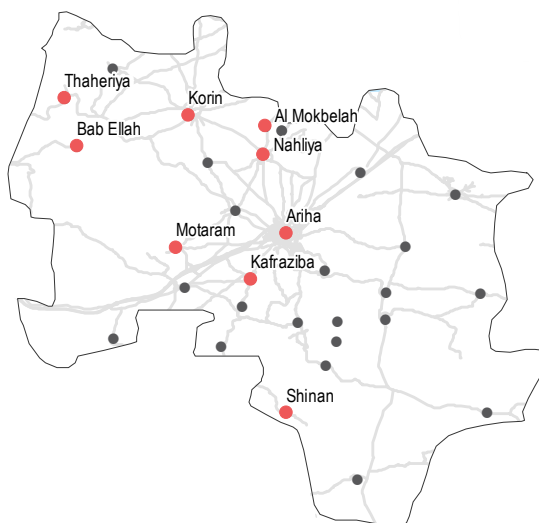
Yes Yes No

Korin

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

- 9/28 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Al Mokbelah, Ariha, Bab Ellah, Kafraziba, Korin



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Al Mokbelah

NDPs IDPs

1200 - 1500 SYP

Kafraziba

NDPs IDPs

1000 - 1500 SYP

Ariha

NDPs IDPs

5000 - 7000 SYP

Korin

NDPs IDPs

1500 - 2000 SYP

Bab Ellah

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Al Mokbelah

Daily employment
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Ariha

Daily employment
Sale of household assets
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Bab Ellah

Daily employment

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Kafraziba

Daily employment
Farm owning

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Korin

Daily employment
Farm owning

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Reducing meal size

NFIs

Al Mokbelah

B NA 1800 SYP

C 35 SYP 3000 SYP

D 500 SYP 300 SYP

F 55000 SYP 20000 SYP

Kafraziba

B NA 1800 SYP

C 30 SYP 3000 SYP

D 600 SYP 333 SYP

F 40000 SYP NA

Ariha

B 17000 SYP 1800 SYP

C 40 SYP 4000 SYP

D 450 SYP 333 SYP

F 55000 SYP 20000 SYP

Korin

B NA 1800 SYP

C 30 SYP 3000 SYP

D 500 SYP 350 SYP

F 50000 SYP 25000 SYP

Bab Ellah

B NA 1800 SYP

C 30 SYP 3000 SYP

D 500 SYP 350 SYP

F 55000 SYP 25000 SYP

Al Mokbelah

Burning productive assets

Ariha

No lack of fuel

Kafraziba

Burning productive assets

Bab Ellah

Burning productive assets

Korin

Burning productive assets

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Al Mokbelah

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Ariha

Water trucking

Public free collection

Bab Ellah

Water trucking

Public free collection

Kafraziba

Water trucking

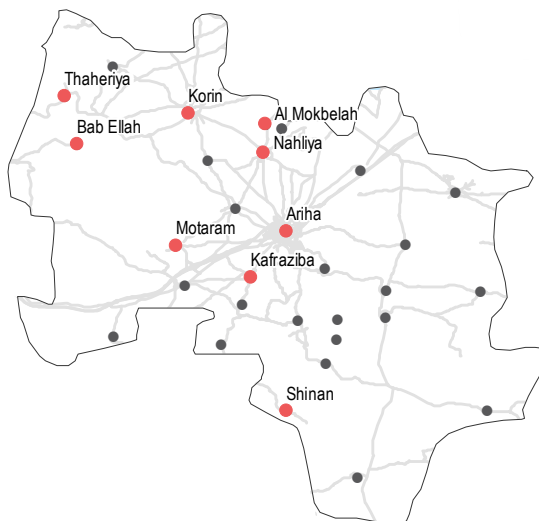
Private paid collection

Korin

Water trucking

Private paid collection

- 9/28 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Al Mokbelah, Ariha, Bab Ellah, Kafraziba, Korin



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Bab Ellah

Most children accessed education

Kafraziba

Most children accessed education

Al Mokbelah

Most children accessed education

Ariha

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Al Mokbelah

Skin diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Ariha

Maternal health issues
Injuries
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Bab Ellah

Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Kafraziba

Skin diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Korin

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Al Mokbelah

Bread: no info

Rice: 200 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

Insufficient electricity/fuel
Flour not always available
High price of electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Ariha

Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 250 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Bab Ellah

Bread: no info

Rice: 150 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

Insufficient electricity/fuel
Flour not always available
High price of electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Kafraziba

Bread: no info

Rice: 200 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Korin

Bread: no info

Rice: 150 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

Insufficient electricity/fuel
Flour not always available
High price of electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Motaram

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Nahliya

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Shinan

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

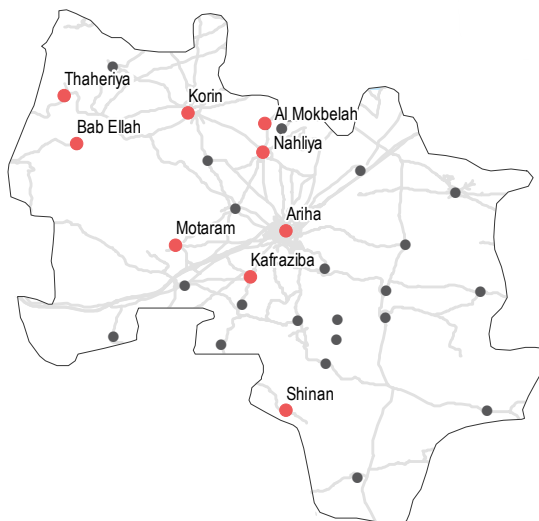
Yes No No

Thaheriya

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

- 9/28 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Motaram, Nahliya, Shinan, Thaheriya



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Motaram

NDPs IDPs

2500 - 3000 SYP

Thaheriya

NDPs IDPs

No info

Nahliya

NDPs IDPs

2500 - 3000 SYP

Shinan

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Motaram

Daily employment
Farm owning

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Nahliya

Daily employment
Farm owning

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Reducing meal size

Shinan

Daily employment
Farm owning
Cash items

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Reducing meal size

Thaheriya

Daily employment
Farm owning

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

NFIs

Motaram

B NA 1800 SYP

C 35 SYP 3000 SYP

D 500 SYP 350 SYP

F 60000 SYP 20000 SYP

Thaheriya

B NA 1700 SYP

C NA 3000 SYP

D 600 SYP 500 SYP

F 55000 SYP 20000 SYP

Nahliya

B NA 1800 SYP

C 30 SYP 3000 SYP

D 500 SYP 350 SYP

F 50000 SYP 25000 SYP

Shinan

B NA 1700 SYP

C 40 SYP 3500 SYP

D 500 SYP 350 SYP

F 60000 SYP NA

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
 - Floor mat (3*4m)
 - Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
 - Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Motaram

Burning productive assets
Burning clothes

Nahliya

Burning productive assets

Thaheriya

Burning productive assets

Shinan

Burning productive assets
Burning clothes

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Motaram

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Nahliya

Water trucking

Public free collection

Shinan

Water trucking

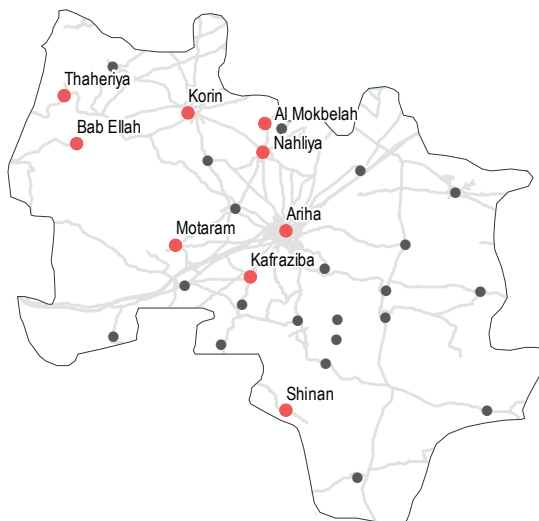
Private paid collection

Thaheriya

Water trucking

Buried / burned

- 9/28 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Motaram, Nahliya, Shinan, Thaheriya



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Shinan

Most children accessed education

Thaheriya

Most children accessed education

Motaram

Most children accessed education

Nahliya

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Motaram

Skin diseases
Injuries
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Nahliya

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Shinan

Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Thaheriya

Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Security concerns around entering facilities

Food Security

Motaram

Bread: no info

Rice: 250 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

Insufficient electricity/fuel
Flour not always available
High price of electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Nahliya

Bread: no info

Rice: 150 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

Insufficient electricity/fuel
Flour not always available
High price of electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Shinan

Bread: no info

Rice: 200 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Thaheriya

Bread: no info

Rice: 250 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

Insufficient electricity/fuel
Flour not always available
High price of electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Armanaz

76-100% 26-50% 26-50%

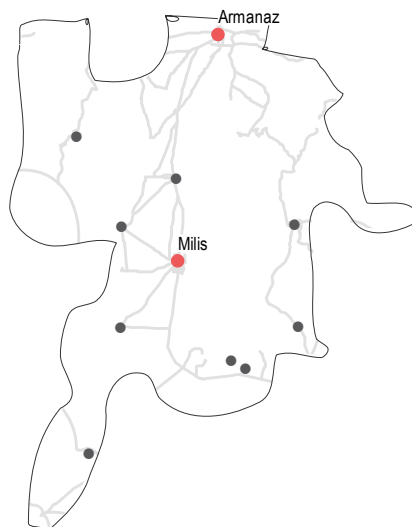
Yes Yes No

Milis

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 2/11 communities assessed : Armanaz, Milis



Shelter

- Most common shelter
 - Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - Tent
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Cave/natural shelter
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - No IDPs
 - No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Armanaz

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 4000 SYP

Milis

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Armanaz

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Milis

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Armanaz

B 11500 SYP 3200 SYP

C 200 SYP 6000 SYP

D 400 SYP 400 SYP

F 45000 SYP NA

Milis

B 11000 SYP 3200 SYP

C 200 SYP 2500 SYP

D 400 SYP 400 SYP

F 45000 SYP NA

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
 - Floor mat (3*4m)
 - Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
 - Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Armanaz

No lack of fuel

Milis

No lack of fuel

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Armanaz

Network

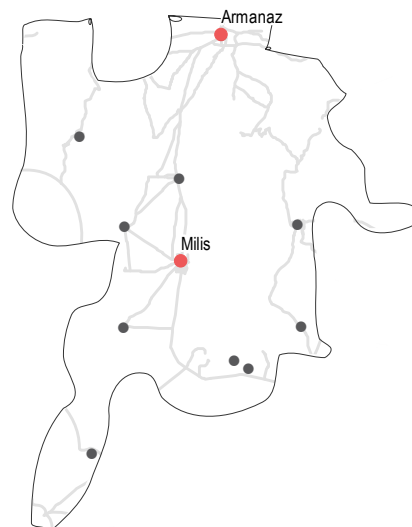
Disposed at designated site

Milis

Network

Disposed at designated site

- 2/11 communities assessed : Armanaz, Milis



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Armanaz

Most children accessed education

Milis

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Armanaz

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Milis

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Armanaz



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Milis



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

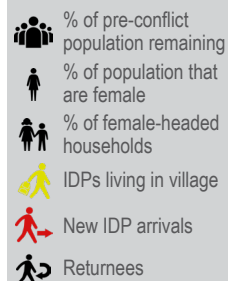
Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Badama, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement



Kherbet Eljoz



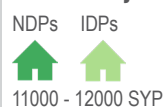
• 1/13 community assessed : Kherbet Eljoz



Shelter



Kherbet Eljoz



Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Kherbet Eljoz

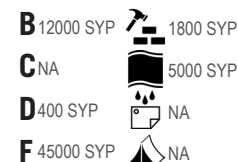
Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

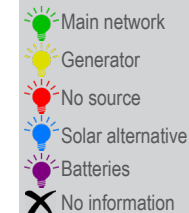
Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

NFIs

Kherbet Eljoz



Most common electricity source



Fuel Prices (SYP)*



NFI Prices (SYP)*



Kherbet Eljoz

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

-  Water is safe to drink
-  Water tastes/smells bad
-  People sick after drinking
-  No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

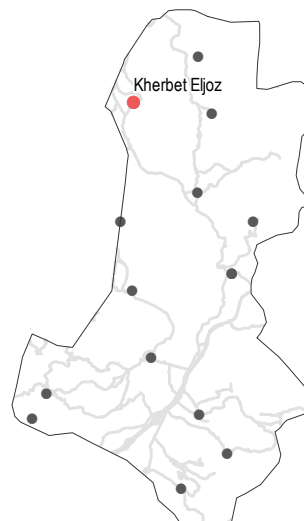
-  Sufficient
-  Insufficient
-  No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Kherbet Eljoz

-  Closed well
-  Private paid collection

- 1/13 community assessed : Kherbet Eljoz



Education

Status of primary schools in village

-  Functioning
-  Not functioning
-  Not available
-  No information

Barriers to accessing education services

 Kherbet Eljoz

Most children accessed education

Health

 Most common health problems

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

 Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Kherbet Eljoz

 Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

 Private bakeries

 No difficulties reported

 0

Main challenges to obtaining food

-  No challenges
-  Some foods unavailable
-  Local production decreased
-  Lack of access to markets
-  Some foods expensive
-  Lack of resources to buy food
-  Lack of access to fuel
-  Cooking fuel unavailable
-  No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

 Most common source of bread

 Most common barriers to accessing bread

 Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Bennsh

- 51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
- Yes Yes No

Toum

- 76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
- Yes No No

- 2/4 communities assessed : Bennsh, Toum



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Bennsh

- NDPs IDPs
- 4000 - 5000 SYP

Toum

- NDPs IDPs
- 3000 - 4000 SYP

Livelihoods

\$ Most common sources of income

Bennsh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Toum

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

NFIs

Bennsh

- B NA 2000 SYP
- C NA 5000 SYP
- D 350 SYP 600 SYP
- F NA 25000 SYP

Toum

- B NA 2000 SYP
- C NA 6000 SYP
- D NA 500 SYP
- F NA 25000 SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B Butane (cannister)
- C Coal (1kg)
- D Diesel (1 litre)
- F Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Bennsh

Burning furniture in use

Toum

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Bennsh

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Toum

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 2/4 communities assessed : Bennsh, Toum



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Bennsh

Some facilities destroyed

Lack of school supplies

Toum

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Chronic diseases
Injuries
Acute respiratory infections

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No difficulties reported

Bennsh

Toum

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Food Security

Bennsh

Bread: 200 SYP

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 500 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Toum

Bread: no info

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 500 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Aqrabat

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Atma

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Bab El Hawa

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Babisqa

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

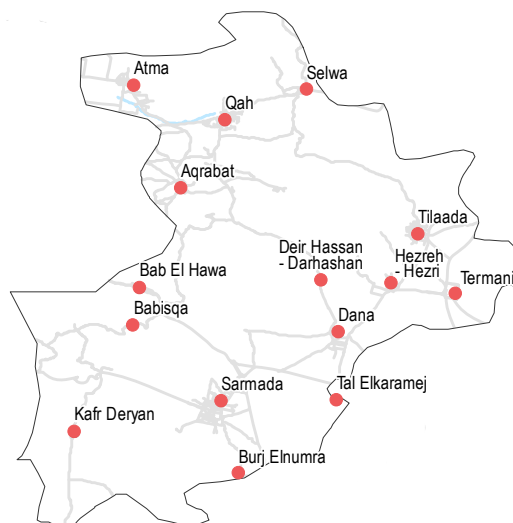
Yes No No

Burj Elnumra

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 15/15 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Aqrabat, Atma, Bab El Hawa, Babisqa, Burj Elnumra



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Aqrabat

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 12500 SYP

Babisqa

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 12000 SYP

Atma

NDPs IDPs

12000 - 15000 SYP

Burj Elnumra

NDPs IDPs

7500 - 10000 SYP

Bab El Hawa

NDPs IDPs

8000 - 10000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Aqrabat

Farm owning
Business/trade

No info

Atma

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

No info

Bab El Hawa

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

Skipping meals

Babisqa

Farm owning
Business/trade

No info

Burj Elnumra

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

No info

NFIs

Aqrabat

B 13500 SYP 1850 SYP 1850 SYP

C 45 SYP 6000 SYP 6000 SYP

D 450 SYP 250 SYP 250 SYP

F 65000 SYP 25000 SYP 25000 SYP

Babisqa

B 14000 SYP 1850 SYP 1850 SYP

C 45 SYP 6000 SYP 6000 SYP

D 450 SYP 250 SYP 250 SYP

F 65000 SYP 25000 SYP 25000 SYP

Atma

B 14000 SYP 1850 SYP 1850 SYP

C 45 SYP 5500 SYP 6000 SYP

D 500 SYP 250 SYP 250 SYP

F 70000 SYP 25000 SYP 25000 SYP

Burj Elnumra

B 13500 SYP 1800 SYP 1800 SYP

C 45 SYP 6000 SYP 6000 SYP

D 450 SYP 250 SYP 250 SYP

F 65000 SYP 25000 SYP 25000 SYP

Bab El Hawa

B 13500 SYP 1800 SYP 1800 SYP

C 45 SYP 6000 SYP 6000 SYP

D 450 SYP 250 SYP 250 SYP

F 65000 SYP 25000 SYP 25000 SYP

Aqrabat

No lack of fuel

Atma

No lack of fuel

Bab El Hawa

No lack of fuel

Babisqa

No lack of fuel

Burj Elnumra

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Aqrabat

Water trucking

Public free collection

Atma

Water trucking

Public free collection

Bab El Hawa

Water trucking

Public free collection

Babisqa

Water trucking

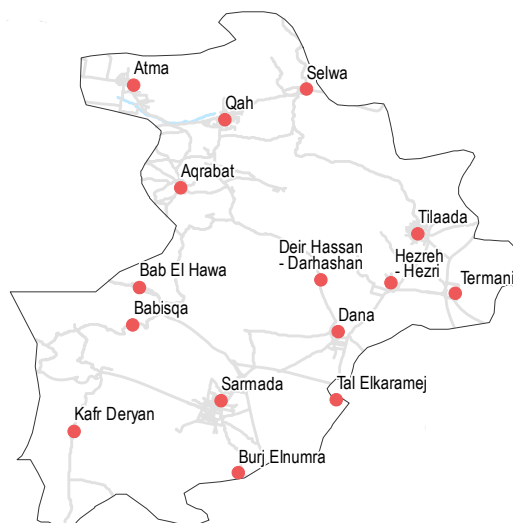
Public free collection

Burj Elnumra

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 15/15 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Aqrabat, Atma, Bab El Hawa, Babisqa, Burj Elnumra



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Bab El Hawa

Most children accessed education

Babisqa

Most children accessed education

Burj Elnumra

Most children accessed education

Atma

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Aqrabat

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Atma

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Bab El Hawa

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Babisqa

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Burj Elnumra

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Aqrabat

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Atma

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Bab El Hawa

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Babisqa

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Burj Elnumra

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Dana

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Deir Hassan Darhashan

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Hezreh Hezri

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Kafr Deryan

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Qah

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Dana

NDPs IDPs
 12000 - 15000 SYP

Deir Hassan Darhashan

NDPs IDPs
 10000 - 12500 SYP

Hezreh Hezri

NDPs IDPs
 8000 - 10000 SYP

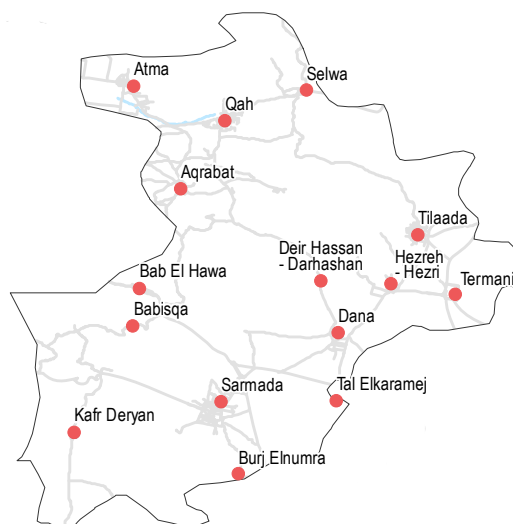
Kafr Deryan

NDPs IDPs
 10000 - 12500 SYP

Qah

NDPs IDPs
 10000 - 12000 SYP

- 15/15 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Dana, Deir Hassan Darhashan, Hezreh Hezri, Kafr Deryan, Qah



Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Dana

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

Skipping meals

Deir Hassan Darhashan

Farm owning
Business/trade

Skipping meals

Hezreh Hezri

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

Skipping meals

Kafr Deryan

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

No info

Qah

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

Skipping meals

NFIs

Dana

14000 SYP 1700 SYP
 45 SYP 5000 SYP
 450 SYP 250 SYP
 65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Kafr Deryan

14000 SYP 1800 SYP
 45 SYP 6000 SYP
 450 SYP 250 SYP
 65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Deir Hassan Darhashan

13500 SYP 1700 SYP
 45 SYP 5500 SYP
 450 SYP 250 SYP
 70000 SYP 25000 SYP

Qah

14500 SYP 1750 SYP
 45 SYP 5500 SYP
 450 SYP 250 SYP
 70000 SYP 25000 SYP

Hezreh Hezri

13500 SYP 1700 SYP
 45 SYP 5000 SYP
 450 SYP 240 SYP
 65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Dana

No lack of fuel

Deir Hassan Darhashan

No lack of fuel

Hezreh Hezri

No lack of fuel

Kafr Deryan

No lack of fuel

Qah

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Dana

Water trucking

Public free collection

Deir Hassan Darhashan

Water trucking

Public free collection

Hezreh Hezri

Water trucking

Public free collection

Kafr Deryan

Water trucking

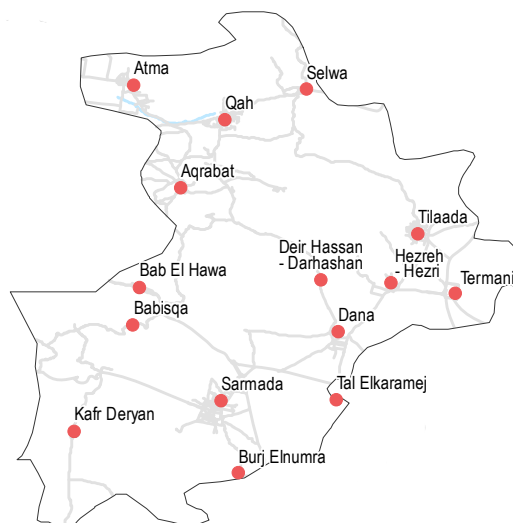
Public free collection

Qah

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 15/15 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Dana, Deir Hassan Darhashan, Hezreh Hezri, Kafr Deryan, Qah



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Hezreh Hezri

Most children accessed education

Kafr Deryan

Most children accessed education

Dana

Most children accessed education

Deir Hassan Darhashan

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Dana

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Deir Hassan Darhashan

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Hezreh Hezri

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Kafr Deryan

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Qah

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Dana

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Deir Hassan Darhashan

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Hezreh Hezri

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Kafr Deryan

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Qah

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Sarmada

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Selwa

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Tal Elkaramaj

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Termanin

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

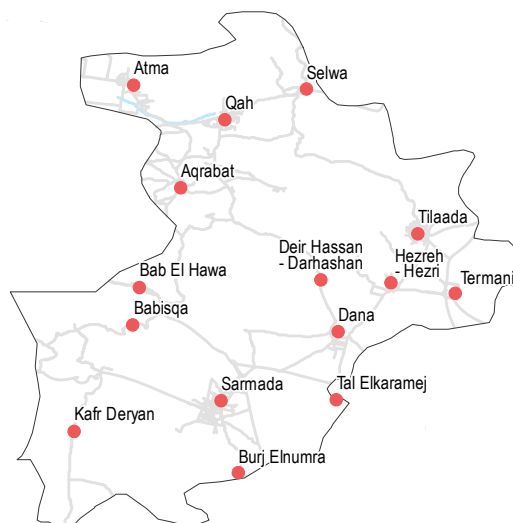
Yes Yes No

Tilaada

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

- 15/15 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Sarmada, Selwa, Tal Elkaramaj, Termanin, Tilaada



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Sarmada

NDPs IDPs

12500 - 15000 SYP

Termanin

NDPs IDPs

12000 - 15000 SYP

Selwa

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 12500 SYP

Tilaada

NDPs IDPs

8000 - 12000 SYP

Tal Elkaramaj

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 12500 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Sarmada

Farm owning
Business/trade

No info

Selwa

Farm owning
Business/trade

No info

Tal Elkaramaj

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

No info

Termanin

Farm owning
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

No info

Tilaada

Farm owning
Business/trade

No info

NFIs

Sarmada

13500 SYP 1800 SYP

45 SYP 5500 SYP

450 SYP 250 SYP

65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Termanin

13500 SYP 1800 SYP

45 SYP 5500 SYP

450 SYP 250 SYP

65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Selwa

13500 SYP 1800 SYP

45 SYP 6000 SYP

450 SYP 250 SYP

65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Tilaada

13500 SYP 1700 SYP

45 SYP 5000 SYP

450 SYP 250 SYP

65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Tal Elkaramaj

13000 SYP 1750 SYP

45 SYP 5500 SYP

450 SYP 250 SYP

65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Sarmada

No lack of fuel

Selwa

No lack of fuel

Tal Elkaramaj

No lack of fuel

Termanin

No lack of fuel

Tilaada

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Sarmada

Water trucking

Public free collection

Selwa

Water trucking

Public free collection

Tal Elkaramej

Water trucking

Public free collection

Termanin

Water trucking

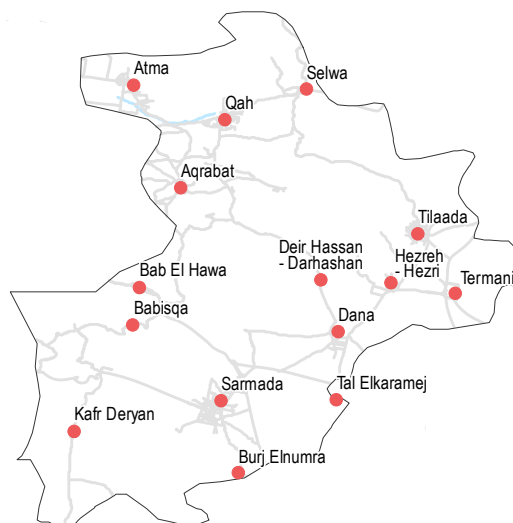
Public free collection

Tilaada

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 15/15 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Sarmada, Selwa, Tal Elkaramej, Termanin, Tilaada



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Tal Elkaramej

Most children accessed education

Termanin

Most children accessed education

Sarmada

Most children accessed education

Tilaada

Most children accessed education

Selwa

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Sarmada

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Selwa

Disabilities

No difficulties reported

Tal Elkaramej

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Termanin

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Tilaada

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Sarmada

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Selwa

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Tal Elkaramej

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Termanin

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Tilaada

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Darkosh 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Darkosh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Dorriyeh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Jamiliya

None 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Matleh Batlaya

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

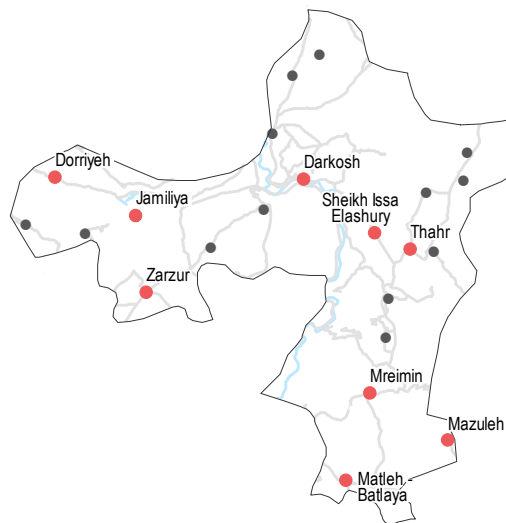
Yes No No

Mazuleh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 9/22 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Darkosh, Dorriyeh, Jamiliya, Matleh Batlaya, Mazuleh



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Darkosh

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 4000 SYP

Matleh Batlaya

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Dorriyeh

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Mazuleh

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Jamiliya

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Darkosh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Dorriyeh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Jamiliya

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Matleh Batlaya

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Mazuleh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

No info

NFIs

Darkosh

15000 SYP 3000 SYP

250 SYP 2500 SYP

600 SYP 400 SYP

45000 SYP NA

Matleh Batlaya

11000 SYP 3200 SYP

200 SYP 6000 SYP

400 SYP 400 SYP

45000 SYP NA

Dorriyeh

11500 SYP 3200 SYP

250 SYP 6000 SYP

500 SYP 400 SYP

45000 SYP NA

Mazuleh

11000 SYP 3200 SYP

200 SYP 6000 SYP

400 SYP 400 SYP

45000 SYP NA

Jamiliya

12000 SYP 3200 SYP

200 SYP 6000 SYP

400 SYP 400 SYP

45000 SYP NA

Darkosh

No lack of fuel

Dorriyeh

No lack of fuel

Jamiliya

No lack of fuel

Matleh Batlaya

No lack of fuel

Mazuleh

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Darkosh 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Darkosh

Network

Disposed at designated site

Dorriyeh

Network

Disposed at designated site

Jamiliya

Network

Disposed at designated site

Matleh Batlaya

Network

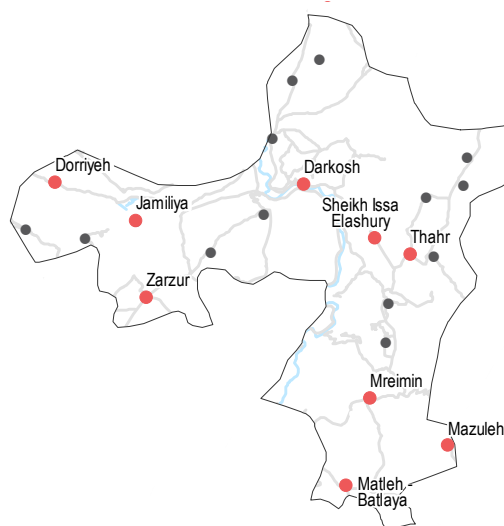
Disposed at designated site

Mazuleh

Network

Disposed at designated site

- 9/22 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Darkosh, Dorriyeh, Jamiliya, Matleh Batlaya, Mazuleh



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Jamiliya

Most children accessed education

Matleh Batlaya

Most children accessed education

Darkosh

Most children accessed education

Mazuleh

Most children accessed education

Dorriyeh

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Darkosh

Pregnancy related diseases
Injuries
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Dorriyeh

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Jamiliya

Injuries
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Matleh Batlaya

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Mazuleh

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Darkosh



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP



Public bakeries



No difficulties reported



0

Dorriyeh



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP



Public bakeries



No difficulties reported



0

Jamiliya



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP



Public bakeries



No difficulties reported



0

Matleh Batlaya



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP



Public bakeries



No difficulties reported



0

Mazuleh



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP



Public bakeries



No difficulties reported



0

Main challenges to obtaining food



No challenges



Some foods unavailable



Local production decreased



Lack of access to markets



Some foods expensive



Lack of resources to buy food



Lack of access to fuel



Cooking fuel unavailable



No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread



Most common source of bread



Most common barriers to accessing bread



Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Darkosh 2/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Mreimin

Network

Disposed at designated site

Sheikh Issa Elashury

Network

Disposed at designated site

Thahr

Network

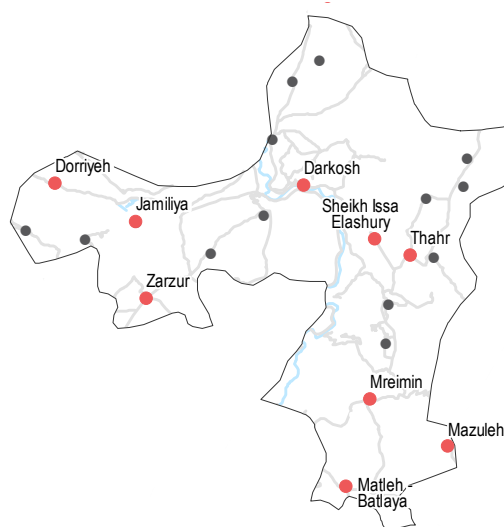
Disposed at designated site

Zarzur

Network

Disposed at designated site

- 9/22 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Mreimin, Sheikh Issa Elashury, Thahr, Zarzur



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Thahr

Most children accessed education

Zarzur

Most children accessed education

Mreimin

Most children accessed education

Sheikh Issa Elashury

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Mreimin

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Sheikh Issa Elashury

Pregnancy related diseases
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Thahr

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Zarzur

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Mreimin

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Sheikh Issa Elashury

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Thahr

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Zarzur

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 650 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Ehsem 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Arnaba

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
Yes Yes No

Balyun

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%
Yes Yes No

Deir Sunbul

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
Yes Yes Yes

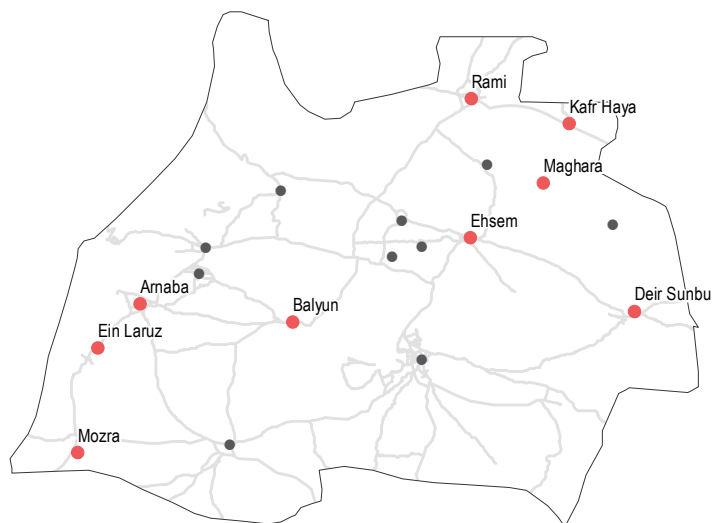
Ehsem

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
Yes Yes Yes

Ein Laruz

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%
Yes Yes No

• 9/19 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Arnaba, Balyun, Deir Sunbul, Ehsem, Ein Laruz



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Arnaba

NDPs IDPs
2000 - 8000 SYP

Balyun

NDPs IDPs
1000 - 7000 SYP

Deir Sunbul

NDPs IDPs
No info

Ehsem

NDPs IDPs
2000 - 8000 SYP

Ein Laruz

NDPs IDPs
2000 - 8000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Arnaba

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Balyun

Daily employment

Reducing meal size

Deir Sunbul

Daily employment

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Ehsem

Business / trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Ein Laruz

Daily employment
Farm owning

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Arnaba

B 18500 SYP NA
C 80 SYP 5000 SYP
D 600 SYP NA
F 75000 SYP NA

Ehsem

B 15600 SYP 2500 SYP
C 45 SYP 6000 SYP
D 550 SYP 500 SYP
F 65000 SYP 60000 SYP

Balyun

B 17000 SYP NA
C 80 SYP 6000 SYP
D 600 SYP NA
F 75000 SYP NA

Ein Laruz

B 17000 SYP 1700 SYP
C 80 SYP 5000 SYP
D 600 SYP NA
F 70000 SYP NA

Deir Sunbul

B 15000 SYP 2500 SYP
C 50 SYP 6000 SYP
D 550 SYP 500 SYP
F 75000 SYP NA SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Arnaba

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Balyun

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Deir Sunbul

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Ehsem

Burning clothes
Burning plastics
Burning waste

Ein Laruz

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Ehsem 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Arnaba

Closed well

Private paid collection

Balyun

Closed well

Public free collection

Deir Sunbul

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Ehsem

Water trucking

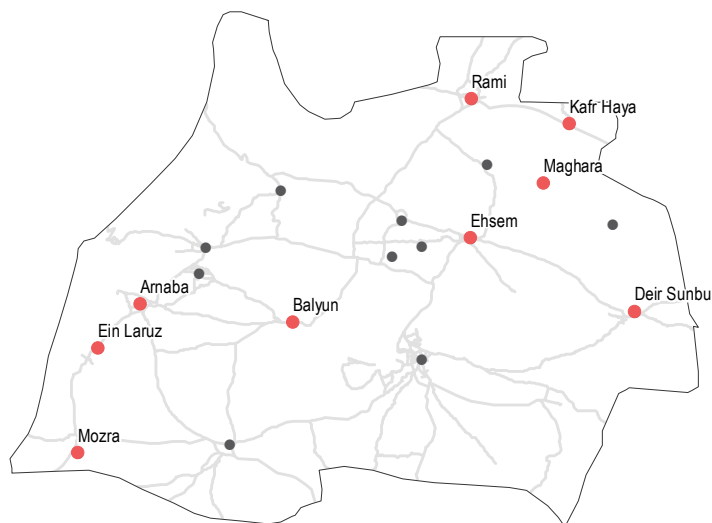
Private paid collection

Ein Laruz

Closed well

Private paid collection

• 9/19 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Arnaba, Balyun, Deir Sunbul, Ehsem, Ein Laruz



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Deir Sunbul

Lack of teaching staff

Ehsem

Some facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Ein Laruz

Most children accessed education

Arnaba

Most children accessed education

Balyun

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Diarrhoea
Skin diseases
Maternal health issues

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Security concerns around travel
Old age
Security concerns around entering facilities
No difficulties reported

Arnaba

Balyun

Deir Sunbul

Ehsem

Ein Laruz

Diarrhoea
Skin diseases
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Food Security

Arnaba

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 350 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Balyun

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 400 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Deir Sunbul

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 850 SYP

Private bakeries

Insufficient electricity/fuel
Flour not always available

1 to 10

Ehsem

Bread: no info
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

Insufficient electricity/fuel

1 to 10

Ein Laruz

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

Electricity/fuel too expensive

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

No information

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Kafr Haya

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Maghara

51-75% 51-75% 26-50%
 Yes No No

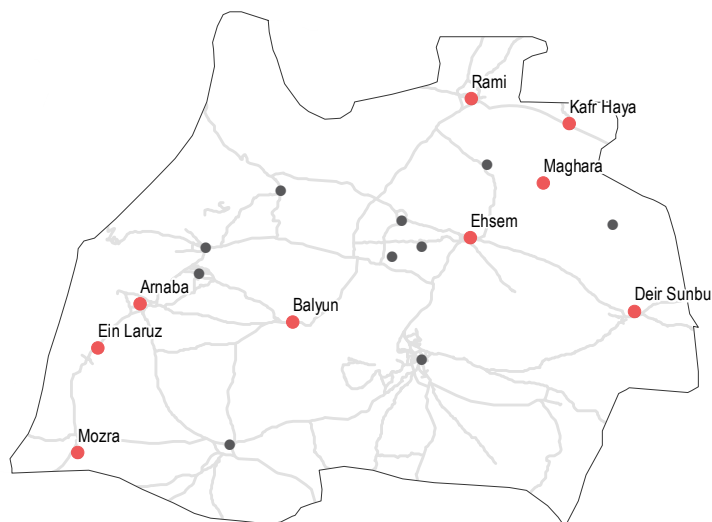
Mozra

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Rami

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes Yes

• 9/19 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Kafr Haya, Maghara, Mozra, Rami



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Kafr Haya

NDPs IDPs
 No info

Rami

NDPs IDPs
 2000 - 8000 SYP

Maghara

NDPs IDPs
 2000 - 8000 SYP

Mozra

NDPs IDPs
 2000 - 8000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Kafr Haya

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Maghara

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Mozra

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Rami

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

NFIs

Kafr Haya

B 17000 SYP
 C 80 SYP
 D 600 SYP
 F 80000 SYP

Rami

B 17000 SYP
 C 80 SYP
 D 600 SYP
 F 35000 SYP

Maghara

B 18000 SYP
 C 80 SYP
 D 600 SYP
 F 75000 SYP

Mozra

B 18000 SYP
 C 80 SYP
 D 600 SYP
 F 80000 SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Kafr Haya

Burning furniture not in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Maghara

Burning furniture not in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Mozra

Burning furniture not in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Rami

Burning furniture not in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Kafr Haya

Closed well

Left in street / public area

Maghara

Surface water unprotected spring

Private paid collection

Mozra

Closed well

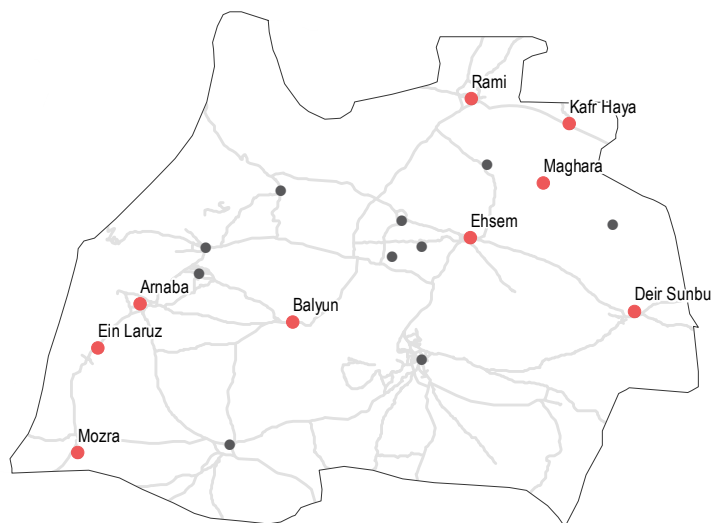
Private paid collection

Rami

Closed well

Private paid collection

• 9/19 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Kafr Haya, Maghara, Mozra, Rami



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Mozra

Most children accessed education

Rami

Most children accessed education

Kafr Haya

Most children accessed education

Maghara

Unsafe route to services

Health

Most common health problems

Diarrhoea
Skin diseases
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No facilities in the area

Kafr Haya

Maghara

Mozra

Rami

Diarrhoea
Skin diseases
Maternal health issuesDiarrhoea
Skin diseases
Maternal health issuesDiarrhoea
Skin diseases
Symptoms of psychological traumaSecurity concerns around travel
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportationSecurity concerns around travel
Lack of transportation
Security concerns around entering facilitiesSecurity concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Food Security

Kafr Haya

Bread: no info
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Maghara

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 275 SYP
Cooking oil: 350 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Mozra

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Rami

Bread: no info
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Ariba

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Besnaya Bseineh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Harim

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

- 3/6 communities assessed : Ariba, Besnaya Bseineh, Harim



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Ariba

NDPs IDPs

9000 - 11000 SYP

Besnaya Bseineh

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Harim

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 4000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Ariba

Farm owning
Business/trade
Savings

Borrowing from family/friends

Besnaya Bseineh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Harim

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Ariba

B NA NA

C 65 SYP 4500 SYP

D 550 SYP 1000 SYP

F 80000 SYP NA

Besnaya Bseineh

B 15000 SYP 3000 SYP

C 250 SYP 2500 SYP

D 600 SYP 400 SYP

F 45000 SYP NA

Harim

B 15000 SYP 3200 SYP

C 250 SYP 2500 SYP

D 600 SYP 400 SYP

F 45000 SYP NA

Ariba

Cutting trees

Besnaya Bseineh

No lack of fuel

Harim

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Ariba

Open well

Private paid collection

Besnaya Bseineh

Network

Disposed at designated site

Harim

Network

Disposed at designated site

• 3/6 communities assessed : Ariba, Besnaya Bseineh, Harim



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Harim

Most children accessed education

Ariba

Most children accessed education

Besnaya Bseineh

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Security concerns around entering facilities

Ariba

Besnaya Bseineh

Harim

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Ariba

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Besnaya Bseineh

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Harim

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Kafr Hum

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Kafr Mu

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes No No

Mira Shaq

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes No info No

- 3/6 communities assessed : Kafr Hum, Kafr Mu, Mira Shaq



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Kafr Hum

NDPs IDPs
 3000 - 4000 SYP

Kafr Mu

NDPs IDPs
 7000 - 8000 SYP

Mira Shaq

NDPs IDPs
 No info

Livelihoods

\$ Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Kafr Hum

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Kafr Mu

Daily employment
 Sale of household assets

Borrowing from family/friends

Mira Shaq

Sale of household assets
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Kafr Hum

B 11000 SYP 3200 SYP
 C 250 SYP 6000 SYP
 D 500 SYP 400 SYP
 F 45000 SYP NA

Kafr Mu

B NA NA
 C 70 SYP 4000 SYP
 D 500 SYP 800 SYP
 F 65000 SYP NA

Mira Shaq

B NA NA
 C NA 4000 SYP
 D 550 SYP 1500 SYP
 F 50000 SYP NA

Kafr Hum

No lack of fuel

Kafr Mu

No lack of fuel

Mira Shaq

Cutting trees

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Kafr Hum

Network

Disposed at designated site

Kafr Mu

Rainwater

Buried / burned

Mira Shaq

Rainwater

Buried / burned

• 3/6 communities assessed : Kafr Hum, Kafr Mu, Mira Shaq



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Kafr Hum

Most children accessed education

Mira Shaq

Services are too far
Unsafe route to services

Kafr Mu

Lack of teaching staff
Services are not accessible
No spaces available

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Kafr Hum

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Kafr Mu

Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation
Security concerns around entering facilities

Mira Shaq

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases

High cost of transportation
Family not permitting travel

Food Security

Kafr Hum



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Kafr Mu



Bread: no info
Rice: 175 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Mira Shaq



Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Heish 1/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Abu Habbah

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Amudiyeh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

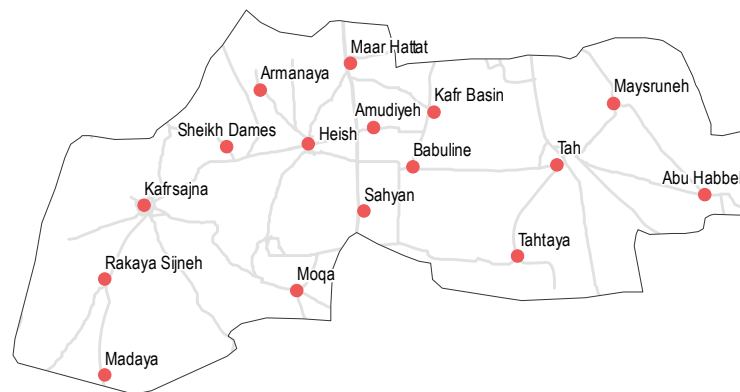
Armanaya

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Babuline

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

- 16/16 communities assessed (12 communities are shown on the next three factsheets): Abu Habbah, Amudiyeh, Armanaya, Babuline



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Abu Habbah

NDPs IDPs
 1500 - 2000 SYP

Babuline

NDPs IDPs
 No info

Amudiyeh

NDPs IDPs
 2000 - 2500 SYP

Armanaya

NDPs IDPs
 1000 - 1500 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Abu Habbah

Farm owning
 Business/trade
 Savings

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

Amudiyeh

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
 Taking loans/buying on credit
 Borrowing from family/friends

Armanaya

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
 Taking loans/buying on credit
 Borrowing from family/friends

Babuline

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Abu Habbah

B 8000 SYP

C 75 SYP

D 400 SYP

F 80000 SYP

Babuline

B 8500 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 225 SYP

F 65000 SYP

Amudiyeh

B 8500 SYP

C 70 SYP

D 350 SYP

F 75000 SYP

Armanaya

B 8500 SYP

C 80 SYP

D 400 SYP

F 75000 SYP

Abu Habbah

No lack of fuel

Amudiyeh

No lack of fuel

Armanaya

No lack of fuel

Babuline

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

Butane (cannister)

Coal (1kg)

Diesel (1 litre)

Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Heish 1/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Abu Habbah

Water trucking

Disposed at designated site

Amudiyeh

Water trucking

Disposed at designated site

Armanaya

Water trucking

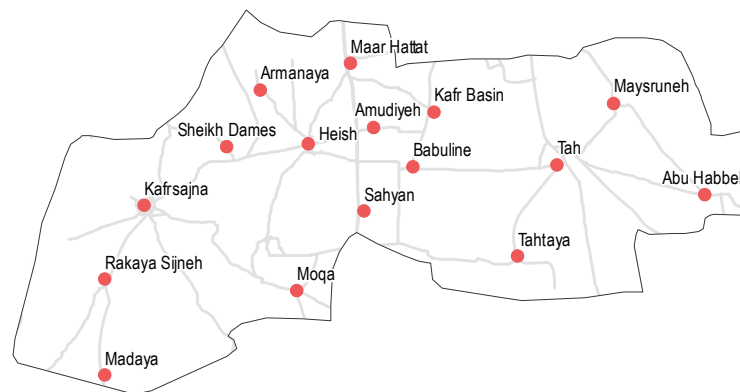
Disposed at designated site

Babuline

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 16/16 communities assessed (12 communities are shown on the next three factsheets): Abu Habbah, Amudiyeh, Armanaya, Babuline



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Armanaya

Most children accessed education

Babuline

Most children accessed education

Abu Habbah

Most children accessed education

Amudiyeh

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Abu Habbah

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Amudiyeh

Disabilities
Skin diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Armanaya

Disabilities
Skin diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Babuline

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues

No facilities in the area

Food Security

Abu Habbah

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Amudiyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Armanaya

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 375 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Babuline

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Heish 2/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Heish

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Kafr Basin

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

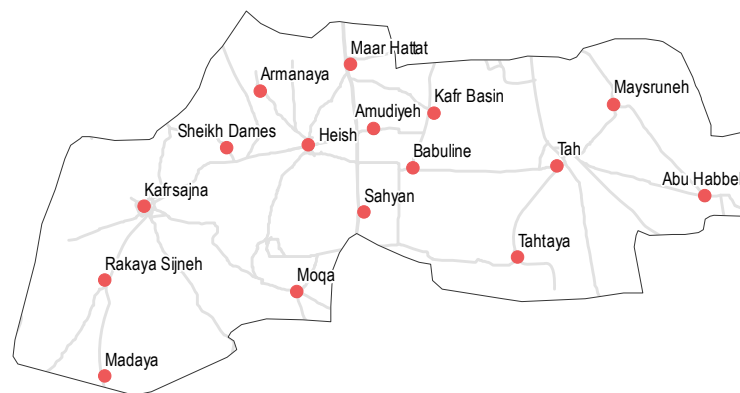
Kafrsajna

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Maar Hattat

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

- 16/16 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 8 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Heish, Kafr Basin, Kafrsajna, Maar Hattat



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Heish

NDPs IDPs
 3500 - 4000 SYP

Maar Hattat

NDPs IDPs
 3000 - 3500 SYP

Kafr Basin

NDPs IDPs
 3000 - 3500 SYP

Kafrsajna

NDPs IDPs
 2500 - 3000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Heish

Farm owning
 Business/trade
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

Kafr Basin

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

Kafrsajna

Farm owning
 Business/trade
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Taking loans/buying on credit

Maar Hattat

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Heish

B 8400 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 250 SYP

F 68000 SYP

1750 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Maar Hattat

B 8500 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 225 SYP

F 67000 SYP

1800 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Kafr Basin

B 8500 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 225 SYP

F 68000 SYP

1800 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Kafrsajna

B 8400 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 250 SYP

F 68000 SYP

1750 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Heish

No lack of fuel

Kafr Basin

No lack of fuel

Kafrsajna

No lack of fuel

Maar Hattat

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

Butane (cannister)

Coal (1kg)

Diesel (1 litre)

Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Heish 2/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Heish

Network

Public free collection

Kafr Basin

Water trucking

Public free collection

Kafrsajna

Network

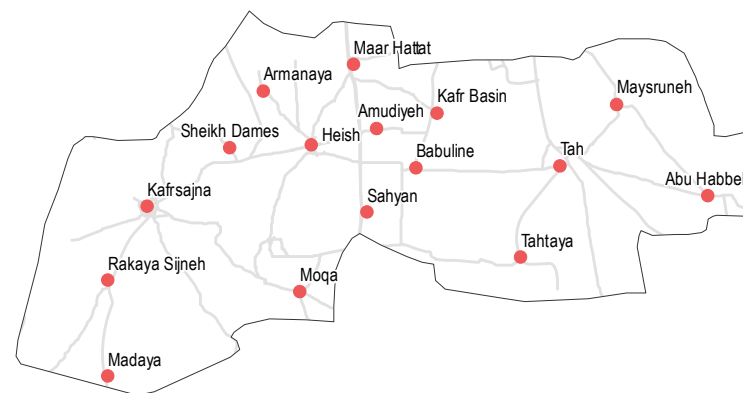
Public free collection

Maar Hattat

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 16/16 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 8 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Heish, Kafr Basin, Kafrsajna, Maar Hattat



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Kafrsajna

Most children accessed education

Maar Hattat

Most children accessed education

Heish

Most children accessed education

Kafr Basin

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Heish

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Kafr Basin

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Kafrsajna

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Maar Hattat

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Food Security

Heish

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Kafr Basin

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Kafrsajna

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Maar Hattat

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Heish 3/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Madaya

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Maysruneh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Moqa

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

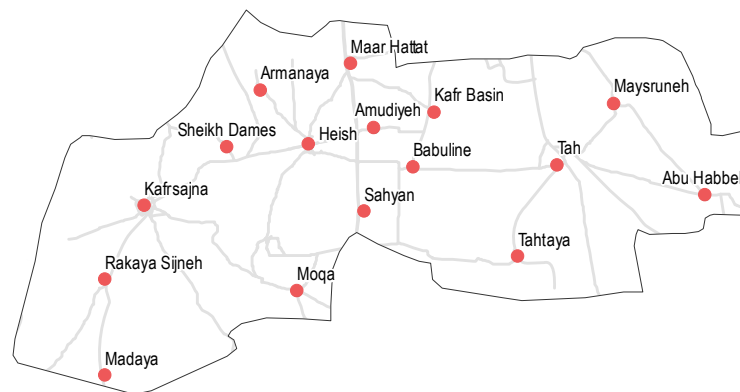
Yes Yes Yes

Rakaya Sijneh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes Yes

- 16/16 communities assessed (8 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Madaya, Maysruneh, Moqa, Rakaya Sijneh



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Madaya

NDPs IDPs

1500 - 2000 SYP

Rakaya Sijneh

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 2500 SYP

Maysruneh

NDPs IDPs

1500 - 2000 SYP

Moqa

NDPs IDPs

1500 - 2000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Madaya

Farm owning
Business/trade
Savings

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Maysruneh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Moqa

Farm owning
Business/trade
Savings

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Rakaya Sijneh

Farm owning
Business/trade
Remittances

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Madaya

B 8000 SYP

C 70 SYP

D 400 SYP

F 75000 SYP

2500 SYP

3500 SYP

400 SYP

45000 SYP

Rakaya Sijneh

B 8500 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 400 SYP

F 75000 SYP

2500 SYP

3700 SYP

400 SYP

50000 SYP

Maysruneh

B 8000 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 450 SYP

F 75000 SYP

2500 SYP

4000 SYP

400 SYP

55000 SYP

Moqa

B 8500 SYP

C 70 SYP

D 400 SYP

F 75000 SYP

2500 SYP

4000 SYP

400 SYP

55000 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

Butane (cannister)

Coal (1kg)

Diesel (1 litre)

Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Madaya

No lack of fuel

Maysruneh

No lack of fuel

Rakaya Sijneh

No lack of fuel

Moqa

No lack of fuel

Heish 3/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Madaya

Water trucking

Disposed at designated site

Maysruneh

Water trucking

Disposed at designated site

Moqa

Water trucking

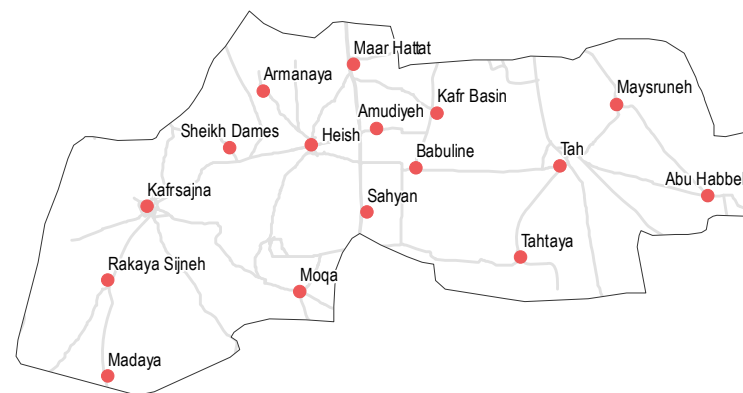
Disposed at designated site

Rakaya Sijneh

Water trucking

Private paid collection

• 16/16 communities assessed (8 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Madaya, Maysruneh, Moqa, Rakaya Sijneh



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Moqa

Most children accessed education

Rakaya Sijneh

Most children accessed education

Madaya

Most children accessed education

Maysruneh

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Madaya

Skin diseases
Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Maysruneh

Skin diseases
Communicable diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Moqa

Skin diseases
Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Rakaya Sijneh

Skin diseases
Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Food Security

Madaya

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 375 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Maysruneh

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 375 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Moqa

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Rakaya Sijneh

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 375 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Heish 4/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Sahyan

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Sheikh Dames

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Tah

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

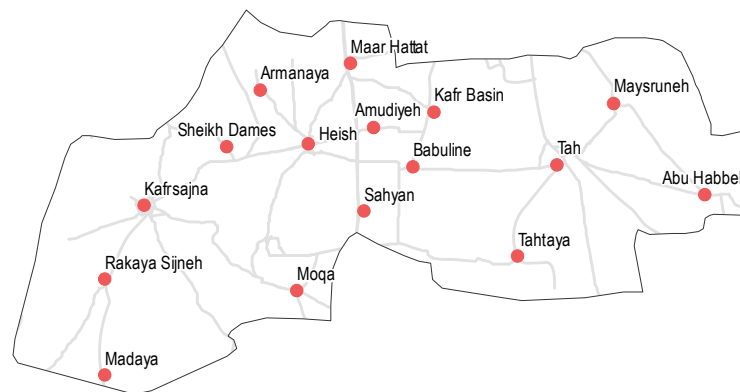
Yes No Yes

Tahtaya

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes Yes

- 16/16 communities assessed (12 communities are shown on the previous three factsheets): Sahyan, Sheikh Dames, Tah, Tahtaya



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Sahyan

NDPs IDPs

No info

Tahtaya

NDPs IDPs

1500 - 2000 SYP

Sheikh Dames

NDPs IDPs

No info

Tah

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Sahyan

Farm owning
Business/trade
Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Sheikh Dames

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Tah

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Tahtaya

Daily employment
Farm owning
Savings

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Sahyan

B 8400 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 200 SYP

F 70000 SYP

Tahtaya

B 8000 SYP

C 70 SYP

D 400 SYP

F 75000 SYP

Sheikh Dames

B 8500 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 200 SYP

F 70000 SYP

Tah

B 8200 SYP

C 65 SYP

D 250 SYP

F 70000 SYP

Sahyan

No lack of fuel

Sheikh Dames

No lack of fuel

Tah

No lack of fuel

Tahtaya

B 8000 SYP

C 70 SYP

D 400 SYP

F 75000 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

Butane (cannister)

Coal (1kg)

Diesel (1 litre)

Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Tahtaya

No lack of fuel

Heish 4/4, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Sahyan

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Sheikh Dames

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Tah

Network

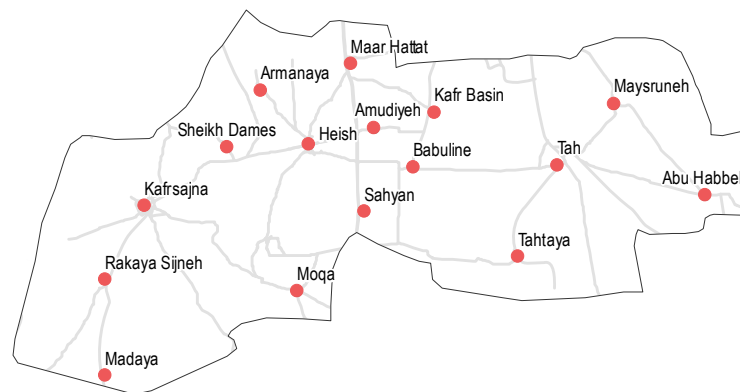
Public free collection

Tahtaya

Water trucking

Private paid collection

- 16/16 communities assessed (12 communities are shown on the previous three factsheets): Sahyan, Sheikh Dames, Tah, Tahtaya



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Tah

Most children accessed education

Tahtaya

Most children accessed education

Sahyan

Most children accessed education

Sheikh Dames

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Sahyan

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Sheikh Dames

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Tah

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Tahtaya

Skin diseases
Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area
Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Food Security

Sahyan

Bread: 125 SYP

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Sheikh Dames

Bread: 125 SYP

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Tah

Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 425 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Tahtaya

Bread: no info

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Sugar: 350 SYP

Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Idleb 1/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Aqrabat

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Arshani

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Ein Shib

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Falyun

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

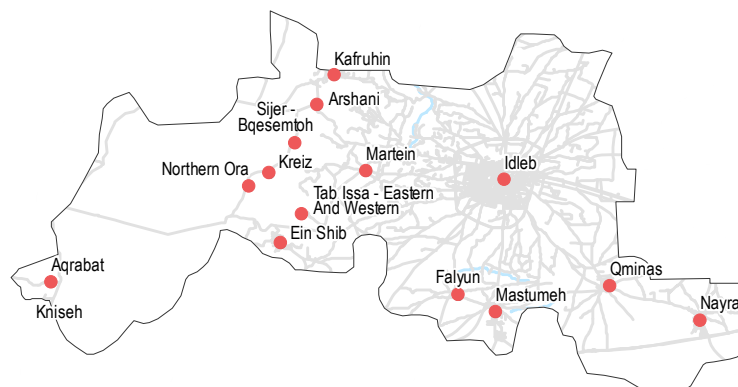
Yes No No

Idleb

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 14/19 communities assessed (9 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Aqrabat, Arshani, Ein Shib, Falyun, Idleb



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Aqrabat

NDPs IDPs

4500 - 5000 SYP

Arshani

NDPs IDPs

5500 - 6000 SYP

Ein Shib

NDPs IDPs

7000 - 9000 SYP

Falyun

NDPs IDPs

No info

Idleb

NDPs IDPs

7000 - 12000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Aqrabat

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Arshani

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Ein Shib

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Falyun

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Idleb

Daily employment
Business/trade
Remittances

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Aqrabat

B 13500 SYP NA
C 400 SYP 3500 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F 67500 SYP NA

Falyun

B 13000 SYP 2500 SYP
C NA 3500 SYP
D 450 SYP 1100 SYP
F 67000 SYP NA

Arshani

B 13500 SYP 2500 SYP
C 400 SYP 3500 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F 68000 SYP NA

Idleb

B 14000 SYP 2500 SYP
C 375 SYP 4000 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F 65000 SYP NA

Ein Shib

B 13500 SYP 2500 SYP
C 400 SYP 3500 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F NA NA

Aqrabat

Burning furniture not in use

Arshani

Burning furniture not in use

Ein Shib

Burning furniture not in use

Falyun

Burning furniture not in use

Idleb

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Aqrabat

Closed well

Private paid collection

Arshani

Closed well

Private paid collection

Ein Shib

Closed well

Private paid collection

Falyun

Closed well

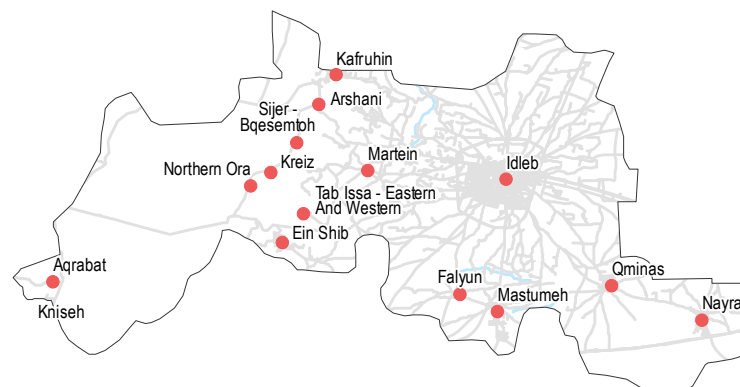
Private paid collection

Idleb

Network

Private paid collection

- 14/19 communities assessed (9 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Aqrabat, Arshani, Ein Shib, Falyun, Idleb



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Ein Shib

Most children accessed education

Falyun

Most children accessed education

Idleb

Most children accessed education

Aqrabat

Most children accessed education

Arshani

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Aqrabat

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Arshani

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No facilities in the area

Ein Shib

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Falyun

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Idleb

Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Aqrabat

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Arshani

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Ein Shib

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 225 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Falyun

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Idleb

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Kafruhin

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Kreiz

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Martein

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Mastumeh

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

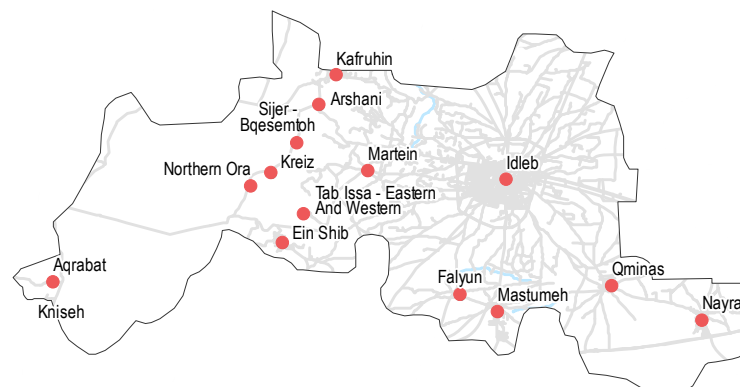
Yes No No

Nayrab

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 14/19 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Kafruhin, Kreiz, Martein, Mastumeh, Nayrab



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Kafruhin

NDPs IDPs

5000 - 6000 SYP

Mastumeh

NDPs IDPs

No info

Kreiz

NDPs IDPs

5000 - 6000 SYP

Nayrab

NDPs IDPs

7000 - 8500 SYP

Martein

NDPs IDPs

5000 - 5500 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Kafruhin

Daily employment
Farm owning
Remittances

Children sent to work/beg

Kreiz

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Martein

Daily employment
Business/trade
Remittances

Children sent to work/beg

Mastumeh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Nayrab

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Kafruhin

B 14000 SYP 2500 SYP
 C 400 SYP 3500 SYP
 D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
 F NA NA

Mastumeh

B 13500 SYP 2800 SYP
 C 400 SYP 4000 SYP
 D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
 F 68000 SYP NA

Kreiz

B 13500 SYP NA
 C 400 SYP 4000 SYP
 D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
 F 68000 SYP NA

Nayrab

B 13500 SYP 2800 SYP
 C 400 SYP 4000 SYP
 D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
 F NA NA

Martein

B 13500 SYP NA
 C 400 SYP 3500 SYP
 D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
 F 67500 SYP NA

Kafruhin

No lack of fuel

Kreiz

No lack of fuel

Martein

Burning furniture not in use

Mastumeh

No lack of fuel

Nayrab

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Kafruhin

Closed well

Private paid collection

Kreiz

Closed well

Private paid collection

Martein

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Mastumeh

Closed well

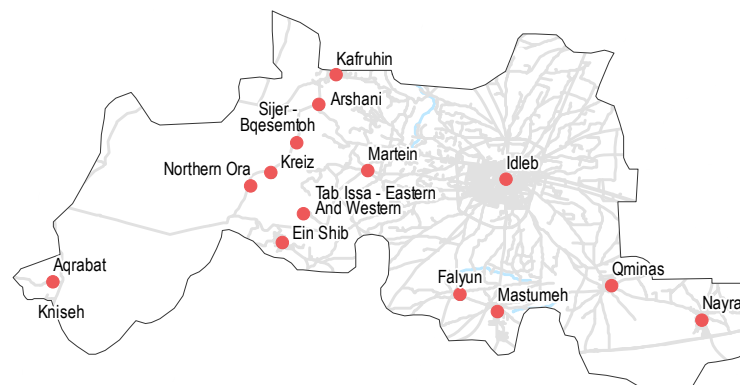
Private paid collection

Nayrab

Closed well

Private paid collection

• 14/19 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Kafruhin, Kreiz, Marte in, Mastumeh, Nayrab



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Marte in

Most children accessed education

Mastumeh

Most children accessed education

Kafruhin

Most children accessed education

Nayrab

Most children accessed education

Kreiz

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Kafruhin

Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Kreiz

Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No facilities in the area

Marte in

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Mastumeh

Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No difficulties reported

Nayrab

Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Kafruhin

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Kreiz

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Marte in

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Mastumeh

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 525 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Nayrab

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 525 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Northern Ora

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Qminas

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Sijer Bqesemtoh

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

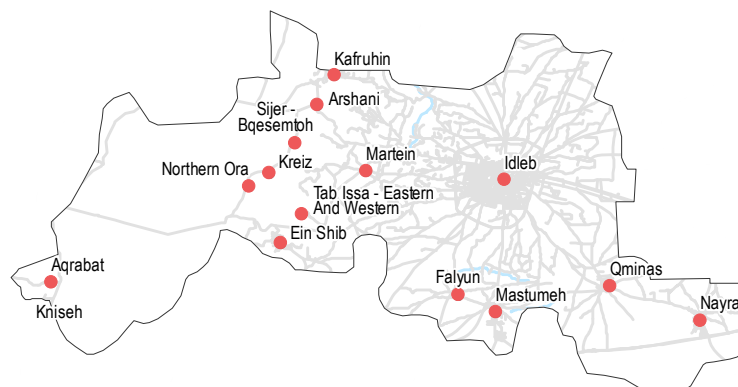
Yes No No

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 14/19 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Northern Ora, Qminas, Sijer Bqesemtoh, Tab Issa Eastern And Western



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Northern Ora

NDPs IDPs

5000 - 6000 SYP

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 4000 SYP

Qminas

NDPs IDPs

No info

Sijer Bqesemtoh

NDPs IDPs

5500 - 6500 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Northern Ora

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Qminas

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Sijer Bqesemtoh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Northern Ora

B 13000 SYP 2700 SYP
C 400 SYP 4000 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F 68000 SYP NA

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

B 13500 SYP NA
C 400 SYP 4000 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F NA NA

Qminas

B 13000 SYP 2500 SYP
C 400 SYP 3500 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F 65000 SYP NA

Sijer Bqesemtoh

B 13000 SYP 2500 SYP
C 400 SYP 3500 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F 67500 SYP NA

Northern Ora

No lack of fuel

Qminas

Burning furniture not in use

Sijer Bqesemtoh

Burning furniture not in use

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

No lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Northern Ora

Closed well

Private paid collection

Qminas

Closed well

Private paid collection

Sijer Bqesemtoh

Network

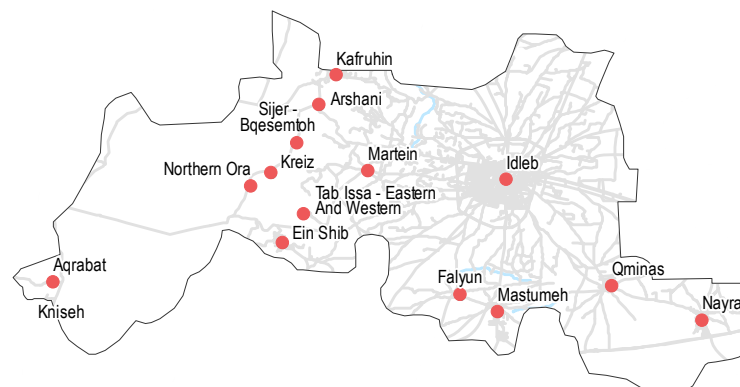
Private paid collection

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

Water trucking

Private paid collection

- 14/19 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Northern Ora, Qminas, Sijer Bqesemtoh, Tab Issa Eastern And Western



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Sijer Bqesemtoh

Most children accessed education

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

Most children accessed education

Northern Ora

Most children accessed education

Qminas

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Northern Ora

Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No facilities in the area

Qminas

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Sijer Bqesemtoh

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No facilities in the area

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Food Security

Northern Ora

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 525 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Qminas

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Sijer Bqesemtoh

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Tab Issa Eastern And Western

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

No information

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Janudiyeh 1/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070403

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Foz Zuf

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Hamama Kafr Debbin

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Hassaniyeh Hatya

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

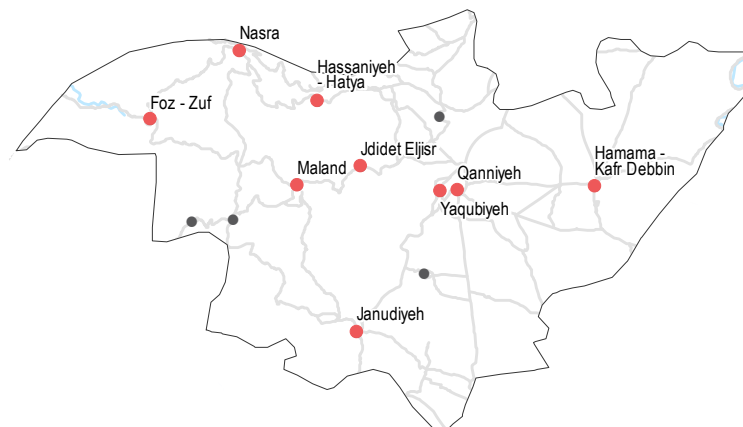
Janudiyeh

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Jdidet Eljisir

1-25% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes No No

- 9/13 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Foz Zuf, Hamama Kafr Debbin, Hassaniyeh Hatya, Janudiyeh, Jdidet Eljisir



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Foz Zuf

NDPs IDPs
 11000 - 12000 SYP

Janudiyeh

NDPs IDPs
 10000 - 11000 SYP

Hamama Kafr Debbin

NDPs IDPs
 11000 - 12000 SYP

Jdidet Eljisir

NDPs IDPs
 No info

Hassaniyeh Hatya

NDPs IDPs
 10000 - 11000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Foz Zuf

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Hamama Kafr Debbin

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Hassaniyeh Hatya

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Janudiyeh

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Jdidet Eljisir

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

NFIs

Foz Zuf

12000 SYP NA
 NA NA
 400 SYP NA
 40000 SYP NA

Janudiyeh

12000 SYP NA
 NA 5000 SYP
 400 SYP NA
 45000 SYP NA

Hamama Kafr Debbin

12000 SYP NA
 NA 5000 SYP
 400 SYP NA
 40000 SYP NA

Jdidet Eljisir

12000 SYP NA
 NA 5000 SYP
 400 SYP NA
 45000 SYP NA

Hassaniyeh Hatya

12000 SYP NA
 NA 5000 SYP
 400 SYP NA
 45000 SYP NA

Foz Zuf

Burning furniture in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Hamama Kafr Debbin

Burning furniture in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Hassaniyeh Hatya

Burning furniture in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Janudiyeh

Burning furniture in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Jdidet Eljisir

Burning furniture in use
 Burning clothes
 Burning plastics

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Janudiyeh 1/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070403

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

- Sufficient
- Insufficient
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Foz Zuf

- Network
- Private paid collection

Hamama Kafr Debbin

- Network
- Private paid collection

Hassaniyeh Hatya

- Water trucking
- Private paid collection

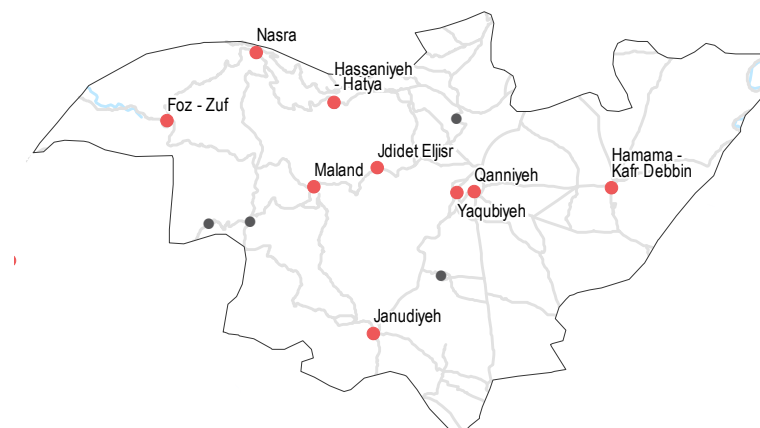
Janudiyeh

- Network
- Private paid collection

Jdidet Eljisir

- Water trucking
- Private paid collection

- 9/13 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Foz Zuf, Hamama Kafr Debbin, Hassaniyeh Hatya, Janudiyeh, Jdidet Eljisir



Education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Hassaniyeh Hatya
Most children accessed education

Janudiyeh
Most children accessed education

Foz Zuf
Most children accessed education

Hamama Kafr Debbin
Most children accessed education

Jdidet Eljisir
Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Foz Zuf

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Hamama Kafr Debbin

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Hassaniyeh Hatya

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Janudiyeh

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Jdidet Eljisir

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Foz Zuf

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

- Private bakeries
- No difficulties reported
- Private bakeries unavailable

Hamama Kafr Debbin

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

- Private bakeries
- No difficulties reported
- Private bakeries unavailable

Hassaniyeh Hatya

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

- Private bakeries
- No difficulties reported
- Private bakeries unavailable

Janudiyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

- Private bakeries
- No difficulties reported
- 0

Jdidet Eljisir

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

- Private bakeries
- No difficulties reported
- Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to markets
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel unavailable
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

- Most common source of bread
- Most common barriers to accessing bread
- Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Janudiyeh 2/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070403

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Maland

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Nasra

None 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Qanniyeh

1-25% 26-50% 1-25%

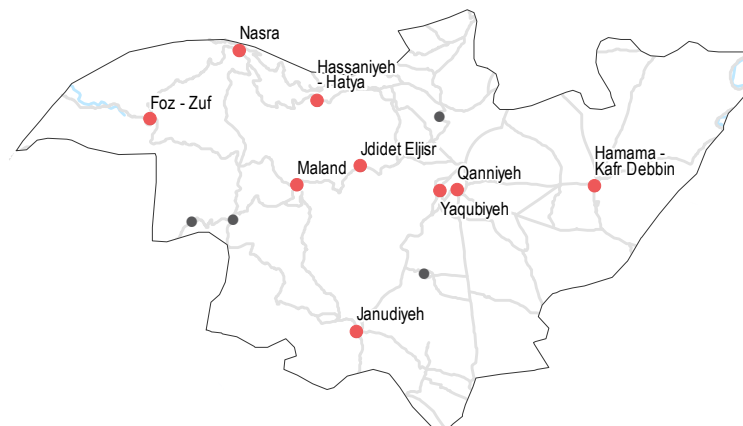
Yes Yes No

Yaqubiyeh

1-25% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

• 9/13 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Maland, Nasra, Qanniyeh, Yaqubiyeh



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Maland

NDPs IDPs

11000 - 12000 SYP

Yaqubiyeh

NDPs IDPs

No info

Nasra

NDPs IDPs

No info

Qanniyeh

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Maland

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Nasra

Daily employment
Business/trade
Support from family/friends

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Qanniyeh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Yaqubiyeh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

NFIs

Maland

12000 SYP 1800 SYP

NA 5000 SYP

425 SYP NA

50000 SYP NA

Yaqubiyeh

12000 SYP 1800 SYP

NA 5000 SYP

425 SYP NA

45000 SYP NA

Nasra

12000 SYP NA

NA NA

400 SYP NA

40000 SYP NA

Qanniyeh

12000 SYP NA

NA 5000 SYP

400 SYP NA

40000 SYP NA

Maland

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Nasra

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Qanniyeh

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
 - Floor mat (3*4m)
 - Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
 - Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Yaqubiyeh

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Janudiyeh 2/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070403

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

- Sufficient
- Insufficient
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Maland

- Water trucking
- Private paid collection

Nasra

- Closed well
- Private paid collection

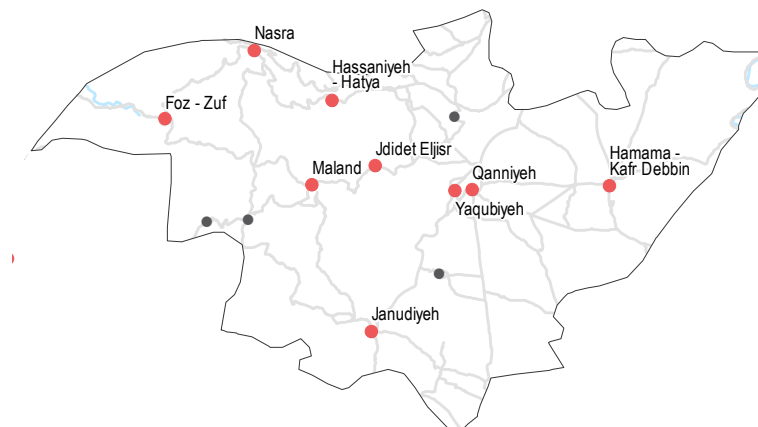
Qanniyeh

- Water trucking
- Private paid collection

Yaqubiyeh

- Water trucking
- Private paid collection

• 9/13 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Maland, Nasra, Qanniyeh, Yaqubiyeh



Education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Qanniyeh

Most children accessed education

Yaqubiyeh

Most children accessed education

Maland

Most children accessed education

Nasra

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Maland

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Nasra

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Qanniyeh

Diarrhoea
Injuries
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Yaqubiyeh

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Maland

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Nasra

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Qanniyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Yaqubiyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to markets
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel unavailable
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Jisr Ash-Shugur 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Dgali

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Frikeh

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

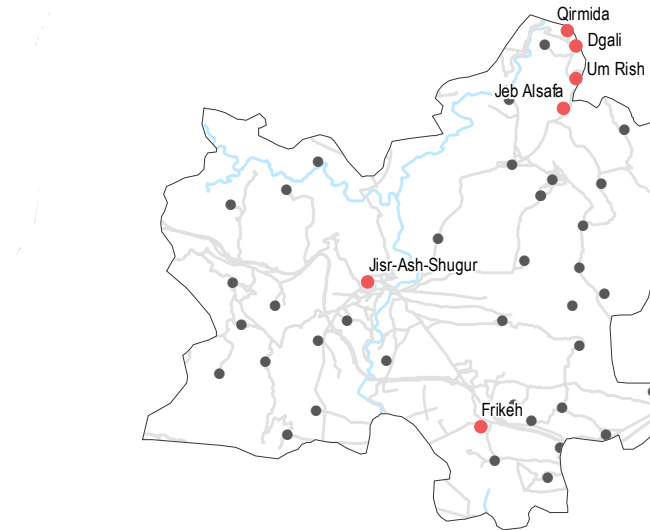
Yes No No

Jeb Alsafa

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 6/40 communities assessed (3 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Dgali, Frikeh, Jeb Alsafa



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
 - Shared apartment or house
 - Unfinished apartment or house
 - Tent
 - Private space not for shelter
 - Cave/natural shelter
 - Collective public space not for shelter
 - No IDPs
 - No information
 - Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Dgali

NDPs IDPs

No info

Frikeh

NDPs IDPs

No info

Jeb Alsafa

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Dgali

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Frikeh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Jeb Alsafa

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

NFIs

Dgali

12000 SYP NA

NA 5000 SYP

425 SYP NA

50000 SYP NA

Frikeh

12000 SYP NA

NA 5000 SYP

400 SYP NA

45000 SYP NA

Jeb Alsafa

NA NA

NA NA

400 SYP NA

40000 SYP NA

Dgali

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Frikeh

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Jeb Alsafa

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Jisr Ash-Shugur 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Dgali

Network

Left in street / public area

Frikeh

Water trucking

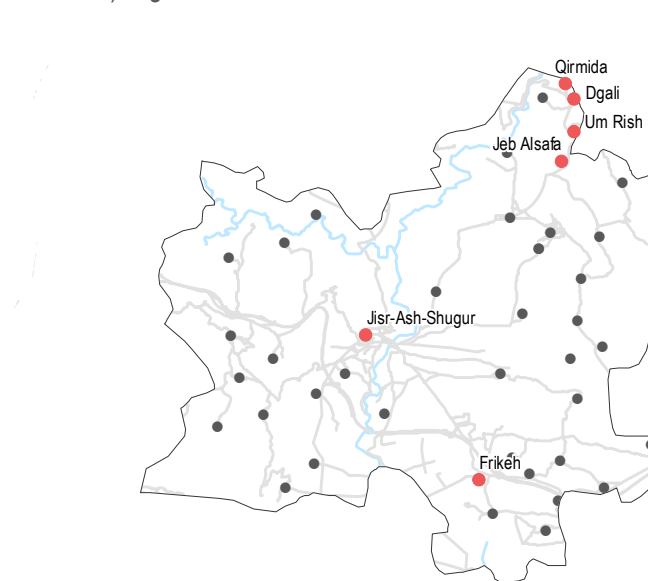
Private paid collection

Jeb Alsafa

Network

Left in street / public area

- 6/40 communities assessed (3 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Dgali, Frikeh, Jeb Alsafa



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Jeb Alsafa

Most children accessed education

Dgali

Most children accessed education

Frikeh

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Dgali

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Frikeh

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Jeb Alsafa

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Dgali

Bread: no info

Rice: 250 SYP

Lentils: 350 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Frikeh

Bread: no info

Rice: 250 SYP

Lentils: 350 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Jeb Alsafa

Bread: no info

Rice: 250 SYP

Lentils: 350 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Jisr Ash-Shugur 2/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Jisr Ash-Shugur

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Qirmida

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

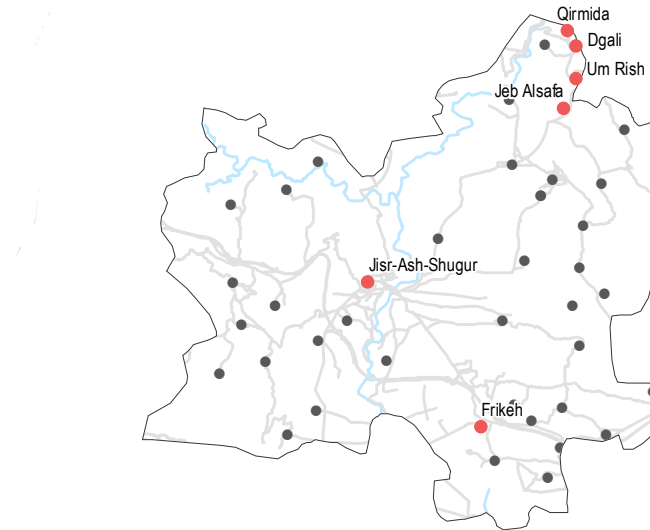
Yes Yes No

Um Rish

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 6/40 communities assessed (3 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Jisr Ash-Shugur, Qirmida, Um Rish



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Jisr Ash-Shugur

NDPs IDPs

4000 - 5000 SYP

Qirmida

NDPs IDPs

No info

Um Rish

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Jisr Ash-Shugur

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Qirmida

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Um Rish

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

NFIs

Jisr Ash-Shugur

12000 SYP NA

NA 5000 SYP

400 SYP NA

45000 SYP NA

Qirmida

12000 SYP NA

NA 5000 SYP

450 SYP NA

50000 SYP NA

Um Rish

12000 SYP NA

NA NA

400 SYP NA

40000 SYP NA

Jisr Ash-Shugur

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Qirmida

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Um Rish

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Jisr Ash-Shugur 2/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Jisr Ash-Shugur

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Qirmida

Water trucking

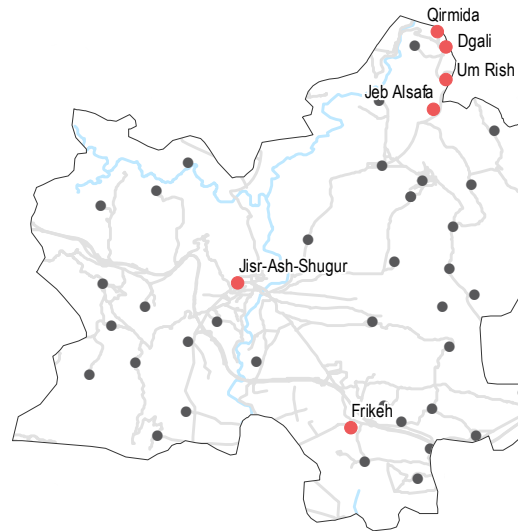
Private paid collection

Um Rish

Network

Left in street / public area

• 6/40 communities assessed (3 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Jisr Ash-Shugur, Qirmida, Um Rish



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Jisr Ash-Shugur

Most children accessed education

Qirmida

Most children accessed education

Um Rish

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Jisr Ash-Shugur

Diarrhoea
Injuries
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Qirmida

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Um Rish

Diarrhoea
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Jisr Ash-Shugur



Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



No difficulties reported

0

Qirmida



Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Um Rish



Bread: no info
Rice: 250 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Kafr Nobol, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Basqala

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes Yes

Has

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Kafr Oweid

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Maar Tahroma

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

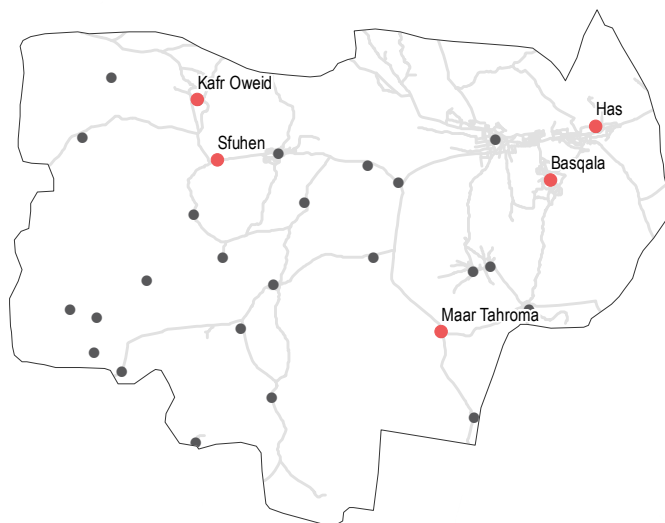
Yes Yes No

Sfuhen

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

• 5/28 communities assessed : Basqala, Has, Kafr Oweid, Maar Tahroma, Sfuhen



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Basqala

NDPs IDPs

2500 - 3000 SYP

Has

NDPs IDPs

1800 - 2000 SYP

Kafr Oweid

NDPs IDPs

1500 - 1700 SYP

Maar Tahroma

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 2200 SYP

Sfuhen

NDPs IDPs

1800 - 2000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Basqala

Daily employment
Farm owning
Remittances

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Has

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Kafr Oweid

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Maar Tahroma

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Sfuhen

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

NFIs

Basqala

B 8000 SYP

2500 SYP

C 65 SYP

3500 SYP

D 400 SYP

400 SYP

F 70000 SYP

50000 SYP

Maar Tahroma

B 9000 SYP

1800 SYP

C 80 SYP

4500 SYP

D 325 SYP

850 SYP

F 60000 SYP

NA

Has

B 9000 SYP

1800 SYP

C 85 SYP

4500 SYP

D 325 SYP

850 SYP

F 62000 SYP

NA

Sfuhen

B 9000 SYP

1800 SYP

C 80 SYP

4500 SYP

D 300 SYP

850 SYP

F 62000 SYP

NA

Kafr Oweid

B 9300 SYP

1800 SYP

C 80 SYP

4500 SYP

D 325 SYP

850 SYP

F 63000 SYP

NA

Basqala

No lack of fuel

Has

No lack of fuel

Kafr Oweid

No lack of fuel

Maar Tahroma

No lack of fuel

Sfuhen

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Kafr Nobol, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Basqala

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Has

Water trucking

Public free collection

Kafr Oweid

Water trucking

Public free collection

Maar Tahroma

Water trucking

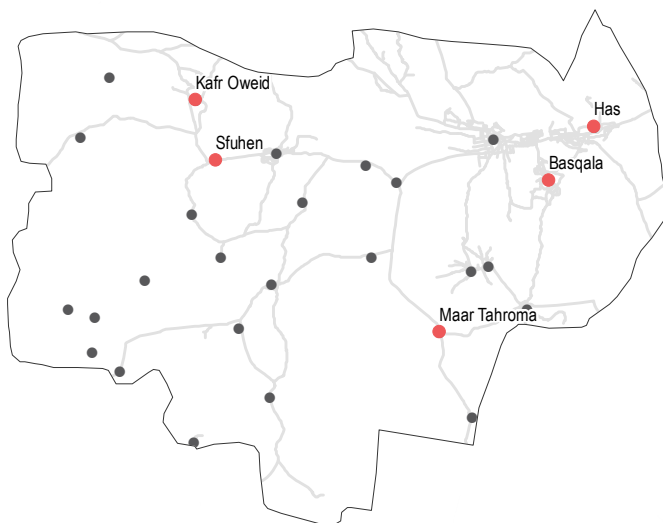
Public free collection

Sfuhen

Water trucking

Public free collection

• 5/28 communities assessed : Basqala, Has, Kafr Oweid, Maar Tahroma, Sfuhen



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Kafr Oweid

Most children accessed education

Maar Tahroma

Most children accessed education

Sfuhen

Most children accessed education

Basqala

Most children accessed education

Has

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Basqala

Skin diseases
Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Has

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Kafr Oweid

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Maar Tahroma

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Sfuhen

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Basqala

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

Has

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 290 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Kafr Oweid

Bread: 140 SYP
Rice: 460 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Maar Tahroma

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Sfuhen

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Khan Shaykun 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Abdin

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Baarbu

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Hbit

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

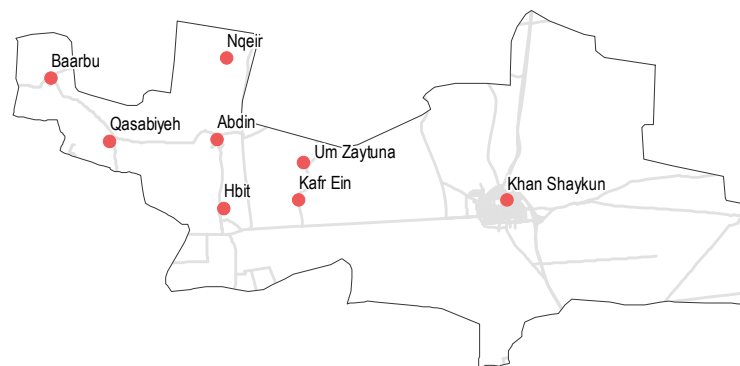
Yes Yes No

Kafr Ein

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

- 8/8 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Abdin, Baarbu, Hbit, Kafr Ein



Shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Abdin

NDPs IDPs

1000 - 1500 SYP

Kafr Ein

NDPs IDPs

No info

Baarbu

NDPs IDPs

4000 - 4500 SYP

Hbit

NDPs IDPs

2500 - 3000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Abdin

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Baarbu

Farm owning
Business/trade
Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Hbit

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Kafr Ein

Farm owning
Business/trade
Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Abdin

B 8000 SYP 1800 SYP **C** 65 SYP 4000 SYP **D** 250 SYP 250 SYP **F** 70000 SYP 25000 SYP

Kafr Ein

B 8500 SYP 1800 SYP **C** 65 SYP 4000 SYP **D** 225 SYP 250 SYP **F** 67000 SYP 25000 SYP

Baarbu

B 8500 SYP 1850 SYP **C** 65 SYP 4000 SYP **D** 225 SYP 250 SYP **F** 65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Hbit

B 8200 SYP 1800 SYP **C** 65 SYP 4000 SYP **D** 250 SYP 250 SYP **F** 70000 SYP 25000 SYP

Abdin

No lack of fuel

Baarbu

No lack of fuel

Hbit

No lack of fuel

Kafr Ein

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Khan Shaykun 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Abdin

Network

Buried / burned

Baarbu

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Hbit

Network

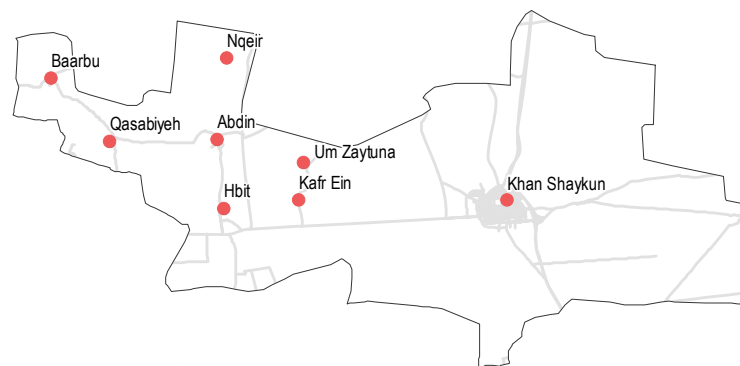
Public free collection

Kafr Ein

Water trucking

Buried / burned

- 8/8 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Abdin, Baarbu, Hbit, Kafr Ein



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services



Hbit

Most children accessed education



Kafr Ein

Most children accessed education



Abdin

Most children accessed education



Baarbu

Most children accessed education

Health



Most common health problems



Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Abdin

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases

No facilities in the area

Baarbu

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases

No facilities in the area

Hbit

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Kafr Ein

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases

No facilities in the area

Food Security

Abdin

Bread: 125 SYP

Rice: 425 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Baarbu

Bread: 125 SYP

Rice: 425 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Hbit

Bread: 125 SYP

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Kafr Ein

Bread: 125 SYP

Rice: 425 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Khan Shaykun 2/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Khan Shaykun

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Nqeir

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

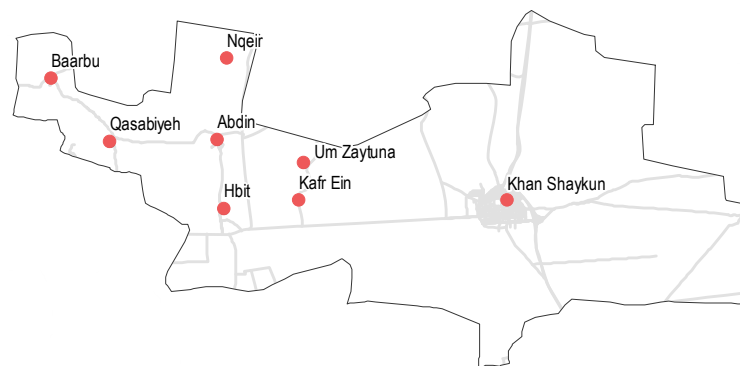
Qasabiyeh

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes No No

Um Zaytuna

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes No No

- 8/8 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Khan Shaykun, Nqeir, Qasabiyeh, Um Zaytuna



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Khan Shaykun

NDPs IDPs
 4000 - 4500 SYP

Nqeir

NDPs IDPs
 3500 - 4000 SYP

Qasabiyeh

NDPs IDPs
 2500 - 3000 SYP

Um Zaytuna

NDPs IDPs
 No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Khan Shaykun

Farm owning
 Business/trade
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

Nqeir

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

Qasabiyeh

Daily employment
 Farm owning
 Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

Um Zaytuna

Farm owning
 Business/trade
 Sale of humanitarian aid

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Khan Shaykun

8000 SYP

65 SYP

250 SYP

70000 SYP

1750 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Um Zaytuna

8500 SYP

65 SYP

225 SYP

70000 SYP

1800 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Nqeir

8700 SYP

65 SYP

230 SYP

60000 SYP

1800 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Qasabiyeh

8500 SYP

65 SYP

225 SYP

65000 SYP

1800 SYP

4000 SYP

250 SYP

25000 SYP

Khan Shaykun

No lack of fuel

Nqeir

No lack of fuel

Qasabiyeh

No lack of fuel

Um Zaytuna

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

Butane (cannister)

Coal (1kg)

Diesel (1 litre)

Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Khan Shaykun 2/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Khan Shaykun

Network

Public free collection

Nqeir

Network

Public free collection

Qasabiyeh

Network

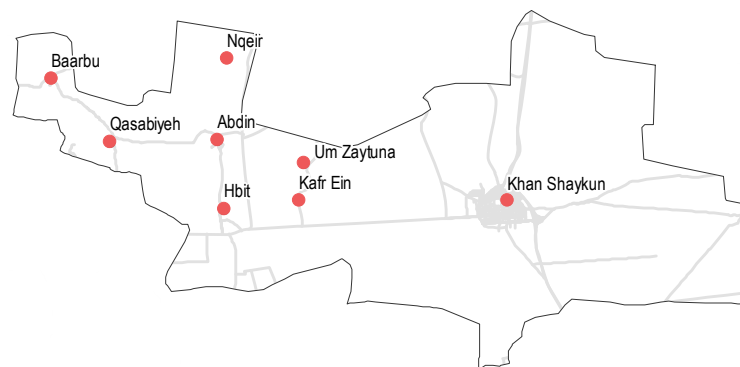
Buried / burned

Um Zaytuna

Water trucking

Buried / burned

• 8/8 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Khan Shaykun, Nqeir, Qasabiyeh, Um Zaytuna



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Qasabiyeh

Most children accessed education

Um Zaytuna

Most children accessed education

Khan Shaykun

Most children accessed education

Nqeir

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Khan Shaykun

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Nqeir

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Qasabiyeh

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Um Zaytuna

Skin diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Food Security

Khan Shaykun

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Nqeir

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Qasabiyeh

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Um Zaytuna

Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Maaret Tamsrin 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Bhora

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Hazano

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Kafr Kafrehmul

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

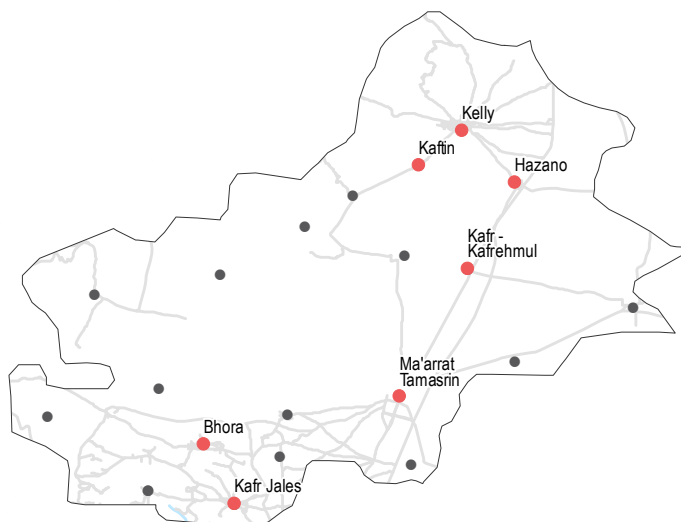
Yes No No

Kafr Jales

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 7/19 communities assessed (3 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Bhora, Hazano, Kafr Kafrehmul, Kafr Jales



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Bhora

NDPs IDPs

6000 - 7500 SYP

Kafr Jales

NDPs IDPs

5500 - 7500 SYP

Hazano

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 15000 SYP

Kafr Kafrehmul

NDPs IDPs

7500 - 8500 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Bhora

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Hazano

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Kafr Kafrehmul

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Kafr Jales

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Bhora

B 13500 SYP 2600 SYP
C 400 SYP 4000 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F NA NA

Kafr Jales

B 13500 SYP 2500 SYP
C NA 4000 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F NA NA

Hazano

B NA 2000 SYP
C NA 5500 SYP
D 375 SYP 500 SYP
F NA 25000 SYP

Kafr Kafrehmul

B 13000 SYP 2500 SYP
C 400 SYP 4000 SYP
D 500 SYP 1100 SYP
F 6750 SYP NA

Bhora

No lack of fuel

Hazano

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes

Kafr Kafrehmul

No lack of fuel

Kafr Jales

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Maaret Tamsrin 1/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Bhora

Closed well

Private paid collection

Hazano

Water trucking

Public free collection

Kafr Kafrehmul

Closed well

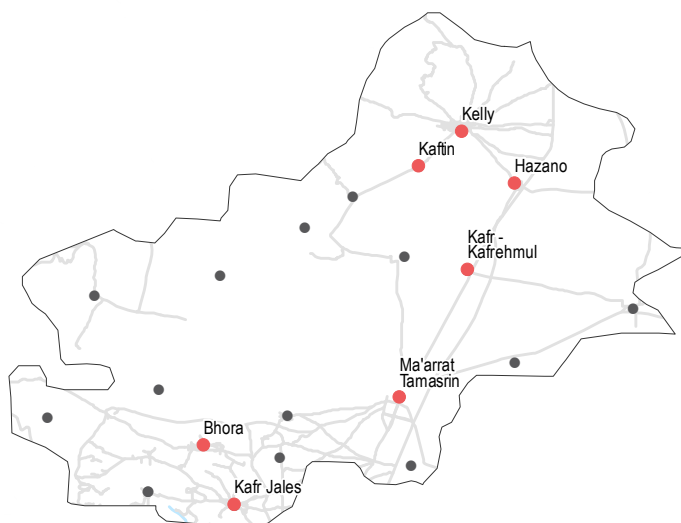
Private paid collection

Kafr Jales

Closed well

Private paid collection

- 7/19 communities assessed (3 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Bhora, Hazano, Kafr Kafrehmul, Kafr Jales



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Kafr Kafrehmul

Most children accessed education

Kafr Jales

Most children accessed education

Bhora

Most children accessed education

Hazano

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Bhora

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Hazano

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Kafr Kafrehmul

Disabilities
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Kafr Jales

Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No facilities in the area

Food Security

Bhora



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Hazano



Bread: no info
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Kafr Kafrehmul



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Kafr Jales



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Maaret Tamsrin 2/2, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Kaftin

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Kelly

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

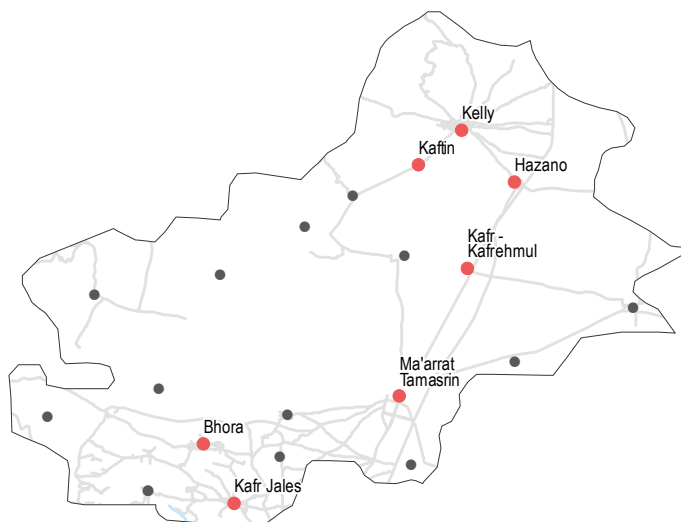
Yes Yes No

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

51-75% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 7/19 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Kaftin, Kelly, Ma'arrat Tamsrin



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Kaftin

NDPs IDPs

6500 - 7500 SYP

Kelly

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 12000 SYP

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

NDPs IDPs

8000 - 10000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Kaftin

Daily employment
Farm owning
Remittances

Children sent to work/beg

Kelly

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Kaftin

13500 SYP 2500 SYP

400 SYP 4000 SYP

500 SYP 1100 SYP

NA NA

Kelly

NA 2200 SYP

NA 6000 SYP

375 SYP 500 SYP

NA 25000 SYP

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

13000 SYP 2500 SYP

400 SYP 4000 SYP

450 SYP 1100 SYP

68000 SYP NA

Kaftin

No lack of fuel

Kelly

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Kaftin

Closed well

Private paid collection

Kelly

Water trucking

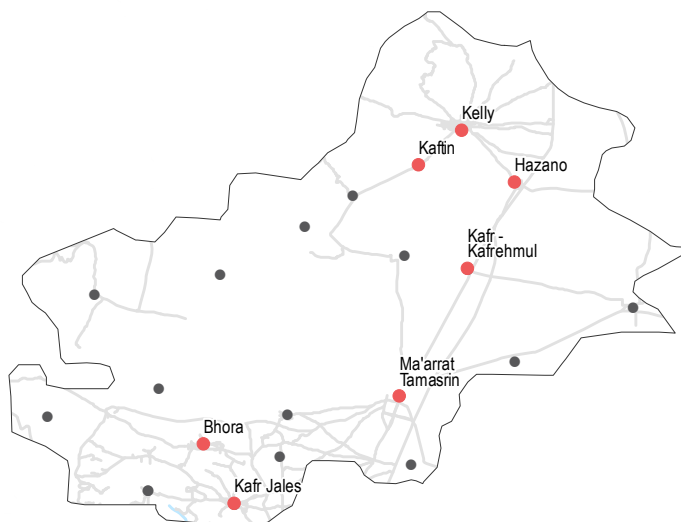
Public free collection

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

Network

Private paid collection

• 7/19 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Kaftin, Kelly, Ma'arrat Tamsrin



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

Most children accessed education

Kaftin

Most children accessed education

Kelly

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No difficulties reported

Kaftin

Kelly

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infectionsHigh cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Ma'arrat Tamsrin

Acute respiratory infections
Fever

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Kaftin



Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 450 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Sugar: 350 SYP

Cooking oil: 525 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Kelly



Bread: no info

Rice: 425 SYP

Lentils: 500 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Ma'arrat Tamsrin



Bread: 125 SYP

Rice: 450 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Sugar: 350 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Abu Makki

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Barsa

51-75% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes No No

Eastern Deir

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Ghadqa

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

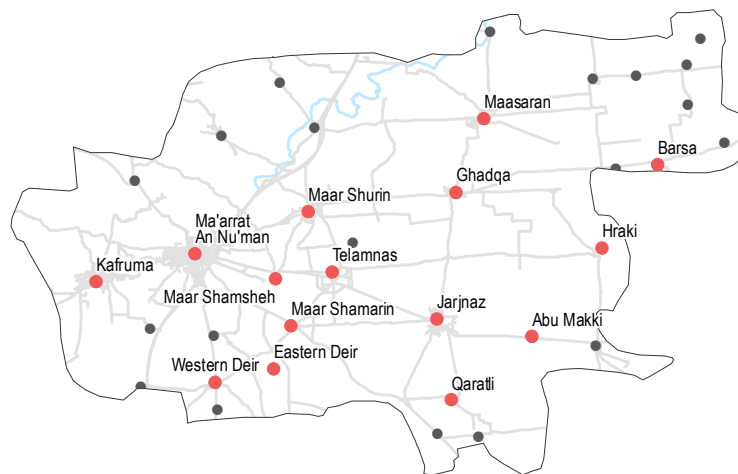
Yes Yes No

Hraki

26-50% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

- 15/35 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Abu Makki, Barsa, Eastern Deir, Ghadqa, Hraki



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Abu Makki

NDPs IDPs

No info

Ghadqa

NDPs IDPs

No info

Barsa

NDPs IDPs

No info

Hraki

NDPs IDPs

No info

Eastern Deir

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 2200 SYP

Livelihoods

\$ Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Abu Makki

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends

Barsa

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends

Eastern Deir

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Ghadqa

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Hraki

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

NFIs

Abu Makki

B 9300 SYP 1800 SYP
C 80 SYP 4500 SYP
D 350 SYP 850 SYP
F 62000 SYP NA

Ghadqa

B 9000 SYP 1800 SYP
C 80 SYP 4500 SYP
D 300 SYP 850 SYP
F 62000 SYP NA

Barsa

B 9200 SYP 1800 SYP
C 85 SYP 4500 SYP
D 350 SYP 850 SYP
F 64000 SYP NA

Hraki

B 9300 SYP 1800 SYP
C 80 SYP 4500 SYP
D 440 SYP 850 SYP
F 62000 SYP NA

Eastern Deir

B 10500 SYP 1850 SYP
C 85 SYP 4600 SYP
D 350 SYP 850 SYP
F 64000 SYP NA

Abu Makki

No lack of fuel

Barsa

No lack of fuel

Eastern Deir

No lack of fuel

Ghadqa

No lack of fuel

Hraki

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Abu Makki

Water trucking

Public free collection

Barsa

Water trucking

Public free collection

Eastern Deir

Water trucking

Public free collection

Ghadqa

Water trucking

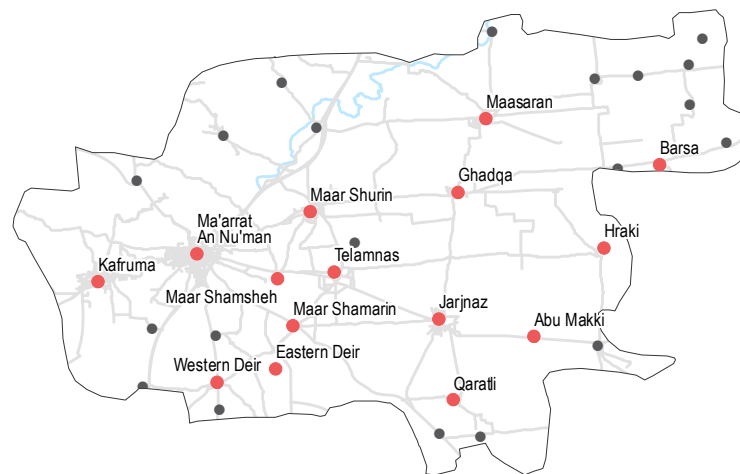
Public free collection

Hraki

Water trucking

Public free collection

• 15/35 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Abu Makki, Barsa, Eastern Deir, Ghadqa, Hraki



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Eastern Deir

Most children accessed education

Ghadqa

Most children accessed education

Hraki

Most children accessed education

Abu Makki

Most children accessed education

Barsa

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Abu Makki

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Barsa

Chronic diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Eastern Deir

Chronic diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Ghadqa

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Hraki

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Abu Makki

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Barsa

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 325 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Eastern Deir

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 330 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Ghadqa

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Hraki

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 440 SYP
Lentils: 325 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Jarjnaz

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Kafruma

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Maar Shamarin

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Maar Shamsheh

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

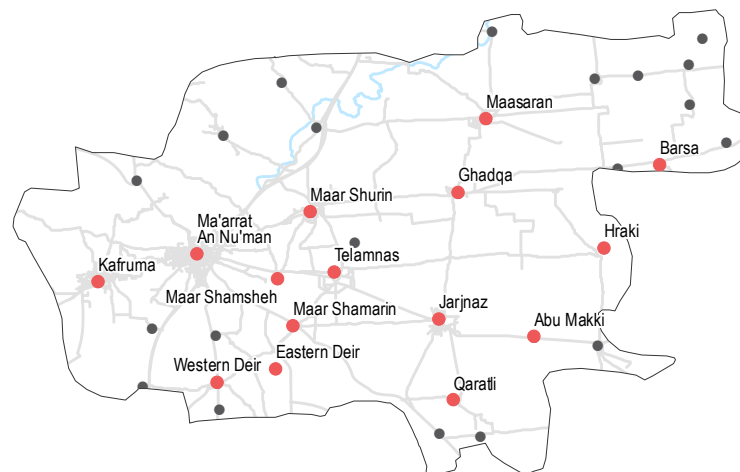
Yes Yes No

Maar Shurin

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

- 15/35 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Jarjnaz, Kafruma, Maar Shamarin, Maar Shamsheh, Maar Shurin



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Jarjnaz

NDPs IDPs

1800 - 2000 SYP

Maar Shamsheh

NDPs IDPs

No info

Kafruma

NDPs IDPs

1600 - 1800 SYP

Maar Shurin

NDPs IDPs

1800 - 2000 SYP

Maar Shamarin

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Jarjnaz

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Kafruma

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends

Maar Shamarin

Daily employment
Business/trade
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Maar Shamsheh

Daily employment
Business/trade
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends

Maar Shurin

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

NFIs

Jarjnaz

10500 SYP 1800 SYP

85 SYP 5000 SYP

350 SYP 850 SYP

65000 SYP NA

Maar Shamsheh

10300 SYP 1800 SYP

85 SYP 4800 SYP

350 SYP 850 SYP

65000 SYP NA

Kafruma

9200 SYP 1800 SYP

85 SYP 4700 SYP

300 SYP 850 SYP

64000 SYP NA

Maar Shurin

10500 SYP 1800 SYP

85 SYP 4500 SYP

350 SYP 850 SYP

63000 SYP NA

Maar Shamarin

13500 SYP 1800 SYP

85 SYP 4800 SYP

350 SYP 850 SYP

65000 SYP NA

Jarjnaz

No lack of fuel

Kafruma

No lack of fuel

Maar Shamarin

No lack of fuel

Maar Shamsheh

No lack of fuel

Maar Shurin

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Jarjnaz

Water trucking

Public free collection

Kafruma

Water trucking

Public free collection

Maar Shamarin

Water trucking

Public free collection

Maar Shamsheh

Water trucking

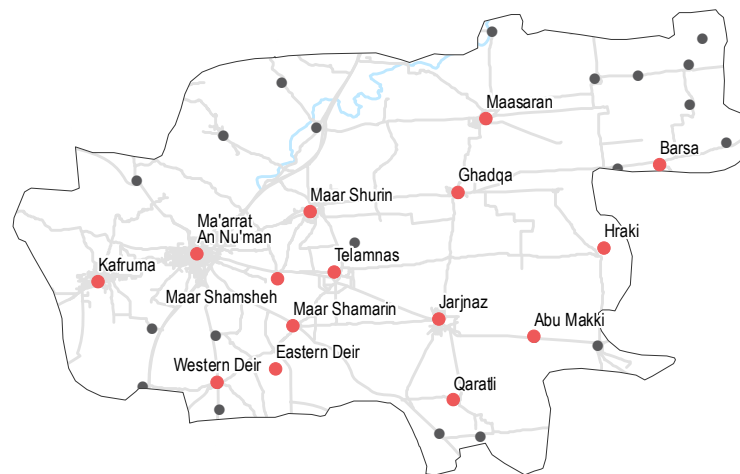
Public free collection

Maar Shurin

Water trucking

Public free collection

• 15/35 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Jarjnaz, Kafruma, Maar Shamarin, Maar Shamsheh, Maar Shurin



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Maar Shamarin

Most children accessed education

Maar Shamsheh

Most children accessed education

Jarjnaz

Most children accessed education

Maar Shurin

Most children accessed education

Kafruma

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Jarjnaz

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Kafruma

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Maar Shamarin

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Maar Shamsheh

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Maar Shurin

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Jarjnaz

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Kafruma

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Maar Shamarin

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 325 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Maar Shamsheh

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Maar Shurin

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Ma'arrat An Nu'man 3/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Maasaran

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Qaratli

51-75% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes No No

Telamnas

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

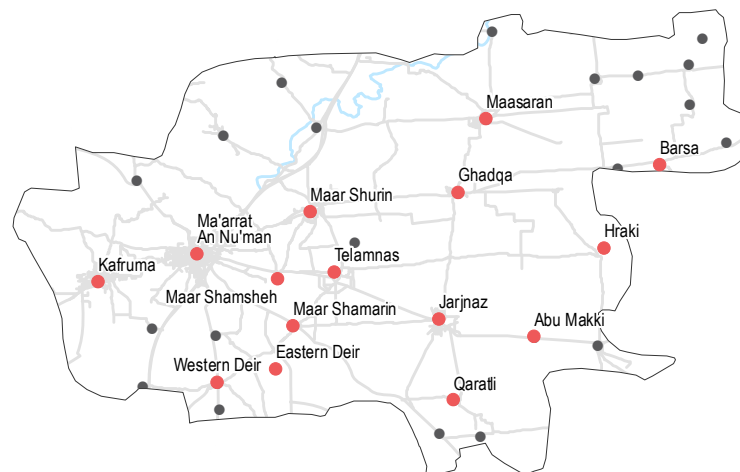
Yes Yes No

Western Deir

76-100% 1-25% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 15/35 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Ma'arrat An Nu'man, Maasaran, Qaratli, Telamnas, Western Deir



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

NDPs IDPs

1700 - 1900 SYP

Maasaran

NDPs IDPs

1800 - 2000 SYP

Qaratli

NDPs IDPs

No info

Telamnas

NDPs IDPs

1800 - 1900 SYP

Western Deir

NDPs IDPs

1500 - 1700 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Maasaran

Daily employment
Business/trade
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Qaratli

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Telamnas

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

No info

Western Deir

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

1800 SYP
 85 SYP
 350 SYP
 65000 SYP

Telamnas

1800 SYP
 85 SYP
 350 SYP
 65000 SYP

Maasaran

1800 SYP
 85 SYP
 300 SYP
 62000 SYP

Western Deir

1800 SYP
 85 SYP
 300 SYP
 64000 SYP

Qaratli

1800 SYP
 85 SYP
 300 SYP
 65000 SYP

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

No lack of fuel

Maasaran

No lack of fuel

Qaratli

No lack of fuel

Telamnas

No lack of fuel

Western Deir

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
 - Floor mat (3*4m)
 - Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
 - Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

Water trucking

Public free collection

Maasaran

Water trucking

Public free collection

Qaratli

Water trucking

Public free collection

Telamnas

Water trucking

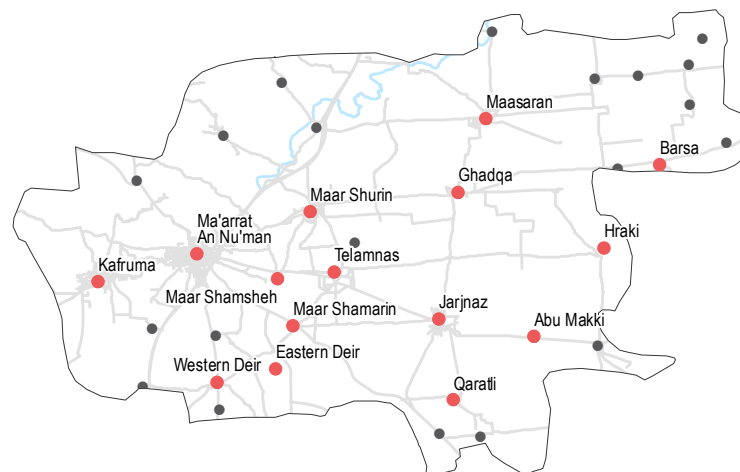
Public free collection

Western Deir

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 15/35 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Ma'arrat An Nu'man, Maasaran, Qaratli, Telamnas, Western Deir



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Qaratli

Most children accessed education

Telamnas

Most children accessed education

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

Most children accessed education

Western Deir

Most children accessed education

Maasaran

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Ma'arrat An Nu'man

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Maasaran

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Qaratli

Chronic diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Telamnas

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Western Deir

Chronic diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Ma'arrat An Nu'man



Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 450 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 320 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops



No difficulties reported



0

Maasaran



Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 450 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops



No difficulties reported



0

Qaratli



Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 450 SYP

Lentils: 350 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops



No difficulties reported



0

Telamnas



Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 450 SYP

Lentils: 300 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops



No difficulties reported



0

Western Deir



Bread: 150 SYP

Rice: 450 SYP

Lentils: 325 SYP

Sugar: 320 SYP

Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops



No difficulties reported



0

Main challenges to obtaining food



No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

No information

No information

No information

No information

No information

No information

No information

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No information

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Ainata

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Bales

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Kniseh

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Matleh Ariha

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

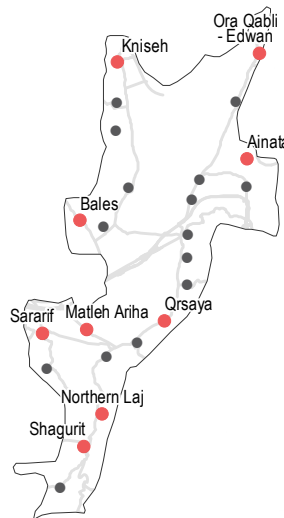
Yes Yes No

Northern Laj

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes Yes

- 9/24 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Ainata, Bales, Kniseh, Matleh Ariha, Northern Laj

**Shelter**

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Ainata

NDPs IDPs

No info

Matleh Ariha

NDPs IDPs

No info

Bales

NDPs IDPs

No info

Northern Laj

NDPs IDPs

No info

Kniseh

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 5000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Ainata

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Bales

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Kniseh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends

Matleh Ariha

Daily employment
Farm owning
Savings

Borrowing from family/friends

Northern Laj

Daily employment
Farm owning
Savings

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs**Ainata**

B 15000 SYP NA
C NA NA
D 500 SYP NA
F 51000 SYP NA

Matleh Ariha

B 10000 SYP NA
C NA NA
D 500 SYP NA
F 50000 SYP NA

Bales

B 15000 SYP 1800 SYP
C NA 5000 SYP
D 600 SYP NA
F 50000 SYP NA

Northern Laj

B 15000 SYP 2000 SYP
C NA NA
D 600 SYP NA
F 51000 SYP NA

Kniseh

B 15000 SYP 1900 SYP
C NA 5000 SYP
D 600 SYP NA
F 46000 SYP NA

Ainata

Cutting trees

Bales

Cutting trees

Kniseh

Cutting trees

Matleh Ariha

Cutting trees

Northern Laj

Cutting trees

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Mhambal 1/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070502

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

- Sufficient
- Insufficient
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

- Left in street / public area
- Left in street / public area
- No information
- Most common method of garbage disposal

Ainata

- Water trucking
- Left in street / public area

Bales

- Network
- Left in street / public area

Kniseh

- Network
- Left in street / public area

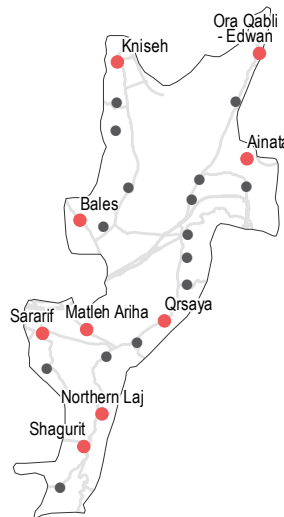
Matleh Ariha

- Water trucking
- Left in street / public area

Northern Laj

- Network
- Disposed at designated site

- 9/24 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Ainata, Bales, Kniseh, Matleh Ariha, Northern Laj



Education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Ainata

Most children accessed education

Bales

Services are too far

Kniseh

Most children accessed education

Matleh Ariha

Most children accessed education

Northern Laj

Most children accessed education

Health



Most common health problems



Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Ainata

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
Old age

Bales

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
High cost of transportation
Old age

Kniseh

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
High cost of transportation
Old age

Matleh Ariha

Disabilities
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Old age
Disability/Injuries/Illness
Security concerns around entering facilities

Northern Laj

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
Lack of transportation
Old age

Food Security

Ainata

Bread: no info
Rice: 125 SYP
Lentils: 150 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops
Wheat not always available
Flour not always available
Insufficient electricity/fuel



Private bakeries unavailable

Bales

Bread: no info
Rice: 150 SYP
Lentils: 150 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops
Wheat not always available
Flour not always available
Insufficient electricity/fuel



Private bakeries unavailable

Kniseh

Bread: no info
Rice: 150 SYP
Lentils: 145 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops
Wheat not always available
Flour not always available
Insufficient electricity/fuel



0

Matleh Ariha

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops
No difficulties reported



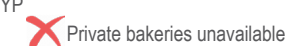
Private bakeries unavailable

Northern Laj

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 150 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops
Wheat not always available
Flour not always available
Insufficient electricity/fuel



Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to markets
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel unavailable
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Ora Qabli Edwan

76-100% 26-50% 26-50%

Yes Yes No

Qrsaya

76-100% 51-75% 26-50%

Yes Yes Yes

Sararif

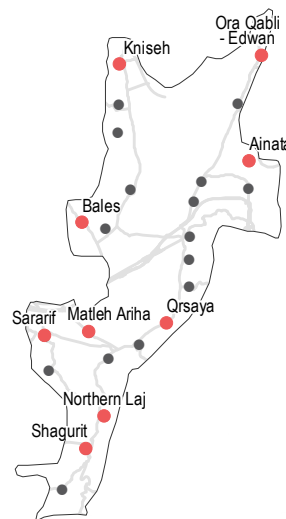
76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No Yes

Shagurit

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes Yes



- 9/24 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Ora Qabli Edwan, Qrsaya, Sararif, Shagurit

Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Ora Qabli Edwan

NDPs IDPs

No info

Qrsaya

NDPs IDPs

No info

Sararif

NDPs IDPs

No info

Shagurit

NDPs IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Ora Qabli Edwan

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Qrsaya

Daily employment
Farm owning
Savings

Borrowing from family/friends

Sararif

Daily employment
Farm owning
Sale of humanitarian aid

Borrowing from family/friends

Shagurit

Daily employment
Farm owning
Savings

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Ora Qabli Edwan

B 14000 SYP 1700 SYP

C NA NA

D 500 SYP NA

F 52000 SYP NA

Shagurit

B 13000 SYP 2000 SYP

C NA NA

D 500 SYP NA

F 50000 SYP NA

Qrsaya

B 15000 SYP 2000 SYP

C NA NA

D 500 SYP NA

F 55000 SYP NA

Sararif

B 15000 SYP 2200 SYP

C NA 4500 SYP

D 600 SYP NA

F 55000 SYP NA

Ora Qabli Edwan

Cutting trees

Qrsaya

Cutting trees

Sararif

Cutting trees

Shagurit

Cutting trees

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Mhambal 2/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070502

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

- Sufficient
- Insufficient
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Ora Qabli Edwan

Most children accessed education

Qrsaya

Most children accessed education

Ora Qabli Edwan

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

Qrsaya

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

Sararif

Water trucking

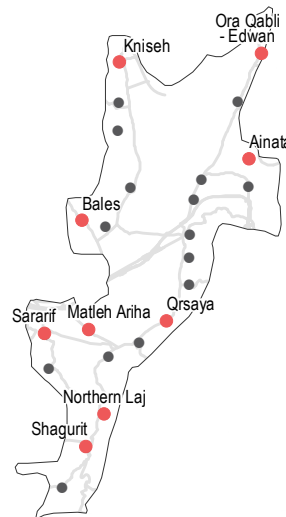
Left in street / public area

Shagurit

Network

Disposed at designated site

- 9/24 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the previous factsheet): Ora Qabli Edwan, Qrsaya, Sararif, Shagurit



Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Ora Qabli Edwan

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
High cost of transportation
Old age

Qrsaya

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Disability/Injuries/Illness
Security concerns around entering facilities

Sararif

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
Old age
Disability/Injuries/Illness

Shagurit

Skin diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Security concerns around travel
High cost of transportation
Old age

Food Security

Ora Qabli Edwan

Bread: no info
 Rice: 250 SYP
 Lentils: 125 SYP
 Sugar: 300 SYP
 Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

Wheat not always available
 Flour not always available
 Insufficient electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Qrsaya

Bread: no info
 Rice: 300 SYP
 Lentils: 340 SYP
 Sugar: 325 SYP
 Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

Wheat not always available
 Flour not always available
 Insufficient electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Sararif

Bread: no info
 Rice: 150 SYP
 Lentils: 150 SYP
 Sugar: 325 SYP
 Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

Wheat not always available
 Flour not always available
 Insufficient electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Shagurit

Bread: no info
 Rice: 300 SYP
 Lentils: 150 SYP
 Sugar: 350 SYP
 Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

Wheat not always available
 Flour not always available
 Insufficient electricity/fuel

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to markets
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel unavailable
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Qourqeena 1/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070304

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Barisha

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Htan

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Kafr Aruq

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Meraf Elshalaf

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

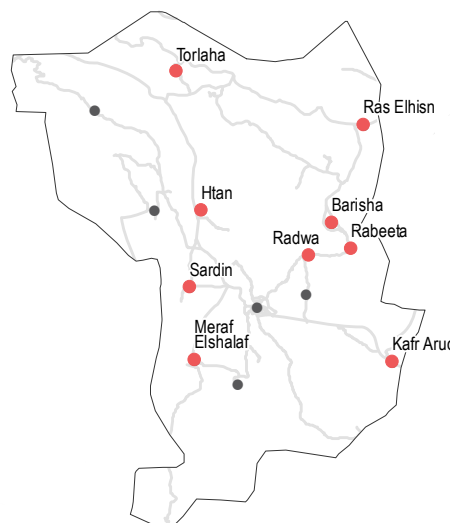
Yes No No

Rabeeta

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

• 9/14 communities assessed : Barisha, Htan, Kafr Aruq, Meraf Elshalaf, Rabeeta



Shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Barisha

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 12500 SYP

Meraf Elshalaf

NDPs IDPs

No info

Htan

NDPs IDPs

9000 - 10000 SYP

Rabeeta

NDPs IDPs

7000 - 9000 SYP

Kafr Aruq

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 11000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Barisha

Farm owning
Business/trade

No info

Htan

Daily employment
Sale of household assets
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends

Kafr Aruq

Daily employment
Business/trade
Remittances

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Meraf Elshalaf

Daily employment
Sale of household assets
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends

Rabeeta

Sale of household assets
Business/trade
Savings

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Barisha

B 14000 SYP 1750 SYP
C 45 SYP 6000 SYP
D 450 SYP 250 SYP
F 65000 SYP 25000 SYP

Meraf Elshalaf

B NA 1700 SYP
C NA 4500 SYP
D 450 SYP 800 SYP
F 75000 SYP 20000 SYP

Htan

B 12000 SYP 1700 SYP
C 75 SYP 4500 SYP
D 450 SYP 800 SYP
F 65000 SYP 20000 SYP

Rabeeta

B NA 1750 SYP
C NA 4000 SYP
D 500 SYP 800 SYP
F 75000 SYP 15000 SYP

Kafr Aruq

B 13500 SYP 1700 SYP
C 75 SYP 4500 SYP
D 500 SYP 800 SYP
F 75000 SYP 20000 SYP

Barisha

No lack of fuel

Htan

No lack of fuel

Kafr Aruq

No lack of fuel

Meraf Elshalaf

No lack of fuel

Rabeeta

Cutting trees
Burning furniture not in use

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Qourqeena 1/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070304

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Barisha

Water trucking

Public free collection

Htan

Network

Private paid collection

Kafr Aruq

Network

Private paid collection

Meraf Elshalaf

Water trucking

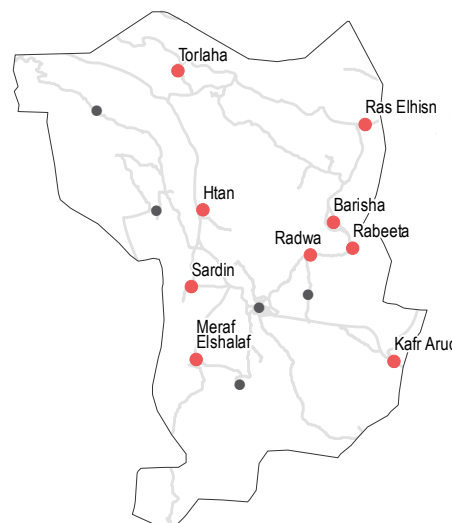
Public free collection

Rabeeta

Water trucking

Private paid collection

9/14 communities assessed : Barisha, Htan, Kafr Aruq, Meraf Elshalaf, Rabeeta



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Kafr Aruq

Most children accessed education

Meraf Elshalaf

Most children accessed education

Rabeeta

Most children accessed education

Barisha

Most children accessed education

Htan

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Barisha

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Htan

Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Lack of transportation
Security concerns around entering facilities

Kafr Aruq

Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Meraf Elshalaf

Skin diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation
Family not permitting travel

Rabeeta

Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation
Family not permitting travel

Food Security

Barisha



Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Htan



Bread: no info
Rice: 200 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Kafr Aruq



Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Meraf Elshalaf



Bread: no info
Rice: 200 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Rabeeta



Bread: no info
Rice: 200 SYP
Lentils: 375 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP



Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Radwa

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

Ras Elhishn

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes Yes No

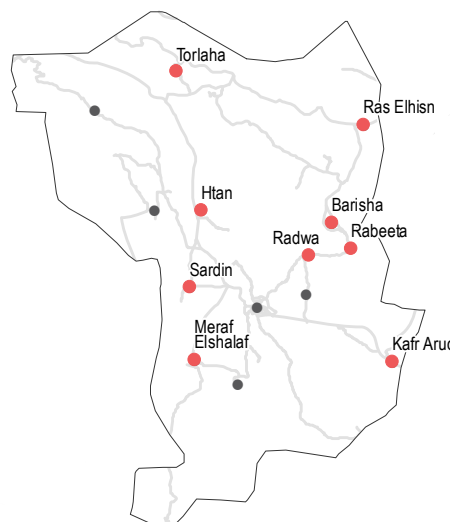
Sardin

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%
 Yes No No

Torlaha

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%
 Yes No No info

• 9/14 communities assessed : Radwa, Ras Elhishn, Sardin, Torlaha



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Radwa

NDPs IDPs
 9000 - 10000 SYP

Ras Elhishn

NDPs IDPs
 10000 - 12500 SYP

Sardin

NDPs IDPs
 7000 - 8000 SYP

Torlaha

NDPs IDPs
 15000 - 20000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Radwa

Daily employment
 Sale of household assets
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends

Ras Elhishn

Farm owning
 Business/trade

No info

Sardin

Daily employment
 Sale of household assets
 Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends

Torlaha

Farm owning
 Business/trade

No info

NFIs

Radwa

B NA

1750 SYP

C NA

4000 SYP

D 500 SYP

750 SYP

F 75000 SYP

20000 SYP

Torlaha

B 19000 SYP

2500 SYP

C NA SYP

NA SYP

D 650 SYP

200 SYP

F 75000 SYP

75000 SYP

Ras Elhishn

B 14000 SYP

1800 SYP

C 45 SYP

6000 SYP

D 450 SYP

250 SYP

F 65000 SYP

25000 SYP

Sardin

B NA

NA

C 60 SYP

4000 SYP

D 500 SYP

800 SYP

F 55000 SYP

NA

Radwa

No lack of fuel

Ras Elhishn

No lack of fuel

Sardin

No lack of fuel

Torlaha

Cutting trees

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

Butane (cannister)

Coal (1kg)

Diesel (1 litre)

Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Qourqeena 2/2, Idleb Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY070304

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Radwa

Network

Private paid collection

Ras Elhishn

Water trucking

Public free collection

Sardin

Water trucking

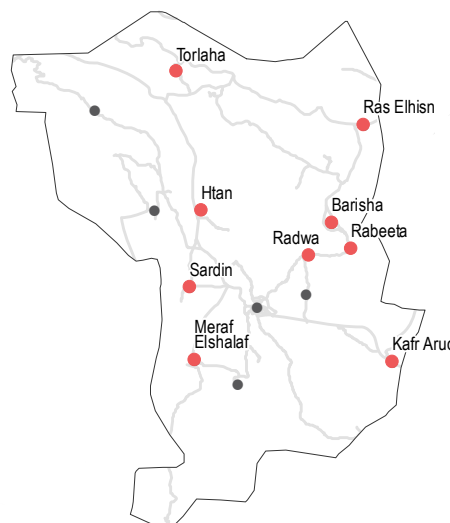
Private paid collection

Torlaha

Water trucking

Disposed at designated site

9/14 communities assessed : Radwa, Ras Elhishn, Sardin, Torlaha



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Sardin

Most children accessed education

Torlaha

Most children accessed education

Radwa

Most children accessed education

Ras Elhishn

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Radwa

Diarrhoea
Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation
Services are too expensive

Ras Elhishn

Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Sardin

Skin diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Lack of transportation
Family not permitting travel
Security concerns around entering facilities

Torlaha

Malnutrition

No facilities in the area
Services are too expensive

Food Security

Radwa

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Ras Elhishn

Bread: no info
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Sardin

Bread: no info
Rice: 200 SYP
Lentils: 325 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Torlaha

Bread: 200 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Salqin 1/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Abu Talha

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Allani

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Azmarin

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Betiya

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

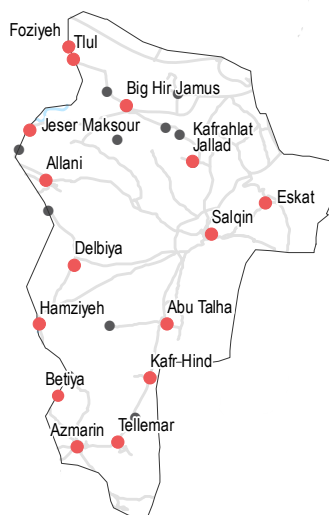
Yes Yes No

Big Hir Jamus

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 15/26 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Abu Talha, Allani, Azmarin, Betiya, Big Hir Jamus



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Abu Talha

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Betiya

NDPs IDPs

12000 - 15000 SYP

Allani

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Big Hir Jamus

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Azmarin

NDPs IDPs

6000 - 7000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Abu Talha

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Allani

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Azmarin

Daily employment

No info

Betiya

Daily employment

No info

Big Hir Jamus

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Abu Talha

B 11500 SYP 3200 SYP
C 200 SYP 6000 SYP
D 400 SYP 400 SYP
F 45000 SYP NA

Betiya

B 17000 SYP 2700 SYP
C 70 SYP NA
D 600 SYP NA
F 50000 SYP NA

Allani

B 15000 SYP 3200 SYP
C 250 SYP 2500 SYP
D 600 SYP 400 SYP
F 45000 SYP NA

Big Hir Jamus

B 11500 SYP 3200 SYP
C 250 SYP 6000 SYP
D 600 SYP 400 SYP
F 45000 SYP NA

Azmarin

B 16000 SYP 1800 SYP
C 35 SYP NA SYP
D 650 SYP NA SYP
F 65000 SYP NA

Abu Talha

No lack of fuel

Allani

No lack of fuel

Azmarin

Burning clothes

Betiya

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes

Big Hir Jamus

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Salqin 1/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Abu Talha

Network

Disposed at designated site

Allani

Network

Disposed at designated site

Azmarin

Network

Public free collection

Betiya

Water trucking

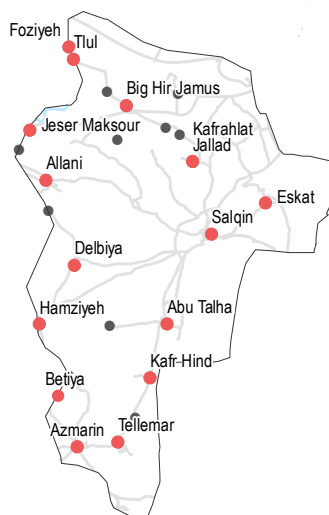
Disposed at designated site

Big Hir Jamus

Network

Disposed at designated site

- 15/26 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Abu Talha, Allani, Azmarin, Betiya, Big Hir Jamus



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Azmarin

Most children accessed education

Betiya

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Big Hir Jamus

Most children accessed education

Abu Talha

Most children accessed education

Allani

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Abu Talha

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Allani

Pregnancy related diseases
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Azmarin

Disabilities
Diarrhoea
Chronic diseasesHigh cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Betiya

Skin diseases

No facilities in the area

Big Hir Jamus

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Abu Talha

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Allani

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Azmarin

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 325 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Betiya

Bread: no info
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 475 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Big Hir Jamus

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Salqin 2/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Delbiya

None 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Eskat

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

Foziyeh

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Hamziyeh

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

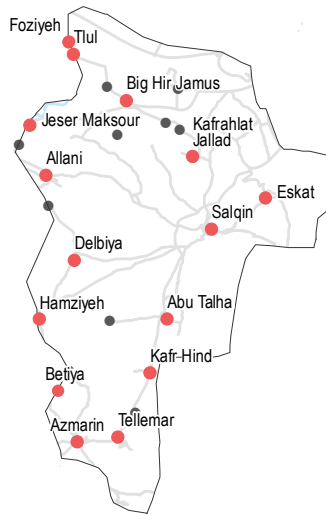
Yes Yes No

Jeser Maksour

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

• 15/26 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Delbiya, Eskat, Foziyeh, Hamziyeh, Jeser Maksour



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Delbiya

NDPs IDPs

8000 - 10000 SYP

Eskat

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Foziyeh

NDPs IDPs

8000 - 9000 SYP

Hamziyeh

NDPs IDPs

7000 - 8000 SYP

Jeser Maksour

NDPs IDPs

9000 - 10000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Daily employment

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Adults begging
Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Delbiya

Eskat

Foziyeh

Hamziyeh

Jeser Maksour

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Daily employment

Daily employment

Daily employment

Children sent to work/beg

No info

No info

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Delbiya

B 16000 SYP 1800 SYP

C 85 SYP NA

D 650 SYP NA

F 60000 SYP NA

Eskat

B 15000 SYP 3200 SYP

C 250 SYP 2500 SYP

D 600 SYP 400 SYP

F 45000 SYP NA

Foziyeh

B 16000 SYP 2700 SYP

C 70 SYP NA

D 650 SYP NA

F 60000 SYP NA

Delbiya

Burning clothes
Burning waste

Eskat

No lack of fuel

Foziyeh

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes

Hamziyeh

B 16000 SYP 2700 SYP

C 70 SYP NA

D 600 SYP NA

F 55000 SYP NA

Jeser Maksour

B 15000 SYP 1700 SYP

C 75 SYP NA

D 650 SYP NA

F 70000 SYP NA

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
 - Floor mat (3*4m)
 - Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
 - Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Hamziyeh

No info

Jeser Maksour

Burning clothes

Salqin 2/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Delbiya

Water trucking

Public free collection

Eskat

Network

Disposed at designated site

Foziyeh

Water trucking

Public free collection

Hamziyeh

Water trucking

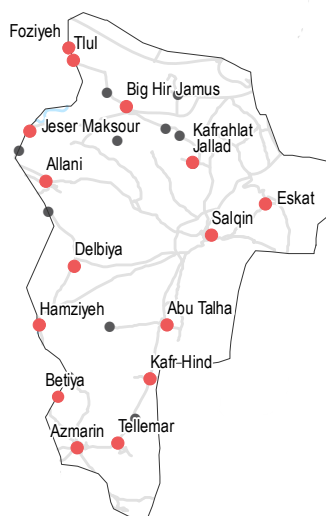
Left in street / public area

Jeser Maksour

Network

Left in street / public area

- 15/26 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Delbiya, Eskat, Foziyeh, Hamziyeh, Jeser Maksour



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Foziyeh

Services are too far

Hamziyeh

Most children accessed education

Jeser Maksour

 Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies
Services are not accessible

Delbiya

 Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies
Services are not accessible

Eskat

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Delbiya

Diarrhoea
Skin diseases
Malnutrition

High cost of transportation

Eskat

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

High cost of transportation

Foziyeh

Hamziyeh

Chronic diseases

High cost of transportation

Jeser Maksour

Diarrhoea
Skin diseases
Chronic diseases

No facilities in the area

Food Security

Delbiya

Bread: no info
Rice: 325 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Eskat

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

0

Foziyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Hamziyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Jeser Maksour

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Salqin 3/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Kafr Hind

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Kafrahlal Jallad

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Salqin

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Tellemar

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

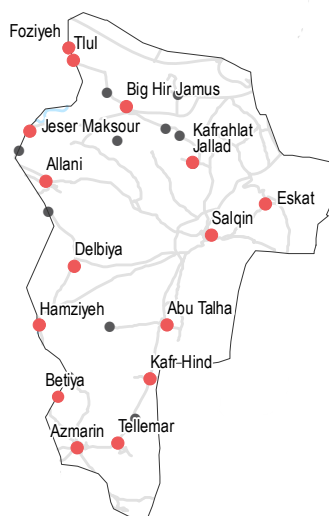
Yes Yes No

Tlul

76-100% 26-50% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 15/26 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Kafr Hind, Kafrahlal Jallad, Salqin, Tellemar, Tlul



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Kafr Hind

NDPs IDPs

10000 - 12000 SYP

Tellemar

NDPs IDPs

20000 - 25000 SYP

Kafrahlal Jallad

NDPs IDPs

6000 - 7000 SYP

Tlul

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Salqin

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 4000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Daily employment

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

No info

Kafr Hind

Kafrahlal Jallad

Daily employment
Business/tradeBorrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Salqin

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

Tellemar

Daily employment

No info

Tlul

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg

NFIs

Kafr Hind

B 17000 SYP 2700 SYP

C NA NA

D 550 SYP NA

F 70000 SYP NA

Tellemar

B 16000 SYP 1800 SYP

C 85 SYP NA

D 600 SYP NA

F 70000 SYP NA

Kafrahlal Jallad

B 14000 SYP 1800 SYP

C 35 SYP NA SYP

D 600 SYP NA SYP

F 60000 SYP NA SYP

Tlul

B 11000 SYP 3200 SYP

C 200 SYP 6000 SYP

D 400 SYP 400 SYP

F 45000 SYP NA

Salqin

B 16000 SYP 3000 SYP

C 200 SYP 6000 SYP

D 600 SYP 400 SYP

F 45000 SYP NA

Kafr Hind

Burning furniture not in use
Burning clothes

Kafrahlal Jallad

Burning furniture not in use
Burning productive assets
Burning clothes

Salqin

No lack of fuel

Tellemar

Burning clothes

Tlul

No lack of fuel

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Salqin 3/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Kafr Hind

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

Kafrahlal Jallad

Closed well

Buried / burned

Salqin

Network

Disposed at designated site

Tellemar

Water trucking

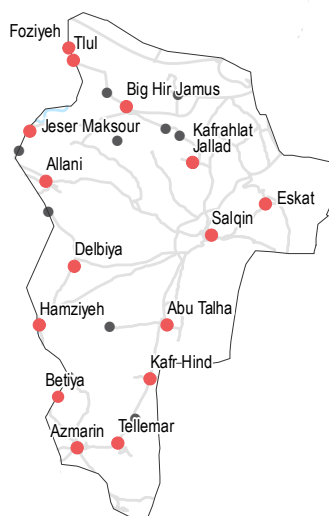
Private paid collection

Tlul

Network

Disposed at designated site

- 15/26 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): Kafr Hind, Kafrahlal Jallad, Salqin, Tellemar, Tlul



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Salqin

Most children accessed education

Tellemar

Most children accessed education

Tlul

Most children accessed education

Kafrahlal Jallad

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

No info

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Kafr Hind

Kafrahlal Jallad

Disabilities
Diarrhoea
Chronic diseasesNo facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Salqin

Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Tellemar

Diarrhoea
Skin diseases

No facilities in the area

Tlul

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Kafr Hind

Bread: no info
Rice: 325 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

No difficulties reported



Private bakeries unavailable

Kafrahlal Jallad

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Sugar: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

No difficulties reported



Private bakeries unavailable

Salqin

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP

No difficulties reported



0

Tellemar

Bread: no info
Rice: 275 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP

No difficulties reported



Private bakeries unavailable

Tlul

Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Sugar: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

No difficulties reported



0

Main challenges to obtaining food



No challenges



Some foods unavailable



Local production decreased



Lack of access to markets



Some foods expensive



Lack of resources to buy food



Lack of access to fuel



Cooking fuel unavailable



No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread



Most common source of bread



Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Saraqab 1/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

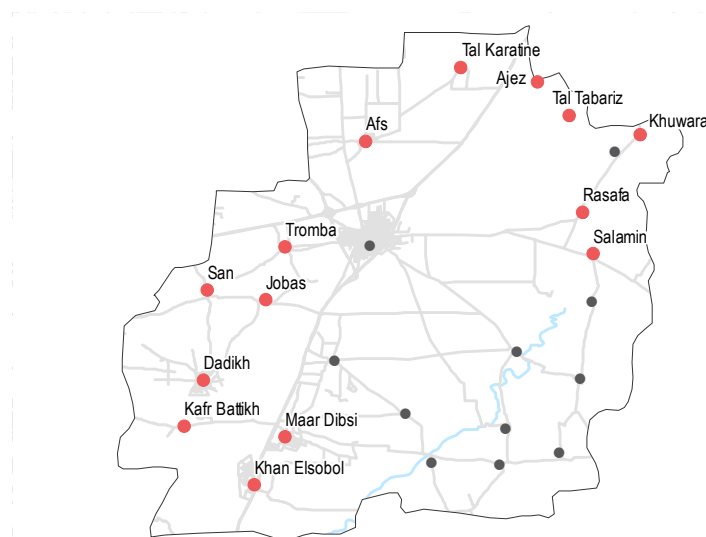
Afs	76-100%	51-75%	1-25%
Yes	Yes	No	
Ajez	76-100%	51-75%	1-25%
Yes	No	No	
Dadikh	76-100%	51-75%	1-25%
Yes	Yes	No	
Jobas	76-100%	51-75%	1-25%
Yes	No	No	
Kafr Battikh	76-100%	51-75%	26-50%
Yes	Yes	No	

Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Afs	NDPs	IDPs
4000 - 5000 SYP		
Ajez	NDPs	IDPs
3000 - 4000 SYP		
Dadikh	NDPs	IDPs
4000 - 5000 SYP		
Jobas	NDPs	IDPs
4000 - 5000 SYP		
Kafr Battikh	NDPs	IDPs
3000 - 4000 SYP		

- 14/25 communities assessed (9 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Afs, Ajez, Dadikh, Jobas, Kafr Battikh



Livelihoods

	Most common sources of income	Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources
Afs	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals
Ajez	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals Reducing meal size
Dadikh	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals Reducing meal size
Jobas	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Reducing meal size
Kafr Battikh	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals

NFIs

Afs	Jobas
B NA	B NA
C NA	C NA
D 375 SYP	D 375 SYP
F NA	F NA
Ajez	Kafr Battikh
B NA	B NA
C NA	C NA
D NA	D 400 SYP
F NA	F NA
Dadikh	
B NA	
C NA	
D 375 SYP	
F NA	

- Most common electricity source
- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

- Fuel Prices (SYP)*
- Butane (cannister)
- Coal (1kg)
- Diesel (1 litre)
- Firewood (1 tonne)

- NFI Prices (SYP)*
- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

- Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

- Afs**
- Burning furniture in use
- Burning clothes
- Burning plastics

- Ajez**
- Burning furniture in use
- Burning clothes
- Burning plastics

- Dadikh**
- Burning furniture in use
- Burning clothes
- Burning plastics

- Jobas**
- Burning furniture in use
- Burning clothes
- Burning plastics

- Kafr Battikh**
- Burning furniture in use
- Burning clothes
- Burning plastics

Saraqab 1/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Afs

Water trucking

Public free collection

Ajez

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

Dadikh

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Jobas

Water trucking

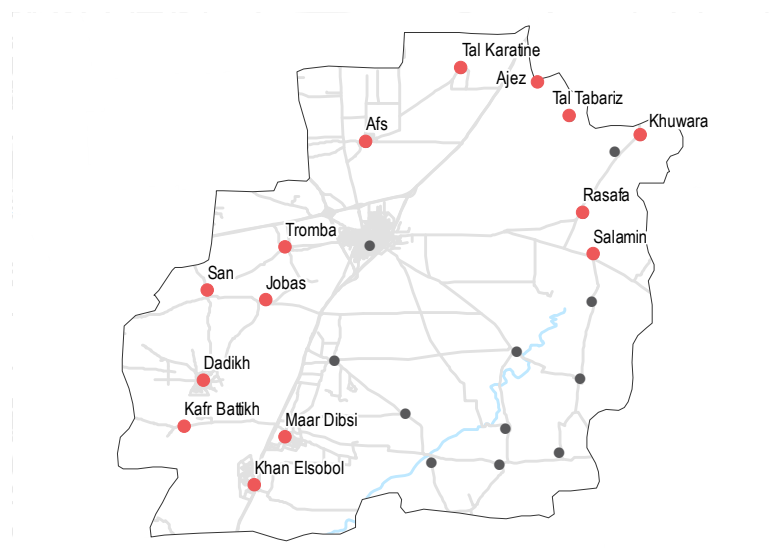
Public free collection

Kafr Battikh

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 14/25 communities assessed (9 communities are shown on the next two factsheets): Afs, Ajez, Dadikh, Jobas, Kafr Battikh



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Dadikh

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Jobas

Most children accessed education

Kafr Battikh

Most children accessed education

Afs

Most children accessed education

Ajez

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Health

Most common health problems

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Afs

Ajez

Dadikh

Jobas

Kafr Battikh

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Afs

Bread: no info
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Ajez

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Dadikh

Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Jobas

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Kafr Battikh

Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Saraqab 2/3, Idleb Governorate

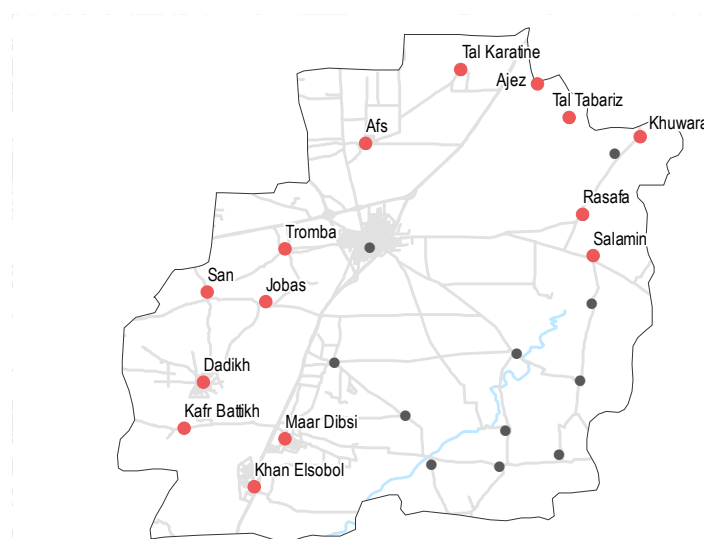
March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Khan Elsobol					
76-100%	51-75%	1-25%			
Yes	No	No			
Khuwara					
76-100%	51-75%	1-25%			
Yes	No	No			
Maar Dibsi					
76-100%	51-75%	26-50%			
Yes	Yes	No			
Rasafa					
76-100%	51-75%	1-25%			
Yes	No	No			
Salamin					
76-100%	51-75%	1-25%			
Yes	No	No			

- 14/25 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Khan Elsobol, Khuwara, Maar Dibsi, Rasafa, Salamin



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Khan Elsobol		Rasafa	
NDPs	IDPs	NDPs	IDPs
4000 - 5000 SYP		3000 - 4000 SYP	
Khuwara		Salamin	
NDPs	IDPs	NDPs	IDPs
3000 - 4000 SYP		2000 - 3000 SYP	
Maar Dibsi			
NDPs	IDPs		
3000 - 4000 SYP			

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Khan Elsobol	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals Reducing meal size
Khuwara	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals Reducing meal size
Maar Dibsi	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals
Rasafa	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Skipping meals Reducing meal size
Salamin	Daily employment Farm owning Business/trade	Borrowing from family/friends Reducing meal size

NFIs

Khan Elsobol		Rasafa	
B NA	2200 SYP	B NA	2200 SYP
C NA	5500 SYP	C NA	5500 SYP
D 375 SYP	600 SYP	D NA	500 SYP
F NA	25000 SYP	F NA	25000 SYP
Khuwara		Salamin	
B NA	2200 SYP	B NA	2000 SYP
C NA	5500 SYP	C NA	5500 SYP
D 375 SYP	500 SYP	D 375 SYP	500 SYP
F NA	25000 SYP	F NA	25000 SYP
Maar Dibsi			
B NA	2200 SYP		
C NA	5500 SYP		
D 400 SYP	500 SYP		
F NA	25000 SYP		

- Most common electricity source
- Main network
 - Generator
 - No source
 - Solar alternative
 - Batteries
 - No information

- Fuel Prices (SYP)*
- B** Butane (cannister)
 - C** Coal (1kg)
 - D** Diesel (1 litre)
 - F** Firewood (1 tonne)

- NFI Prices (SYP)*
- Cement (50kg)
 - Floor mat (3*4m)
 - Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
 - Tent (5 persons)
- NA: not available for purchase

- Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Khan Elsobol

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Khuwara

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Maar Dibsi

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Rasafa

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Salamin

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Saraqab 2/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Khan Elsobol

Water trucking

Public free collection

Khuwara

Water trucking

Disposed at designated site

Maar Dibsi

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Rasafa

Water trucking

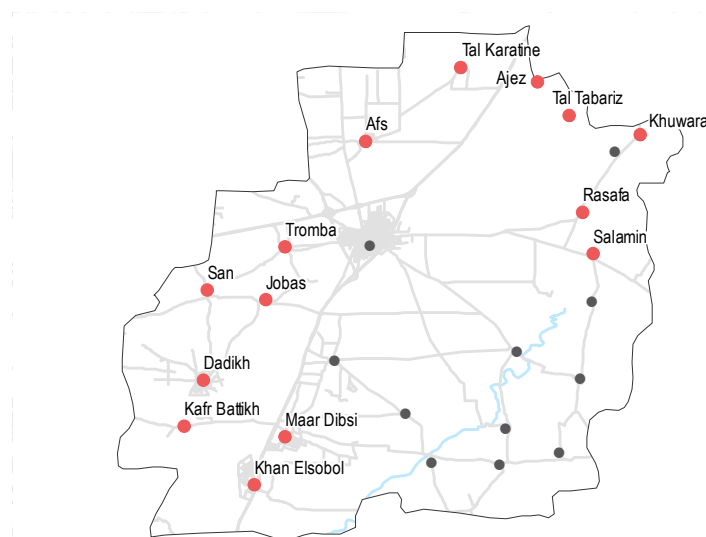
Left in street / public area

Salamin

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

- 14/25 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet): Khan Elsobol, Khuwara, Maar Dibsi, Rasafa, Salamin



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Maar Dibsi

Most children accessed education

Rasafa

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Salamin

Most children accessed education

Khan Elsobol

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Khuwara

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Health

Most common health problems

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

Khan Elsobol

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Khuwara

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No difficulties reported

Maar Dibsi

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Rasafa

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Salamin

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Food Security

Khan Elsobol

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Khuwara

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Maar Dibsi

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Rasafa

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Salamin

Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Private bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Saraqab 3/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

San

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

Tal Karatine

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Tal Tabariz

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

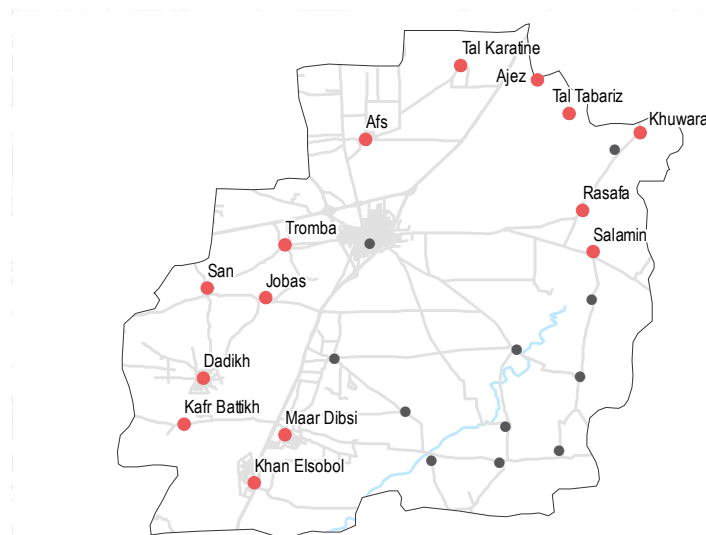
Yes No No

Tromba

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

- 14/25 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): San, Tal Karatine, Tal Tabariz, Tromba



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

San

NDPs IDPs

8000 - 10000 SYP

Tromba

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 4000 SYP

Tal Karatine

NDPs IDPs

2500 - 4000 SYP

Tal Tabariz

NDPs IDPs

3000 - 4000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

San

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Skipping meals

Tal Karatine

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Tal Tabariz

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Tromba

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Skipping meals

NFIs

San

B NA

2200 SYP

C NA

5500 SYP

D 375 SYP

500 SYP

F NA

25000 SYP

Tromba

B NA

2200 SYP

C NA

5000 SYP

D 375 SYP

600 SYP

F NA

25000 SYP

Tal Karatine

B NA

2200 SYP

C NA

6000 SYP

D 375 SYP

500 SYP

F NA

25000 SYP

Tal Tabariz

B NA

2200 SYP

C NA

5500 SYP

D NA

500 SYP

F NA

25000 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

B Butane (cannister)

C Coal (1kg)

D Diesel (1 litre)

F Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

San

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Tal Karatine

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Tal Tabariz

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Tromba

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Saraqab 3/3, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

San

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

Tal Karatine

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Tal Tabariz

Water trucking

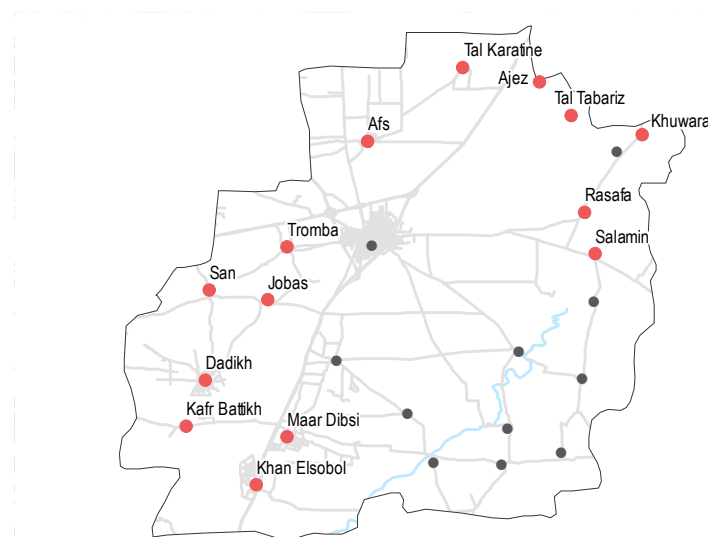
Left in street / public area

Tromba

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

- 14/25 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets): San, Tal Karatine, Tal Tabariz, Tromba



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Tal Tabariz

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Tromba

Some facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

San

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies
Services are too far

Tal Karatine

Most children accessed education

Health

Most common health problems

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

San

Tal Karatine

Tal Tabariz

Tromba

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Food Security

San

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Tal Karatine

Bread: no info
Rice: 425 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Tal Tabariz

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Tromba

Bread: no info
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice: 1kg
Lentils: 1 kg
Sugar: 1kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Sarmin, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

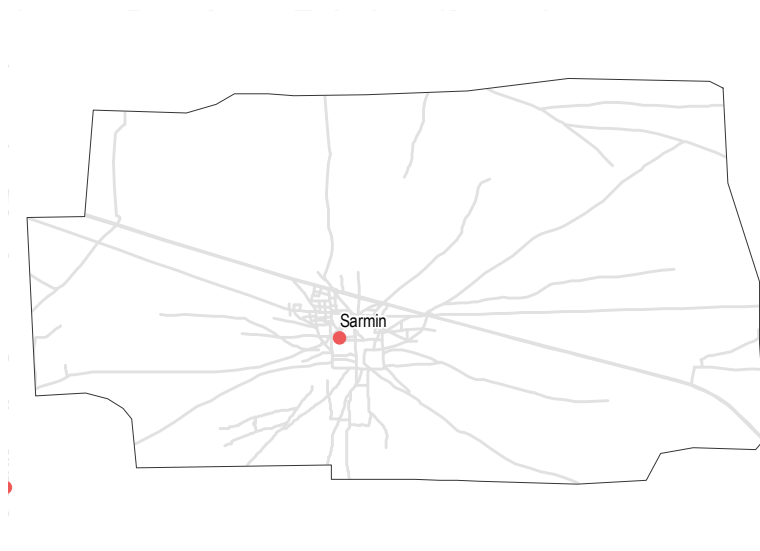
Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Sarmin

- 51-75% 51-75% 1-25%
- Yes Yes No

- 1/1 community assessed : Sarmin



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Sarmin

- NDPs IDPs
- 3500 - 4000 SYP

Livelihoods

- Most common sources of income

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

- Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Sarmin

NFIs

Sarmin

- B** NA 2200 SYP
- C** NA 6000 SYP
- D** 400 SYP 600 SYP
- F** NA 25000 SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

- Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Sarmin

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

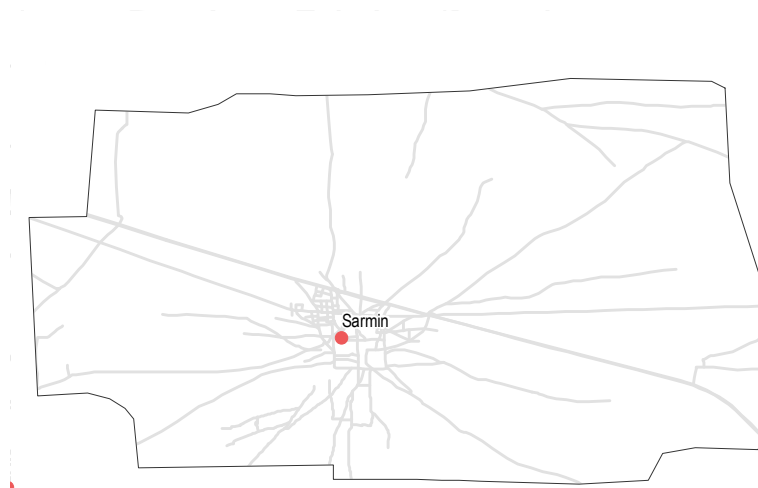
Most common method of garbage disposal

Sarmin

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 1/1 community assessed : Sarmin



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Sarmin

Lack of teaching staff

Lack of school supplies

Health

Most common health problems

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

Sarmin

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Sarmin

Bread: 100 SYP

Rice: 425 SYP

Lentils: 500 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Big Khwein

- None
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info

Farja

- None
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info

Raffa

- 26-50%
- 26-50%
- 1-25%
- Yes
- No info
- Yes

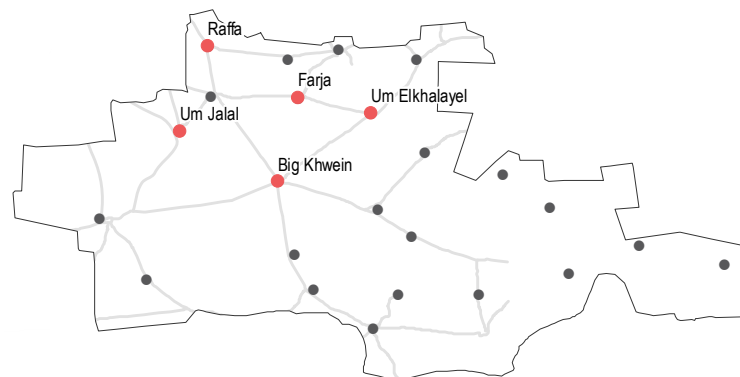
Um Elkhayel

- None
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info

Um Jalal

- None
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info
- No info

• 5/24 communities assessed : Big Khwein, Farja, Raffa, Um Elkhayel, Um Jalal



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Big Khwein

- NDPs
- IDPs
- No info

Farja

- NDPs
- IDPs
- No info

Raffa

- NDPs
- IDPs
- No info

Um Elkhayel

- NDPs
- IDPs
- No info

Um Jalal

- NDPs
- IDPs
- No info

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Big Khwein

No info

No info

Farja

No info

No info

Raffa

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Children sent to work/beg
Borrowing from family/friends

Um Elkhayel

No info

No info

Um Jalal

No info

No info

NFIs

Big Khwein

B No info

No info

C No info

No info

D No info

No info

F No info

No info

Farja

B No info

No info

C No info

No info

D No info

No info

F No info

No info

Raffa

B 8500 SYP

1850 SYP

C 65 SYP

4000 SYP

D 225 SYP

250 SYP

F 70000 SYP

25000 SYP

Big Khwein

No info

Farja

No info

Raffa

No lack of fuel

Um Elkhayel

B No info

No info

C No info

No info

D No info

No info

F No info

No info

Um Jalal

B No info

No info

C No info

No info

D No info

No info

F No info

No info

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source

Solar alternative

Batteries

No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

Butane (cannister)

Coal (1kg)

Diesel (1 litre)

Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

Cement (50kg)

Floor mat (3*4m)

Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)

Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Um Elkhayel

No info

Um Jalal

No info

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Big Khwein

No info

No info

Farja

No info

No info

Raffa

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Um Elkhayel

No info

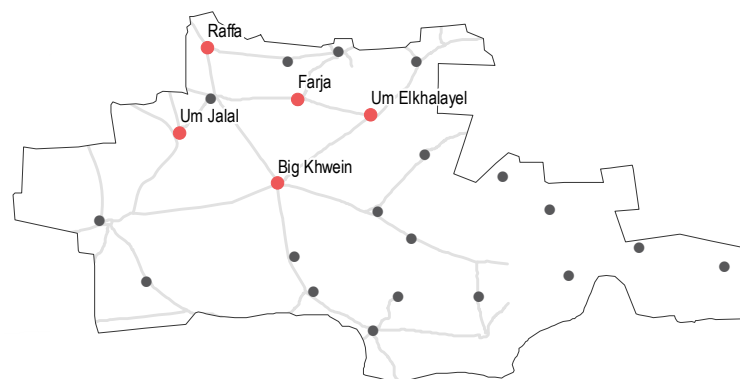
No info

Um Jalal

No info

No info

• 5/24 communities assessed : Big Khwein, Farja, Raffa, Um Elkhayel, Um Jalal



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Big Khwein

No info

Raffa

Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Um Elkhayel

No info

Um Jalal

No info

Farja

No info

Health

Most common health problems

No info

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No info

Big Khwein

No info

No info

Farja

Skin diseases
Chronic diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

No facilities in the area

Raffa

No info

No info

Um Elkhayel

No info

No info

Um Jalal

Food Security

Big Khwein

Bread: no info

Rice: no info

Lentils: no info

Sugar: no info

Cooking oil: no info

No info

No info

No info

Farja

Bread: no info

Rice: no info

Lentils: no info

Sugar: no info

Cooking oil: no info

No info

No info

No info

Raffa

Bread: no info

Rice: 425 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Sugar: 300 SYP

Cooking oil: 550 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Um Elkhayel

Bread: no info

Rice: no info

Lentils: no info

Sugar: no info

Cooking oil: no info

No info

No info

No info

Um Jalal

Bread: no info

Rice: no info

Lentils: no info

Sugar: no info

Cooking oil: no info

No info

No info

No info

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable

Teftnaz, Idleb Governorate

March 2018

Displacement

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- % of population that are female
- % of female-headed households
- IDPs living in village
- New IDP arrivals
- Returnees

Shallakh

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Talhiyeh

76-100% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes No No

Teftnaz

51-75% 51-75% 1-25%

Yes Yes No

• 3/7 communities assessed : Shallakh, Talhiyeh, Teftnaz



Shelter

- Most common shelter
- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter
- No IDPs
- No information
- Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Shallakh

NDPs IDPs

4000 - 5000 SYP

Talhiyeh

NDPs IDPs

2000 - 3000 SYP

Teftnaz

NDPs IDPs

4000 - 5000 SYP

Livelihoods

Most common sources of income

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Shallakh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Talhiyeh

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Teftnaz

Daily employment
Farm owning
Business/trade

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

NFIs

Shallakh

B NA 2000 SYP

C NA 5500 SYP

D 375 SYP 500 SYP

F NA 25000 SYP

Talhiyeh

B NA 2000 SYP

C NA 5500 SYP

D 400 SYP 500 SYP

F NA 25000 SYP

Teftnaz

B NA 2000 SYP

C NA 6000 SYP

D 350 SYP 500 SYP

F NA 25000 SYP

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source
- Solar alternative
- Batteries
- No information

Fuel Prices (SYP)*

- B** Butane (cannister)
- C** Coal (1kg)
- D** Diesel (1 litre)
- F** Firewood (1 tonne)

NFI Prices (SYP)*

- Cement (50kg)
- Floor mat (3*4m)
- Plastic tarpaulin (1m²)
- Tent (5 persons)

NA: not available for purchase

Most common strategies used to cope with a lack of fuel

Shallakh

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Talhiyeh

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

Teftnaz

Burning furniture in use
Burning clothes
Burning plastics

WASH

Most common water source

Status of water source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Sufficiency of available water to meet household needs

Sufficient

Insufficient

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Shallakh

Water trucking

Private paid collection

Talhiyeh

Water trucking

Left in street / public area

Teftnaz

Water trucking

Public free collection

- 3/7 communities assessed : Shallakh, Talhiyeh, Teftnaz



Education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Teftnaz

Most children accessed education

Shallakh

Most children accessed education

Talhiyeh

Lack of teaching staff

Lack of school supplies

Health

Most common health problems

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

Most common barriers to accessing healthcare

No facilities in the area
High cost of transportation
Lack of transportation

Shallakh

Talhiyeh

Teftnaz

Chronic diseases
Acute respiratory infections

No difficulties reported

Food Security

Shallakh

Bread: no info

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 500 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Talhiyeh

Bread: no info

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 500 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Shops

No difficulties reported

Private bakeries unavailable

Teftnaz

Bread: 100 SYP

Rice: 400 SYP

Lentils: 500 SYP

Sugar: 325 SYP

Cooking oil: 600 SYP

Public bakeries

No difficulties reported

1 to 10

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to markets

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel unavailable

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice: 1kg

Lentils: 1 kg

Sugar: 1kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Access to bread

Most common source of bread

Most common barriers to accessing bread

Number of days, per month, where bread from private bakeries was unavailable