Joint Multi-Cluster Needs Assessment: Hobyo District Profile

Mudug Region, Somalia

August 2017

Background

The ongoing drought has contributed to a rapid deterioration of the humanitarian context in Somalia, with a predicted high risk of famine in 2017. In support of the humanitarian planning response, the Clusters and the Assessment Working Group developed the Joint Multi-Cluster Needs Assessment (JMCNA) with the support of REACH in order to assess needs and access to basic services in Somalia.

The Somalia population was sampled for statistical representativeness at the district level with a confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of +/- 10%, employing a cluster sampling approach using the Population Proportional to Size method with replacement. Data collection was conducted by AAHI, ACF, ACTED, ADESO, Aid Vision, CARE, DBG, DRC, Galmudug MoH, HINNA, INTERSOS, IOM, NRC, PAH, REACH, SADO, SCI, SHARDO and SI.

This factsheet presents an analysis of data collected in Hobyo District between 18 and 21 July 2017 as part of the JMCNA. In total, 135 households were surveyed across Hobyo District.

Demographics

Household composition, by gender and age:



9% of households reported that they are not from the community they currently reside in.

Food Security

Food Consumption Scores (FCS) of households:



Coping Strategies Index (CSI) scores of households3:

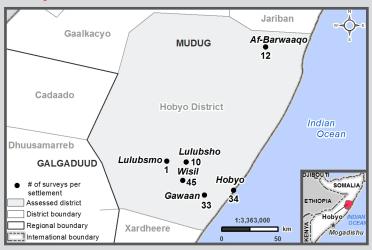
8 Minimum score 25 Average score 44 Maximum score

Reported challenges experienced by households when attempting to access food over the past three months²:



days on average that households' food stocks will reportedly last.

Survey Locations



Vulnerabilities

% of households reporting the following members:

37% Pregnant or lactating woman
16% Sick child
7% Disabled or chronically ill person
1% Unaccompanied or separated child

Priority Needs

Top 3 priority needs reported by households1:

1.	. Food	98%
2.	. Water	69%
3	Shelter	67%

• Nutrition

% of children under 5 in assessed households, by Mid-Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) score:



% of households reported access to the following nutrition services²:

90%
9%
14%
1%

of households reported increased difficulty in accessing nutrition services compared to more than 3 months ago.

Joint Multi-Cluster Needs Assessment: Hobyo District Profile

Livelihoods

Top 3 primary support sources reported for the past year:

1. Day labour	53%
2. Community support	18%
3. Other	13%

of households reported losing livestock in the last three months.

Health

Main health problems reported by households in the last month¹:

1. Suspected malaria	19%
2. Acute watery diarrhoea / Suspected measles	18%
3. Suspected measles	13%

70% of households reported increased difficulty in accessing health services compared to more than three months ago.

8 USD on average were reportedly spent by households on health care in the past month.

of households reported increased spending on health services compared to more than three months ago.

Education

of school-aged children (5-17 years) reportedly attend school.

Reported level of priority of education for households:



96% High4% Medium0% Low

Communication

Top 3 preferred channels for receiving information reported1:

1. Telephone (voice)	92%
2. Community meetings	82%
3. Radio	40%

Top 3 reported information needs of households²:

1. Food	86%
2. Water	59%
3. Health advice and treatment	43%

Protection

0% of households reported that a household member has experienced violence, threats or intimidation in the past three months.

0% of households reported not being able to move freely in their community and surrounding area.

10% of households reported a theft from their shelter in the past three months.

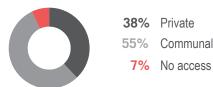
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)

Main sources of drinking water reported by households2:

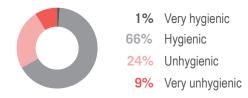
1. Piped system	30%
2. Burkad	27%
3. Water kiosk	18%

of households reported a problem of either quantity or quality with their main water source.

Types of latrines reportedly accessible to households:



Reported hygiene status of latrines used by households4:



Shelter

Primary structural materials reportedly used for main shelter, by proportion of households:

1. Bricks	43%
2. Wood	32%
3. Stones	13%

Roof covering materials reportedly used for main shelter, by proportion of households:

1. Iron sheet	85%	
2. Other	5%	
3. Plastic sheet / Vegetation	4%	

25% of households reported damage to their shelter within the past three months.

6.2 people on average were reported per shelter.

Endnotes

- 1. Respondents could select up to 3 options.
- 2. Respondents could select multiple options.
- 3. Higher scores indicate a greater degree of food insecurity, with the maximum possible score being 56. For more information about the CSI, please visit: http://bit.ly/2vR37la
- 4 This question was only asked to respondents reporting access to a latrine.



