Research Terms of Reference

[Post distribution monitoring of the Kenya Cash Consortium Locally led Multi-Purpose Cash Response to crisis-affected communities in Kenya]
[KEN2302]
[KENYA]

[June 2023] [Version 1]



1. Executive Summary

Country of intervention	Kenya						
Type of Emergency	Х	Natural disaster		Conflict		Other (specify)	
Type of Crisis		Sudden onset		Slow onset	X		
Mandating Body/		rnment of Kenya, Kenya Casl			^	1 Totadolod	
Agency	0070	artonimon on tronga, tronga caon consolaam (1.00)					
IMPACT Project Code	24FL	P4FLH_QBT					
Overall Research		_ _ :					
Timeframe (from research design to final outputs / M&E)	June	June to October 2023					
Research Timeframe	1. Pil	ot/ training: 19/_06/_ 2023		6. Preliminary p	eser	ntation: Upon request	
Add planned deadlines	2. Sta	2. Start collect data: 20/_06/_ 2023 7. Outputs sent for validation: _17/_07/20				alidation: _17/_07/2023	
Baseline	3. Da	·				: _28/_07/2023	
		ata analysed: 30/_06/_ 2023			ation	: Upon request	
	5. Da	5. Data sent for validation: 3/_07/_ 2023					
Endline		1. Pilot/ training: 16/_10/_ 2023 6. Preliminary presentation: Upon requ					
		art collect data: 17/_10/_ 2023	3	'		alidation: _10/_11/2023	
		ta collected: 20/_10/_ 2023		8. Outputs publi			
		ta analysed: 27/_10/_ 2023		9. Final presenta	ation	: Upon request	
	5. Da	ta sent for validation: 3/_07/_		23			
Number of		Single assessment (one cyc					
assessments	Х	Multi assessment (more tha		• ,			
		Two assessments, a baselin		,	first	cash transfer and	
		endline assessmentafter the	e ias				
Humanitarian	Miles			Deadline			
milestones	Х	Donor plan/strategy		31/10/2023			
Specify what will the assessment inform and		Inter-cluster plan/strategy					
assessment inform and when		Cluster plan/strategy					
e.g. The shelter cluster	Х	NGO platform plan/strategy		31/10/2023			
will use this data to draft its Revised Flash Appeal;		Other (Specify):					
	Audi	ence type		Dissemination			

Audience Type &	x Strategic	x General Product Mailing - Mailing list of the
Dissemination Specify	x Programmatic	Kenya cash consortium members.
who will the assessment		☐ Cluster Mailing (Education, Shelter and WASH)
inform and how you will	x Operational	and presentation of findings at next cluster meeting
disseminate to inform the	□ [Other, Specify]	
audience		x Presentation of findings at the kenya cash consortium meetings)
		□ Website Dissemination (Relief Web & REACH Resource Centre)
		□ [Other, Specify]
Detailed	□ Yes	x No
dissemination plan required		
General Objective		Consortium Unconditional Cash Transfer (UCT) 2023
•		and food security status of beneficiary households in
	humanitarian response in ASAL counties	nd Wajir to inform the multipurpose cash-based
Specific Objective(s)		terns at the beginning of the UCT programme and how it
	changes over time or differs between targ	jeted counties.
		ood security status at the beginning of the UCT
	programme and how it changes overtime 3. Understand the impact of receiving case	or differs between targeted counties. Sh on the household's well-being and interactions with
	society.	or the household of well being and interactione with
		satisfaction with participating in UCT programme at all
	stages of the project cycle	
	5. Understand awareness of complaint re	sponse mechanisms) protection-related key performance indicators (KPI) are
	met at all stages of the project cycle	protection-related key performance indicators (N. 1) are
	7. Understand how all the above varies be	etween the geographical areas assessed.
Research Questions		seholds and their communities in the last six months?
	2. What are the household's baseline exp from the KCC, and how does this change UCT?	enditure patterns prior to receiving a UCT after receiving multiple rounds of the
		nat other resources are available to the HH? litures?
	c. What proportion of their total income do d. What proportion of their total income do	o households spend on food related expenses? o households spend to meet other basic needs?
	3. What is the household's baseline level	
	does this change over time after receiving 4. How was the cash transfer used by the	HH and what was its impact (positive and
	negative) on social interactions within the	
	5. What are the household's experiences	
	accountability to beneficiary populations? a. Awareness about the program details i	
	before it begins	in the beneficially population
	b. Satisfaction with the payment process,	amount, and timeframe
	c. Frequency of payment delays	
	d. Ability to receive and access UCT	nd ability to engage with a said mechanism to directly
	provide feedback, comments or complain	
	f. Presence of community consultations b	y the partner NGO about the needs of the community?
	g. Safety perceptions of households durin	g the selection and registration process.
	h. A fair selection process.i. Respectful treatment by the NGO staff.	
Geographic Coverage	Samburu, Marsabit, Turkana, Mandera ar	nd Waiir
Secondary data		from Kenya Cash Consortium from 2019 to 2022.
•	1. Dascinio, i Divi and endine lacisileets	moni Nonya Odon Odnotilalii iloin 2019 (0 2022.
sources		

	2. EC	HO Protection Key Performance	e Inc	licator	s list	<u>.</u> 1			
Population(s)		IDPs in camp				IDPs in inform	nal s	sites	
Select all that apply		IDPs in host communities				IDPs [Other, Specify]			
		Refugees in camp				Refugees in ir			
		Refugees in host communi	ties			Refugees [Other, Specify]			
	Х	Host communities						-1 71	
Stratification	Х	Geographical #:5		Gro	# au	<u>:</u> :		[Other Specify] #:	
Select type(s) and enter		Population size per strata			ulation size per Population size per				
number of strata		is known?x Yes □ No		-		known?		strata is known?	
				□ Y	Yes □ No □ Yes □ No				
Data collection tool(s)	Х	Structured (Quantitative)				Semi-structure	red (Qualitative)		
	Samı	oling method			Da	nta collection i	net	hod	
Structured data	□ Pu	rposive				Key informant in	iterv	riew (Target #):	
collection tool # 1 Select sampling and data	□ Pro	bability / Simple random				Group discussio	n (1	 arget #):	
collection method and	x Probability / Stratified simple random			Х	Household interv	view	(Target #):1,697 ²		
specify target # interviews	□ Pro	□ Probability / Cluster sampling□ Probability / Stratified cluster sampling				□ Individual interview (Target #):			
	□ Pro					□ Direct observations (Target #):			
	□ [Ot	ther, Specify]			[Other, Specify] (Target #):				
Target level of	95 %	95 % level of confidence			5+/- % margin of error				
precision if	00 70	70 level of confidence							
probability sampling									
Data management platform(s)	Х	IMPACT				UNHCR			
		[Other, Specify]		Į.	1				
Expected ouput type(s)		Situation overview #:		Rep	ort 7	# :		Profile #:	
		Presentation (Preliminary findings) #:				ation (Final)	Х	Factsheet #:2 (Baseline and endline)	
		findings) #: Interactive dashboard #:_		Web	ma	p #:	х	Map #: 2 in the factsheets	
		[Other, Specify] #:						I.	
Access	Х	Public (available on IMPAC	T v	ebsit/	e ar	nd other human	itar	ian platforms)	
		Restricted (bilateral dissempublication on IMPACT or					sse	mination list, no	
Visibility Specify which	IMPA	_ ·		•					
logos should be on	Dono	or: ECHO							
outputs	Coor	dination Framework: ASAL	Hui	manit	aria	an Network			
	Partners: ACTED, CONCERN WORLDWIDE, OXFAM, Wajir South Development Association (WASDA), Arid Lands Development Focus (ALDEF), Pastoralist Community Initiative and Development Assistance (PACIDA), Strategie Northern Development (SND), Nomadic Assistance for Peace and Development (NAPAD), Rural Agency for Community Development and Assistance (RACIDA) ar Lotus Kenya Action for Development Organisation (LOKADO)					ACIDA), Strategies for d Development			

¹ ECHO key protection indicator guidance ² Detailed breakdown on table1 in page 5

2. Rationale

2.1 Background

Arid and semi-arid lands (ASAL) cover 80% of Kenya's landmass. Following the march to May 2023 rainy season, the ASAL counties have begun recovering from the prolonged dry conditions and the consequences of the drought that resulted from the five consecutive failed rainy seasons. In May 2023, Mandera, Marsabit, Turkana and Samburu were classified to be in the recovery drought phase while Wajir was in Alert drought phase.³ All the targeted five counties experienced above the 5-year long term average rainfall. This is supporting the recharge of water sources, regeneration of pasture, crop growth and providing labor opportunities in weeding. However, the livestock body conditions, and productivity remain low.⁴ Therefore, the food security situation for HHs has likely not improved regardless of the rainfall received. In general, about 5.4 million people were projected to be facing high levels of food consumption gaps between March and June 2023 during the February 2023 Integrated phase classification Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC AFI phase 3 or above). Additionally, four of the targeted counties (Mandera, Marsabit, Turkana and Wajir were projected to slip to IPC AFI phase 4.)

2.2 Intended impact

Based on the rationale above, the KCC will implement an emergency multi-sector response through mobile money unconditional cash transfers (UCTs). All targeted households will receive a total of three cash transfers. The planned cash assistance will reach 9,231 households, and 55,133 individuals (the number of individual beneficiaries being calculated based on the average size of households per county as per GoK census data 2019). The proposed action will address economic root causes identified as a barrier to food security, nutrition, health and protection outcomes. The immediate outcome of the program is expected to be increased food consumption and dietary diversity, decreased usage of livelihood coping strategies, and improved income/ expenditure patterns for the beneficiary households. In order to monitor the ongoing impact of the UCTs at the household level, IMPACT Initiatives will conduct a baseline survey before they receive any UCT. IMPACT Initiatives will conduct an endline survey one month after the last cash transfer. The baseline and endline surveys will be conducted remotely through phone interviews. The overall aim of this research is to understand the outcome of UCT to drought-affected households in Samburu, Mandera, Marsabit, Turkana and Wajir counties.

3. Methodology

3.1 Methodology overview

The baseline and endline surveys will be conducted through household surveys targeting beneficiaries of the Kenya Cash Consortium UCT programme. Through this survey, households will be asked about their overall food security situation, as well as their perceptions of whether humanitarian assistance is delivered in a safe, accessible, accountable and participatory manner. The data will be collected through phone interviews. A stratified simple random sampling approach will be used to have data that is representative of the beneficiary population (households), with a 95% confidence level and a 5% margin of error per county. A 10% buffer will be included in the sample to account for non-response or data quality issues. A total of 1,697 surveys will be conducted. The baseline assessment will be conducted in June 2023, and the endline in October 2023.

3.2 Population of interest

The geographical area assessed consists of Samburu, Mandera, Marsabit, Turkana and Wajir counties. The unit of measurement for the assessment is the household. While the primary disaggregation of the data will be on the county level, the following information will be collected on household demographics to allow a disaggregated analysis according to the demographic characteristics of the population assessed. This includes location i.e. county, sub-county, village/settlement), size of the households, and age & gender of the respondent, and head of household (if different). This disaggregated analysis will be indicative rather than representative as the sample has only been stratified at county level.

³ NDMA drought bulletin, May 2023

⁴ FEWSNET, Kenya Food Security Outlook Update, April 2023: 2023 Long rains expected to drive gradual improvements in food security, 2023.

3.3 Secondary data review

- 1. Baseline, PDM and endline factsheets from Kenya Cash Consortium from 2019 to 2022-will be used to inform the assessment methodology and questionnaire design. Information will be integrated from the 2019, 2020, and 2021 assessment cycles of the Somali Cash Consortium third-party monitoring done by IMPACT.
- 2. ECHO Protection Key Performance Indicators list.5- Will be used for tool development.

3.4 Primary Data Collection

The baseline assessment will be conducted in June 2023, and the endline in October 2023. A stratified simple random sampling approach will be used to have data that is representative of beneficiary population (households) in Samburu, Mandera, Marsabit, Turkana and Wajir counties, with a 95% confidence level and a 5% margin of error. A 10% buffer will be included in the sample to account for non-response or data quality issues. In addition, an additional buffer list of respondents will be generated, so in cases of non-response, the next respondent in the list will be sampled. In case the target sample size has not been met, the team will re-run the sample using only those that were not already contacted, to fulfil the sample. There will be different groups of respondents for each survey, as response rates are expected to be too low to make a longitudinal study possible. To ensure random selection of respondents, IMPACT will generate random numbers on the list of beneficiaries that will be provided by the partners and then sort the random numbers from smallest to largest to select the required number of respondents. The interview will be conducted with the person registered as a beneficiary in each household. All non-responses will be monitored in a tracker. The baseline and endline surveys will be conducted through household surveys targeting beneficiaries of the Kenya Cash Consortium UCT programme. Through this survey, households will be asked about their overall food security situation, as well as their perceptions of whether humanitarian assistance is delivered in a safe, accessible, accountable and participatory manner. The data will be collected through phone interviews. A breakdown of the sample size per county is shown in table 1 below.

Table 1.

County	Number of beneficiaries	Sample size (baseline and endline	Sample size +10% buffer
Samburu	650	242	266
Mandera	1,852	318	350
Marsabit	2,486	333	366
Turkana	2,003	322	354
Wajir	2,240	328	361
Total	9,231	1,543	1,697

3.5 Data Processing & Analysis

The assessment will comprise a household survey designed in partnership with the Kenya Cash Consortium partners. The tool will be designed and coded using kobo and all data will be collected via smart phone using Open Data Kit (ODK collect). Collected data will be subjected to daily checks to identify any issues with data quality and divergence from the sample frame, in line with IMPACT's Data Cleaning Minimum Standards Checklist. In addition to the daily data checks, the final datasets will undergo a thorough cleaning, with any outstanding issues reported to the field staff for feedback. Following data cleaning, the data will be analyzed using R. For the open-ended questions, a thematic analysis approach will be for analysis. For food consumption score and coping strategy index, the guidelines provided by World Food Programme (WFP) from pages 63 to 807 will be used. We will compile factsheets from the analyzed data and there after publishing the reports on IMPACT resource centre and share the outputs with the Kenya Cash Consortium.

3. Roles and responsibilities

Table 2: Description of roles and responsibilities

⁵ ECHO key protection indicator guidance

⁶ IMPACT data cleaning minimum standard checklist

⁷WFP Food security guidance

Task Description	Responsible	Accountable	Consulted	Informed
Research design	Senior Assessment Officer	Research Manager	IMPACT HQ Research Design and Data Unit (RDDU), consortium members, Research Manager	HQ,Consortium Members, county coordinator
Supervising data collection	Senior field officer	Database Officer	IMPACT HQ RDDU, Consortium members, Research Manager, Assessment officer	HQ,Consortium Members, county coordinator
Data processing (checking, cleaning)	Database Officer	Database Officer	IMPACT HQ RDDU, consortium members, Research Manager, Senior Assessment officer	HQ,Consortium Members, county coordinator
Data analysis	Database Officer	Database Officer	IMPACT HQ RDDU, Senior Assessment officer consortium members, Research Manager,	HQ,Consortium Members, county coordinator
Output production	Senior Assessment Officer, GIS officer	Senior Assessment Officer	IMPACT HQ Research Reporting Unit (RRU), consortium members, Research Manager	HQ,Consortium Members, county coordinator
Dissemination	Senior Assessment Officer	Senior Assessment Officer	Consortium members, Research Manager,	HQ,Consortium Members, county coordinator,

			IMPACT HQ Communications Officer	HQ Communications Officer
	Senior Assessment	Senior	IMPACT HQ	
	Officer	Assessment	Research	
		Officer	Department,	HQ,Consortium
Monitoring & Evaluation			consortium	Members, county
			members,	coordinator
			Research	
			Manager	
	Senior Assessment	Senior	IMPACT HQ	
	Officer	Assessment	Research	
		Officer	Department,	HQ,Consortium
Lessons learned			consortium	Members, county
			members,	coordinator
			Research	
			Manager	

Responsible: the person(s) who executes the task

Accountable: the person who validates the completion of the task and is accountable of the final output or milestone

Consulted: the person(s) who must be consulted when the task is implemented **Informed:** the person(s) who need to be informed when the task is completed

NB: Only one person can be Accountable; the only scenario when the same person is listed twice for a task is when the same person is both Responsible and Accountable.

4. Key ethcial considerations and related risks

The proposed research design meets / does not meet the following criteria:

The proposed research design	Yes/ No	Details if no (including mitigation)
Has been coordinated with relevant stakeholders to avoid unnecessary duplication of data collection efforts?	Yes	
Respects respondents, their rights and dignity (specifically by: seeking informed consent, designing length of survey/ discussion while being considerate of participants' time, ensuring accurate reporting of information provided)?	Yes	
Does not expose data collectors to any risks as a direct result of participation in data collection?	Yes	
Does not expose respondents / their communities to any risks as a direct result of participation in data collection?	Yes	
Does not involve collecting information on specific topics which may be stressful and/ or re-traumatising for research participants (both respondents and data collectors)?	Yes	

Does not involve data collection with minors i.e. anyone less than 18 years old?	Yes	
Does not involve data collection with other vulnerable groups e.g. persons with disabilities, victims/ survivors of protection incidents, etc.?		Given that we do not know the profile of participants beforehand; we will not be able to ascertain whether they belong to vulnerable groups. Enumerators will receive training on ensuring questions are asked in a non-intrusive, sensitive manner to mitigate any unintended harm. Additionally, respondents always have the option to not answer any question (prefer not to answer) or withdraw consent for the interview at any stage.
Follows IMPACT SOPs for management of personally identifiable information?	Yes	

5. Data Analysis Plan

ATTACHED SEPARATELY

6. Data management Plan

Available upon request

7. Monitoring & Evaluation Plan

•

IMPACT Objective	External M&E Indicator Internal M&E Indicator		Focal point	Tool	Will indicator be tracked?
	Number of humanitarian	# of downloads of x product from Resource Center	Country request to HQ		x Yes
		# of downloads of x product from Relief Web	Country request to HQ		x Yes
Humanitarian stakeholders are	organisations accessing IMPACT services/products	# of downloads of x product from Country level platforms	Country team		x Yes
accessing IMPACT products	Number of individuals accessing IMPACT services/products	# of page clicks on x product from REACH global newsletter	Country request to HQ	User_log	x Yes
		# of page clicks on x product from country newsletter, sendingBlue, bit.ly	Country team		X Yes
		# of visits to x webmap/x dashboard	Country request to HQ		□ Yes
IMPACT activities contribute to better		# references in HPC documents (HNO, SRP, Flash appeals, Cluster/sector strategies)			Partners asked whether this
program implementation and coordination of the humanitarian response	Number of humanitarian organisations utilizing IMPACT services/products	# references in single agency documents	Country Reference og		assessment was used in their programming through survey monkey, if one is conducted in the future.

Humanitarian stakeholders are using IMPACT products	Humanitarian actors use IMPACT evidence/products as a basis for decision making, aid planning and delivery Number of humanitarian documents (HNO, HRP, cluster/agency strategic plans, etc.) directly informed by IMPACT products	Perceived usefulness and influence of IMPACT outputs Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs Perceived capacity of IMPACT staff Perceived quality of outputs/programs Recommendations to strengthen IMPACT programs	Country team	Usage_Feed back and Usage_Surv ey template	Decisions made and implemented based on of the assessment – to bare e checked with operational and donor partners to ask what actions they took based on the findings and recommendations. This assessment may also be included in a usage survey of partners if one is conducted in the future. Partners asked whether this assessment was used in their programming through survey monkey, if one is conducted in the future. Decisions made and implemented based on of the assessment – to bare e checked with operational and donor partners to ask what actions they took based on the findings and recommendations. This assessment may also be included in a usage survey of partners if one is conducted in the future.
Humanitarian stakeholders are engaged in IMPACT programs	Number and/or percentage of humanitarian organizations directly contributing to IMPACT programs (providing	# of organisations providing resources (i.e.staff, vehicles, meeting space, budget, etc.) for activity implementation # of organisations/clusters inputting in research design and joint analysis	Country team	Engagement _log	x Yes

throughout the	resources, participating to	# of organisations/clusters attending briefings on		x Yes
research cycle	presentations, etc.)	findings;		X 163

ANNEX 1: METHODOLOGY NOTES (IF RELEVANT)

ANNEX 2: [OTHER SPECIFY]