

ASSESSMENT CONDUCTED IN THE FRAMEWORK OF:

HTR - R3 | 2020 AFGHANISTAN

Afghanistan Inter-Cluster Coordination Team

















ASSESSMENT FUNDED BY:





WITH THE SUPPORT OF:





About REACH:

REACH Initiative facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions in emergency, recovery and development contexts. The methodologies used by REACH include primary data collection and in-depth analysis, and all activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. REACH is a joint initiative of IMPACT Initiatives, ACTED and the United Nations Institute for Training and Research - Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNITAR-UNOSAT).

About REACH COVID-19 response:

As an initiative deployed in many vulnerable and crisisaffected countries, REACH is deeply concerned by the devastating impact the COVID-19 pandemic may have on the millions of affected people we seek to serve. REACH is currently working with sectors and partners to scale up its programming in response to this pandemic, with the goal of identifying practical ways to inform humanitarian responses in the countries where we operate. Updates regarding REACH's response to COVID-19 can be found in a devoted thread on the REACH website. Contact geneva@impactinitiatives.org for further information.

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INTRODUCTION & CONTEXT

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CONTEXT

After decades of conflict, the population of Afghanistan continues to suffer from the on-going crisis, with 2019 being the most violent year on record. In addition to the direct impact of Afghanistan's conflict on civilians, it also often obstructs the required humanitarian response, with organisations facing a range of challenges to move staff and assets throughout the country. Outside of key transit routes, decades of fighting and a challenging geographic environment, cumulating in the Hindu Kush, have furthermore resulted in a limited infrastructure network and physical obstacles to reach many rural areas of Afghanistan. Accessibility has been further impeded by the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic across Afghanistan since March 2020.2 This has had an impact in two ways, firstly government imposed lock-downs led-to movement restrictions, and secondly, 'do no harm' concerns around mitigating spread has limited in-person data collection to areas where remote approaches are not possible.

While constraints on humanitarian access in Afghanistan are multi-layered and impact differently across districts, sectors, and individual organisations, there are common dimensions of inaccessibility that can help determine and distinguish Hard-to-Reach (HTR) areas across the country. In 2019, the Humanitarian Access Group (HAG) led a coordinated effort to identify a list of Afghanistan's HTR districts and defined them across three factors of inaccessibility: (1) physical constraints, (2) conflict intensity, and (3) complexity of actors. Based on these dimensions, HTR districts are areas that humanitarian actors struggle to access and provide assistance to, due to (1) their remoteness and poor infrastructure, (2) on-going armed clashes, and / or (3) the presence of one or multiple armed actors that actively limits access to areas under their control.

From a humanitarian perspective, whether a district is hard-to-reach or not should not matter for an organisation's aim or decision to provide assistance, as this must be based on an impartial and neutral assessment of the corresponding needs of the people. Unfortunately, conventional data collection techniques (face-to-face / telephone interviews), which facilitate an evidence-based humanitarian response, are equally limited and undermined by the access restrictions that implementing partners face. As a result, the humanitarian community in Afghanistan lacks reliable data and monitoring tools to assess and track needs and vulnerabilities of people in HTR areas.

ASSESSMENT FRAMEWORK

To address the limited insight into humanitarian needs of population leaving in HTR areas and in order to ensure an evidence-base for a humanitarian response in all areas of Afghanistan, irrespective of access, REACH, in collaboration with the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), the Inter-Cluster Coordination Team (ICCT), and HAG, conducted in July/ August 2020 a third round of needs assessment in 120 districts previously classified as hard-to-reach.³

OBJECTIVES

The HTR assessment aims to identify and regularly monitor humanitarian needs and vulnerabilities of populations in HTR districts. The immediate objective of this assessment is to provide an evidence-base to inform the humanitarian response in Afghanistan towards the areas of greatest need, irrespective of access constraints, while keeping in mind that the response remains dependent on organisations actually being able to access these HTR areas.

While no humanitarian organisation in Afghanistan will agree on the same set of HTR districts, as each has its own access profile, the value of defining and assessing the proposed list of HTR districts is threefold. First, while individual organisations may have full or partial access in some of the included districts, the districts' general inaccessibility means they are among the least well understood areas of Afghanistan and require more thorough and streamlined assessment. Second, as the districts are defined and measured according to the three dimensions of inaccessibility outlined above, the research can begin to understand whether and how vectors of inaccessibility may relate to humanitarian needs. A better understanding of the impact of particular inaccessibility factors would strengthen the humanitarian response strategy across the entire country, not just the included districts. Third, this project aims at monitoring the humanitarian needs in those HTR districts every four months, which will allow for an insight into the impact of shocks in these areas as well as a timely prioritisation of humanitarian assistance.

¹Annual Report on the Protection of Civilians in Armed Conflict in Afghanistan 2019, UNAMA (2019)

²C-19 Access Impediment Report, OCHA (August 2020)

³ This assessment is the third round of needs assessment in hard to reach districts. Findings from the first round conducted in July / August 2019 of 100 HTR districts can be found here and findings from the second round conducted in January/February 2020 of 120 districts can be found here.

INTRODUCTION & CONTEXT

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SCOPE AND COVERAGE

The HAG measured and ranked all of Afghanistan's districts across the three dimensions discussed above and developed a list of the 103 districts with the highest inaccessibility/HTR score first in July 2019, followed by a second round in March 2020 (see Annex 1 for more information on the HAG inaccessibility ranking).1

Based on the July 2019 list, REACH updated and extended its existing portfolio of 70 HTR districts, which were sampled, mapped, and assessed as part of the 2018 HTR assessment, and took the 50 highest ranked districts from the HAG HTR list (July 2019) to include 120 districts.² This REACH portfolio of 120 HTR districts was the basis for the second and third HTR assessment rounds and the current factsheet booklet. As a result, the coverage of the REACH portfolio and revised HAG HTR district list is not of 100%.

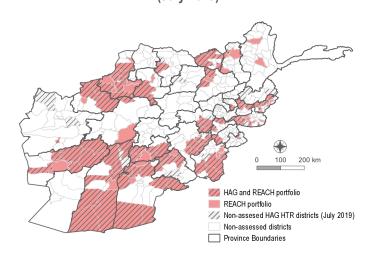
Overall, the REACH portfolio of HTR districts includes 91 district that were also included in the 103 HAG HTR list of July 2019. The 29 REACH portfolio districts that are not part of the HAG list, were still included in the current assessment and booklet to allow for a more comprehensive monitoring and trend analysis.

As the HAG HTR list is released every 6 months, the table below shows the coverage of REACH HTR assessment compared to the HAG HTR list of both July 2019 and March 2020.

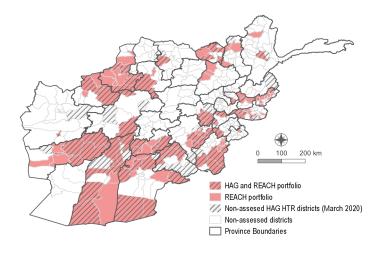
Coverage of HAG HTR list by REACH portfolio:

HAG HTR List	# districts assessed from HAG HTR ³	% of HAG HTR districts assessed
July 2019	91 / 103	88%
March 2020	71 / 100	71%

Coverage of REACH portfolio and HAG HTR districts (July 2019)



Coverage of REACH portfolio and HAG HTR districts (March 2020)



³The first round of needs assessment took place in July 2019 and included 100 districts. The second round of needs assessment expends the portfolio of HTR districts to include 20 more districts for a total of 120 districts assessed.



¹The third round of inaccessibility ranking is taking place in August/September 2020.

² The 2018 HTR assessment report can be found here.

METHODOLOGY

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SAMPLING

The sampling frame was designed to strengthen the insights users can draw from the HTR data. First, in order to ensure all areas and populations of a HTR district are adequately taken into account, each district was mapped and divided into Basic Service Units (BSUs). Together with community representatives, BSUs were identified and mapped as geographic areas that have common demographic/socio-economic features and in which communities rely on the same basic services and facilities, such as health facilities, markets, and schools. Following the mapping, key informants were identified through snowballing from existing networks from previous assessments and purposefully sampled, based on their knowledge of the community. Key informants (KIs) commonly included community elders, teachers, nurses, or maliks (village chiefs). Once the BSUs were identified, Key Informants Interviews (KIIs) were conducted in all areas and for all communities that relied on the same set of basic services - allowing for an efficient, yet comprehensive, data collection coverage. Each KII was conducted in a separate settlement and at least 18% of each district's settlements were covered, resulting in an average of four KIIs per BSU.

As part of the COVID-19 mitigation strategy, where possible, phone interviews were conducted. Otherwise, to reduce the exposure to COVID-19 for enumerators and participants, only three KIIs were conducted in BSUs where face-to-face interviews were possible.

DATA COLLECTION

Using Open Data Kit (Kobo Toolbox), 133 REACH enumerators conducted 3,533 KIIs across 3,533 settlements between 19th July and 2nd August 2020. Of these, 1,176 were conducted face-to-face, while 2,357 were conducted over the phone.

Senior Field Officers (SFOs) monitored the collection of data and followed up with enumerators on issues, challenges and delays on a regular basis, to ensure the collection of high quality data. Additionally, settlement data was cleaned on a daily basis, with recommendations for improvements regularly fed back to enumerators and data changes logged for transparency purposes.

In order to ensure the safety of enumerators doing face-to-face data collection during COVID-19, a number of measures were taken:

- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for all enumerators;
- Transport to assessed settlement only in personal vehicles;
- Guidelines on COVID-19 preventive measures and daily follow-

up, reminders and tracking of face-to-face data collection.

ANALYSIS

The unit of analysis that each key informant was asked to report upon was the settlement they resided in. Findings and data hence reflect the needs of settlements as a whole, and cannot be further broken down to specific population groups or the household level. However, findings can be aggregated to the district or national level and be compared across districts with different inaccessibility score for the three dimensions of hard to reach: (1) Physical Constraints, (2) Conflict Intensity, (3) Complexity of Actors.

Analysis of the HTR data was conducted using R's statistical packages. As there was no reliable information on the exact population within individual settlements, the analysis weighted the data by the number of settlements within a district, rather than the population within a district.

LIMITATIONS

- In all but six districts, the assessment was conducted within the district, by local enumerators. In six HTR districts, data collection was not possible in person or via the phone, due to security restrictions and/or a lack of a reliable phone network. In those districts, the assessment relied on an Area of Knowledge (AoK) approach, interviewing Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) that had recently left from different BSUs within the assessed district.²
- Findings rely on the knowledge of key informants responding on their settlements. The findings are therefore indicative and may not always reflect fully the situation on the ground.
- Weighting of data by the number of settlements within a district, rather than the population, may result in an under- or over-representation of any particular settlement population.
- While the settlement functions well as a 'unit of analysis' for issues related to access to services, it is difficult to adequately assess aspects such as nutrition and food consumption for a settlement as a whole. Therefore, for certain indicators, high proportions of settlements with needs, may not automatically translate to high proportions of the population with needs and vice versa.

² The AoK approach was used in Farah (Pur chaman), Ghor (Charsadra), Nangarhar (Hesarak, Sherzad), Paktika (Wazakhwah, Wormamay).



¹ More information on Basic Services Units mapping can be found in the map collection: for North and North-East, for South, for Capital and South-East, for West and for East

NATION-WIDE OVERVIEW

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Nation-wide Overview 120 Hard-to-Reach districts

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of assessed settlements:

3.533 out of 18.302

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	38%	18%	29%
Forcibly detained	11%	3%	5%
Forcebly recruited	8%	3%	7%
Forced to work	17%	4%	16%
Hindered to move freely	39%	37%	32%
Assaulted without a weapon	24%	5%	6%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	52 %	35 %	47%
No incidents reported	25%	40%	31%
Do not know/do not want to answer	2%	8%	4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 58% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **60%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



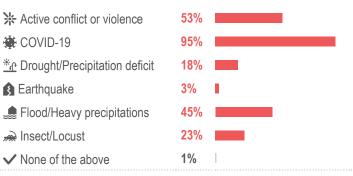
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **42%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

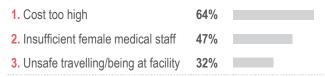


す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	16%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	42%	
Private hospital	3%	I
Private clinic	11%	
No health facilities accessible	27%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

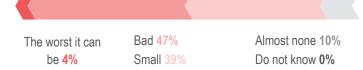
Nation-wide Overview 120 Hard-to-Reach districts

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 56% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:2



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

🚄 ACCESS TO MARKET

In 41% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	51%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	13%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	8%	
Prices too high	16%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	12%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3

Farming	94%
Livestock	87%
Employment (formal or informal)	18%
Small business	52%
Remittances	14%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 71% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	34%	
2. Active conflict/violence	22%	
3. COVID-19	19%	

Impact on livestock

In 65% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. COVID-19	32%
2. Active conflict/violence	30%
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	18%

E Impact on employment

In 81% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

1. COVID-19	79%	
2. Active conflict/violence	14%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	3%	I



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

Nation-wide Overview 120 Hard-to-Reach districts

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	19%
TV schooling	13%
Community-based schooling	11%
Online classes	4 %
Distribution of material remotely	4 %
Not aware	66%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Girls	56%	
2. Children from poorer households	41%	
3. Children with disabilities	41%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	56%
2. Food	55%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	33%

In 32% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	91%
2. Health	25%
3. Shelter or NFI	16%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1.2

travel of the settlement: 1,2	
1. None	42%
2. Local business	32%
3. Hawala agents	31%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

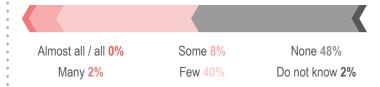
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	2%	L
Open space/makeshift shelter	16%	
Collective center	2%	L
Unfinished shelter	3%	I
Transitional shelter	54%	
Permanent shelter	23%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	59%	
2. Substandard accommodation	42%	
3. Cannot afford construction	39%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	22%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	23%	
Water trucking/tankering	2%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - private	23%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	14%	
Piped water - public	5%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	12%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









DISTRICT-LEVEL

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Badakhshan Jorm

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of assessed settlements:

25 out of 91

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	68%	36%	40%
Forcibly detained	28%	32 %	32%
Forcebly recruited	28%	32 %	32%
Forced to work	44%	32 %	40%
Hindered to move freely	36%	36%	36%
Assaulted without a weapon	52 %	32 %	28%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 92% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 24% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



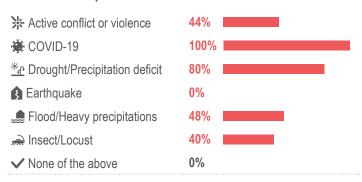
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **52%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	88%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	12%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
3. Cost too high	100%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

Badakhshan Jorm

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 48% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

The worst it can	Bad 52%	Almost none 12%
be 0%	Small 36%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:2



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

🚄 ACCESS TO MARKET

In 36% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	22%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	78%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3

Farming	92%	
Livestock	60%	
Employment (formal or informal)	92%	
Small business	52%	
Remittances	4%	I .
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 61% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	70%	
2. Insect / locust	17%	
3. Active conflict/violence	9%	

Impact on livestock

In 53% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	67%	
2. Active conflict/violence	27%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	7%	

E Impact on employment

In 91% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	28%
TV schooling	28%
Community-based schooling	96%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. Children with disabilities	36%
3. Girls	36%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Livelihood support / employment	80%	
2. Food	80%	
3. Seed or other agricultural input	48%	

In 80% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

travel of the settlement:1,2	
1. Hawala agents	64%
2. Local business	44%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	96%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	96%
3. Substandard accommodation	28%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 88%
Many 0%	Few 12%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	12%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	88%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

32 out of 154

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	19%	0%	22%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	3%	0%	3%
Assaulted without a weapon	3%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	78 %	0%	78 %
No incidents reported	16%	100%	16%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 84% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 47% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



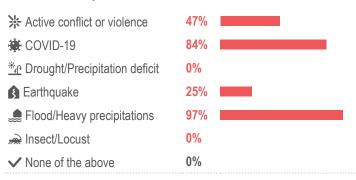
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **16%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	94%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	6%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	94%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	88%
3. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	52%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 9% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 13%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 87%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **75%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	92%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	8%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



- ¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.
- ² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.
- ³ Multiple options could be selected.
- ⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.
- ⁵ Top three answer reported.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	88%
Livestock	94%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	16%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 21% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 7% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

100%
0%
0%
(

m Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	3%	
TV schooling	6%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	0%	
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	69%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Girls	100%
2. Boys	100%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	97%
2. Drinking water	88%
3. Education	84%

In **9%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	66%
2. Hawala agents	34%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

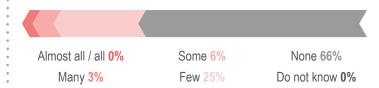
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	13%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	41%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	47%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No insulation / heating	91%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	69%
3. Substandard accommodation	6%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	9%	•
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	9%	•
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	53%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	3%	I
Piped water - public	25%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

34 out of 212

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	50%	24%	21%
Forcibly detained	32%	3%	9%
Forcebly recruited	44%	3%	32%
Forced to work	56 %	3%	21%
Hindered to move freely	59 %	79 %	6%
Assaulted without a weapon	38%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	53%	12 %	12%
No incidents reported	0%	3%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	24%	15%	53%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 71% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **50%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **18%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	9%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	47%	
Private hospital	3%	I
Private clinic	6%	
No health facilities accessible	29%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 30% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	70%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	10%
Prices too high	10%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	10%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	94%	
Livestock	97%	
Employment (formal or informal)	3%	I .
Small business	18%	
Remittances	3%	I .
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In **66%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	94%	
2. Active conflict/violence	3%	I .
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	3%	I .

Impact on livestock

In **79%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	78%	
2. Insect / locust	18%	
3. COVID-19	4%	1

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%	
TV schooling	0%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	0%	
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	91% I	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	56%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	56%
3. Food	56%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

2. NA 0%
0.01

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. Hawala agents	88%
2. None	6%
3. No answer	6%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

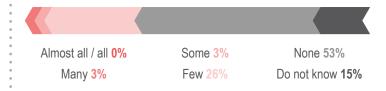
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	32%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	68%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	68%
2. Overcrowding	59%
3. No insulation / heating	47%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	50%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	47%	
Water trucking/tankering	3%	I .
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 133

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	33%	4%	13%
Forcibly detained	4%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	4%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	4%	4%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	17%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	63%	42%	46%
No incidents reported	38%	54%	54%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 17% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **92%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



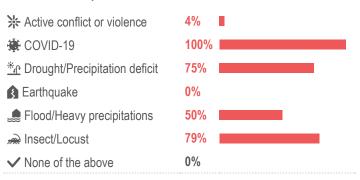
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **33%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	8%	
Private hospital	4%	I .
Private clinic	4%	I
No health facilities accessible	83%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 88% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 13%	Almost none 21%
be 0%	Small 66%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	96%
Livestock	92%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	21%
Remittances	75%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **52%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	50%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	42%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	8%	

Impact on livestock

In 50% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	82%
2 . COVID-19	18%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	83%	
2. Education	58%	
3. Hygiene NFIs/sanitation services	50%	

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

58%
38%
8%

¹ Multiple options could be selected.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

,		
Emergency shelter (tents)	4%	1
Open space/makeshift shelter	4%	1
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	13%	
Transitional shelter	4%	I
Permanent shelter	75%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	58%	
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	58%	
3. Cannot afford construction	46%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all	0%	Some 8%	None 46%
Many 0%		Few 46%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	88%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	13%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









² Top three answer reported.

³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.

⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.

⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

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of assessed settlements:

21 out of 477

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	24%	5%	14%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	5%
Hindered to move freely	91%	95%	91%
Assaulted without a weapon	24%	10%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	86%	29%	57 %
No incidents reported	0%	5%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **95%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **86%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 disruption	93%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	91%
3. Cost too high	58%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 95% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 5%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 95%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 81% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	88%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	12%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	0%
Remittances	71%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 48% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	50%	
2. Active conflict/violence	40%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	10%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 38% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	88%
2. COVID-19	12%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	95%
TV schooling	91%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	5% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. Girls	45%
3. Minority ethnic groups	10%
Strain Strain	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	95%
2. Information regarding risks	90%
3. Food	52%

In 5% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	95%
2. Hawala agents	5%
3. None	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	95%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	5%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	86%
2. Overcrowding	67%
3. No insulation / heating	52%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 10%	None 67%
Many 0%	Few 23%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	52 %	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	48%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

16 out of 73

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	19%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	6%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	63%	88%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	6%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	75 %	0%	0%
No incidents reported	25%	13%	94%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

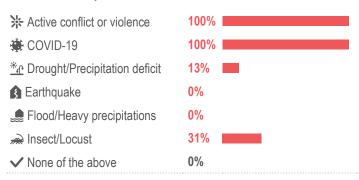
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **63%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	44%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	56%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 88%	Almost none 0%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 12%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	6%
Small business	81%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 25% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 44% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	57%
2. COVID-19	43%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	44%
TV schooling	94%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	94%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Returnees/IDPs households	100%
2. Children from poorer households	94%
3. Children with disabilities	50%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	88%
2. Drinking water	69%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	62%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Local business	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	25%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	6%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	69%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Substandard accommodation	88%
3. Unable to afford rent	81%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 100%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	50%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	44%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	6%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

65 out of 284

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	68%	48%	49%
Forcibly detained	2%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	2%	0%	23%
Hindered to move freely	51%	85%	39%
Assaulted without a weapon	26%	5%	19%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	57 %	99%
No incidents reported	0%	6%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 66% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 17% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

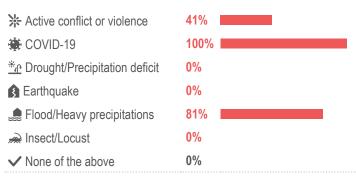
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **74%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	46%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	52%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	2%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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TOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 5% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 49%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 51%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 5% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	67%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	33%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	94%	
Livestock	97%	
Employment (formal or informal)	3%	I
Small business	48%	
Remittances	32%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 86% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	68%
2. Active conflict/violence	32%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In **75%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	77%
2. Active conflict/violence	23%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	80%
TV schooling	94%
Community-based schooling	19%
Online classes	11%
Distribution of material remotely	2%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children with disabilities	92%
2. Girls	80%
3. Boys	51%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	69%
2. Healthcare	66%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	63%

In 65% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	71%
2. WASH	43%
3. Health	10%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Banks/Formal money transfer	80%
2. Local business	74%
3. Hawala agents	25%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

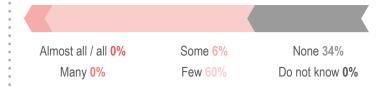
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	2%	L
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	0%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Permanent shelter	99%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	94%
2. No insulation / heating	60%
3. Unable to afford rent	55%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	34%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	8%	
Water trucking/tankering	6%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	12%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	37%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	3%	I

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

39 out of 153

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	31%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	3%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	10%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	59%	97%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 82% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 15% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



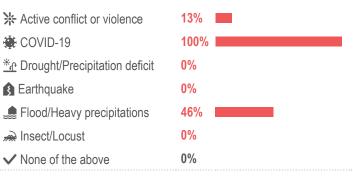
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 97%
be 0%	Small 3%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	95%
Employment (formal or informal)	5%
Small business	33%
Remittances	54%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 5% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3 ΝΔ	0%

m Impact on employment

In 50% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	82%
2. Food	72%
3. Drinking water	51%

In 15% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	83%
2. WASH	17%
3. Protection	17%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	97%
2. None	3%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. No insulation / heating	64%
3. Substandard accommodation	62%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 41%
Many 0%	Few 59%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	23%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	33%	
Water trucking/tankering	5%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	3%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	33%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	3%	1

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

70 out of 325

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	66%	3%	34%
Forcibly detained	3%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	51%	1%	41%
Hindered to move freely	46%	56 %	21%
Assaulted without a weapon	27%	0%	1%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	91%	97%	96%
No incidents reported	1%	1%	1%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 97% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 3% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

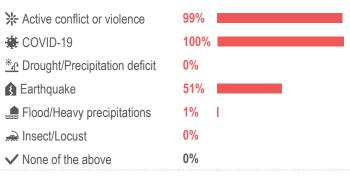
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Inaccessible (COVID-19)	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **94%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	21%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	79%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	92%
2. No transport/price transport	64%
3. Medical staff refuse treatment	28%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 1% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

	D 100/	A1 (400/
The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 10%
be 0%	Small 90%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

	0%	
₹.		J

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	91%	
Livestock	91%	
Employment (formal or informal)	41%	
Small business	69%	
Remittances	7%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	98%
2 . COVID-19	2%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

m Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	79%
2. COVID-19	21%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	89%
TV schooling	81%
Community-based schooling	4%
Online classes	69%
Distribution of material remotely	50%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children with disabilities	99%
2. Girls	91%
3. Minority ethnic groups	50%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	91%	
2. Healthcare	71%	
3. Seed or other agricultural input	49%	

In 99% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	94%
2. Shelter or NFI	46%
3. Health	35%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

0%
50%
0%
0%
0%
50%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. No insulation / heating	90%
3. Unable to afford rent	50%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 27%
Many 0%	Few 73%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	29%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	3%	1
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	1%	I
Handpump (pumped well) - public	61%	
Piped water - public	6%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

36 out of 174

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	8%	64%	6%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	3%	8%
Hindered to move freely	81%	94%	81%
Assaulted without a weapon	25 %	69%	8%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	22%	0%
No incidents reported	8%	3%	8%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 89% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 61% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	100%
♣ COVID-19	92%
*P Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
Flood/Heavy precipitations	0%
→ Insect/Locust	3%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **14%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



ਏ HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	11%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	8%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	81%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 disruption	79%
2. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	71%
3. Insufficient female medical staff	57%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **6%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 83%
be 0%	Small 17%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 97% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	69%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	3%	I .
Roads too dangerous (physical)	29%	
Prices too high	0%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	25%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 53% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	83%	
2. Education	61%	
3. Livelihood support / employment	56%	

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	97%
2. Hawala agents	3%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	25%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	36%	
Collective center	31%	
Unfinished shelter	8%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Permanent shelter	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	78%
2. Unable to afford rent	64%
3. Overcrowding	50%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 83%
Many 0%	Few 17%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	8%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	92%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

23 out of 127

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	100%	39%	87%
Forcibly detained	65%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	17%	0%	4%
Forced to work	52 %	4%	35%
Hindered to move freely	0%	4%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	78%	0%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	91%	96%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	4%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **57%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

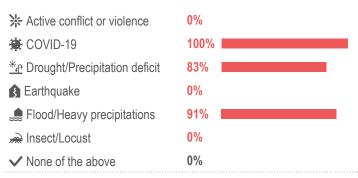
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Too far or difficult to access	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **26%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	52%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	48%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	83%	
2. Insufficient female medical staff	75%	
3. Cost too high	50%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 65% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 26%
be 0%	Small 74%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
0%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 65% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

KIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **91%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	90%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	10%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 30% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	86%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	14%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	96%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	91%
3. Education	61%

In 87% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Shelter or NFI	90%
3. Health	5%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

traver or the settlement.	
1. None	56%
2. Local business	39%
3. No answer	4 %

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	65%
Permanent shelter	35%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No insulation / heating	96%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	91%
3. Cannot afford construction	44%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 17%
Many 0%	Few 83%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	9%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	91%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

29 out of 184

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	97%	97%	97%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	3%	3%
Hindered to move freely	97%	90%	59 %
Assaulted without a weapon	76%	10%	7%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	93%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 48% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

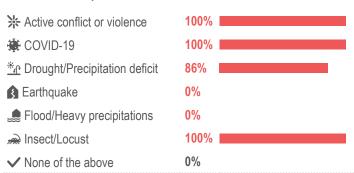
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **97%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	97%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	3%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
2. Cost too high	100%
3. No transport/price transport	57%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 14% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

The worst it can	Bad 83%	Almost none 0%
be 10%	Small 7%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:2

0%)	

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

🚄 ACCESS TO MARKET

In 45% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	59%
Remittances	41%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. COVID-19	83%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	10%
3. Active conflict/violence	7%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. COVID-19	93%
2. Active conflict/violence	7%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	97%
2. Education	83%
3. Food	76%

In 62% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	100%
2. Shelter or NFI	100%
3. Food	89%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	59%
2. Local business	41%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	7%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	93%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	97%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	72%
3. Overcrowding	62%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 3%	None 41%
Many 0%	Few 56%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	35%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	24%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	3%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - public	3%	1
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	35%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

48 out of 256

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	31%	0%	17%
Forcibly detained	6%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	4%	0%	8%
Hindered to move freely	75%	58%	85%
Assaulted without a weapon	42%	0%	27%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	65%	25 %	60%
No incidents reported	13%	19%	6%
Do not know/do not want to answer	8%	23%	6%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **75%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that **women and children avoid due to security reason**.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 2% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

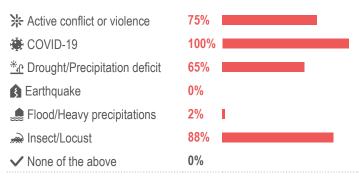
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Too far or difficult to access	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **90%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	42%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	52%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	6% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	92%
3. COVID-19 disruption	29%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 40% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 48%	Almost none 13%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 39%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 2% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	29%
Small business	38%
Remittances	29%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 90% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	28%	
2. Insect / locust	28%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	23%	

Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	51%
2. Active conflict/violence	40%
3. Insect / locust	7%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	71%
2. Active conflict/violence	29%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	2%	I
TV schooling	19%	
Community-based schooling	17%	
Online classes	23%	
Distribution of material remotely	13%	
Not aware	42%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	86%
2. Children with disabilities	64%
3. Girls	59%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	79%	
2. Healthcare	67%	
3. Hygiene NFIs/sanitation services	52%	

In **79%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	100%
2. Food	95%
3. WASH	79%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents	83%
2. Local business	77%
3. Banks/Formal money transfer	77%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

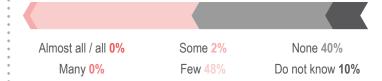
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	35%	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	15%	
Transitional shelter	4%	I
Permanent shelter	46%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	73%
2. No insulation / heating	54%
3. Overcrowding	52%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	4%	1
Water trucking/tankering	2%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - private	67%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	19%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	8%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

16 out of 218

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	44%	6%	50%
Forcibly detained	6%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	6%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	19%	25 %	6%
Assaulted without a weapon	19%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	88%	31%	38%
No incidents reported	6%	44%	13%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	6%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 63% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **75%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **69%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	44%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	6%	
No health facilities accessible	50%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
2. Cost too high	94%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	88%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



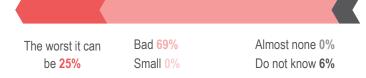
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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 38% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	67%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	17%
Prices too high	17%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	94%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	31%
Remittances	56%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 67% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	67%
2. COVID-19	33%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	50%	
2. COVID-19	44%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	6%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	100%
2. Food	75%
3. Education	44%

In 44% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Education	86%
2. Health	86%
3. Food	71%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Local business	94%
2. None	6%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

6% ■
94%
0%
0%
0%
0%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	94%
3. No insulation / heating	88%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 100%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	13%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	81%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	6%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

14 out of 82

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	7%	0%	7%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	7%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	21%	29%	21%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	7%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	14%	14%	14%
No incidents reported	71%	64%	71%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 93% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **50%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	93%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	7%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	94%
2. Cost too high	91%
3. Insufficient female medical staff	40%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **71%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 50%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 50%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **64%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	33%
Prices too high	33%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	33%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	93%
Employment (formal or informal)	36%
Small business	29%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 86% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

100%
0%
0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	60%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	40%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	14%
TV schooling	21%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	79%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Girls	100%
2. Boys	33%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	93%
2. Food	71%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	50%

In 50% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

71%
14%
14%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	14%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	36%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	50%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	64%
2. Cannot afford construction	36%
3. No shelter priority concern	14%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 71%
Many 0%	Few 29%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	100%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

22 out of 367

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	46%	32%	23%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	9%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	27%	68%	50 %
Assaulted without a weapon	18%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	73 %	82 %	82%
No incidents reported	14%	5%	5%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 86% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **91%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

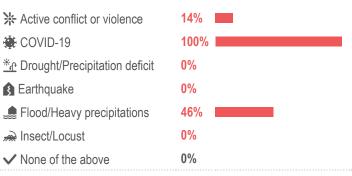
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **32%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	5%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	5%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	91%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **27%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

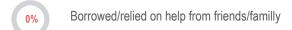
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 36%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 64%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



ACCESS TO MARKET

In 50% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	82%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	18%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	91%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	68%
Remittances	36%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 23% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 5% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	14%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	5% ■
Not aware	82%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	75%
2. Children with disabilities	50%
3. None	25%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	77%
2. Education	64%
3. Food	41%

In 27% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Health	83%
3. Shelter or NFI	67%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes

travel of the settlement: 1,2	
1. Local business	59%
2. None	41%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	9%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	91%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	82%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	82%
3. No insulation / heating	54%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 64 %
Many 0%	Few 36%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	82%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	14%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	5%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

15 out of 61

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	13%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	7%	0%	7%
Hindered to move freely	33%	27 %	33%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	27%	33%	33%
No incidents reported	53%	53%	47%
Do not know/do not want to answer	7%	7%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 33% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

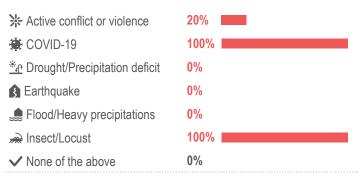
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **93%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	13%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	27%
Private hospital	13%
Private clinic	47%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 13%	Almost none 7%
be 0%	Small 80%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 93% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	57%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	7%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	36%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	93%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 27% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 87% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	53%
2. COVID-19	47%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	13%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	7%
Not aware	80%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	93%
3. Education	60%

In 47% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	100%
2. WASH	71%
3. Food	29%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

· ·	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	67%
Permanent shelter	33%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. Overcrowding	93%
3. No insulation / heating	73%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 13%
All 103t all 7 all 070	OOTTIC 0 /0	140110 1370
Many 0%	Few 87%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	33%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	67%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

12 out of 59

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	67%	0%	83%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	8%	0%	92%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	8%	8%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	33%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	67%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **75%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that **women and children avoid due to security reason**.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **25%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. No health barrier	83%	
2. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	11%	-
3. Cost too high	6%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 8%
be 0%	Small 92%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	88%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	13%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	0%
Remittances	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **75%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 17% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Information regarding risks	92%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	83%
3. Healthcare	75%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. WASH	100%
2. Health	100%
3. Food	75%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. None	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	67%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	33%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	67%	
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	58%	
3. Substandard accommodation	58%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 75%
Many 0%	Few 25%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	100%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

33 out of 131

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	3%	36%
No incidents reported	100%	97%	64%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **6%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



ਤੇ HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	82%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	18%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **97%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 94%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 6%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 76% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	97%
Employment (formal or informal)	3%
Small business	76%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	88%
2. Insect / locust	12%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 22% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. NA	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	6%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	94%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Minority ethnic groups	100%
2. Boys	50%
3. Girls	50%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	94%
2. Drinking water	82%
3. Shelter / Housing	67%

In 9% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	70%
2. Hawala agents	30%
3. Local business	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

0%
100%
0%
0%
0%
0%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. No insulation / heating	97%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	94%
3. Substandard accommodation	73%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 91%
Many 0%	Few 9%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	24%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	3%	T.
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	55%	
Piped water - public	15%	-
Spring, well or kariz - protected	3%	I

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 94

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	17%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	58%	4%	0%
Hindered to move freely	100%	100%	100%
Assaulted without a weapon	96%	96%	79 %
Verbally threatened or intimidated	42%	13%	13%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

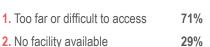
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **88%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

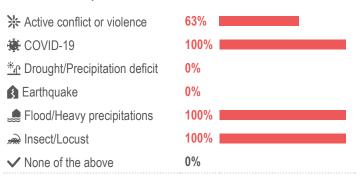


3. NA 0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **58%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	8%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	4%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	25%	
No health facilities accessible	63%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 38% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 71%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 29%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 46% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	100%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	92%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	96%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	71%
2. Insect / locust	29%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 96% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	52%
2. Active conflict/violence	48%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	79%
Distribution of material remotely	4 %
Not aware	17%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. Minority ethnic groups	100%
3. Returnees/IDPs households	26%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	92%
2.	88%
3. Drinking water	71%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	88%
2. Hawala agents	12%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	100%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Overcrowding	100%
2. Unable to afford rent	100%
3. Substandard accommodation	100%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 4%
Many 0%	Few 96%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	100%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

15 out of 50

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	13%	0%	13%
Hindered to move freely	13%	93%	13%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	60%	0%
No incidents reported	53%	0%	53%
Do not know/do not want to answer	20%	0%	20%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 73% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **27%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	80%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	20%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	98%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	76%
3. Problems with documentation	39%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 40% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 13%	Almost none 47%
be 0%	Small 40%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work

NA%

Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 40% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	67%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	33%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	93%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	93%
Remittances	13%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 40% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	89%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	11%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%





² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	67%
3. Livelihood support / employment	53%

In 87% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes

travel of the settlement: "	
1. Local business	60%
2. None	40%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	20%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	13%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	67%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. No insulation / heating	80%
2. Cannot afford construction	67%
3. Substandard accommodation	40%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	27%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	40%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	20%	
Piped water - public	13%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

16 out of 79

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	13%	19%	19%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	44%	25 %	44%
Hindered to move freely	94%	100%	100%
Assaulted without a weapon	6%	13%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	94%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 69% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **63%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Inaccessible (COVID-19)	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	50%
♣ COVID-19	100%
*n Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
♣ Flood/Heavy precipitations	0%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

% → IDPs	0%	パマ Returnees	0%

す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	94%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	6%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	86%	
2. COVID-19 disruption	57%	
3. Insufficient female medical staff	57%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 63% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 94%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 6%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 25% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	100%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	100%
Small business	0%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 81% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	94%
2. Active conflict/violence	6% ■
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 81% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In **75%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	75%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	100%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. Children from poorer households	100%
3. Children with disabilities	56%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Information regarding risks	100%
2. Healthcare	81%
3. Food	69%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Education	100%
2. Food	19%
3. Protection	12%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	100%
2. None	0%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- $^{\rm 4}$ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

0%
100%
0%
0%
0%
0%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	94%
2. No insulation / heating	94%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	19%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost al	II / all <mark>0%</mark>	Some 25%	None 69 %
Many	/ 6 %	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	19%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	81%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

21 out of 56

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	10%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	5%	0%	57%
Forced to work	48%	14%	33%
Hindered to move freely	81%	95%	71%
Assaulted without a weapon	5%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	52 %	57 %	10%
No incidents reported	14%	5%	24%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **52%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	76%
♣ COVID-19	100%
*• Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
♠ Flood/Heavy precipitations	0%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **62%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	71%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	29%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. No transport/price transport	89%	
2. Cost too high	89%	
3. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	78%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 91% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 38%	Almost none 57%
be 0%	Small 5%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 48% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	90%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	10%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	48%
Small business	14%
Remittances	38%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 62% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	79%
2. COVID-19	21%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 43% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	73%
2. COVID-19	27%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 40% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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ED ED

EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	71%
3. Livelihood support / employment	38%

In 14% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

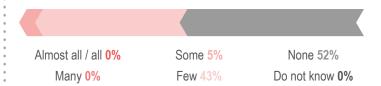
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	5% ■
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	95%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	95%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	95%
3. No insulation / heating	57%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	91%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	10%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

18 out of 98

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	89%	100%	94%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	11%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	100%	100%	100%
Assaulted without a weapon	61%	6%	6%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **94**% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Too far or difficult to access	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	100%
♣ COVID-19	100%
*n Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
♣ Flood/Heavy precipitations	100%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **6%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 disruption	92%
2. Cost too high	71%
3. Insufficient female medical staff	46%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

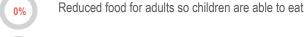
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

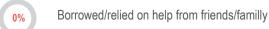
The worst it can	Bad 67%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 33%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to w	0
	•	





ACCESS TO MARKET

In 83% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	47%
Prices too high	40%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	13%

% of assessed settlements in which Kls reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	6%
Small business	78%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	56%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	44%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	75%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	25%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
O NIA	00/
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	61%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	39%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. None	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Healthcare	94%
3. Drinking water	50%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	94%
2. Local business	6%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	94%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	6% ■
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	100%
2. Overcrowding	94%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	94%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 100%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	50%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	6%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	44%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 179

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	100%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 4% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

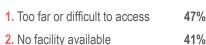
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **63%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

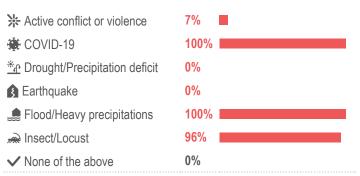


3. Inaccessible (COVID-19) 6%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **37%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	52%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	4%	I
No health facilities accessible	44%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



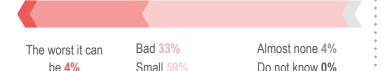
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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 30% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



Coping strategies

be 4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:2



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

🚄 ACCESS TO MARKET

In 48% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	69%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	8%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	23%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	93%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 93% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Insect / locust	82%	
2. COVID-19	15%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	4%	

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	56%	
2. COVID-19	41%	
3. Insect / locust	4%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	56%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	44%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children with disabilities	100%
2. Children from poorer households	100%
3. Girls	100%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	82%	
2. Education	70%	
3. Seed or other agricultural input	44%	

In **74%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Cash / Vouchers	65%
2. Food	45%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

63%
26%
11%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- $^{\rm 4}$ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	4% ■
Open space/makeshift shelter	96%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	96%
2. Substandard accommodation	93%
3. No insulation / heating	85%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	44%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	30%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	22%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	4%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

69 out of 311

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	77%	81%	70%
Forcibly detained	7%	0%	10%
Forcebly recruited	1%	0%	0%
Forced to work	10%	3%	29%
Hindered to move freely	58%	64%	51%
Assaulted without a weapon	52 %	38%	30%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	86%	84%	97%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 58% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

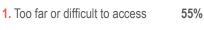
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **84**% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



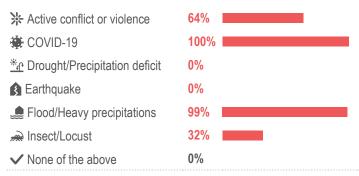
2. No facility available 21%

3. Too expensive to get treatment 14%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

***** EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **91%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	20%	
Private hospital	1%	I
Private clinic	33%	
No health facilities accessible	45%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **38%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 41%	Almost none 28%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 31%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **52%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	72%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	14%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	11%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	3%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	99%
Employment (formal or informal)	3%
Small business	62%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 67% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	66%	
2. Active conflict/violence	19%	
3. Insect / locust	13%	

Impact on livestock

In **72%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	47%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	41%	
3. COVID-19	10%	

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
	0 70
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	4%
TV schooling	3%
Community-based schooling	64%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	20%
Not aware	36%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Children with disabilities	66%	
2. Returnees/IDPs households	61%	
3. Children from poorer households	57%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	68%
2. Food	54%
3. Information regarding risks	46%

In 10% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Health	57%
3. WASH	43%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. Local business	96%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	36%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	42%	
Collective center	3%	I
Unfinished shelter	1%	
Transitional shelter	1%	
Permanent shelter	16%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	81%
2. Substandard accommodation	59%
3. Cannot afford construction	45%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	42 %	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	13%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	38%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	6%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	1%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

43 out of 237

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	37%	9%	12%
Forcibly detained	9%	0%	2%
Forcebly recruited	2%	0%	0%
Forced to work	51 %	37%	70%
Hindered to move freely	56 %	72 %	16%
Assaulted without a weapon	28%	7%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	74%	72 %	100%
No incidents reported	9%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	2%	5%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 95% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **58%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

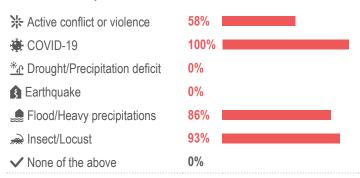
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **40%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	26%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	54%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	2%
No health facilities accessible	19%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 91% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 88%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 12%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 77% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	85%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	12%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	3%	I
Prices too high	0%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	95%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **98%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	51%	
2. Active conflict/violence	28%	
3. Insect / locust	21%	

Impact on livestock

In 54% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	58%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	42%
3. NA	0%

m Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	26%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	56%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	73%	
2. Children from poorer households	36%	
3. None	27%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	93%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	88%
3. Drinking water	42%

In **79%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Education	6% ■
3. Health	6% ■

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	74%
2. Hawala agents	26%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

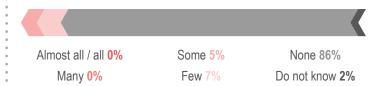
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	7%
Open space/makeshift shelter	91%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	2%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. No insulation / heating	93%
3. Cannot afford construction	49%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	65%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	14%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	2%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - public	2%	1
Piped water - public	16%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 127

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	29%	0%	21%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	29%	29%	29%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	29%	29%	29%
No incidents reported	71%	71%	71%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 46% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **79%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. No facility available	90%
2. Too far or difficult to access	10%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **25%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	25%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	75%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



The worst it can be 0%

Bad 0% Small 96% Almost none 0%
Do not know 4%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	83%
Remittances	8%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	79%
2. Active conflict/violence	12%
3. COVID-19	8%

™ Impact on livestock

In 92% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	73%	
2. Active conflict/violence	23%	
3. COVID-19	4%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	21%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	4%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	75%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. Children from poorer households	100%
3. Children with disabilities	50%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Shelter / Housing	96%
3. Drinking water	75%

In 4% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Local business	96%
2. Hawala agents	17%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	4%	1
Open space/makeshift shelter	88%	
Collective center	4%	1
Unfinished shelter	4%	1
Transitional shelter	0%	
Permanent shelter	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. No insulation / heating	100%
2. Substandard accommodation	92%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	75%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	75%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	21%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	4%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

16 out of 76

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	88%	94%	100%
Forcibly detained	88%	94%	100%
Forcebly recruited	69%	56 %	56%
Forced to work	100%	100%	100%
Hindered to move freely	13%	100%	13%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	6%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	88%	100%	69%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Too far or difficult to access	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	100%
♣ COVID-19	100%
*P Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
♠ Flood/Heavy precipitations	100%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	92%
2. No transport/price transport	69%
3. COVID-19 disruption	54%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

Ţ.	0%

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **94%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	93%
2 . COVID-19	7%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In **94%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	93%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	7%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	100%
2. Healthcare	100%
3. Food	100%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. No answer	100%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

0%
0%
63%
38%
0%
0%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. Cannot afford construction	94%
3. Overcrowding	75%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 100%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	100%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









Ghazni Andar

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of assessed settlements:

48 out of 257

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †	
Assaulted with a weapon	77%	69%	63%	
Forcibly detained	35%	38%	60%	
Forcebly recruited	23%	40%	35%	
Forced to work	40%	38%	33%	
Hindered to move freely	69%	67%	77%	
Assaulted without a weapon	8%	0%	6%	
Verbally threatened or intimidated	81%	69%	58%	
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	2%	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

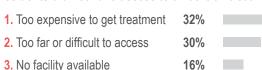
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 77% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

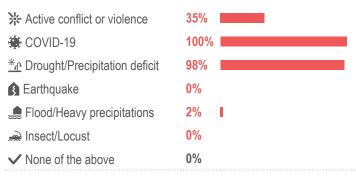
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **42%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

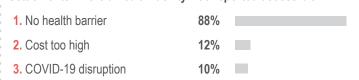


す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	21%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	27%	
Private hospital	31%	
Private clinic	10%	
No health facilities accessible	10%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **6%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 67% Almost none 4% be 0% Small 29% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 8% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 25%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%

Prices too high 50%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 25%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	98%
Livestock	85%
Employment (formal or informal)	2%
Small business	56%
Remittances	40%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 15% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	87%
2. Active conflict/violence	11%
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	2%

Impact on livestock

In 10% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	85%
2. Active conflict/violence	15%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
0.010	00/
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	88%	
TV schooling	79%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	4%	I .
Distribution of material remotely	6%	
Not aware	10%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. None	98%
2. Do not know	2%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	96%
2. Information regarding risks	81%
3. Protection	71%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

J. IVA	U 70
3. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
1. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. Local business	98%
2. Hawala agents	94%
3. Banks/Formal money transfer	2%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

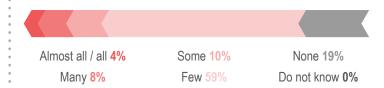
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

0%	
2%	L
0%	
6%	
6%	
85%	
0%	
	2% 0% 6% 6% 85%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	94%
2. Substandard accommodation	79%
3. No separate space (women/girls)	42%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	4%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	73%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	21%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	2%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

0%







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of assessed settlements:

39 out of 118

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	100%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **92%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	5%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	13%
No health facilities accessible	82%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

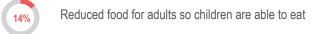
In **72%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

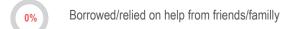
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 3%	Almost none 5%
be 0%	Small 92%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²





ACCESS TO MARKET

In 77% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	70%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	30%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	49%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	31%
Small business	92%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **79%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In **56%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	59%
2. COVID-19	41%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 92% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	92%
2. Healthcare	82%
3. Education	38%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

3. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
1. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	74%
2. Local business	26%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No separate space (women/girls)	49%	
2. Overcrowding	49%	
3. No shelter priority concern	41%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 97%
Many 3%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	49%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	13%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	39%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

22 out of 98

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	5%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	96%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 5% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **91%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

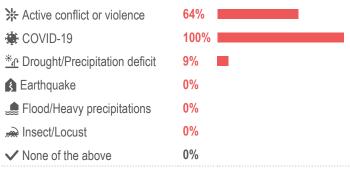
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 96% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 91%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 9%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work

NA%

Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	0%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	82%
2. Active conflict/violence	9%
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	9%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	77%	
2. Active conflict/violence	14%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	9%	

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Healthcare	91%
3. Livelihood support / employment	82%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	91%
2. Hawala agents	9%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

•	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No shelter priority concern	91%
2. No insulation / heating	9%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	4%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 91%
Many 0%	Few 9%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	64%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	36%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 143

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	15%	4%	0%
Forcibly detained	4%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	15%	0%	0%
Forced to work	26%	0%	37%
Hindered to move freely	52 %	30 %	63%
Assaulted without a weapon	41%	0%	15%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	4%
No incidents reported	11%	56%	15%
Do not know/do not want to answer	7%	11%	4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 48% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **82%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



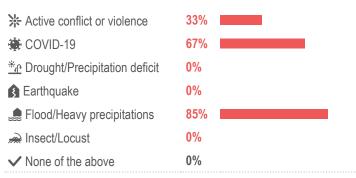
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **41%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	93%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	4%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	92%	
2. Insufficient female medical staff	92%	
3. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	58%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **74%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

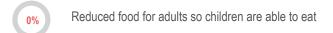
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 15% Almost none 0% be 0% Small 70% Do not know 15%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA% Send a family member abroad to work



0% Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%
Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%
Prices too high 0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	56%	
Livestock	22%	
Employment (formal or informal)	7%	
Small business	7%	
Remittances	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	7%	

Impact on farming

In **93%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	50%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	43%	
3. Active conflict/violence	7%	

Impact on livestock

In 83% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	80%
2. Active conflict/violence	20%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 50% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	969

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Hygiene NFIs/sanitation services	100%
2. Food	93%
3. Information regarding risks	82%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. None	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

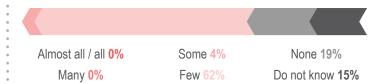
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	7%	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	15%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Permanent shelter	78%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	67%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	44%
3. Substandard accommodation	33%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	52%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	37%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	7%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

106 out of 520

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	29%	0%	15%
Forcibly detained	31%	0%	6%
Forcebly recruited	8%	0%	1%
Forced to work	30%	0%	9%
Hindered to move freely	37%	1%	21%
Assaulted without a weapon	16%	0%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	56%	0%	26%
No incidents reported	22%	92%	44%
Do not know/do not want to answer	8%	8%	21%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 32% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 67% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

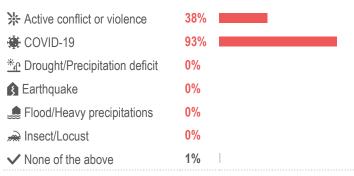
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 11% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	65%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	29%
Private hospital	1%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	5 %

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 48% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 36% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	13%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	29%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	3%	I .
Prices too high	45%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	11%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	89%
Livestock	75%
Employment (formal or informal)	58%
Small business	28%
Remittances	38%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 64% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	77%
2. Active conflict/violence	23%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 70% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	82%
2. Active conflict/violence	18%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 87% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	85%
2. Active conflict/violence	15%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	19%	
TV schooling	2%	I .
Community-based schooling	8%	
Online classes	0%	
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	60%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. None	52%
2. Boys	48%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Livelihood support / employment	90%	
2. Food	53%	
3. Seed or other agricultural input	43%	

In 20% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	95%
2. Health	67%
3. Education	19%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

travel of the settlement: 1,2	
1. Local business	68%
2. Hawala agents	68%
3. None	2%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	96%
Permanent shelter	4%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No shelter priority concern	58%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	39%
3. No separate space (women/girls)	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 2%	None 90%
Many 0%	Few 8%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	2%	L
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	33%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	8%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	17%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	41%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 129

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	7%	4%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	100%	93%	96%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 15% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

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% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	48%
♣ COVID-19	100%
*• Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
Flood/Heavy precipitations	0%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



ਫ਼ੇ HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	4%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	96%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 disruption	80%
2. No transport/price transport	72%
3. Cost too high	56%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 96% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 41%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 59%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
0%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 93% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	76%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	20%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	93%
Employment (formal or informal)	4%
Small business	33%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

★ Impact on livestock

In 4% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	96%	
2. Livelihood support / employment	85%	
3. Healthcare	44%	

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Other	0%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No shelter priority concern	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 100%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	89%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	11%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

0%







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of assessed settlements:

18 out of 72

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	17%	6%	0%
Hindered to move freely	6%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	17%	6%	6%
No incidents reported	83%	94%	94%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 44% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



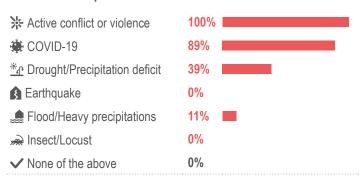
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 44% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	17%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	83%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	80%
2. No transport/price transport	27%
3. Insufficient female medical staff	13%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 50%	Almost none 17%
be 0%	Small 33%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 17% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	94%
Employment (formal or informal)	100%
Small business	0%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 83% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	44%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	44%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	12%	

Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	47%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	33%	
3. COVID-19	13%	

E Impact on employment

In 22% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	83%
2. Active conflict/violence	11%
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	6%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	78%	
2. Food	72%	
3. Livelihood support / employment	44%	

In 17% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	6%	•
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	6%	
Transitional shelter	0%	
Permanent shelter	89%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	94%
2. Substandard accommodation	78%
3. Cannot afford construction	72%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 6%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 94%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	6% ■
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	83%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	6%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	6%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

0%







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of assessed settlements:

9 out of 69

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	56%	22%	22%
Forcibly detained	11%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	56 %	22 %	22%
Assaulted without a weapon	33%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	44%	89%	89%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 89% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

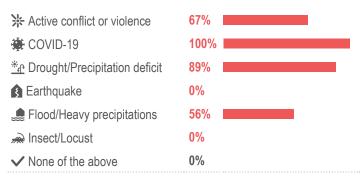
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- 2 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **100%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	100%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
2. Cost too high	57%
3. COVID-19 disruption	57%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 44% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 44% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	25%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	50%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	25%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



- ¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.
- ² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.
- ³ Multiple options could be selected.
- ⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.
- ⁵ Top three answer reported.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	44%
Remittances	44%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **78%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	89%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	11%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	89%
2. COVID-19	11%
3. NA	0%

m Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	100%
TV schooling	22%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. Girls	89%
3. Returnees/IDPs households	89%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	89%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	89%
3. Information regarding risks	56%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

4 11
1. Hawala agents 67%
2. Local business 44%
3. Mobile money agents 11%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

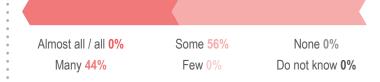
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	11%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	67%	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	0%	
Transitional shelter	11%	=
Permanent shelter	11%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	
•••••		

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. No insulation / heating	78%
3. Overcrowding	56%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	100%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

36 out of 417

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	3%	3%
Forcibly detained	17%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	22%	0%	0%
Forced to work	28%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	28%	47%	22%
Assaulted without a weapon	6%	3%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	50 %	36%	81%
No incidents reported	8%	8%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	6%	8%	6%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **75%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that **women and children avoid due to security reason**.

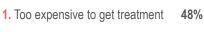
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 81% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



2. No facility available 31%

3. Too far or difficult to access

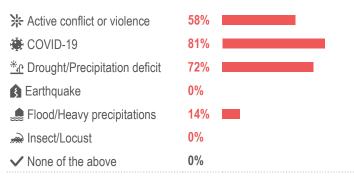
10%

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **64%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	69%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	14%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	3%
No health facilities accessible	14%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



Multiple options could be selected.
 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

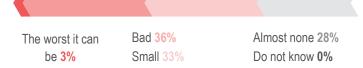
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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **28%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 17% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	33%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	17%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	33%	
Prices too high	17%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%	
Livestock	97%	
Employment (formal or informal)	6%	
Small business	17%	
Remittances	6%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 81% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	50%	
2. Active conflict/violence	28%	
3. COVID-19	19%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 71% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	37%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	37%	
3. COVID-19	27%	

m Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	50%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	50%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	75%
TV schooling	6%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	3%
Not aware	25%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Minority ethnic groups	33%
2. Returnees/IDPs households	30%
3. Children with disabilities	30%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	69%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	53%
3. Food	53%

In 3% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	72%
2. Hawala agents	47%
3. None	8%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

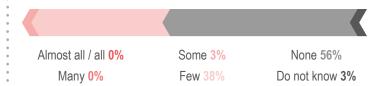
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

·	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	8%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	92%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	44%	
2. No shelter priority concern	22%	
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	22%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	31%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	67%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	3%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 249

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	4%	0%
Forcibly detained	13%	4%	4%
Forcebly recruited	33%	13%	25%
Forced to work	8%	0%	17%
Hindered to move freely	0%	17%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	29%	13%	13%
No incidents reported	67%	71%	75%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 25% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

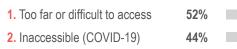
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **96%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



3. Too expensive to get treatment

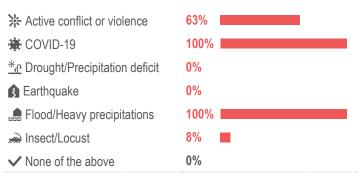
³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

4%

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 17% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	8%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	50%	
No health facilities accessible	42%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



Multiple options could be selected.
 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 29% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 8%	Almost none 42%
be 0%	Small 50%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
0%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 8% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	50%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	50%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	92%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	38%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **96%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 96% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	75%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	25%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Children with disabilities	100%
2. Girls	100%
3. Children from poorer households	39%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Information regarding risks	100%
2. Shelter / Housing	100%
3. Drinking water	96%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	75%
2. Hawala agents	25%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	92%
2. No insulation / heating	88%
3. Substandard accommodation	67%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 13%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 87%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	42%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	38%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	21%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

15 out of 73

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	100%	0%	20%
Forcibly detained	73%	0%	7%
Forcebly recruited	33%	0%	53%
Forced to work	67%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	60%	93%	93%
Assaulted without a weapon	27%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	33%	93%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	7%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

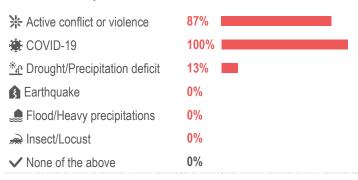
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **47%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 disruption	49%	
2. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	43%	
3. No transport/price transport	34%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 0% Almost none 0% be 0% Small 100% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%
Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%
Prices too high 0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **93%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	47%	
2 . COVID-19	40%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	13%	

Impact on livestock

In 93% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	50%	
2. COVID-19	36%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	14%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1.	NA	0%
2.	NA	0%
3.	NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	100%
TV schooling	100%
Community-based schooling	87%
Online classes	7%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. Children with disabilities	87%
3. Children from poorer households	87%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	67%
2. Protection	67%
3. Healthcare	40%

In 20% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Health	67%
3. Shelter or NFI	33%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. Banks/Formal money transfer	100%
2. Hawala agents	93%
3. Local business	60%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	67%
Permanent shelter	33%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	87%
2. Unable to afford rent	53%
3. Overcrowding	33%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 13%	None 20%
Many 13%	Few 54%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	7%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	7%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	87%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

21 out of 200

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	91%	0%	91%
Forcibly detained	5%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	5%	0%	0%
Forced to work	5%	5 %	5%
Hindered to move freely	95%	100%	100%
Assaulted without a weapon	5%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	95%	71%	95%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **95%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



2. Transportation too expensive 25%

3. Too far or difficult to access 15%

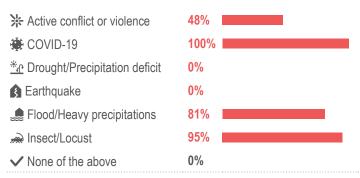
25%

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **38%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	48%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	52%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	58%	
2. No transport/price transport	53%	
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	53%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **62%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 5% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	100%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 43% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	90%
2. COVID-19	10%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 67% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	95%
2. Information regarding risks	95%
3. Livelihood support / employment	81%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. Other	0%
3. None	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	91%
Permanent shelter	10%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	90%
2. Substandard accommodation	86%
3. No insulation / heating	57%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 24%	None 0%
Many 5%	Few 71%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	95%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	5%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

36 out of 154

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	100%	0%	92%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	94%	0%	100%
Assaulted without a weapon	100%	0%	8%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	8%	0%	97%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	100%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

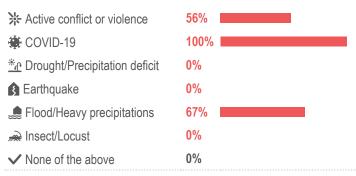
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	11%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	89%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	100%
2. No transport/price transport	81%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	62%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **6%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 100%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

	0%	
1		

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **94%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	32%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	68%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	72%
Livestock	86%
Employment (formal or informal)	19%
Small business	22%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	92%
2. COVID-19	8%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 97% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	67%	
2. COVID-19	20%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	13%	-

m Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	100%
TV schooling	97%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	44%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	92%
2. Girls	50%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	100%
2. Education	100%
3. Protection	44%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. No answer	100%
2. Other	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Unable to afford rent	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	97%
3. Cannot afford construction	75%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 92%
Many 0%	Few 8%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	89%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	11%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

30 out of 136

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	93%	83%	23%
Forcibly detained	3%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	3%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	27%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	93%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	93%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

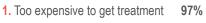
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



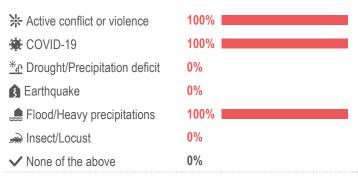
2. Transportation too expensive 3%

3. NA **0**%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- 2 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **100%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	7%
Private clinic	93%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	90%	
2. Cost too high	90%	
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	50%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 97 %	Almost none 0%
be 3%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 97% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	41%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	59%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	97%	
Livestock	90%	
Employment (formal or informal)	3%	I .
Small business	3%	I .
Remittances	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 86% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	89%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	11%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%	
2. NA	0%	
3. NA	0%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	100%
2. Protection	97%
3. Information regarding risks	70%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	87%
2. Hawala agents	47%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. No insulation / heating	97%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	87%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 27%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 73%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	100%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

19 out of 93

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	42 %	0%	32 %
Forcibly detained	68%	0%	37%
Forcebly recruited	58%	0%	68%
Forced to work	47%	0%	42%
Hindered to move freely	11%	42 %	42%
Assaulted without a weapon	5 %	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	5%	11%
No incidents reported	0%	53%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	5%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 42% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 0% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

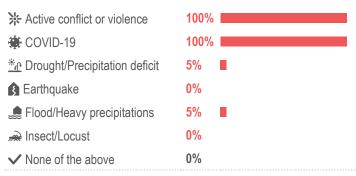
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Multiple options could be selected.

♂ EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 5% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	58%
Private hospital	5%
Private clinic	37%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 5% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 11%	Almost none 21%
be 0%	Small 68%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	95%
Employment (formal or informal)	11%
Small business	58%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	95%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	5%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 94% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	95%
3. Healthcare	68%

In **53%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Health	90%
3. Shelter or NFI	60%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

travel of the settlement: "2	
1. None	58%
2. No answer	42%
3. Local business	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	74%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	58%
3. No insulation / heating	53%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 5%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 95%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	100%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

69 out of 358

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	20%	1%	55%
Forcibly detained	22%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	29%	0%	19%
Forced to work	17%	0%	44%
Hindered to move freely	51%	51 %	33%
Assaulted without a weapon	41%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	42%	1%	52 %
No incidents reported	19%	46%	1%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	1%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **75%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that **women and children avoid due to security reason**.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **91%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

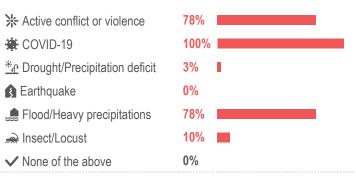
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

• EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **54%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	20%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	28%	
Private hospital	33%	
Private clinic	19%	
No health facilities accessible	0%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **7%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

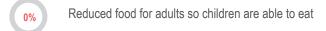
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

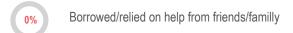
The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 100%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to wor





ACCESS TO MARKET

In 42% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	24%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	14%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	62%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	88%
Livestock	91%
Employment (formal or informal)	16%
Small business	54%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **75%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	79%	
2. Active conflict/violence	15%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	3%	1

™ Impact on livestock

In 18% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	91%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	9%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 27% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%	
TV schooling	0%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	1%	
Distribution of material remotely	1%	
Not aware	99%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Girls	100%
2. Boys	100%
3. Children from poorer households	100%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	99%
2. Healthcare	97%
3. Shelter / Housing	35%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

3. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
1. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	48%	
2. Hawala agents	46%	
3. Mobile money agents	3%	

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

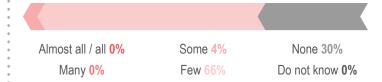
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	1%
Transitional shelter	99%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No shelter priority concern	45%	
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	44%	
3. No separate space (women/girls)	39%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	26%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	7%	•
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	64%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	3%	1
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

50 out of 209

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	42%	16%	46%
Forcibly detained	8%	0%	4%
Forcebly recruited	10%	2%	6%
Forced to work	2%	0%	8%
Hindered to move freely	36%	26 %	40%
Assaulted without a weapon	22%	4%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	40%	34%	42%
No incidents reported	40%	46%	46%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	12%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 46% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **94%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

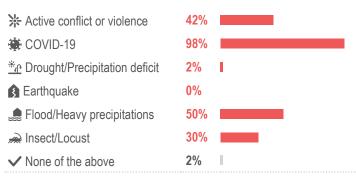
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **22%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	8%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	16%	
Private hospital	14%	
Private clinic	16%	
No health facilities accessible	46%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

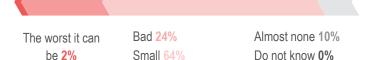
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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 50% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

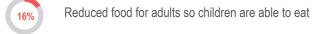
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

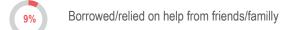


Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²







ACCESS TO MARKET

In **58%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	48%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	17%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	17%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	17%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	86%
Employment (formal or informal)	2%
Small business	42%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 62% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	47%
2. Insect / locust	32%
3. COVID-19	18%

Impact on livestock

In 65% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	52%	
2. Active conflict/violence	38%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	10%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
	0 70
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	2%	
TV schooling	0%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	0%	
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	96%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	56%
2. Healthcare	48%
3. Information regarding risks	46%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

3. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
1. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	70%
2. No answer	12%
3. Hawala agents	12%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

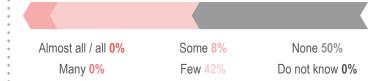
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

0%	
2%	L
0%	
0%	
92%	
6%	
0%	
	2% 0% 0% 92% 6%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	54%	
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	48%	
3. Cannot afford construction	28%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	18%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	10%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	46%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	26%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

18 out of 63

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	6%	0%	78%
Forcibly detained	83%	0%	6%
Forcebly recruited	89%	11%	83%
Forced to work	78%	11%	56 %
Hindered to move freely	11%	11%	72 %
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	11%	83%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	6%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 22% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

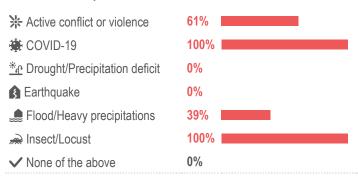
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 11% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	6%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	22%
Private hospital	72%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	27%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 61% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 0% Almost none 17% be 0% Small 83% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 22% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%

Prices too high 100%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	78%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	89%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	11%
3. NA	0%

m Impact on livestock

In 56% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	60%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	40%	
3. NA	0%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	100%
2. Education	94%
3. Food	83%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Local business	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

,		
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	6% ■	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	0%	
Transitional shelter	22%	
Permanent shelter	72%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	72%
2. Overcrowding	44%
3. Cannot afford construction	33%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 17%
Many 0%	Few 83%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	89%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	6%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	6%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 91

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	33%	19%	67%
Forcibly detained	70%	7%	4%
Forcebly recruited	11%	22 %	11%
Forced to work	52 %	33%	41%
Hindered to move freely	63%	93%	78%
Assaulted without a weapon	67%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	19%	85%	70%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **82%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

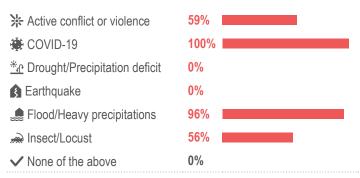
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **37%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	19%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	82%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	75%
3. Medical staff refuse treatment	50%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 59%
be 0%	Small 41%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NIA 0/	Send a family member abroad to work
NA%	ocità a family monibol abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 11% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	67%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	33%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	96%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **96%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	63%
2. Insect / locust	26%
3. Active conflict/violence	11%

™ Impact on livestock

In 93% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	52%	
2. Active conflict/violence	44%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	4%	

m Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	85%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	15%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Children with disabilities	52%	
2. Children from poorer households	48%	
3. Girls	44%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Shelter / Housing	100%
3. Drinking water	93%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

daver of the settlement.	
1. Local business	41%
2. None	33%
3. Hawala agents	15%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	96%
2. Overcrowding	93%
3. Substandard accommodation	52%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 33%	None 37%
Many 0%	Few 30%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	48%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	7%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	11%	-
Handpump (pumped well) - public	19%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	15%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

15 out of 79

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	73%	7%	47%
Forcibly detained	7%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	7%	0%	7%
Hindered to move freely	33%	7%	13%
Assaulted without a weapon	47%	0%	7%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	67%	0%	47%
No incidents reported	27%	93%	53%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 87% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

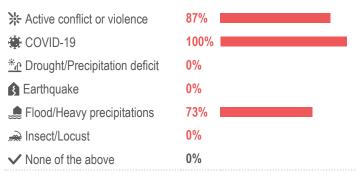
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **73%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	67%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	27%
No health facilities accessible	7 %

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can be 0%	Bad 73% Small 27%	Almost none 0% Do not know 0%
DE 0 %	Siliali ZI 70	DO HOLKHOW U76

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	0%
Remittances	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 87% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	71%
2. COVID-19	29%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 73% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Healthcare	67%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	60%

In 87% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	0%
3. Other	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

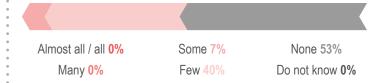
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	93%
2. No insulation / heating	87%
3. Cannot afford construction	47%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	7%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	87%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	7%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

29 out of 250

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	3%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	7%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	14%	0%	3%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	83%	93%	97%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



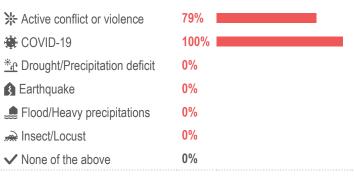
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

* EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	10%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	76%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	14%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 7 %	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 93%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
200/	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 90% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	15%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	4%	1
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	81%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	97%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	48%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **69%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	97%
2. Active conflict/violence	3%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	96%
2. Active conflict/violence	4%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	97%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	97%
2. Education	86%
3. Protection	55%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No shelter priority concern	93%
2. No answer	7%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 97%
Many 0%	Few 3%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	3%	1
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	31%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	21%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	45%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

21 out of 91

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	57%	0%	29%
Forcibly detained	24%	0%	10%
Forcebly recruited	29%	0%	48%
Forced to work	33%	0%	29%
Hindered to move freely	71%	0%	57 %
Assaulted without a weapon	43%	0%	29%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	43%	0%	10%
No incidents reported	0%	24%	14%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	76%	5%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 57% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 57% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



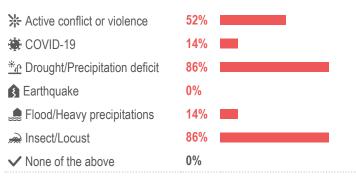
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

3 Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

♂ EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 76% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	33%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	10%
No health facilities accessible	57%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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****** FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **38%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

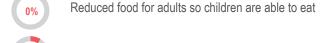
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 67%	Almost none 10%
be 0%	Small 23%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to work



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	93%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	7%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	33%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 5% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	48%
2. Insect / locust	33%
3. Active conflict/violence	10%

Impact on livestock

In 91% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	76%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	14%	
3. Active conflict/violence	5%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	389

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	100%
2. Healthcare	67%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	57%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	5% ■
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	91%
Permanent shelter	5% I
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	86%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	67%
3. Overcrowding	62%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 19%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 81%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	14%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	24%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	5%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	5%	
Piped water - public	10%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	43%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

18 out of 187

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	11%	0%	6%
Forced to work	11%	0%	17%
Hindered to move freely	28%	0%	28%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	22%	0%	28%
No incidents reported	44%	33%	28%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	67%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 6% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

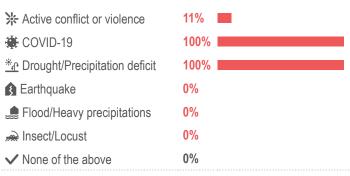
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **39%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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****** FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 89% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 72 %	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 28%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA% Send a family	member abroad to work
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Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 11% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	100%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	83%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	0%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **93%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	60%
2 . COVID-19	40%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 83% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	89%
2 . COVID-19	11%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1.	NA	0%
2.	NA	0%
3.	NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	83%	
2. Healthcare	61%	
3. Hygiene NFIs/sanitation services	56%	

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Other	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

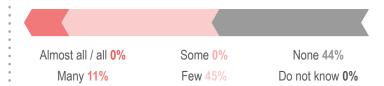
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Emergency shelter (tents)	33%
Open space/makeshift shelter	6% ■
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	61%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	83%
2. Substandard accommodation	67%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	61%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	11%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	89%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

42 out of 211

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	21%	0%	2%
Forcibly detained	14%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	10%	0%	2%
Forced to work	29%	0%	19%
Hindered to move freely	95%	100%	95%
Assaulted without a weapon	5 %	0%	2%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	57 %	0%	14%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **88%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

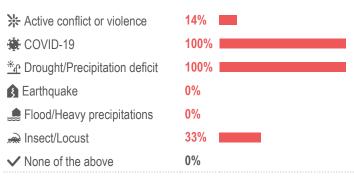
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In **24%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	14%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	2%
No health facilities accessible	83%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3 ΝΔ	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **24%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



The worst it can	Bad 19%	Almost none 7%
be <mark>2%</mark>	Small 72%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 88% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	35%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	65%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	29%
Employment (formal or informal)	2%
Small business	5% ■
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 95% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	95%
2. Insect / locust	5% ■
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	98%
2. Healthcare	93%
3. Education	88%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	88%
2. Hawala agents	12%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	95%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	90%
3. Overcrowding	19%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 83%
Many 0%	Few 17%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	98%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	2%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

39 out of 415

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	49%	3%	23%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	3%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	3%
Forced to work	18%	0%	3%
Hindered to move freely	41%	21%	28%
Assaulted without a weapon	5 %	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	51 %	3%	49%
No incidents reported	10%	62%	13%
Do not know/do not want to answer	3%	15%	15%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 36% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 67% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



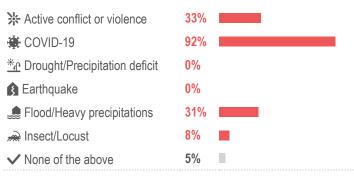
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **30%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	5%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	31%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	3%	
No health facilities accessible	62%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



 $^{^{2}}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 77%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 23%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 62% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	38%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	33%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	8%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	21%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	92%	
Livestock	97%	
Employment (formal or informal)	3%	
Small business	95%	
Remittances	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 33% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	50%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	43%	
3. Insect / locust	7%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 8% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	75%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	25%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
O NIA	00/
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	97%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	100%
2. Healthcare	80%
3. Information regarding risks	69%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Other	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	3%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	97%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	87%
2. Overcrowding	49%
3. Cannot afford construction	46%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 67%
Many 0%	Few 25%	Do not know 8%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	46%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	5%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - public	10%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	39%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

12 out of 65

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	25%	33%	42%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	8%	8%
Assaulted without a weapon	75 %	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	17%	33%	58%
No incidents reported	0%	33%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 17% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 42% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

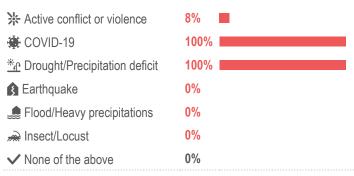
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Too far or difficult to access	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 17% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	67%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	33%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	100%
2. Cost too high	92%
3. Insufficient female medical staff	85%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



Kandahar Nesh

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 83% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

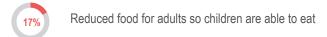
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

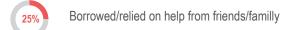
The worst it can	Bad 83%	Almost none 0%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 17%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA%	Send a family member abroad to work
-----	-------------------------------------





ACCESS TO MARKET

In 50% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	17%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	83%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	92%
Livestock	83%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	92%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **64%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 80% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	100%
2. Protection	75%
3. Healthcare	50%

In 67% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Local business	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	83%
2. Cannot afford construction	58%
3. Unable to afford rent	25%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 92 %
Many 0%	Few 8%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	17%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	8%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	75%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

15 out of 87

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	7%	13%	33%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	20%
Forced to work	0%	7%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	13%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	47%	13%	27%
No incidents reported	33%	67%	20%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 20% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 13% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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Reg

FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	7%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	27%
Small business	40%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 53% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 50% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	7%	
TV schooling	7%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	0%	
Distribution of material remotely	7%	
Not aware	73%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. None	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	100%
2. Drinking water	100%
3. Education	100%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%	
2. NA	0%	
3. NA	0%	

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	100%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	0%
3. Other	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	100%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	87%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	40%
3. No insulation / heating	20%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 67%
Many 0%	Few 6%	Do not know 27%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	100%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

37 out of 297

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	35%	5%	8%
Forcibly detained	3%	3%	0%
Forcebly recruited	3%	5%	11%
Forced to work	16%	5%	24%
Hindered to move freely	3%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	8%	3%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	62 %	5%	32 %
No incidents reported	32%	89%	68%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **95%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

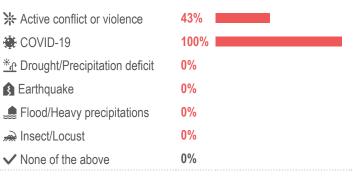
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	46%	
Private hospital	8%	
Private clinic	14%	
No health facilities accessible	32%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 87% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 62%	Almost none 0%
be 38%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
8%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 73% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	52%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	4%	I .
Roads too dangerous (physical)	41%	
Prices too high	0%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	4%	1

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	89%
Employment (formal or informal)	11%
Small business	97%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 81% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	97%
2. Active conflict/violence	3%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In **75%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	3%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	97%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	100%
2. Children from poorer households	100%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	92%	
2. Education	65%	
3. Seed or other agricultural input	49%	

In **3%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. Local business	95%
2. None	5%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	5%	•
Collective center	14%	
Unfinished shelter	3%	I
Transitional shelter	73%	
Permanent shelter	5%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	81%
2. Overcrowding	76%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	68%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 16%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 84%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	57%
Piped water - public	41%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	3%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

20 out of 72

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	100%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

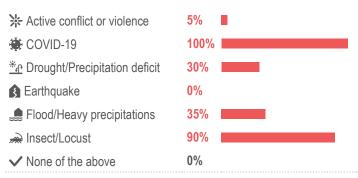
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **80%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. No health barrier	82%	
2. Insufficient female medical staff	14%	
3. Medical staff refuse treatment	9%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can be 15%	Bad 85% Small 0%	Almost none 0% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	90%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	10%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	95%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	0%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 45% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	90%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	10%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 42% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	74%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	21%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	5%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	100%
2. Healthcare	100%
3. Education	85%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Hawala agents	0%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

·		
Emergency shelter (tents)	5%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%	
Collective center	5%	•
Unfinished shelter	0%	
Transitional shelter	90%	
Permanent shelter	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	95%
2. Substandard accommodation	60%
3. Overcrowding	40%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 55 %	None 5%
Many 25%	Few 5%	Do not know 10%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	100%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

23 out of 134

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	4%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	30%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	4%	0%	0%
Forced to work	39%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	9%	13%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	26%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	96%	30%	0%
No incidents reported	0%	65%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 83% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **70%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

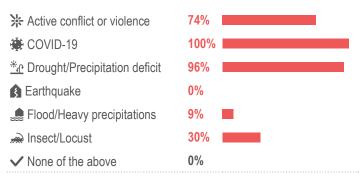
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **48%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	9%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	57%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	35%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 9%	Almost none 0%
be 91%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	57%
Employment (formal or informal)	65%
Small business	44%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **87%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	91%
2. Active conflict/violence	9%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	69%	
2. Active conflict/violence	15%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	15%	

mpact on employment

In 73% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Shelter / Housing	100%
3. Livelihood support / employment	44%

In **9%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Unable to afford rent	83%
2. Substandard accommodation	74%
3. Overcrowding	44%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 35%
Many 0%	Few 65%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	22%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	22%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	57%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

28 out of 145

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †	
Assaulted with a weapon	71%	4%	0%	
Forcibly detained	4%	0%	0%	
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%	
Forced to work	7%	0%	0%	
Hindered to move freely	4%	0%	0%	
Assaulted without a weapon	11%	0%	0%	
Verbally threatened or intimidated	82%	0%	0%	
No incidents reported	4%	4%	4%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	4%	93%	96%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 4% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Too far or difficult to access	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

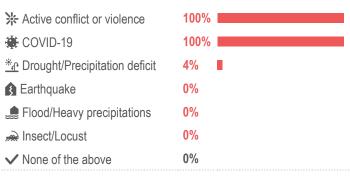
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **96%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	82%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	18%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	77%
2. No transport/price transport	41%
3. Insufficient female medical staff	32%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 96% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 21 %	Almost none 0%
be 79%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Karan Karan Karan Kanan Karan Karan Karan Karan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	96%
Livestock	4%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	75%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	4% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	62%	
2. Do not know	33%	
3. Children from poorer households	5%	1

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Shelter / Housing	100%
2. Healthcare	100%
3. Protection	93%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. Other	0%
3. None	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	0%	
Transitional shelter	4%	I .
Permanent shelter	96%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Substandard accommodation	7%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 14%	None 14%
Many 0%	Few 72%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	96%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

20 out of 100

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	5%	5%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	35%	55 %	10%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	55 %	10%	0%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	40%	45%	90%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 95% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

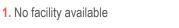
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 75% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



27%

2. Too far or difficult to access

3. Too expensive to get treatment

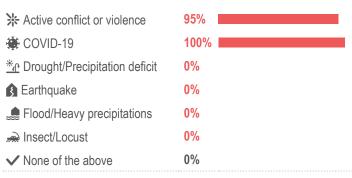
7%

3 Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

♂ EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 15% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	15%
Private hospital	20%
Private clinic	65%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	90%
3. No transport/price transport	40%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **55%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can be 0% Bad 80% Almost none 0% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work

NA%

Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%
Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%
Prices too high 0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



- ¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.
- ² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.
- ³ Multiple options could be selected.
- ⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.
- ⁵ Top three answer reported.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	70%
Livestock	5%
Employment (formal or informal)	20%
Small business	100%
Remittances	80%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **71%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	86%
2. COVID-19	14%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 25% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



Khost Sabari

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	100%
TV schooling	75%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Do not know	70%
2. Children from poorer households	30%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	90%
2. Healthcare	85%
3. Drinking water	75%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Hawala agents	85%
2. Local business	10%
3. No answer	5%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	95%
2. Cannot afford construction	90%
3. Overcrowding	65%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 10%	Do not know 90%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	5% ■
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	35%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	35%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	25%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

17 out of 86

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	65%	59%	59 %
Forced to work	65%	71%	65%
Hindered to move freely	12%	35%	12%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	35%	29%	35%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 0% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	88%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	6%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	6% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 0%
be 0 %	Small 100%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 18% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	67%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	33%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	71%
Employment (formal or informal)	88%
Small business	41%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 82% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 92% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 93% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	94%
2. Food	76%
3. Shelter / Housing	41%

In 35% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	100%
2. Other	0%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. Overcrowding	71%
3. Substandard accommodation	59%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 100%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	82%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	12%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	6%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

23 out of 118

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	9%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	9%	9%	4%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	4%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	91%	91%	96%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 61% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 57% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



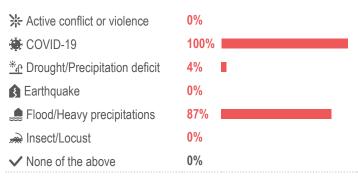
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

3 Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 4% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	87%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	13%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 70% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

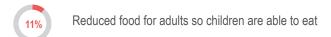
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

Rad 57% Almost none 0% The worst it can **Small 43%** Do not know 0% be 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:2

Send a family member abroad to work NA%





🚄 ACCESS TO MARKET

In 65% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	33%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	60%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	7%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3

Farming	100%
Livestock	70%
Employment (formal or informal)	22%
Small business	44%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 78% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. COVID-19	87%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	9%
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	4%

Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	96%
2. Shelter / Housing	48%
3. Drinking water	48%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

	0%
3. NA (0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	96%
2. Hawala agents	4%
3. Local business	4%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	91%
Permanent shelter	9%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	96%
2. No insulation / heating	83%
3. No separate space (women/girls)	30%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	48%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	4%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	4%	1
Piped water - public	44%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 90

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	17%	0%	4%
Forcibly detained	4%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	17%	0%	4%
Forced to work	8%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	4%
Assaulted without a weapon	17%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	29%	17%	13%
No incidents reported	71%	83%	88%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 33% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 17% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

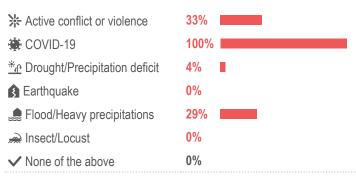
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **29%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	54%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	46%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. No transport/price transport	100%
2. Cost too high	89%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	82%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **79%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



The worst it can	Bad 4%	Almost none 4%
be 0%	Small 92%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 21% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
100 lai/ii0 transport available	100 /0
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	63%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	46%
Small business	46%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 33% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	47%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	40%	
3. Active conflict/violence	13%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 29% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	62%	
2. Active conflict/violence	33%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	4%	

E Impact on employment

In 91% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
	0 70
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%	
2 . NA	0%	
3. NA	0%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:

1. Healthcare	92%	
2. Livelihood support / employment	71%	
3. Seed or other agricultural input	54%	

In 96% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	0%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	92%
Permanent shelter	8%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
3. Cannot afford construction	79%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 13%	None 75 %
Many 0%	Few 12%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	63%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	4%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	29%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	4% ■

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

22 out of 155

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	100%	100%	100%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	41%	46%	36%
Assaulted without a weapon	14%	9%	9%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 73% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	9%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	46%	
Private hospital	5%	
Private clinic	0%	
No health facilities accessible	41%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 96% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work

NA%

Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	96%	
Livestock	36%	
Employment (formal or informal)	0%	
Small business	5%	1
Remittances	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 14% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	71%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	19%	
3. Active conflict/violence	10%	

Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	50%	
2. Active conflict/violence	38%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	12%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	23%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	77%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Girls	100%
2. Children from poorer households	80%
3. Children with disabilities	20%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Healthcare	91%
3. Shelter / Housing	86%

In 91% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. Hawala agents	86%
2. None	9%
3. No answer	4%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	91%
2. Cannot afford construction	82%
3. Substandard accommodation	36%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 91%
Many 0%	Few 9%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	5% ■
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	36%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	14%
Piped water - public	46%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 93

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	13%	8%	8%
Forcibly detained	58%	25 %	58%
Forcebly recruited	38%	33%	46%
Forced to work	42%	50 %	54%
Hindered to move freely	38%	29%	21%
Assaulted without a weapon	17%	0%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	4%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	33%	29%	33%
Do not know/do not want to answer	8%	17%	8%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **63%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	100%
♣ COVID-19	100%
*P Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
♠ Flood/Heavy precipitations	100%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **42%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	42%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	58%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	82%
3. Medical staff refuse treatment	65%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can be 4%	Bad 58% Small 38%	Almost none 0% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Ser
----	-----

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 71% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	96%
Employment (formal or informal)	100%
Small business	0%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **71%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 96% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	83%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	92%
2. Food	88%
3. Healthcare	83%

In **75%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Local business	0%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	96%
Permanent shelter	4%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	96%
2. Overcrowding	88%
3. Cannot afford construction	42%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 100%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	100%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

18 out of 66

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	6%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	94%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

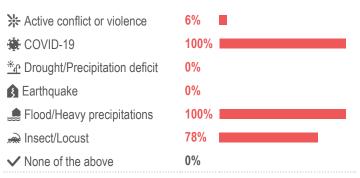
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **11%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	39%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	39%	
No health facilities accessible	22%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	100%
2. COVID-19 disruption	100%
3. Insufficient female medical staff	53%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **94%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 17% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	100%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	83%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 22% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	94%
2. Insect / locust	6% ■
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 44% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	89%
2. Insect / locust	11%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	78%
2. Food	72%
3. Healthcare	56%

In 67% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	89%
2. Local business	11%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	6%
Transitional shelter	94%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. No insulation / heating	100%
3. Substandard accommodation	72%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 22%
Many 0%	Few 78%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	56%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	39%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	6%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







Kunar Marawara

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of assessed settlements:

16 out of 73

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	13%	6%	6%
Forcibly detained	13%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	31%	6%	6%
Assaulted without a weapon	6%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	56%	94%	94%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 81% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 44% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

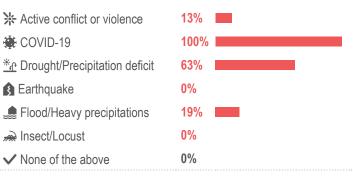
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **6%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	50%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	19%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	31%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **56%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 31%	Almost none 0%
be 0 %	Small 69%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 25% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	25%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	50%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	25%

% of assessed settlements in which Kls reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Karan Karan Karan Kanan Karan Karan Karan Karan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	69%
Employment (formal or informal)	56%
Small business	44%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	56%	
2. COVID-19	31%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	12%	

Impact on livestock

In **64%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	78%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	22%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In **78%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	88%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	12%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	50%	
TV schooling	6%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	6%	
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	44%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	67%
2. None	33%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	94%
2. Drinking water	50%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	44%

In 75% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	75%
2. Food	58%
3. WASH	17%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

75%
69%
50%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	38%
Transitional shelter	25%
Permanent shelter	38%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	69%	
2. No separate space (women/girls)	69%	
3. Overcrowding	31%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

4			
	Almost all / all 0%	Some 13 %	None 56 %
	Many 19%	Few 12%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	44%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	25%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	31%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

9 out of 31

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	11%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	89%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 89% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



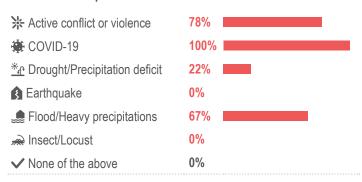
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

3 Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

♂ EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 33% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	22%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	11%
No health facilities accessible	67%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 89% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

T1 (1)	Dad ECO/	Almost none 00/
The worst it can	Bad 56%	Almost none 0%
be 33%	Small 11%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	89%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	78%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **89%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	78%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	22%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	50%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	38%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	12%	

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	11%
TV schooling	11%
Community-based schooling	11%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	78%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. Children with disabilities	50%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	89%
2. Food	78%
3. Healthcare	44%

In 33% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	89%
2. Hawala agents	11%
3. Other	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	67%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	56%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 22%
Many 0%	Few 78%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	33%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	33%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	33%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 74

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	4%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	4%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	96%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 52% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **82%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	0%
♦ COVID-19	100%
*• Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
Flood/Heavy precipitations	100%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **4%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	15%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	85%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	80%
2. No transport/price transport	20%
3. No health barrier	13%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 96% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



Bad 4% Almost none 4% The worst it can Small 92% Do not know 0% be 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:2



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



🚄 ACCESS TO MARKET

In 78% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	48%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	52%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3

Farming	96%
Livestock	56%
Employment (formal or informal)	100%
Small business	30%
Remittances	19%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 87% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 96% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Livelihood support / employment	100%
2. Healthcare	89%
3. Food	67%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	100%
2. Food	74%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

70%
26%
22%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	96%
2. Substandard accommodation	93%
3. Overcrowding	74%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 100%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	7%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	7%
Piped water - public	85%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 104

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	4%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	100%	100%	100%
Assaulted without a weapon	8%	4%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	8%	4%	4%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	0%
♦ COVID-19	100%
*• Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
Flood/Heavy precipitations	100%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **4%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

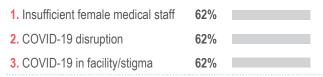


す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	50%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	17%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	33%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	88%
Small business	4%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 8% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	96%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	4%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 95% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Healthcare	100%
3. Livelihood support / employment	96%

In 54% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	58%
2. Hawala agents	42%
3. Banks/Formal money transfer	42%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 17%
Many 0%	Few 83%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	8%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	29%
Piped water - public	58%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	4% ■

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

55 out of 153

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	9%	38%	26%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	89%	58%	73%
Do not know/do not want to answer	2%	4%	2%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 38% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **36%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

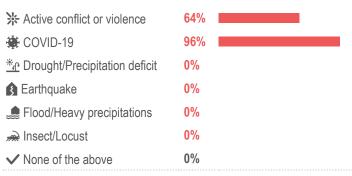
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. No facility available	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- 2 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **24%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	7%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	56%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	36%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 2% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

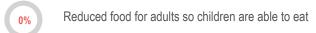
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 2%	Almost none 55%
be 0%	Small 43%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

	0%	Send a family member abroad to	work
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ACCESS TO MARKET

In 31% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	0%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	76%
Employment (formal or informal)	22%
Small business	91%
Remittances	2%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 47% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	90%
2. COVID-19	10%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 33% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	81%
2. COVID-19	19%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In **75%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	73%
2. COVID-19	27%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	55%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	46%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children with disabilities	53%	
2. Girls	43%	
3. Children from poorer households	40%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Livelihood support / employment	73%	
2. Healthcare	66%	
3. Food	42%	

In 20% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	91%
2. Health	82%
3. Shelter or NFI	82%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes

travel of the settlement:1,2	
1. Local business	53%
2. None	46%
3. Hawala agents	6%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

•	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	67%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	33%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. No insulation / heating	47%	
2. Cannot afford construction	46%	
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	46%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	53%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	2%	I
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	46%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

40 out of 171

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	13%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	3%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	15%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	15%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	15%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	85%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 48% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

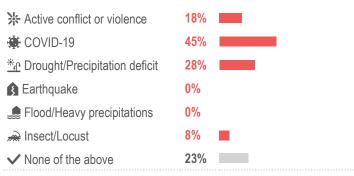
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. No facility available	95%
2. Inaccessible (COVID-19)	5%
3. NA	0%
4.4.40.1 00 111 1 4 1	

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 23% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	94%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	47%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	47%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **35%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 33 %	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 67%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
0%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 25% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	70%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	30%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	98%
Livestock	93%
Employment (formal or informal)	8%
Small business	98%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 49% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	53%	
2. Active conflict/violence	26%	
3. COVID-19	21%	

Impact on livestock

In 3% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 33% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%
J. IVA	0 /0



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	85%
3. Livelihood support / employment	70%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	90%
2. Local business	10%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	98%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	3% ■

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No shelter priority concern	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 80%
Many 0%	Few 20%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	18%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	18%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	65%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

56 out of 149

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	95%	55 %	95%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	50 %	48%	50%
Assaulted without a weapon	48%	11%	9%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	93%	89%	93%
No incidents reported	5%	9%	5%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 70% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 4% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

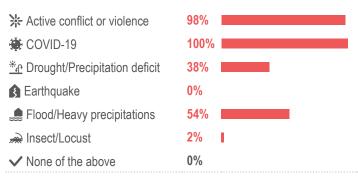
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Too far or difficult to access	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **91%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	94%
2. No transport/price transport	81%
3. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	50%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



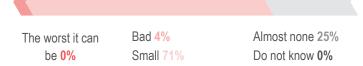
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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



- ¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.
- ² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.
- ³ Multiple options could be selected.
- ⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.
- ⁵ Top three answer reported.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	98%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	80%
Remittances	5%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **93%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	65%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	24%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	11%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 82% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	71%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	24%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	4%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	7%
Community-based schooling	32%
Online classes	2%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	68%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Girls	100%
2. Children with disabilities	94%
3. Boys	11%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	89%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	59%
3. Information regarding risks	52%

In **54%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Shelter or NFI	80%
2. Food	77%
3. Health	77%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	89%
2. Hawala agents	75%
3. Banks/Formal money transfer	54%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	59%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	41%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	93%
2. No insulation / heating	82%
3. Substandard accommodation	50%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 25%	None 5%
Many 0%	Few 70%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	50 %	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	18%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	30%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	2%	1

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

35 out of 120

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	63%	71%	71%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	17%	14%	11%
Hindered to move freely	66%	69%	74%
Assaulted without a weapon	66%	69%	69%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	40%	40%	34%
No incidents reported	26%	23%	23%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 17% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 69% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

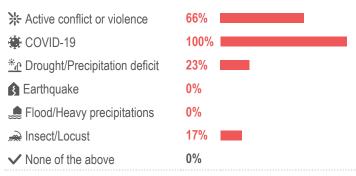
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 6% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	60%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	3%
No health facilities accessible	37%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3

1. No transport/price transport	73%
2. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	27%
3. Cost too high	15%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 29% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 0% Almost none 77% be 0% Small 23% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

% Send a family member abroad to work

0% Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat

8 Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 40% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 50%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%

Prices too high 0%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 50%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	97%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	9%
Small business	89%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 32% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	46%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	36%
3. COVID-19	18%

m Impact on livestock

In 29% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	70%
2. Active conflict/violence	30%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%	
2. NA	0%	
3. NA	0%	



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	80%	
TV schooling	6%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	3%	I
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	20%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	86%
2. Boys	29%
3. Children with disabilities	25%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	77%
2. Education	71%
3. Healthcare	60%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

71%
20%
9%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

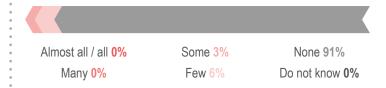
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	3%	I .
Open space/makeshift shelter	29%	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	3%	I
Transitional shelter	0%	
Permanent shelter	66%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No shelter priority concern	69%
2. Cannot afford construction	29%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	23%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	14%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	17%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	66%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	3% ■

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

21 out of 59

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	19%	29%	48%
Forcibly detained	10%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	5%	0%	0%
Forced to work	33%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	24%	91%	76%
Assaulted without a weapon	86%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

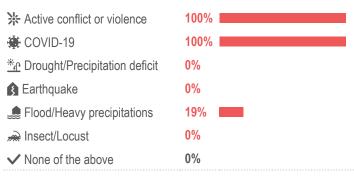
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **100%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	23%
3. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	13%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 10% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 100%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	81%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	19%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	10%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	100%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Children with disabilities	100%
2. Boys	95%
3. Girls	5%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	95%
2. Hygiene NFIs/sanitation services	81%
3. Livelihood support / employment	62%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	100%
2. Hawala agents	5%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	24%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	5%
Permanent shelter	71%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	95%
2. Cannot afford construction	86%
3. No insulation / heating	81%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 19%	None 5%
Many 0%	Few 76%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	24%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	71%
Piped water - public	5%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

33 out of 111

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †	
Assaulted with a weapon	100%	100%	100%	
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%	
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%	
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%	
Hindered to move freely	97%	97%	97%	
Assaulted without a weapon	3%	3%	3%	
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	100%	
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **64%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



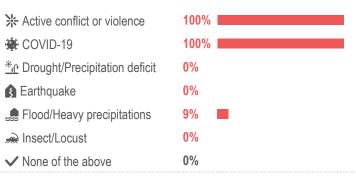
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

***** EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **100%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	46%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	55%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 97% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **94%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	97%	
2 . COVID-19	3%	
3. NA	0%	

Impact on livestock

In 97% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	97%
2 . COVID-19	3%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Information regarding risks	94%
3. Shelter / Housing	85%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	100%
2. Mobile money agents	0%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Overcrowding	100%
3. No separate space (women/girls)	97%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 91%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 9%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	100%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

34 out of 180

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	56 %	0%	53%
Forcibly detained	47%	0%	3%
Forcebly recruited	41%	0%	0%
Forced to work	53%	0%	15%
Hindered to move freely	53%	32 %	35%
Assaulted without a weapon	56%	0%	29%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	56%	0%	53%
No incidents reported	44%	68%	47%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 44% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 18% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

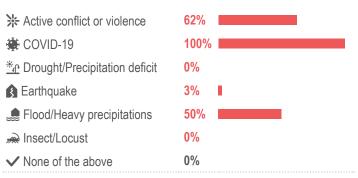
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **62%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	97%
Private hospital	3%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	87%	
2. COVID-19 disruption	61%	
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	52%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 91 %	Almost none 0%
be 6%	Small 3%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 38% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	54%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	23%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	15%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	8%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	50%
Employment (formal or informal)	79%
Small business	56%
Remittances	3%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **35%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 18% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	67%
2. Active conflict/violence	33%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 93% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	80%
2. Active conflict/violence	20%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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ED ED

EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	15%	_
TV schooling	15%	-
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	6%	
Distribution of material remotely	6%	
Not aware	82%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children with disabilities	100%
2. Returnees/IDPs households	83%
3. Girls	67%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Drinking water	68%
3. Healthcare	44%

In 44% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. WASH	33%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

travel of the settlement:1,2	
1. Hawala agents	56%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	44%
3. Local business	35%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	6% ■
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	94%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	97%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	62%
3. Cannot afford construction	59%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	9%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	24%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	56%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	12%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 118

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	83%	33%	92%
Forcibly detained	4%	4%	4%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	8%	0%	17%
Hindered to move freely	58%	4%	13%
Assaulted without a weapon	92%	4%	38%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	92%	67%	96%
No incidents reported	0%	13%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	21%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 8% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

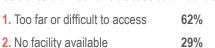
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **88%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



3. Inaccessible (COVID-19)

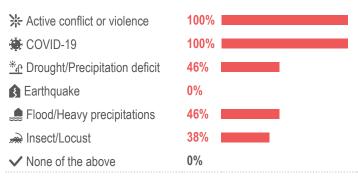
- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

5%

- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **50%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

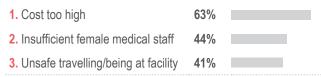


す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	46%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	50%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 46% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	92%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	54%
Small business	54%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **73%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	41%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	41%	
3. Insect / locust	14%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 63% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	55%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	25%	
3. COVID-19	20%	

E Impact on employment

In 31% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	96%
2. Information regarding risks	92%
3. Livelihood support / employment	71%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	83%	
2. No answer	12%	=
3. Mobile money agents	4%	I .

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. Overcrowding	79%
3. No insulation / heating	67%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 4%	None 13%
Many 8%	Few 33%	Do not know 42%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	100%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

35 out of 169

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	6%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	6%	3%	11%
Forced to work	3%	0%	71%
Hindered to move freely	14%	6%	11%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	34%	3%	11%
No incidents reported	46%	89%	23%
Do not know/do not want to answer	6%	3%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

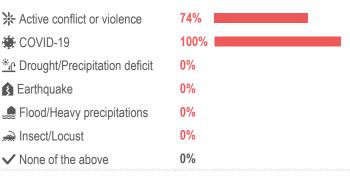
Multiple options could be selected.

3 Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

♂ EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 9% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	14%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	86%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3

1. No transport/price transport	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	64%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	50%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 23% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 51% Almost none 0% be 0% Small 49% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **6%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)

Roads too dangerous (physical)

Prices too high

Due to COVID-19 lockdown

0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	77%	
Livestock	54%	
Employment (formal or informal)	49%	
Small business	40%	
Remittances	77%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	96%
2. Active conflict/violence	4%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 95% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	94%
2. Active conflict/violence	6% ■
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In **71%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%
5. NA	U%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	11%	
TV schooling	37%	
Community-based schooling	29%	
Online classes	0%	
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	43% I	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Children from poorer households	63%	
2. Children with disabilities	53%	
3. Girls	42%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Protection	100%
2. Livelihood support / employment	100%
3. Information regarding risks	63%

In **94%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	94%
2. Cash / Vouchers	21%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

traver of the settlement.	
1. Hawala agents	86%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	31%
3. None	11%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

0%
0%
0%
3%
40%
57%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
3. No insulation / heating	94%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 91%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 9%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	17%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	46%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	29%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	9%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

15 out of 68

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	67%	0%	60%
Forcibly detained	47%	0%	40%
Forcebly recruited	27%	0%	20%
Forced to work	33%	0%	33%
Hindered to move freely	47%	73 %	47%
Assaulted without a weapon	40%	0%	40%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	60%	0%	67%
No incidents reported	27%	27%	33%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 87% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 67% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

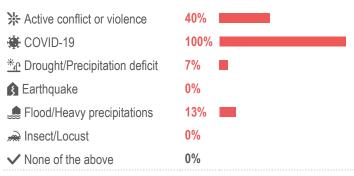
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 13% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	93%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	7 %

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	88%
2. No transport/price transport	75%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	38%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴





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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 80% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 7% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	87%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	53%
Remittances	60%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **85%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	73%	
2. Active conflict/violence	18%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	9%	

Impact on livestock

In 60% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	67%
2. Active conflict/violence	33%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%





² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	93%
2. Livelihood support / employment	93%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	47%

In 7% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes troval of the cottlement 12

travel of the settlement: "	
1. Hawala agents	67%
2. None	33%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Overcrowding	100%
2. Substandard accommodation	93%
3. No separate space (women/girls)	60%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 100%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	13%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	27%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	47%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	13%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

32 out of 168

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	22%	0%	3%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	47%	0%	9%
Hindered to move freely	81%	13%	44%
Assaulted without a weapon	9%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	81%	13%	56%
No incidents reported	19%	88%	41%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **75%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



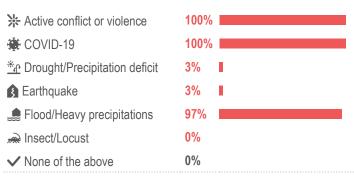
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **97%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	66%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	28%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	6%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 disruption	45%	
2. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	39%	
3. Medical staff refuse treatment	36%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 13% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



- ¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.
- ² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.
- ³ Multiple options could be selected.
- ⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.
- ⁵ Top three answer reported.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 31% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	66%	
2. COVID-19	28%	
3. Active conflict/violence	6%	

Impact on livestock

In 9% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	66%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	25%	
3. Active conflict/violence	9%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	47%
TV schooling	41%
Community-based schooling	50%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	47%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Boys	100%
2. Girls	94%
3. Children with disabilities	82%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Information regarding risks	97%
2. Livelihood support / employment	91%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	38%

In 25% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Cash / Vouchers	75%
3. WASH	50%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

traver or the settlement.	
1. Hawala agents	69%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	69%
3. No answer	19%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

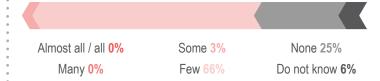
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	75%
Permanent shelter	25%
Do not know/do not want to answer	er 0 %

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	97%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	81%
3. Cannot afford construction	75%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	9%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	22%	
Water trucking/tankering	3%	I .
Handpump (pumped well) - private	19%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	34%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	13%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

50 out of 207

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	52 %	20%	20%
Forcibly detained	24%	6%	16%
Forcebly recruited	10%	4%	8%
Forced to work	28%	4%	18%
Hindered to move freely	66%	18%	36%
Assaulted without a weapon	48%	12 %	40%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	50 %	8%	30%
No incidents reported	6%	76%	40%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	2%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 28% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 80% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

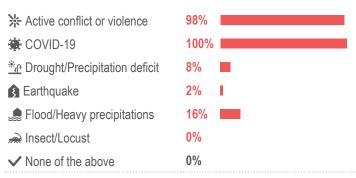
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster
- 3 Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 34% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	46%	
Private hospital	18%	
Private clinic	32%	
No health facilities accessible	4%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **54%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 78%	Almost none 0%
be 2%	Small 20%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 4% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	98%
Livestock	96%
Employment (formal or informal)	16%
Small business	38%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **76%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	60%	
2. COVID-19	32%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	5%	

Impact on livestock

In 29% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	53%	
2. COVID-19	40%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	7%	

E Impact on employment

In 63% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%
5. NA	U%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Livelihood support / employment	76%	
2. Seed or other agricultural input	76%	
3. Protection	66%	

In 96% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	98%
2. No answer	2%
3. Cash / Vouchers	2%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	98%
Permanent shelter	2%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	96%
2. Substandard accommodation	92%
3. Overcrowding	80%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 26%	None 22%
Many 4%	Few 48%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	12%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	2%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	86%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 136

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	11%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	7%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	11%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	7%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	63%	52 %	96%
Do not know/do not want to answer	22%	48%	4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

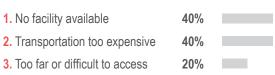
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 19% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **22%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	41%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	52%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	7%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **78%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 37%	Almost none 4%
be 0%	Small 59%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 15% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	25%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	25%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	50%	
Prices too high	0%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	96%
Livestock	56%
Employment (formal or informal)	82%
Small business	0%
Remittances	67%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 27% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	75%	
2. COVID-19	17%	
3. Active conflict/violence	8%	

Impact on livestock

In 13% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	80%
2. Active conflict/violence	20%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In **68%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
	0 70
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%	
TV schooling	4%	
Community-based schooling	0%	
Online classes	0%	
Distribution of material remotely	0%	
Not aware	93%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. None	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Livelihood support / employment	93%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	63%

In 89% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	96%
2. No answer	4%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. No shelter priority concern	96%
2. Overcrowding	4%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 93%
Many 0%	Few 7%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	44%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	19%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	22%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	7%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	7%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

26 out of 112

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	69%	4%	73%
Forcibly detained	4%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	12%
Forced to work	35%	0%	19%
Hindered to move freely	54 %	65 %	58%
Assaulted without a weapon	89%	0%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	65%	85%	89%
No incidents reported	0%	8%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	4%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 8% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 15% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

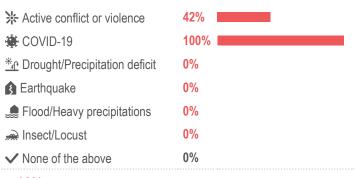
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **12%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



\$ HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	92%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	8%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 15% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 8% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
·	00/
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



- ¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.
- ² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.
- ³ Multiple options could be selected.
- ⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.
- ⁵ Top three answer reported.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	89%
Livestock	77%
Employment (formal or informal)	31%
Small business	69%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **74%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	94%
2. Active conflict/violence	6% ■
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 60% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	19%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	81%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	100%
2. Protection	85%
3. Information regarding risks	50%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	73%
2. Hawala agents	27%
3. Banks/Formal money transfer	8%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

,	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	58%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	42%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	92%
2. Overcrowding	73%
3. Cannot afford construction	62%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 4%	None 54%
Many 0%	Few 42%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

0%
27%
0%
0%
0%
0%
73%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

36 out of 173

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	31%	0%	17%
Forcibly detained	22%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	8%	0%	3%
Hindered to move freely	17%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	28%	3%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	61%	0%	17%
No incidents reported	25%	94%	78%
Do not know/do not want to answer	3%	3%	3%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 42% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 22% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



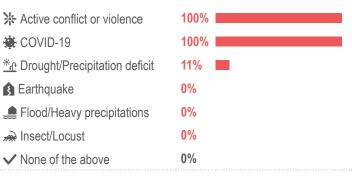
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **8%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	58%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	8%
Private hospital	8%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	25%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 97% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 78 %	Almost none 0%
be <mark>8%</mark>	Small 14%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 14% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	60%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	20%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	20%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	97%
Livestock	83%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	44%
Remittances	42%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 77% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	94%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	6%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 77% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	88%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	12%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	979

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Protection	75%
2. Livelihood support / employment	67%
3. Healthcare	58%

In 39% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	93%
2. Health	14%
3. Protection	14%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	86%
2. Hawala agents	11%
3. Local business	3%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	17%
Permanent shelter	83%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	56%	
2. Substandard accommodation	56%	
3. No separate space (women/girls)	44%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	25%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	28%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	17%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	31%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









Nangarhar Chaparhar

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of assessed settlements:

42 out of 111

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	19%	7%	2%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	29%	2%	0%
No incidents reported	60%	93%	98%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 64% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



2. Too far or difficult to access

3. Transportation too expensive 18%

26%

3 Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

PRIOR : STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 5% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	64%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	33%
No health facilities accessible	2%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	76%
3. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	62%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4





¹ Multiple options could be selected.

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 91% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 38%	Almost none 5%
be 0%	Small 57%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
0%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 29% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	17%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	33%
Prices too high	50%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	83%	
Livestock	14%	-
Employment (formal or informal)	81%	
Small business	93%	
Remittances	5%	1
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In **94%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	67%
2 . COVID-19	33%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	71%
TV schooling	38%
Community-based schooling	100%
Online classes	10%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. Girls	100%
3. Children with disabilities	62%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	83%
2. Drinking water	67%
3. Healthcare	62%

In 86% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Health	25%
3. Cash / Vouchers	17%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

travel of the settlement: 1,2	
1. None	48%
2. Local business	38%
3. Hawala agents	21%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	98%
Permanent shelter	2%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No separate space (women/girls)	90%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	88%
3. Cannot afford construction	81%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 2%	None 98%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	95%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	5%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 104

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	7%	0%	7%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	4%	0%	4%
Hindered to move freely	4%	0%	7%
Assaulted without a weapon	11%	0%	4%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	4%	0%	7%
No incidents reported	63%	74%	82%
Do not know/do not want to answer	22%	26%	11%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 26% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

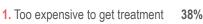
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **78%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



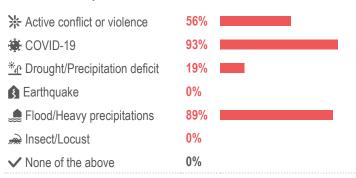
2. Too far or difficult to access 33%

3. No facility available 24%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **37%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	48%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	4%	
No health facilities accessible	44%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **85%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 82% Small 11%	Almost none 0% Do not know 0%
De / %	Small 11%	DO HOLKHOW U%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 37% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	80%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	20%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	93%	
Livestock	74%	
Employment (formal or informal)	37%	
Small business	26%	
Remittances	0%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	7%	

Impact on farming

In **52%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	79%	
2. Active conflict/violence	12%	ı
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	8%	

Impact on livestock

In 50% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	47%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	42%
3. COVID-19	5%

E Impact on employment

In 60% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	89%
2. Active conflict/violence	11%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	22%	
TV schooling	11%	
Community-based schooling	4%	I .
Online classes	4%	I .
Distribution of material remotely	11%	-
Not aware	59%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Do not know	43%	
2. None	29%	
3. Girls	14%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	89%
2. Healthcare	74%
3. Shelter / Housing	70%

In 19% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	74%
2. Mobile money agents	15%
3. Local business	15%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. Substandard accommodation	89%
3. Cannot afford construction	82%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	26%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprote	ected 15%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - p	rivate 44%	
Handpump (pumped well) - p	ublic 0%	
Piped water - public	15%	
Spring, well or kariz - protecte	ed 0 %	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

21 out of 133

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	24%	0%	5%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	5%
Hindered to move freely	38%	5%	10%
Assaulted without a weapon	19%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	38%	0%	5%
No incidents reported	43%	95%	81%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 52% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **86%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

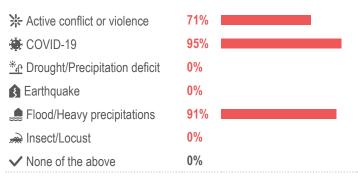
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- 2 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **29%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	19%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	33%
No health facilities accessible	48%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	95%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	29%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 67% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	95%
2. Active conflict/violence	5%
3. NA	0%

In **75%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	81%
2. Active conflict/violence	19%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	10%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	91%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. Children with disabilities	100%
3. Girls	100%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	67%	
2. Seed or other agricultural input	52%	
3. Drinking water	52%	

In 33% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	100%
2. Mobile money agents	0%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

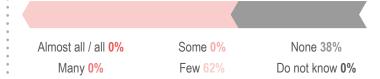
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

·	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	10%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	91%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. Overcrowding	71%
3. No separate space (women/girls)	43%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	14%	-
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	57 %	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	5%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - public	10%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	14%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

40 out of 228

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	68%	95%	98%
Forcibly detained	25%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	100%
Hindered to move freely	3%	100%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	40%	3%	3%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	95%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	3%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 80% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 33% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

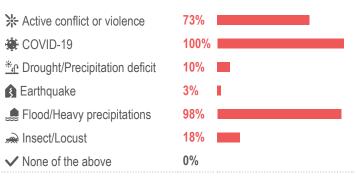
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **68%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	63%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	18%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	20%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. No health barrier	56%	
2. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	25%	
3. Cost too high	22%	

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 98% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 45% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	6%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	11%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	28%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	56%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	98%
Livestock	75%
Employment (formal or informal)	85%
Small business	30%
Remittances	8%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **56%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	82%
2. Active conflict/violence	18%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 77% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	80%
2. Active conflict/violence	17%
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	3%

E Impact on employment

In **74%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	78%
2. Active conflict/violence	22%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	3%
TV schooling	8%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	15%
Not aware	83%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Livelihood support / employment	72%	
2. Healthcare	50%	
3. Food	45%	

In 65% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	96%
2. Cash / Vouchers	15%
3. WASH	4%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	98%
2. Hawala agents	2%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- $^{\rm 4}$ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

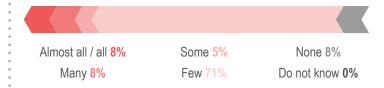
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	3%
Open space/makeshift shelter	10%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	83%
Permanent shelter	5%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	95%
2. Substandard accommodation	92%
3. Overcrowding	88%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	13%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	20%	
Water trucking/tankering	3%	I .
Handpump (pumped well) - private	65%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

18 out of 98

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	6%	17%	6%
Forcibly detained	6%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	6%
Hindered to move freely	0%	11%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	6%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	83%	72%	89%
Do not know/do not want to answer	6%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 6% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **94**% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



59%

2. Too expensive to get treatment

24%

3. Too far or difficult to access

12%

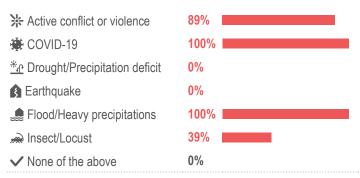
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 17% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	6%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	89%
No health facilities accessible	6% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 22 %	Almost none 0%
be 0 %	Small 78%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 17% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	67%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	33%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	67%
Employment (formal or informal)	100%
Small business	33%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **94%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 92% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 50% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	94%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	6% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	94%
2. Children with disabilities	65%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	94%
2. Healthcare	78%
3. Hygiene NFIs/sanitation services	67%

In 44% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	88%
2. Health	12%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	100%
2. Hawala agents	0%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

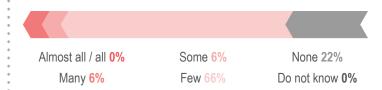
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	6% ■
Transitional shelter	94%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	94%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	67%
3. Cannot afford construction	61%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	39%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	6%	
Piped water - public	17%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	39%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

20 out of 99

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	5%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	5%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	5 %	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	5 %	0%
No incidents reported	85%	95%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 30% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **80%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

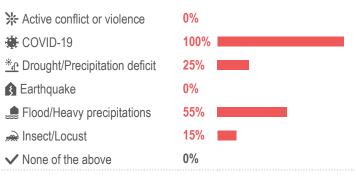
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- 2 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **15%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	75%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	10%
No health facilities accessible	15%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 80% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 50% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	10%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	90%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	20%
Employment (formal or informal)	5%
Small business	95%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 90% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	50%	
2. COVID-19	28%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	17%	

Impact on livestock

In 50% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	5% ■
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	95%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	90%
2. Healthcare	90%
3. Education	40%

In **5%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	90%
2. Hawala agents	10%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	85%
2. Overcrowding	65%
3. No insulation / heating	55%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 90%
Many 0%	Few 10%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	5% ■
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	65%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	30%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

21 out of 61

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection: 1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	100%	100%	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 71% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **62%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



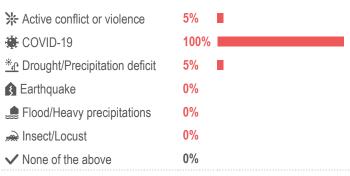
¹ Multiple options could be selected

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	43%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%	
Private hospital	5%	
Private clinic	19%	
No health facilities accessible	33%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

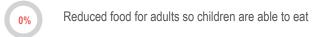
In **71%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

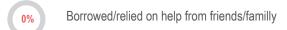
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 95 %	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 5%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²





ACCESS TO MARKET

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	86%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	14%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	86%
Livestock	0%
Employment (formal or informal)	95%
Small business	67%
Remittances	33%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	94%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	6%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3 ΝΔ	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	5%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	95%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	67%
3. Healthcare	57%

In **24%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

travel of the settlement: "2		
1. Mobile money agents	52%	
2. Hawala agents	33%	
3. None	14%	

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

•	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	5 %
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	95%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. No insulation / heating	62%
3. Cannot afford construction	57%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	76%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	10%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	14%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

31 out of 134

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †	
Assaulted with a weapon	61%	39%	52 %	
Forcibly detained	3%	0%	0%	
Forcebly recruited	0%	3%	0%	
Forced to work	65%	52 %	68%	
Hindered to move freely	65%	81%	61%	
Assaulted without a weapon	7%	0%	0%	
Verbally threatened or intimidated	87%	94%	77%	
No incidents reported	3%	3%	3%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

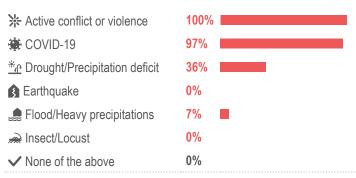
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. No facility available	97%
2. Too far or difficult to access	3% ■
3. NA	0%

¹ Multiple options could be selected.

REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **100%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	13%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	19%
No health facilities accessible	68%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **97%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 13%	Almost none 7%
be 0%	Small 80%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 84% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	77%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	23%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	10%
Small business	55%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **94%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	90%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	6% ■
3. COVID-19	3%

Impact on livestock

In 90% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	97%
2. COVID-19	3%
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	67%
2. COVID-19	33%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	42%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	58%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	46%	
2. Boys	31%	
3. Children from poorer households	31%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	94%
2. Healthcare	81%
3. Drinking water	52%

In 45% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Cash / Vouchers	29%
3. Health	7%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. None	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

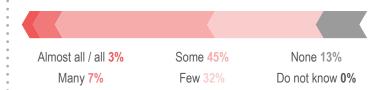
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	23%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	16%
Transitional shelter	61%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	77%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	74%
3. Overcrowding	52%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	68%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	16%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	7%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	10%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

36 out of 152

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	53%	3%	44%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	94%	33%	67%
Assaulted without a weapon	47%	3%	28%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	64%	75 %
No incidents reported	0%	33%	25%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 17% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

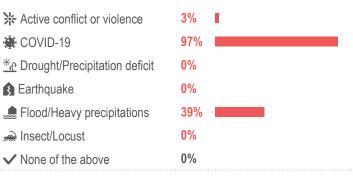
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **31%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	89%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	8%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	3%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 97%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 3%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	89%
Livestock	64%
Employment (formal or informal)	67%
Small business	69%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	62%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	34%	
3. Active conflict/violence	3%	I

Impact on livestock

In 57% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	85%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	15%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 96% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	31%
TV schooling	33%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	58%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. Children with disabilities	79%
3. Returnees/IDPs households	7%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	86%
2. Healthcare	83%
3. Livelihood support / employment	50%

In **92%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	97%
2. WASH	97%
3. Cash / Vouchers	42%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

traver or the settlement.	
1. None	67%
2. Hawala agents	31%
3. Mobile money agents	8%
, 0	

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	3%
Transitional shelter	97%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No separate space (women/girls)	89%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	89%
3. Unable to afford rent	83%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 89%
Many 0%	Few 11%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	3%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	97%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

36 out of 183

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	94%	44%	97%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	83%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	94%	100%	33%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **36**% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

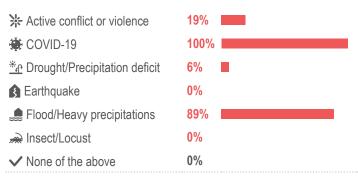
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **36%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	89%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	11%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **64%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 61%	Almost none 3%
be 0%	Small 36%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	97%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	72%
Remittances	25%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 33% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

2. Drought/precipitation deficit	17%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 26% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	80%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	20%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	3%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	61%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Children from poorer households	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	100%
2. Food	100%
3. Shelter / Housing	72%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. WASH	64%
3. Health	14%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. None	0%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	3%
Transitional shelter	97%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No separate space (women/girls)	92%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	72%
3. Cannot afford construction	58%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 14%	None 17%
Many 0%	Few 50%	Do not know 19%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	6%	•
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	36%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	50%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	3%	I
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	6%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

36 out of 159

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	14%	0%	6%
Forcibly detained	6%	0%	3%
Forcebly recruited	61%	3%	72 %
Forced to work	64%	3%	50%
Hindered to move freely	94%	11%	92%
Assaulted without a weapon	3%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	14%	6%	14%
No incidents reported	0%	83%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	3%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **6%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

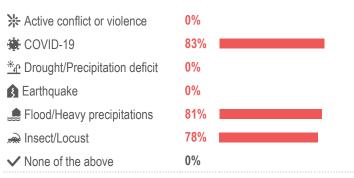
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. No facility available	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- 2 Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **8%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	42%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	58%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 89% Almost none 0% be 0% Small 11% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 81% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%

Prices too high 100%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	94%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 92% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	74%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	26%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 47% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	3%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	92%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	97%
2. Shelter / Housing	92%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	72%

In 28% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Health	20%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement-1,2

traver of the Settlement.	
1. Local business	75%
2. None	25%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

0%
0%
0%
0%
100%
0%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	94%
2. Substandard accommodation	72%
3. No insulation / heating	58%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	86%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	6%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	8%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

25 out of 139

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	52 %	56%	56%
Do not know/do not want to answer	48%	44%	44%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 4% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **64%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

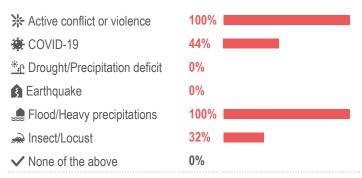
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- $^{\rm 2}$ Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **96%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	60%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%	
Private hospital	12%	
Private clinic	4%	
No health facilities accessible	24%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 0%	Almost none 0%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 100%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

7	0%	1
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₹.		

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 4% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	100%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	96%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	92%
Remittances	12%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 96% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	96%
2. Active conflict/violence	4%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	80%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	44%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	20%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children with disabilities	100%
2. Girls	100%
3. Children from poorer households	100%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	100%
2. Education	96%
3. Food	92%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

traver of the settlement.	
1. Hawala agents	60%
2. None	40%
3. Mobile money agents	12%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	4 %
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	96%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. No insulation / heating	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
3. Cannot afford construction	64%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 100%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	8%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	92%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

19 out of 127

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	90%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	16%	5 %	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	11%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	95%	16%	0%
No incidents reported	0%	11%	42%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	74%	58%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 95% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	0%
♦ COVID-19	0%
* Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
♣ Flood/Heavy precipitations	100%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

%→ IDPs	0%	% > Returnees	0%
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す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	47%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	5%
Private clinic	47%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
2. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	75%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	50%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

		•
The worst it can	Bad 79 %	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 21%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
0%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	53%
Livestock	26%
Employment (formal or informal)	42%
Small business	100%
Remittances	37%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 90% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%	
2. NA	0%	
3. NA	0%	

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%	
2. NA	0%	
3. NA	0%	

E Impact on employment

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	95%
TV schooling	32%
Community-based schooling	11%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	21%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. Children with disabilities	90%
3. Children from poorer households	32%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	95%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	58%
3. Information regarding risks	37%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. None	0%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	5%	I .
Transitional shelter	90%	
Permanent shelter	5%	I .
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	84%
2. Cannot afford construction	79%
3. Substandard accommodation	79%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 5%	None 79 %
Many 0%	Few 16%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	90%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	11%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

29 out of 154

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	14%	0%	3%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	3%	14%	3%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	14%	0%	10%
No incidents reported	83%	83%	86%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	3%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 52% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **76%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

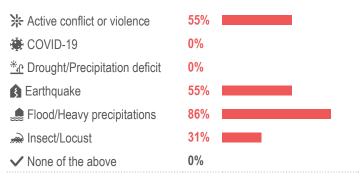
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **93%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	17%
Private hospital	7%
Private clinic	59%
No health facilities accessible	17%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 69% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can be 38%	Bad 62% Small 0%	Almost none 0% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 93% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	4%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	48%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	41%	
Prices too high	7%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	28%	_
Livestock	45%	
Employment (formal or informal)	59%	
Small business	93%	
Remittances	21%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Earthquake	43%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	43%	
3. Insect / locust	14%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Earthquake	54%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	38%	
3. Insect / locust	8%	

E Impact on employment

In 94% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Earthquake	35%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	29%
3. Active conflict/violence	24%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	17%	
TV schooling	21%	
Community-based schooling	3%	I
Online classes	76%	
Distribution of material remotely	76%	
Not aware	10%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Returnees/IDPs households	88%	
2. Girls	88%	
3. Children from poorer households	77%	

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Shelter / Housing	76%
2. Livelihood support / employment	52%
3. Food	48%

In 21% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. WASH	50%
3. Health	33%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

traver of the settlement.	
1. None	55%
2. No answer	45%
3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	3%
Collective center	66%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	31%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	97%
2. Unable to afford rent	79%
3. Substandard accommodation	66%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 10%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 90%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	3%	I
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	3%	1
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	31%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	35%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	28%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

35 out of 187

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	63%	31%	20%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	69%
Hindered to move freely	94%	43%	26%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	34%	100%	80%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

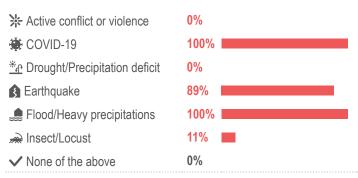
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	100%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	90%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	40%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	40%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 91%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 9%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	97%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	94%
Remittances	3%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	100%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	97%
2. Drinking water	86%
3. Information regarding risks	86%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Shelter or NFI	100%
2. Food	100%
3. Health	3%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. Local business	43%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	3%
Open space/makeshift shelter	3%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	94%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. No insulation / heating	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
3. No separate space (women/girls)	69%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 26%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 74%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	100%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

12 out of 60

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	92%	100%	100%
Forcibly detained	33%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	17%	0%	8%
Hindered to move freely	25%	17%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	8%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	92%	92%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **58%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

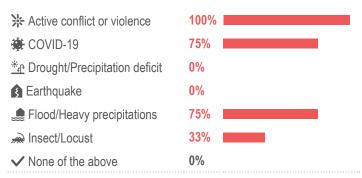
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **33%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	42%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	50%
No health facilities accessible	8%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	100%
2. COVID-19 disruption	100%
3. Cost too high	42%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **0%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 33 %	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 67%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat
8%	Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	83%
Employment (formal or informal)	67%
Small business	8%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 67% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	75%
2. Active conflict/violence	8%
3. COVID-19	8%

Impact on livestock

In 60% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	33%
2 . COVID-19	33%
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	22%

m Impact on employment

In **88%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	75%
2. Active conflict/violence	25%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	83%
TV schooling	8%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	17%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	100%
2. Girls	10%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	83%
2. Livelihood support / employment	58%
3. Healthcare	50%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

V. 147	
3. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
1. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

 Hawala agents None Mobile money agents 0% 		
	1. Hawala agents	58%
3. Mobile money agents 0%	2. None	42%
	3. Mobile money agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Overcrowding	83%
2. Cannot afford construction	75%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	67%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 8%	Some 17%	None 25%
Many 0%	Few 50%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	100%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

49 out of 239

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	27%	10%	2%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	4%	6%	4%
Forced to work	6%	6%	6%
Hindered to move freely	43%	65 %	65%
Assaulted without a weapon	8%	6%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	90%	78 %	82%
No incidents reported	8%	6%	6%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **76%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that **women and children avoid due to security reason**.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 8% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not have** access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

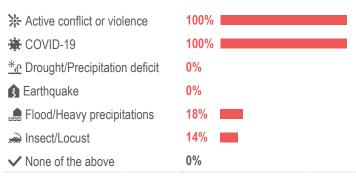
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **0%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

パ→ IDPs	0%	ゟ゚゙ Returnees	0%

す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	67%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	18%	
Private hospital	12%	
Private clinic	2%	I
No health facilities accessible	0%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
2. Cost too high	96%
3. No transport/price transport	59%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **78%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 16%	Almost none 2%
be 0%	Small 82%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 61% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	93%	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	3%	I
Roads too dangerous (physical)	3%	I .
Prices too high	0%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

·	
Farming	100%
Livestock	82%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	49%
Remittances	4%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	67%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	16%	
3. Insect / locust	14%	

™ Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	50%	
2. Active conflict/violence	30%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	18%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	98%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	61%
2. Healthcare	61%
3. Food	61%

In **94%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Health	65%
3. WASH	11%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents2. None3. Local business41%	traver or the settlement.	
	1. Hawala agents	59%
3. Local business 2%	2. None	41%
	3. Local business	2%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

2%
0%
0%
0%
96%
2%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. No insulation / heating	96%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	69%
3. Substandard accommodation	43%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 2%	None 94%
Many 0%	Few 4%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	71%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	14%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	14%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

28 out of 151

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	36%	0%	29%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	4%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	68%	0%	39%
No incidents reported	32%	100%	61%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

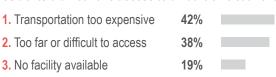
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **93%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



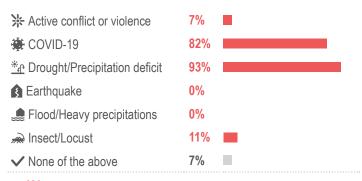
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 4% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	100%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	100%
2. Unsafe travelling/being at facility	93%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	57%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 86% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 75%	Almost none 7%
be 0%	Small 18%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 93% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	35%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	62%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	4% ■

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

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Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	21%
Livestock	96%
Employment (formal or informal)	11%
Small business	82%
Remittances	89%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 67% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	85%
2. Active conflict/violence	7%
3. None	7%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	75%
2. Livelihood support / employment	71%
3. Education	61%

In 100% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	100%
2. Banks/Formal money transfer	0%
3. Other	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	68%	
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	21%	
Transitional shelter	4%	I .
Permanent shelter	7%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Overcrowding	96%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	79%
3. Cannot afford construction	64%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 100%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	100%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

48 out of 113

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	25%	2%	2%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	0%	0%
No incidents reported	75%	98%	98%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 6% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

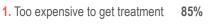
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **85%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



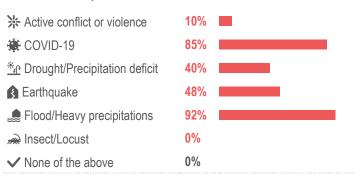
2. Too far or difficult to access 12%

3. No health worker available 2%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 10% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	10%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	71%
Private hospital	19%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **56%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 17% Almost none 2% be 0% Small 81% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **94%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 2%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 58%

Prices too high 40%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	17%
Small business	52%
Remittances	13%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **68%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	59%
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	41%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 96% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	48%	
2. Drought/precipitation deficit	45%	
3. Earthquake	7%	

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	88%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	12%
3. NA	0%

² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	92%
TV schooling	52%
Community-based schooling	38%
Online classes	13%
Distribution of material remotely	69%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. Boys	100%
3. Children with disabilities	2%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Shelter / Housing	100%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	90%
3. Healthcare	46%

In 0% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA 2. NA	0% 0%
3. NA	0%
J. IVA	0 70

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Mobile money agents	98%
2. Hawala agents	81%
3. Local business	46%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- $^{\rm 4}$ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	88%
Collective center	13%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Substandard accommodation	77%
2. Unable to afford rent	77%
3. Overcrowding	44%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	38%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	2%	L
Water trucking/tankering	19%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	38%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	2%	I
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	2%	1

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







Takhar Dasht-e-Qala

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of assessed settlements:

22 out of 76

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	96%	5%	36%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	50%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	100%	100%	100%
Assaulted without a weapon	64%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 27% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

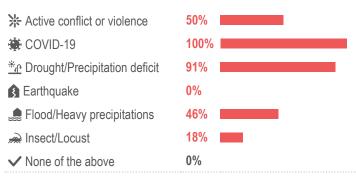
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **100%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	55%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	46%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 82 %	Almost none 0%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 18%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 41% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	67%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	33%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	96%	
Livestock	91%	
Employment (formal or informal)	5%	1
Small business	32%	
Remittances	77%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Impact on farming

In **95%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	57%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	33%	
3. Insect / locust	10%	

Impact on livestock

In 90% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	78%
2. Active conflict/violence	11%
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	11%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	100%
0 NA	00/
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	91%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	9%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Minority ethnic groups	55%
2. None	45%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Healthcare	68%
3. Livelihood support / employment	36%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. Local business	86%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%	
Open space/makeshift shelter	5%	•
Collective center	0%	
Unfinished shelter	77%	
Transitional shelter	5%	1
Permanent shelter	14%	
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	82%
2. No insulation / heating	73%
3. Cannot afford construction	64%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 86%
Many 0%	Few 14%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	9%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	91%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

35 out of 177

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	11%	6%	6%
Forcibly detained	3%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	20%	31%	6%
Assaulted without a weapon	6%	3%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	49%	14%	9%
No incidents reported	43%	60%	83%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 54% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 14% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

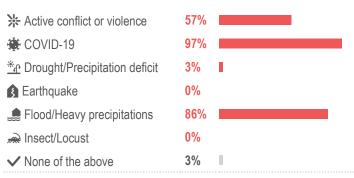
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

* EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **65%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	6%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	91%	
Private hospital	3%	I
Private clinic	0%	
No health facilities accessible	0%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	100%
2. No transport/price transport	88%
3. Problems with documentation	62%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 31% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 11%	Almost none 6%
be 0%	Small 83%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

1	0%	1
V		

Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	37%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **91%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	79%
2. Active conflict/violence	21%
3. NA	0%

™ Impact on livestock

In 71% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	58%
2. Active conflict/violence	42%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:

1. Seed or other agricultural input	97%
2. Food	97%
3. Livelihood support / employment	57%

In 3% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents	94%
2. Local business	83%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- $^{\rm 4}$ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

•	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	49%	
2. No shelter priority concern	43%	
3. No insulation / heating	29%	

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 97%
Many 0%	Few 3%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	17%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	3%	I .
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	9%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	69%	
Piped water - public	3%	1
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

25 out of 113

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	68%	76%	80%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	4%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	76 %	72 %	80%
Assaulted without a weapon	88%	76 %	68%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

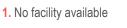
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **92%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



70%

2. Too expensive to get treatment

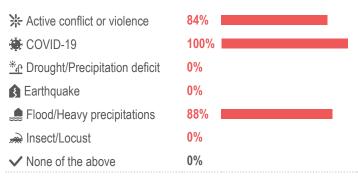
22%

3. Inaccessible (COVID-19)

9%

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **88%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	4%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	76%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	20%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 100%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 0%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **64%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	13%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	56%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	31%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	92%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	72%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 92% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	60%
2. Active conflict/violence	40%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 87% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	90%	
2 . COVID-19	5%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	5%	

m Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	100%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	0%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	92%
2. Minority ethnic groups	8%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Drinking water	92%
2. Healthcare	88%
3. Food	76%

In 8% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Health	100%
2. WASH	50%
3. Food	50%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Hawala agents	88%
2. Local business	68%
3. No answer	0%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

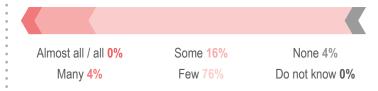
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	0%
Permanent shelter	100%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	80%
3. Overcrowding	12%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	64%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	8%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	12%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	16%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

50 out of 244

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	6%	0%	2%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	6%	0%	16%
Hindered to move freely	16%	26%	8%
Assaulted without a weapon	6%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	34%	22%	22%
No incidents reported	64%	62%	66%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **76%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that **women and children avoid due to security reason**.

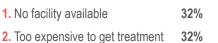
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In **38%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



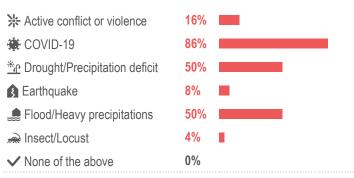
3. Too far or difficult to access 32%

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **74%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	34%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	62%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	4% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
2. Cost too high	95%
3. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	90%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **52%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 54% Almost none 4% be 0% Small 42% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 18% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 56%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 44%

Prices too high 0%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	88%
Employment (formal or informal)	18%
Small business	26%
Remittances	20%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **78%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	50%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	40%	
3. Active conflict/violence	6%	

Impact on livestock

In 80% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	52%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	36%	
3. Active conflict/violence	10%	

E Impact on employment

In **78%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	67%	
2. Active conflict/violence	22%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	11%	



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	0%
TV schooling	20%
Community-based schooling	52%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	28%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Children with disabilities	81%
2. Returnees/IDPs households	22%
3. Children from poorer households	22%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	94%
2. Healthcare	78%
3. Drinking water	66%

In 62% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	81%
2. Health	48%
3. WASH	48%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Local business	92%
2. Hawala agents	28%
3. None	4%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

0%
0%
0%
30%
2%
68%
0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Overcrowding	92%
2. No separate space (women/girls)	64%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	50%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 18%	None 14%
Many 0%	Few 68%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	42%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	6%	
Water trucking/tankering	6%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	2%	I
Handpump (pumped well) - public	16%	
Piped water - public	24%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	4%	1

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

18 out of 93

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	39%	0%	33%
Forcibly detained	67%	0%	28%
Forcebly recruited	78%	0%	72 %
Forced to work	83%	0%	11%
Hindered to move freely	78 %	11%	28%
Assaulted without a weapon	72 %	0%	11%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	22%	89%
No incidents reported	0%	39%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	39%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 100% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

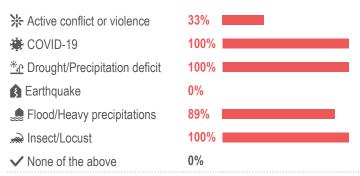
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³

1. Inaccessible (COVID-19)	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **94%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Insufficient female medical staff	100%
2. COVID-19 in facility/stigma	71%
3. Cost too high	68%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 94% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can Bad 89% Almost none 0% be 0% Small 11% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 83% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 0%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 0%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%

Prices too high 7%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 93%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	6%
Small business	89%
Remittances	6%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **94%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	83%
2. Insect / locust	17%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 94% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Drought/precipitation deficit	94%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	6%
3. NA	0%
	0,70

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%
J. IVA	0 /0



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	94%
TV schooling	94%
Community-based schooling	22%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	6% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. None	76%
2. Children with disabilities	18%
3. Girls	18%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Education	94%
2. Healthcare	67%
3. Drinking water	39%

In 50% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Shelter or NFI	100%
2. Food	78%
3. Protection	67%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

traver of the settlement.	
1. Hawala agents	61%
2. None	33%
3. No answer	6% ■

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	11%
Transitional shelter	89%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	83%
2. Overcrowding	61%
3. Substandard accommodation	50%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 39 %	None 0%
Many 50%	Few 11%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	11%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	17%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	72%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

9 out of 64

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	11%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	78%	0%	33%
Hindered to move freely	56 %	56 %	89%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	0%	22%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	44%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 67% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **78%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	33%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	0%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	67%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

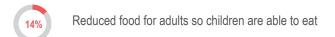
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

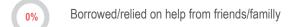
The worst it can Bad 67% Almost none 22% be 0% Small 11% Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

NA% Send a family member abroad to work





ACCESS TO MARKET

In 44% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available 75%

Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG) 25%

Roads too dangerous (physical) 0%

Prices too high 0%

Due to COVID-19 lockdown 0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	11%
Small business	67%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	44%	
2. Active conflict/violence	33%	
3. COVID-19	22%	

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

89%
11%
0%

E Impact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

D. "	
Radio	22%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	11%
Not aware	67%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. Boys	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	100%
2. Protection	100%
3. Healthcare	56%

In 89% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Hawala agents	100%
2. Other	0%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	89%
2. Leaks during light or heavy rain	89%
3. Overcrowding	56%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 100%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 0%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	0%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	11%	
Piped water - public	11%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	78%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

25 out of 106

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	76%	48%	20%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	0%	0%	4%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	56%	52 %	84%
No incidents reported	4%	8%	8%
Do not know/do not want to answer	4%	12%	4%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 80% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **72%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

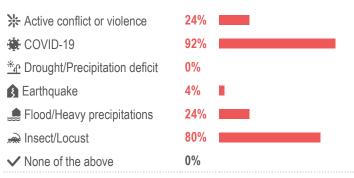
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

A EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **36%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	12%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	16%	
Private hospital	4%	1
Private clinic	48%	
No health facilities accessible	16%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 88% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

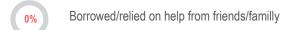
% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

The worst it can	Bad 80%	Almost none 0%
be 0%	Small 20%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:2

0%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



🚄 ACCESS TO MARKET

In 8% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	50%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	50%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3

Farming	96%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	16%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 21% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Insect / locust	71%	
2. Active conflict/violence	12%	
3. COVID-19	8%	

Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:5

1. Insect / locust	68%	
2. Active conflict/violence	14%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	14%	

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	96%
2. Healthcare	96%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	72%

In 8% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

1. None	60%
2. Hawala agents	40%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

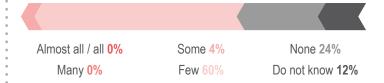
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	4% ■
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	96%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	92%
2. Substandard accommodation	36%
3. No insulation / heating	16%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	12%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	8%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	40%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	4%	1
Piped water - public	4%	1
Spring, well or kariz - protected	32%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

29 out of 175

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	35%	17%	10%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	17%	0%	3%
Hindered to move freely	10%	3%	7 %
Assaulted without a weapon	17%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	52 %	28%	48%
No incidents reported	45%	48%	48%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	14%	3%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 45% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

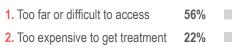
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **62%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

17%

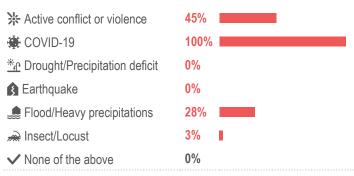
³ Top three answer reported.

3. No facility available

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 17% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	3%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	55%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	17%
No health facilities accessible	24%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **52%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 66%	Almost none 7%
be 21%	Small 6%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 24% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	90%
Employment (formal or informal)	10%
Small business	10%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 62% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	41%
2. Active conflict/violence	38%
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	21%

Impact on livestock

In 73% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	47%	
2. Active conflict/violence	26%	
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	26%	

mpact on employment

In 33% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

Radio	3%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	97%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• 70

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	76%
2. Seed or other agricultural input	55%
3. Healthcare	45%

In 69% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement-1,2

travel of the settlement:		
1. Hawala agents	45%	
2. None	41%	
3. Local business	14%	

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

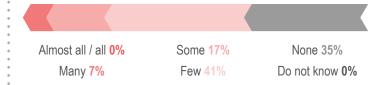
% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	69%
2. Substandard accommodation	59%
3. Overcrowding	45%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	14%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	14%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	3%	I .
Spring, well or kariz - protected	69%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

33 out of 135

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	97%	0%	39%
Forcibly detained	64%	0%	15%
Forcebly recruited	9%	0%	3%
Forced to work	33%	0%	70%
Hindered to move freely	0%	100%	21%
Assaulted without a weapon	94%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	6%	97%	94%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 61% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

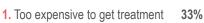
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **91%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



2. No health worker available 30%

3. Too far or difficult to access 2

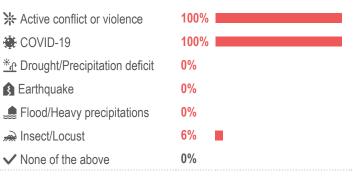
27%

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **24%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	18%	
Private hospital	9%	
Private clinic	9%	
No health facilities accessible	64%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In **94%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were **not able to access enough food**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can be 0%	Bad 97% Small 3%	Almost none 0% Do not know 0%
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Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In **94%** of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents **did not** have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	97%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	3%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	88%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	97%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	91%
2. Active conflict/violence	9%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. COVID-19	90%
2. Active conflict/violence	10%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%	
2. NA	0%	
3. NA	0%	



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Food	97%
2. Education	82%
3. Healthcare	64%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	94%
2. No answer	6%
3. Hawala agents	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	100%
2. Substandard accommodation	82%
3. Unable to afford rent	67%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 3%	None 0%
Many 0%	Few 97%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	46%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	39%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	15%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:





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of assessed settlements:

42 out of 226

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	93%	2%	31%
Forcibly detained	0%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	41%	0%	5%
Assaulted without a weapon	81%	0%	17%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	100%	86%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	14%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **76%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

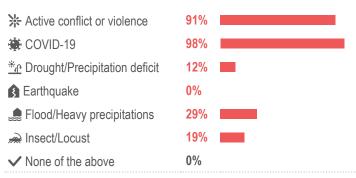
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

K EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **79%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	29%	
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	5%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	45%	
No health facilities accessible	21%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 24% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 10%	Almost none 19%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 71%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat

0% Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 67% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	21%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	71%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	7%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	98%
Employment (formal or informal)	19%
Small business	5% ■
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	74%	
2. Insect / locust	14%	
3. Drought/precipitation deficit	5%	

Impact on livestock

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 88% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	71%
2. Active conflict/violence	29%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

Uruzgan Tirinkot

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EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:1

ı

Radio	2%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	98%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Boys	100%
2. Girls	100%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Protection	90%
2. Food	74%
3. Shelter / Housing	69%

In 71% of assessed settlements KIs reported that at least one resident had received assistance, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. Shelter or NFI	3%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1,2

1. Local business	100%
2. Hawala agents	29%
3. Banks/Formal money transfer	14%

- Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:3,4

2%	L
0%	
0%	
0%	
98%	
0%	
0%	
	0% 0% 0% 98%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1

1. Substandard accommodation	88%
2. Overcrowding	76%
3. Unable to afford rent	64%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 10%	None 2%
Many 0%	Few 88%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:5

Surface water	12%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	26%	
Water trucking/tankering	2%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - private	2%	1
Handpump (pumped well) - public	24%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	33%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









Zabul **Arghandab**

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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 166

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1,2

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	83%	0%	92%
Forcibly detained	8%	0%	0%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	4%
Forced to work	4%	0%	0%
Hindered to move freely	8%	0%	0%
Assaulted without a weapon	79%	0%	21%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	58%	0%	83%
No incidents reported	0%	4%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	96%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



NUTRITION

In 58% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:3



2. Too far or difficult to access 43%

3. No health worker available

¹ Multiple options could be selected.

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster

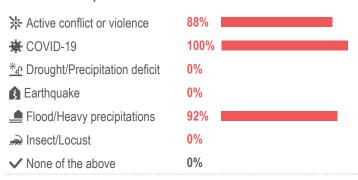
3 Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

7%

♂ EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:1



In 0% of assessed settlements, at least some households had reportedly displaced due to an event or shock.4

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



් HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	4%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	88%
No health facilities accessible	8%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:3



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.4



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 96% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 88%	Almost none 0%
be <mark>0%</mark>	Small 12%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 38% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	11%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	89%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	83%
Employment (formal or informal)	4%
Small business	92%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	88%
2. Active conflict/violence	12%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3 NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Shelter / Housing	71%
2. Livelihood support / employment	62%
3. Food	58%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

3. NA	0%	
2. NA	0%	
1. NA	0%	

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

 Mobile money agents Other Local business 17% 	travor or the cottlement	
	1. Mobile money agents	58%
3. Local business 17%	2. Other	25%
	3. Local business	17%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

·	
Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	96%
2. Substandard accommodation	75%
3. Cannot afford construction	58%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 67%	None 0%
Many 8%	Few 25%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	46%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	50%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	4%	1

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

24 out of 116

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	25%	0%	0%
Forcibly detained	4%	4%	4%
Forcebly recruited	0%	0%	0%
Forced to work	0%	0%	8%
Hindered to move freely	29%	4%	8%
Assaulted without a weapon	13%	4%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	17%	4%	4%
No incidents reported	25%	67%	58%
Do not know/do not want to answer	4%	17%	17%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 13% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **83%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

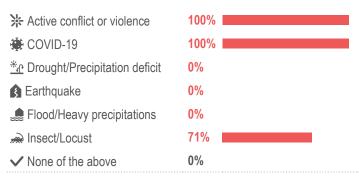
% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **29%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	13%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	46%
No health facilities accessible	42%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported most residents did not have access to medicine, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



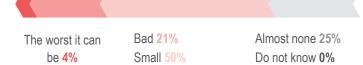
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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 88% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 13% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	67%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	33%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	38%
Small business	25%
Remittances	25%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **71%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Insect / locust	67%
2. Active conflict/violence	33%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 8% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In **78%** of assessed settlements, **at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work,** in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. COVID-19	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2 . NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Seed or other agricultural input	71%
2. Education	67%
3. Shelter / Housing	67%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement:1.2

67%
25%
8%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Cannot afford construction	96%
2. Substandard accommodation	25%
3. Leaks during light or heavy rain	8%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

4			
	Almost all / all 0%	Some 8%	None 71%
	Many 0%	Few 21%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	58%	
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	13%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%	
Piped water - public	0%	
Spring, well or kariz - protected	29%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

27 out of 195

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	0%	100%	100%
Forcibly detained	100%	96%	100%
Forcebly recruited	15%	11%	89%
Forced to work	37%	11%	96%
Hindered to move freely	22%	85%	89%
Assaulted without a weapon	100%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	0%	100%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 96% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In 19% of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.
- ³ Top three answer reported.
- ⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

F EVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

* Active conflict or violence	11%
♦ COVID-19	100%
** Drought/Precipitation deficit	0%
Earthquake	0%
Flood/Heavy precipitations	100%
→ Insect/Locust	0%
✓ None of the above	0%

In **96%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	96%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	4% ■

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³

1. Cost too high	93%
2. Insufficient female medical staff	73%
3. COVID-19 disruption	33%

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported most residents did not have access to medicine, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 74 %	Almost none 0%
be 0 %	Small 26%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²

0%	Send a family member abroad to work
0%	Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat

0% Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 15% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	100%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which Kls reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan Karan Kanan Kanan

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	96%
Employment (formal or informal)	0%
Small business	100%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	70%
2. COVID-19	30%
3. NA	0%

Impact on livestock

In 35% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Flood/heavy precipitations	67%
2. COVID-19	33%
3. NA	0%

E Impact on employment

In 0% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	100%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	100%
2. Food	93%
3. Seed or other agricultural input	48%

In **0%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	100%
2. No answer	0%
3. None	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	100%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	100%
2. No insulation / heating	96%
3. Substandard accommodation	48%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 0%	None 7%
Many 0%	Few 93%	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	56%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	44%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









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of assessed settlements:

15 out of 127

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	67%	80%	60%
Forcibly detained	7%	27%	7%
Forcebly recruited	27%	20%	20%
Forced to work	73%	27%	60%
Hindered to move freely	47%	67%	33%
Assaulted without a weapon	0%	0%	0%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	93%	93%	100%
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

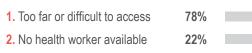
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **60%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



¹ Multiple options could be selected.

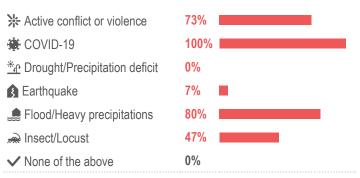
0%

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REVENT/SHOCK & DISPLACEMENT

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **100%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	0%
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	53%
Private hospital	0%
Private clinic	0%
No health facilities accessible	47%

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported most residents did not have access to medicine, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



3. NA

² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it can	Bad 87 %	Almost none 0%
	-	
be 7%	Small 6%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 0% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	0%
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	0%
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%
Prices too high	0%
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	100%
Livestock	100%
Employment (formal or informal)	7%
Small business	87%
Remittances	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	60%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	20%	
3. Insect / locust	13%	

Impact on livestock

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	47%	
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	27%	
3. COVID-19	20%	

mpact on employment

In 100% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	100%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%
J. 14/4	070



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	80%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	20%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:1,2

1. Girls	42%	
2. Children from poorer households	42%	
3. Returnees/IDPs households	8%	=

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	100%
2. Education	93%
3. Information regarding risks	67%

In **7%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Shelter or NFI	100%
2. Protection	100%
3. NA	0%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. Local business	100%
2. Hawala agents	0%
3. No answer	0%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	7 % ■
Collective center	0%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	93%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	87%
2. Cannot afford construction	73%
3. Overcrowding	33%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 33%	None 0%
Many 13%	Few 54 %	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	33%
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	53%
Water trucking/tankering	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%
Handpump (pumped well) - public	0%
Piped water - public	0%
Spring, well or kariz - protected	13%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:







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of assessed settlements:

52 out of 223

PROTECTION

% of assessed settlements by reported protection incident that have affected men, women, and children, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{1,2}

	Ť	*	† †
Assaulted with a weapon	42%	39%	58%
Forcibly detained	19%	33%	23%
Forcebly recruited	19%	15 %	23%
Forced to work	21%	35%	23%
Hindered to move freely	56%	48%	56 %
Assaulted without a weapon	23%	21%	12%
Verbally threatened or intimidated	71%	60%	50 %
No incidents reported	0%	0%	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%	0%	0%

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the presence of explosives hazards in or within 5km of the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In 50% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the presence of areas in and around the settlement that women and children avoid due to security reason.

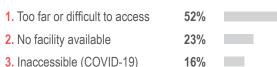
% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported that at least one girl got married under the age of 16, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



MUTRITION

In **60%** of assessed settlements, KI reported most residents did **not** have access to a nutrition treatment services, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier to access nutrition treatment services in those settlements where most residents did not have access to a nutrition treatment service:³



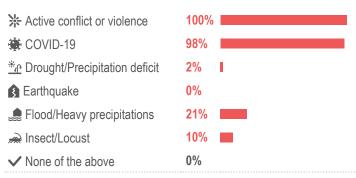
¹ Multiple options could be selected.

³ Top three answer reported.

⁴ In those settlements reportedly impacted by conflict and/or natural disaster in the 3 months prior to data collection, see displacement & shock section.

REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

% of assessed settlements reportedly impacted by event or shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



In **50%** of assessed settlements, **at least some households** had reportedly **displaced** due to an event or shock.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which at least one member from the following population groups had reportedly arrived, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



す HEALTH

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported an accessible comprehensive health center in or close to the settlement, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of health care facility:

Public hospital	2%	I
Public clinic (BHC, CHC)	42%	
Private hospital	0%	
Private clinic	10%	
No health facilities accessible	46%	

% of assessed settlements by reported main barrier encountered by residents when attempting to access health services in those settlements where a health facility was reported accessible:³



In 100% of assessed settlements, KIs reported the health facility used by most residents had been closed or damaged due to an event/ shock, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported most residents did not have access to medicine, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



² Options highlighted in red are considered extreme protection incidents by the protection cluster.

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FOOD SECURITY AND AGRICULTURE

In 15% of assessed settlements, KIs reported that most residents were not able to access enough food, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported level of hunger for most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

The worst it son	Bad 39 %	Almost none 2%
The worst it can		
be 10 %	Small 49%	Do not know 0%

Coping strategies

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported half or more than half of the households using coping strategies when food or money to buy food was not available, in the 3 months prior to data collection:²



Send a family member abroad to work



Reduced food for adults so children are able to eat



Borrowed/relied on help from friends/familly

ACCESS TO MARKET

In 39% of assessed settlements, KIs reported most residents did not have access to a market within 1 hour walk, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

% of assessed settlements by reported main reason most residents did not have access to a market, in those settlements where no market access was reported, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Too far/no transport available	5%	
100 lai/110 transport available	J /0	
Roads too dangerous (conflict/AoG)	60%	
Roads too dangerous (physical)	0%	
Prices too high	30%	
Due to COVID-19 lockdown	5%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the price of staple food (floor, eggs, fruits, vegetables) increased, in the 3 months prior to data collection:



¹ Almost none: almost no hunger; small: hunger is small, strategies are available to cope with the reduced access to food; bad: hunger is bad, limited options to cope with the reduced access to food. Multiple options could be selected.

LIVELIHOOD

Top 3 reported main sources of income in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:³

Farming	94%
Livestock	98%
Employment (formal or informal)	52%
Small business	40%
Remittances	2%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Impact on farming

In **94%** of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a change of half or more than half of the production, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change of production, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	87%
2. Insect / locust	11%
3. Flood/heavy precipitations	2%

™ Impact on livestock

In 65% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in number of livestock owned, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported the main reason for households experiencing a change in livestock, in those settlements reporting at least one household with a change:⁵

1. Active conflict/violence	97%
2. Flood/heavy precipitations	3% ■
3. NA	0%

mpact on employment

In 89% of assessed settlements, at least one household experienced a large change in availability of work, in the 3 months prior to data collection.⁴

1. Active conflict/violence	52%
2. COVID-19	48%
3. NA	0%



² In those settlements reporting at least one person using one of the coping strategies.

³ Multiple options could be selected.

⁴ In those settlements reporting farming, livestock or employment as one of the three income source in the settlement.

⁵ Top three answer reported.

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E EDUCATION IN EMERGENCY

% of assessed settlements in which KIs were aware of educational activities that continued remotely while schools were closed due to the COVID-19 outbreak, in the 3 months prior to data collection, by type of activities:

Radio	0%
TV schooling	0%
Community-based schooling	0%
Online classes	0%
Distribution of material remotely	0%
Not aware	98%

% of assessed settlements by reported main group of children that had less access to learning activities, in those settlements where KIs were aware of remote learning activities:^{1,2}

1. NA	0%
2. NA	0%
3. NA	0%

ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPULATION

Top 3 reported priority needs for most residents in assessed settlements:1

1. Healthcare	67%
2. Protection	62%
3. Information regarding risks	36%

In **4%** of assessed settlements KIs reported that **at least one resident had received assistance**, in the 3 months prior to data collection.

Top 3 reported assistance types received in those settlements receiving assistance:1

1. Food	100%
2. WASH	100%
3. Protection	50%

% of assessed settlements by main reported functional money transfer service which deliver cash available in or within 30 minutes travel of the settlement: 1,2

1. None	73%
2. Hawala agents	19%
3. Local business	8%

- ¹ Multiple options could be selected.
- ² Top three answer reported.
- ³ Transitional shelter defined as an adobe, rammed or cob type house. Permanent shelter defined as a burnt or concrete house.
- ⁴ Options highlighted in red considered inadequate shelters by the ESNFI cluster.
- ⁵ Options highlighted in red considered unimproved water sources by the WASH cluster.

SHELTER

% of assessed settlements by reported main shelter type used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:^{3,4}

Emergency shelter (tents)	0%
Open space/makeshift shelter	0%
Collective center	2%
Unfinished shelter	0%
Transitional shelter	98%
Permanent shelter	0%
Do not know/do not want to answer	0%

Top 3 reported concerns regarding shelter for most residents in assessed settlements, in the 3 months prior to data collection:¹

1. Leaks during light or heavy rain	81%
2. Overcrowding	54%
3. Cannot afford construction	46%

% of assessed settlements by proportion of repaired shelter that had been destroyed or severely damaged, in the 3 months prior to data collection:

Almost all / all 0%	Some 21%	None 6%
Many 0%	Few 73 %	Do not know 0%

WATER, HYGIENE & SANITATION

% of assessed settlements by reported main water source used by most residents, in the 3 months prior to data collection:⁵

Surface water	2%	L
Spring, well or kariz - unprotected	65%	
Water trucking/tankering	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - private	0%	
Handpump (pumped well) - public	15%	
Piped water - public	2%	1
Spring, well or kariz - protected	15%	

% of assessed settlements in which KIs reported soap as not commonly available in the market, in the 3 months prior to data collection:









ANNEX 1: DIMENSIONS OF LOW ACCESSIBILITY

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In 2019, the Humanitarian Access Group (HAG) led a coordinated effort to establish a comprehensive list of Afghanistan's HTR districts, updated every 6 months. To this end, they rated each district according to three inaccessibility factors: (1) physical constraints, (2) conflict intensity and conflict spread, and (3) complexity of actors. Based on those dimensions, HTR districts are areas that humanitarian actors struggle to access and provide assistance to, due to (1) their remoteness and poor infrastructure, (2) on-going armed clashes, and/or (3) the presence of one or multiple armed actors that actively limits access to areas under their control. The weighted indicators used to determine the inaccessibility score of every district of Afghanistan are listed below.

Indicators	Weight
Physical Constraints:	15%
Average number of hours to reach district center	50%
Phone coverage	20%
Distance to airport	30%
Conflict Intensity and spread:	35%
Conflict intensity	75%
# Kinetic Incidents (by political actors)	25%
# Deaths Conflict actors (0.25%) Civilian causality (0.75%)	40%
# Airstrikes/IDF incidents	10%
# IED/UXO incidents (detonations and discoveries)	10%
Active/Disputed Control	15%
Conflict spread - Scope of populated areas affected by conflict	25%
Stakeholder Complexity:	50%
Presence of IS-K	25%
% NSAG Control	25%
# Times DAC fell from GOA control	15%
Access by female staff	20%
Access by staff	15%

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ANNEX 2: LINKS TO RESSOURCES

Hard-to-Reach Monitoring Assessment Ressources

General

Terms of reference

Maps

Basic services district level maps (Central / South-East)

Basic services district level maps (East)

Basic services district level maps (West)

Basic services district level maps (North / North-East)

Basic services district level maps (South)

Round 1 (August / September 2019)

Dataset

District-level Factsheet (English)

District-level Factsheet (Dari)

District-level Factsheet (Pashto)

Round 2 (January/ February 2020)

Dataset

Nation-wide level Factsheet (English)

District-level Factsheet (English)

Round 3 (July/ August 2020)

Dataset

Tabulated Analysis (Overall and district-level)

Impact of COVID-19 on Hard-to-Reach Districts Factsheet (English)