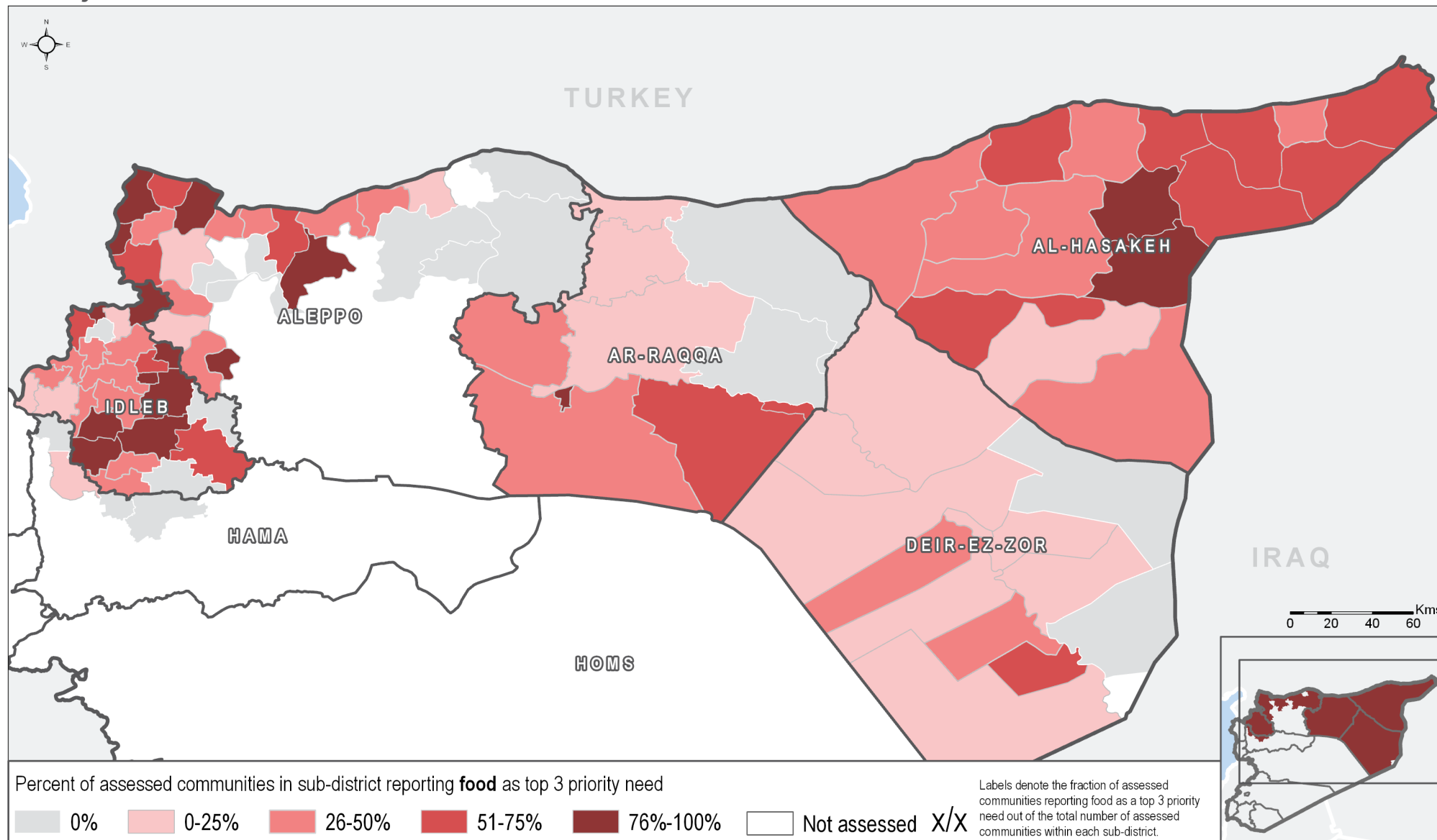


## Priority Need: Food - March 2019

Humanitarian Use Only  
Production date : 15/05/2019



Data source: REACH - Humanitarian Situation Overview of Syria (HSOS)

Priority need questions were 'select up to three' so the percentages across all maps sum to more than 100%.

Priority needs reported are the perceived top 3 priority needs as reported by KIIs within assessed communities and are not necessarily representative of actual priorities.

Annexes are available on request detailing the priorities reported by each assessed community.

See the [HSOS regional factsheet Northeast Syria March 2019](#)  
See the [HSOS regional factsheet Northwest Syria March 2019](#)

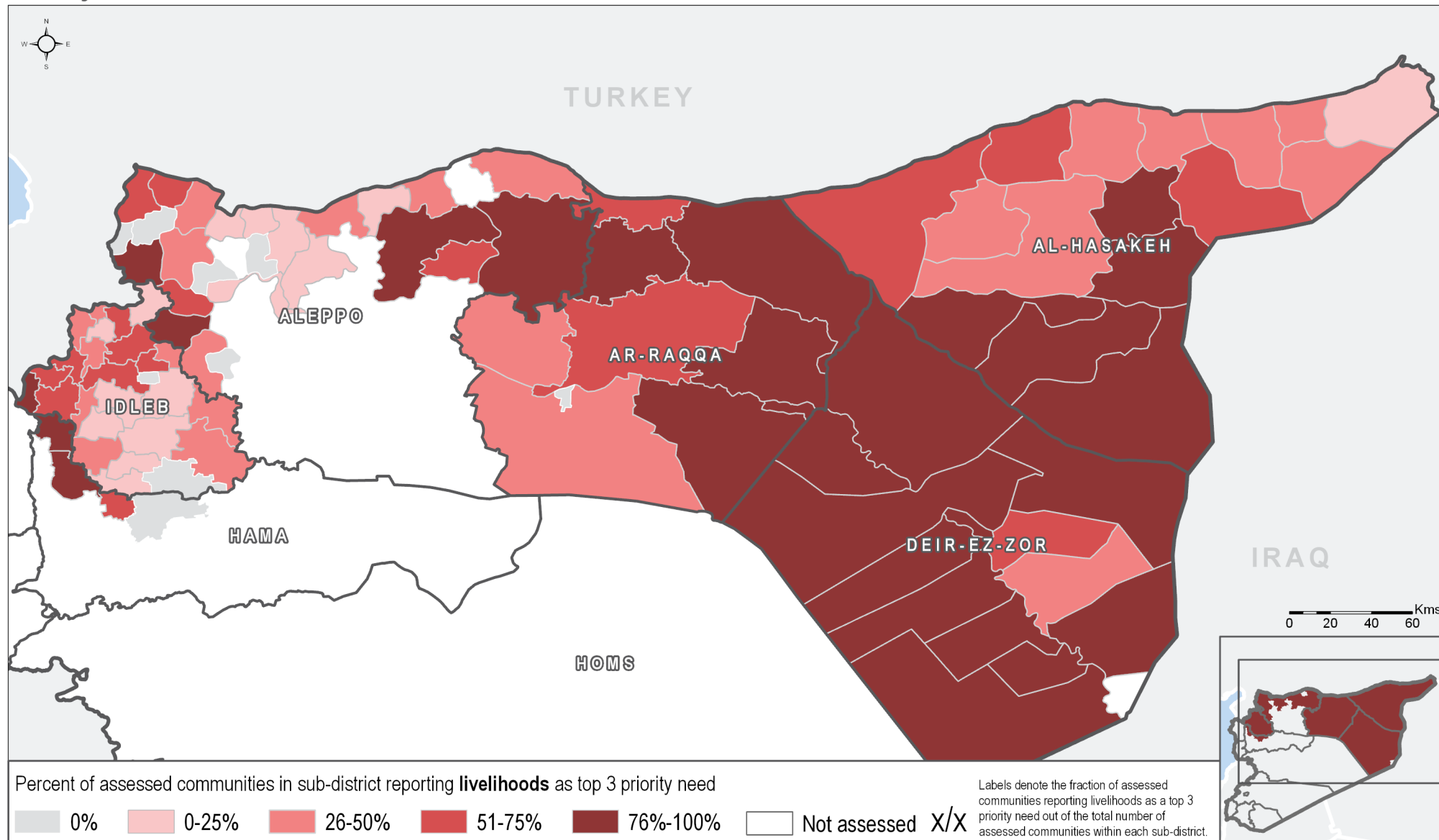
## Number of assessed communities in sub-district reporting food as top 3 priority need

Governorate	Sub-District	Food	Governorate	Sub-District	Food	Governorate	Sub-District	Food	Governorate	Sub-District	Food
Al-Hasakeh	Al-Hasakeh	4/8	Aleppo	Bulbul	23/34	Ar-Raqqa	Sabka	7/10	Idleb	Bennsh	3/4
Al-Hasakeh	Al-Malikeyyeh	22/34	Aleppo	Daret Azza	7/25	Ar-Raqqa	Suluk	0/5	Idleb	Dana	20/20
Al-Hasakeh	Amuda	7/17	Aleppo	Ghandorah	13/34	Ar-Raqqa	Tell Abiad	1/26	Idleb	Darkosh	9/26
Al-Hasakeh	Areeshah	9/12	Aleppo	Hadher	1/1	Deir-ez-Zor	Abu Kamal	1/10	Idleb	Ehsem	18/19
Al-Hasakeh	Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh	9/9	Aleppo	Haritan	0/8	Deir-ez-Zor	Al Mayadin	1/8	Idleb	Harim	4/5
Al-Hasakeh	Darbasiyah	10/15	Aleppo	Jandairis	26/44	Deir-ez-Zor	Ashara	2/7	Idleb	Heish	8/17
Al-Hasakeh	Hole	1/1	Aleppo	Jarablus	7/35	Deir-ez-Zor	Basira	3/14	Idleb	Idleb	6/15
Al-Hasakeh	Jawadiyah	7/17	Aleppo	Ma'btali	12/25	Deir-ez-Zor	Deir-ez-Zor	2/19	Idleb	Janudiyeh	4/14
Al-Hasakeh	Markada	4/11	Aleppo	Mare'	0/6	Deir-ez-Zor	Hajin	0/4	Idleb	Jisr-Ash-Shugur	2/32
Al-Hasakeh	Qahtaniyyeh	12/20	Aleppo	Menbij	0/35	Deir-ez-Zor	Jalaa	3/5	Idleb	Kafr Nobol	24/28
Al-Hasakeh	Quamishli	14/25	Aleppo	Nabul	0/1	Deir-ez-Zor	Khasham	2/9	Idleb	Kafr Takharim	0/10
Al-Hasakeh	Ras Al Ain	2/4	Aleppo	Raju	40/50	Deir-ez-Zor	Kisreh	5/37	Idleb	Khan Shaykun	4/11
Al-Hasakeh	Shadadah	1/6	Aleppo	Sarin	0/10	Deir-ez-Zor	Muhasan	2/6	Idleb	Ma'arrat An Nu'man	33/38
Al-Hasakeh	Tal Hmis	6/10	Aleppo	Sharan	30/35	Deir-ez-Zor	Sur	0/15	Idleb	Maaret Tamsrin	6/16
Al-Hasakeh	Tal Tamer	2/4	Aleppo	Sheikh El-Hadid	13/13	Deir-ez-Zor	Tabni	2/13	Idleb	Mhambal	8/22
Al-Hasakeh	Ya'robiyah	2/3	Aleppo	Suran	8/25	Deir-ez-Zor	Thiban	1/11	Idleb	Qourqeena	3/15
Aleppo	A'zaz	5/16	Aleppo	Zarbah	5/16	Hama	Kafr Zeita	0/6	Idleb	Salqin	17/24
Aleppo	Abu Qalqal	0/9	Ar-Raqqa	Al-Thawrah	1/1	Hama	Madiq Castle	5/23	Idleb	Sanjar	6/9
Aleppo	Afrin	2/41	Ar-Raqqa	Ar-Raqqa	6/51	Hama	Suran	0/1	Idleb	Saraqab	22/25
Aleppo	Aghtrin	21/40	Ar-Raqqa	Ein Issa	1/17	Hama	Ziyara	0/10	Idleb	Sarmin	1/1
Aleppo	Ain al Arab	0/7	Ar-Raqqa	Jurneyyeh	19/42	Idleb	Abul Thohur	0/5	Idleb	Tamanaah	0/5
Aleppo	Al Bab	23/23	Ar-Raqqa	Karama	0/14	Idleb	Ariha	17/34	Idleb	Teftnaz	7/7
Aleppo	Ar-Ra'ee	11/31	Ar-Raqqa	Maadan	3/5	Idleb	Armanaz	5/14			
Aleppo	Atareb	3/30	Ar-Raqqa	Mansura	7/17	Idleb	Badama	2/10			

Data source: REACH - Humanitarian Situation Overview of Syria (HSOS)

## Priority Need: Livelihoods - March 2019

Humanitarian Use Only  
Production date : 15/05/2019



Data source: REACH - Humanitarian Situation Overview of Syria (HSOS)  
Priority need questions were 'select up to three' so the percentages across all maps sum to more than 100%.

Priority needs reported are the perceived top 3 priority needs as reported by KIs within assessed communities and are not necessarily representative of actual priorities.

Annexes are available on request detailing the priorities reported by each assessed community.

## Number of assessed communities in sub-district reporting livelihoods as top 3 priority need

Governorate	Sub-District	Livelihoods	Governorate	Sub-District	Livelihoods	Governorate	Sub-District	Livelihoods	Governorate	Sub-District	Livelihoods
Al-Hasakeh	Al-Hasakeh	4/8	Aleppo	Bulbul	21/34	Ar-Raqqa	Sabka	9/10	Idleb	Bennsh	3/4
Al-Hasakeh	Al-Malikeyyeh	8/34	Aleppo	Daret Azza	15/25	Ar-Raqqa	Suluk	4/5	Idleb	Dana	1/20
Al-Hasakeh	Amuda	6/17	Aleppo	Ghandorah	1/34	Ar-Raqqa	Tell Abiad	15/26	Idleb	Darkosh	15/26
Al-Hasakeh	Areesh	10/12	Aleppo	Hadher	0/1	Deir-ez-Zor	Abu Kamal	10/10	Idleb	Ehsem	3/19
Al-Hasakeh	Be'r Al-Hulo Al-Wardeyyeh	8/9	Aleppo	Haritan	1/8	Deir-ez-Zor	Al Mayadin	7/8	Idleb	Harim	2/5
Al-Hasakeh	Darbasiyah	10/15	Aleppo	Jandairis	39/44	Deir-ez-Zor	Ashara	7/7	Idleb	Heish	4/17
Al-Hasakeh	Hole	1/1	Aleppo	Jarablus	9/35	Deir-ez-Zor	Basira	10/14	Idleb	Idleb	11/15
Al-Hasakeh	Jawadiyah	6/17	Aleppo	Ma'bтали	0/25	Deir-ez-Zor	Deir-ez-Zor	17/19	Idleb	Janudiyeh	9/14
Al-Hasakeh	Markada	10/11	Aleppo	Mare'	0/6	Deir-ez-Zor	Hajin	4/4	Idleb	Jisr-Ash-Shugur	17/32
Al-Hasakeh	Qahtaniyyeh	7/20	Aleppo	Menbij	28/35	Deir-ez-Zor	Jalaa	5/5	Idleb	Kafr Nobol	11/28
Al-Hasakeh	Quamishli	12/25	Aleppo	Nabul	0/1	Deir-ez-Zor	Khasham	8/9	Idleb	Kafr Takharim	2/10
Al-Hasakeh	Ras Al Ain	3/4	Aleppo	Raju	26/50	Deir-ez-Zor	Kisreh	33/37	Idleb	Khan Shaykun	2/11
Al-Hasakeh	Shadadah	6/6	Aleppo	Sarin	9/10	Deir-ez-Zor	Muhasan	6/6	Idleb	Ma'arrat An Nu'man	7/38
Al-Hasakeh	Tal Hmis	7/10	Aleppo	Sharan	17/35	Deir-ez-Zor	Sur	15/15	Idleb	Maaret Tamsrin	10/16
Al-Hasakeh	Tal Tamer	2/4	Aleppo	Sheikh El-Hadid	0/13	Deir-ez-Zor	Tabni	13/13	Idleb	Mhambal	9/22
Al-Hasakeh	Ya'robriyah	1/3	Aleppo	Suran	3/25	Deir-ez-Zor	Thiban	5/11	Idleb	Qourqeena	11/15
Aleppo	A'zaz	4/16	Aleppo	Zarbah	6/16	Hama	Kafr Zeita	4/6	Idleb	Salqin	12/24
Aleppo	Abu Qalqal	5/9	Ar-Raqqa	Al-Thawrah	0/1	Hama	Madiq Castle	22/23	Idleb	Sanjar	4/9
Aleppo	Afrin	15/41	Ar-Raqqa	Ar-Raqqa	33/51	Hama	Suran	0/1	Idleb	Saraqab	2/25
Aleppo	Aghtrin	9/40	Ar-Raqqa	Ein Issa	13/17	Hama	Ziyara	10/10	Idleb	Sarmin	0/1
Aleppo	Ain al Arab	2/7	Ar-Raqqa	Jurneyyeh	15/42	Idleb	Abul Thohur	2/5	Idleb	Tamanaah	0/5
Aleppo	Al Bab	1/23	Ar-Raqqa	Karama	12/14	Idleb	Ariha	3/34	Idleb	Teftnaz	3/7
Aleppo	Ar-Ra'ee	9/31	Ar-Raqqa	Maadan	5/5	Idleb	Armanaz	5/14			
Aleppo	Atareb	25/30	Ar-Raqqa	Mansura	7/17	Idleb	Badama	10/10			

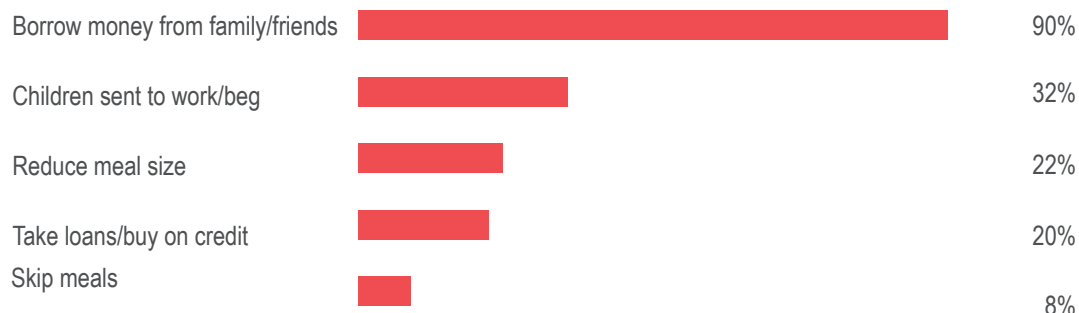
Data source: REACH - Humanitarian Situation Overview of Syria (HSOS)

# Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS) March 2019

## FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS IN NORTHEAST SYRIA (NES)

- 115/603** Communities reported having received food distributions in the last month.
- 109/603** Communities reported that residents were unable to access shops and markets.
- 0/603** No communities reported that residents used extreme food-based coping strategies to deal with insufficient income.<sup>1</sup>
- 50,000 to 100,000 SYP** Most commonly reported household monthly income range.<sup>2</sup>

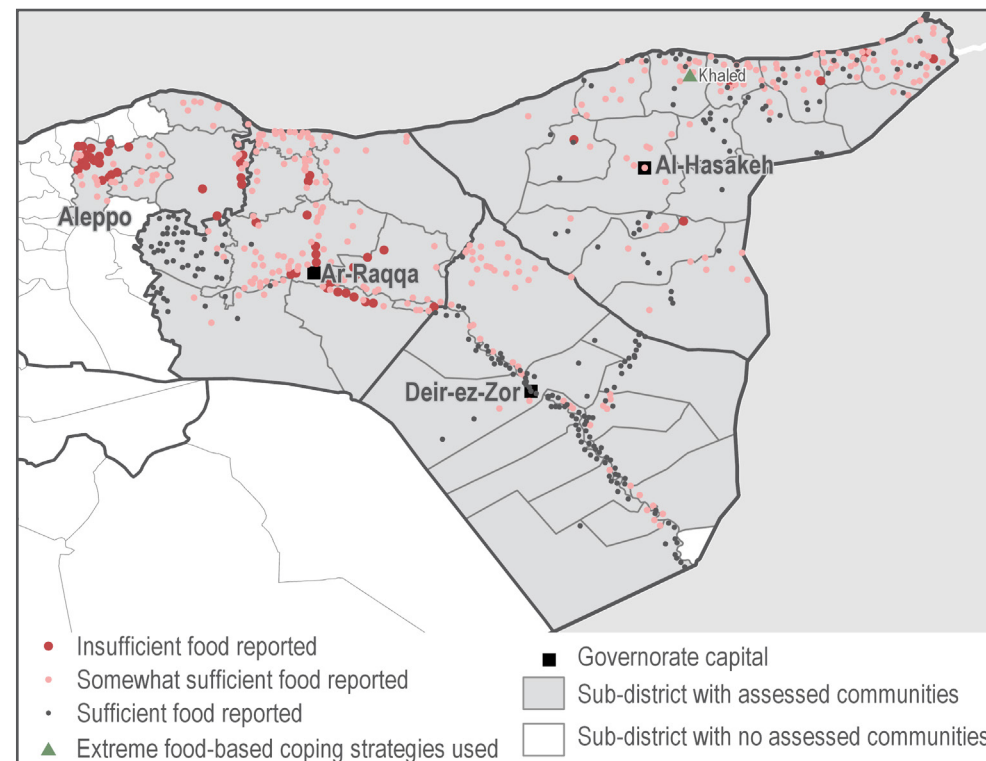
**73** communities reported that residents had enough income to cover household needs. The most commonly reported coping strategies to deal with a lack of income in the remaining **530** assessed communities were:<sup>3,4,5</sup>



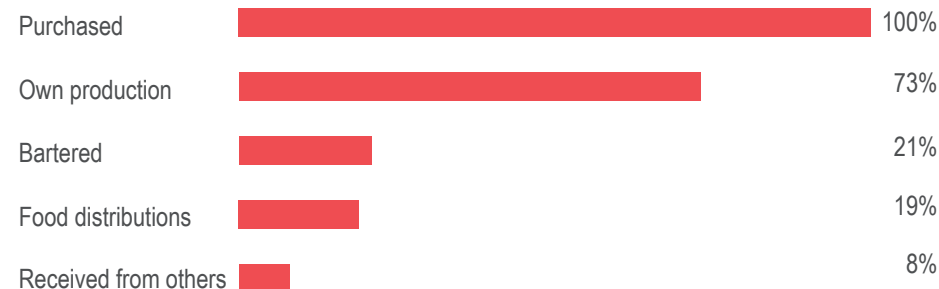
**Most commonly reported main sources of income:**<sup>3,4</sup>



Communities that reported having an insufficient quantity of food:<sup>6</sup>



**Most commonly reported ways of obtaining food:**<sup>3,4</sup>



# Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS) March 2019

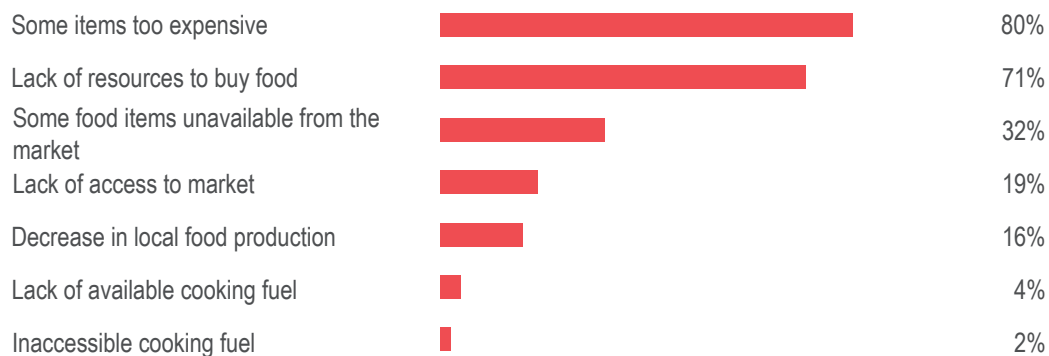
## FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS IN NES

Core food item prices reported (in SYP):<sup>2,7</sup>

Food item:	Regional average price in March 2019:	One month change:	Six month change:
Bread (8 pieces)	100	0%	-15%
Rice (1 kilogram)	425	-6%	-15%
Lentils (1 kilogram)	300	-8%	-14%
Sugar (1 kilogram)	325	+8%	+8%
Cooking oil (1 litre)*	4,069	-1%	+8%

\*includes the combined vegetable oil and ghee prices

23 communities reported that residents experienced no challenges in accessing food. The most common difficulties experienced in the remaining 580 assessed communities were:<sup>3,4,5</sup>

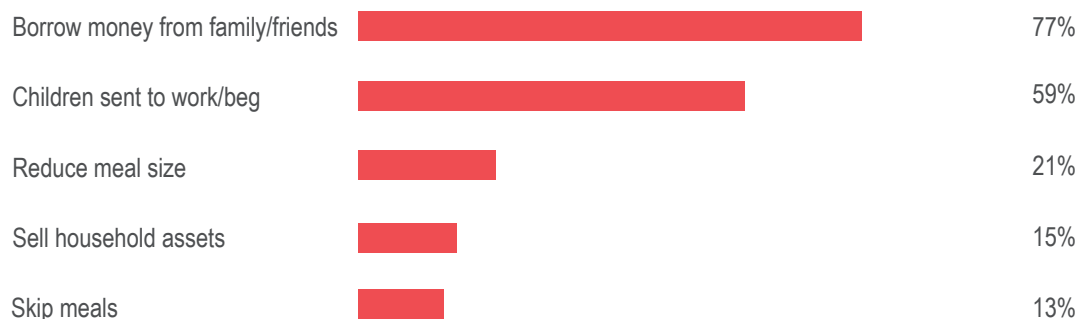


# Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS) March 2019

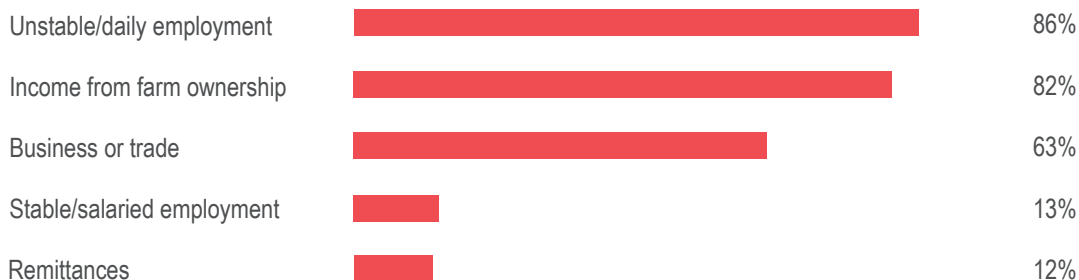
## FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS IN NORTHWEST SYRIA (NWS)

- 240/999** Communities reported having received food distributions in the last month.
- 204/999** Communities reported that residents were unable to access shops and markets.
- 3/999** Communities reported that residents used extreme food-based coping strategies to deal with insufficient income.<sup>1</sup>
- Less than 50,000 SYP** Most commonly reported household monthly income range.<sup>2</sup>

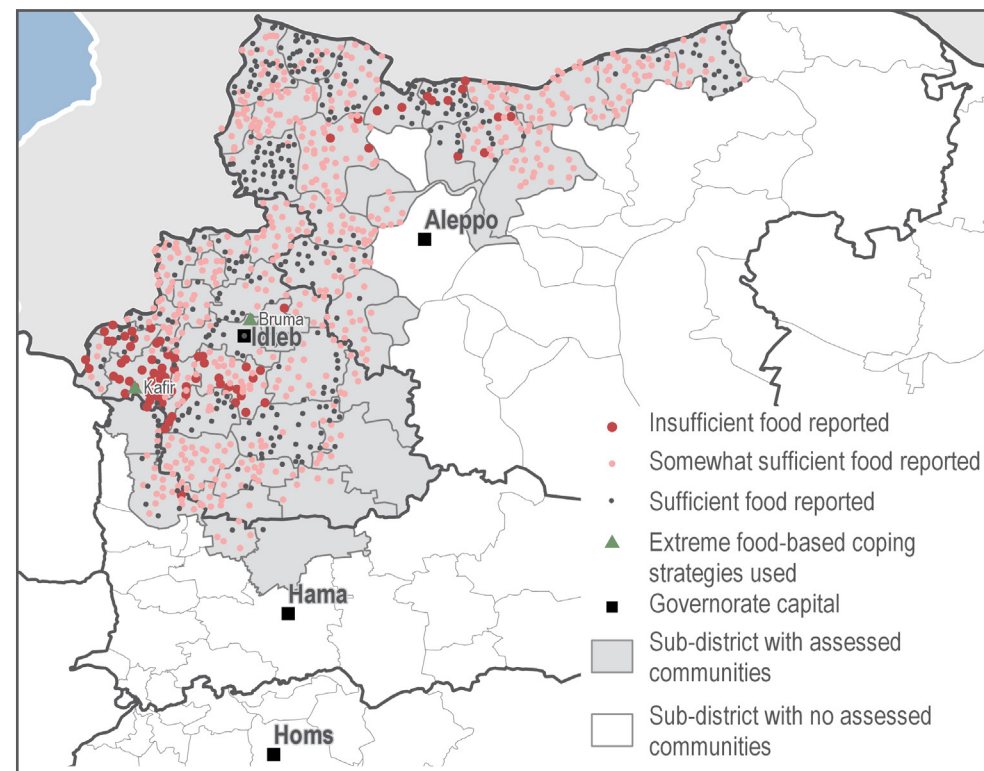
**117 communities** reported that residents had enough income to cover household needs. The most commonly reported coping strategies to deal with a lack of income in the remaining **882 assessed communities** were:<sup>3,4,5</sup>



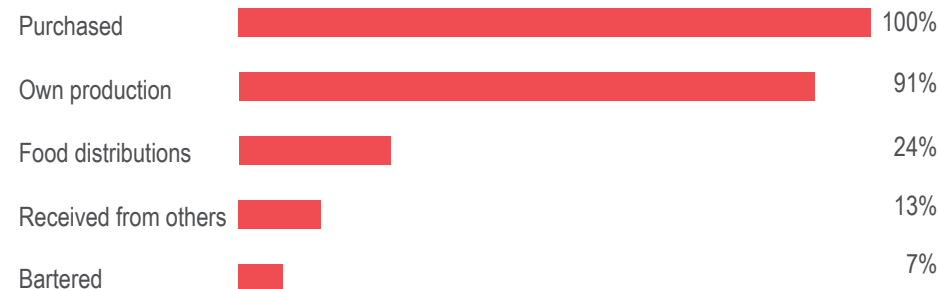
### Most commonly reported main sources of income:<sup>3,4</sup>



### Communities that reported having an insufficient quantity of food:<sup>6</sup>



### Most commonly reported ways of obtaining food:<sup>3,4</sup>



# Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS) March 2019

## FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS IN NWS

Core food item prices reported (in SYP):<sup>2,7</sup>

Food item:	Regional average price in March 2019:	One month change:	Six month change:
Bread (8 pieces)	150	0%	0%
Rice (1 kilogram)	325	+5%	+13%
Lentils (1 kilogram)	275	+10%	+38%
Sugar (1 kilogram)	275	+10%	+22%
Cooking oil (1 litre)*	3,850	+1%	+9%

\*includes the combined vegetable oil and ghee prices

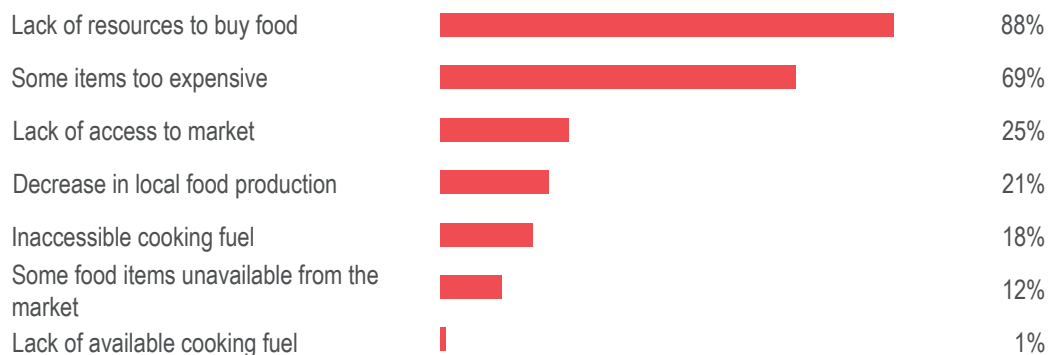
## METHODOLOGY

HSOS data collection is conducted through an enumerator network in accessible locations throughout Idleb, Aleppo, northern Hama, Deir-ez-Zor, Ar-Raqqa, and Al-Hasakeh governorates. REACH enumerators are based inside Syria and interview Key Informants (KIs) directly in the community about which they are reporting. Where access and security constraints renders direct data collection unfeasible, some KI interviews are conducted remotely through participants identified in camps and settlements in neighbouring countries by REACH field teams. Participants contact multiple KIs in their community in Syria to collect information about their community. KIs are asked to report at the community level.

KIs generally included local council members, Syrian NGO workers, medical professionals, teachers, shop owners and farmers, among others, and were chosen based on their community-level or sector specific knowledge. In cases where KIs disagree on a certain piece of information, enumerators triangulate the data with secondary sources or select the response provided by the KI with the more relevant sector-specific background. For each question asked, confidence levels are assigned based on the KIs area of expertise and knowledge of the sector-specific situation. The confidence levels associated with each question are presented in the [final dataset](#). The full confidence matrix used to assign confidence levels is available upon request.

Findings are triangulated through secondary sources, including news monitoring and humanitarian reports. Where necessary, follow-up is conducted with enumerators and participants. Findings are indicative rather than representative, and should not be generalised across the region.

178 communities reported that residents experienced no challenges in accessing food. The most common difficulties experienced in the remaining 821 assessed communities were:<sup>3,4,5</sup>



## ENDNOTES

- <sup>1</sup>Extreme food-based strategies: eating food waste; eating non-edible plants and spending days without eating
- <sup>2</sup>1 USD = 434 SYP (UN operational rates of exchange as of 1 December 2018)
- <sup>3</sup>Assessed using select multiple questions.
- <sup>4</sup>By percentage of communities reporting.
- <sup>5</sup>Not all surveys have answers for every question, in these scenarios the KI or participant will input no answer. When the dataset has no answer for a particular question the reported number of assessed communities will not add up to the total number of communities assessed and percentages will be calculated based on submitted responses.
- <sup>6</sup>Based on KI perception of sufficiency.
- <sup>7</sup>Bread, rice, lentils, sugar, and cooking oil are considered core food items used in food baskets across Syria. For further information on all SMEB items see [Syria Market Monitoring Northeast Syria March 2019](#).

## About REACH

REACH facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. The methodologies used by REACH include primary data collection and in-depth analysis, and all activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. REACH is a joint initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research - Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNITAR-UNOSAT). For more information please visit our website: [www.reach-initiative.org](http://www.reach-initiative.org). You can contact us directly at: [geneva@reach-initiative.org](mailto:geneva@reach-initiative.org) and follow us on Twitter @REACH\_info.