

Introduction

This multi-sector needs assessment is part of a monthly data collection exercise which aims to gather information about needs and the humanitarian situation inside Syria. The factsheets present information collected in October 2016, referring to the situation in September 2016.

These factsheets present information at the community level* for four sub-districts in Quneitra governorate. Selected key indicators for the following sectors are included in the factsheets: displacement, shelter, NFIs, health, food security, WASH and education. The factsheets do not cover the entire range of indicators gathered in the questionnaire.

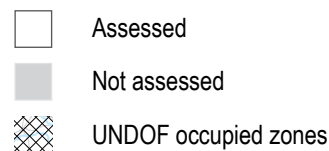
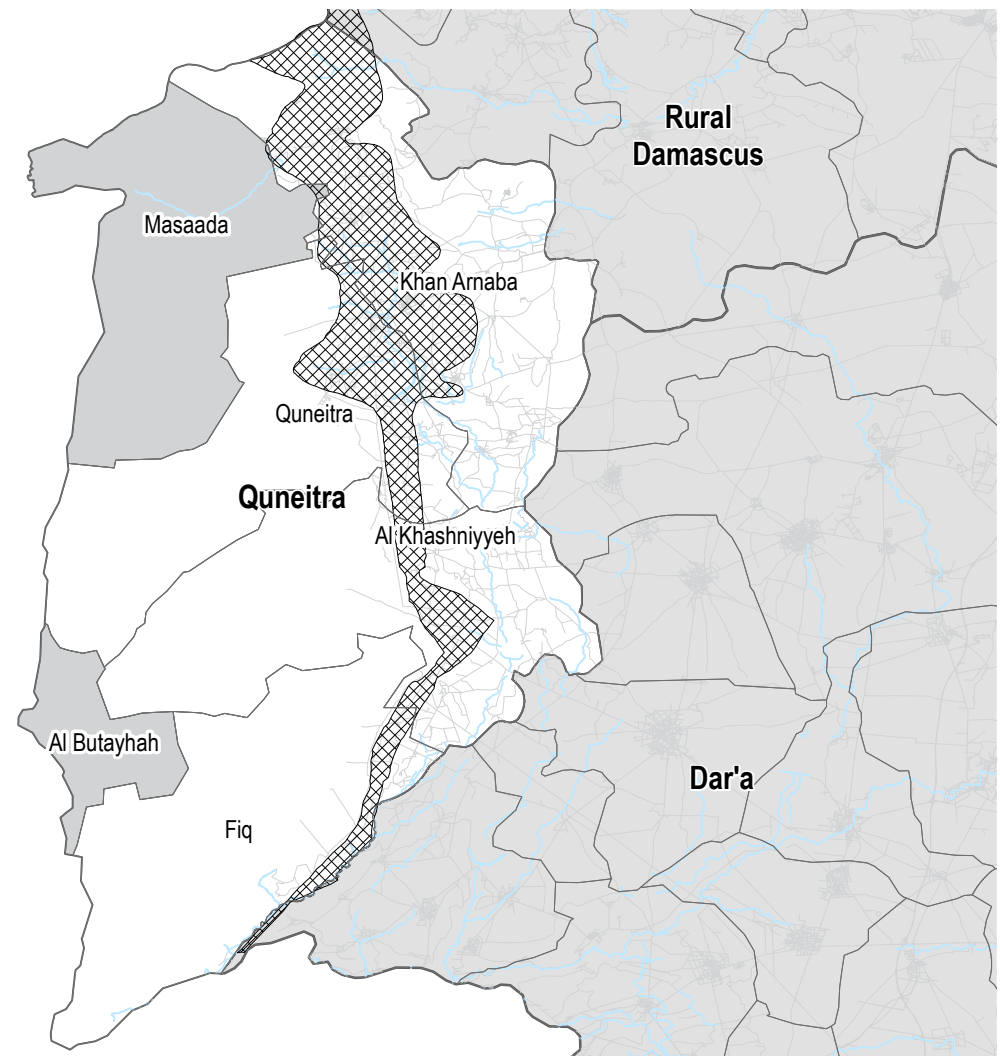
For full visualisation of all indicators collected, please see the SIMAWG Needs Identification Dynamic Reporting Tool, available here: <http://www.reach-info.org/syr/simawg/>

Methodology and limitations

These findings are based on data collected both directly and remotely (in Jordan, Lebanon, Kurdistan Region of Iraq and Turkey) from Key Informants residing in communities throughout Syria.

Information was collected from Key Informants in 28 communities in 4 sub-districts of Quneitra governorate. For each question asked, confidence levels are assigned based on the Key Informant's area of expertise and knowledge of the sector-specific situation.

For a full description of the methodology, please see the Terms of Reference, available on the [REACH Resource Centre](#).



PDF: click on sub-district name to jump to factsheet

Al Khashniyyeh (1/3), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Asbah

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Ein Eltineh

IDPs NDP
1500 - 2000 SYP

Esheh

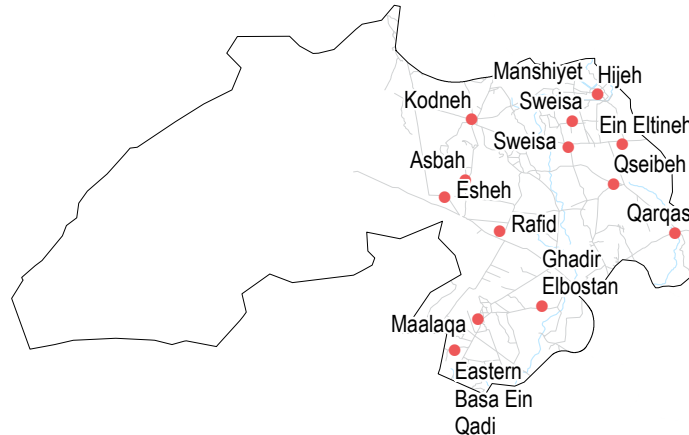
IDPs NDP
No rent information

Ghadir Elbostan

IDPs NDP
No rent information

- 13/13 communities assessed (8 communities are shown on the next two factsheets):

Asbah
Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi
Ein Eltineh
Esheh
Ghadir Elbostan



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Asbah

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

Esheh

Borrowing from family/friends

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

Borrowing from family/friends

Ghadir Elbostan

Borrowing from family/friends

Ein Eltineh

Taking loans/buying on credit
High risk/illegal work
Selling household assets

Displacement

Asbah

76-100%
 No No info

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

76-100%
 No No info

Ein Eltineh

76-100%
 Yes No

Esheh

76-100%
 No No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining
 IDPs already living in village
 IDPs arrived in last month

Ghadir Elbostan

51-75%
 Yes No

NFIs

Asbah

B 6600 SYP
D 300 SYP
F NA

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

B 6000 SYP
D 300 SYP
F NA

Ein Eltineh

B 5200 SYP
D 320 SYP
F 52000 SYP

Esheh

B 6500 SYP
D 325 SYP
F NA

Ghadir Elbostan

B 6000 SYP
D 300 SYP
F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network
 Generator
 No source available
 No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Al Khashniyyeh (1/3), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Health

 Most common health problems

Ein Eltineh

 Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections

Esheh

 Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Asbah

 Disabilities
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

 Disabilities
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Ghadir Elbostan

 Disabilities
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

- 13/13 communities assessed (8 communities are shown on the next two factsheets):

Asbah
Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi
Ein Eltineh
Esheh
Ghadir Elbostan

Food Security

Ghadir Elbostan Asbah

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 700 SYP
 Lentils: 300 SYP
 Cooking oil: 850 SYP
 Sugar: 550 SYP

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 600 SYP
 Lentils: 300 SYP
 Cooking oil: 750 SYP
 Sugar: 550 SYP

Ein Eltineh

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 800 SYP
 Lentils: 250 SYP
 Cooking oil: 900 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 600 SYP
 Lentils: 300 SYP
 Cooking oil: 800 SYP
 Sugar: 550 SYP

Esheh

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 600 SYP
 Lentils: 300 SYP
 Cooking oil: 800 SYP
 Sugar: 600 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

-  No challenges
-  Some foods unavailable
-  Local production decreased
-  Lack of access to market
-  Some foods expensive
-  Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
-  Lack of access to fuel
-  Cooking fuel not available
-  No information
- Bread public: 1 pack
- Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
- Cooking oil: 1 litre

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

-  Water is safe to drink
-  Water tastes/smells bad
-  People sick after drinking
-  No information

Change in available water since last month

-  More water
-  No change
-  Less water
-  No information

 Most common method of garbage disposal

Asbah

Water trucking  
 Buried / burned

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

Water trucking  
 Buried / burned

Ein Eltineh

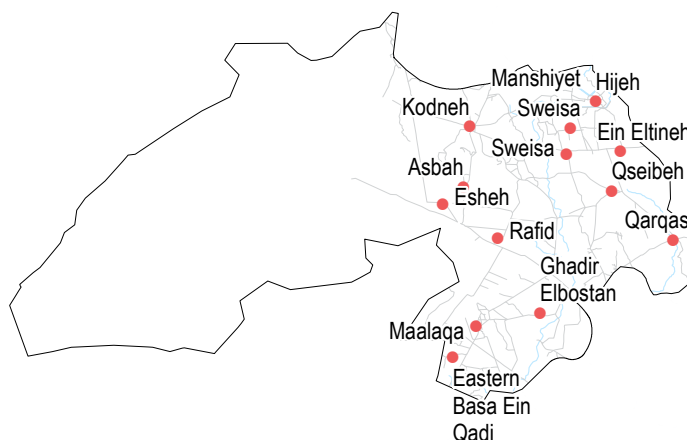
Water trucking  
 Buried / burned

Esheh

Water trucking  
 Buried / burned

Ghadir Elbostan

Water trucking  
 Buried / burned



Education

Asbah

 All children accessed education

Eastern Basa - Ein Qadi

 All children accessed education

Ein Eltineh

 Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Esheh

 All children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

-  Functioning
-  Not functioning
-  Not available
-  No information
-  Barriers to accessing education services
-  Ghadir Elbostan
- All children accessed education

Al Khashniyyeh (2/3), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Hijeh

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Kodneh

IDPs NDP
1000 - 1500 SYP

Maalaqa

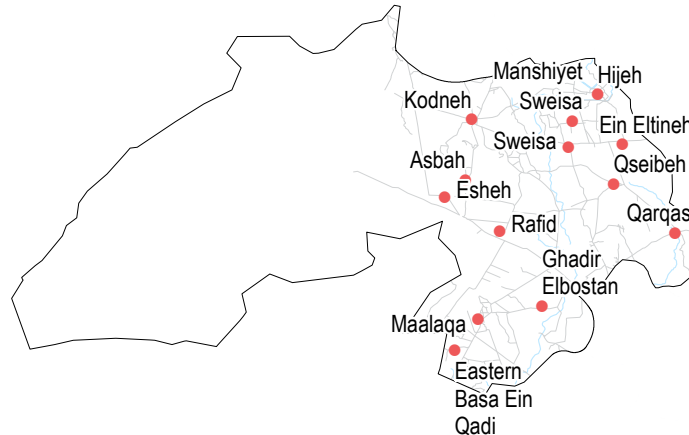
IDPs NDP
No rent information

Manshiyet Sweisa

IDPs NDP
No rent information

- 13/13 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Hijeh
Kodneh
Maalaqa
Manshiyet Sweisa



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Hijeh

Borrowing from family/friends

Kodneh

Borrowing from family/friends
Selling household assets
Skipping meals

Maalaqa

Borrowing from family/friends

Manshiyet Sweisa

Borrowing from family/friends
High risk/illegal work
Looking for food in garbage

Displacement

Hijeh

76-100%
 No No info

Kodneh

51-75%
 Yes No

Maalaqa

76-100%
 No No info

Manshiyet Sweisa

26-50%
 Yes No

% of pre-conflict population remaining
 IDPs already living in village
 IDPs arrived in last month

NFIs

Hijeh

B 6250 SYP
D 275 SYP
F NA

Kodneh

B 4500 SYP
D 350 SYP
F 50000 SYP

Maalaqa

B 6500 SYP
D 325 SYP
F NA

Manshiyet Sweisa

B 5400 SYP
D 350 SYP
F 50000 SYP

Most common electricity source
 Main network
 Generator
 No source available
 No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Maalaqa



Disabilities
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Manshiyet Sweisa



Communicable diseases
Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections

Hijeh



Disabilities
Pregnancy related diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

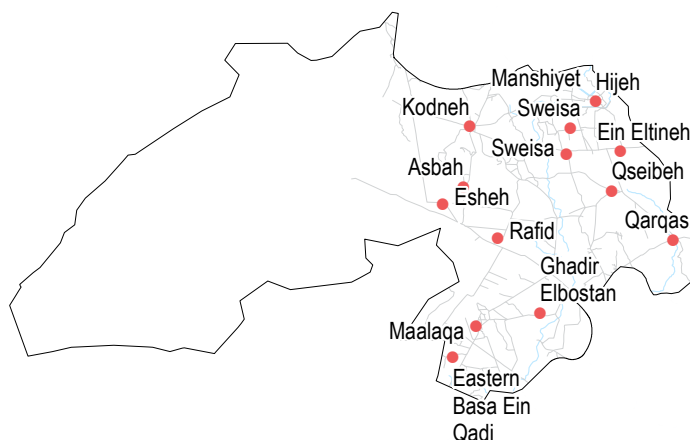
Kodneh



Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Symptoms of psychological trauma

- 13/13 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet, 4 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Hijeh
Kodneh
Maalaqa
Manshiyet Sweisa



WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Hijeh

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Kodneh

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Maalaqa

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Manshiyet Sweisa

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Food Security

Hijeh



Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 850 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP

Kodneh



Bread: no info
Rice: 800 SYP
Lentils: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Maalaqa



Bread: no info
Rice: 650 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 850 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP

Manshiyet Sweisa



Bread: no info
Rice: 750 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread public: 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Hijeh



All children accessed education



Kodneh



Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies



Maalaqa



All children accessed education



Manshiyet Sweisa



Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Al Khashniyyeh (3/3), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Qarqas

IDPs NDP



No rent information

Sweisa

IDPs NDP



No rent information

Qseibeh

IDPs NDP



No rent information

Rafid

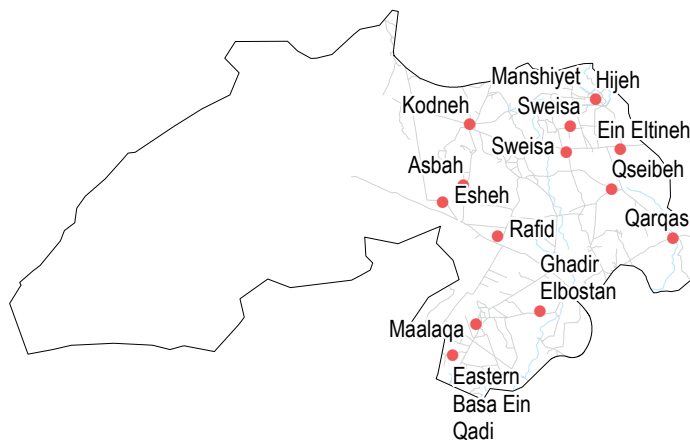
IDPs NDP



No rent information

- 13/13 communities assessed (9 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets):

Qarqas
Qseibeh
Rafid
Sweisa



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Qarqas

Borrowing from family/friends

Sweisa

Borrowing from family/friends

High risk/illegal work

Selling household assets

Qseibeh

Borrowing from family/friends

Selling household assets

Rafid

Borrowing from family/friends

Displacement

Qarqas

76-100%



Yes



Yes

Qseibeh

51-75%



Yes



No

Rafid

76-100%



Yes



No

Sweisa

26-50%



Yes



Yes

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

NFIs

Qarqas

B 6500 SYP

D 325 SYP

F NA

Qseibeh

B 6000 SYP

D 700 SYP

F 60000 SYP

Rafid

B 6500 SYP

D 300 SYP

F NA

Sweisa

B 5400 SYP

D 350 SYP

F 45000 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Al Khashniyyeh (3/3), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Health



Most common health problems

Rafid



Disabilities
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Sweisa



Communicable diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Qarqas



Disabilities
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

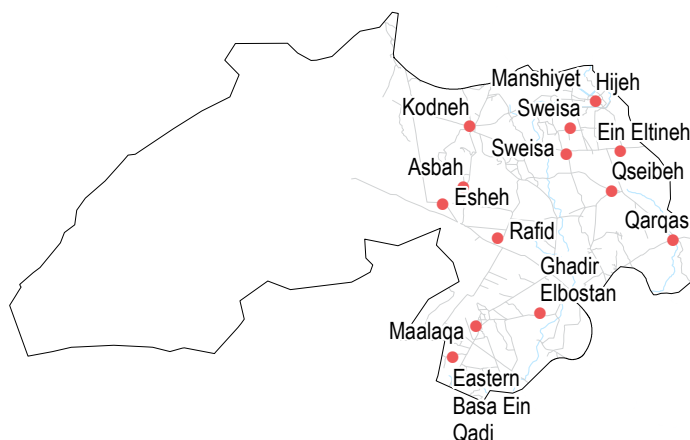
Qseibeh



Disabilities
Diarrhea
Skin disease

- 13/13 communities assessed (9 communities are shown on the previous two factsheets):

Qarqas
Qseibeh
Rafid
Sweisa



WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking
- No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water
- No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Qarqas

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Qseibeh

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Rafid

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Sweisa

Water trucking
Buried / burned

Food Security

Qarqas



Bread: no info
Rice: 700 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 875 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP

Rafid



Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 300 SYP
Cooking oil: 850 SYP
Sugar: 550 SYP

Qseibeh



Bread: no info
Rice: 700 SYP
Lentils: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 500 SYP

Sweisa



Bread: no info
Rice: 800 SYP
Lentils: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available
- No information

Bread public: 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Qarqas



All children accessed education



Qseibeh



All children accessed education



Rafid



All children accessed education



Sweisa



Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Razaniyet Saida

IDPs NDP



No rent information

Sayda

IDPs NDP



No rent information

• 2/2 communities assessed:

Razaniyet Saida

Sayda

Displacement

Razaniyet Saida

26-50%

Yes

Yes

Sayda

76-100%

No

No info

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Razaniyet Saida

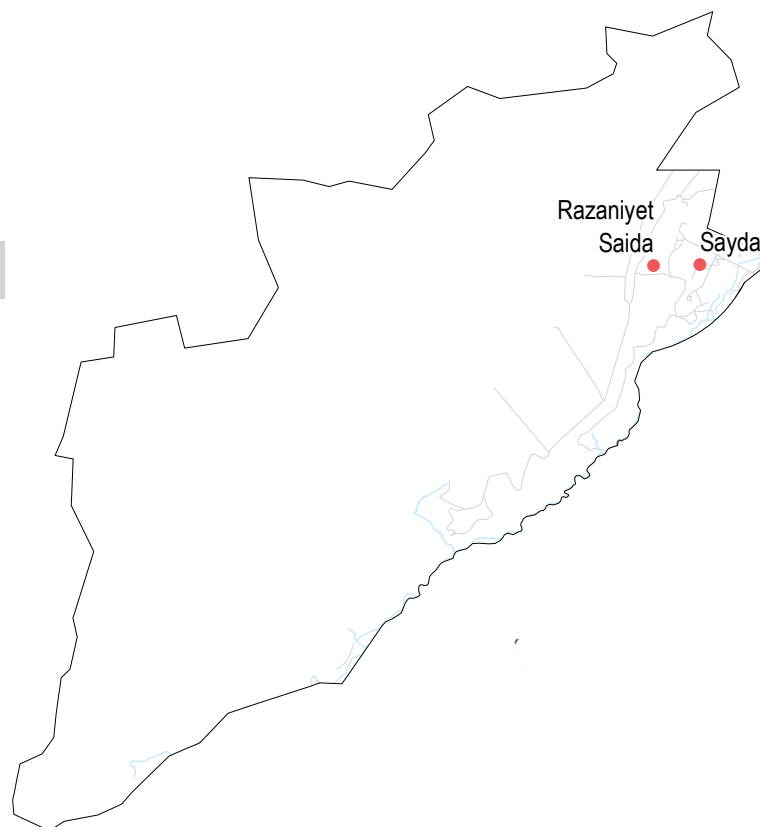
Taking loans/buying on credit

Borrowing from family/friends

High risk/illegal work

Sayda

Borrowing from family/friends



NFIs

Razaniyet Saida

B 5400 SYP

D 350 SYP

F 55000 SYP

Sayda

B 6500 SYP

D 300 SYP

F NA

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Health



Most common health problems

Razaniyet Saida



Communicable diseases
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Sayda



Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

Water is safe to drink

Water tastes/smells bad

People sick after drinking

No information

Change in available water since last month

More water

No change

Less water

No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Razaniyet Saida

Water trucking

Buried / burned

Sayda

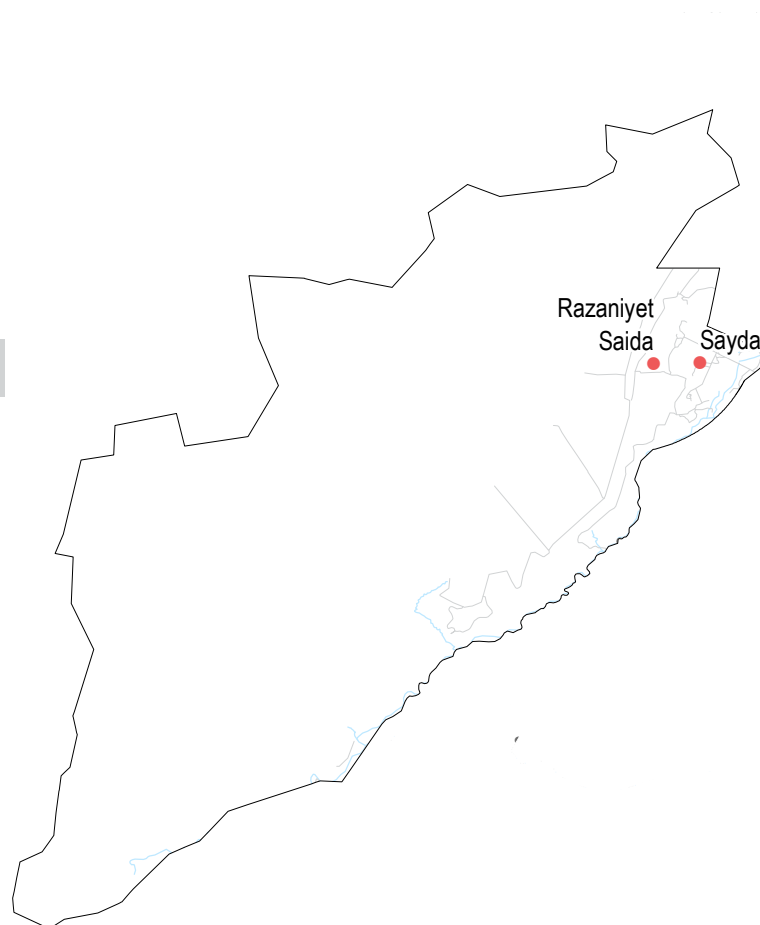
Water trucking

Buried / burned

- 2/2 communities assessed:

Razaniyet Saida

Sayda



Food Security

Razaniyet Saida



Bread: no info

Rice: 800 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Cooking oil: 900 SYP

Sugar: 250 SYP

Sayda



Bread: no info

Rice: 600 SYP

Lentils: 250 SYP

Cooking oil: 800 SYP

Sugar: 600 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

No challenges

Some foods unavailable

Local production decreased

Lack of access to market

Some foods expensive

Lack of resources to buy food available in markets

Lack of access to fuel

Cooking fuel not available

No information

No information

No information

No information

Bread public: 1 pack

Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg

Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education



Razaniyet Saida



Facilities destroyed

Lack of teaching staff

Lack of school supplies



Sayda



Lack of teaching staff

Lack of school supplies

Status of primary schools in village

Functioning

Not functioning

Not available

No information

Barriers to accessing education services

Khan Arnaba (1/2), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Ayoba

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Hadar

IDPs NDP
10000 - 11000 SYP

Jbata Elkhatab

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Kalidiyeh

IDPs NDP
3000 - 4000 SYP

Khan Arnaba

IDPs NDP
No rent information

- 9/17 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Ayoba
Hadar
Jbata Elkhatab
Kalidiyeh
Khan Arnaba



Displacement

Ayoba

76-100%
Yes No

Hadar

76-100%
Yes No

Jbata Elkhatab

51-75%
Yes No

Kalidiyeh

51-75%
Yes No

% of pre-conflict population remaining

IDPs already living in village

IDPs arrived in last month

Khan Arnaba

76-100%
Yes No

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Ayoba

Taking loans/buying on credit

Kalidiyeh

Borrowing from family/friends

Hadar

Borrowing from family/friends

Khan Arnaba

Borrowing from family/friends
High risk/illegal work
Selling household assets

Jbata Elkhatab

Borrowing from family/friends

NFIs

Ayoba

B 6000 SYP
D 400 SYP
F 60000 SYP

Hadar

B 4500 SYP
D 400 SYP
F 45000 SYP

Jbata Elkhatab

B 6500 SYP
D 600 SYP
F 65000 SYP

Kalidiyeh

B 6000 SYP
D 550 SYP
F 60000 SYP

Khan Arnaba

B 5400 SYP
D 325 SYP
F 50000 SYP

Most common electricity source

Main network

Generator

No source available

No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)

D Diesel (litre)

F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Khan Arnaba (1/2), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Health

 Most common health problems

Jbata Elkhashab

 Diarrhea
Skin disease
Communicable diseases

Ayoba

 Diarrhea
Communicable diseases

Kalidiyeh

 Diarrhea
Skin disease
Communicable diseases

Hadar

 Diarrhea
Communicable diseases

Khan Arnaba

 Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

-  Water is safe to drink
-  Water tastes/smells bad
-  People sick after drinking
-  No information

Change in available water since last month

-  More water
-  No change
-  Less water
-  No information

 Most common method of garbage disposal

Ayoba

Network 
 Public free collection

Hadar

Network 
 Public free collection

Jbata Elkhashab

Water trucking 
 Buried / burned

Kalidiyeh

Water trucking 
 Buried / burned

Khan Arnaba

Water trucking 
 Buried / burned

• 9/17 communities assessed (4 communities are shown on the next factsheet):

Ayoba
Hadar
Jbata Elkhashab
Kalidiyeh
Khan Arnaba



Food Security

Khan Arnaba

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 800 SYP
 Lentils: 250 SYP
 Cooking oil: 900 SYP
 Sugar: 350 SYP

Ayoba

 Bread: 50 SYP
 Rice: 700 SYP
 Lentils: 200 SYP
 Cooking oil: 700 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP

Jbata Elkhashab

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 700 SYP
 Lentils: 250 SYP
 Cooking oil: 900 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP

Hadar

 Bread: 50 SYP
 Rice: 500 SYP
 Lentils: 250 SYP
 Cooking oil: 700 SYP
 Sugar: 400 SYP

Kalidiyeh

 Bread: no info
 Rice: 700 SYP
 Lentils: 200 SYP
 Cooking oil: 900 SYP
 Sugar: 500 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

-  No challenges
-  Some foods unavailable
-  Local production decreased
-  Lack of access to market
-  Some foods expensive
-  Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
-  Lack of access to fuel
-  Cooking fuel not available
-  No information

Bread public: 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education

Ayoba

 All children accessed education

Hadar

 All children accessed education

Jbata Elkhashab

 All children accessed education

Kalidiyeh

 All children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

-  Functioning
-  Not functioning
-  Not available
-  No information
-  Barriers to accessing education services

Khan Arnaba

 Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Khan Arnaba (2/2), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Kom Elbasha

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Ofanía

IDPs NDP
No rent information

Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut

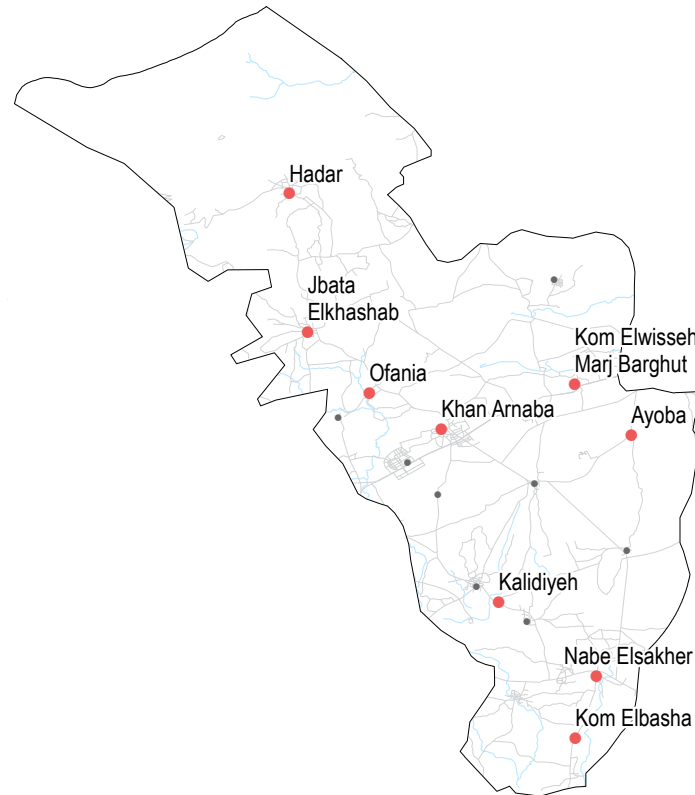
IDPs NDP
11000 - 15000 SYP

Nabe Elsakher

IDPs NDP
5000 - 7000 SYP

- 9/17 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet):

Kom Elbasha
Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut
Nabe Elsakher
Ofanía



Displacement

Kom Elbasha

51-75%
Yes No

Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut

51-75%
Yes No

Nabe Elsakher

51-75%
No No info

Ofanía

26-50%
Yes No

- % of pre-conflict population remaining
- IDPs already living in village
- IDPs arrived in last month

Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Kom Elbasha

Borrowing from family/friends

Ofanía

Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends
High risk/illegal work

Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut

Taking loans/buying on credit
Borrowing from family/friends

Nabe Elsakher

Borrowing from family/friends
Skipping meals

NFIs

Kom Elbasha

B 6000 SYP
D 600 SYP
F 60000 SYP

Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut

B 4000 SYP
D 350 SYP
F 50000 SYP

Nabe Elsakher

B 6500 SYP
D 350 SYP
F NA

Ofanía

B 4500 SYP
D 350 SYP
F NA

Most common electricity source

- Main network
- Generator
- No source available
- No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Khan Arnaba (2/2), Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Health



Most common health problems

Nabe Elsakher



Pregnancy related diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Severe diseases affecting those aged less than 5

Ofanía



Communicable diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Kom Elbasha



Diarrhea
Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut



Diarrhea
Communicable diseases

- 9/17 communities assessed (5 communities are shown on the previous factsheet):

Kom Elbasha
Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut
Nabe Elsakher
Ofanía



Food Security

Kom Elbasha



Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Nabe Elsakher



Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 800 SYP
Sugar: 600 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

- No challenges
- Some foods unavailable
- Local production decreased
- Lack of access to market
- Some foods expensive
- Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
- Lack of access to fuel
- Cooking fuel not available

✗ No information

Bread public: 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut



Bread: 100 SYP
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 150 SYP
Cooking oil: 700 SYP
Sugar: 450 SYP

Ofanía



Bread: no info
Rice: 800 SYP
Lentils: 250 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP

WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

- Water is safe to drink
- Water tastes/smells bad
- People sick after drinking

✗ No information

Change in available water since last month

- More water
- No change
- Less water

✗ No information

Most common method of garbage disposal

Kom Elbasha

Water trucking



Buried / burned

Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut

Network



Public free collection

Nabe Elsakher

Water trucking



Buried / burned

Ofanía

Water trucking



Buried / burned

Education



Kom Elbasha

All children accessed education



Kom Elwisseh - Marj Barghut

All children accessed education



Nabe Elsakher

All children accessed education



Ofanía

Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Status of primary schools in village

- Functioning
- Not functioning
- Not available
- No information
- Barriers to accessing education services

Quneitra, Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Shelter

Most common shelter

- Independent apartment or house
- Shared apartment or house
- Unfinished apartment or house
- Tent
- Private space not for shelter
- Cave/natural shelter
- Collective public space not for shelter

No IDPs

No information

Min - Max: rent paid per room (where known)

Bir Ajam

IDPs NDP

 1500 - 2000 SYP

Rweheineh

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

Breiqa

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

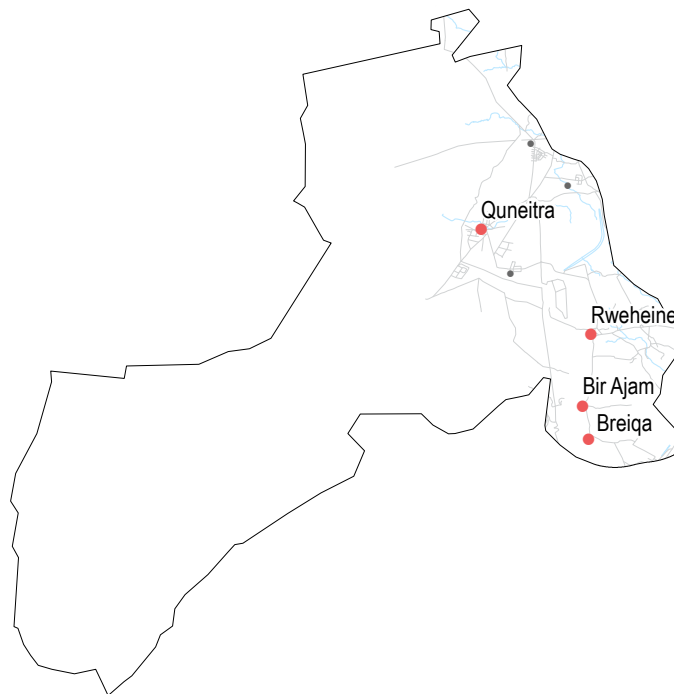
Quneitra

IDPs NDP

 No rent information

• 4/7 communities assessed:

Bir Ajam
 Breiqa
 Quneitra
 Rweheineh



Livelihoods

Most common strategies used to cope with lack of income / resources

Bir Ajam

Taking loans/buying on credit
 Borrowing from family/friends
 Selling household assets

Breiqa

Borrowing from family/friends
 Skipping meals
 Reducing meal size

Quneitra

Taking loans/buying on credit
 High risk/illegal work
 Selling household assets

Rweheineh

Borrowing from family/friends

Displacement

Bir Ajam

76-100%
 Yes No

Breiqa

26-50%
 Yes No

Quneitra

51-75%
 Yes Yes

Rweheineh

51-75%
 Yes No

% of pre-conflict population remaining
 IDPs already living in village
 IDPs arrived in last month

NFIs

Bir Ajam

B 5500 SYP
D 350 SYP
F 50000 SYP

Breiqa

B 4800 SYP
D 250 SYP
F 40000 SYP

Quneitra

B 5600 SYP
D 350 SYP
F NA

Rweheineh

B 6000 SYP
D 600 SYP
F 60000 SYP

Most common electricity source
 Main network
 Generator
 No source available
 No information

Fuel Prices

B Butane (cannister)
D Diesel (litre)
F Firewood (tonne)

NA: not available for purchase

Quneitra, Quneitra Governorate

October 2016

Health

 Most common health problems

Quneitra

 Communicable diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Rweheineh

 Diarrhea
Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine

Bir Ajam

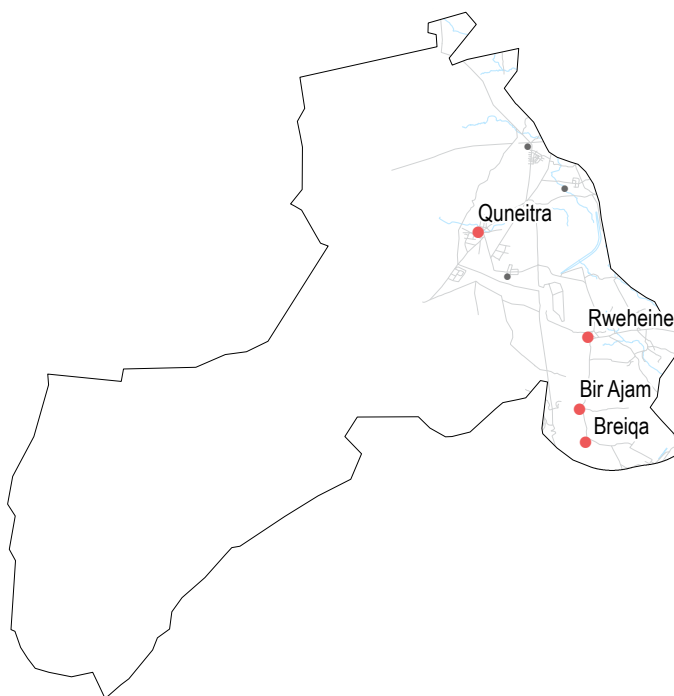
 Communicable diseases
Acute respiratory infections
Symptoms of psychological trauma

Breiqa

 Communicable diseases
Chronic disease with no access to medicine
Injuries

• 4/7 communities assessed:

Bir Ajam
Breiqa
Quneitra
Rweheineh



WASH

Most common water source

Status of source

 Water is safe to drink
 Water tastes/smells bad
 People sick after drinking
 No information

Change in available water since last month

 More water
 No change
 Less water
 No information

 Most common method of garbage disposal

Bir Ajam

Water trucking 
 Buried / burned

Breiqa

Closed well 
 Public free collection

Quneitra

Water trucking 
 Buried / burned

Rweheineh

Water trucking 
 Buried / burned

Food Security

Bir Ajam


Bread: no info
Rice: 800 SYP
Lentils: 350 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 400 SYP

Breiqa


Bread: no info
Rice: 400 SYP
Lentils: 400 SYP
Cooking oil: 600 SYP
Sugar: 375 SYP

Quneitra


Bread: no info
Rice: 800 SYP
Lentils: 450 SYP
Cooking oil: 900 SYP
Sugar: 350 SYP

Rweheineh


Bread: no info
Rice: 600 SYP
Lentils: 200 SYP
Cooking oil: 800 SYP
Sugar: 475 SYP

Challenges to obtaining food

 No challenges
 Some foods unavailable
 Local production decreased
 Lack of access to market
 Some foods expensive
 Lack of resources to buy food available in markets
 Lack of access to fuel
 Cooking fuel not available
 No information

Bread public: 1 pack
Rice, lentils, sugar: 1 kg
Cooking oil: 1 litre

Education

Bir Ajam


 Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Breiqa


 Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Quneitra


 Facilities destroyed
Lack of teaching staff
Lack of school supplies

Rweheineh


All children accessed education

Status of primary schools in village

 Functioning
 Not functioning
 Not available
 No information
 Barriers to accessing education services