



While an estimated 2.1 million people live in displacement sites in Somalia¹, existing information on exact locations and site level vulnerabilities is sparse, and existing assessments have been ad-hoc and unharmonised, resulting in low comparability and verification.

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Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster

and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach² was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured³. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Kaam Tawakal Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

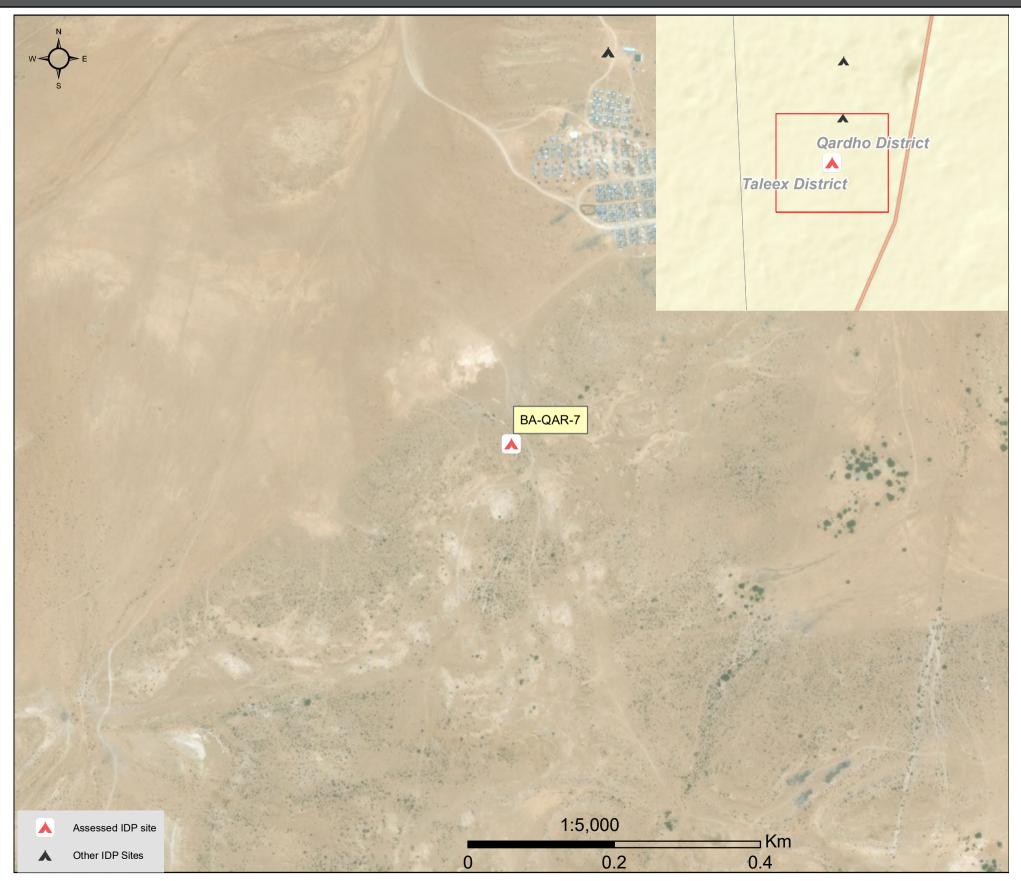
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.473, Long. 49.075



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2. For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.



Funded by European Union Humanitarian Aid



For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org









Detailed Site Assessment Site Name: Kaam Tawakal Qardho District, Bari Region



Site Information

| Settlement type | Planned site |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 175 |
| Estimated number of households | 48 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Residents |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Jul-15 |
| Site owner | Local authority |
| | |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|---------|
| Female-headed households | 30 |
| Child-headed households | 40 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 45 |
| Unaccompanied children | 10 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 0 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | Yes |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | Yes |
| Type of landownership | Unknown |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

T WASH

| Access to potable water | No |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 10 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | No |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | |
|--|---------------|--|
| IDPs | 48 | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 0 | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 month | s 4 | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | |
| First area of origin | Bay | |
| Second area of origin | Bakool | |
| Third area of origin | ower Shabelle | |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Food assistance |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | Monthly |
| Access to a food market | No |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | |
|---|-----|
| 1. AWD / Cholera | |
| 2. N/A | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Access to healthcare services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | N/A |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes |
| Access to nutrition services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A |
| Access to nutrition services: No | |

Education

| Education services available | Yes |
|--|---------|
| Average walking time to the nearest school 2 n | ninutes |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. Primary | |
| 0 11/0 | |

2. N/A

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1. Other | 1 | | 0 | tł | ٦ | е | r |
|----------|---|--|---|----|---|---|---|
|----------|---|--|---|----|---|---|---|

2. N/A

3. N/A

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

| Three most trusted sources of information ⁵ : | |
|--|-------------|
| 1. Aid worker | |
| 2. N/A | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Most commonly spoken language | Somali Maay |

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org

Yes

No

N/A

N/A





NRC





Location map

Introduction

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and accessibility for data collection.

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This factsheet presents a summary of Iskoolk Kaamka Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

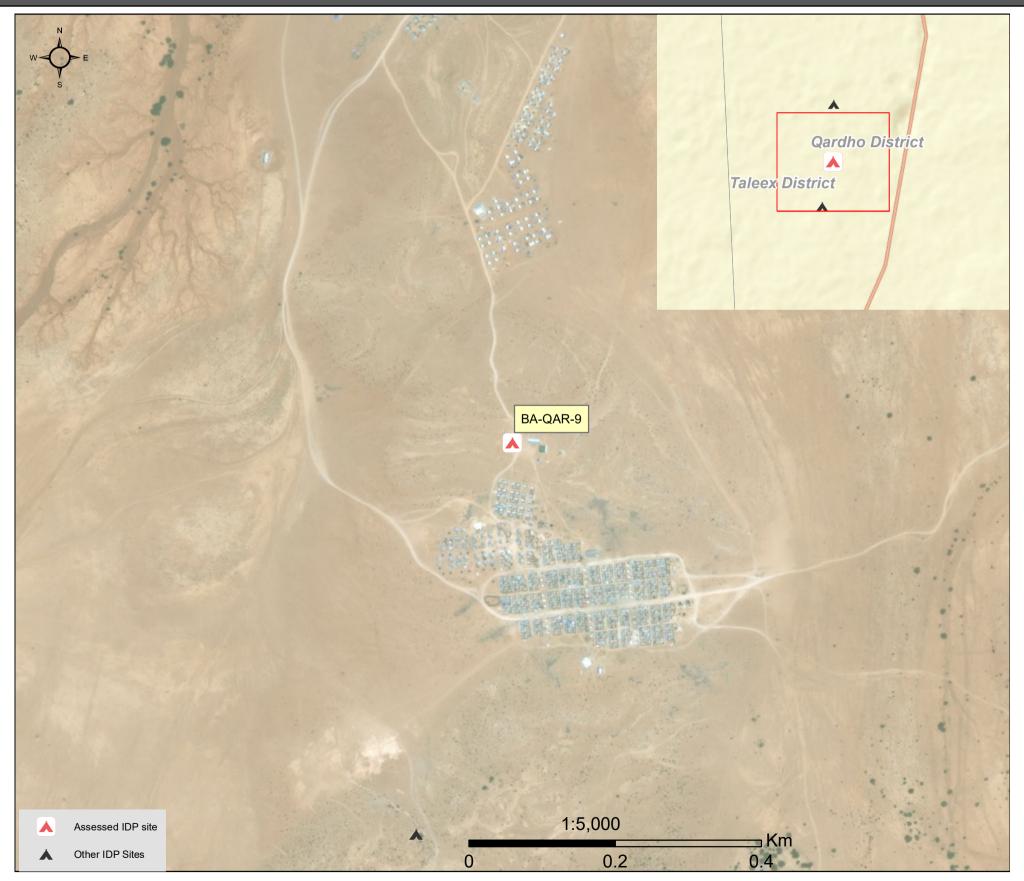
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.478, Long. 49.076



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.







For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org









Detailed Site Assessment Site Name: Iskoolk Kaamka Qardho District, Bari Region



Site Information

| Settlement type | Planned site |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 3060 |
| Estimated number of households | 510 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Local authority |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Aug-14 |
| Site owner | Local authority |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|----------|
| Female-headed households | 50 |
| Child-headed households | 50 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 360 |
| Unaccompanied children | 0 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 60 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | Yes |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | Yes |
| Type of landownership | Informal |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

🔫 WASH

| Access to potable water | No |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 40 |
| Latrines (male) | 20 |
| Latrines (female) | 20 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | No |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | |
|--|----------|
| IDPs | 480 |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 30 |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 75 |
| Most common areas of origin: | |
| First area of origin | Banadir |
| Second area of origin | Bay |
| Third area of origin Lower | Shabelle |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Household production |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Food distributions | Monthly |
| Access to a food market | No |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | | |
|---|-----------|--|
| 1. AWD / Cholera | | |
| 2. Diphteria | | |
| 3. Other | | |
| Access to healthcare services | Yes | |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | 5 minutes | |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes | |
| Access to nutrition services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A | |
| Access to nutrition services: No | | |

Education

| Education services available | Yes |
|--|-----------|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | 5 minutes |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. Primary | |

- 2. Quranic
 -

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

1. Buul

2. Timber and plastic sheet

3. CGI

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information⁵:
1. Friends, neighbours and family
2. Religious leader
3. Aid worker
Most commonly spoken language
Somali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





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Yes

No

N/A

N/A





NRC





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This factsheet presents a summary of Kaam New Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

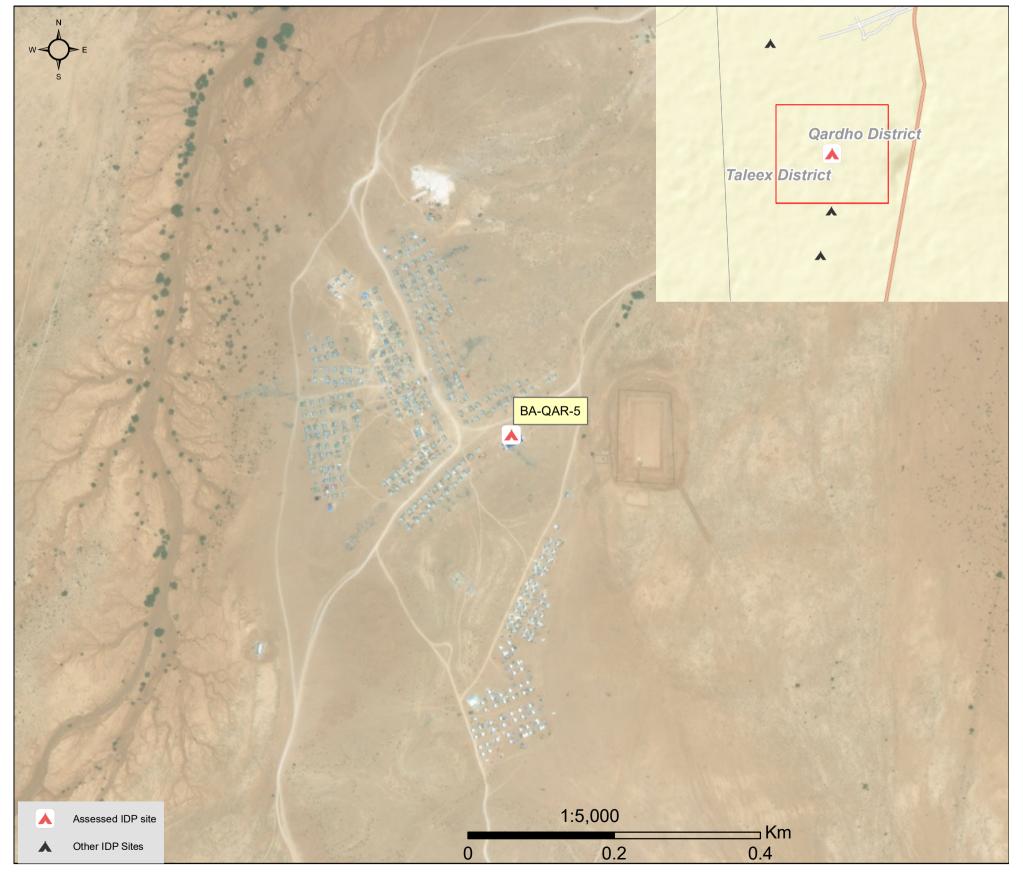
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.484, Long. 49.076



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.







For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org







Detailed Site Assessment Site Name: Kaam New Qardho District, Bari Region



Site Information

| Settlement type | Planned site |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 2100 |
| Estimated number of households | 350 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Residents |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Apr-12 |
| Site owner | Local authority |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|------|
| Female-headed households | 50 |
| Child-headed households | 7 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 650 |
| Unaccompanied children | 17 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 37 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | Yes |
| Public lighting in the site | Yes |
| Type of landownership | None |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

🐂 WASH

| Access to potable water | Yes |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 36 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | Yes |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | |
|--|---------|
| IDPs | 304 |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 46 |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 9 |
| Most common areas of origin: | |
| First area of origin | Bay |
| Second area of origin | Hiraan |
| Third area of origin | Banadir |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Market purchase |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | Monthly |
| Access to a food market | Yes |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | | |
|---|-----|--|
| 1. AWD / Cholera | | |
| 2. Malaria | | |
| 3. Polio | | |
| Access to healthcare services No | | |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | N/A | |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes | |
| Access to nutrition services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A | |
| Access to nutrition services: No | | |

Education

| Education services available | Yes |
|--|------------|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | 10 minutes |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. Primary | |
| | |

2. N/A

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1. | Buul |
|----|------|
| 2 | CCI |

2. CGI

3. N/A

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

| Three most trusted sources of information ⁵ : |
|--|
| 1. Community leader |
| 2. N/A |
| 3. N/A |
| Most commonly spoken language Somali Maay |

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org

Yes

No

N/A

N/A







Detailed Site Assessment Xorgable site Qardho District, Bari Region, Somalia



Introduction

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This factsheet presents a summary of Xorgable Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

Date assessed:

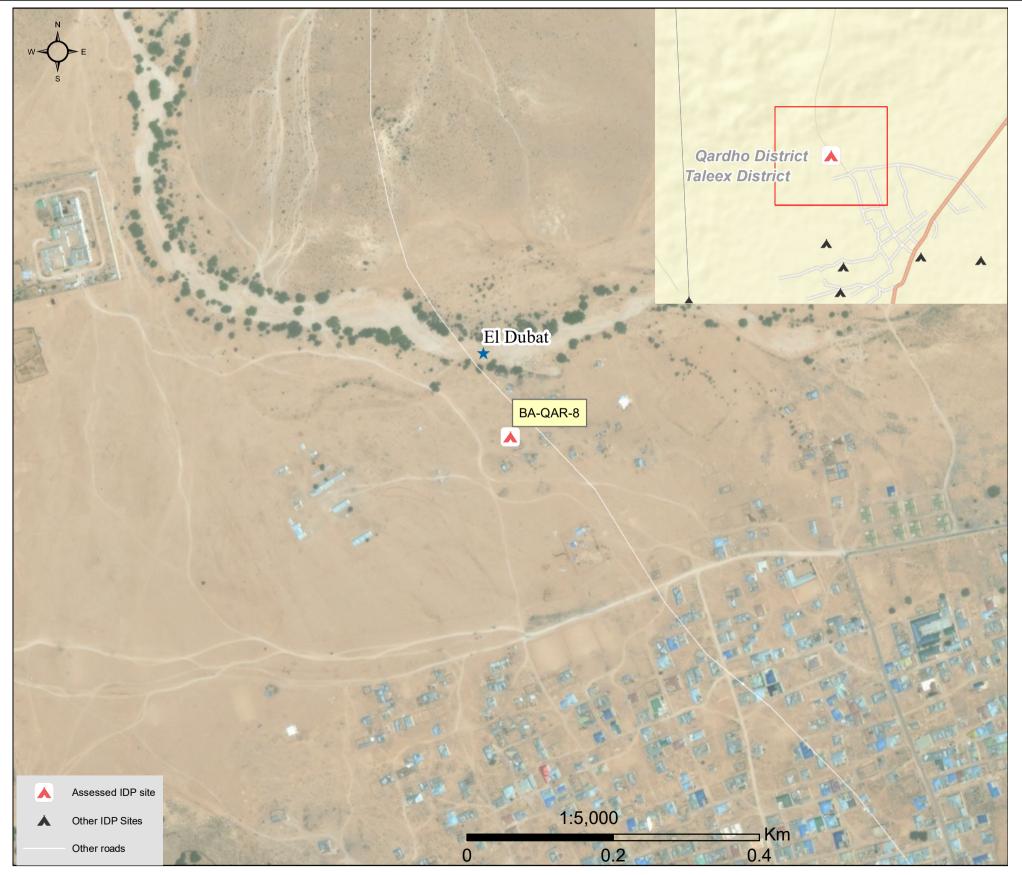
Oct - 2017

Location map



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.518, Long. 49.079



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.



Funded by European Union Humanitarian Aid



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| Settlement type | Spontaneous site |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 600 |
| Estimated number of households | 100 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Residents |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Feb-15 |
| Site owner | Private |
| | |

Protection

🔫 WASH

| Access to potable water | No |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 10 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | No |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

☆→ Displacement

()ener

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | | |
|--|--------|--|--|
| IDPs | 100 | | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 0 | | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 10 | | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | | |
| First area of origin | Bari | | |
| Second area of origin | Sanaag | | |
| Third area of origin | Nugaal | | |

CCCM CLUSTER SUPPORTING DISPLACED COMMUNITIES REACH Informing supporting displaced communities

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Household production |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Food distributions | Less than montly |
| Access to a food market | No |

🟶 Health and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | |
|---|-----|
| 1. Malaria | |
| 2. Diphteria | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Access to healthcare services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | N/A |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes |
| Access to nutrition services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A |
| Access to nutrition services: No | |

Education

| Education services available | No |
|--|-----|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. N/A | |
| 2 . N/A | |

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1. Buul | 1. | В | uul |
|----------------|----|---|-----|
|----------------|----|---|-----|

2. Tent

3. Stone

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information⁵:1. TV2. Community leader3. RadioMost commonly spoken languageSomali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





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No

No

N/A

N/A





NRC





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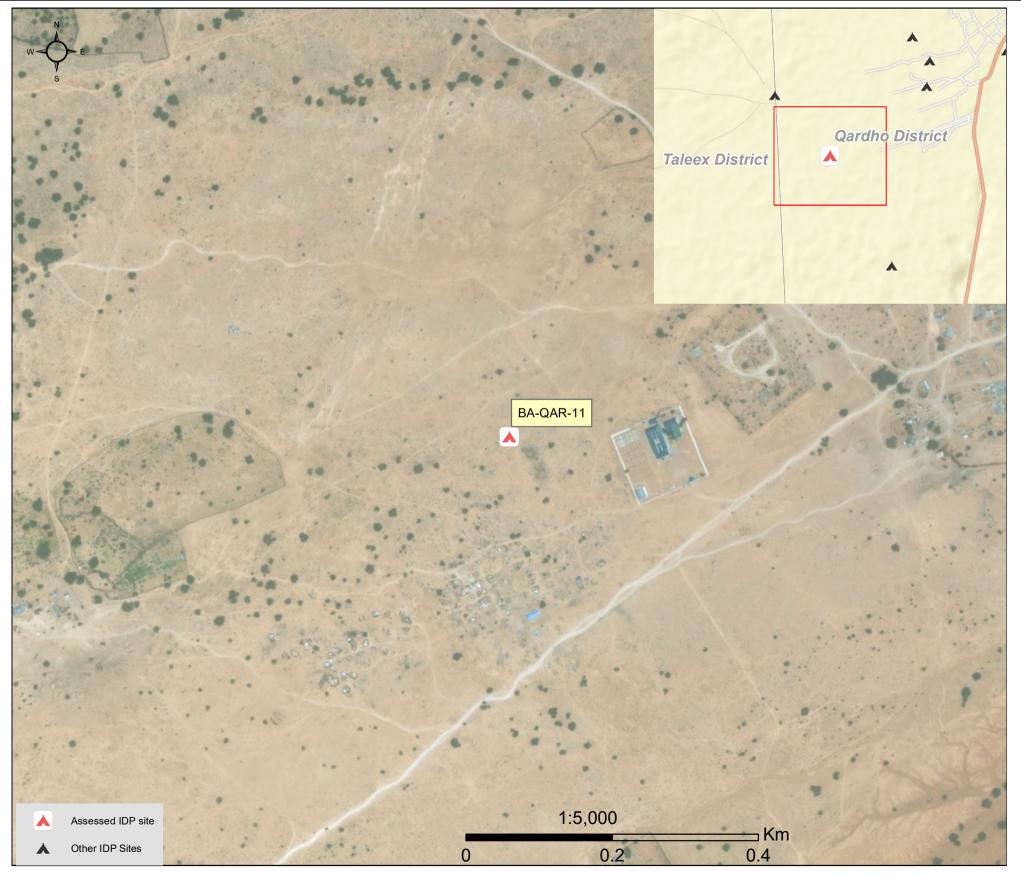
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.496, Long. 49.07



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

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Site Information

| Settlement type | Spontaneous site |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 1680 |
| Estimated number of households | 280 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Local authority |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Sep-16 |
| Site owner | Private |
| | |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | | |
|--|---------|--|
| Female-headed households | 50 | |
| Child-headed households | 20 | |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 380 | |
| Unaccompanied children | 0 | |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 100 | |
| | | |
| Presence of shared community space | No | |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No | |
| Presence of child friendly space | No | |
| Public lighting in the site | No | |
| Type of landownership | Unknown | |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No | |

🐂 WASH

| Access to potable water | Yes |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 0 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | N/A |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | | |
|--|--------|--|--|
| IDPs | 275 | | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 5 | | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 40 | | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | | |
| First area of origin | Bari | | |
| Second area of origin | Sool | | |
| Third area of origin | Nugaal | | |
| | | | |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Market purchase |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | No |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | | |
|---|-----|--|
| 1. Malaria | | |
| 2. N/A | | |
| 3. N/A | | |
| Access to healthcare services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | N/A | |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes | |
| Access to nutrition services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A | |
| Access to nutrition services: No | | |

Education

| Education services available | No | |
|--|-----|--|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A | |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | | |
| 1. N/A | | |
| 2 . N/A | | |

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1. | Buul |
|----|---------|
| - | N I / A |

2. N/A

3. N/A

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

| Three most trusted sources of information⁵: |
|---|
| 1. Radio |
| 2. N/A |
| 3. N/A |
| Most commonly spoken language Somali Standard |

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





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No

No

N/A

N/A





NRC





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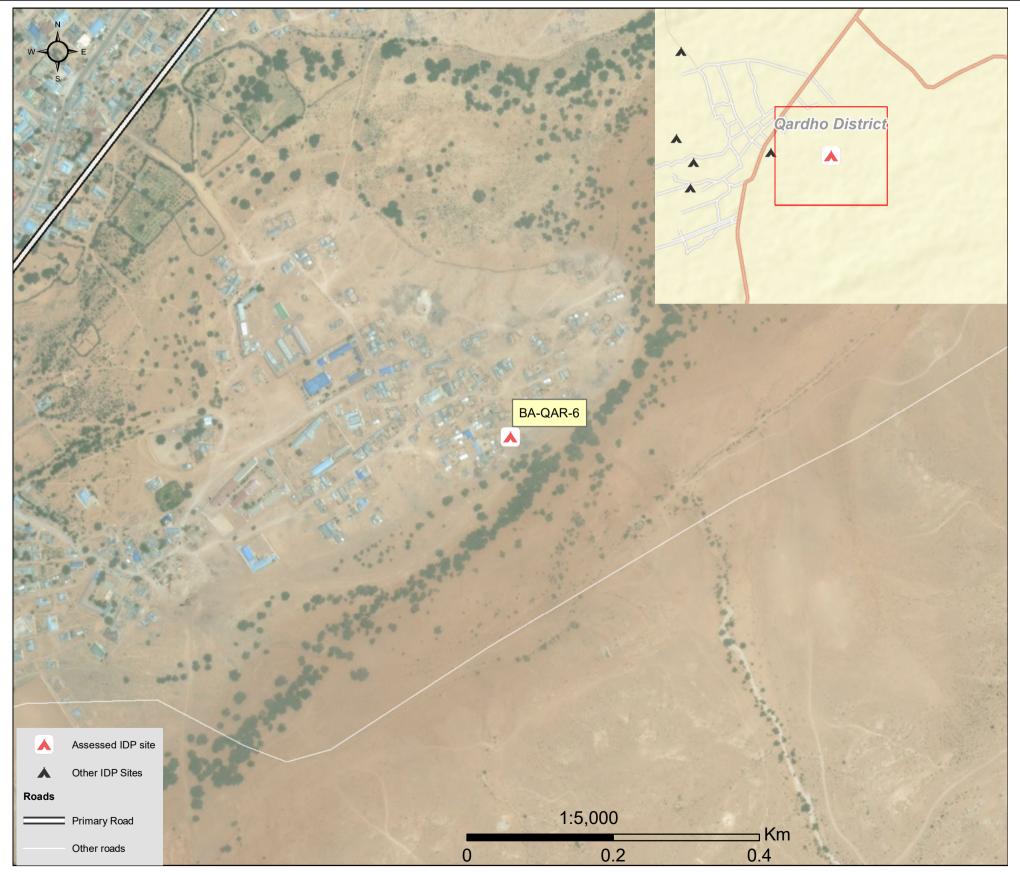
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.507, Long. 49.096



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

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Site Information

| Settlement type | Spontaneous site |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 800 |
| Estimated number of households | 400 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Local authority |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Jan-01 |
| Site owner | None |
| | |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|-----|
| Female-headed households | 400 |
| Child-headed households | 50 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 0 |
| Unaccompanied children | 0 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 100 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | No |
| Type of landownership | N/A |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

T WASH

| Access to potable water | Yes |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 20 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | Yes |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| IDPs | 350 | | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 50 | | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 50 | | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | | |
| First area of origin | Banadir | | |
| Second area of origin | Sanaag | | |
| Third area of origin | Bari | | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months Most common areas of origin: First area of origin Second area of origin | 50 Banadir Sanaag | | |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Market purchase |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | No |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | |
|---|-----------|
| 1. None | |
| 2. N/A | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Access to healthcare services | Yes |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | 4 minutes |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes |
| Access to nutrition services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A |
| Access to nutrition services: No | |

Education

| Education services available | Yes |
|--|-----------|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | 5 minutes |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. Secondary | |

- 2. Quranic
 - .

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

- 1. Wattle and daub
- 2. Mud Adobe Block
- 3. Brick

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

| Three most trusted sources of information ⁵ : |
|--|
| 1. Community leader |
| 2. N/A |
| 3. N/A |
| Most commonly spoken language Somali Standard |

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org

No

No

N/A

N/A







Detailed Site Assessment Kubo site Qardho District, Bari Region, Somalia



Introduction

While an estimated 2.1 million people live in displacement sites in Somalia¹, existing information on exact locations and site level vulnerabilities is sparse, and existing assessments have been ad-hoc and unharmonised, resulting in low comparability and verification.

The Detailed Site Assessment (DSA) was triggered in coordination with the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Cluster in order to provide the humanitarian community with up-to-date information on location of internally displaced persons (IDP) sites, the conditions and capacity of the sites and the humanitarian needs of the residents.

Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster

and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach² was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured³. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Kubo Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

Date assessed:

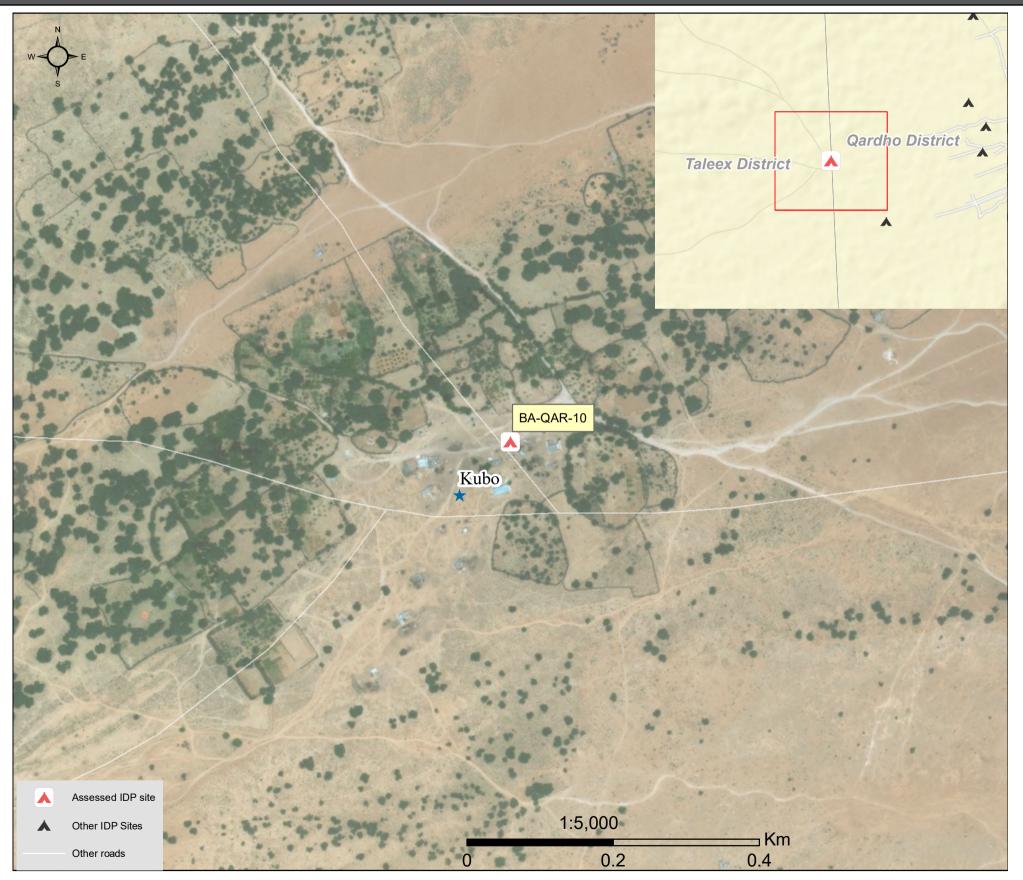
Oct - 2017

Location map



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.502, Long. 49.064



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.







For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org









Detailed Site Assessment Site Name: Kubo Qardho District, Bari Region

Site Information

| Settlement type | Planned site |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 650 |
| Estimated number of households | 130 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Residents |
| Date when most site residents arrived | May-17 |
| Site owner | None |
| | |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|-----|
| Female-headed households | 60 |
| Child-headed households | 6 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 210 |
| Unaccompanied children | 12 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 8 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | Yes |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | No |
| Type of landownership | N/A |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

🔫 WASH

| Yes |
|-----|
| |
| 6 |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| No |
| |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

☆→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | |
|--|--------|--|
| IDPs | 30 | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 100 | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 30 | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | |
| First area of origin | Bari | |
| Second area of origin | Hiraan | |
| Third area of origin | Bay | |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Market purchase |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | No |

🟶 Health and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | |
|---|-----------|
| 1. AWD / Cholera | |
| 2. Malaria | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Access to healthcare services | Yes |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | 3 minutes |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes |
| Access to nutrition services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A |
| Access to nutrition services: No | |

Education

| Education services available | No |
|--|-----|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. N/A | |
| 2. N/A | |

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1. Buul | Buul |
|---------|------|
|---------|------|

- 2. Mud Adobe Block
- 3. Stone

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information⁵:
1. Friends, neighbours and family
2. Government official
3. Community leader
Most commonly spoken language
Somali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org

No

No

N/A

N/A





NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL

NRC





Location map

Introduction

While an estimated 2.1 million people live in displacement sites in Somalia¹, existing information on exact locations and site level vulnerabilities is sparse, and existing assessments have been ad-hoc and unharmonised, resulting in low comparability and verification.

The Detailed Site Assessment (DSA) was triggered in coordination with the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Cluster in order to provide the humanitarian community with up-to-date information on location of internally displaced persons (IDP) sites, the conditions and capacity of the sites and the humanitarian needs of the residents.

Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster

and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach² was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured³. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Kamka Ayan Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

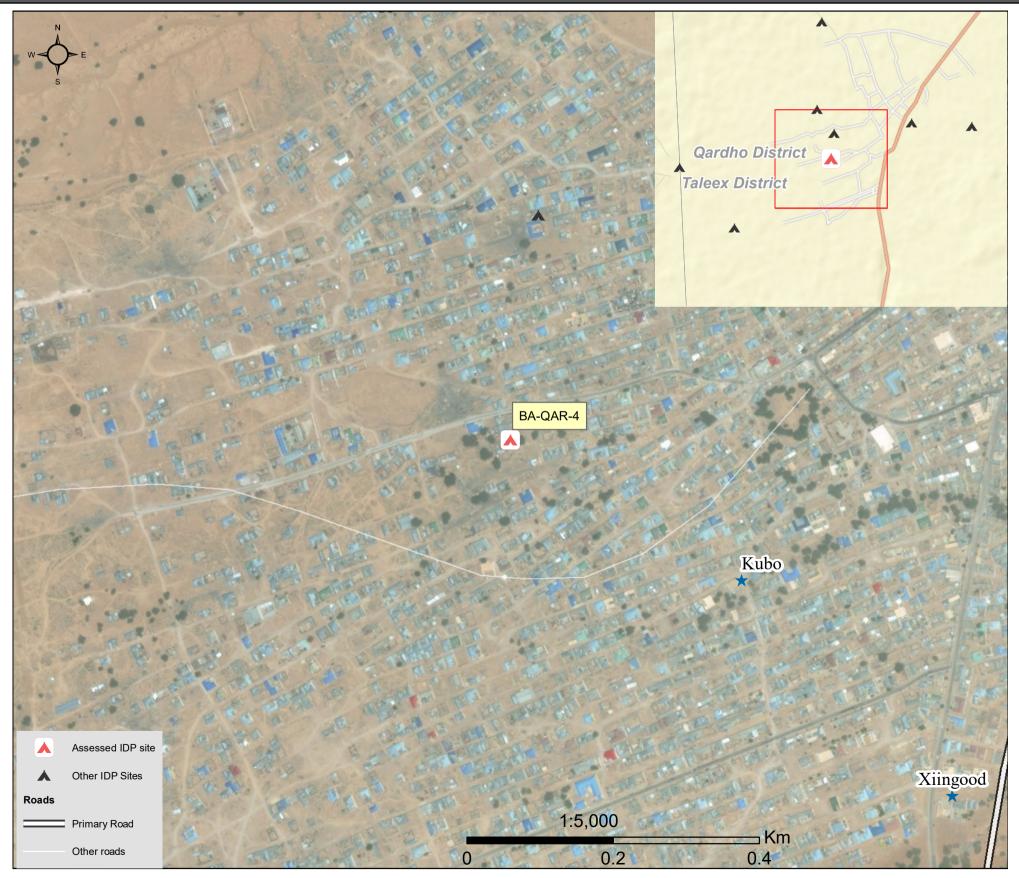
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.503, Long. 49.08



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.



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For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org











Site Information

| Settlement type | Planned site |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 300 |
| Estimated number of households | 100 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Local authority |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Oct-06 |
| Site owner | Private |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|----------|
| Female-headed households | 100 |
| Child-headed households | 25 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 40 |
| Unaccompanied children | 0 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 5 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | Yes |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | No |
| Type of landownership | Informal |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

🐂 WASH

| Access to potable water | Yes |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 4 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | No |
| | |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | | |
|--|---------|--|--|
| IDPs | 90 | | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 10 | | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 30 | | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | | |
| First area of origin | Bay | | |
| Second area of origin | Bakool | | |
| Third area of origin | Banadir | | |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Market purchase |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | Yes |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | | |
|---|-----------|--|
| 1. None | | |
| 2. N/A | | |
| 3. N/A | | |
| Access to healthcare services | Yes | |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | 6 minutes | |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes | |
| Access to nutrition services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A | |
| Access to nutrition services: No | | |

Education

| Education services available | No | | |
|--|-----|--|--|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A | | |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | | | |
| 1. N/A | | | |
| 2. N/A | | | |

Z. IN/*F*

| Most common shelter types in the site⁵: | |
|--|-----------|
| 1. Timber and plastic sheet | |
| 2. N/A | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Electricity available in the site | No |
| Access to a NFI market | Yes |
| Average walking time to the nearest NFI market | 5 minutes |
| Perceived safe access to NFI market | Yes |
| | |

3. N/A

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information⁵:1. Friends, neighbours and family2. Religious leader3. Community leaderMost commonly spoken languageSomali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org





NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL

NRC





Location map

Introduction

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Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster

and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach² was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured³. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Kam Warsan Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

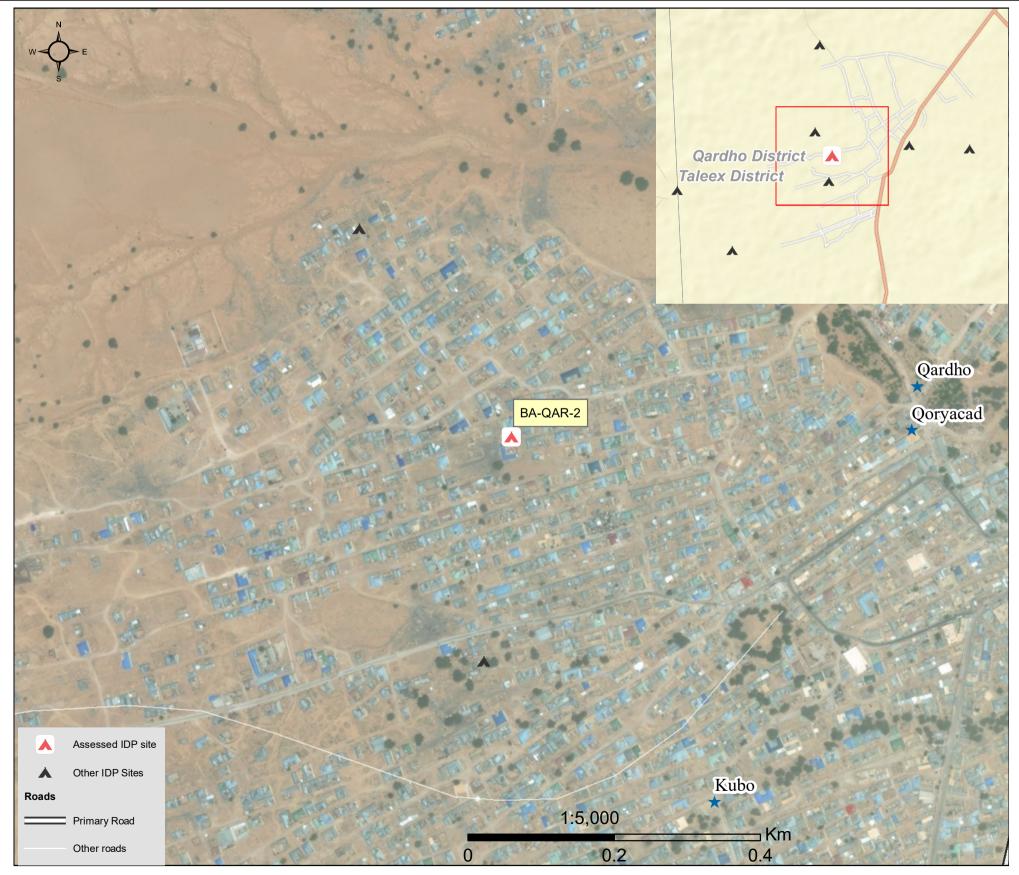
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.506, Long. 49.081



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2. For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.



Funded by European Union Humanitarian Aid



For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org









Detailed Site Assessment Site Name: Kam Warsan Qardho District, Bari Region



| Settlement type | Planned site |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 405 |
| Estimated number of households | 70 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Residents |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Oct-05 |
| Site owner | Private |
| | |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|---------|
| Female-headed households | 55 |
| Child-headed households | 0 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 70 |
| Unaccompanied children | 5 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 10 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | No |
| Type of landownership | Unknown |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

WASH

| Access to potable water | Yes |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 1 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | No |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | | |
|--|----------------|--|--|
| IDPs | 60 | | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 10 | | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 mon | ths 10 | | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | | |
| First area of origin | Lower Shabelle | | |
| Second area of origin | Banadir | | |
| Third area of origin | Hiraan | | |

CCCM CLUSTER __SUPPORTING DISPLACED COMMUNITIES REACH Informing more effective humanitarian action

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Household production |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | Yes |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | | |
|--|-----|--|
| 1. None | | |
| 2. N/A | | |
| 3. N/A | | |
| Access to healthcare services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service N/A | | |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes | |
| Access to nutrition services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A | |
| Access to nutrition services: No | | |

Education

| Education services available | No |
|--|-----|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. N/A | |
| 2. N/A | |

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1. Buul | |
|--|------------|
| 2. N/A | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Electricity available in the site | No |
| Access to a NFI market | Yes |
| Average walking time to the nearest NFI market | 20 minutes |
| Perceived safe access to NFI market | Yes |
| | |

3. N/A

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information⁵: 1. Friends, neighbours and family **2.** N/A 3. N/A Most commonly spoken language Somali Standard

4.More than 60 years old. 5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org











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and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach² was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured³. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Koom Karaash Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

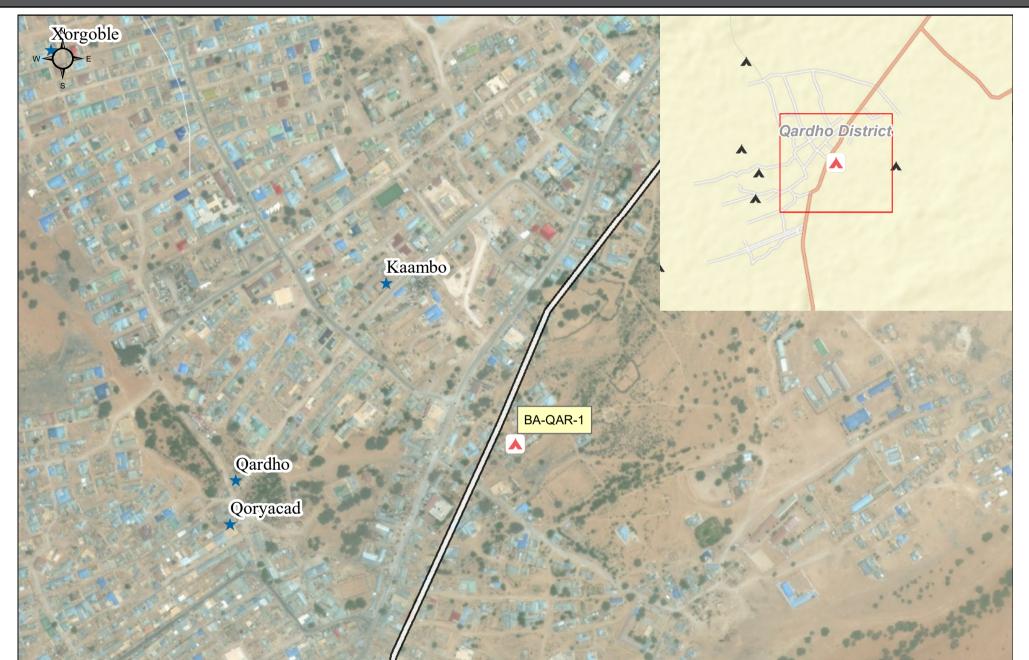
Date assessed:

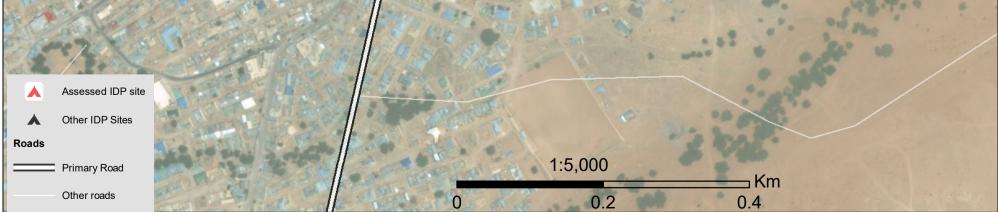
Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.507, Long. 49.089





1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.



Funded by European Union Humanitarian Aid



For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org









Detailed Site Assessment Site Name: Koom Karaash Qardho District, Bari Region



Site Information

| Settlement type | Spontaneous site |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 390 |
| Estimated number of households | 65 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Local authority |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Jun-12 |
| Site owner | Local authority |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|---------|
| Female-headed households | 65 |
| Child-headed households | 0 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 100 |
| Unaccompanied children | 2 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 3 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | No |
| Type of landownership | Unknown |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |

🔫 WASH

| Access to potable water | |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 1 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | No |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | | |
|--|---------|--|--|
| IDPs | 50 | | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 15 | | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 10 | | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | | |
| First area of origin | Hiraan | | |
| Second area of origin | Bay | | |
| Third area of origin | Banadir | | |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Market purchase |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | No |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | | |
|---|-----|--|
| 1. Malaria | | |
| 2. N/A | | |
| 3. N/A | | |
| Access to healthcare services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | N/A | |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes | |
| Access to nutrition services | No | |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A | |
| Access to nutrition services: No | | |

Education

| Education services available | No |
|--|-----|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. N/A | |
| 2 . N/A | |

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1 | Buul | |
|---|------|--|
| | | |

2. N/A

3. N/A

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information⁵: 1. Friends, neighbours and family **2.** TV 3. Community leader Most commonly spoken language Somali Standard

4. More than 60 years old. 5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org

No

No

N/A

N/A





NRC



Detailed Site Assessment Harwayn site Qardho District, Bari Region, Somalia



Introduction

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Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster

and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach² was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured³. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Harwayn Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

Date assessed:

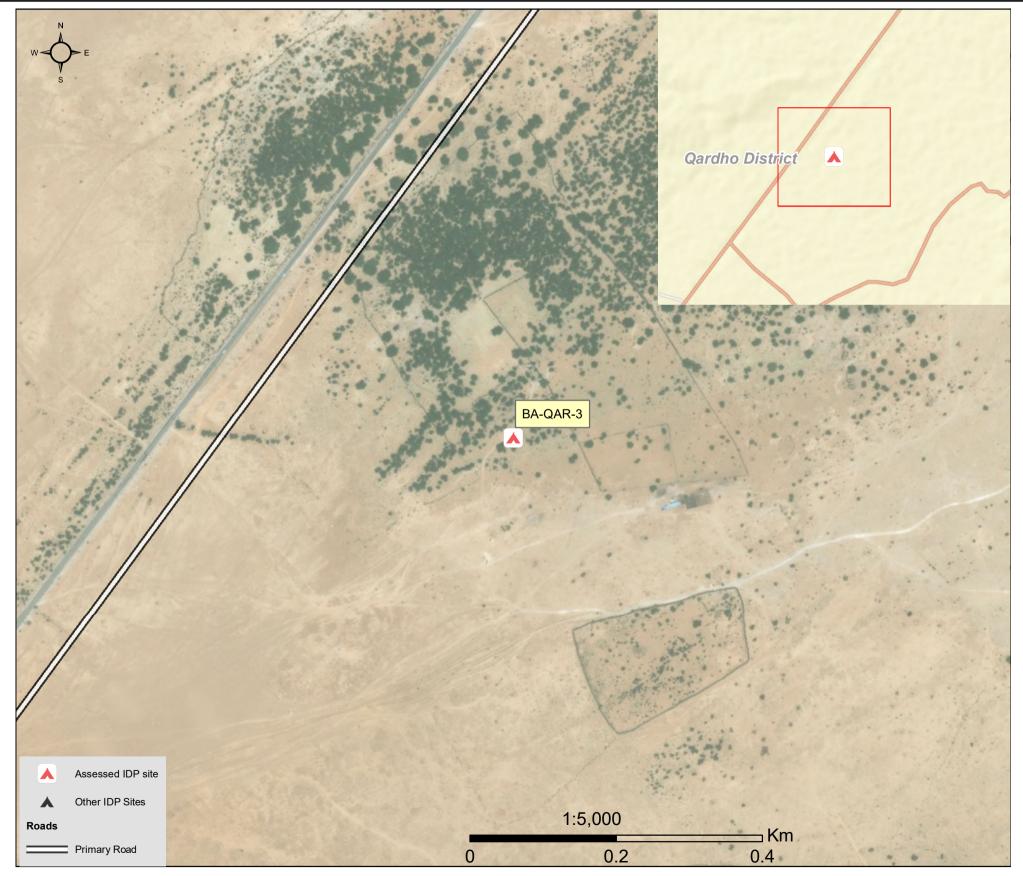
Oct - 2017

Location map



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.531, Long. 49.11



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.







For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org









Detailed Site Assessment Site Name: Harwayn Qardho District, Bari Region



| Settlement type | Planned site |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 140 |
| | |
| Estimated number of households | 70 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Local authority |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Jan-17 |
| Site owner | Private |
| | |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|------|
| Female-headed households | 20 |
| Child-headed households | 0 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 70 |
| Unaccompanied children | 0 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 10 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | No |
| Type of landownership | None |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | No |
| | |

🔫 WASH

| Access to potable water | Yes |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 0 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | N/A |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

☆→ Displacement

() on an

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | |
|--|-----|--|
| IDPs | 0 | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 70 | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 months | 4 | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | |
| First area of origin | N/A | |
| Second area of origin | N/A | |
| Third area of origin | N/A | |

Food Security

| Primary source of food | Market purchase |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | No |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | |
|---|-----|
| 1. Malaria | |
| 2. N/A | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Access to healthcare services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | N/A |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes |
| Access to nutrition services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A |
| Access to nutrition services: No | |

Education

| Education services available | No | |
|--|-----|--|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A | |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | | |
| 1. N/A | | |
| 2. N/A | | |

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

| 1. | Buul | |
|----|------|--|
| - | | |

2. N/A

3. N/A

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

| Three most trusted sources of information⁵: |
|---|
| 1. Community leader |
| 2. N/A |
| 3. N/A |
| Most commonly spoken language Somali Standard |

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





For more information on this profile please contact: CCCM Cluster: kziga@iom.int REACH: somalia@reach-initiative.org

No

No

N/A

N/A









While an estimated 2.1 million people live in displacement sites in Somalia¹, existing information on exact locations and site level vulnerabilities is sparse, and existing assessments have been ad-hoc and unharmonised, resulting in low comparability and verification.

The Detailed Site Assessment (DSA) was triggered in coordination with the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Cluster in order to provide the humanitarian community with up-to-date information on location of internally displaced persons (IDP) sites, the conditions and capacity of the sites and the humanitarian needs of the residents.

Target locations for assessment were selected based on needs identified by the CCCM Cluster

and accessibility for data collection.

A grid pattern approach² was applied during data collection to ensure that all IDP sites in the target area were identified. In each site, two key informant (KI) interviews were conducted: one with the site manager or community leader and one with a women's representative to ensure the perspectives of different groups were captured³. KI responses were aggregated to give one response per question per site.

This factsheet presents a summary of Xerodhiigta Site profile along with the needs and priorities of IDPs residing in the site. As the data is captured through KIs, findings should be considered indicative only.

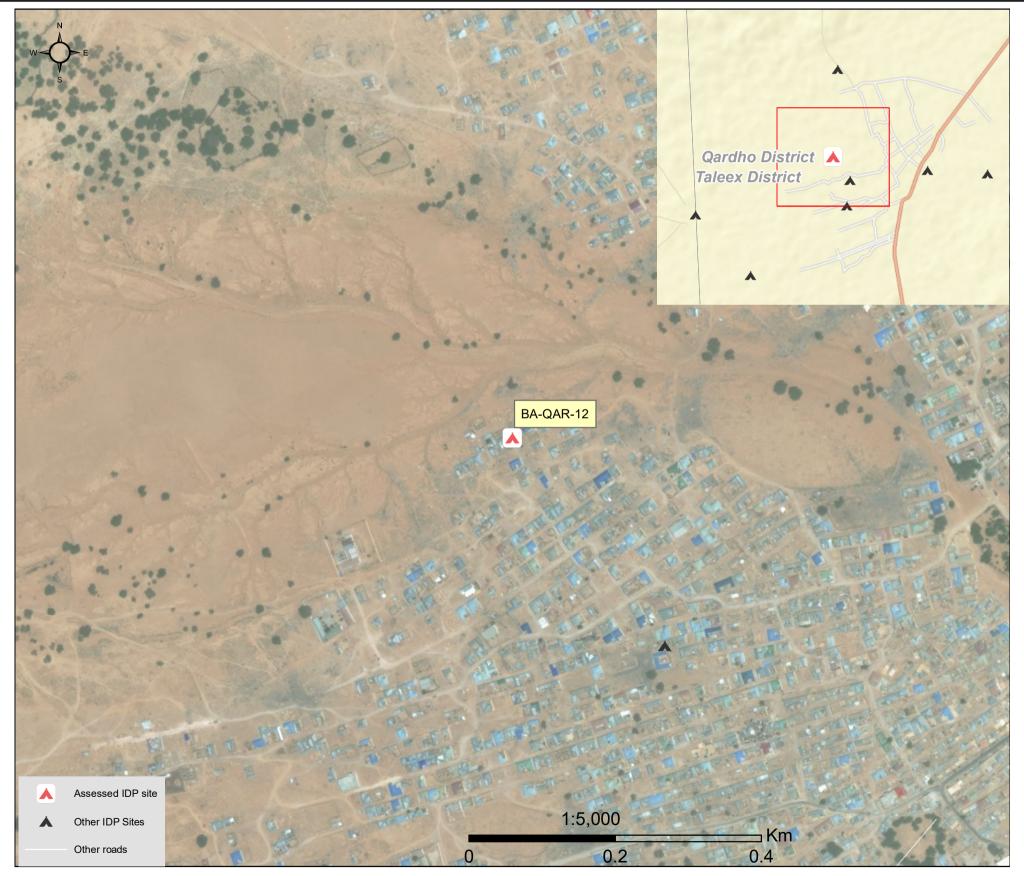
Date assessed:

Oct - 2017



Assessed IDP sites in Qardho

Coordinates: Lat. 9.508, Long. 49.079



1. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR): Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN), September 2017

2.For each target location, the area was divided into 1km² grids. Enumerator teams then visited each grid to verify whether an IDP site was present. By visiting all grids, teams were able to determine the total number of sites in each location.

3. Where KI responses were significantly divergent, these were verified with the respective KIs with a higher reliability accorded to the response provided by the site manager or community leader.



Funded by European Union Humanitarian Aid



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| Settlement type | Spontaneous site |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Estimated number of individuals | 1872 |
| Estimated number of households | 312 |
| Site capacity reached | Yes |
| Responsible management agency | Residents |
| Date when most site residents arrived | Mar-08 |
| Site owner | Private |
| | |

Protection

| Number of vulnerable households: | |
|--|------|
| Female-headed households | 20 |
| Child-headed households | 0 |
| Elderly individuals ⁴ | 420 |
| Unaccompanied children | 0 |
| Individuals with a physical disability | 15 |
| | |
| Presence of shared community space | No |
| Presence of separate space for women/girls | No |
| Presence of child friendly space | No |
| Public lighting in the site | No |
| Type of landownership | None |
| Risk of eviction in next three months | Yes |

🔫 WASH

| Access to potable water | No |
|----------------------------------|----|
| Number of latrines in the site: | |
| Latrines (mixed) | 40 |
| Latrines (male) | 0 |
| Latrines (female) | 0 |
| Access to handwashing facilities | No |
| | |

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFIs)

Å→ Displacement

| Estimated number of households per displacement group: | | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| IDPs | 312 | |
| Host community/ non-displaced | 0 | |
| IDP households arrived in the past 3 mo | nths 12 | |
| Most common areas of origin: | | |
| First area of origin | Lower Shabelle | |
| Second area of origin | Middle Shabelle | |
| Third area of origin | Banadir | |

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Food Security

| Primary source of food | Household production |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Food distributions | None |
| Access to a food market | No |

Tealth and Nutrition

| Most common health issue(s) reported in the site: | |
|---|-----|
| 1. None | |
| 2. N/A | |
| 3. N/A | |
| Access to healthcare services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest health service | N/A |
| Women give birth in the site | Yes |
| Access to nutrition services | No |
| Average walking time to the nearest nutrition service | N/A |
| Access to nutrition services: No | |

Education

| Education services available | No |
|--|-----|
| Average walking time to the nearest school | N/A |
| Education facilities available to residents in the site ⁵ : | |
| 1. N/A | |
| 2 . N/A | |

Most common shelter types in the site⁵:

2. Tent

3. Wattle and Daub

Electricity available in the site

Access to a NFI market

Average walking time to the nearest NFI market

Perceived safe access to NFI market

3. N/A

Communication

Three most trusted sources of information⁵:1. TV2. Community leader3. RadioMost commonly spoken languageSomali Standard

4.More than 60 years old.5.Key informants could select multiple responses.





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Yes

No

N/A

N/A





NRC