Cyclone Idai

Mozambique Rapid Assessment

Gondola

T LOCATIONS PROFILE

(and %) of assessed locations per type of affect:

Cyclone: (12%)Flood: Both: (88%)



of assessed locations flooded:1

Immediately after		At the time of
the cyclone:		assessment:
10	Shelters	

20 Crop land 11 # of assessed locations by means of access at the time of assessment:2

Road (all vehicles) 14 Road (4x4 only) 3 Road (foot only) Boat 0 Plane Train Other 6

of assessed locations reporting presence of IDPs:

COVERAGE

of assessed locations in Gondola:

24

Map of assessed district:





SHELTER AND NON-FOOD ITEMS (NFIs)

of assessed locations in which people were reported to live/sleep in:1

Public buildings 3 Host families 9 The open 14

of assessed locations with at least some 14 damaged houses:

of assessed locations with at least some 15 completely destroyed houses:

of assessed locations per main reported sources of damage:1

Wind	24	
147.4	4.0	
Water	16	
Fire	0	
Fire	0	
Other	0	
Otrici	U	
Do not know	0	
DO 1100 1111011	U	

Estimated proportion of the population with electricity more than 6 hours a day (per # of assessed locations):

Nobody (0%) A few (1%-25%) About half (26%-50%) Most (51%-75%) Everyone (76%-100%) 0 Do not know

of assessed locations with sufficient fuel / firewood / charcoal available for cooking:











Gondola

MOZAMBIQUE **APRIL 2019**



WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE (WASH)

Main sources of water reported in assessed locations:1

Prior to the cyclone:		After the cyclone:	
Hand pumped borehole	18	Hand pumped borehole	18
Unprotected open well	6	Surface water	7
Surface water	6	Unprotected open well	6

14 out of 24 locations assessed reportedly relied on unimproved water sources or surface water as one of their main sources of water at the time of assessment.

Reported change in availability of drinking water since the cyclone: (from 'increased significantly' to 'decreased significantly)'

1	7	\rightarrow	7	1
3	2	14	4	1

If availability has decreased, most common coping strategies reported:1,3

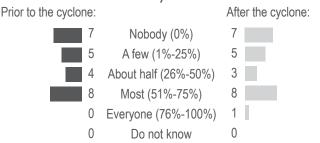
No need for coping strategies	2
Rely on surface water for cooking and washing	2
No access to coping strategies	1

Main type of latrines used in assessed locations:1



of assessed locations in which open defecation close to where people are staying was reported as an issue:

Estimated proportion of the population treating water (per # of assessed locations):



In the locations in which at least some people reportedly treat water, main methods used:1,3

Prior to the cyclone:		After the cyclone:
0	Filtration	0
17	Certeza (chlorine)	17
0	Other	0

Estimated proportion of the population having access to enough soap/ash (per # of assessed locations):



In 17 out of 19 assessed locations with at least some people having access to enough soap/ash at the time of assessment, people were reportedly able to wash their hands with soap before preparing food / after going to the toilet.3

of assessed locations in which privacy (for washing/ defecating) was reported for women and girls: 10



PROTECTION

of assessed locations in which cases of the following have been reported:1 Separated children 3 3 Children not currently being cared for by an adult 5 Child-headed household 0 Missing children (or being trafficked) 3 Children forced to work to provide food or goods 2 Children not able to access services due to disability Children who died because of the cyclone 3 Children who are injured because of the cyclone 3

of assessed locations in which lack of identification documents was reported as a problem for at least some people:

In 6 out of 24 assessed locations, an increase in concerns about personal safety was reported since the cyclone.







9







HEALTH

of assessed locations in which the following diseases have been reported:1

Acute watery diarrhoea	5	
Measles	1	
Acute respiratory diseases	6	
Malnutrition	9	
Malaria	17	

of assessed locations with at least
one functional health facility reported at
the time of assessment:

of assessed locations per reported status and type of healt

Functi	onal	Non-functional	Does not exist
oost	2	0	20
ntre	7	0	16
pital	2	0	21
ntre	0	0	23
eam	3	0	20
	Functi post ntre pital ntre eam	ntre 7 pital 2 ntre 0	post 2 0 ntre 7 0 pital 2 0 ntre 0 0

If no health facility at location, average	
distance to the nearest facility (km):3	13.6

If no health facility at location, access to the nearest facility is reportedly:3

Easy	1
With some obstacles	4
Very difficult	8

10

According to health professionals, # of assessed locations in which:

Cholera has been confirmed:	0
Women access sexual and reproductive healthcare:	2

Reported conditions of health facility per # of assessed locations with at least one facility available reporting:3

Prior to the cyclone:	Infrastructure:	After the cyclone:
10	Intact / functioning	3
0	Damaged / malfunctioning	7
0	Destroyed	0
0	Do not know	0
	Essential equipment:	
8	Available / functioning	5
1	Damaged / malfunctioning	4
0	Destroyed / missing	0
1	Do not know	1
	Supplies:	
5	Available	3
0	Partly available	0
0	Missing	1
	Human resources:	
7	Fully staffed	7
3	Partly staffed	3
0	Deserted	0
	Operational services:	
10	Curative present	10
9	Maternity present	9



ACCESS TO INFORMATION

of assessed locations with access to the following means of communication (and network providers):1

		Movitel	Vodacom	Tmcel
Mobile phone network	24	24	17	11
Internet	18	17	10	5

of assessed locations in which people have access to information on:

The response to		Current and future	
the cyclone:	16	assistance:	13

of assessed communities reporting receiving information from aid providers about what they are entitled to receive:

Yes, and it is clear	6	
Yes, but it is not clear	5	
Yes, but comes too late	1	
Yes, but not in the right language	1	
Information shared only with some	1	
No information	7	
Do not know	3	











Gondola





MARKETS

of assessed locations with functional markets before the cyclone:

19

of assessed locations per reported functionality of markets at the time of assessment:

Yes, as normal	8	
Yes, but not fully	12	
Not at all/ very few	1	
Do not know	3	

(and %) of locations per proportion of stock available compared to before the cyclone:

50% and more	7	(29%)
Less than 50%	10	(42%)
Do not know	7	(29%)



Average estimated # of shops selling food:

2.1

of assessed locations in which an increase in price was reported, by item:1

Maize grains	8	
Peas	2	
Oil	0	
Salt	7	
Other	4	

of assessed locations in which markets have stock of:

Food (fresh, dry or packaged)	11
Essential NFIs	10



EDUCATION

Estimated proportion of school-aged children (6-16) attending school at the time of assessment (per # of assessed locations):

Nobody (0%)	0	
A few (1%-25%)	1	
About half (26%-50%)	1	
Most (51%-75%)	12	
Everyone (76%-100%)	8	
Do not know	2	

of assessed locations in which school latrines and wash basins are reportedly functional:

-ully functional	
Partly functional	
Not functional	

Most commonly reported reasons children do not attend school:1,3

Р	rior to the cyclone:	Girls	After the cyclone:	
11	Other (specify)	1	Needed to help family	8
7	Needed to help family	2	Other (specify)	8
5	School far away	3	Lost materials	5
		Boys		
8	Needed to help family	1	Needed to help family	8
6	Other (specify)	2	Family stays together	7
5	Lost materials	3	Other (specify)	7











AGRICULTURE & FOOD SECURITY

of assessed locations in which crop losses were reported:

23

Out of those locations, estimated proportion of crops lost (per # of assessed locations):3

Basic food crops (ce vegetables):		&	(Cash crop:
	0	None (0%)	0	
	1	A few (1%-25%)	1	
i i	1	Some (26%-50%)	0	
	14	Most (51%-75%)	13	
	7	All (76%-100%)	7	
	0	Do not know	2	

In 1 out of 24 assessed locations, there were fishing boats / equipment before the cyclone.

Out of those locations, estimated proportion of fishing boats / equipment lost (per # of assessed locations):3

Fishing boats:		Fishing equipment:	
0	None (0%)	0	
0	A few (1%-25%)	0	
0	Some (26%-50%)	0	
0	Most (51%-75%)	0	
0	All (76%-100%)	0	
1	Do not know	1	

Estimated proportion of the population able to access farming land in the two weeks following the assessment (per # of assessed locations):

Nobody (0%)	4	
A few (1%-25%)	2	
About half (26%-50%)	3	
Most (51%-75%)	10	
Everyone (76%-100%)	5	
Do not know	0	

¹Multiple answers could be selected so percentages may add up to more than 100%.

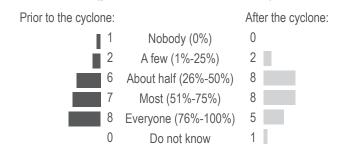
of assessed locations reportedly owning the following livestock:1

Gado	16	
Cabras / ovelhas	22	
Porcos	17	
Aves	24	

In those locations, estimated proportion of livestock lost (per # of assessed locations):3

	Cattle	Goats/ sheep	Pigs	Poultry
None (0%)	13	10	11	10
A few (1%-25%)	3	8	5	9
Some (26%-50%)	0	3	1	1
Most (51%-75%)	0	1	0	3
All (76%-100%)	0	0	0	1
Do not know	0	0	0	0

Estimated proportion of the population able to cook food and boil water (per # of assessed locations):



PRIORITIES

Main reported concerns or priorities of the communities, by # of assessed locations:1 1. Food 17 2. Shelter 15 3. Health

Funded by:















² 'Lowest form' of transport required to get there. Train is considered separately.

³ Results refer to a subset of locations only as this question was only asked to a subset of key informants, depending on their answer to the preceding question.