Diyala, Iraq January 2018 Management agency: Government and YAO Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Mithaq Abdul Hamad **YAO** Organization

Summary

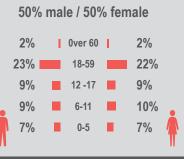
This profile provides an overview of conditions in Alwand 1 camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 28/01/2018. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 3383 # of households: 719 Date opened: 9/28/2014 Occupied shelters: 1050 Planned shelters: 1100 Ongoing extension: no

Camp area: 225,388m²

Demographics

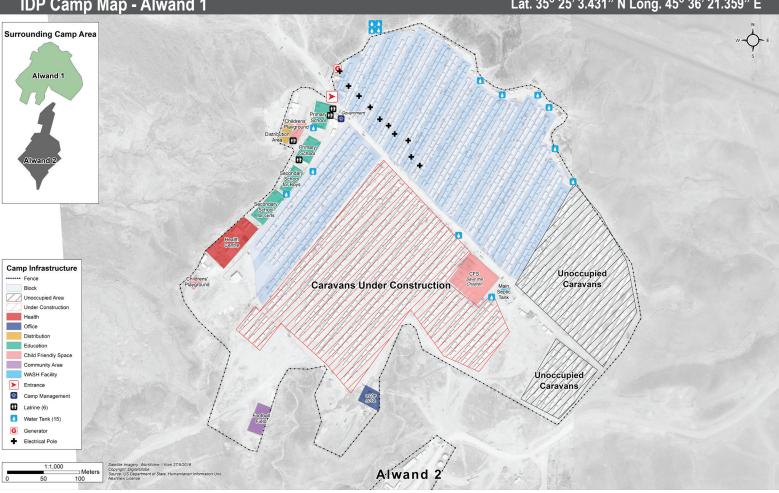


Location Map



IDP Camp Map - Alwand 1

Lat. 35° 25' 3.431" N Long. 45° 36' 21.359" E



Sectoral	Minimum Standards	Target	Previous Round	Current Round	Achievement
CCCM	Average open area per household	Min. 30m ²	193 m²	256 m ²	•
Protection	% of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM)	100%	96%	95%	•
WASH	# of persons per latrine # of persons per shower Frequency of solid waste disposal	Max. 20 Max. 20 Min. weekly	2 3 Every week	3 3 Every day	•
Shelter	Average area covered per person Average number of individuals per shelter	Min. 3.5m ² Max. 5	5.6 m² 5	5.6 m ²	•
Food	% households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month	100%	n/a*	24%	•
Health	Health services available on-site or within walking distance	Yes	yes	yes	•
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100% 100%	70% 74%	85% 68%	•

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation • Minimum standard reached, • 50-99% of minimum standard reached, • Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all



Diyala, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women
Chronically ill individual(s)

Disabled individual(s)

Female headed households

2%

3%

12%

Intentions

19% planned to move to a different location in next 3 months15% reported needing financial support to return and restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

99% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

4% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a** reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a** n/a**

n/a**

Top two reasons for not attending education*

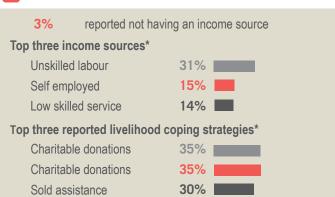
(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

Child is disinterested 42%
Child assists with household chores 17%

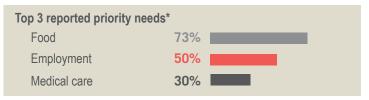
Access to information

Top three information sources regarding area of origin* From others who visited 89% Personally visited 9% Others who have not visited 2% Top three information needs* Security situation 93% Livelihood sources 67% Basic services 53%

Livelihoods



Priority Needs



WASH

Latrines

reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:

n/a
reported latrines were lockable from the inside
reported latrines had functioning lighting
reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 100% I

Primary drinking water sources

54% bottled water from the shop

24% indoor water point

Access to drinking water

reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

2% reported floodii	ng in their	shelter in the previous year				
Top observed shelter type						
Caravan	100%					
	n/a	of tents have secondary cover				
Top reported needed basic items*						
Heating fuel	41%					
Fuel storage	18%					
Cooking stove	9%					
Top reported needed winter item*						
Kerosene heater	96%					
Electricity access						
Average number of hours of electricity per day 22						

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Buy less expensive food
Limit portions
27%

^{*}Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents





Diyala, Iraq January 2018 Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Management agency: Government and YAO Organization Ibrahim Karam Ali YAO Organization

Summary

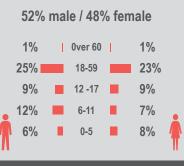
This profile provides an overview of conditions in Alwand 2 camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 28/01/2018. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 1250 # of households: 270 Date opened: 10/28/2015 Occupied shelters: 300 Planned shelters: 318 Ongoing extension: no

Camp area: 148,345m²

Demographics

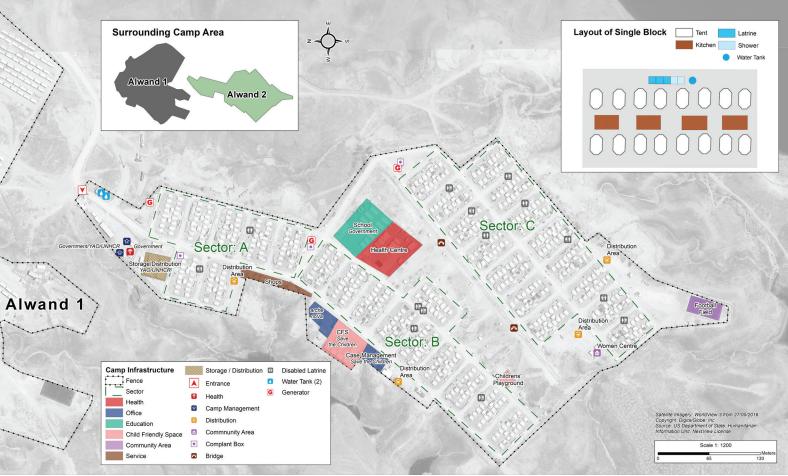


Location Map



IDP Camp Map - Alwand 2

Lat. 34° 19' 26.35" N Long. 45° 27' 11.29" E



Sectoral	Minimum Standards	Target	Previous Round	Current Round	Achievement
CCCM	Average open area per household	Min. 30m ²	309 m²	477 m²	•
Protection	% of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM)	100%	98%	95%	•
WASH	# of persons per latrine # of persons per shower Frequency of solid waste disposal	Max. 20 Max. 20 Min. weekly	7 11 n/a	5 5 Every day	•
Shelter	Average area covered per person Average number of individuals per shelter	Min. 3.5m ² Max. 5	4.6 m² 5	4.6 m ²	•
Food	% households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month	100%	n/a*	32%	•
Health	Health services available on-site or within walking distance	Yes	yes	yes	•
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100% 100%	16% 80%	80% 69%	•

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation • Minimum standard reached, • 50-99% of minimum standard reached, • Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all





Diyala, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women 1% |
Chronically ill individual(s) 7% |
Disabled individual(s) 3% |
Female headed households 20%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 months
 reported needing financial support to return and
 restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

1% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a** reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a** n/a**

n/a**

Top two reasons for not attending education*

(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

Child is disinterested 50%
Health reasons 25%

Access to information

Top three information sources regarding area of origin*

Livelihoods

0% reported not having an income source

Top three income sources*

Unskilled labour

Low skilled service

Low skilled service

14%

14%

Top three reported livelihood coping strategies*

Sold assistance

None

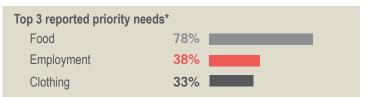
Charitable donations

36%

26%

24%

Priority Needs



📆 WASH

Latrines

reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:
reported latrines were lockable from the inside
reported latrines had functioning lighting
reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 100% I

Primary drinking water sources

65% bottled water from the shop28% outdoor water point

Access to drinking water

o% reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

15% reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year

Top observed shelter type

Tent 99%

100% of tents have secondary cover

Top reported needed basic items*

Heating fuel 64% Fuel storage 29%

Winter clothes 16%

Top reported needed winter item*

Kerosene heater 100%

Electricity access

Average number of hours of electricity per day

22

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System
 (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment
 reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Buy less expensive food
Limit portions
21%

*Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents





IDP Camp Profile - Muskar Saad

Diyala, Iraq January 2018 Management agency: Government Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Mahdi Attia Ahmed Camp Management

Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Muskar Saad camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 22/01/2018. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 1150 # of households: 183 Date opened: 12/5/2014 Occupied shelters: 210 Planned shelters: 213

Ongoing extension: no

Camp area: 28,962m²

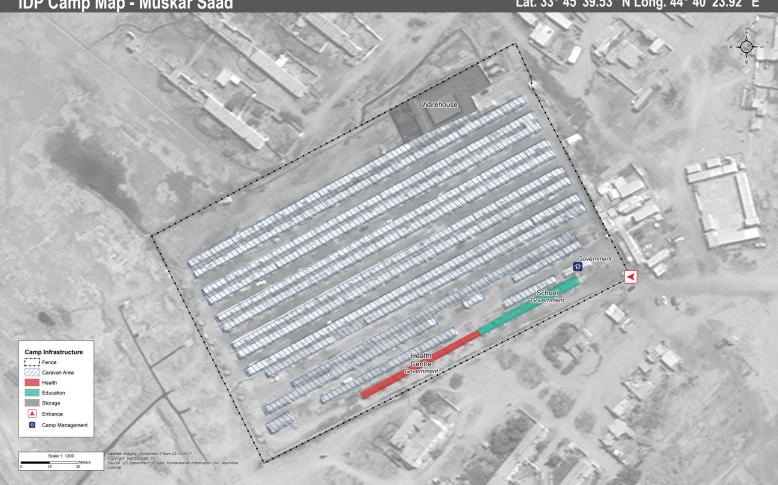
Demographics





IDP Camp Map - Muskar Saad

Lat. 33° 45' 39.53" N Long. 44° 40' 23.92" E



Sectoral Minimum Standards		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	Achievement
CCCM	Average open area per household	Min. 30m ²	n/a	118 m²	•
Protection	% of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM)	100%	n/a	97%	•
	# of persons per latrine	Max. 20	n/a	5	•
WASH	# of persons per shower	Max. 20	n/a	5	•
	Frequency of solid waste disposal	Min. weekly	n/a	Every week	•
Chaltan	Average area covered per person	Min. 3.5m ²	n/a	4.5 m ²	•
Shelter	Average number of individuals per shelter	Max. 5	n/a	5	•
Food	% households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month	100%	n/a*	41%	•
Health	Health services available on-site or within walking distance	Yes	n/a	yes	•
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	n/a	84%	•
Education	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	n/a	74%	•

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation • Minimum standard reached, • 50-99% of minimum standard reached, • Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all







IDP Camp Profile - Muskar Saad

Diyala, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable groups

Pregnant / lactating women

Chronically ill individual(s)

Disabled individual(s)

Female headed households

0%

5%

5%

8%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 months
 reported needing financial support to return and
 restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

0% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a n/a

Top two reasons for not attending education*

(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

n/a **n/a**

Access to information

Top three information sources regarding area of origin*

Personally visited
Security forces
19%
Media
14%
Top three information needs*
Security situation
Livelihood sources
Personal property condition
48%

Livelihoods

19% reported not having an income source

Top three income sources*

Unskilled labour

Pension

Low skilled service

21%

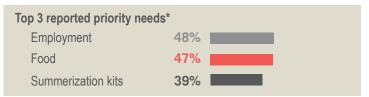
12%

11%

Top three reported livelihood coping strategies*

None 79%
Support from friends 16%
Reduce spending 7%

Priority Needs



📆 WASH

Latrines

o% reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:

n/a reported latrines were lockable from the inside

n/a reported latrines had functioning lighting

n/a reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 73% Communal bin 27%

Primary drinking water sources

95% indoor water source4% outdoor water point

Access to drinking water

reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

32% reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year

Top observed shelter type

Caravan 100% of tents have secondary cover

Top reported needed basic items*

Heating fuel 20%
Winter clothes 8%
Winter clothes

Top reported needed winter item*

Heater, clothes 99%

Electricity access

Average number of hours of electricity per day 1

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System
 (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment
 reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Buy less expensive food 29% n/a n/a

*Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents





IDP Camp Profile - Qoratu

Diyala, Iraq January 2018 Management agency: YA

Manager/Focal point: Registration actor:

Afrasyaw Mahmood Salih Camp Management and CDO

Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Qoratu camp. Primary data was collected through household surveys on 29/01/2018. Households were randomly sampled to a 95% confidence level and a 10% margin of error, based on population figures provided by CCCM. In some cases, additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

Camp Overview

of individuals: 1157 # of households: 255 Date opened: 7/15/2015

Planned shelters: 478 Ongoing extension: no

Occupied shelters: 324

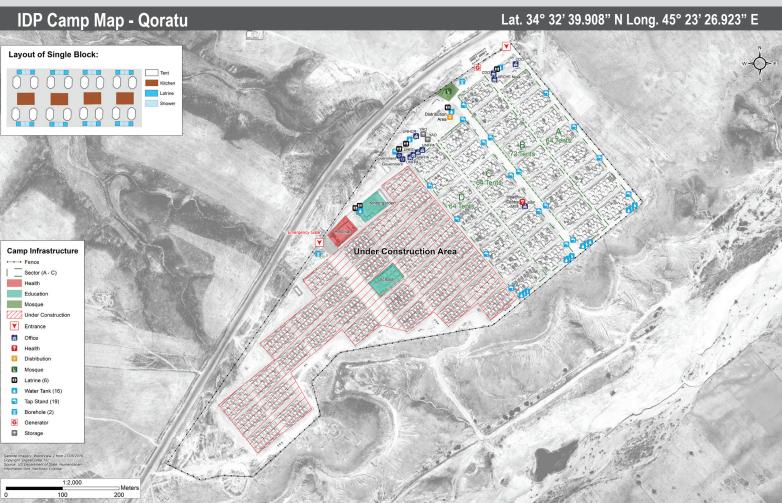
Camp area: 236,105m²

Demographics



Location Map





Sectoral	Minimum Standards	Target	Previous Round	Current Round	Achievement
CCCM	Average open area per household	Min. 30m ²	460 m²	118 m²	•
Protection	% of IDPs registered on an individual basis (MODM/DDM)	100%	97%	95%	•
WASH	# of persons per latrine # of persons per shower Frequency of solid waste disposal	Max. 20 Max. 20 Min. weekly	3 3 n/a	4 4 Every day	•
Shelter	Average area covered per person Average number of individuals per shelter	Min. 3.5m ² Max. 5	3.7 m² 5	3.7 m ²	•
Food	% households accessed Family Food Parcel or equivalent in previous month	100%	n/a*	43%	•
Health	Health services available on-site or within walking distance	Yes	yes	yes	•
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school % of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100% 100%	58% 83%	84% 72%	•

^{*}Method of calculation for food distribution has changed from previous rounds

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation • Minimum standard reached, • 50-99% of minimum standard reached, • Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all





IDP Camp Profile - Qoratu

Diyala, Iraq January 2018

Protection

Vulnerable	groups
D	1 / 1 1 - 1

Pregnant / lactating women 3%
Chronically ill individual(s) 5%
Disabled individual(s) 3%
Female headed households 9%

Intentions

planned to move to a different location in next 3 months
 reported needing financial support to return and
 restart in order to return safely to their area of origin

Restrictions

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market, for livelihood opportunities)

Documentation

3% reported that one or more member is missing one or more documents

n/a** reported that at least one of the members missing documents is an adult (18+)

Top three missing documents reported by those households*

n/a** n/a**

n/a**

Top two reasons for not attending education*

(of households with school-aged children not attending school)

No school available 20% Child is disinterested 20%

Access to information



Personally visited

Others who have not visited

Top three information needs*

Security situation

Livelihood sources

Basic services

94%

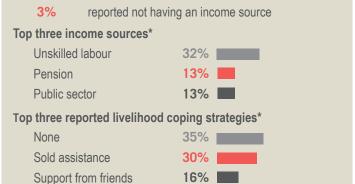
2%

89%

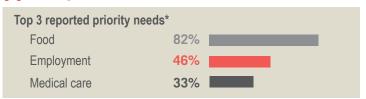
68%

46%

Livelihoods



Priority Needs



🣆 WASH

Latrines

o% reported access to public or communal latrines. Of those:

n/a reported latrines were lockable from the inside

n/a reported latrines had functioning lighting

n/a reported latrines were gender segregated

Top two most reported methods of waste removal

Collected 100% I

Primary drinking water sources

82% outdoor water point18% bottled water from the shop

Access to drinking water

o% reported at least 24 consecutive hours without access to water in the month prior to the assessment

Shelter

3% reported flooding in their shelter in the previous year Top observed shelter type Tent 100% 97% of tents have secondary cover Top reported needed basic items* Heating fuel 53% Fuel storage 27% Cooking stove 9% Top reported needed winter item* Kerosene heater 94% **Electricity access**

Food Security

Reported access to food assistance

reported having received Public Distribution System (PDS) assistance in the month prior to the assessment reported access to a market within walking distance

Top two food consumption coping strategies*

Average number of hours of electricity per day

Buy less expensive food
Limit portions

16%

^{*}Respondents could select multiple responses
**Insufficient sample size; fewer than five respondents



