### **Ukraine's Winterisation 2024/25**

#### **Cold spot assessment**

Findings from REACH assessments June 2024



### Context & rationale

- ➤ The full-scale war has resulted in a significant level of damage to housing infrastructure.
- The war has also damaged electricity, gas and heat supply facilities, with a large concentration of the damage on the front line and border areas.
- ➤ As of June 2024, Ukraine has lost 50% of its electricity generation capacity, compared to pre-war levels, and the situation is expected to worsen before winter (<u>Ukrinform</u>).
- Elevated humanitarian needs and socio-economic challenges, exacerbated by recent frontline developments and new waves of displacement (<u>e.g. Sumska</u>).



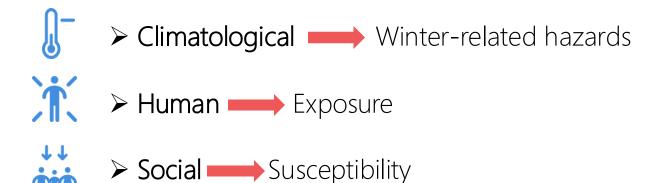
REACH aims to support winterization response planning by identifying "cold spots", areas where winterrelated hazards intersect with socio-economic vulnerabilities and lack of coping capacities (LOCC), with a focus on damaged energy infrastructure

# Key findings

- The 2024/25 Cold Spot Index (CSI) identified Kharkivskyi, Bohodukhivskyi and Chuhuivskyi (Kharkivska oblast) and Sumskyi (Sumska oblast) as the raions with the highest winter-related risks.
- These results are based on a combination of severe winter conditions, high levels of vulnerability (presence of internally displaced persons (IDPs) and elderly populations), and conflict-related damage.
- Conflict-related damage has impacted Ukraine's energy infrastructure, exacerbating the vulnerability of populations to winter conditions through frequent power outages disrupting essential services like heating and water supply.
- The winterisation response should remain adaptable to address potential deterioration of the energy infrastructure in response to emerging localized challenges.



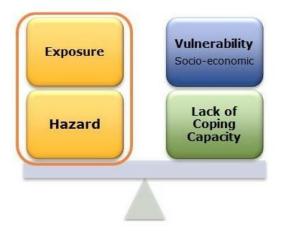
# Cold spot





Institutional / Infrastructural Lack of coping capacity (LOCC)

# Methodology



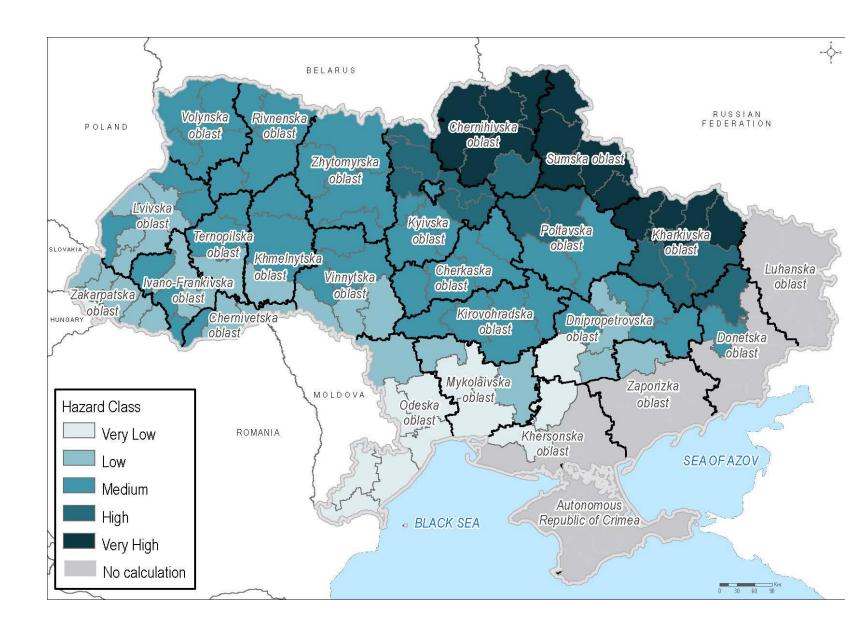
- Geographical scope: 107 raions mostly under control of the GoU as of May 2024.
- Four groups of indicators: hazard, exposure, susceptibility, and lack of coping capacity (LOCC). Indicators' values were assigned into five classes, from Very Low to Very High.
- In the final calculations, each indicator was granted a different importance, based on their relevance for the Cold Spot Index (CSI).
- Limitations: (1) Population Estimates: No official census since 2001; relies on unofficial estimates, affecting exposure and susceptibility accuracy; (2) LOCC Data: Updated only until May 2024; future damage to energy infrastructure not included, limiting current calculations.

\* Please refer to the methodology note of the report for further details on the calculation of the Cold Spot Index.

# J Hazard

#### Indicators and sources used:

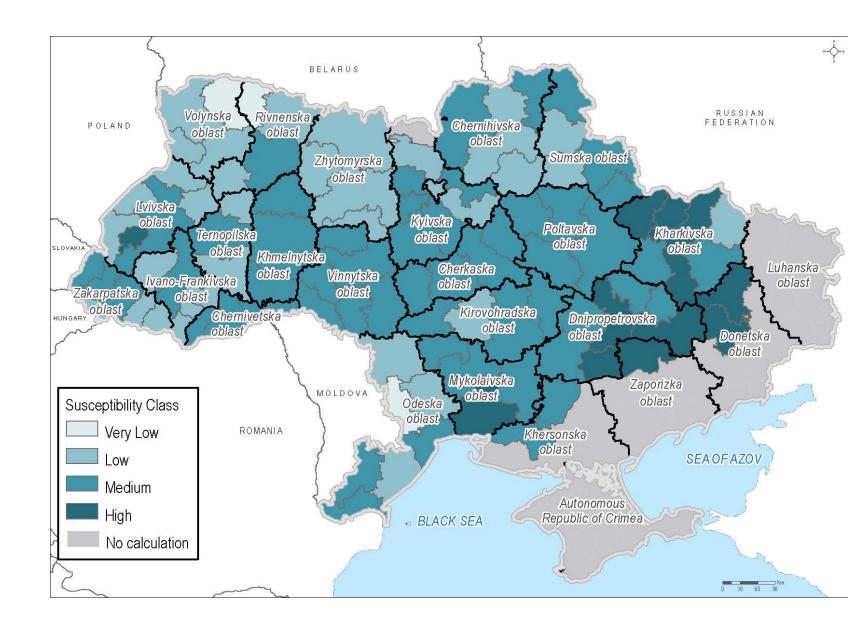
- Mean number of frost days per year (MODIS).
- Frequency of cold waves per year (Copernicus)
- Mean number of snow days per year (MODIS NASA's terra satellite).



# Susceptibility

Indicators and sources used:

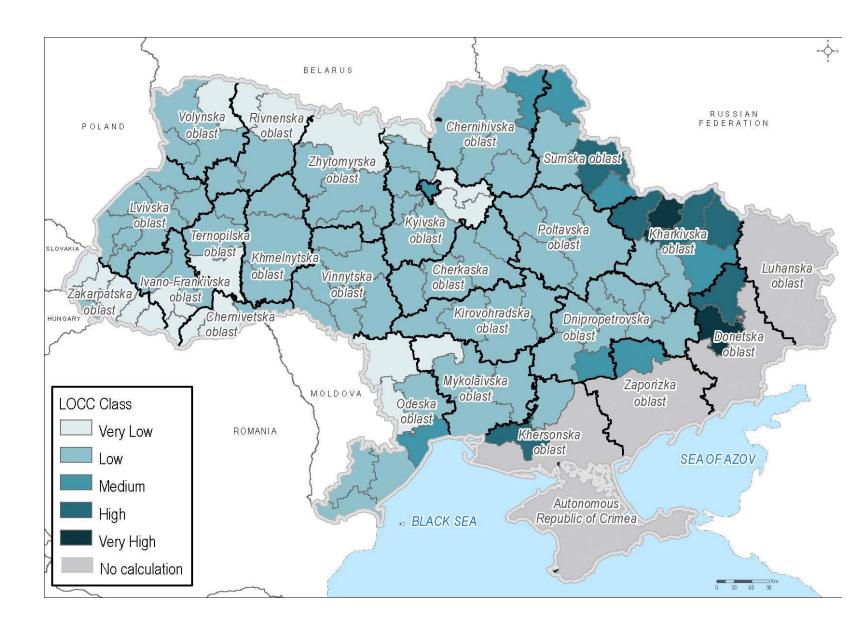
- Percentage of elderly population as of August 2023 (UNFPA, 2023).
- Percentage of IDPs per raion as of March 2024 (IOM, 2024).
- Number of people living in active collective sites as of May 2024 (CCCM Cluster, 2024).



# **LOCC**

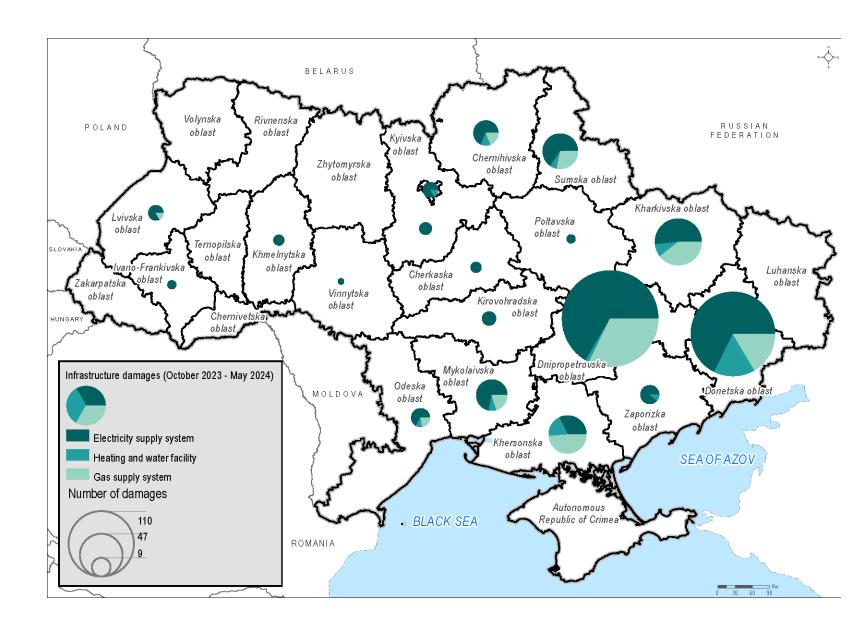
Indicators and sources used:

- Cumulative damage to power and electricity infrastructure (October 2023 - May 2024; INSO, 2024).
- Conflict incidents density per 100 sq km (01.05.2023 – 09.05.2024) (ACLED, 2024).
- Level of power outages (March - May 2024) (INSO Ukraine quarterly report: 01 March – 16 May | Q1 2024).





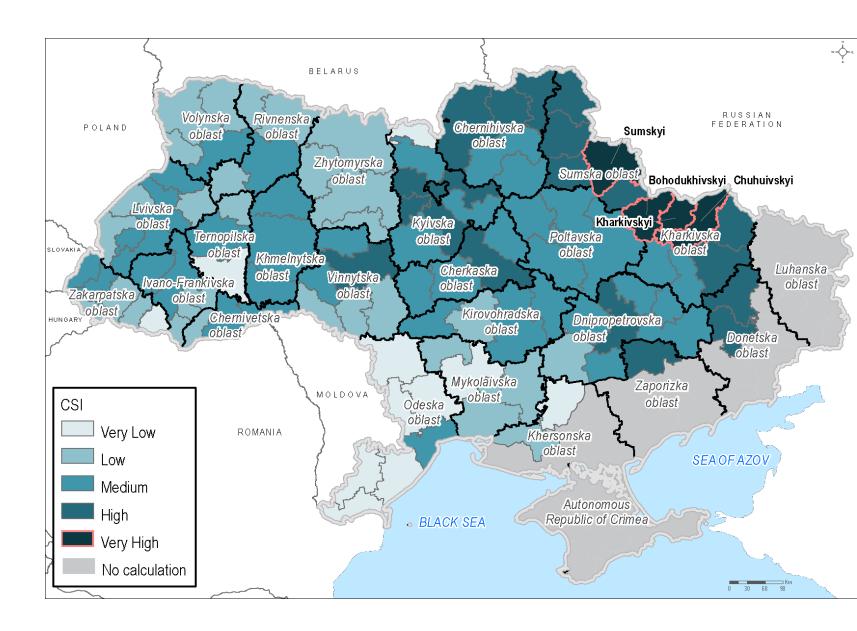
- Dnipropetrovska, Donetska, and Kharkivska oblasts, have experienced the most extensive damage.
- Among the three types of infrastructure assessed, electricity supply systems have suffered the greatest number of incidents of damage.



# Cold Spot Index

Raions with the highest CSI values which face the highest winterrelated risks:

- Kharkivskyi, Bohodukhivskyi and Chuhuivskyi (Kharkivska oblast).
- Sumskyi (Sumska oblast).



# Thank you for your attention



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