

Cross-Border Population Movement Kapoeta Road Monitoring

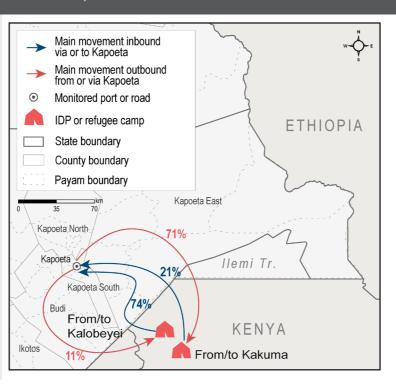
Kapoeta South County, Eastern Equatoria State, South Sudan

CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

Kapoeta town is located in Kapoeta South County, Eastern Equatoria State, near South Sudan's border with Kenya. Since the beginning of the crisis in South Sudan in December 2013, Kapoeta town has been a gateway through which many internally displaced persons (IDPs) have passed on their way to refugee camps in Kenya.¹

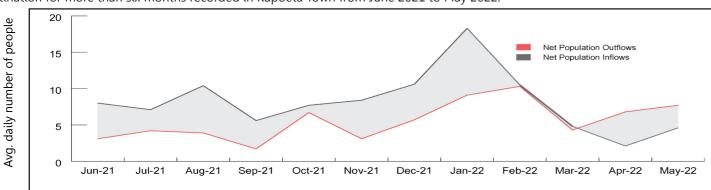
This factsheet provides results from the REACH road monitoring exercise in Kapoeta town. REACH monitors two bus/car parks where travellers are travelling to and from Torit/Juba and Narus/Kakuma, in order to record the arrivals and departures of households (HHs) on a daily basis. Daily data is synthesized into a monthly factsheet to provide an overview of wider movement trends, including reasons for movement, vulnerabilities and intentions. The following findings are based on primary data collected over 17 days between 6 and 31 May 2022.

Not all entry points to Kapoeta town were covered systematically, and some arrivals and departures reportedly took place outside of data collection hours (7:30 am - 5:30 pm). As a result, data presented in this factsheet does not capture all population movements and, as such, findings are not representative but rather indicative only of broader population movement trends for the assessed population.



GENERAL MOVEMENT TRENDS

Average daily number of individuals inbound to (grey) and outbound from (red) South Sudan with the intention to stay in their final destination for more than six months recorded in Kapoeta Town from June 2021 to May 2022:



Type of movement*

Total number of HHs and individuals recorded in May 2022:

	HHs	Individuals	% ²
Inbound to South Sudan	43	142	18%
Outbound from South Sudan	38	176	16%
Internal movement within S. Sudan	156	420	66%

Self-reported refugees

Proportion of inbound (left) and outbound (right) HHs who self-reported having refugee status in another country:





Vulnerabilities³

51% of total inbound HHs reported that at least one member of the HH had a vulnerability, including:^{3, 6}

Breastfeeding	8	28%
Pregnant women	*	9%
Critically ill	\$	9%

68% of total outbound HHs reported that at least one member of the HH had a vulnerability, including:³

nember of the HH had a vulnera	ability, I	including:3	
Breastfeeding	Ö	50%	
Older persons	Ti	11%	
Pregnant women ⁷	4	8%	

▲ INBOUND TO SOUTH SUDAN*

58% of total inbound HHs reported that they intended to stay in their destination for 6 months or more.

Demographics



79% of inbound households were partial households.4

Previous locations in Kenva

Primary reported locations from which inbound HHs left:

Kalobeyei Integrated Settlement	74 %	
Kakuma Refugee Camp	21%	

Intended destination in South Sudan

Primary reported intended destinations for inbound HHs:



First reason for movement

Primary reported reasons for travel for inbound HHs from their last location:

Family related	42%
Seasonal movements	28%
Educational services	12%

Second reason for movement

Secondary reported reasons for travel for inbound HHs from their last location.⁵

Family related	40%	
Educational services	7%	
Seasonal movements	7%	

OUTBOUND FROM SOUTH SUDAN*

79% of total outbound HHs reported that they intended to stay in their destination for 6 months or more.

Demographics



71% of outbound households were partial households.4

Previous location in South Sudan

Primary reported locations from which outbound HHs left:5

Kapoeta South County	100%	
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Intended destination in Kenya

Primary reported intended destinations for outbound HHs:

Kakuma Refugee Camp	71%
Kalobeyei Integrated Settlement	11%

First reason for movement

Primary reported reasons for travel for outbound HHs to go to another country:

Educational services	34%
Collection of aid	21%
Perceived food insecurity	21%

Second reason for movement

Secondary reported reasons for travel for outbound HHs to go to another country.⁵

Educational services	24%
Health related	16%
Family related	13%

Votes:

- 1. UNHCR, South Sudan regional refugee response plan, January December 2018 <u>link</u>.
- 2. This percentage represents the percent of households, not the percent of individuals.
- 3. Respondents were able to select multiple answers.
- 4. Partial HHs are those where not all members of the self-identified family unit were reportedly travelling. Please note, family units in South Sudan often extend beyond the nuclear family.
- 5. Ín addition, 40% and 32% of inbound and outbound HHs, respectively, reported no second reasons for the movement.
- 6. Other main vulnerabilities reported included older persons, unaccompanied and separted child.
- 7. In addition, having at least person with disabilities was reported as a vulnerability by 8% of outbound households.
- * Percentages are rounded to the nearest integer, so responses may not add up to 100% exactly.





