



## Summary

Bajid Kandala IDP camp was first established as a transit site for Syrian refugees. Since 3 August 2014 it has been used to host internally displaced persons (IDPs). The main area of origin of the resident IDPs is Sinjar, Ninewa Governorate.

Primary data was collected through household surveys from 18 - 20/11/2014. Additional information from camp managers, marked (\*) is correct as of 18/11/2014.

## Implementing Agencies

- EDUCATION:** UNICEF / DoE
- FOOD:** ACF / WFP
- HEALTH:** PUAMI / DoH / WHO
- NFI:** UNHCR / DMC / KURDS
- PROTECTION:** UNHCR / Harikar
- SHELTER:** UNHCR / DMC / KURDS
- WASH:** UNICEF / NRC

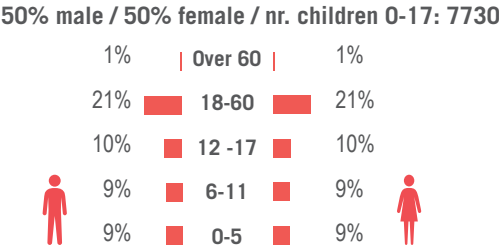
## Priority Needs

- Priority needs reported by the camp population were:
- 1 Food** 82%
  - 2 Shelter improvement** 65%
  - 3 Sanitation** 55%

## Camp Overview

**Camp management:**\* DMC / UNHCR  
**Camp population:**\* 14,015 Individuals  
**Accommodation:**\* 1522 Tents  
**Planned Capacity:**\* 1522 tents  
**Camp area:** 0.212 km<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics



## Location Map



## Sectoral Overview

		Target**	Achieved	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 enrolled in primary school	100%	8%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 enrolled in secondary school	100%	0%	●
Food	% of households recieved a Family Food Parcel in the past month	100%	69%	●
NFIs	% of households accessed NFI since the onset of the crisis	100%	100%	●
Health*	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	47.3m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of IDPs registered on an individual basis	100%	98%	●
Shelter*	% of households accessed shelter assistance since the onset of the crisis	100%	87%	●
	Average covered area per person	min. 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.8m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per tent	max. 5	9.2	●
Water & Sanitation*	Litres of water available per person per day	min. 20L	unknown	●
	# of persons per latrine (m/f)	max. 20	37.1 / 37.1	●
	# of persons per shower (m/f)	max. 20	19.4 / 19.4	●

\*\*Targets are based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. ● Target reached, ● Target more than 50% reached, ● Target less than 50% or not at all reached.

## Key Developments

100% of assessed households had received NFIs since the onset of the crisis, including clothing (received by 51%), footwear (23%) and hygiene kits (15%). IDPs identified items needed including gas fuel (82%), carpets (58%), clothing (58%) and gas cookers (32%).

Of the 90% of assessed households that had received food assistance in the past month, 26% received a food package composed of less than a standard Family Food Parcel (composed of staple carbohydrates, dry pulses, oil, sugar and iodized salt).

Accommodation challenges were reported as being unhygienic washing facilities (reported by 82%), lack of heating (68%), presence of vectors (62%) and that it was not secure (reported by 51%).

## CCCM Mechanisms

- The following structures are in place:
- ☒ **Camp community leadership \***
  - Camp community leadership was elected at the camp section level.
  - ☒ **Other camp committees in place \***
  - There is a women's committee in place.

## Bajid Kandala IDP Formal Camp Map

Lat. 37° 3' 19.336" N Long. 42° 26' 48.293" E

