

FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS (FSL)

% of sites per FSL severity score:

No or minimal	Stress	Severe	Extreme
50%	26%	16%	8%

Proportion of sites with no access to food markets, as reported by KIs:



Average time taken to travel to nearest food market, as reported by KIs³: **16 minutes**

Three most common reported primary sources of food⁴:

Market purchases	77%	<div style="width: 77%;"></div>
Household production	11%	<div style="width: 11%;"></div>
Borrowing/Debts	6%	<div style="width: 6%;"></div>

Proportion of sites in which the majority of residents reportedly conduct the following livelihood sources⁴:

Daily wage labour	89%	<div style="width: 89%;"></div>
Pastoralism	0%	<div style="width: 0%;"></div>
Agriculture	0%	<div style="width: 0%;"></div>

Proportion of sites where the population was reportedly not able to receive food assistance: **97%**



HEALTH

% of sites per health severity score:

No or minimal	Stress	Severe	Extreme
0%	0%	90%	10%

Proportion of sites with no access to healthcare facilities, as reported by KIs: **33%**



Average time to travel to nearest health facility, as reported by KIs:⁷ **53 minutes**

Proportion of sites where KIs reported women are not able to access skilled personnel while giving birth: **78%**



Proportion of sites where the population was reportedly not able to receive healthcare support: **94%**



Three most common reported types of health facilities available at sites⁴:

Pharmacy	61%	<div style="width: 61%;"></div>
NGO clinic	8%	<div style="width: 8%;"></div>
Private clinic	5%	<div style="width: 5%;"></div>

NUTRITION

% of sites per nutrition severity score:

No or minimal	Stress	Severe	Extreme
4%	31%	65%	0%

Proportion of sites with no access to nutrition services, as reported by KIs: **60%**



Average time taken to travel to nearest nutrition service, as reported by KIs⁵: **34 minutes**

Proportion of sites reporting nutrition items distributed in the past 3 months:

Therapeutic and suppl. food	46%	<div style="width: 46%;"></div>
MUAC tape	8%	<div style="width: 8%;"></div>
Therapeutic milk products ⁶	13%	<div style="width: 13%;"></div>
Super Cereal Plus	13%	<div style="width: 13%;"></div>

Proportion of sites where the population was reportedly not able to receive nutrition support: **98%**



EDUCATION

% of sites per education severity score:

No or minimal	Stress	Severe	Extreme
0%	0%	15%	85%

Proportion of sites reportedly having no access to learning facilities: **42%**



Average time taken to travel to nearest learning facilities, as reported by KIs:⁸ **17 minutes**

Reported type of learning facilities available at sites:

Primary	6%	<div style="width: 6%;"></div>
Secondary	1%	<div style="width: 1%;"></div>
Quoranic	58%	<div style="width: 58%;"></div>
Basic Literacy/ Numeracy Classes	1%	<div style="width: 1%;"></div>

Average proportion of learning facilities at sites reportedly having no gender segregated latrines: **79%**



Average proportion of learning facilities at sites reportedly having no fences and clear demarcation: **81%**



³The findings related to a subset of sites where KIs reported having access to food markets.

⁴Respondents could select multiple options. Applies to all questions with reference '4'.

⁵The findings related to a subset of sites where KIs reported having access to nutrition services.

⁶F75 or F100.

⁷The findings related to a subset of sites where KIs reported having access to health facilities.

⁸The findings related to a subset of sites where KIs reported having access to education facilities.

PROTECTION

% of sites per protection severity score:

No or minimal	Stress	Severe	Extreme
1%	22%	77%	0%

Proportion of sites reportedly having no child friendly spaces:



Proportion of sites reportedly having no women spaces:



Proportion of sites where restrictions on movement was reported:



Three most common reported types of safety and security incidents in the 3 months prior to data collection⁴:

Gender based violence	2%
Friction between community and host communities	1%
Displacement	1%

Three most common reported locations of safety and security incidents in the 3 months prior to data collection⁴:

When leaving settlement/town	5%
on the way or at schools or	2%
On the way or at water sources	2%

SHELTER & NON-FOOD ITEMS (NFIs)

% of sites per shelter & NFIs severity score:

No or minimal	Stress	Severe	Extreme
0%	1%	69%	30%

Proportion of sites reportedly having no access to markets selling NFIs:



Three most common reported types of NFIs available at markets⁴:

Plastic sheets	56%
Cooking utensils	48%
Mosquito nets	48%

Proportion of sites where KIs reported shelters damaged by fires or floods in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Proportion of sites where KIs reported cases of evictions in the 3 months prior to data collection:



Proportion of sites where the population was reportedly not able to receive shelter and NFI support:



WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE (WASH)

% of sites per WASH severity score:

No or minimal	Stress	Severe	Extreme
0%	2%	95%	3%

Water:

Proportion of sites reportedly having no access to functioning water sources:



Average time taken to travel to nearest water source, as reported by KIs:⁹ **12 minutes**

Three most common reported primary source of water:

Piped system	39%
Water kiosk (humanitarian aid)	26%
Vendors or shop	16%

The reported types of water treatments were chlorine tablets/aquatabs (96%), boiling (6%), cloth filter (5%) and other kind of filter (membrane, ceramic, or commercial filter) (0%).

Proportion of sites where the population was reportedly not able to receive water support:



Sanitation:

Proportion of sites where KIs reported no access to functioning latrines:



Proportion of sites where KIs reported open defecation:



Proportion of sites with toilets in which KIs reported having:¹⁰

Handwashing facilities	13%
Locks on the inside	15%
Internal lighting	13%

Hygiene:

Proportion of sites reportedly having no access to bathing facilities:



Average time taken to travel to nearest bathing facility, as reported by KIs:¹¹ **4 minutes**

4 minutes

Proportion of sites where the population was reportedly not able to receive hygiene support:



⁹The findings related to a subset of sites where KIs reported having access to functioning water sources.

¹⁰The findings related to a subset of sites where KIs reported having access to latrine.

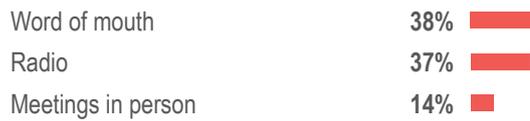
¹¹The findings related to a subset of sites with bathing facilities, as reported by KIs.

Accountability to Affected Populations

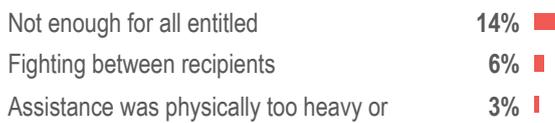
Three most common used sources of information, as reported by KIs:



Three most common sources of information for persons with disabilities, as reported by KIs:



Three most reported problems experienced in the delivery of humanitarian assistance:



Proportion of sites where KIs reported they have access to a feedback mechanism: **21%**

Camp Coordination and Camp Management

Three most common reported site management by % of settlements



Three most reported established committees by % of settlements:



Proportion of sites reporting to have women present in committees: **77%**

Note: The indicators for CCCM and Accountability to Affected Population (AAP) are not part of the severity calculations across the sectors. Hence, the CCCM and AAP sections in this factsheet do not present the severity scores.



The indicators and method for calculating the severity scores for each sector were developed in coordination with CCCM partners. The composite indicator for each sector was composed of a set of indicators and a method for scoring these indicators has been developed to evaluate the severity of needs. The scoring of the indicators was based on the responses from the KI interviews. Forty-two (42) indicators were selected to assess the severity of needs across seven sectors. Each indicator was granted a severity score from 1 to 4, with 1 being the least severe and 4 being the most severe. For each sectors, the overall score was determined by calculating the median score of all indicators included in the sector. At the national level, the final severity score for each sector was determined by selecting the severity score in which at least 20% of the total proportion of sites fall in.

Indicators per cluster:

Shelter / NFI: Access to and availability of NFI and building material in local/nearby markets; Basic NFIs available; Shelter occupation and density; Shelter quality; Shelter & NFI support activities; Security of tenure; Hazards; Public lighting

WASH: Access to and availability of functional water sources; Access to and availability of functional toilets; Access to and availability of bathing facilities; Primary; secondary; and domestic water sources; Toilets with locks; Toilets with internal lighting; Toilets with handwashing facilities; WASH support activities; Water treatment; Presence of open defecation; Disposal of solid waste

Health: Access to and availability of health facilities; Health services available; Skilled health personnel for women giving birth; Health support activities; Most common health problems

Nutrition: Access to and availability of nutrition services; Distribution of nutrition items; Nutrition support activities

Education: Access to and availability of learning facilities; Gender segregated latrines; Fences and clear demarcation

Food Security: Access to and availability of food markets; Primary and secondary food sources; Food security support received; Land available

Protection: Covered spaces; Women spaces; Child-friendly spaces; Types of safety and security incidents; Locations of safety and security incidents; Restrictions to movement

For a more detailed overview of the methodology and a comprehensive list of all the composite indicators that were used, you can access the terms of reference (ToR) [here](#). The indicators and their respective thresholds are included in the annex section of the ToR, page 56-78.

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