

Introduction

This multi-sector needs assessment is part of a monthly data collection exercise which aims to gather information about needs and the humanitarian situation inside Syria. The factsheets present information collected in February 2017, referring to the situation in January 2017.

These factsheets present information at the community level for eleven sub-districts in Al Hasakeh governorate. In Qamishli City, neighbourhood-level data has been collected, and information is presented at this level*. Selected key indicators for the following sectors are included in the factsheets: displacement, shelter, NFIs, health, food security, WASH and education. The factsheets do not cover the entire range of indicators gathered in the questionnaire.

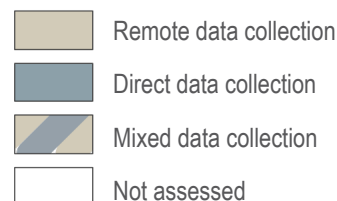
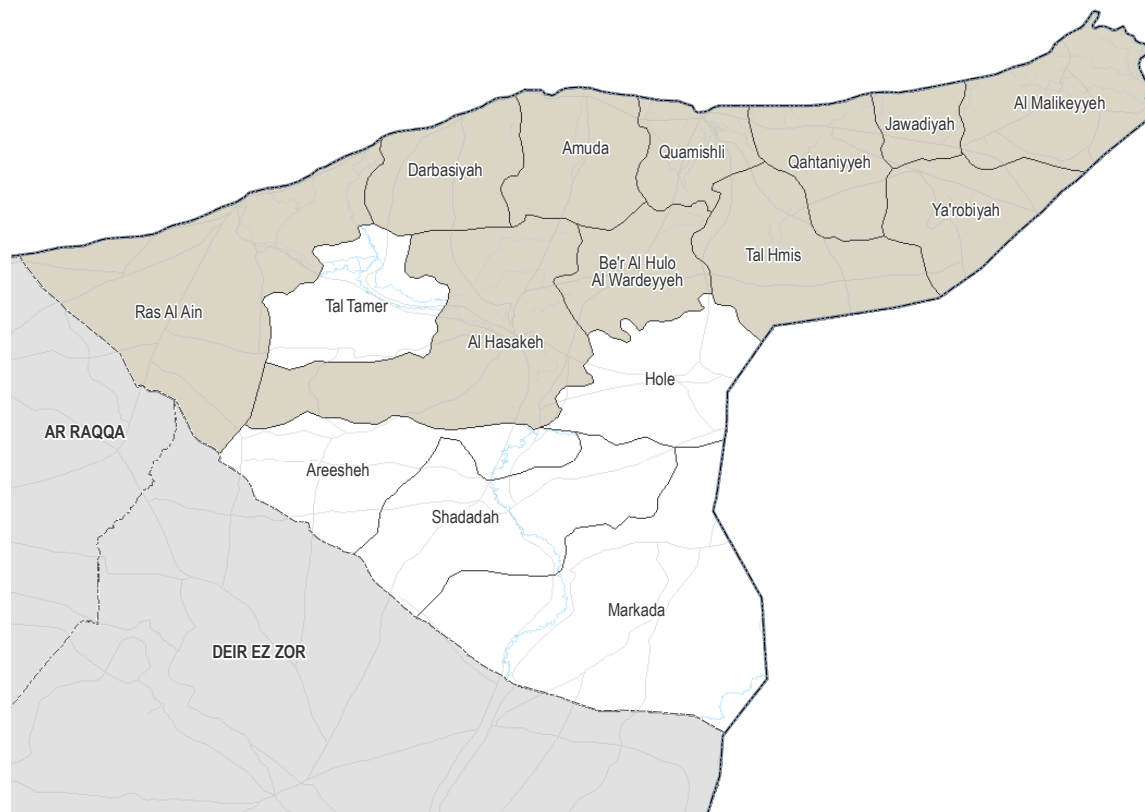
For full visualisation of all indicators collected, please see the SIMAWG Needs Identification Dynamic Reporting Tool, available here: <http://www.reach-info.org/syr/simawg/>

Methodology and limitations

These findings are based on data collected both directly (in Jordan) and remotely (in Jordan, Lebanon, Kurdistan Region of Iraq and Turkey) from Key Informants residing in communities throughout Syria.

Information was collected from Key Informants in 82 communities in 11 sub-districts of Al Hasakeh governorate. For each question asked, confidence levels are assigned based on the Key Informant's area of expertise and knowledge of the sector-specific situation.

For a full description of the methodology, please see the Terms of Reference, available on the [REACH Resource Centre](#).



PDF: click on sub-district name to jump to factsheet

Al Hasakeh, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Al Kallasa

NDPs IDPs
4000 - 7500 SYP

Al Mufti

NDPs IDPs
3000 - 9000 SYP

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

NDPs IDPs
No info

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

NDPs IDPs
4000 - 5000 SYP

Western Sabe Skur

NDPs IDPs
No info

- 5/52 communities assessed, 2 of which are located within Al Hasakeh City:

Al Kallasa

Al Mufti

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

Western Sabe Skur

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Al Kallasa

- Borrowing from family/friends
- Skipping meals
- Reducing meal size

Al Mufti

- Taking loans/buying on credit
- Borrowing from family/friends
- Selling household assets

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

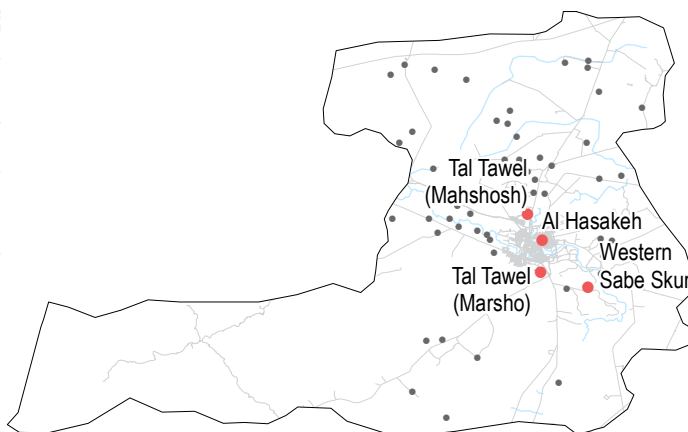
- Borrowing from family/friends
- Skipping meals

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

- Borrowing from family/friends
- Skipping meals
- Reducing meal size

Western Sabe Skur

- Borrowing from family/friends
- Looking for food in garbage
- Reducing meal size



Displacement

Al Kallasa

51-75%
 Yes Yes

Al Mufti

26-50%
 No No info

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

51-75%
 No No info

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

76-100%
 Yes Yes

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Western Sabe Skur

51-75%
 No No info

NFIs

Al Kallasa

B 2200 SYP
D 40 SYP
F NA

Al Mufti

B 2000 SYP
D 40 SYP
F NA

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

B NA
D NA
F NA

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

B 2000 SYP
D NA
F 20000 SYP

Western Sabe Skur

B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health

 Most common health problems

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

 Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

 Diarrhea
Fever
Malnutrition

Western Sabe Skur

 Disabilities
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Al Kallasa

 Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

Al Mufti

 Diarrhea
Fever
Malnutrition

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

 Water is safe to drink
 Water tastes/smells bad
 People sick after drinking
 No information

Change in available water since last month

 More water
 No change
 Less water
 No information

 Most common method of garbage disposal

Al Kallasa

Network 
 Private paid collection

Al Mufti

Network 
 Private paid collection

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

Network 
 Private paid collection

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

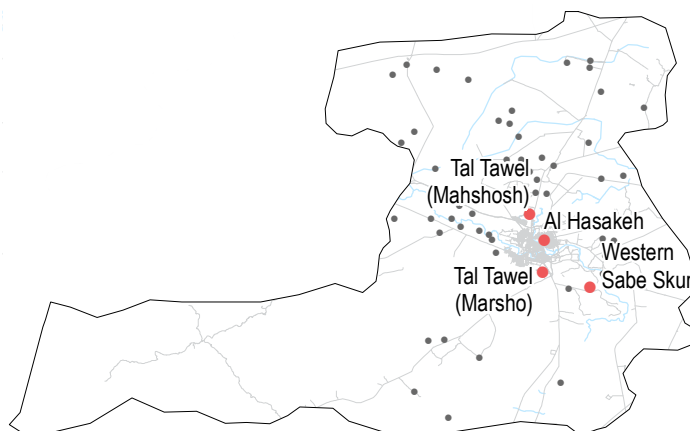
Network 
 Private paid collection

Western Sabe Skur

Water trucking 
 Buried / burned

- 5/52 communities assessed, 2 of which are located within Al Hasakeh City:

Al Kallasa
Al Mufti
Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)
Tal Tawel (Marsho)
Western Sabe Skur



Food Security

Western Sabe Skur


Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Al Kallasa


Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 550 SYP
Cooking oil: 562 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP

Al Mufti


Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 360 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)


Bread: 60 SYP
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Tal Tawel (Marsho)


Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

-  No challenges
-  Some foods unavailable
-  Local production decreased
-  Lack of access to market
-  Some foods expensive
-  Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
-  Lack of access to fuel
-  Cooking fuel not available
-  No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education

Al Kallasa

 Most children accessed education

Al Mufti

 Most children accessed education

Tal Tawel (Mahshosh)

 Most children accessed education

Tal Tawel (Marsho)

 Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

-  Functioning
-  Not functioning
-  Not available
-  No information
-  Barriers to accessing education services

Western Sabe Skur

 Most children accessed education

Al Malikeyyeh 1/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Al Wafaa

NDPs IDPs
No info

Al Malikeyyeh

NDPs IDPs
5000 - 6000 SYP

Ein Diwar

NDPs IDPs
No info

Ein Elkhadra

NDPs IDPs
No info

Esmailiyeh

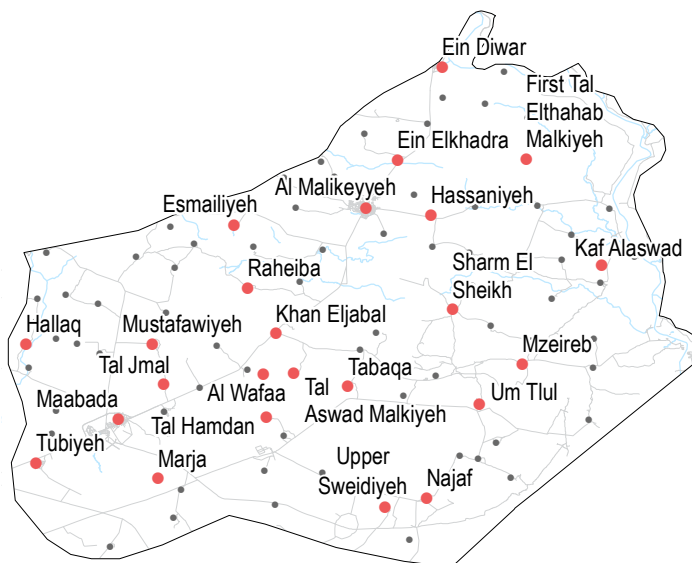
NDPs IDPs
No info

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

- 24/98 communities assessed (18 communities are shown on the next three factsheets):

Al Wafaa
Al Malikeyyeh
Ein Diwar
Ein Elkhadra
Esmailiyeh
First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Al Wafaa

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Al Malikeyyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Ein Diwar

Borrowing from family/friends
High risk/illegal work
Selling household assets

Ein Elkhadra

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size
Eating weeds

Esmailiyeh

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends

Displacement

Al Wafaa

26-50%
 No No info

Al Malikeyyeh

26-50%
 Yes Yes

Ein Diwar

51-75%
 No No info

Ein Elkhadra

51-75%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Esmailiyeh

51-75%
 No No info

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

26-50%
 No No info

NFIs

Al Wafaa

B NA
D NA
F NA

Al Malikeyyeh

B 2100 SYP
D 60 SYP
F NA

Ein Diwar

B 2100 SYP
D 40 SYP
F NA

Ein Elkhadra

B NA
D NA
F NA

Esmailiyeh

B 2100 SYP
D 40 SYP
F NA

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Al Malikeyyeh 1/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Health

Most common health problems

Ein Diwar

Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Ein Elkhadra

Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues

Esmaliyeh

Disabilities
Maternal health issues
Fever

Al Wafaa

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Malnutrition

Al Malikeyyeh

Disabilities
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Fever

- 24/98 communities assessed (18 communities are shown on the next three factsheets):

Al Wafaa
Al Malikeyyeh
Ein Diwar
Ein Elkhadra
Esmaliyeh
First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

Food Security

Esmaliyeh

Bread: 110 SYP
 Rice: 525 SYP
 Lentils: 350 SYP
 Cooking oil: 600 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

Bread: no info
 Rice: no info
 Lentils: no info
 Cooking oil: no info
 Sugar: no info

Al Wafaa

Bread: 75 SYP
 Rice: 550 SYP
 Lentils: 350 SYP
 Cooking oil: 750 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP

Al Malikeyyeh

Bread: 100 SYP
 Rice: 350 SYP
 Lentils: 450 SYP
 Cooking oil: 550 SYP
 Sugar: 425 SYP

Ein Diwar

Bread: 105 SYP
 Rice: 400 SYP
 Lentils: 550 SYP
 Cooking oil: 600 SYP
 Sugar: 450 SYP

Ein Elkhadra

Bread: 40 SYP
 Rice: 500 SYP
 Lentils: 400 SYP
 Cooking oil: 550 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Al Wafaa

Network
 Private paid collection

Al Malikeyyeh

Network
 Private paid collection

Ein Diwar

Network
 Disposed at designated site

Ein Elkhadra

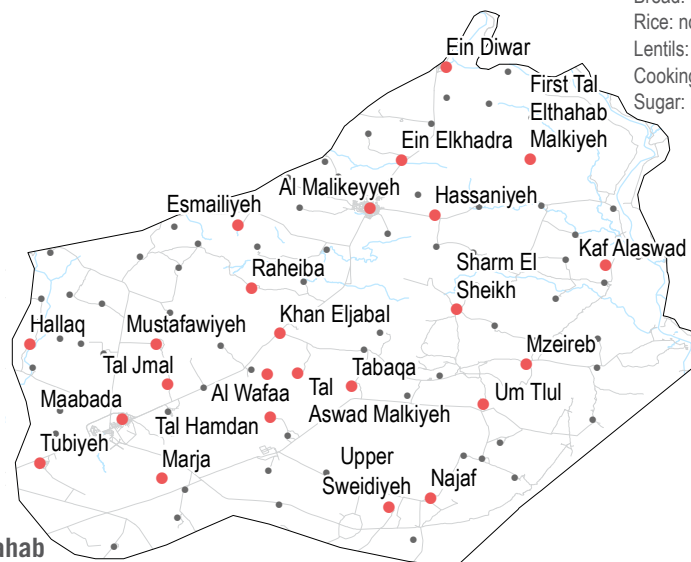
Network
 Public free collection

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

Closed well
 Disposed at designated site

Esmaliyeh

Closed well
 Buried / burned



Education

Al Wafaa

Most children accessed education

Al Malikeyyeh

Parents do not approve of curriculum
Curriculum not available in appropriate language

Ein Diwar

Most children accessed education

Ein Elkhadra

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Esmaliyeh

Most children accessed education

First Tal Elthahab Malkiyeh

Most children accessed education

Al Malikeyyeh 2/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Hallaq

NDPs IDPs
No info

Hassaniyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Kaf Alaswad

NDPs IDPs
No info

Khan Eljabal

NDPs IDPs
5000 - 6000 SYP

Maabada

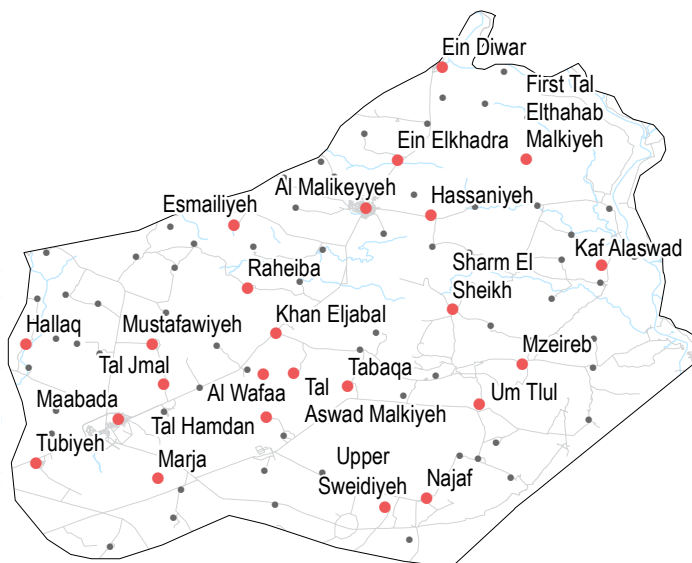
NDPs IDPs
5000 - 5500 SYP

Marja

NDPs IDPs
No info

- 24/98 communities assessed (6 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 12 communities are shown on the next two factsheets):

Hallaq
Hassaniyeh
Kaf Alaswad
Khan Eljabal
Maabada
Marja



Displacement

Hallaq

51-75%
 No No info

Hassaniyeh

51-75%
 No No info

Kaf Alaswad

51-75%
 No No info

Khan Eljabal

76-100%
 Yes Yes

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Maabada

51-75%
 Yes Yes

Marja

76-100%
 No No info

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Hallaq

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Hassaniyeh

Taking loans/buying on credit
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Kaf Alaswad

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Khan Eljabal

Borrowing from family/friends

Maabada

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Marja

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Hallaq

NA
B NA
D NA
F NA

Hassaniyeh

NA
B NA
D NA
F NA

Kaf Alaswad

NA
B 2250 SYP
D 35 SYP
F NA

Khan Eljabal

NA
B 2500 SYP
D 40 SYP
F NA

Maabada

NA
B 2200 SYP
D 42 SYP
F 40000 SYP

Marja

NA
B NA
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Al Malikeyyeh 2/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Health



Most common health problems

Kaf Alaswad



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Khan Eljabal



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Maabada



Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Marja



Diarrhea
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Hallaq



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections

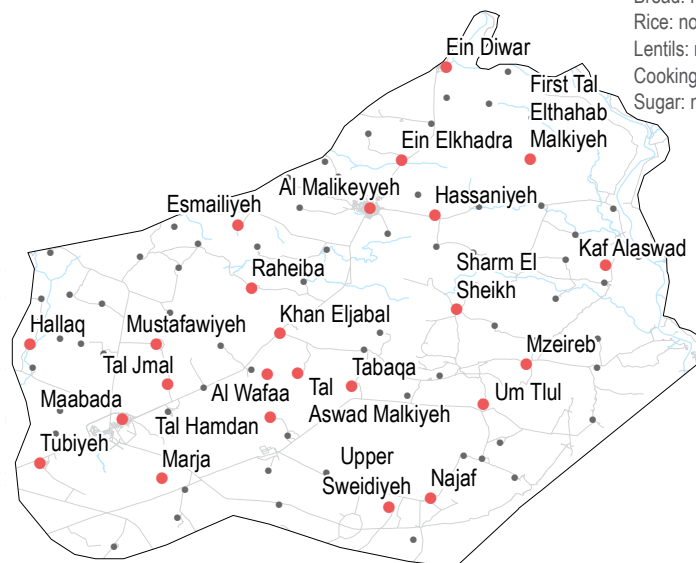
Hassaniyeh



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases

- 24/98 communities assessed (6 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 12 communities are shown on the next two factsheets):

Hallaq
Hassaniyeh
Kaf Alaswad
Khan Eljabal
Maabada
Marja



Food Security

Maabada



Bread: 105 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Marja



Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Hallaq



Bread: 35 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Hassaniyeh



Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Kaf Alaswad



Bread: 40 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Khan Eljabal



Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Hallaq

Closed well



Disposed at designated site

Hassaniyeh

Closed well



Disposed at designated site

Kaf Alaswad

Closed well



Buried / burned

Khan Eljabal

Network



Disposed at designated site

Marja

Network



Private paid collection

Maabada

Network



Disposed at designated site

Education



Hallaq



Most children accessed education



Hassaniyeh



Most children accessed education



Kaf Alaswad



Most children accessed education



Khan Eljabal



Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services



Maabada



Most children accessed education



Marja



Most children accessed education

Al Malikeyyeh 3/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Mustafawiyyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Mzeireb

NDPs IDPs
No info

Najaf

NDPs IDPs
No info

Raheiba

NDPs IDPs
No info

Sharm El Sheikh

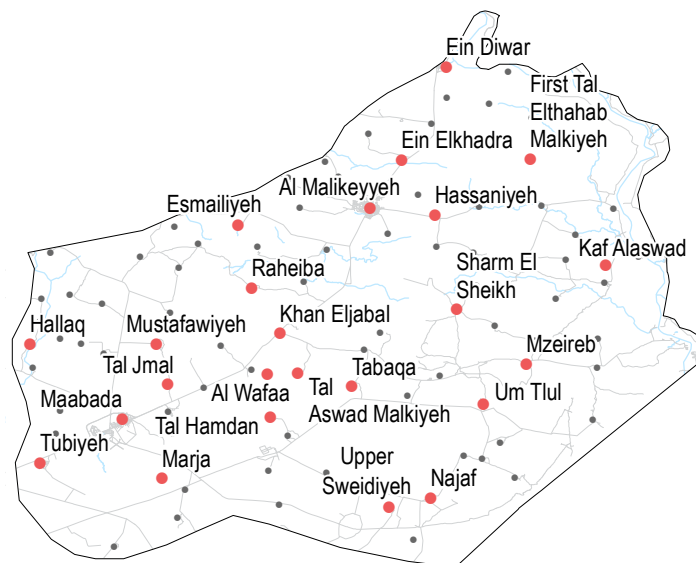
NDPs IDPs
No info

Tabaqa

NDPs IDPs
No info

- 24/98 communities assessed (12 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets, 6 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Mustafawiyyeh
Mzeireb
Najaf
Raheiba
Sharm El Sheikh
Tabaqa



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Mustafawiyyeh

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Mzeireb

Children sent to work/beg
Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends

Najaf

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Raheiba

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Sharm El Sheikh

Adults begging

Tabaqa

Borrowing from family/friends

Displacement

Mustafawiyyeh

76-100%
 No No info

Mzeireb

51-75%
 No No info

Najaf

51-75%
 No No info

Raheiba

26-50%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Sharm El Sheikh

51-75%
 No No info

Tabaqa

51-75%
 No No info

NFIs

Mustafawiyyeh

B NA
D NA
F NA

Mzeireb

B 8500 SYP
D 290 SYP
F 61000 SYP

Najaf

B 2100 SYP
D NA
F NA

Raheiba

B 2500 SYP
D 35 SYP
F NA

Sharm El Sheikh

B NA
D NA
F NA

Tabaqa

B 2100 SYP
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Al Malikeyyeh 3/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Health



Most common health problems

Najaf



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues

Raheiba



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Sharm El Sheikh



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Tabaqa



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Mustafawiyyeh



Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Mzeireb



Disabilities
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

- 24/98 communities assessed (12 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets, 6 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Mustafawiyyeh
Mzeireb
Najaf
Raheiba
Sharm El Sheikh
Tabaqa

Food Security

Sharm El Sheikh



Bread: 75 SYP
Rice: 475 SYP
Lentils: 450 SYP
Cooking oil: 425 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Mustafawiyyeh



Bread: 60 SYP
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Najaf



Bread: 60 SYP
Rice: 560 SYP
Lentils: 410 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Tabaqa



Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Mzeireb



Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 330 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 425 SYP

Raheiba



Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 650 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Mustafawiyyeh

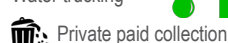
Network



Private paid collection

Mzeireb

Water trucking



Private paid collection

Najaf

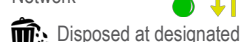
Closed well



Buried / burned

Raheiba

Network



Disposed at designated site

Tabaqa

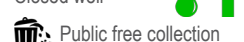
Network



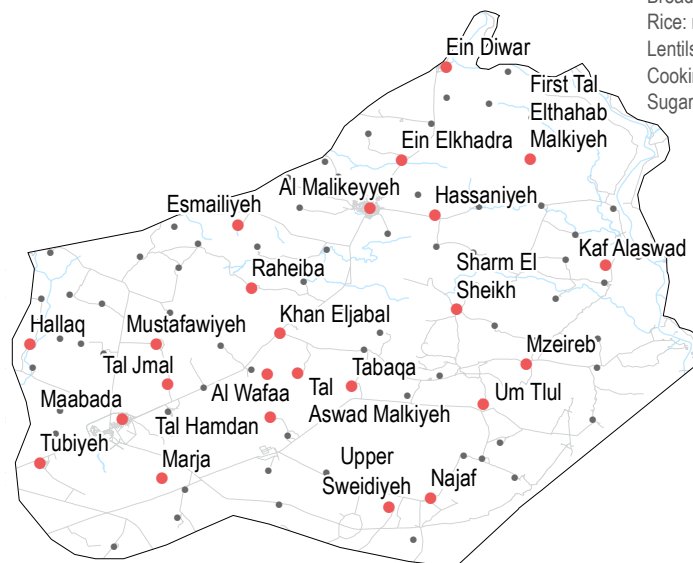
Public free collection

Sharm El Sheikh

Closed well



Public free collection



Education

Mustafawiyyeh



Most children accessed education

Mzeireb



Most children accessed education

Najaf



Most children accessed education

Raheiba



Parents do not approve of curriculum
Curriculum not available in appropriate language

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Sharm El Sheikh



Most children accessed education

Tabaqa



Most children accessed education

Al Malikeyyeh 4/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Tal Hamdan

NDPs IDPs
No info

Tal Jmal

NDPs IDPs
No info

Tubiyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Um Tlul

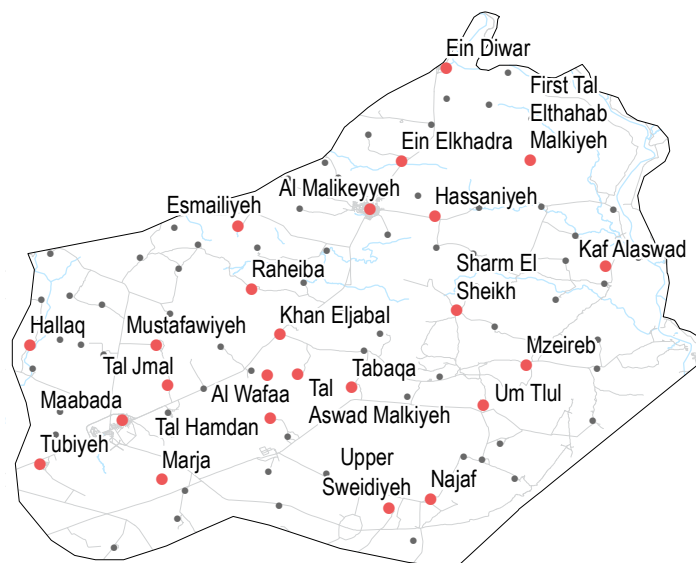
NDPs IDPs
No info

Upper Sweidiyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

- 24/98 communities assessed (18 communities are shown on the previous three factsheets):

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
Tal Hamdan
Tal Jmal
Tubiyeh
Um Tlul
Upper Sweidiyeh



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Reducing meal size

Tal Hamdan

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Tal Jmal

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Tubiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends

Um Tlul

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Upper Sweidiyeh

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Displacement

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

26-50%
 No No info

Tal Hamdan

51-75%
 No No info

Tal Jmal

51-75%
 No No info

Tubiyeh

51-75%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Um Tlul

51-75%
 No No info

Upper Sweidiyeh

26-50%
 No No info

NFIs

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA

Tal Hamdan

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F NA

Tal Jmal

B NA
D NA
F NA

Tubiyeh

B 2250 SYP
D NA
F NA

Um Tlul

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA

Upper Sweidiyeh

B 3000 SYP
D 60 SYP
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Al Malikeyyeh 4/4, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Health



Most common health problems

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh



Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases

Tal Hamdan



Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Tal Jmal



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Tubiyeh



Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases

Um Tlul



Diarrhea
Pregnancy related diseases
Malnutrition

Upper Sweidiyeh



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

- 24/98 communities assessed (18 communities are shown on the previous three factsheets):

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh
Tal Hamdan
Tal Jmal
Tubiyeh
Um Tlul
Upper Sweidiyeh

Food Security

Um Tlul



Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 550 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Upper Sweidiyeh



Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 360 SYP
Cooking oil: 925 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Tal Aswad Malkiyeh



Bread: no info
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 800 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Tal Hamdan



Bread: 65 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 650 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Tal Jmal



Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP
Sugar: 410 SYP

Tubiyeh



Bread: 20 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP
Sugar: 425 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available

✗ No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

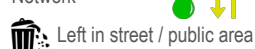
Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

Network



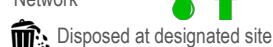
Tal Hamdan

Network



Tal Jmal

Network



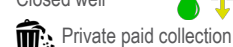
Tubiyeh

Network



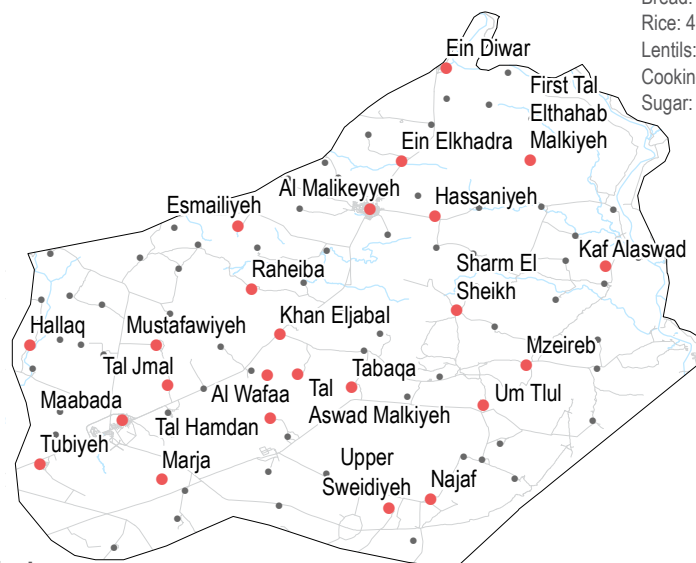
Upper Sweidiyeh

Closed well



Um Tlul

Closed well



Education



Tal Aswad Malkiyeh

Most children accessed education



Tal Hamdan

Most children accessed education



Tal Jmal

Most children accessed education



Tubiyeh

Most children accessed education



Um Tlul

Most children accessed education



Upper Sweidiyeh

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Lower Um Elosud

NDPs IDPs

No info

Tal Aswad Amudeh

NDPs IDPs

No info

Um Rabee

NDPs IDPs

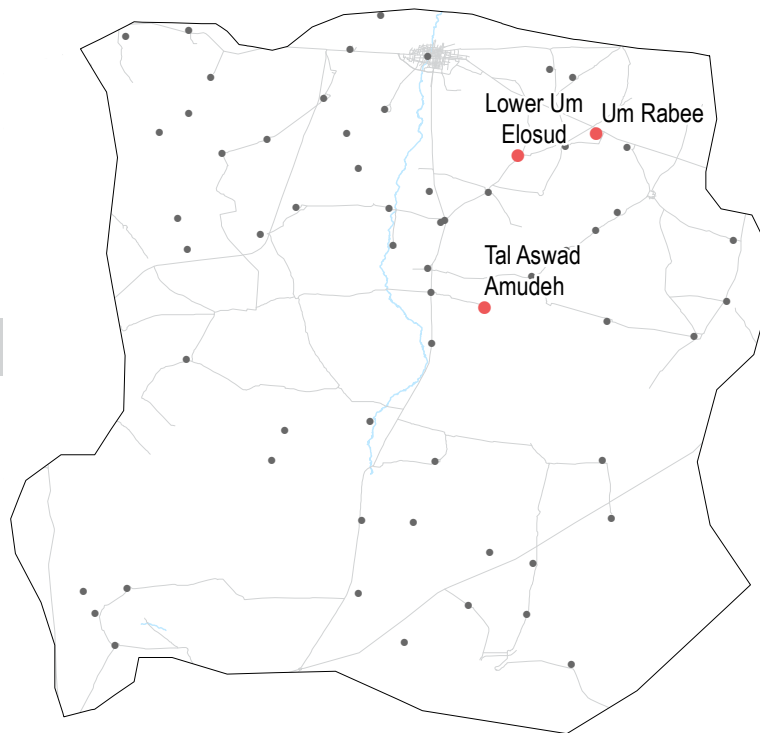
No info

• 3/60 communities assessed:

Lower Um Elosud

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Um Rabee



Displacement

Lower Um Elosud

76-100%
 No No info

Tal Aswad Amudeh

26-50%
 No No info

Um Rabee

51-75%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Lower Um Elosud

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Um Rabee

Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

NFIs

Lower Um Elosud

B NA
D NA
F NA

Tal Aswad Amudeh

B NA
D NA
F NA

Um Rabee

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)**D** Diesel (litre)**F** Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Um Rabee

Acute respiratory infections
Fever
Malnutrition

Lower Um Elosud



Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Acute respiratory infections
Malnutrition

Tal Aswad Amudeh



Diarrhea

Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Acute respiratory infections

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Lower Um Elosud

Closed well



Disposed at designated site

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Network



Disposed at designated site

Um Rabee

Network



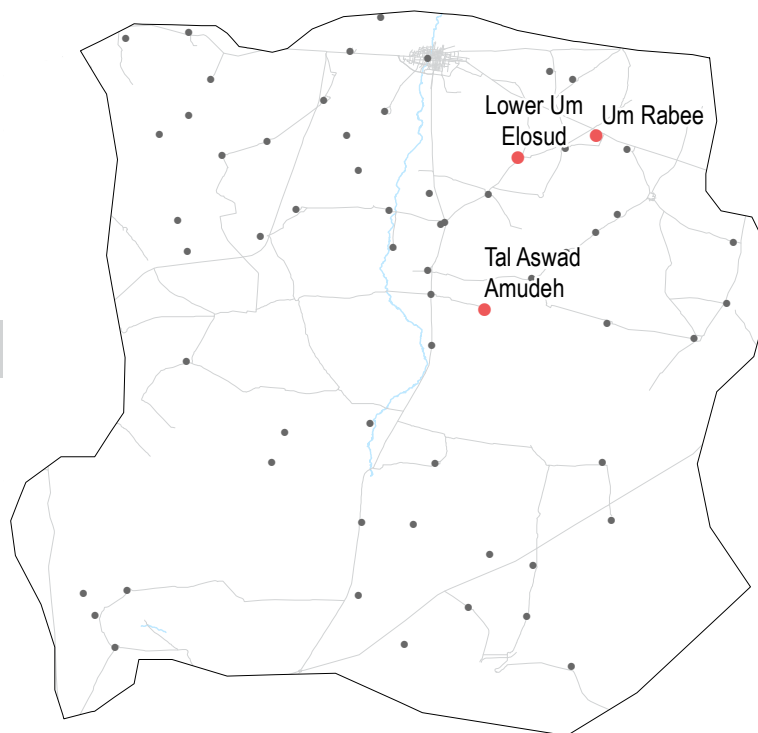
Public free collection

• 3/60 communities assessed:

Lower Um Elosud

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Um Rabee



Food Security

Lower Um Elosud

Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Um Rabee

Bread: 35 SYP
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Tal Aswad Amudeh

Bread: 70 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to market

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food available in markets

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel not available

No information

No information

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Lower Um Elosud



Most children accessed education



Tal Aswad Amudeh



Most children accessed education



Um Rabee



Facilities unavailable

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Shelter

Most common shelter

-  Independent apartment or house
-  Shared apartment or house
-  Unfinished apartment or house
-  Tent
-  Private space not for shelter
-  Cave/natural shelter
-  Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Tal Brak

NDPs  IDPs 

No info

Livelihoods

 Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

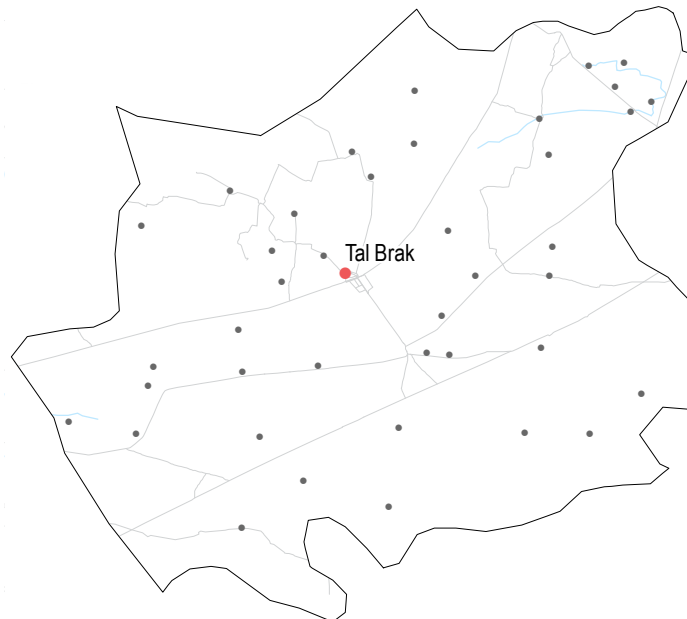
 Tal Brak

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

1/40 communities assessed:

Tal Brak



Displacement

Tal Brak

 76-100%

 No

 No info

 % of pre-conflict population remaining

 IDPs already living in village

 IDPs arrived in last month

 No information

NFIs

Tal Brak

 **B** 2500 SYP

D NA

F NA

Most common electricity source

 Main network

 Generator

 No source available

 No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Tal Brak



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Fever

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Tal Brak

Network

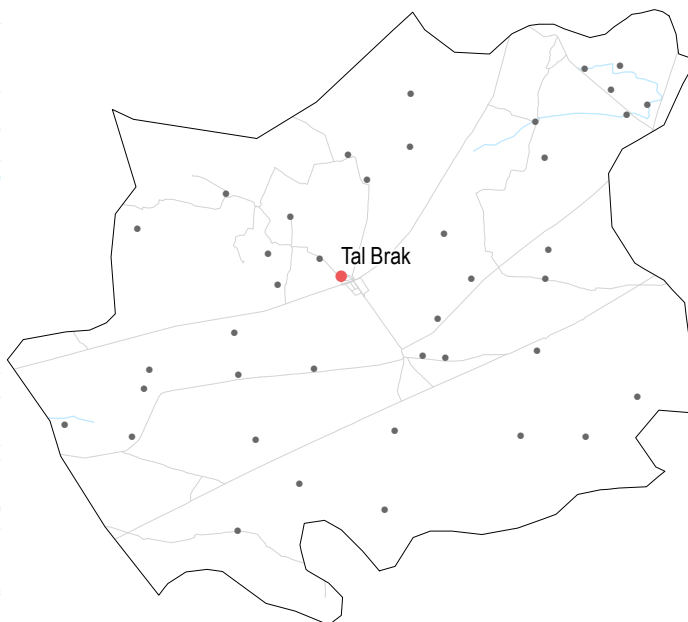


Public free collection



• 1/40 communities assessed:

Tal Brak



Food Security

Tal Brak



Bread: 70 SYP

Rice: 600 SYP

Lentils: 400 SYP

Cooking oil: 650 SYP

Sugar: 500 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
 - Some foods unavailable
 - Local production decreased
 - Lack of access to market
 - Some foods expensive
 - Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
 - Lack of access to fuel
 - Cooking fuel not available
 - No information
- Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Tal Brak

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Enabeyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

• 1/56 communities assessed:
Enabeyeh

Displacement

Enabeyeh

51-75%

No

No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Enabeyeh

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size



NFIs

Enabeyeh

2000 SYP

D NA

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health

Most common health problems

Enabeyeh

Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

- 1/56 communities assessed: Enabeyeh

**WASH**

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Enabeyeh

Network



Public free collection

Food Security**Enabeyeh**

Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 750 SYP
Sugar: 410 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education**Enabeyeh**

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Abra

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Abu Baker

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Ali Badran

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Bab Elhadid

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Baqla

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Dayr Hafir

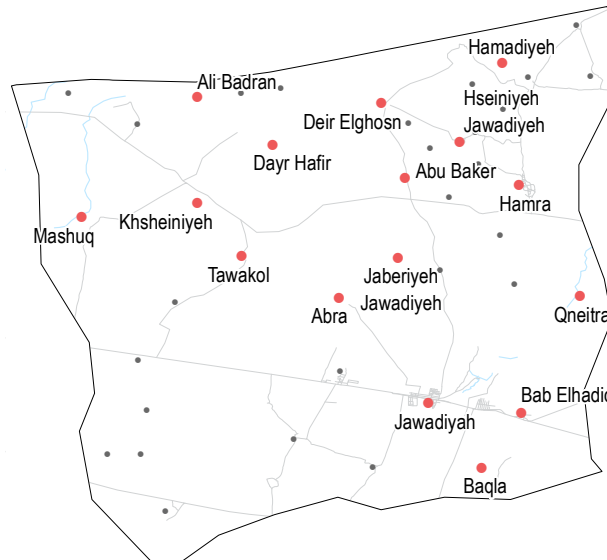
NDPs

IDPs

No info

- 16/38 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets):

Abra
Abu Baker
Ali Badran
Bab Elhadid
Baqla
Dayr Hafir



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Abra

Borrowing from family/friends

Abu Baker

Borrowing from family/friends

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

Ali Badran

Borrowing from family/friends

Selling household assets

Skipping meals

Bab Elhadid

Borrowing from family/friends

Skipping meals

Baqla

Taking loans/buying on credit

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

Dayr Hafir

Borrowing from family/friends

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

Displacement

Abra

76-100%

No

No info

Abu Baker

51-75%

No

No info

Ali Badran

26-50%

No

No info

Bab Elhadid

51-75%

No

No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Baqla

26-50%

No

No info

Dayr Hafir

26-50%

No

No info

NFIs

Abra

B 2200 SYP

D NA

F NA

Abu Baker

B NA

D NA

F NA

Ali Badran

B 2300 SYP

D NA

F NA

Bab Elhadid

B 2200 SYP

D 40 SYP

F NA

Baqla

B NA

D NA

F NA

Dayr Hafir

B NA

D NA

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Abra



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

Abu Baker



Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Ali Badran



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases

Bab Elhadid



Diarrhea
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Baqla



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections

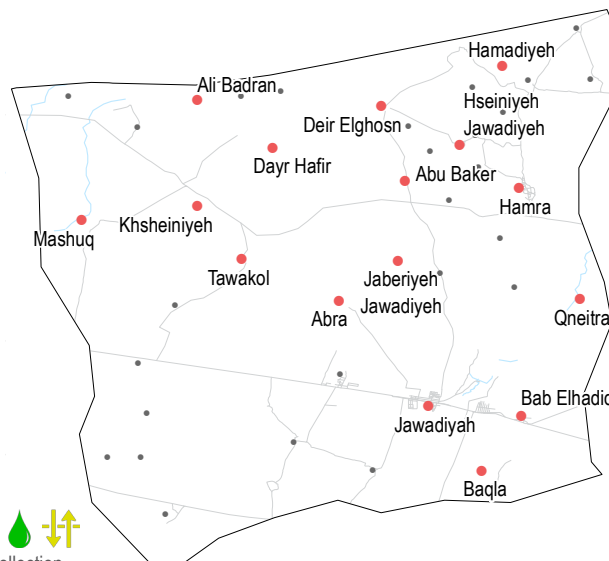
Dayr Hafir



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases

- 16/38 communities assessed (10 communities are shown on the next two factsheets):

Abra
Abu Baker
Ali Badran
Bab Elhadid
Baqla
Dayr Hafir



WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Abra

Network



Abu Baker

Closed well



Ali Badran

Open well



Bab Elhadid

Network



Dayr Hafir

Network



Baqla

Closed well



Food Security

Baqla



Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Dayr Hafir



Bread: 25 SYP
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Abra



Bread: 40 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Abu Baker



Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Ali Badran



Bread: 45 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 575 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Bab Elhadid



Bread: no info
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Abra



Most children accessed education



Abu Baker



Most children accessed education



Ali Badran



Most children accessed education



Bab Elhadid



Most children accessed education



Status of primary schools in village



Functioning



Not functioning



Not available



No information



Barriers to accessing education services



Baqla



Most children accessed education



Dayr Hafir



Most children accessed education

Jawadiyah 2/3, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Deir Elghosn

NDPs IDPs
No info

Hamediyah

NDPs IDPs
No info

Hamra

NDPs IDPs
No info

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh

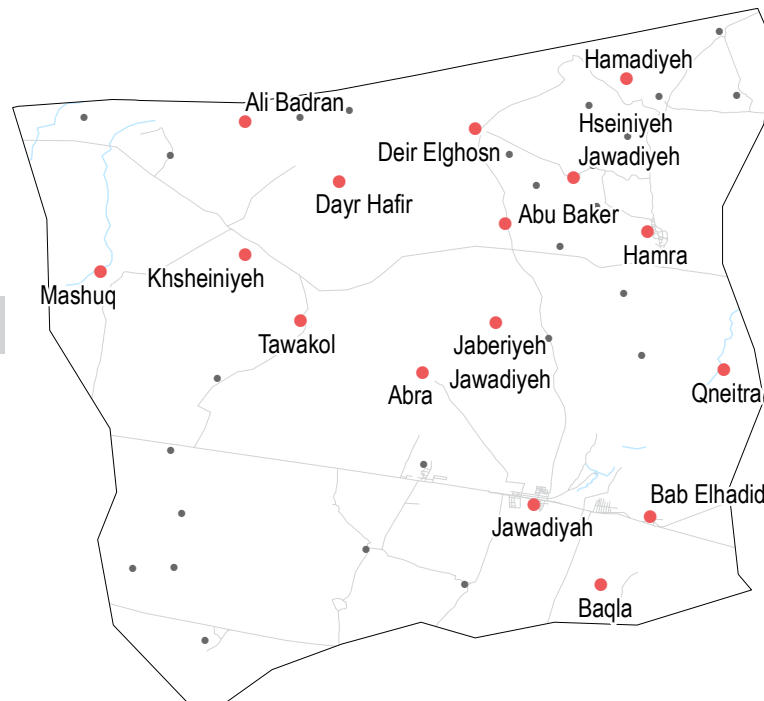
NDPs IDPs
No info

Jabariyeh Jawadiyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

- 16/38 communities assessed (6 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Deir Elghosn
Hamediyah
Hamra
Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh
Jabariyeh Jawadiyeh



Displacement

Deir Elghosn

51-75%
 No No info

Hamediyah

51-75%
 No No info

Hamra

76-100%
 No No info

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh

26-50%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Jabariyeh Jawadiyeh

26-50%
 No No info

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Deir Elghosn

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Hamediyah

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Hamra

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Jabariyeh Jawadiyeh

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

NFIs

Deir Elghosn

B 2200 SYP
 D NA
 F NA

Hamediyah

B NA
 D NA
 F NA

Hamra

B 2200 SYP
 D NA
 F NA

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh

B NA
 D NA
 F NA

Jabariyeh Jawadiyeh

B NA
 D NA
 F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Hamra



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyeh



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Malnutrition

Deir Elghosn



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Maternal health issues

Hamediyah



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Symptoms of psychological trauma

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Deir Elghosn

Closed well



Hamediyah

Network



Hamra

Network



Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh

Closed well



Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyeh

Network



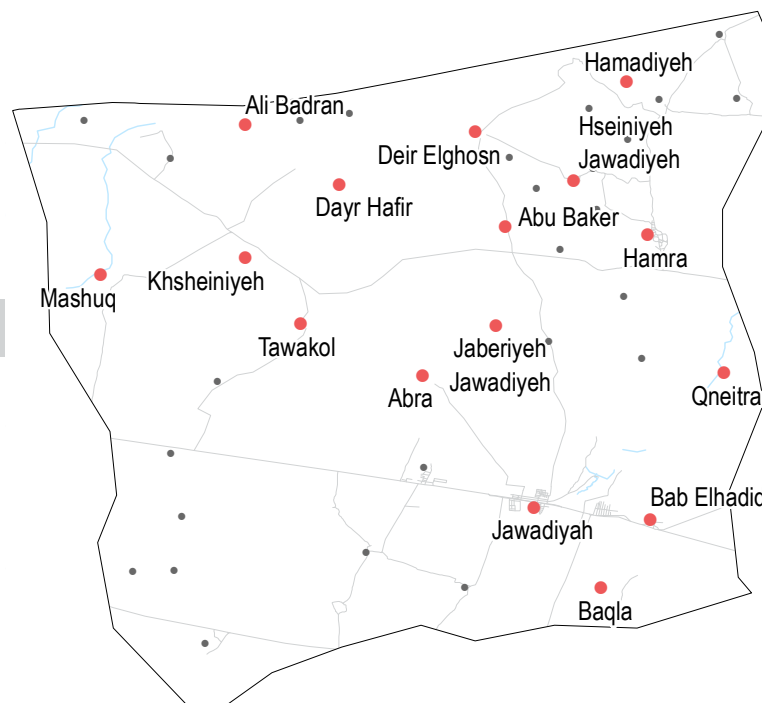
- 16/38 communities assessed (6 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 5 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Deir Elghosn
Hamediyah
Hamra
Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh
Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyeh

Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyeh



Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 450 SYP
Cooking oil: 650 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP



Food Security

Deir Elghosn



Bread: 55 SYP
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 650 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Hamediyah



Bread: 60 SYP
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 625 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Hamra



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh



Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education

Deir Elghosn



Most children accessed education

Hamediyah



Most children accessed education

Hamra



Services are too far
Unsafe route to services
Curriculum not available in appropriate

Hseiniyeh Jawadiyeh



Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Jaberiyyeh Jawadiyeh



Most children accessed education

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Jawadiyah

NDPs IDPs

 2000 - 6500 SYP

Khsheiniyeh

NDPs IDPs

 No info

Mashuq

NDPs IDPs

 No info

Qneitra

NDPs IDPs

 No info

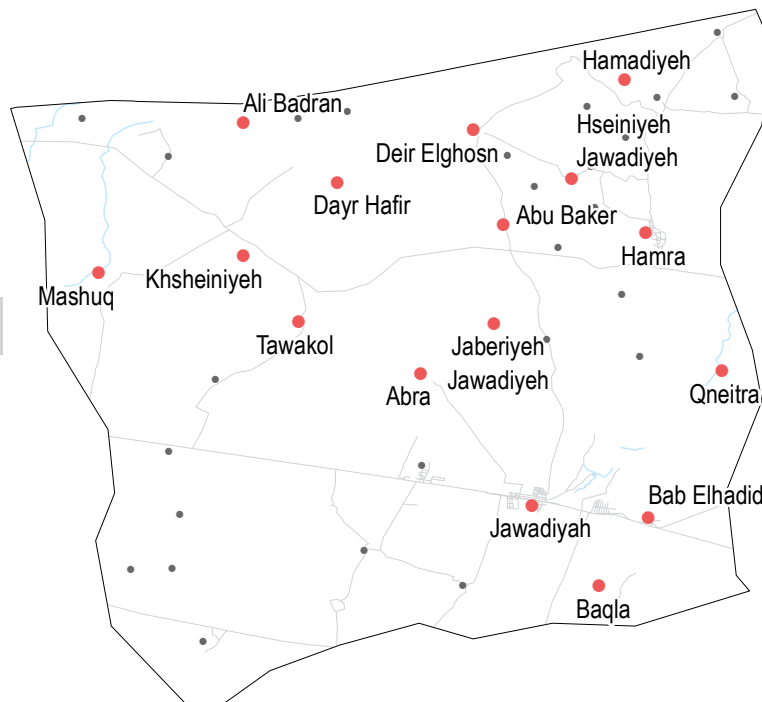
Tawakol

NDPs IDPs

 No info

- 16/38 communities assessed (11 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets):

Jawadiyah
 Khsheiniyeh
 Mashuq
 Qneitra
 Tawakol



Displacement

Jawadiyah

76-100%
 Yes Yes

Khsheiniyeh

26-50%
 No No info

Mashuq

51-75%
 No No info

Qneitra

51-75%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Tawakol

51-75%
 No No info

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Jawadiyah

Children sent to work/beg
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Khsheiniyeh

Taking loans/buying on credit
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals

Mashuq

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Qneitra

Selling household assets
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Tawakol

Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

NFIs

Jawadiyah

B 3000 SYP
D 40 SYP
F NA

Khsheiniyeh

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA

Mashuq

B 2300 SYP
D NA
F NA

Qneitra

B NA
D NA
F NA

Tawakol

B 2500 SYP
D NA
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Mashuq

Diarrhea
Fever
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Qneitra

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Tawakol

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Jawadiyah

Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Khsheiniyeh

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections

- 16/38 communities assessed (11 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets):

Jawadiyah
Khsheiniyeh
Mashuq
Qneitra
Tawakol

Tawakol

Bread: 40 SYP
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Food Security

Jawadiyah

Bread: no info
Rice: 650 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Mashuq

Bread: no info
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Khsheiniyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 325 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Qneitra

Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Jawadiyah

Network



Khsheiniyeh

Closed well



Mashuq

Network



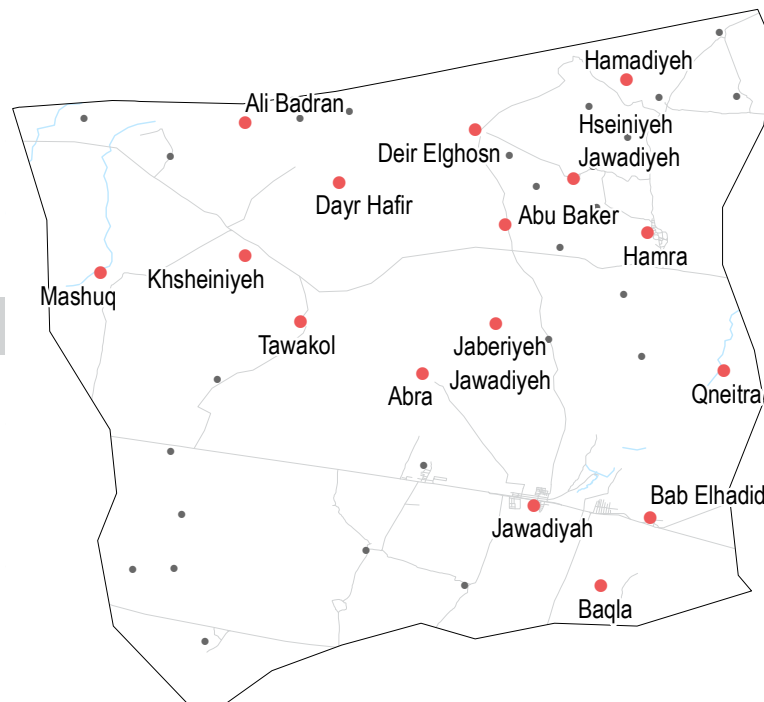
Qneitra

Network



Tawakol

Network



Education

Jawadiyah



Most children accessed education

Khsheiniyeh



Most children accessed education

Mashuq



Most children accessed education

Qneitra



Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Tawakol



Most children accessed education

Qahtaniyyeh 1/2, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Bayandur

NDPs IDPs
No info

Hilweh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Karimeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Kharejeh

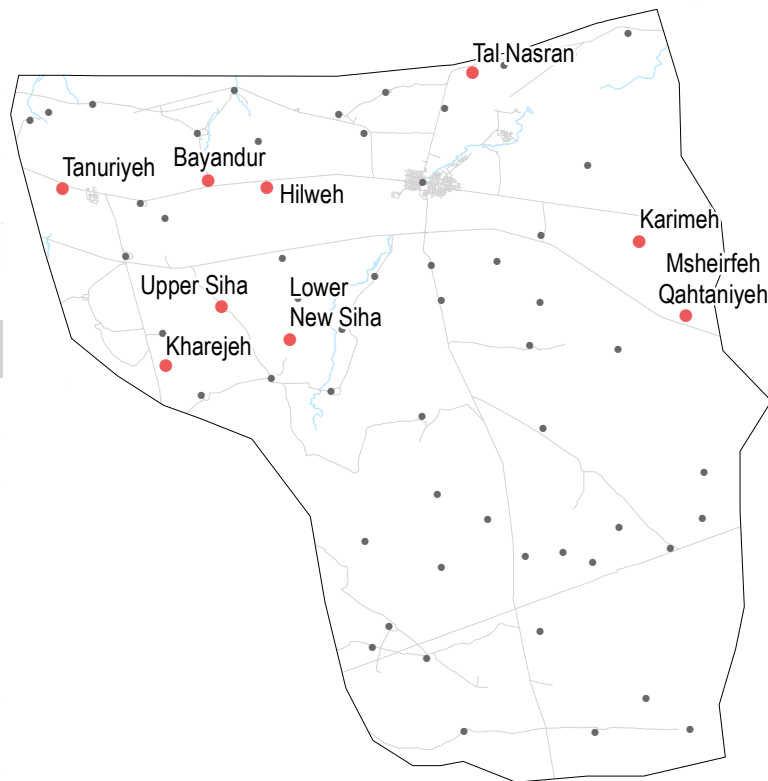
NDPs IDPs
No info

Lower New Siha

NDPs IDPs
No info

- 9/60 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Bayandur
Hilweh
Karimeh
Kharejeh
Lower New Siha



Displacement

Bayandur

51-75%
 No No info

Hilweh

51-75%
 No No info

Karimeh

51-75%
 No No info

Kharejeh

51-75%
 Yes Yes

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Lower New Siha

51-75%
 No No info

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Bayandur

Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Hilweh

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Karimeh

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Kharejeh

Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Lower New Siha

Taking loans/buying on credit
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

NFIs

Bayandur

B 2200 SYP
D 45 SYP
F NA

Hilweh

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA

Karimeh

B 2200 SYP
D NA
F NA

Kharejeh

B NA
D NA
F NA

Lower New Siha

B NA
D 40 SYP
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Qahtaniyyeh 1/2, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Health

 Most common health problems

Bayandur

 Skin disease
Pregnancy related diseases
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Hilweh

 Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues

Karimeh

 Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

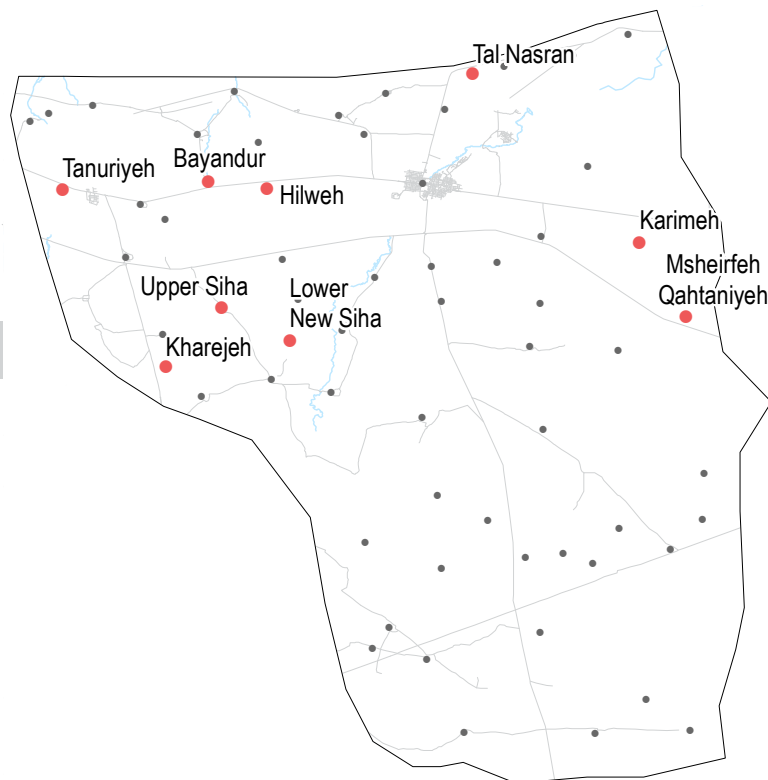
Kharejeh

 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Lower New Siha

 Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

• 9/60 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet):
Bayandur
Hilweh
Karimeh
Kharejeh
Lower New Siha



Food Security

Lower New Siha Bayandur

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 470 SYP
 Lentils: no info
 Cooking oil: 550 SYP
 Sugar: 450 SYP

 Bread: 120 SYP
 Rice: 500 SYP
 Lentils: 500 SYP
 Cooking oil: 600 SYP
 Sugar: 425 SYP

Karimeh

 Bread: 50 SYP
 Rice: 500 SYP
 Lentils: 370 SYP
 Cooking oil: 550 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP

Hilweh

 Bread: 50 SYP
 Rice: 500 SYP
 Lentils: 370 SYP
 Cooking oil: 650 SYP
 Sugar: 475 SYP

Kharejeh

 Bread: no info
 Rice: no info
 Lentils: no info
 Cooking oil: no info
 Sugar: no info

Main challenges to obtaining food

-  No challenges
-  Some foods unavailable
-  Local production decreased
-  Lack of access to market
-  Some foods expensive
-  Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
-  Lack of access to fuel
-  Cooking fuel not available
-  No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

-  Water is safe to drink
-  Water tastes/smells bad
-  People sick after drinking
-  No information

Change in available water since last month

-  More water
-  No change
-  Less water
-  No information

 Most common method of garbage disposal

Bayandur

Network  
 Private paid collection

Hilweh

Closed well  
 Disposed at designated site

Karimeh

Network  
 Disposed at designated site

Kharejeh

Network  
 Public free collection

Lower New Siha

Network  
 Private paid collection

Education

Bayandur

 Most children accessed education

Hilweh

 Most children accessed education

Karimeh

 Most children accessed education

Kharejeh

 Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

-  Functioning
-  Not functioning
-  Not available
-  No information
-  Barriers to accessing education services

Lower New Siha

 Most children accessed education

Qahtaniyyeh 2/2, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh Upper Siha

NDPs



No info

IDPs



NDPs



No info

IDPs



Tal Nasran

NDPs



No info

IDPs



Tanuriyeh

NDPs



No info

IDPs



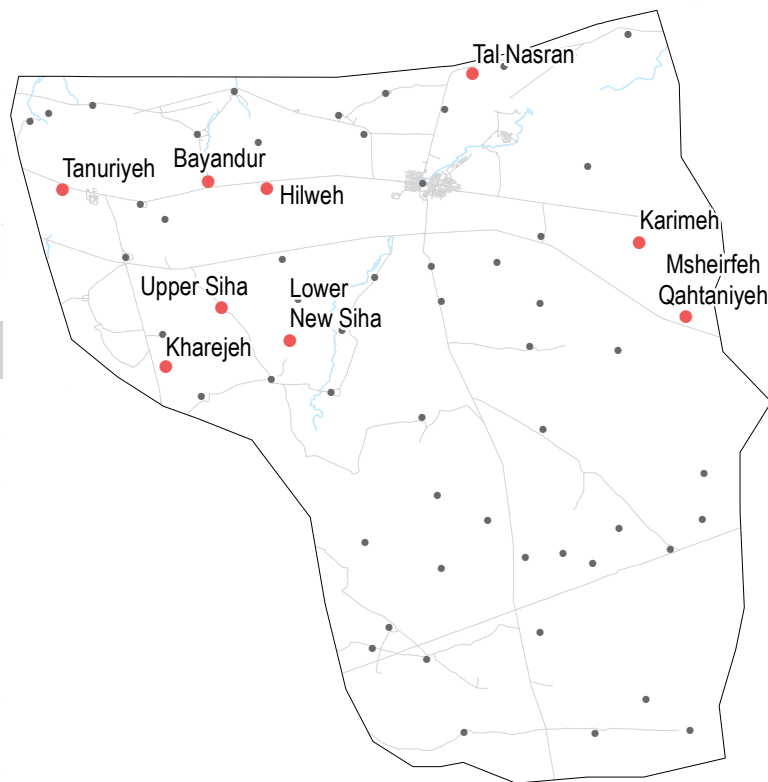
- 9/60 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet):

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh

Tal Nasran

Tanuriyeh

Upper Siha



Displacement

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh

26-50%

No

No info

Tal Nasran

26-50%

No

No info

Tanuriyeh

26-50%

No

No info

Upper Siha

51-75%

No

No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh

- Children sent to work/beg
- Borrowing from family/friends
- Eating weeds

Tal Nasran

- Adults begging
- Skipping meals
- Reducing meal size

Tanuriyeh

- Borrowing from family/friends
- Skipping meals
- Reducing meal size

Upper Siha

- Reducing meal size

NFIs

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh

B 2400 SYP

D 75 SYP

F NA

Tal Nasran

B NA

D NA

F NA

F NA

Tanuriyeh

B NA

D NA

F NA

Upper Siha

B 2200 SYP

D NA

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Qahtaniyyeh 2/2, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Health



Most common health problems

Tanuriyeh



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Upper Siha



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues
Acute respiratory infections

Tal Nasran



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh

Network



Tal Nasran

Network



Tanuriyeh

Network



Upper Siha

Network



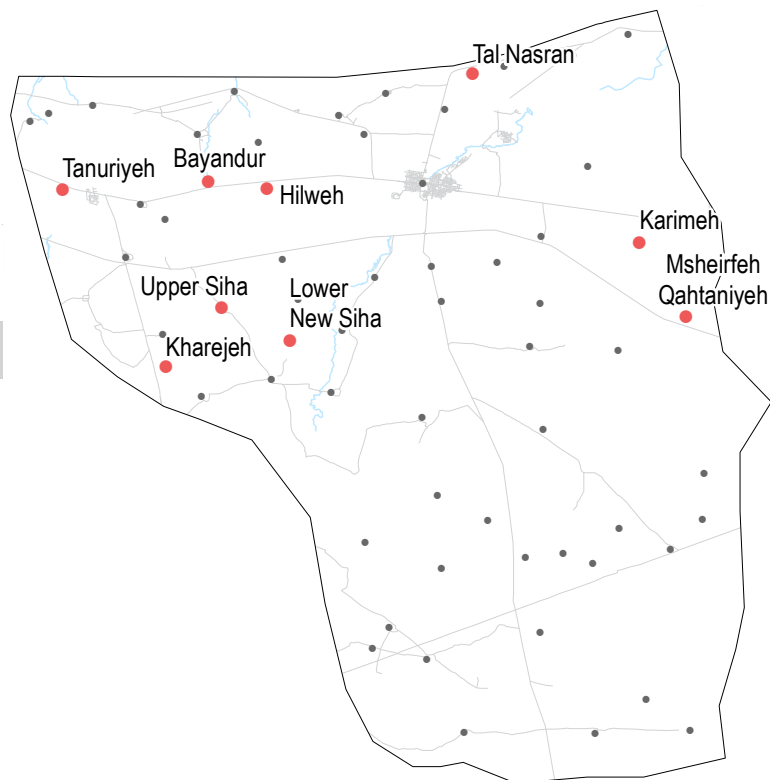
- 9/60 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet):

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh

Tal Nasran

Tanuriyeh

Upper Siha



Food Security

Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh



Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Tal Nasran



Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Tanuriyeh



Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 300 SYP
Lentils: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Upper Siha



Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 400 SYP
Sugar: 355 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Msheirfeh Qahtaniyeh



Most children accessed education



Tal Nasran



Most children accessed education



Tanuriyeh



Most children accessed education



Upper Siha



Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Abu Rasin Qamishli

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Akula Qamishli

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Ghaybi

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Kherbet Amu

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Little Sweidiyeh

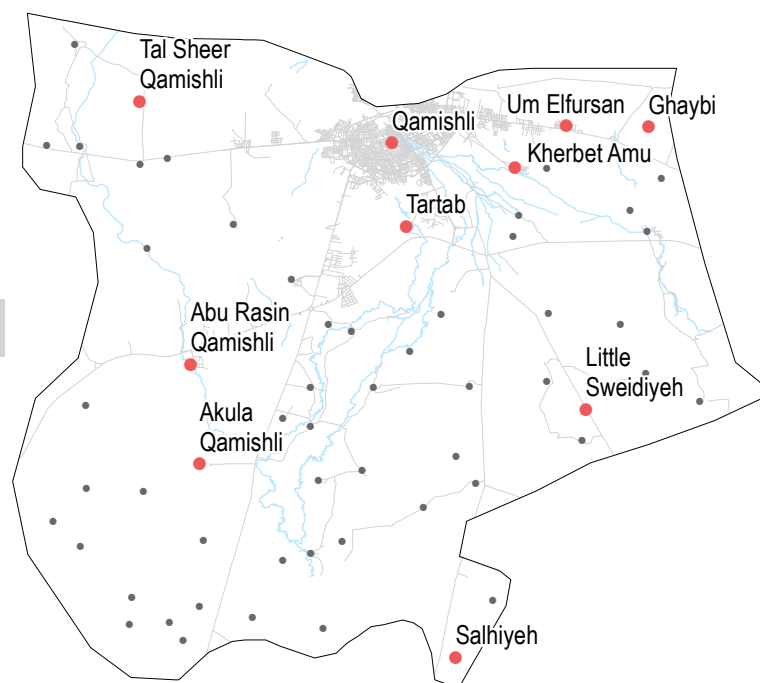
NDPs

IDPs

No info

- 9/60 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet), in addition to Qamishli City:

Abu Rasin Qamishli
Akula Qamishli
Ghaybi
Kherbet Amu
Little Sweidiyeh



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Abu Rasin Qamishli

Borrowing from family/friends
High risk/illegal work
Reducing meal size

Akula Qamishli

Borrowing from family/friends
Reducing meal size

Ghaybi

Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets

Kherbet Amu

Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends

Little Sweidiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Displacement

Abu Rasin Qamishli

26-50%

No

No info

Akula Qamishli

26-50%

No

No info

Ghaybi

26-50%

No

No info

Kherbet Amu

26-50%

No

No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Little Sweidiyeh

51-75%

No

No info

NFIs

Abu Rasin Qamishli

B 2000 SYP

D NA

F NA

Akula Qamishli

B 2000 SYP

D NA

F NA

Ghaybi

B 2200 SYP

D 45 SYP

F NA

Kherbet Amu

B 2100 SYP

D 75 SYP

F NA

Little Sweidiyeh

B 2250 SYP

D 35 SYP

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Abu Rasin Qamishli



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

Akula Qamishli



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever

Ghaybi



Disabilities
Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Kherbet Amu



Diarrhea
Acute respiratory infections
Fever

Little Sweidiyeh



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Abu Rasin Qamishli

Closed well

Public free collection

Akula Qamishli

Closed well

Public free collection

Ghaybi

Network

Private paid collection

Kherbet Amu

Network

Public free collection

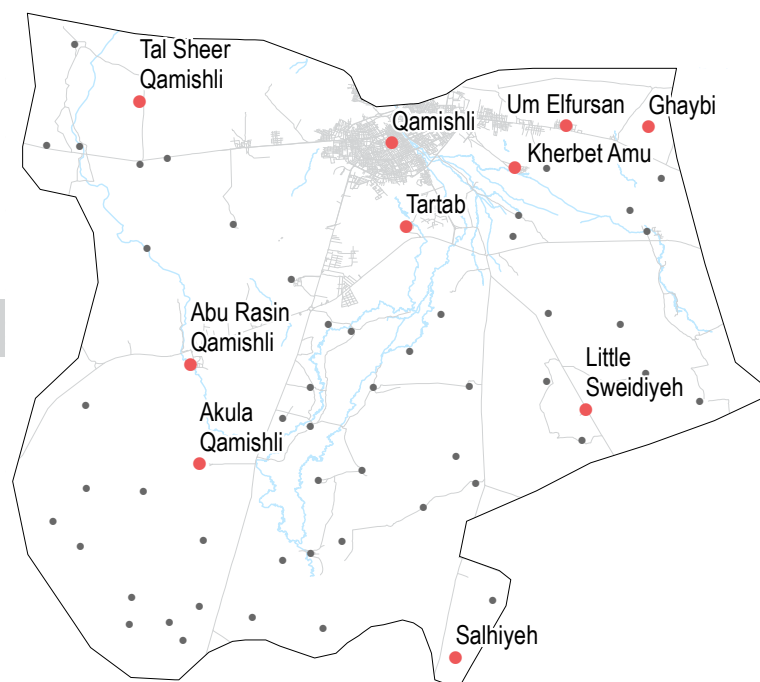
Little Sweidiyeh

Network

Public free collection

- 9/60 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet), in addition to Qamishli City:

Abu Rasin Qamishli
Akula Qamishli
Ghaybi
Kherbet Amu
Little Sweidiyeh



Food Security

Little Sweidiyeh Abu Rasin Qamishli



Bread: 60 SYP
Rice: 460 SYP
Lentils: 410 SYP
Cooking oil: 500 SYP
Sugar: 425 SYP

Qamishli



Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 450 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Ghaybi



Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 425 SYP

Akula Qamishli



Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 350 SYP
Lentils: 450 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Kherbet Amu



Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 500 SYP
Cooking oil: 650 SYP
Sugar: 455 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Abu Rasin Qamishli

Most children accessed education



Akula Qamishli

Most children accessed education



Ghaybi

Most children accessed education



Kherbet Amu

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services



Little Sweidiyeh

Most children accessed education

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Salhiyeh

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Um Elfursan

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Tal Sheer Qamishli

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Tartab

NDPs

IDPs

No info

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Salhiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

Tal Sheer Qamishli

Borrowing from family/friends

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

Tartab

Taking loans/buying on credit

Borrowing from family/friends

Um Elfursan

Selling household assets

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

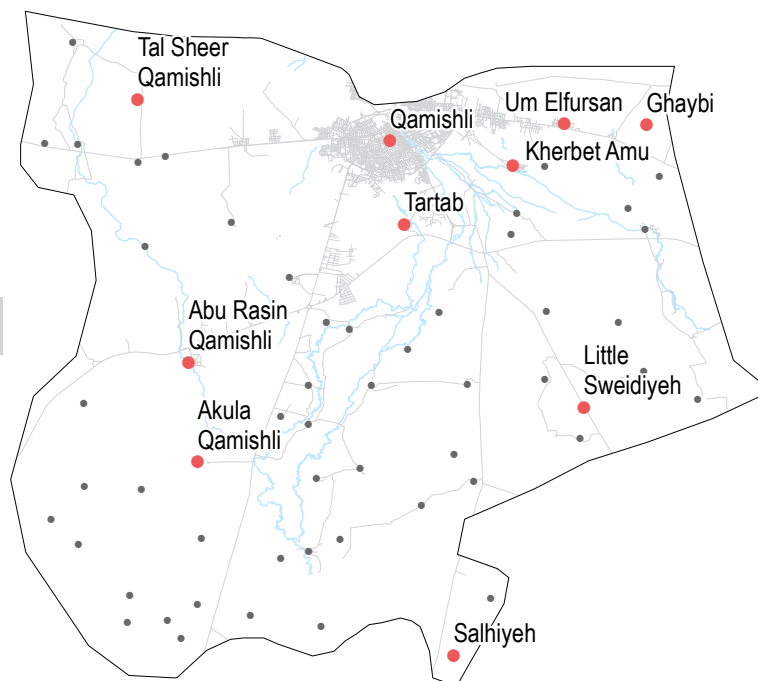
- 9/60 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet), in addition to Qamishli City:

Salhiyeh

Tal Sheer Qamishli

Tartab

Um Elfursan



Displacement

Salhiyeh

1-25%

No

No info

Tal Sheer Qamishli

51-75%

No

No info

Tartab

26-50%

No

No info

Um Elfursan

51-75%

No

No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

NFIs

Salhiyeh

B 13000 SYP

D 700 SYP

F 95000 SYP

Tal Sheer Qamishli

B NA

D NA

F NA

Tartab

B 3000 SYP

D 125 SYP

F 25000 SYP

Um Elfursan

B 2225 SYP

D NA

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Tartab



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Um Elfursan



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Salhiyeh



Pregnancy related diseases
Injuries
Acute respiratory infections

Tal Sheer Qamishli



Disabilities
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Salhiyeh

Closed well



Tal Sheer Qamishli

Closed well



Public free collection

Tartab

Network



Um Elfursan

Network



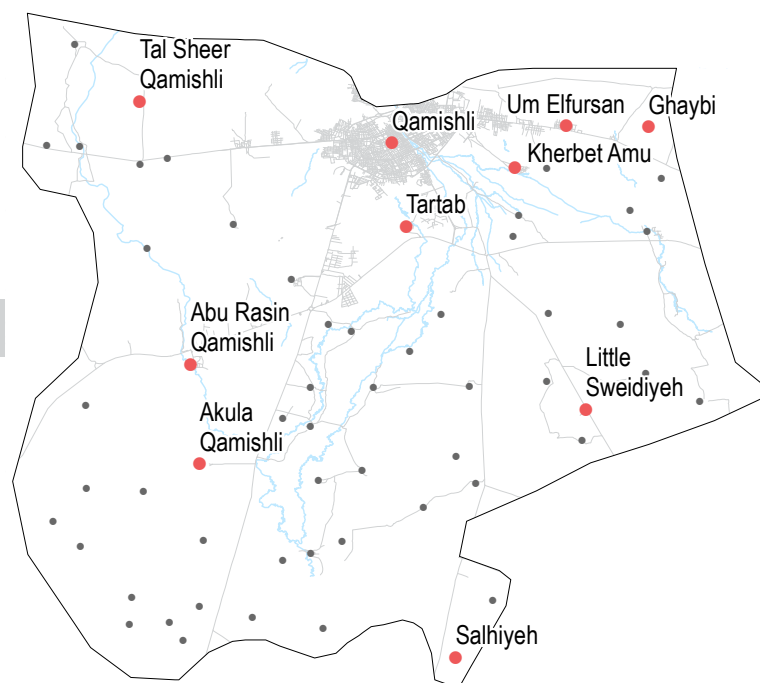
- 9/60 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet), in addition to Qamishli City:

Salhiyeh

Tal Sheer Qamishli

Tartab

Um Elfursan



Food Security

Salhiyeh



Bread: no info
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Tal Sheer Qamishli



Bread: no info
Rice: no info
Lentils: no info
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: no info

Tartab



Bread: 150 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 600 SYP

Um Elfursan



Bread: 55 SYP
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 365 SYP
Cooking oil: 640 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to market

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food available in markets

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel not available

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack

Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Salhiyeh

Some facilities destroyed



Tal Sheer Qamishli

Most children accessed education



Tartab

Most children accessed education



Um Elfursan

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Qamishli City, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Big Jirnik

NDPs IDPs
3000 - 6000 SYP

Al 'Antariya

NDPs IDPs
4000 - 8000 SYP

Hay Jomayeh

NDPs IDPs
2500 - 3500 SYP

Kurnish

NDPs IDPs
5000 - 8000 SYP

Qanat As Sways

NDPs IDPs
1000 - 1500 SYP

• 5/25 neighbourhoods assessed:

Big Jirnik
Al 'Antariya
Hay Jomayeh
Kurnish
Qanat As Sways

Displacement

Big Jirnik

51-75%
 No No info

Al 'Antariya

51-75%
 Yes Yes

Hay Jomayeh

26-50%
 Yes Yes

Kurnish

51-75%
 Yes Yes

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Qanat As Sways

76-100%
 No No info

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Big Jirnik

Taking loans/buying on credit
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Al 'Antariya

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size

Hay Jomayeh

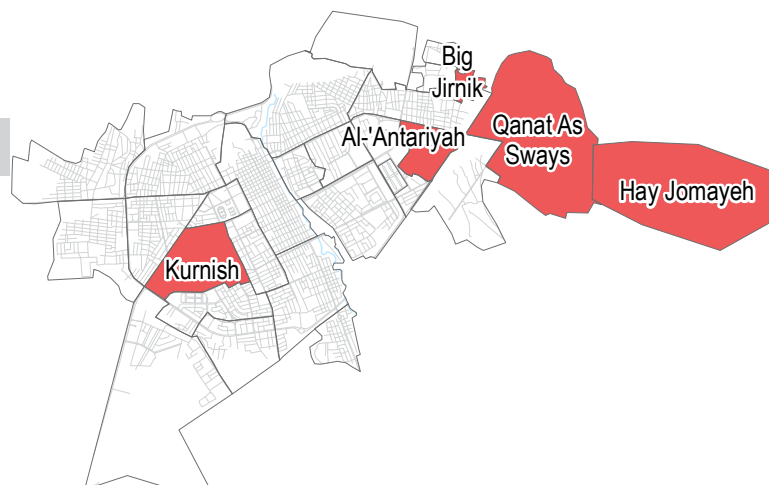
Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Kurnish

Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Qanat As Sways

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals
Reducing meal size



NFIs

Big Jirnik

B 2250 SYP
 D 35 SYP
 F NA

Al 'Antariya

B 3000 SYP
 D 100 SYP
 F 25000 SYP

Hay Jomayeh

B 2500 SYP
 D 40 SYP
 F NA

Kurnish

B 3500 SYP
 D 70 SYP
 F 25000 SYP

Qanat As Sways

B 2500 SYP
 D 40 SYP
 F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Hay Jomayeh



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting

Kurnish



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Fever
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Qanat As Sways



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Big Jirnik



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues

Al 'Antariya



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Malnutrition
Symptoms of psychological trauma

- 5/25 neighbourhoods assessed:

Big Jirnik
Al 'Antariya
Hay Jomayeh
Kurnish
Qanat As Sways

Food Security

Qanat As Sways Big Jirnik



Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 625 SYP
Lentils: 375 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP



Bread: 55 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP
Sugar: 475 SYP

Hay Jomayeh



Bread: 55 SYP
Rice: 800 SYP
Lentils: 410 SYP
Cooking oil: 560 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP

Al 'Antariya



Bread: 25 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 450 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Kurnish



Bread: 25 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 600 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 600 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available

No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Big Jirnik

Closed well
Public free collection

Al 'Antariya

Network
Private paid collection

Hay Jomayeh

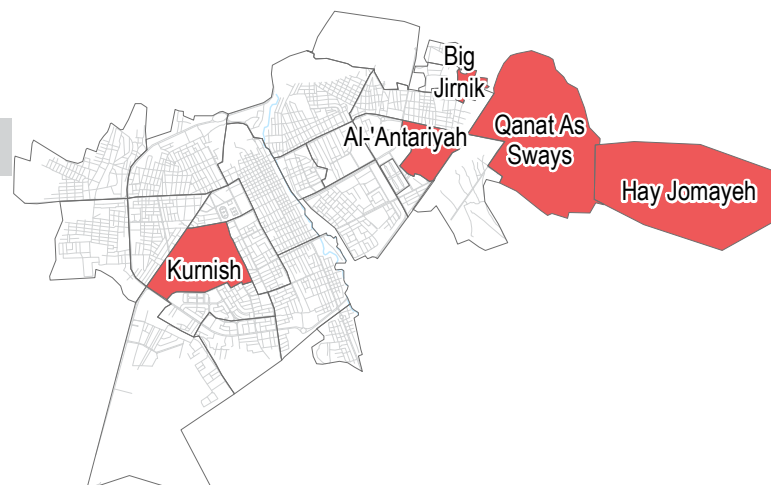
Network
Private paid collection

Kurnish

Network
Private paid collection

Qanat As Sways

Network
Private paid collection



Education

Big Jirnik

Most children accessed education

Al 'Antariya

Most children accessed education

Hay Jomayeh

Most children accessed education

Kurnish

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Qanat As Sways

Most children accessed education

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

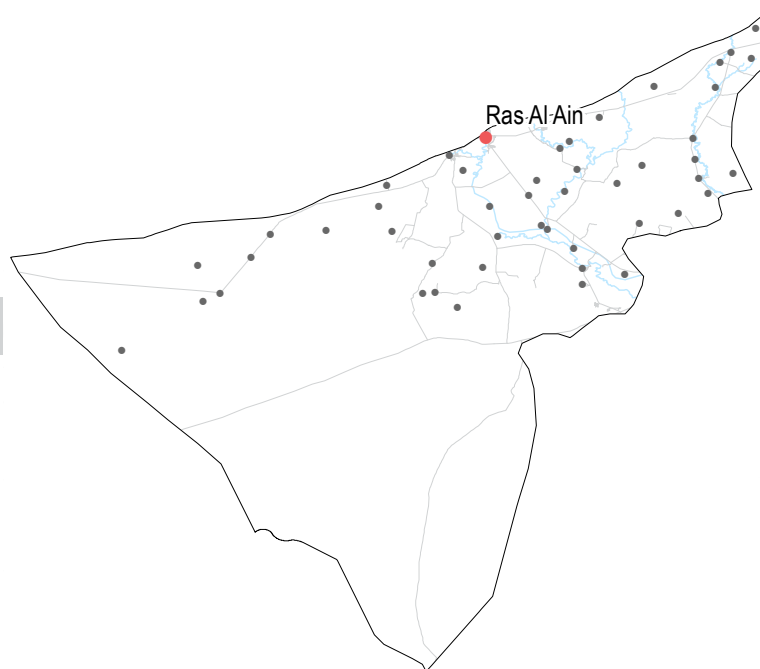
Ras Al Ain

NDPs IDPs

1800 - 3000 SYP

• 1/43 communities assessed:

Ras Al Ain



Displacement

Ras Al Ain

76-100%

Yes

Yes

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Ras Al Ain

Borrowing from family/friends

Eating weeds

NFIs

Ras Al Ain

B 2200 SYP

D 45 SYP

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Ras Al Ain, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Health



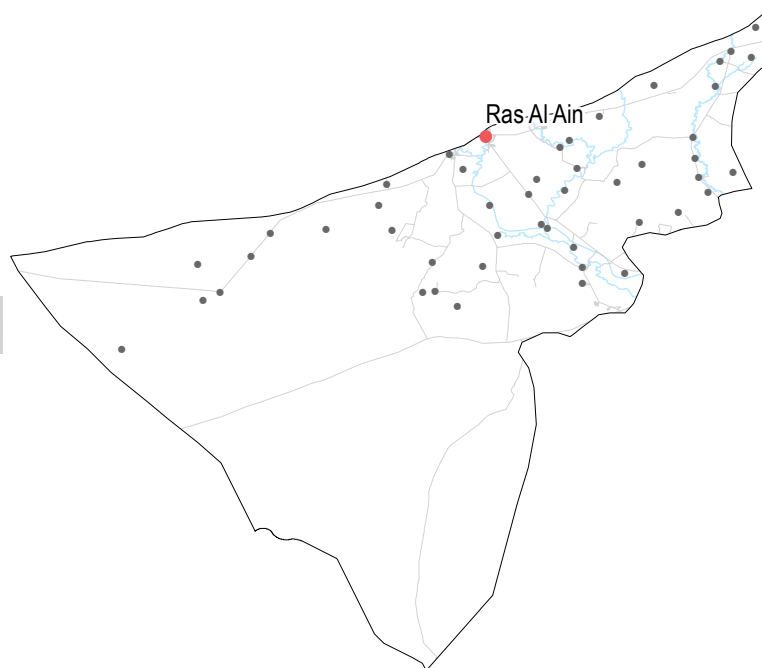
Most common health problems

Ras Al Ain



Diarrhea
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

- 1/43 communities assessed:
Ras Al Ain



WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal



Ras Al Ain

Network



Private paid collection



Food Security

Ras Al Ain



Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: no info
Sugar: 300 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Ras Al Ain



Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Tal Hmis, Al Hasakeh Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY080201
February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Mathluthet Hamzeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Mjerinat Mahal

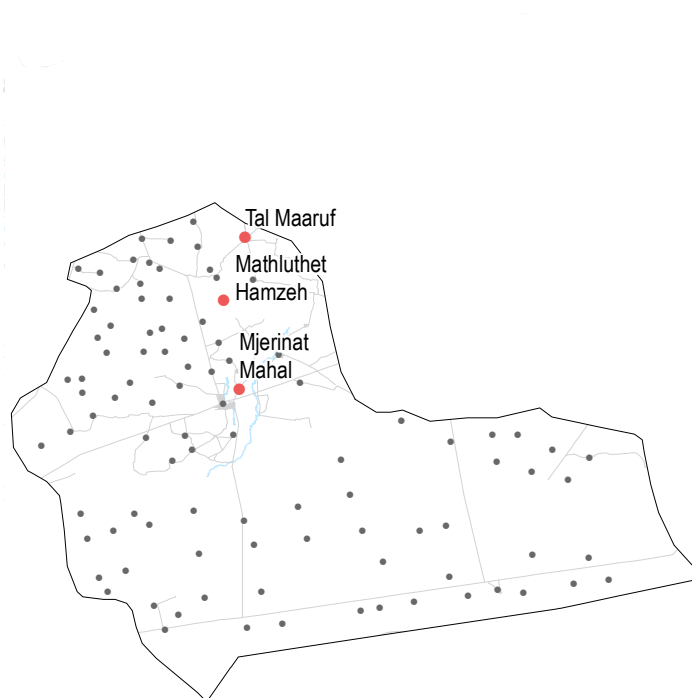
NDPs IDPs
No info

Tal Maaruf

NDPs IDPs
3500 - 4000 SYP

• 3/98 communities assessed:

Mathluthet Hamzeh
Mjerinat Mahal
Tal Maaruf



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Mathluthet Hamzeh

Skipping meals

Reducing meal size

Mjerinat Mahal

Borrowing from family/friends

Selling household assets

Skipping meals

Tal Maaruf

Borrowing from family/friends

Displacement

Mathluthet Hamzeh

76-100%
 No No info

Mjerinat Mahal

51-75%
 No No info

Tal Maaruf

76-100%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

NFIs

Mathluthet Hamzeh

B 2200 SYP

D 35 SYP

F NA

Mjerinat Mahal

B 2300 SYP

D 75 SYP

F NA

Tal Maaruf

B 2500 SYP

D NA

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Humanitarian Situation Overview in Syria (HSOS): Sub-district Factsheets

Tal Hmis, Al Hasakeh Governorate

Sub-district P-Code: SY080201
February 2017

Health



Most common health problems

Tal Maaruf



Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Maternal health issues
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Mathluthet Hamzeh



Diarrhea
Fever
Malnutrition

Mjerinat Mahal



Diarrhea
Acute respiratory infections
Malnutrition

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Mathluthet Hamzeh

Closed well



Disposed at designated site

Mjerinat Mahal

Closed well



Buried / burned

Tal Maaruf

Network



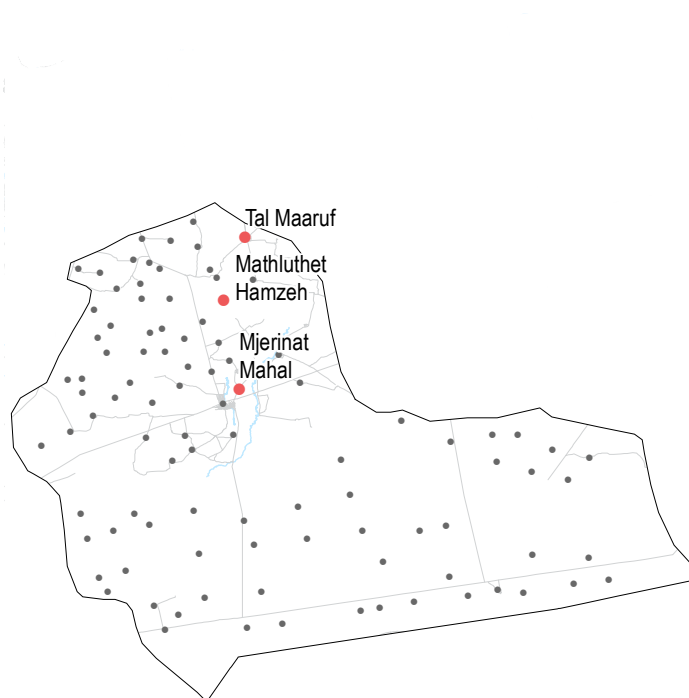
Private paid collection

- 3/98 communities assessed:

Mathluthet Hamzeh

Mjerinat Mahal

Tal Maaruf



Food Security

Mathluthet Hamzeh



Bread: 75 SYP
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 450 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP

Tal Maaruf



Bread: 60 SYP
Rice: 650 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 300 SYP
Sugar: 475 SYP

Mjerinat Mahal



Bread: 125 SYP
Rice: 700 SYP
Lentils: 550 SYP
Cooking oil: 710 SYP
Sugar: 325 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Mathluthet Hamzeh



Facilities unavailable



Mjerinat Mahal



Most children accessed education



Tal Maaruf



Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Ya'robiyah, Al Hasakeh Governorate

February 2017

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Alyana

NDPs IDPs
No info

Khadaan

NDPs IDPs
No info

Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Tameriyeh

NDPs IDPs
No info

Um Eledam

NDPs IDPs
No info

• 5/46 communities assessed:

Alyana
Khadaan
Khweitleh Yarubiyeh
Tameriyeh
Um Eledam

Displacement

Alyana

76-100%
 No No info

Khadaan

76-100%
 No No info

Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

51-75%
 No No info

Tameriyeh

51-75%
 Yes Yes

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

No information

Um Eledam

76-100%
 No No info

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Alyana

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Khadaan

Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals

Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

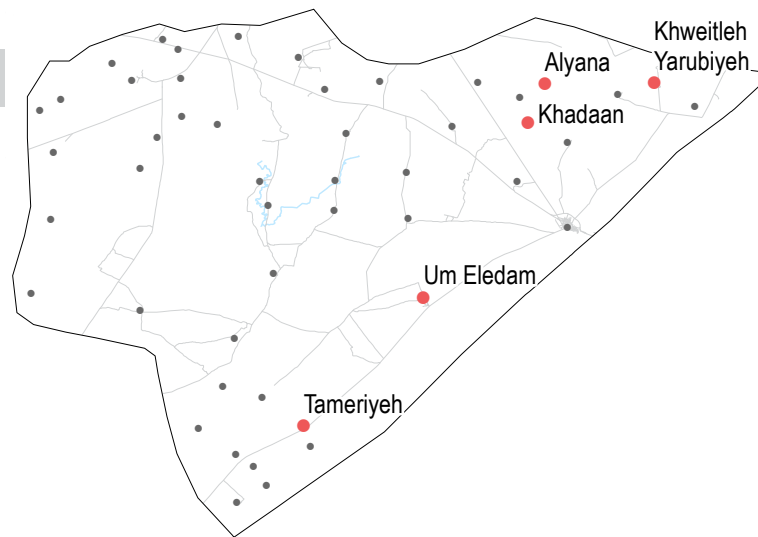
Selling household assets
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Tameriyeh

Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Um Eledam

Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size



NFIs

Alyana

B 2500 SYP
D 100 SYP
F NA

Khadaan

B 3000 SYP
D 35 SYP
F NA

Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

B 2200 SYP
D 45 SYP
F NA

Tameriyeh

B 2200 SYP
D 50 SYP
F NA

Um Eledam

B 2500 SYP
D 40 SYP
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

Diarrhea
Maternal health issues
Malnutrition

Tameriyeh

Diarrhea
Fever
Malnutrition

Um Eledam

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Alyana

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Malnutrition

Khadaan

Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections

• 5/46 communities assessed:

Alyana
Khadaan
Khweitleh Yarubiyeh
Tameriyeh
Um Eledam

Food Security

Um Eledam

Bread: 50 SYP
Rice: 550 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 575 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Alyana

Bread: 75 SYP
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 375 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 500 SYP
Lentils: 360 SYP
Cooking oil: 550 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Khadaan

Bread: 75 SYP
Rice: 450 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP
Sugar: 650 SYP

Tameriyeh

Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Main challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available

✗ No information

Bread (public): 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Alyana

Network

Khadaan

Network

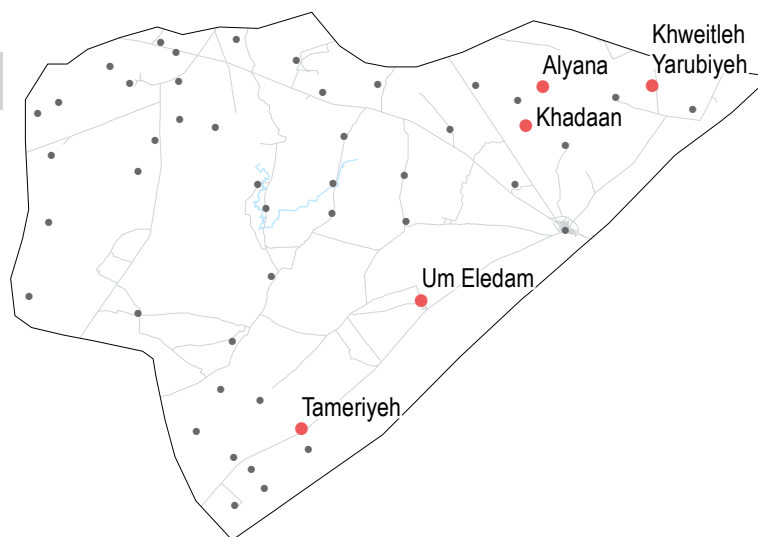
Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

Closed well

Tameriyeh

Closed well

Um Eledam

Network


Education

Alyana

Most children accessed education

Khadaan

Most children accessed education

Khweitleh Yarubiyeh

Most children accessed education

Tameriyeh

Most children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Um Eledam

Most children accessed education