## **Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM): Central African Republic**



01 - 30 April 2021 Monthly factsheet







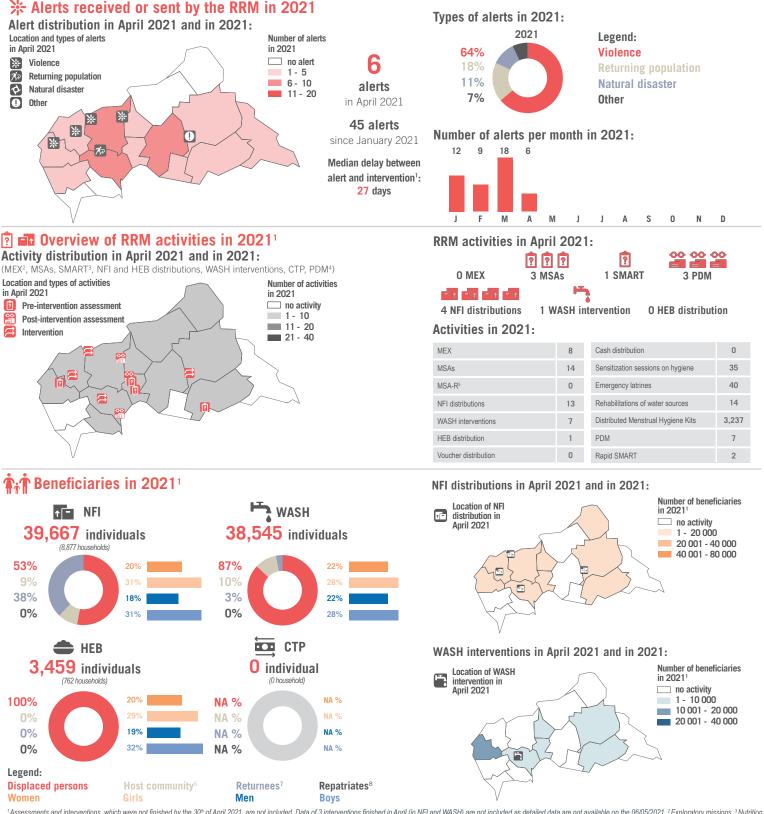
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The Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) is designed to monitor humanitarian action, conduct multisector assessments (MSAs) of needs and to implement several types of emergency responses, including distributions of essential non-food items (NFIs) and high emergency biscuits (HEBs), emergency water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) interventions, as well as cash transfer programming (CTP). Currently, the RRM is made possible through the support of the European Commission Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations department (ECHO), the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the Swedish International Development Cooperation (SDC). All RRM products are available on the Humanitarian Response portal.



<sup>1</sup>Assessments and interventions, which were not finished by the 30<sup>th</sup> of April 2021, are not included. Data of 3 interventions finished in April (in NFI and WASH) are not included as detailed data are not available on the 06/05/2021. <sup>2</sup> Exploratory missions. <sup>3</sup> Nutrition screenings. <sup>4</sup> Post-distribution monitoring. <sup>5</sup> MSA-R are not triggered following a RRM alert. MSA-R aim at gathering information on areas not recently affected and/or not recently accessed by humanitarian actors. <sup>6</sup> The term 'host community' refers to individuals that have not been displaced as the result of a humanitarian-related event. <sup>7</sup> The term 'returnees' refers to people who have come back to their pre-crisis location following a period of internal displacement. <sup>8</sup> The term 'repatriates' refers to former refugees who have returned from neighbouring countries.

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