

Rapid Response Mechanism : Central African Republic

#1

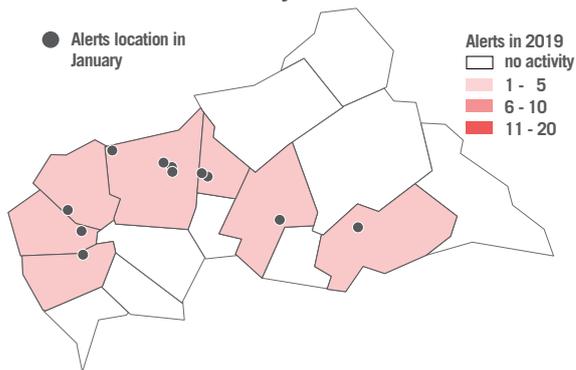
01 - 31 January 2019
Monthly dashboard



The Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) is designed to monitor humanitarian action, conduct multisector assessments and to implement several emergency responses, as non-food items (NFI) and food distributions, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) interventions, cash activities and fairs, when there is no capacity on site. Currently, RRM is made possible through the generous support of the European Union Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Office (ECHO), the Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA) and the Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC). All RRM products are available on the [Humanitarian Response](#).

Alerts received or sent by the RRM in 2019

Alert distribution in January 2019 et en 2019 :



Alerts received or sent monthly in 2019:

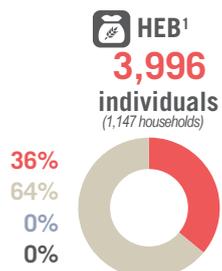
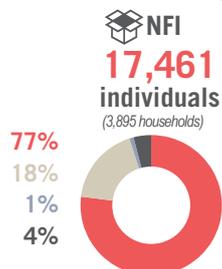


Activities January 2019

Ongoing activities are not taken into account.

MEX (exploratory mission)	5	HEB ¹ distribution	1
MSA (multisectoral assessment)	4	Hygiene sessions	4
MSA-R ³	0	Emergency latrines	0
NFI distributions	3	Rehabilitations of water sources	3
WASH interventions	2	Rapid SMART (nutrition screening)	0

Beneficiaries January 2019

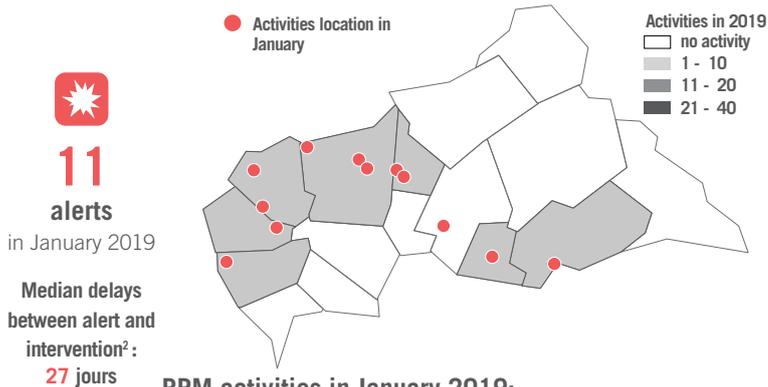


Cash 0 individual

Overview of RRM activities in 2019

Activity distribution in January and in 2019:

(MEX, MSA, NFI and HEB¹ distributions, WASH interventions)



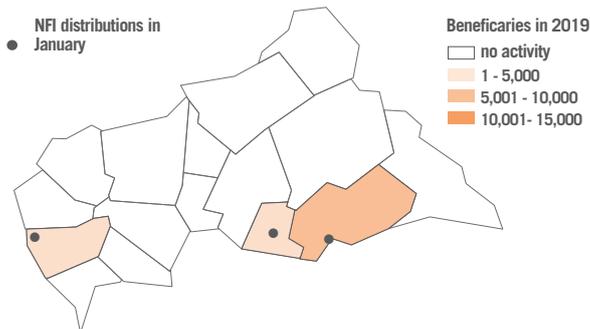
11 alerts in January 2019
Median delays between alert and intervention²: 27 jours

RRM activities in January 2019:

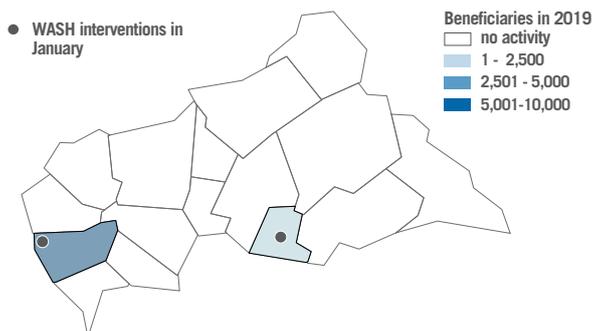


Distribution of beneficiaries

NFI distributions in January and in 2019:



WASH interventions in January and in 2019:



¹ High Energy Biscuit (HEB). ²Based on the first intervention (NFI, WASH, food or cash), for any alert raised in 2019. ³MSA-R are not triggered following a RRM alert. MSA-R aim at gathering information on areas not recently affected and/or not recently accessed by humanitarian actors. ⁴The term 'host community' refers to individuals that have not been displaced as the result of a humanitarian-related event. ⁵The term 'returnees' refers to people who have come back to their pre-crisis location following a period of internal displacement. ⁶The term 'repatriated' refers to former refugees who have returned from neighbouring countries.