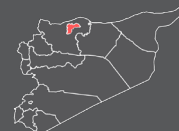




Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Aleppo Governorate, Syria

February 2021



Background Methodology

Over the past years, changing areas of influence and economic instability have shaped the context for displacement in northeast Syria.¹ Toward the end of 2020, clashes have resumed and north and east Syria face continued internal security threats.²

Meanwhile, economic conditions have deteriorated across Syria, and the prices of basic goods are increasing. This is partly due to the instability and decline of the Syrian Pound (SYP) against the US Dollar (USD) as well as the escalation of conflict in northwest Syria in early 2020.³ Additionally, a fuel crisis is affecting the wider region.²

From March 2020, measures to restrict the spread of COVID-19 have been in place in northeast Syria (NES), including a curfew, movement restrictions, closure of schools and non-essential businesses, and a ban on public gatherings. Those living in collective shelters are highlighted as a particular concern by the United Nations (UN) due to a limited ability to observe social distancing.⁴ At the time of data collection in late-February, 8,537 confirmed COVID-19 cases and 419 deaths had been registered in NES⁵. For key findings on COVID-19, please see page 4.

For an updated list of active sites please see the NES Sites and Settlements Working Group (SSWG) sites list.⁶

REACH's informal settlement profiling in NES consists of key informant (KI) interviews with community members who have knowledge of settlements. A minimum of two KIs were sought for each of the settlements, focusing on each KI's sector-specific knowledge. The settlements were selected from the SSWG sites list and an attempt was made to assess all sites on the list, however due to security and phone network issues it was not possible to assess all sites on the list.

The settlements are a mix of tented site and collective centres⁷ and a comprehensive list can be obtained from the SSWG.⁶

Data collection took place between 17-28 February 2021 through remote (phone) interviews. In total, 31 settlements were assessed in Aleppo governorate. The assessment was carried out at the settlement level. Due to the KI methodology used, findings are not statistically representative and should therefore only be considered indicative of the situation in assessed settlements and not the communities they are in or near. Percentages express percentages of assessed settlements unless mentioned otherwise. When percentage of households is indicated it is based on estimates by the KI.

This Aleppo assessment follows previous assessments of informal settlements in NES in [November 2020](#), [June 2020](#) and [February 2020](#). A corresponding assessment was carried out in Al-Hasakeh, Deir-ez-Zor and Ar-Raqqa governorates in February 2021. These sets of profiles can be found [here](#).

1. The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA) (11 December 2019). North East Syria Displacement. Retrieved from <https://reliefweb.org>
2. IMMAP (January 2021). Context update for Northeastern Syria.
3. REACH (February 2021). Northeast Syria Market Monitoring Exercise February 2021. Retrieved from <https://reachresourcecentre.info>
4. REACH (November 2020). Informal Sites and Settlements Profiles - Ar-Raqqa, Deir-ez-Zor and Menbij Governorates November 2020. Retrieved from <https://www.reachresourcecentre.info>
5. UNOCHA (February 2021). Syrian Arab Republic: COVID-19 Response Update No. 15 February 2021. Retrieved from <https://reliefweb.int>
6. Contact SSWG Coordinator: sitesandsettlementsnes@gmail.com
7. Informal settlements are defined as "a spontaneous grouping of tents or other housing units (5+ HHs). Settlements are usually without the presence of a dedicated Camp Administration and do not have static Camp Management, though mobile camp management activities may cover the settlement". Collective centres (CCs) are defined as "a settlement (5+ HHs) hosted in existing public infrastructure not originally designed as a shelter such as a school or community center. CCs do not have a static Camp Management or Camp Administration, though mobile Camp Management or local civil councils may be present." (SSWG, January 2021 Update).

Assessment Overview

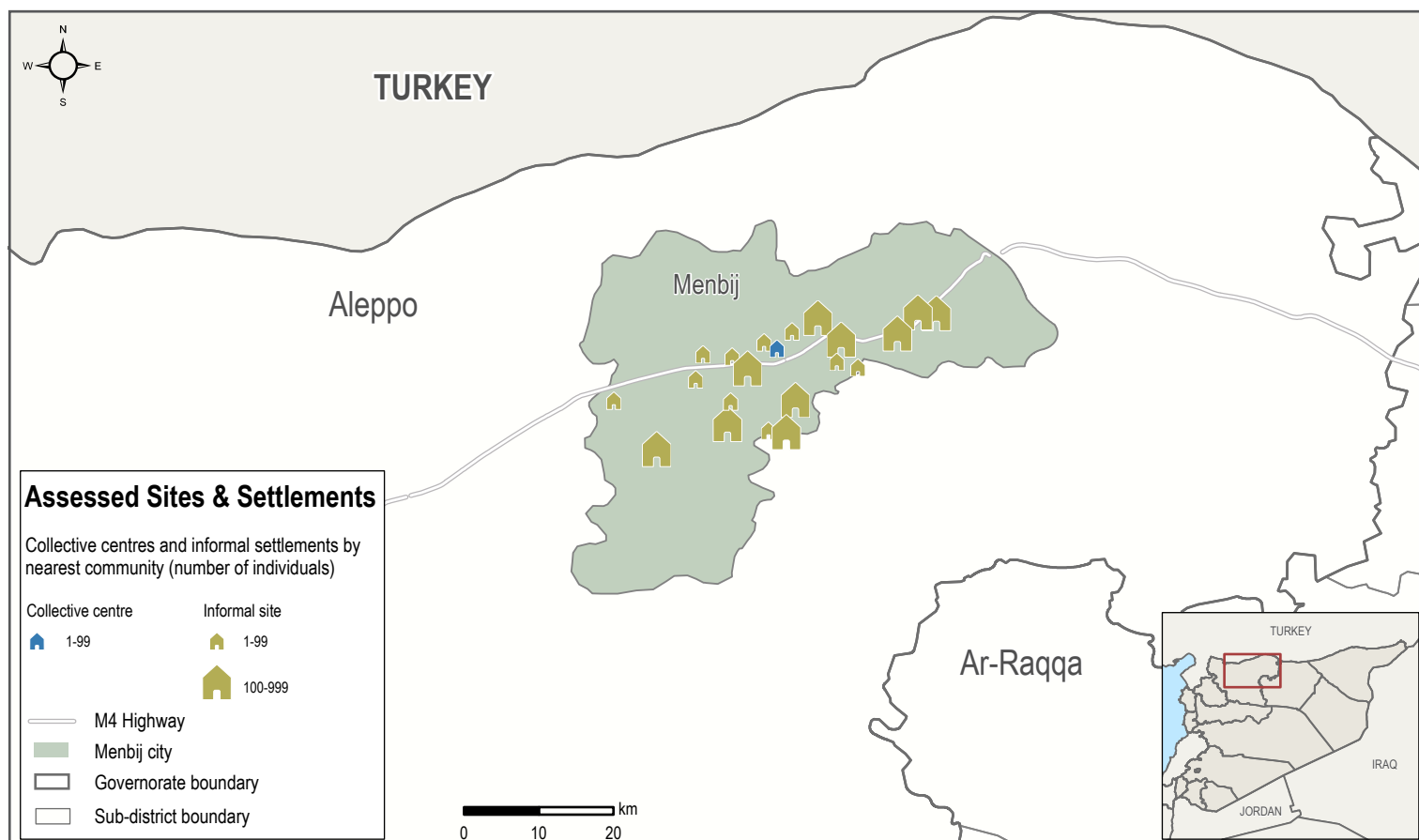
Coverage

Assessed settlements:	31
Population in assessed settlements:	4,273
Collective centres:	1

Settlement Typology

School building:	0
Other building:	1
Tented:	30

Locations of Assessed Settlements





Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

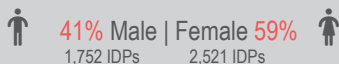
Aleppo Governorate, Syria

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Overall Key Findings per Sector

Assessed Settlements Overview:*



Estimated IDPs (Individuals)*:



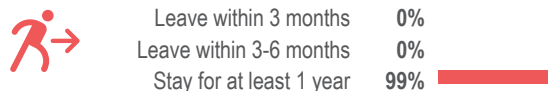
*based on KI estimates

MOVEMENT

Main area of origin by percentage of households* across assessed sites:

Country	Governorate	Sub-district	Percentage
Syria	Aleppo	Menbij	36%
Syria	Aleppo	As-Safira	16%
Syria	Aleppo	Al Bab	16%
Syria	Aleppo	Jebel Saman	10%
Syria	Hama	As-Salamiyeh	10%

Movement intentions by percentage of households* across assessed settlements:



KIs reported that the main factors influencing the intention to leave were shelter conditions (19% of assessed settlements), cost of living (16%) and wanting to return to area of origin (13%).

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE (WASH)

Sanitation



Types of latrines available:⁸

Communal ⁹	52%
Household ⁹	52%

In 23% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that no latrines were available in the settlement. In 90% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that some households were practicing open defecation within or outside their settlement as an alternative to latrines.

Communal latrine characteristics, by % of assessed settlements:



Bathing facilities:⁹

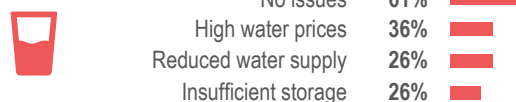
Facility	Available	Mostly used
Bathing inside shelter:	100%	100%
Communal: ¹⁰	0%	0%
Household: ¹⁰	0%	0%

Water



Tanker truck from private vendor was the primary source of water in the assessed settlements at the time of data collection.

Drinking water issues, by % of assessed settlements:⁸



In 13% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that at least one resident in the settlement suffered from diarrhoea in the two weeks prior to data collection. In 52% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that everyone in their settlement had sufficient water to meet their daily needs in the two weeks prior to data collection.

Waste disposal



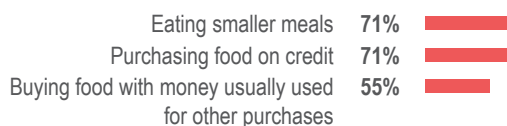
Primary waste disposal system: disposal of the garbage at a different location (68% of assessed settlements) and garbage collection (32%)⁸

Primary waste disposal problem: dumping of garbage with or close to site (45% of assessed settlements)⁸

FOOD SECURITY

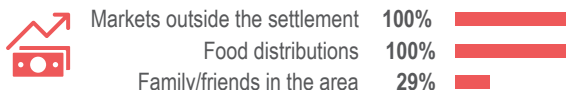
Food security

Top three reported food-related coping strategies used by residents in the 2 weeks prior to data collection by % of assessed settlements:⁸



Food distributions

Most commonly reported sources of food by % of assessed settlements:⁸



KIs reported that no food items needed by residents that are currently not available through assistance or markets.⁸

SHELTER AND NON-FOOD ITEMS (NFIs)

Shelter adequacy

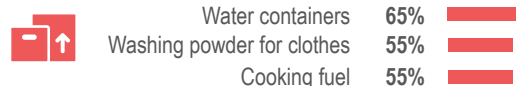
KIs estimated that a lack of insulation from the cold (100% of assessed settlements) and a leaking during rain (81%) were the main shelter adequacy issues in their settlement.⁸

Top three most commonly reported shelter item needs by % of assessed settlements:⁸



NFI needs

Top three reported anticipated NFI needs by % of assessed settlements for the three months following data collection:⁸



8. Questions where KIs had multiple answer options (total may be >100%).

9. Communal latrines and showers are shared by more than one household. Household latrines and showers are used only by one household. This may be an informal designation that is not officially enforced.



Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

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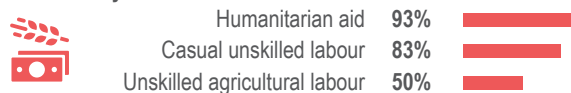


LIVELIHOODS

Household income and expenses

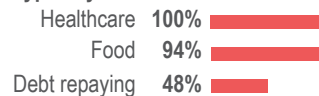
KIs estimated that **97%** of households had access to income sources. However in **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that **most residents** in the settlement **have a stable income**.

Top three reported primary income sources in the 30 days prior to data collection by % of assessed settlements:⁸



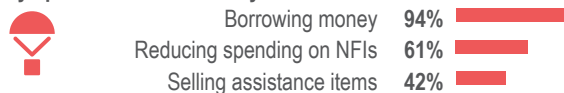
Cash/voucher distributions were reported by KIs in **58%**, and **food distributions** in **58%** of assessed settlements over the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three reported expense types by % of assessed settlements:⁸



Coping strategies

Top three reported livelihoods-related coping strategies over the last 30 days prior to assessment by % of assessed settlements:⁸



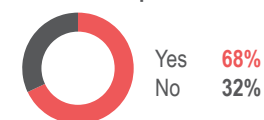
PROTECTION

Freedom of movement



In **100%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that all residents were able to **leave the assessed settlement for an emergency** at the time of data collection. In **100%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that all residents could leave **without disclosing the medical reason** and could leave for non-emergency reasons.

Proportion of assessed settlements with KIs reporting on whether residents experienced barriers when leaving the assessed settlement in the two weeks prior to data collection:



Most commonly reported barriers in these assessed settlements:⁸

- Transportation too expensive (71%)
- Insufficient transportation (32%)
- Lack of documentation (7%)

Elderly and persons with disabilities

At the time of data collection, in **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported interventions targeting **elderly populations** and in **0%** KIs reported interventions for **persons with disabilities** in their settlements.

Protection issues



In **52%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported safety and security issues in the camp over the 30 days prior to data collection.

Most commonly reported security issues in assessed settlements:⁸

- Serious threat from scorpions, snakes or similar (32%)
- Theft (19%)

Documentation



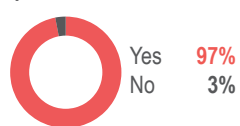
In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that **everyone in their settlement is without** their national identification, passport, family booklet and/or individual/family civil record.

In **74%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that **births are registered** in their settlement.

KIs reported that girls (**97%** of assessed settlements) and boys (**97%**) face particular challenges in accessing documentation.

Child protection

Proportion of assessed settlements with KIs reporting the presence of child protection issues over the 30 days prior to data collection:



Most commonly reported child protection concerns in these assessed settlements:⁸

- Child labour (100%)
- Early marriage (below age 18) (55%)

In assessed settlements with child labour reported, most commonly reported types of child labour by gender were:⁸

Boys (100%)	Girls (90%)
Selling goods (74%)	Domestic labour (86%)
Domestic labour (52%)	Selling goods (29%)
Transporting people/goods (45%)	

In **94%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that they were aware of **child labour** occurring among **children under the age of 11**, most commonly reporting domestic labour (72% of these assessed settlements) and selling goods (35%).

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that their settlement had an accessible **child-friendly space**.

Gender-based violence

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that their settlement had an accessible designated space for women and girls.

Proportion of settlements with KIs reporting the presence of gender-based concerns within the settlement in the two weeks prior to data collection:



Most commonly reported gender-based concerns in these assessed settlements:⁸

- Early marriage (girls below age 18) (45%)
- Denial of resources, opportunities or services (19%)

Social cohesion

In **97%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that the social relationship between different community groups in their area was neutral or positive.

EDUCATION



In **74%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that children in their settlement have access to education, while in **100%** of settlements, KIs reported **barriers to education**. In settlements where barriers to education were reported, the most commonly reported barriers were:⁸

- Child has to work (68%)
- School is too far / no transport available (17%)

In **52%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that families in their settlement have been impacted by the closures of schools due to COVID-19, most commonly reporting:⁸

- Increase in child labour (52%)
- Decrease in children's interest in learning (48%)
- No alternative learning available (at home or remotely) (25%)

HEALTH



In **97%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that residents in their settlement can access at least one health facility. In **100%** of the remaining settlements, residents had access to a pharmacy/dispensary.

In **23%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that sufficient medicine was available for free for people with chronic disease. In **97%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that sufficient medicine was available to buy for people with chronic disease.



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Key Findings - COVID-19 Vulnerability

The findings on this page highlight settlements' vulnerability to COVID-19. The elderly are much more vulnerable to COVID-19, with a significantly higher fatality rate among over-60s, while access to health facilities indicates the availability of professional care for those infected.¹⁰

Information provided by KIs suggests that IDP populations in assessed settlements are generally aware of the virus and are receiving information about the pandemic. In 26% of assessed settlements, residents reportedly had difficulties in understanding the information that was provided.

Many KIs reported that local authorities and settlement residents are taking steps to limit possible exposure to the disease, and that social distancing has been promoted as a prevention measure. The data suggests that, in practice, social distancing is difficult to implement; use of communal latrines and bathing facilities indicates potentially crowded living conditions. In 77% of assessed settlements, it was reported that only a few or no residents were engaging in social distancing.

Handwashing with soap is an effective way to kill the virus and limit its spread,¹⁰ but in 74% of assessed settlements, people reportedly did not have access to handwashing facilities, while in 57% KIs cited available soap was too expensive.

10. European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (December 2020). Prevention and control of COVID-19. Accessed on <https://ecdc.europa.eu>

Notes on figures: Percentages represent the % of assessed settlements in which KIs reported a given behaviour or issue.

Reported proportion of residents who are aware of COVID-19



Reported proportion of residents who consider COVID-19 an important issue



Estimated number of over-60s in assessed settlements

256 (6% of population)

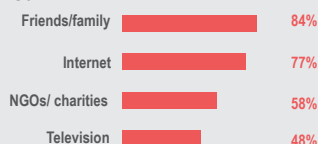
Reported health facility access

In **97%** of assessed settlements, there was reportedly access to health facilities

Reported proportion of residents who have received information on COVID-19



Reported modalities by which information was received⁸



Reported difficulties in understanding information about COVID-19

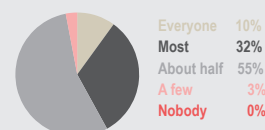


Reported reasons for difficulties in understanding COVID-19 information

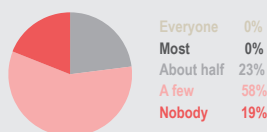
Not enough materials 100%

Information is not clear 38%

Reported proportion of residents aware of social distancing



Reported proportion of residents engaging in social distancing



Reported issues related to social distancing

Living conditions do not allow for it 100%

People unsure of reasons why to social distance 45%

Measures reportedly implemented by local authorities to protect from COVID-19⁸

Enforce curfew 26%

Distribution of hygiene products 13%

Prevention messages 3%

Measures reportedly implemented by residents to protect against COVID-19⁸

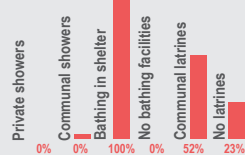
Wash hands often 74%

Cover nose/ mouth when coughing 61%

Wear masks outside 26%

Avoid touching other people 26%

Reported types of bathing facilities and latrines used within the assessed settlements⁸



Reported proportion of residents with access to handwashing facilities in assessed settlements



Reported proportion of residents with access to soap within the assessed settlements



Reported issues with soap for residents within assessed settlements⁸

Soap is too expensive 57%

Some groups have no access to markets 34%

No problems 9%

Reported issues with handwashing facilities for residents within assessed settlements⁸

No handwashing facilities 100%

Soap is too expensive 48%

No or not enough water 16%



SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **53**
 Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 43% children (under 18)
 55% adult (18-59)
 3% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: About half (around 50%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: A few (around 25%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (Information is not clear (comprehensible); There are not enough materials)
 Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.)
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: About half (around 50%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Television; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%) (Soap is too expensive; Some groups don't have access to the market)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; No or not enough water; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Atareb, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Hygiene items; Cash; Winter blankets; Heaters)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Shelter Support
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities; How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor; Tanker truck - public vendor
- Water access: Only a few/almost no one has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply
- Latrines: No latrines
- Main Issues with latrines: Pits get full; Issue of desludging
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; Lack of water; Water is cold
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Water containers; Sources of light; Clothing

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: No education facility available
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **253**
 Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 58% children (under 18)
 35% adult (18-59)
 8% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Enforce curfew; Distribution of hygiene materials (soap, disinfectant, masks, etc.)
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; NGOs or charities; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Dayr Hafir, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care; Shelter Support
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: High water prices; No issues
- Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private latrines
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Private hospital/clinic; Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: No

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Sources of light; Washing powder (for clothes)

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Water; NFIs
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: No education facility available; Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)



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Aleppo Governorate, Syria

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Menbij sub-district: Big Haya

SSWG code: SS15_4556

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **200**
 Population breakdown:
 50% male and 50% female
 50% children (under 18)
 45% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; Television; Friends/family
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Sokhneh, Homs Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Other (Specify)) Overall priority needs: Employment; Medical Care; Winterization Kits Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to contact family members; How to find job opportunities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO) Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Household latrine Main Issues with latrines: There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes) Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Water is cold; There are no lights; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space) Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Winter blankets; Winter clothes; Washing powder (for clothes); Disposable diapers
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

Menbij sub-district: Alzeraa

SSWG code: SS15_4560

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **280**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 45% children (under 18)
 54% adult (18-59)
 1% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (Information is not clear (comprehensible); There are not enough materials)
 Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.)
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: About half (around 50%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Radio; Television; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%) (Soap is too expensive; Some groups don't have access to the market)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; No or not enough water; Soap too expensive

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Atareb, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Drinking water; Hygiene items; Cash; Winter blankets; Heaters) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Shelter Support Information needs: Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities; How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO) Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs Water issues: Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply Latrines: No latrines Main Issues with latrines: Pits get full; Issue of desludging Alternatives to latrines in use: Digging private pits Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; Lack of water; Water is cold; There is no separation between men/women Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities) Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Shelters are too small/ not enough space for entire household; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Sources of light; Clothing; Disposable diapers
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/ friends; Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: No education facility available Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: About half (around 50%)



SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: 160
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 65% children (under 18)
 30% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Use disinfectant/steriliser more (e.g. alcohol, bleach, chlorine); Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Enforce curfew; Distribution of hygiene materials (soap, disinfectant, masks, etc.)
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; NGOs or charities; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care; Shelter Support
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: People got sick after drinking the water; High water prices
- Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: None; Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Public hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Cooking stoves; Water containers; Clothing; Washing powder (for clothes)

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: 31
 Population breakdown:
 45% male and 55% female
 45% children (under 18)
 55% adult (18-59)
 0% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (There are not enough materials)
 Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.)
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Television; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; No or not enough water; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Hygiene items; Cash; Winter blankets; Heaters)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Shelter Support
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities; How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor
- Water access: Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: Water tastes bad; People got sick after drinking the water; High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply
- Latrines: No latrines
- Main Issues with latrines: There are no latrines; Pits get full; Issue of desludging
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Digging private pits; Designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; Lack of water; Water is cold
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Limited ventilation; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Water containers; Sources of light; Clothing

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/ friends; Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: No education facility available
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)



Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Aleppo Governorate, Syria

February 2021



Menbij sub-district: Tal Yasti

SSWG code: SS15_4699

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **205**
 Population breakdown:
 37% male and 63% female
 50% children (under 18)
 40% adult (18-59)
 10% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Television; Friends/family
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Other (Specify)) Overall priority needs: Employment; Medical Care; Water Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to contact family members; How to find job opportunities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Household latrine Main Issues with latrines: There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes) Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Lack of water; Water is cold; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space) Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities) Garbage disposal issues: No challenges
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Washing powder (for clothes); Disposable diapers
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

Menbij sub-district: Alhaia RC

SSWG code: SS15_4703

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **300**
 Population breakdown:
 45% male and 55% female
 48% children (under 18)
 40% adult (18-59)
 13% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; Television; Friends/family
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Oqairbat, Hama Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Other (Specify)) Overall priority needs: Employment; Medical Care; Winterization Kits Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to replace missing documents; How to find job opportunities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO) Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Household latrine Main Issues with latrines: There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes) Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Water is cold; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space) Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Winter blankets; Winter clothes; Washing powder (for clothes); Disposable diapers
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Communication (e.g. phone, internet); Debt Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)



Menbij sub-district: Big Kaber

SSWG code: SS15_4800

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **115**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 60% children (under 18)
 35% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Stay at home as much as possible; Wash hands more regularly; Use disinfectant/steriliser more (e.g. alcohol, bleach, chlorine); Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Enforce curfew; Prevention messages
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO) Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes) Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Lack of water; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space) Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic; Public hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Sources of light; Washing powder (for clothes)
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction)) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

Menbij sub-district: Bir Quraa

SSWG code: SS15_4801

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **65**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 60% children (under 18)
 35% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Stay at home as much as possible; Wash hands more regularly; Use disinfectant/steriliser more (e.g. alcohol, bleach, chlorine); Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Enforce curfew; Distribution of hygiene materials (soap, disinfectant, masks, etc.)
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care; Shelter Support Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs Water issues: People got sick after drinking the water; High water prices Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes) Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space); There are no private showers Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Limited ventilation; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Unable to lock home securely; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Sources of light
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)



SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **90**
 Population breakdown:
 37% male and 63% female
 63% children (under 18)
 30% adult (18-59)
 8% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Stay at home as much as possible; Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Enforce curfew; Distribution of hygiene materials (soap, disinfectant, masks, etc.)
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Kisweh, Rural Damascus Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs Water issues: High water prices Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes) Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Sources of light
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Self-employed (commercial business owner)) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Water Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **103**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 43% children (under 18)
 48% adult (18-59)
 10% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Stay at home as much as possible; Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Khanaser, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Cash; Winter blankets) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care; Water; Clothing Information needs: How to access assistance; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Communal latrine Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private latrines; Latrines are not clean Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes) Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from cold; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins Household needs per KIs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; Water containers; Clothing; Washing powder (for clothes)
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. Driver, cleaner); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Transportation Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Selling assistance items received
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)



SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **120**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 50% children (under 18)
 40% adult (18-59)
 10% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; Television; Friends/family
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Oqeirbat, Hama
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Other (Specify))
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; Employment; Medical Care; Winterization Kits
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to replace missing documents; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO)
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Main issues with latrines: There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Water is cold; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space)
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting
- Shelter needs: New tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Winter blankets; Washing powder (for clothes); Disposable diapers

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **173**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 50% children (under 18)
 38% adult (18-59)
 13% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; Television; Friends/family
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Other (Specify))
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; Employment; Medical Care
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to replace missing documents; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO)
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Main issues with latrines: There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Water is cold; There is no separation between men/women; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space)
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 1 (Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain
- Shelter needs: New tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Cooking stoves; Winter blankets; Winter shoes

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Shelter maintenance/construction; Healthcare; NFIs; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)



Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Aleppo Governorate, Syria

February 2021



Menbij sub-district: Sultahiyeh

SSWG code: SS15_4810

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents

Estimated IDP population: 50

Population breakdown:

42% male and 58% female

48% children (under 18)

40% adult (18-59)

13% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)

% of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)

Reported issues understanding the information: No

Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing

Local authority protection measures: No measures

% of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)

% of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)

Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing

% of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)

Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; Television; Friends/family

% of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)

% of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)

Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Dayr Hafir, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Other (Specify))
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Medical Care; Water
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; Information about returning to AoO; How to contact family members; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Main issues with latrines: There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Lack of water; Water is cold; There are no lights; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space)
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Public hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Washing powder (for clothes); Disposable diapers

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

Menbij sub-district: Menbij Playground

SSWG code: SS15_4811

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Unfinished residential building

Estimated IDP population: 35

Population breakdown:

42% male and 58% female

45% children (under 18)

54% adult (18-59)

1% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: About half (around 50%)

% of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)

Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (There are not enough materials)

Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.); Avoid touching face

Local authority protection measures: No measures

% of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)

% of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)

Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance

% of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: About half (around 50%)

Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Television; Friends/family; Internet

% of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)

% of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%) (Soap is too expensive)

Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; There are not enough handwashing facilities; There is no soap; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Hygiene items; Cash; Winter blankets; Heaters)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Shelter Support; Vocational training
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities; How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Piped connection to house (or neighbour's)
- Water access: About half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Latrines are not clean
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Lack of water; Water is cold; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Unable to lock home securely; Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: Tarpaulins; Tools; Windows/doors
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking utensils; Cooking stoves; Clothing; Disposable diapers

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/ friends; Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)



Menbij sub-district: Um Elsaifa

SSWG code: SS15_4814

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: 78
 Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 43% children (under 18)
 50% adult (18-59)
 8% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: A few (around 25%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Nothing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Dayr Hafir, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Cash; Winter blankets) Overall priority needs: Medical Care; Shelter Support; Water; Clothing Information needs: How to access assistance; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Communal latrine Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private latrines; Latrines are not clean Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Designated space outside the shelter Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Public hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Bedding items (sheets, pillows); Water containers; Clothing; Soap; Washing powder (for clothes)
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): No Access to income: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. Driver, cleaner); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Shelter maintenance/construction; Food; Healthcare; Transportation Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)

Menbij sub-district: Kharija Janubi

SSWG code: SS15_4849

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: 288
 Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 48% children (under 18)
 48% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: A few (around 25%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Nothing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: Nobody (around 0%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Mansura, Ar-Raqqa Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Drinking water; Cash) Overall priority needs: Education for children; Employment; Food; Medical Care Information needs: How to enrol children in school; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO) Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Communal latrine Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Latrines are not clean Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Designated space outside the shelter Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location Garbage disposal issues: No challenges; Complete lack of garbage removal
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from cold; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Unable to lock home securely Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; Cooking fuel; Water containers; Clothing; Shoes
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. Driver, cleaner); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs; Communication (e.g. phone, internet) Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Selling assistance items received
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: No education facility available Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)



Menbij sub-district: Kharija Shamali

SSWG code: SS15_4850

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: 170
 Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 48% children (under 18)
 48% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: Nobody (around 0%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Drinking water; Cash; Winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; Employment; Medical Care; Shelter Support; Clothing
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to enrol children in school; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO)
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Latrines are not clean
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site; Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)
- Shelter needs: New tents; Timber; Rope
- Household needs per KIs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; Clothing; Washing powder (for clothes)

Food/Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area
- Access to food market(s): No
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. Driver, cleaner); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Shelter maintenance/construction; Food; Healthcare; Transportation
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/Protection

- Access to education: No education facility available
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)

Menbij sub-district: Muhtriq Sageer

SSWG code: SS15_4851

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: 65
 Population breakdown:
 35% male and 65% female
 60% children (under 18)
 30% adult (18-59)
 10% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Use disinfectant/steriliser more (e.g. alcohol, bleach, chlorine); Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Enforce curfew; Distribution of hygiene materials (soap, disinfectant, masks, etc.)
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; NGOs or charities; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: As-Safira, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Private hospital/clinic; Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Shelters are too small/ not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Sources of light

Food/Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From markets in the camp/site; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)



Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Aleppo Governorate, Syria

February 2021



Menbij sub-district: Tahna Sagheer

SSWG code: SS15_4853

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents

Estimated IDP population: **52**

Population breakdown:

42% male and 58% female

43% children (under 18)

50% adult (18-59)

8% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)

% of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)

Reported issues understanding the information: No

Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing

Local authority protection measures: No measures

% of population aware of social distancing: Everyone (around 100%)

% of population engaging in social distancing: Nobody (around 0%)

Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance

% of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)

Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Friends/family; Internet

% of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)

% of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (No problems accessing soap; Soap is too expensive)

Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Khanaser, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Food; Shelter Support; Water
- Information needs: How to access assistance; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Latrines are not clean
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site; Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from cold; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting; Timber; Rope
- Household needs per KIs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; Water containers; Clothing; Washing powder (for clothes)

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. Driver, cleaner); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Transportation
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)

Menbij sub-district: Tahna Kabear

SSWG code: SS15_4854

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents

Estimated IDP population: **43**

Population breakdown:

42% male and 58% female

45% children (under 18)

50% adult (18-59)

5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)

% of population that think it is an important issue: A few (around 25%)

Reported issues understanding the information: No

Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing

Local authority protection measures: No measures

% of population aware of social distancing: Everyone (around 100%)

% of population engaging in social distancing: Nobody (around 0%)

Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance

% of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)

Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Friends/family; Internet

% of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)

% of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)

Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: As-Salamiyeh, Hama
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Cash; Winter blankets)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Medical Care; Shelter Support; Water
- Information needs: How to contact family members; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; There are no private latrines
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges; Complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary; Private hospital/clinic)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting; Timber; Rope
- Household needs per KIs: Mattresses/sleeping mats; Cooking fuel; Water containers; Clothing; Washing powder (for clothes)

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Low skilled service industry (no formal education required; eg. Driver, cleaner); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Healthcare; Water; Transportation; NFIs
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)



Informal Site and Settlement Profiles

Aleppo Governorate, Syria

February 2021



Menbij sub-district: Kharija Gharbi

SSWG code: SS15_4855

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **170**
 Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 48% children (under 18)
 48% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: A few (around 25%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Nothing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: Nobody (around 0%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Mansura, Ar-Raqqa
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Education for children; Employment; Food; Medical Care; Shelter Support
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to enrol children in school; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks; Latrines are not clean
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Designated space outside the shelter
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers
- Garbage disposal method: Burning garbage; Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: No challenges; Complete lack of garbage removal

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Timber; Rope
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Clothing; Washing powder (for clothes)

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): No
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Transportation; NFIs
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: No education facility available
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)

Menbij sub-district: Big Mohtaraq

SSWG code: SS15_4865

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **155**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 63% children (under 18)
 33% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Use disinfectant/steriliser more (e.g. alcohol, bleach, chlorine); Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Enforce curfew; Distribution of hygiene materials (soap, disinfectant, masks, etc.)
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Community leaders; NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: As-Safira, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: High water prices
- Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Private hospital/clinic; Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFI

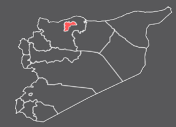
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Washing powder (for clothes)

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From markets in the camp/site; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: No
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)



Menbij sub-district: Aljelawi

SSWG code: SS15_4898

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
Estimated IDP population: 193
Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 53% children (under 18)
 43% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
% of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
Reported issues understanding the information: No
Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Nothing
Local authority protection measures: No measures
% of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
% of population engaging in social distancing: Nobody (around 0%)
Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
% of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)
Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Friends/family; Internet
% of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
% of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (No problems accessing soap; Soap is too expensive)
Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Haritan, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Hygiene items; Winter blankets) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care; Shelter Support Information needs: How to access assistance; Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs Water issues: No issues Latrines: Communal latrine Main Issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Digging private pits Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: There are no showers Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities) Garbage disposal issues: No challenges
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Lack of insulation from cold; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Clothing; Washing powder (for clothes)
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Self-employed (commercial business owner); Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Water; Transportation Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)

Menbij sub-district: Estern Asdia

SSWG code: SS15_4903

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
Estimated IDP population: 350
Population breakdown:
 42% male and 58% female
 40% children (under 18)
 58% adult (18-59)
 2% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: About half (around 50%)
% of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (There are not enough materials)
Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.)
Local authority protection measures: No measures
% of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
% of population engaging in social distancing: About half (around 50%)
Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
% of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: About half (around 50%)
Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Television; Friends/family; Internet
% of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
% of population with enough soap: Nobody (around 0%) (Soap is too expensive; Some groups don't have access to the market)
Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; There is no soap; No or not enough water; Soap too expensive

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Khanaser, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Tools for shelter repair; Food; Cash; Winter blankets; Heaters) Overall priority needs: Food; Shelter Support; Water Information needs: Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor Water access: Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs Water issues: Water tastes bad; People got sick after drinking the water; High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply Latrines: No latrines Main Issues with latrines: There are no latrines; Pits get full; Issue of desludging; Latrines are not clean Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Digging private pits Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter; No showers / bathing places Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Lack of water Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities) Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; Infrequent garbage collection and removal
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Shelters are too small/ not enough space for entire household; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Limited ventilation; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Unable to lock home securely; Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins Household needs per KIs: Cooking utensils; Water containers; Sources of light; Clothing
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/ friends; Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: No education facility available Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)



Menbij sub-district: Alkjli SSWG code: SS15_4904

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **65**
 Population breakdown:
 41% male and 59% female
 44% children (under 18)
 55% adult (18-59)
 2% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: About half (around 50%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (There are not enough materials)
 Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.)
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: About half (around 50%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Posters/flyers in the street; Television; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%) (Soap is too expensive; Some groups don't have access to the market)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; There is no soap; No or not enough water; Soap too expensive

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Tools for shelter repair; Food; Cash; Winter blankets; Heaters) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Shelter Support Information needs: Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities; How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs Water issues: Water tastes bad; High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply Latrines: No latrines Main Issues with latrines: There are no lights; Pits get full; Issue of desludging; Latrines are not clean Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site; Digging private pits Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; Water is cold; There are no locks Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities) Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters; Infrequent garbage collection and removal
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Pharmacy/dispensary; Public hospital/clinic) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from cold; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins Household needs per KIs: Water containers; Sources of light; Clothing; Disposable diapers
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/friends; Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs; Debt Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

Menbij sub-district: Karm Althifawi SSWG code: SS15_4907

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **152**
 Population breakdown:
 41% male and 59% female
 46% children (under 18)
 53% adult (18-59)
 2% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (Information is not clear (comprehensible); There are not enough materials)
 Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.)
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Television; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%) (Soap is too expensive; Some groups don't have access to the market)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo Population intending to move in 6 months: 0% Top intended destination: NA
CCCM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Cash; Heaters) Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Shelter Support Information needs: How to access assistance; Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor Water access: No-one has enough water for their needs Water issues: Water tastes bad; People got sick after drinking the water; High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply Latrines: No latrines Main Issues with latrines: There are no latrines; Pits get full; Issue of desludging Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Digging private pits Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter Main issues with bathing: Not enough privacy; Lack of water; Water is cold Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities) Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters
Healthcare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary) Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes
Shelter/ NFI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Shelters are too small/ not enough space for entire household; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting Household needs per KIs: Water containers; Sources of light; Disposable diapers
Food/ Livelihoods	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends in the area Access to food market(s): Yes Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/ friends; Humanitarian aid) Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received
Education/ Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Access to education: Primary school Child labour reported: No Early marriage reported: No % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)



Menbij sub-district: AlKarama

SSWG code: SS15_4905

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **71**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 45% children (under 18)
 54% adult (18-59)
 2% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Most (around 75%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: About half (around 50%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: Yes (There are not enough materials)
 Community protection measures: Avoid touching other people (handshake, etc.)
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: About half (around 50%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing; Community members are unsure of the reasons why to social distance
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Most (around 75%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: NGOs or charities; Television; Friends/family; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: A few (around 25%) (Soap is too expensive; Some groups don't have access to the market)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Maskana, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Food; Hygiene items; Cash; Winter blankets; Heaters)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Shelter Support
- Information needs: Sponsorship programs; How to find job opportunities; How to get new documents for newborns, marriage certificates etc

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck - private vendor
- Water access: Less than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: Water tastes bad; People got sick after drinking the water; High water prices; Insufficient storage capacity; Reduced water supply
- Latrines: No latrines
- Main issues with latrines: Pits get full; Issue of desludging
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation within the site; Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes); Digging private pits
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Lack of water; Water is cold
- Garbage disposal method: Garbage collection (Local authorities)
- Garbage disposal issues: Insufficient number of bins/dumpsters

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Shelters are too small/ not enough space for entire household; Structures are not sturdy and break/fall over easily; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Tarpaulins
- Household needs per KIs: Water containers; Sources of light; Clothing; Disposable diapers

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site; From family and friends
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Casual unskilled labour (construction); Gifts/in-kind assistance from household/ friends; Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Charitable donations; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education; Selling assistance items received

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

Menbij sub-district: Abwat

SSWG code: SS15_4911

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **143**
 Population breakdown:
 40% male and 60% female
 60% children (under 18)
 30% adult (18-59)
 10% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing; Wear masks when going outside
 Local authority protection measures: Asking people to stay at home; Enforce curfew; Distribution of hygiene materials (soap, disinfectant, masks, etc.)
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Government officials; Community leaders; NGOs or charities; Internet
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population with enough soap: Everyone (around 100%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities; Soap too expensive

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Dayr Hafir, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Cash)
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Food; Medical Care; Shelter Support
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to find job opportunities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Tanker truck (NGO)
- Water access: Everyone/nearly everyone has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Household latrine; Communal latrine
- Main issues with latrines: There are not enough latrines; There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; There are no locks
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 3 (Public hospital/clinic; Private hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFIs

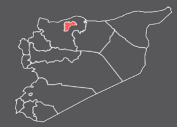
- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Shelters are too small/not enough space for entire household; Many are heavily damaged/ unusable; Lack of insulation from heat; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Issues with household sanitation facilities/latrines; Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting; Lack of heating
- Shelter needs: New tents; Tarpaulins; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Water containers; Sources of light; Winter clothes

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; NFIs
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Support from friends / relatives; Borrowing money; Reducing spending on non-food expenditures such as health or education

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: Nobody (around 0%)



SITE OVERVIEW

Site Typology: Tents
 Estimated IDP population: **45**
 Population breakdown:
 30% male and 70% female
 50% children (under 18)
 45% adult (18-59)
 5% elderly (60+)

COVID-19

% of population aware of COVID-19: Everyone (around 100%)
 % of population that think it is an important issue: Most (around 75%)
 Reported issues understanding the information: No
 Community protection measures: Wash hands more regularly; Cover nose and mouth when coughing or sneezing
 Local authority protection measures: No measures
 % of population aware of social distancing: Most (around 75%)
 % of population engaging in social distancing: A few (around 25%)
 Social distancing issues: Living conditions do not allow for social distancing
 % of population who have received information on COVID-19 & protection measures: Everyone (around 100%)
 Common means to receive information about COVID-19: Television; Friends/family
 % of population with access to handwashing facilities: Nobody (around 0%)
 % of population with enough soap: Most (around 75%) (Soap is too expensive)
 Main issues with handwashing facilities: There are no handwashing facilities

Movement

- Primary area of origin: Dayr Hafir, Aleppo
- Population intending to move in 6 months: 0%
- Top intended destination: NA

CCCM

- Distributions in the month before data collection: Yes (Other (Specify))
- Overall priority needs: Employment; Medical Care; Water
- Information needs: Information about returning to AoO; How to contact family members; How to find job opportunities; How to access health facilities

WASH

- Primary drinking water source for IDPs: Direct from closed well
- Water access: More than half of the population has enough water for their needs
- Water issues: No issues
- Latrines: Household latrine
- Main Issues with latrines: There is no separation between men/women; There are no lights; There are no locks
- Alternatives to latrines in use: Open defecation outside the site (e.g. nearby fields or bushes)
- Bathing facilities: Bathing inside shelter
- Main issues with bathing: There are no showers; Not enough privacy; Lack of water; Water is cold; There are no lights; There are no locks; Showers are too small (not enough space)
- Garbage disposal method: Disposing at another location
- Garbage disposal issues: Dumping site(s) within camp or close to site

Healthcare

- No. of health facilities accessible to IDPs: 2 (Public hospital/clinic; Pharmacy/dispensary)
- Sufficient access to medical supplies for chronic illness: Yes

Shelter/ NFI

- Adequacy issues with shelter(s): Insufficient number of shelters for the population; Shelters are too small/ not enough space for entire household; Lack of insulation from cold; Leaking during rain; Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors); Lack of electricity; Lack of lighting
- Shelter needs: New tents; Additional tents; Plastic sheeting
- Household needs per KIs: Cooking fuel; Washing powder (for clothes); Disposable diapers

Food/ Livelihoods

- Main food source: Food distributions; From local markets outside the camp/site
- Access to food market(s): Yes
- Access to income: Yes (Unskilled agricultural labour; Casual unskilled labour (construction); Humanitarian aid)
- Top expenses for residents: Food; Healthcare; Debt
- Reported livelihood coping strategies: Borrowing money

Education/ Protection

- Access to education: Primary school; Secondary school
- Child labour reported: No
- Early marriage reported: No
- % of population without personal documentation: A few (around 25%)

About REACH's COVID-19 response

As an initiative deployed in many vulnerable and crisis-affected countries, REACH is deeply concerned by the devastating impact the COVID-19 pandemic may have on the millions of affected people we seek to serve. REACH is currently working with Cash Working Groups and partners to scale up its programming in response to this pandemic, with the goal of identifying practical ways to inform humanitarian responses in the countries where we operate. Updates regarding REACH's response to COVID-19 can be found in [a devoted thread](#) on the REACH website. Contact geneva@impact-initiatives.org for further information.

About REACH Initiative

REACH Initiative facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. The methodologies used by REACH include primary data collection and in-depth analysis, and all activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. REACH is a joint initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research - Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNITAR-UNOSAT).