

# **Cross-Border Population Movement Akobo Port and Road Monitoring**

Akobo County, Jonglei State, South Sudan

### CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

Akobo town is located in the eastern side of Akobo County, Jonglei State, close to the land and river border crossings with Ethiopia. Akobo is a key point of trade and transit between South 📉 Sudan and Ethiopia. Since the beginning of the crisis in 2013, this route has been used by South Sudanese heading to or coming back from refugee camps in Ethiopia. Since May 2015, REACH has been recording arrivals and departures of South Sudanese households (HHs) in four locations, Gadrang Road, Koatkoangthor Road, Tundol Port and Market Port, on a daily basis.

In order to provide an indication of wider trends, data is collected on the volume of movement, as well as the motivations and intentions of those travelling. REACH teams interviewed arrivals and departures at the household (HH) level. For movements larger than three households, a short alternative survey is used to assess HH and individual numbers by speaking to the Transport Focal Point (TFP), such as the driver or transport authority.<sup>1</sup> Due to insecurity and other issues, data is not always collected on a daily basis. To correct for this inconsistency, data presented for general movement trends across months represents an average based on the number of days of data collection each month. The data presented here is not representative, nor does it capture all movements in and out of Akobo. Rather, it is indicative of movement trends for the assessed population.<sup>2</sup>

The following findings are based on primary data collected between the 1st and 30th November 2021.

# **GENERAL MOVEMENT TRENDS**

The findings in this factsheet are based on data from the REACH Port and Road Monitoring (PRM) data collection and the TFP survey, the latter of which captures larger movements between Akobo and Ethiopia.

### Type of movement

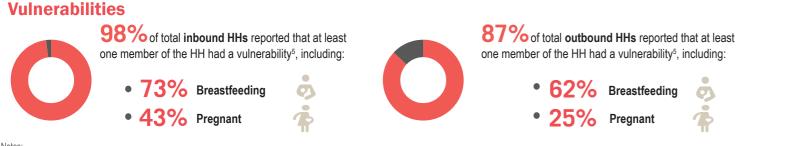
Total monthly number of HHs and individuals recorded in November 2021:

HHs	Individuals	% of HHs
82	563	47%
75	384	43%
18	79	10%
	82 75	82 563 75 384

### No. of Key Informants reporting security concerns during Travel<sup>3</sup>

Inbound transport Outbound transport Check point 2

During the data collection period, in addition to interviewing 150 HHs (885 individuals) travelling by foot or in small vehicles and boats (PRM data collection), REACH also used the TFP tool to estimate the number of HHs travelling on larger boats. In November, two outbound transports were recorded to be carrying an estimated totoal of 6 HHs (32 individuals).

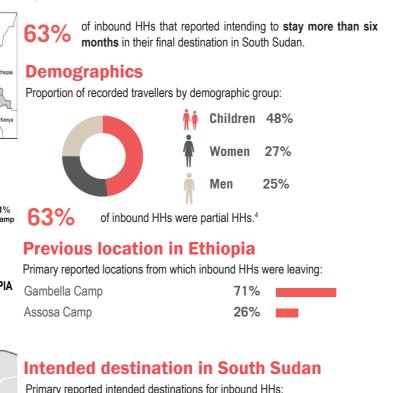


The TFP tool asks the driver (or another focal point) to give details of the number of individuals and number of households travelling. This methodology is used if the number of households travelling exceeds 3 households and nerefore cannot all be interviewed. For more details, please access the Port and Road Monitoring Terms of Reference here. . While internal movement within South Sudan was also recorded in Akobo over the data collection period, this factsheet covers crossborder movement between South Sudan and Ethiopia, and vice versa, only. Vultor methan involution of the second secon



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	Gambella Camp
21% 60% Akobo	town
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Refugee camps	Pochalla
Inbound destinations	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Outbound destinations JONGLEI	

MAIN DESTINATIONS OF INBOUND AND OUTBOUND



🕼 INBOUND TO SOUTH SUDAN

Primary reported intended destinations for inbound HHs:			
Akobo County	60%		
Uror County	21%		
Nyirol County	14%	•	
Uror County	21%		

# Push factors

Primary reported push factors for inbound HHs to leave their last location<sup>6</sup>:

Distance from family/home	44%	
Lack of food	41%	
Frictions/community tensions	8%	•

# **Reasons for coming to South Sudan**

Primary reported push factors for outbound HHs, August 2021 to November 2021: Primary reported pull factors for inbound HHs, August 2021 to November 2021



For more information on this profile please contact REACH - south.sudan@reach-initiative.org

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ol County	14%	•	

# 📝 OUTBOUND FROM SOUTH SUDAN

of outbound HHs that reported intending to stay more than six 52% months in their final destination outside of South Sudan.

### **Demographics**

Proportion of recorded travellers by demographic group:



Children 48% Women 25% Mer 27%

81% of outbound HHs were partial HHs.<sup>4</sup>

#### Previous location in South Sudan

Primary reported locations from which outbound HHs were leaving:

Akobo County	74%	
Nyirol County	13%	
Uror County	7%	•

# Intended destination in Ethiopia

Primary reported intended destinations for outbound HHs:			
Gambella Camp	91%		
Assosa Camp	9%	•	

# Pull factors

Primary reported pull factors for outbound HHs to go to another country6:

Presence of education services	36%	
Perceived availability of food	22%	
Proximity to family/home	16%	

### **Reasons for leaving South Sudan**

	August 2021	September 2021	October 2021	November 2021
of education services	13%	37%	66%	36%
ck of health services	24%	21%	13%	14%
Lack of food	19%	18%	10%	22%